

**PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.**

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Sunday, at \$2.00 per year, \$3.00 for six months, \$1.00 for three months, 50 cents for one month, 10 cents per copy. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 10 cents per copy for any period from one week to one year.

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**The Morning Star.**

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 5, 1892.

**National Democratic Ticket.**

For President:  
**GROVER CLEVELAND,**  
OF NEW YORK.

For Vice-President:  
**ADLAI E. STEVENSON,**  
OF ILLINOIS.

For Presidential Electors at Large:  
**C. B. AYCOCK, of WAYNE;**  
**R. B. GLENN, of FORSYTH.**

For Congressmen—Sixth District:  
**S. B. ALEXANDER, MECKLENBURG.**

**District Electors.**

First District:  
**L. L. SMITH, of GATES.**

Second District:  
**N. J. ROUSE, of LENOIR.**

Third District:  
**JNO. G. SHAW, of CUMBERLAND.**

Fourth District:  
**E. S. ABELL, of JOHNSTON.**

Fifth District:  
**J. A. BARRINGER, of GUILFORD.**

Sixth District:  
**SOL. C. WELLS, of NEW HANOVER.**

Seventh District:  
**AUGUSTUS LEAZAR, of IREDELL.**

Eighth District:  
**J. R. LEWELLYN, of SURRY.**

Ninth District:  
**LOCKE CRAIG, of BUNCOMBE.**

**State Democratic Ticket.**

For Governor:  
**ELIAS CARR, of EDGECOMBE.**

For Lieutenant-Governor:  
**R. A. DOUGHTON, of ALLEGHANY.**

For Secretary of State:  
**OCTAVIUS COKE, of WAKE.**

For State Treasurer:  
**DONALD W. BAIN, of WAKE.**

For State Auditor:  
**R. M. FURMAN, of BUNCOMBE.**

For Attorney-General:  
**FRANK I. OSBORNE, MECKLENBURG.**

For Sup't of Public Instruction:  
**J. C. SCARBOROUGH, of JOHNSTON.**

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court:  
**JAMES C. MACRAE, of CUMBERLAND.**

For Judge Twelfth Judicial District:  
**GEO. A. SHUFORD, of BUNCOMBE.**

**County Democratic Ticket.**

For House of Representatives:  
**EDGAR G. PARMELE,**  
**G. W. WESTBROOK.**

For Sheriff:  
**FRANK H. STEDMAN.**

For Register of Deeds:  
**JOHN HAAR, Jr.**

For County Treasurer:  
**JAMES A. MONTGOMERY.**

For Coroner:  
**J. C. WALTON.**

For Constable, Wilmington Township:  
**J. W. MILLIS.**

For the State Senate, Twelfth District—  
New Hanover and Brunswick.  
**GEO. L. MORTON, of NEW HANOVER.**

**COMMON CAUSE.**

No ordinarily intelligent man in North Carolina who has given a thought to the movement of the political parties has the slightest doubt that the Republicans and the Third party leaders are working together and fully understand each other. The Third party leaders who find it necessary to keep up the game of deception to carry out the programme play more slyly than their fellow-plotters who do not hesitate to publicly acknowledge that there is such an understanding, and that they and the Third party are making "common cause" for the same object, which is the defeat of Democracy.

There is on the part of the Republicans nothing reprehensible in this. They are, as politicians, simply practicing some legerdemain, and utilizing the Third party tools for their own ends, helping them now with a view to ultimately getting control of the State after the Third party has done all it can do in opening the way. The Republicans make no secret of this and candidly state why they are co-operating with the Third party leaders. It is simply trickery which is part and a very large part of the stock in trade of the Republican politician; but with the Third party managers who sneak in at the

back door of the Republican shebang to plot in secret it is more than mere trickery, it is deceiving their friends into helping defeat the Democratic party to which they until recently professed fealty, and which they treacherously deserted, capping their disgraceful conduct by an infamous collusion with the Republican spoils pursuers.

When the Third party leaders were unable to find two citizens in the State who would accept the two judicial places on their ticket finally consented to fill them with the names of the two candidates on the Republican ticket they publicly acknowledged the collusion between them and exhibit the cheek of an army mule when they propose to their people, who were told that it was the mission of the People's party to destroy both of the "old parties," to vote for candidates of a party whose malodorous reputation is as offensive as carrion, ranker than that brand of guano which Loge Harris said could alone rival in smelling power the scented crowd which made up Jim Eaves' first State convention.

Logan Harris is the man who has been most active and most successful in working up the combine in Eastern North Carolina, the result of his labors being visible in the pulling down of three Republican candidates for Congress in favor of the Third party candidates, who now hope to be elected by the votes of the colored voters whom the white bosses think they can drive and trade off like cattle.

In last week's issue of the Signal, which has been from the start a consistent Republican-Third party paper, Mr. Harris tells us in several articles with refreshing candor that the Republican party and the Third party are making "common cause" and therefore the Republicans should support the Third party candidates in the districts and counties where they are not sure they can elect their own, and also support the Third party State ticket, because they can't elect their own. The only thing else, he says, the Republican who desires the future success of the party can do and should do is to vote for the Harrison electoral ticket. But right here it may be asked, if the Exumites can't elect their State ticket without Republican votes, and Republican votes can't elect the Republican State ticket, how are the Exumites to elect Weaver electors, and how are the Republicans to elect Harrison electors? If either be elected it must be by combination, and as the Republicans intend to keep their electoral ticket in the field, they must be counting on electing it by trading off votes for the Exum ticket in return for Exum votes for the Harrison electors. That is as plain and self-evident as the proposition that two and two make four.

We here quote a few sample extracts from editorials in this week's Signal, which show the way the wind blows:

"We must work in earnest. Every Republican and People's party man must be given his work to do."

"The candidacy of Messrs. Lindsay, Shuford, Patton and Brown, will contribute to the election of the Republican candidates in the Fifth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth districts, and inasmuch as the Republican and People's parties are making common cause against the Democratic party, we do not desire that any People's party candidate shall retire where his candidacy will contribute to Democratic defeat."

Wherever there are three tickets for the Legislature in counties heretofore Democratic, the Republicans to a man should work and vote for the People's party candidates. In no other way can the Democrats be defeated. This advice applies to Iredell, Forsyth, Orange, Franklin, Vance, Nash, Rutherford, Cumberland, Robeson and Person counties.

"The Legislature is the citadel of all political power in this State, and the most determined effort should be made to elect a majority of Republicans and People's party candidates. Don't neglect the Legislative candidates."

"The policy of having no State ticket and of making common cause with the People's party against the Democratic ticket. These men have joined hands with the People's party in nearly all the counties. In the counties where there are three tickets we hope the Republican ticket will be taken down."

"Who doubts that they are making 'common cause'?"

**IT WILL NOT WORK.**

The Republican and Third party combine are playing a double game to capture North Carolina—bulldozing and bribing. Shaffer, the representative of the combine, in the role of high muck-a-muck at Raleigh, has appointed a lot of supervisors of elections who are expected to obey the orders of their bosses, regardless of State laws, and in order that Democrats may be aided by the presence of these supervisors, and let them play

without hindrance the part assigned to them, he has had one registrar arrested, brought to Raleigh, arraigned before him and bound over to appear before the Federal court for refusing to obey his arbitrary orders. Other registrars have been threatened with arrest for refusing to comply with the impertinent demands of these supervisors.

In Western counties they are playing the game of bribery by appointing a large number of storekeepers and gaugers in the revenue service, whose commissions are issued for thirty days, the object being, of course, to get the votes of these men and make them active workers for the combine, for which service they are to be paid out of the U. S. Treasury.

Big chief Shaffer, and these fellows who run the Internal Revenue office think they can either bulldoze or buy an election in North Carolina, they are barking up the wrong tree, and will discover that they have entirely mistaken the character of the people they are fooling with. They are simply hurling a boomerang, which will lay them out as cold as a wedge. The people of North Carolina will resent these exhibitions of despotism and corruption by tumbling down the Shaffers and the Eaveses and the Exums and the Butlers into the same trench and bury them so deep that the odor from their putrid political remains may offend the nostrils of no decent man.

**MINOR MENTION.**

A Fall River, Mass., dispatch announces that the manufacturers have voted to increase the wages of weavers seven per cent, which restores the wages to the standard of 1884. This is worthy of note. It was reported a few weeks ago that the manufacturers of Fall River were contemplating a reduction of ten per cent in wages, which alarmed the Republican machine managers who feared that it would result in the loss of many votes to the party. They therefore set themselves to work to prevent the reduction, and to placate the workmen and also create the impression that the McKinley law is a good thing for the workmen succeeded in getting an increase of seven per cent, which may last until the manufacturers see fit to reduce it after the election. But this announcement shows something else and that is that the workmen in the protected industries of Fall River have been working ever since 1884 for less wages than they received in that year, although the employers have had high protection all of that time and for the past two years double as much under the McKinley law as they ever had, and yet they compelled their workmen to work for less wages than they received eight years ago. Has the workman shared in the benefits, as the McKinleyites claim he does, of this increased protection? Now on the eve of the election, through the intercession of the Republican machine managers, after working for eight years at reduced wages, there has been a small advance made to fool the workmen whose votes are needed by the Republican party. What a bald-face fraud.

The farce which the Republican administration is making out of the civil service law after its hypocritical pretense that it is honestly administering, has been shown time and again in this campaign. It is a notorious fact that the postmasters have been assessed a certain percentage on their salaries, a fact to which the attention of Postmaster General Wanamaker has been called, but to which he has paid no attention, which was hardly to be expected, however, from a man who has been violating the laws himself by permitting the transmission of Republican campaign documents through the mails practically free of postage, thus defrauding the Government out of about fifty thousand dollars a month postage. The latest exposure comes from Alabama, as appears from the letters in possession of the Civil Service Commission, showing that the Republican committee of that State not only request contributions from the Government employees from that State, but fix the amount and demand them, with an implied threat in the event of refusal. There is a special significance in this, for the Republicans have no ticket of their own in the field in Alabama, having fused with the Third party. It shows clearly, as we have frequently charged in these columns, that the Third party leaders in the South depend upon the Republicans for the money to carry on their work, that they are backed by the administration at Washington, and that they and the Republicans are working, as Loge Harris says, "common cause against the Democracy."

**STATE POLITICS.**

—Rev. Geo. E. Aunt, 1. p. nominee for the Senate, had been off the canvass for several days and Mr. J. R. McCrary, a young Republican from Lexington, has been speaking in his place at several of the precincts.—*Lexington Dispatch.*

—There are over 900 names on the registration books for Wadesboro township. This is the largest registration ever known in this township, and means an unprecedentedly large Democratic majority next Tuesday.—*Wadesboro Messenger-Intelligencer.*

—After the speaking here last Saturday, Mr. W. F. Strowd was electioneering with a group of colored men on the sidewalk, and told them that although he had been a Democrat all his life that he was all right now; that "he had been blind all his life, but now the scales had dropped from his eyes." On hearing this, an old colored man asked him how old he was, and Mr. Strowd answered "about sixty years old," whereupon the old darkey exclaimed, "Lord a massa boss, I can't vote for you if it took you that long to open your eyes!"—*Clinton Democrat.*

**The Democratic Platform on the Force Bill.**

"We solemnly declare that the need of a return to the fundamental principles of free popular government, based on home rule and individual liberty, was never more urgent than now, when the tendency to centralize all power at the Federal capital has become a menace to the reserved rights of the States that strikes at the very roots of our Government and the Constitution as framed by the fathers of the republic.

"We warn the people of our common country, jealous for the preservation of their free institutions, that the policy of the Federal control of elections to which the Republican party has committed itself is fraught with grave dangers, scarcely less momentous than would result from a revolution practically establishing monarchy on the ruins of the republic. It strikes at the North—as well as the South and injures the colored citizen even more than the white: It means a horde of deputy marshals at every polling-place armed with Federal power; returning boards appointed and controlled by Federal authority; the outrage of the electoral rights of the people in the several States; the subjugation of the colored people to the control of the party in power, and the reviving of race antagonism, now happily abated, of the utmost peril to the safety and happiness of all—a measure deliberately and justly described by a leading Republican Senator as 'the most infamous bill that ever crossed the threshold of the Senate.'

If you are offered a bottle of Salvation Oil, without wrapper or defaced or mutilated, don't buy it at any price, you may be sure that there is something wrong; it may be a worthless or dangerous counterfeit. Insist upon getting a perfect, unbroken, genuine package, in a yellow wrapper.

**Advice to Mothers.**

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of teething? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

**Now Try This.**

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from Croup found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at ROBERT R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Large size 60c. and \$1.00.

**Specimen Cases.**

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him. Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Specker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

It is too plain to need a demonstration by chart or diagram that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is what the people need everywhere, for cure of bronchial and pectoral troubles. It is a sure cure.

**SPIRITS TURPENTINE.**

—Salisbury Herald: Burglars were in town again last night. Several attempts were made to commit robbery. This is getting to be a nightly occurrence.

—Lexington Dispatch: A crowd of people from the lower edge of Randolph county, consisting of about a dozen persons, left the depot here Saturday night for Arkansas.

—Clinton Democrat: We regret to hear of the loss by fire of the old Peterson homestead in South Clinton township. The house was occupied by the family of Mr. Marsden C. Peterson, and was burned last Monday night. The furniture was nearly all saved. The fire was caused from sparks falling on the roof.

—Rockingham Rocket: This has been an unusually disastrous year to cotton gins in this county as an unusually large number have been destroyed by fire. The last to be recorded is that of Mr. Hector Lytch, near Laurinburg, which was burned Sunday morning at 4 o'clock. The gin house, machinery and grist mill are all reported as being destroyed.

—Monroe Enquirer: The 11-year old son of Mr. J. T. Dees was bitten by a mad dog last Saturday night. He was taken to Charlotte and the mad-dog applied, which stuck to the wounds two hours. Capt. Smith came up from Wilmington Saturday last in apparently as good health as usual, complaining, however, of a slight headache, as he left his train at the depot in this city. During the night he continued to grow worse and a physician was called in, who rendered all possible medical aid, but of no avail.

—Wadesboro Messenger-Intelligencer: Mr. T. A. White showed us yesterday a cotton boll which contained thirteen locks of seed cotton, something we never heard of before—the usual number being four to five locks to the boll. Mr. Ben Knotts, who lives with his son at the cotton factory, had the misfortune to break his arm in a very unusual manner last Monday night. He was walking in his sleep and fell out of the door, fracturing his arm just at the shoulder joint.

—Raleigh Chronicle: There are now only 120 convicts in the penitentiary. The revenue officials have advised of the seizure of the government distillery of Rufus H. Hargett in Johnston county. The distillery was supposed not to be running, but it was found that Hargett was illegally making rum. All the property, including two stills, has been brought here and placed in the government building. An illicit distillery at Mandate, Chatham county, owned by Oliver Lewis, has also been seized.

—Charlotte News: Mr. E. Motz, superintendent of the Brewer gold mine, was at the Central this morning with a 15-pound brick. It was a beauty, and at the mint its value was ascertained to be \$3,000. Mr. Motz comes up every few days with bricks of that kind. Peyton Norman, colored, was arrested this morning, charged with stealing \$135 from Mr. E. R. Dodge, superintendent of the Electric Light Company. Mr. Dodge had the money in a drawer of his desk, and while he was out some one picked it from the desk and relieved the drawer of its contents.

The new hotel at Bryson City, on the Murphy branch of the Western Carolina Railroad, was burned to the ground last night. All the guests escaped unhurt. The hotel was a \$12,000 structure, owned and managed by Wm. A. Blackburn. It was insured for \$5,000. The farmers say that all the cotton has been picked out in Mecklenburg. The crop shows up short. There is a lot of cotton yet at the gins, but the farmers have been marketing it as fast as they could get it ready.

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine. oct 5 D&W ly

**They Always Give Satisfaction.**



The New "Lee," New Patron, Seminole, and Richmond Ranges, SOLD BY J. L. BRECKENRIDGE.

By these Cook Stoves, because you get for a little money The Largest possible Oven, The Highest possible Cooking, The Very Best Stove Metal, Splendid Draft. Will take them back and refund the cash if you are not pleased. House Furnishing Hardware, 217 North Front Street, oct 11

GET THE BEST Red Rust Proof Oats. A car load just in and offered low. BAGGING AND TIES, MOLASSES, SALT, FLOUR, &c., &c., &c. HALL & PEARSALL, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, aug 31 D&W f

**COMMERCIAL.**

**WILMINGTON MARKET.**

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 4. SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Dull at 38 cents per gallon. Nothing doing. ROSIN—Market firm at \$1 00 per bbl. for Strained and \$1 05 for Good Strained. TAR—Quiet at \$1 35 per bbl. of 380 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Distillers quote the market firm at \$1 00 for Hard, and \$1 70 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. PEANUTS—Farmers' stock quoted at 60 to 75 cents per bushel of 38 pounds. Market quiet.

NORFOLK MARKET—Steady. Prime, 3 3/4 cents; Strictly Prime, 3 1/2 cents; Fancy, 3 1/4 cents; Spanish, 3 1/4 @ 3 3/4 cents; common, 1 @ 2 cents; shelled, 2 @ 3 1/4 cents. COTTON—Firm at quotations: Ordinary... 5 1/2 cts per lb. Good Ordinary... 6 1/2 " Low Middling... 7 1/2 " Middling... 7 " Good Middling... 8 3/16 "

SECRET. Cotton... 1,738 bales Spirits Turpentine... 190 casks Rosin... 894 bbls Tar... 126 bbls Crude Turpentine... 3 bbls

**DOMESTIC MARKETS.**

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Evening.—Sterling exchange firm; posted rates 48 1/2 @ 47 1/2. Commercial bills 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4. Money easy at 5 @ 6, closing offered at 5 per cent. Government securities quiet; four per cent 11 1/4. State securities steady; North Carolina sizes 12 1/2; four 98. Richmond and West Point Terminal 8 3/4; Western Union 98 3/4.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 3 1/2; low middling 7 15-16; good ordinary 7 1/4; net receipts 369 bales; gross 9,046 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,228 bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 1,838 bales; sales to-day 380 bales; sales to spinners 380 bales; stock 282,954 bales.

Total to-day—net receipts at all ports 42,296 bales; exports to Great Britain 17,930 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 14,885 bales; stock at all U. S. ports 944,448 bales. Weekly net receipts here 3,016 bales; gross 40,476 bales; exports to Great Britain 17,489 bales; to France 700 bales; to the Continent 2,968 bales; forwarded 10,579 bales; sales 4,059 bales; sales to spinners 1,659 bales.

Consolidated net receipts 287,619 bales; exports to Great Britain 101,195 bales; to France 41,771 bales; to the Continent 76,468 bales; channel — bales. Total since September 31st—net receipts 1,694,043 bales; exports to Great Britain 586,400 bales; to France 92,927 bales; to the Continent 360,749 bales; to channel — bales.

Cotton—Net receipts 369 bales; gross 4,046 bales. Futures closed steady, with sales of 171,900 bales at quotations; November 8.01 @ 8.03; December 8.17 @ 8.18; January 8.30 @ 8.31; February 8.42 @ 8.43; March 8.53 @ 8.54; April 8.65 @ 8.66; May 8.76 @ 8.77; June 8.88 @ 8.89; July 8.90 @ 8.91; August 8.97 @ 8.98.

Southern flour dull and easy. Wheat moderately active and steady; No. 2 red 74 1/2 @ 74 3/4 c in store and at elevator and 75 @ 75 1/4 c afloat; options closed weak and 3/4 c under yesterday; No. 2 red November 74 1/2; December 76; Feb 80; Corn dull and easy; No. 2 49 1/2 @ elevator and 50 @ 50 1/2 c afloat; options dull and 1/2 @ 3/4 c lower and steady; No. 2 red November 49 1/2; December 50 1/2; May 51 1/2. Oats quiet and easier; options moderately active and lower; November 35 1/2; December 36 1/2; spot No. 2, 35 3/4 @ 36 1/4; Western 35 @ 37. Coffee—options closed steady and 5 points up to 20 down; December \$15 00 @ 15 05; January \$14 80 @ 14 85; spot Rio quiet and steady. Sugar—refined easy and quiet. Molasses—New Orleans dull but steady; open kettle, good to choice, 30 @ 35c. Rice fairly active steady. Petroleum quiet and steady; refined lower in New York at \$5 90; Philadelphia and Baltimore \$5 85. Cotton seed oil quiet and firm; crude 27 1/2. Rosin easy; strained, common to good, \$1 27 1/2 @ 28 3/4. Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 31 @ 32c. Peanuts steady. Cut meats firm; pickled bellies 8 1/2 @ 9c; shoulders 8c; other meats dull and quiet. Lard higher; Western steam 89 3/4; city 88 @ 80; bbl. 80; freights to Liverpool quiet and easy.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quoted nominal. Wheat—No. 2 spring 70 1/2 @ 70 3/4; No. 2 red 70 1/2 @ 70 3/4. Corn—No. 2, 41 1/2 @ 41 3/4. Oats—No. 2, 30 @ 30 1/2 c. Mess pork, per bbl., \$11 75 @ 11 87 1/2. Lard, per 100 lbs., \$8 75 @ 9 00. Short rib sides \$7 05. Dry salted shoulders \$7 20 @ 7 25. Short clear sides \$7 95 @ 8 00. Whiskey \$1 15.

The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest and closing. Wheat—No. 2, December 72 @ 72 3/4 @ 73 1/4; 71 1/4; May 73 @ 73 1/4; 73 1/4. Corn—No. 2, December 41 1/2 @ 41 3/4; 41 1/4 @ 41 1/2; May 44, 46 1/4, 45 1/2 c. Oats—No. 2, December 31 1/2 @ 31 3/4; 31 1/4; May 35 1/2 @ 35 3/4, 35c. Mess pork, per bbl.—November \$11 75, 11 75, 11 75; January \$13 25, 13 27 1/2, 13 17 1/2. Lard, per 100 lbs.—November \$9 17 1/2, 8 27 1/2, 8 27 1/2; January \$7 63 1/2, 7 65, 7 63 1/2. Short ribs, per 100 lbs.—January \$6 80, 6 80, 6 75.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 2 red spot—c; Southern firmer; Fultz 68 @ 72c; Longberry 69 @ 73 1/4. Southern corn steady; white 40 @ 48 1/2; yellow 48c.

**COTTON MARKETS.**

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

Nov. 4.—Galveston, firm at 7 1/2c—net receipts 10,324 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7 1/2c—net receipts 4,565 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8 1/2c—net receipts 451 bales; Boston, quiet at 8 3/4c—net receipts 1,738 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7 1/2c—net receipts 1,738 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 8 1/2c—net receipts 255 bales; Savannah, firm at 7 1/2c—net receipts 3,353 bales; New Orleans, firm at 7 1/2c—net receipts 7,229 bales; Mobile, firm at 7 1/4c—net receipts 974 bales; Memphis, quiet at 7 1/2c—net receipts 4,065 bales; Augusta, firm at 7 15-16c—net receipts 145 bales; Charleston, firm at 7 1/2c—net receipts 8,395 bales.

**FOREIGN MARKETS.**

[By Cable to the Morning Star.]

LIVERPOOL, November 4, noon.—Cotton steady, with fair demand. American middling 43 1/4d. Sales 3,000 bales; American 7,300; for speculation and export 1,000 bales. Receipts 26,000 bales, 23,500 of which were American.

Futures steady—November and December delivery at 38-64d; December and January delivery at 39-64d @ 39-64d; January and February delivery at 41-64, 42-64 @ 41-64d; February and March delivery at 38-64 @ 39-64d; March and April delivery at 38-64, 40-64 @ 39-64d; April and May delivery at 38-64 @ 39-64d; May and June delivery at 40-64, 41-64 @ 40-64d. Tenders of cotton to-day 1,500 bales new dockets.

4 P. M.—November 4 29-64d, buyer; November and December 420-64d, buyer; December and January 430-64d, buyer; January and February 430-64 @ 43-64d; February and March 430-64 @ 43-64d; March and April 430-64 @ 43-64d; April and May 430-64 @ 43-64d; May and June 44-