PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news-paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at \$6 00 per year, \$3 00 for six months, \$1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub-scubers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday incrining at \$1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 5 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).-One square ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks, \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Pienics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subse nent tasertion

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, other day, three-fourths wo-thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted ; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the uthor s withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respec Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordi strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column of riple-column advertisements

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement one dollar per square for each insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advert cisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements discontinued before the time con tracted for has expired charged transient rates for time ectually published

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communication tions or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regu ar business without extra charge at transient rates.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor will be be advertised in the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

don't like them. If he signs them, all well. The Democratic party will have the credit of having passed them. If he veto them it will be all well, for the party which Mr. Harrison represents will be held responsible and will have to pay the penalty.

The excessive tin-tax ought to be repealed, the tax on cotton ties repealed, the wool-tax reduced, the sugar-bounty repealed, the tax on glass, cutlery, crockeryware, and other articles of domestic use reduced, and a number of things used in our manufactories, which are not on the free list, should be put on it. Republican votes enough may be secured in the Senate to carry through some important amendments, while enough cannot be secured to wipe out the McKinley law, and it is better to do something and give the people some relief than do nothing

but talk and give them no relief. The people expect something and will require their representatives to

act in good faith, and we believe they will do it. The silver question had better be

left right where it is. In New York and in Massachusetts and in Ohio it did not take the shape of the repeal of the Sherman bullion purchase law, but of free and unlimited coinage, which is a very different thing from the silver act as it now stands, and if Gov. Hill and others show a disposition to stop silver coinage, which the repeal of the bullion purchase act practically means, they will hear something drop out West which will not be pleasant to hear in the Presidential contest next year. These silver agitators had better let

well enough alone, stick to the tariff question, the Billion Dollar Congress, the Force Bill, and hang the silver question up to come in among the "supplemental proceedings."

MINOR MENTION.

the Illinois delegation, good na-

were that the fight might be a pro-

longed one as the friends of the re-

spective candidates stood steadfastly

by them and it was not until the

break in the ranks of Springer's

forces that the conditions changed.

Even then had McMillin, whose

nineteen supporters stood solidly by

him and held the balance of power,

not decided to withdraw, neither of

the leading candidates could have

been elected and they would have

Crisp speedily followed. We

do not think the Democratic

party will have any occasion to re-

gret the elevation of Mr. Crisp to

the Speakership. He is a man of

unquestioned ability, was an alert

and clever leader in the last

Congress, and in his several bouts

with Speaker Reed showed the abili-

ty to hold his own with any of them.

As between him and Mills, while the

claims of Mills for ability and long

and faithful service were fully recog-

tion, and both stood shoulder to

shoulder in the last Congress in bat-

tling against the arbitrary rulings of

Czar Reed, and in defending the lib-

erties of the people against an un-

scrupulous and a desperate gang of

could be adopted to restrict their manufacture, but if there be regular establishments where these bombs are made there should be some conditions prescribed in the sale of them which would prevent them from getting into the hands of crazy men, with murder in their hearts.

It isn't a pleasant feeling for a business man to have that at any moment one of these dynamite lunatics may pounce in upon him, and without ceremony put an end to his mortal career. Poor men are not troubled much in that way, for it is the rich to whom the cranks pay special attention. We would not be surprised if the attempt on the life of Russell Sage were repeated before long on some other man of wealth, for one of the peculiarities of these demonstrations is that they start lots of other cracks to thinking on the same line.

STATE TOPICS.

The persimmon is one of the wild fruits of this country which is not thought much of, and yet it might be made a source of some profit with but little labor or expense. The Petersburg Index-Appeal says that some of the Northern settlers

near that city are putting them up and shipping them to Northern markets, where they are sold at $12\frac{1}{2}$ cents a pound. They are seeded with a machine devised for that purpose, sprinkled with granulated sugar and packed in five-pound boxes for shipment. Some years ago a citizen of Guilford county brought a lot of persimmons prepared in this way to Greensboro, but failing to sell them, at the suggestion of some one shipped them to a commission merchant in St. Louis, and in due time he got remittances of sales, which paid him about \$25, after the cost of transportion and merchant's commissions were deducted. The persimmons sold in

TEN YEARS' GROWTH IN LOFDON.

Figures for the City Proper Just Collected That are Full of Interest, London Daily News.

The city corporation has never been satisfied with the national census and has taken one of its own. It has done this for the last three decennial periods, with very striking results. The enumerators of the imperial census take the number of persons who sleep in every house in the kingdom on a certain night. This year it was the 5th of April The people are thus caught in their nomes, and the number in any parish, town or district, are those of the residents. But as a rule people do not sleep where they work. In London and other great towns there is a vast movement of the population inward in the morning and outward in the evening, and nearly every great town has, therefore, a larger day population than that which the imperial census gives it. The people cease to reside in the central district, where, nevertheless, they do their day's work.

In the city of London, which is the central business district of the metropolis, this depopulation at night has gone farther than in any other town. The resident - population in 1861 was 112,063; in 1871 it had fallen to 74,897; by 1881 it was further reduced to 50,562, and on April 5th of this year it was only 37,964. The day population, however, has risen as rapidly as the residents have diminished. In 1866, when the first day census was taken, there were 170,133 people doing their day's work in the city. In 1881 the number was 261,061, and on April 27th last it was 501,384. The handsome volume in which the results of this day census are recorded has just been published under the authority of the corporation and is edited by Mr. James Salmon, chairman of the local government and taxation committee. It is entitled "Ten Years' Growth of the City of London," and is an elaborate and well-reasoned argument "showing the unparalleled national importance of the city of London." Mr. Salmon points out that of the sixty parliamentary divisions of the metropolis, the city, which the imperial census makes the least pop-

COMMERCIAL.

Ths

- Miss Anna Dickinson is sadly broken in health, and her mental trouble is not improving. There is but little in the unhappy and haggard appearance in the lady to suggest the brilliant-minded and forceful woman Anna Dickinson was twenty years ago-or five.

PERSONAL.

- Gov. Jones, the head of the Choctaw nation, is a pacific savage, clad in store clothes which look as if he had donned them with the aid of a pitch-fork. He wears a studby mustache, a portentous watch chain, and a diamond pin nestling in a sky-blue cravat. He talks yery little English.

- Lieut.-Gov. Chase, of Indiana, who succeeds Gov. Hovey, is a native of New York and 57 years of age. He was educated for the ministry, and once ran for Congress from Indiana, to be defeated by Mr. Matson. One of his ancestors. Samuel Chase, was a signer of the declaration of independence.

- Emperor Francis Joseph has sent a truly magnificent silver wedding present to the Czar. It consists of a dinner service for twenty-four persons, constructed of solid silver superbly wrought and chased. There are nearly 800 pieces. The German Emperor's gift is a silver sword, the hilt of which is beautifully chased and profusely ornamented with turgoises, all picked stones.

- Eight young women sailed from New York Wednesday to enter upon Missionary work in India. They were Miss Sarah M. Deline, of Mo ine, 111.; Miss Clara A. Downey, of New York; Miss Julia E. Wisner, of Berea, O.; Miss Mary R. Kennedy and Miss Harriet Kemper, of Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Louisa Heafer, of Philadelphia; Miss Margaret E. Lanton, of Columbia, Pa., and Dr. Mary E. Bryan, of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

- Barbey D'Aurevilly, the eccentric French author, wrote his manuscript much as an artist paints pictures. On his work-table were stands holding inks of different colors. gold, black, crimson, pink, green and blue, and ac cording as one color or another seemed best adapted to express the particular idea which he sought to convey, that color he used. These rainbow manuscripts must have astonished his printers. He never revised.

HARP PLAYING BY MACHINERY

Curious Modern Adaptation of an Ancient Instrument.

Pall Mall Gazette.

Harp-playing by machinery is one of the latest novelties. The harp is arranged so that the plane of its rings is horizontal, the instrument

February and March delivery 4 26-64. 4 25-64@4 26-64d, March and April delivery 4 30-64, 4 29-64@4 30-64d April a d May delivery 4 33-64@4 34. 64d; May and June delivery 4 37-64@ 4 36-64d; June and July delivery

4 40-64d.

STAR OFFICE, Dec. 8.-

WILMINGTON MARKET.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 301/2 cents per gallon, with sales of receipts at quotations.

ROSIN .- Market firm at \$1 20 per bbl. for Strained and \$1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR .- Dull at \$1 30 per bbl. of 180

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market firm at \$1 00 for Hard, and \$1 90 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 35 to 50 cents per bushel of 28 pounds.

Market quiet. COTTON-Quiet at quotations;

Ordinary..... 47/8 cts \$ th Good Ordinary..... 61/8 Low Middling..... 67/8 11 11 Middling 74 Good Middling..... 7 9-16 RECEIPTS. Cotton. 668 bales Spirits Turpentine..... 137 casks Rosin..... 693 bbls

Crude Turpentine..... 14 bbls DOMESTIC MARKETS.

592

bbls

Tar.....

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial.

NEW YORK, December 8-Evening.-Sterling exchange quiet and strong; posted rates 482%@485. Commercial bills 480% @4831/2. Money easy at 3@31/2, closing offered at 3 per cent. Government securities dull but firm; iour per cents 1171/2; four and a half per cents State securities dull but steady; North Carolina sixes 122; fours 98 Richmond and West Point Terminal 13; Western Union 811/4.

Commercial.

NEW YORK, December 8-Evening.-Cotton easy; sales to-day of 109 bales; middling uplands 8 1-16c; middling Orleans 87-16c; net receipts at all United States ports 73,384 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,786 bales; to France 4,273 bales; to the Continent 30,522 bales; stock at all U. S. ports 1,177,022 bales.

Cotton-Net receipts 4,166 bales; gross receipts 10,348 bales. Futures closed steady, with sales to-day of 80,400 bales at quotations: December 7.71@7.73c; January 7.83@7.84c; February 8.01@ -c; March 8.16@8.17c; April 8.30@ 8.31c; May 8.43@8.44c; June 8.54@8.55c; July 8.64@8.65c; August 8.71@8.72c; Sep-

and in good demand. Petroleum quiet

and steady; refined in New York \$6 45.

Cotton seed oil quiet; crude 251/2c; yel-

low 301/2c bid. Rosin steady and quiet.

strained, common to good \$1 35@1 40.

Spirits turpentine dull and nominal at

3314@3334c. Pork quiet and steady.

Peanuts quiet. Beef dull but steady;

beef hams dull; tierced beef quiet. Cut

meats dull and weak; pickled shoulders

5c; middles steady and quiet. Lard

opened strong and closed weak; West-

ern steam \$6 471/2; city \$6 05; December \$6 42; January \$653; May \$6 87. Freights

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.- Lash quotations

The leading futures ranged as fol-

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Dec. 7 .--- Galveston, steady at 736c--

bales; Boston, quiet at 8 1-16c-net re-

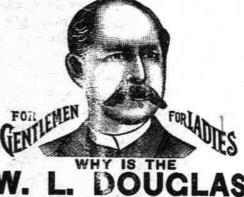
ceipts 322 bales; Wilmington, steady

at 71/2 -net receipts 668 bales; Phila-

delphia, steady at 87-16c-net receipts 569

4 P. M .- Cotton-American middling December 4 18-64d, seller; December and January 4 21-64d, seller; January and February 4 21-64@4 22-64d; February and March 4 25-64@4 26-64d; March and April 4 29-64@ 4 30-64d; April and May 4 33-64d, seller; May and June 4 96-61d, buyer; June and July 4 39-64d, buyer; July and August 4 42-64d, buyer. Futures closed barely steady.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shees, If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency, and get them for you. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. ...



\$3 SHOE GENFLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?
The sa seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine call, stylish or hurt the feet; made of the best fine call, stylish and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand.
S5. shoe ever offered for \$5.0, equals French imported shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$100.
S4. stylish, comfortable and durable. The best the over offered for \$5.0, hone call, stylish comfortable and durable. The best the over offered at this price; same grade as cus.
S3. 60 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men, and eche comfort and service.
S4. stylish, comfortable and durable. The best the over offered at this price; same grade as cus.
S3. 60 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men, and eche comfort and service.
S4. this price; one trial will convince those when the call, we are used as the for comfort and service.
S2. 50 fine call, no better shoe ever offered at when the call, when ender the set offered at the wear no other make.
By 50 fine call, no better shoe shoes, extended the shoes offered at a will convince those when a trial will wear the shoes when the shoe for comfort and service.
Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are wear shoes octing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.
Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes for more the marits, as the increasing sales show.
Ladies' 2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes for more the best in bongola, very sylish; equals from the marits, as the increasing sales show.
Ladies' 2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes for makes?
Mathematical the best in bongola, stylish and durable.
The shoe scotting from \$4.00 to \$5.00.
Mathematical the best in bongola, stylish and durable.
Mathematical shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.
Mathematical shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.
Mathematical shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.
Mathematical shoes for mathematical shoes for more and shoes a

H. VON GLAHN, Wilmington, N. C su wo fr



WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 9, 1891

GOV. HILL'S VIEW.

In a speech at Elmira, N. Y., a few days ago, Gov. Hill gave his opinion as to what he thought the course of the Democrats in Congress should be. They ought, he said, to do two things-one, repeal the Mc-Kinley tariff law; the other, repeal the Sherman silver bullion purchase law. His idea is to make these the two issues in the next Presidential campaign, as he has no expectatiou that either of them could be passed through both Houses. Gov. Hill goes Cleveland one better, and not satisfied with Cleveland's tariff reform slogan would add to it the silver question, in which we think he would make a very serious mistake. He is talking more, however, we think, from the standpoint of the politician than the statesman, and from the standpoint of the politician we don't think he has taken a sufficiently wide range of view before expressing that opinion. He seems to be more anxious to gain some political advant age over the opposition, than to labor for the relief of the people by undertaking what may be done rather than wasting time on what cannot be done. This is why we say that he takes his view from a political standpoint, and not a very good one either.

nized and conceded, we think the When the new members of this cool, sober judgment of the Democ-Congress were elected the silver racy of the country would prefer question was not an issue. The is-Crisp. As far as tariff reform, the sues were the McKinley tariff and silver question or other issues may the Billion Dollar Congress. The be concerned we do not think there tariff was then a live and the is any significance in the nomination main issue. The people expressed of Crisp, nor would be in the nomitheir disapproval of it and of the manation of Mills. They are both thorjority in the Congress which passed ough Democrats, both tariff reformit by electing new men to take the ers, both occupying substantially the places of many Republicans who same position on the silver quesvoted for it, with the implied understanding, which they took for granted, that efforts would be made to revise that tariff and remove its most objectionable features. They ex pected the men they sent to represent them to try to do something, not to spend their time in playing for the vantage ground in politics, and the Democrats must show an honest intent to meet the people's expectations by removing from the

St. Louis for North Carolina "dates. Contrary to the expectations of many the Speakership contest in the

caucus closed on the second day, - Old Gentleman-Well, young and although a spirited one seems man, what is your role in life? Goeasy, '94--It's a good deal to have been, with the little excepof a oal, sir.-Harvard Lampoon. tion of temper on the part of one of

- Drake-Do you think woman will ever cut much of a figure in clubtured. The indications on the closdom? Moore-If she does it will no longer ing of the balloting for the first day

TWINKLINGS.

be club dumb.- The Club. - "But what on earth could have

induced you to marry a man so utterly your inferior?" "My dear girl, I never met a man who wasn't."-Judge.

- Demosthenes put peobles in his mouth to cure his defective utterance. Even to this day people find it a difficult job to speak Greek .- Puck.

- "O, mamma!" cried Willie, on seeing a zebra for the first time, "do come here and see this poor little convict pony."-Harper's Young People. - Rounds-Have you any family tie?'

been balloting yet. But Messrs. Chappie-O, ya-as; I have thwee oh Hatch, Springer and McMillin when foah that I let my sistaw and youngaw brothaw weah sometimes. they saw that remaining in simply - Little Girl-I wonder what's meant a prolonged and perhaps a th' reason all our school teachers go an' hot tempered fight, gracefully get married? withdrew and the election of Mr.

Little Boy-I guess its 'cause they like to boss .- Good News. - Friend-What became of that young man you were engaged to last summer?

Miss Catchem (innocently)-Which one.-N. Y. Weekly. - He-Don't you think it is wrong for people to marry their intellectual inferiors?

She-Yes; always wrong, and in some cases quite impossible.-Life. - "Have you heard the 8-year-old German boy violinist?"

"O. yes; twelve years ago, in Berlin." -Musical Courier.

- Don't pen missives to your best girl on postal cards. She may have suspicion that you do not care two cents for her.-Union County Standard.

CURRENT COMMENT.

--- And now the news from Germany is that, with freight and duty added, American pork is more expensive than the German product. so that it is not yet certain how far the American hog has got his nose through the German fence.-N. Y. World, Dem.

---- Macaulay says: "It is the nature of parties to retain their original enmities far more firmly than their original principles." This accounts for the continuance of the Republican party after so much of the wickedness of its leaders .-Louisville Courser- Journal, Dem.

---- "Land Bill" Allen, whose conspirators. They both ought to labors secured so many cheap homes be satisfied with the recognition they for others, died without a home himreceived at the hands of their fellow self except such as an alms house representatives, who in honoring provided. The proposition to take Crisp also honored Mills by the better care of his fame by means of

seven of the largest towns in England, the city stands highest in ratable value. He then takes twenty-four of the great towns and shows that the city stands sixth, but he gets this result by putting the day population of the city against the night population of the other towns. This is not a fair comparison, for in Liverpool and Manchester there is an influx by day and efflux by night, similar to that which goes on in London.

ulous. He also shows that of twenty

OLD DIGBY YIELDED.

Because His Son-in-Law Had a Piece of Property Worth \$20,000. New York Ledger.

Young Toddleby was a true-hearted and promising youth. He had graduated with honor at Yale, and was studying law with Mr. Lofter. It so happened that Toddleby became acquainted with a beautiful young lady, daughter of old Digby. He loved the fair maiden, and when he had reason to believe that his love was returned he asked Mr. Lofter to recommend him to the father, Lofter being on terms of close intimacy with the family. The lawyer agreed and performed his mission but old Digby, who loved money, asked what property the young man had. Lofter said he did not know, but he would inquire. The next time he saw his young student he asked him if he had any property at all.

"Only health, strength and a determination to work," replied the youth.

"Well," said the lawyer who sincerely believed the youth was in every way worthy, "let us see. What will you take for your right leg? I will give you \$20,000 for it."

Of course Toddleby refused. The next time the lawyer saw the young lady's father he said:

"I have inquired about this young man's circumstances. He has no money in bank; but he owns a piece of property for which, to my certain knowledge, he has been offered and has refused \$20,000."

This led old Digby to consent to the marriage, which shortly afterward took place. In the end he had reason to be proud of his son-in-law, though he was once heard to remark touching that rare piece of property upon the strength of which he had consented to the match:

"If it could not take wings, it was liable at any time to walk off!'

Advice to Mothers.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value

lying on the table, after the fashion of a zither. Then, as regards the written music, the notation of the traditional stave has been abandoned, and sheets upon which are imprinted mysterious groups of numbers are used in its stead. When one of these sheets is slid into a frame made for the purpose the meaning of the figures is interpreted.

Each of them falls under a string of the instrument, and by picking at them in numerical order with a beveled pencil of ivory the operator produces a tune. Time and phrasing are indicated by the spacing and alignment of the numbers, nor are the requirements of harmony forgotten. When the melody of the air is adjudged insufficient one of the figures is accompanied by a letter, indicating that a button attached to the instrument, and bearing the same symbol, should be at this juncture pressed. This action, by bringing a small saw of ivory points into play, produces a chord suitable to the occasion.

ELECTRIC CARS.

They Run Them Without Wires in Hol land

Philadelphia Record.

to Liverpool weak and dull; cotton Elecric cars may be run without 3-16@13-64d; grain 41/2@5d. overhead or underground wires. The London Electrical Engineer says that were as follows: Flour firm and unsix "accumulator cars" are now runchanged. Wheat--No. 2 spring 925/c ning from the Hague, Holland, to No. 2 red 92%c. Corn-No. 2, 481/2c the casino at Schevening, a distance Mess pork per bbl., \$8 50. Lard, per 100 lbs., \$6 15. Short rib sides, loose, \$5 50 of about three miles. The speed of @5 70. Dry salted shoulders, boxed running is 12 miles an hour, includ-4 37% @4 40. Short clear sides, boxed. ing stops. The loaded car weighs \$5 85@5 90. Whiskey \$1 18. 16 tons; it is 32 feet long, carries 68 passengers, and the battery lows, cpening, highest and closing: of accumulators weighs four Wheat-No. 2, December 92%, 931%, 92%c; January 93%, 94%. 93%c; May 99%, 99%, 99%c. Corn-No. 2, Decemtons. The motor is supplied by carbon brushes from a battery ber 47%, 48%, 48%; January 44, 44% of 192 Julien accumulators. This 44 1/4 c; May 48 1/4, 43 1/8, 43 1/4 c. Oats-No. battery; when charged, provides cur-2, December 32%, 32%, 32%c; May 33% rent for a run of 45 miles, after which 33%, 33%c. Mess pork.per bbl-January the cars return for change of cells. \$11 30, 11 30, 11 20; May \$11 80, 11 80 11 67¹/₆. Lard, per 100 lbs—January \$6 22¹/₆, 6 25, 6 20; May \$6 57¹/₆, 6 60, 6 55. Short ribs, per 100lbs—January The accumulators are arranged in eight boxes or drawers, weighing half a ton each, placed under the \$5 6214, 5 65, 5 5712; May \$6 00, 6 0214. seats. Doubtless in good time the 5 95. trolley wires will be displaced by some superior device; but at present the cheapness of the overhead system has secured for it general tolerance in the United States. The record of accidents does not show that 48@59c; yellow, 50@58c. it is more dangerous than other means of street passenger service.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that net receipts 8,109 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7%c-net receipts 2,855 bales; Baltifor years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica more, dull at 7%c-net receipts 3,459 Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guaranbales; Savannah, quoted dull at 71/8ctee them every time, and we stand ready net receipts 7,829 bales; New-Orleans, to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great easy at 7 7-16c-net receipts 38,011

Southern flour steady, with a moderate trade. Wheat dull and unsettled, from which the excess of closing weaker, with a moderate busioil has been removed, ness; No. 2 red \$1 06@1 061/2 in store and at elevator and \$1 07% @1 08% afloat: Is Absolutely Pure options closed steady and 360% c over and it is Soluble. yesterday; No. 2 red December \$1 065/8 January \$1 071/2; May \$1 10. Corn **No Chemicals** opened stronger and closed easier, with a moderate business; No. 2, 66@67c at are used in its preparation. It has elevator and 67@68c afloat; options-

jy 1 5m

more than three times the strength of December declined 1/4c and other months advanced 1/201/2 on local manipulation, Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot with some re-selling by shippers; Deor Sugar, and is therefore far more cember 64c; January 56% May 53%c economical, costing less than one cent Oats fairly active and easy; options a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, moderately active and firm; December 41%c; January 404c; May 89%c; spot strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and No. 2, 424@4234c. Coffee-options closed steady and 5 to 20 points up; admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

December \$12 85@12 90; January \$12 15@12 35; spot Rio more active Sold by Grocers everywhere. and firm; No. 7, 13%c. Sugar-raw dull W. BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS. but steady; refined quiet and steady. Molasses-New Orleans firm. Rice firm

an 19 D&W9m we fr su

Some Children Growing Too Fast become listless, fretful, without ener-

gy, thin and weak. But you can fortify them and build them up, by the use of

