

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.
THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except on Sundays, at \$6.00 per year, \$3.00 for six months, \$1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 5 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.
ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$3.25; five days, \$4.00; one week, \$6.00; two weeks, \$10.00; three weeks, \$14.00; one month, \$20.00; two months, \$35.00; three months, \$50.00; six months, \$90.00; twelve months, \$150.00. For lines of solid nonpareil type make one square.
THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.
All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hop, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, etc., will be charged regular advertising rates.
Notices under head of "City Items" 30 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.
No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any rate.
All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.
Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.
Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letters. Only cash remittances will be accepted for each insertion.
Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.
Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and if acceptable in every other way they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.
Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, etc., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a single announcement of Death.
An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.
Contract advertisements will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge in advance.
Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements, one dollar per square for each insertion.
Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the issue nearest to the advertiser's contract for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the paper. Proprietors will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.
Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.
Advertisements to follow regular matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to this position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 18, 1892.

IT SHOULD BE WELL DONE.

The greatest work which will come before the next Congress will be the revision of the tariff or rather the making of a new tariff law. It is a work which should be done as soon as possible, but it is more important that it be done wisely and well, for tariffs are something that cannot be changed every day and when they are framed they should be so framed as to avoid as far as possible the necessity of changes afterward.

The conditions that present themselves now are different from those that have presented themselves after any Presidential election since 1860. It is the first time that the Democrats have had full control of the Government and consequently the first time that radical tariff reform was possible. Heretofore while there might be changes or modifications in the existing tariffs those who were interested in keeping the duties high had no fears of not receiving all the protection they asked for and consequently there was no uneasiness in manufacturing circles and importers and others were not afraid to import or to buy large stocks of goods for they felt pretty sure that the duties on imported articles would remain pretty much as they were if not made higher.

But it is pretty well understood now, and pretty generally accepted, that the day of protection for protection's sake has passed, and that there is to be some pretty deep cutting in the Republican rates. This is accepted as settled, and those interested are putting themselves into shape to be prepared for it. The only question as to which there is any uncertainty is, when the cutting is to begin, and whether it is to be done by an extra session of Congress convened before the regular time of meeting, or wait until the new Congress meets in December next at the regular time.

There are some Democrats, and not a small number, who think that Congress should be convened soon after the inauguration of the President-elect and the work of tariff reform be entered upon at once. These represent that element of the party which believes in putting the knife in deep and cutting as near to the roots as possible.

There are others who represent the more cautious and conservative element who are opposed to an extra session, who realize that the work of tariff reform is a big work which ought to be approached thoughtfully and carefully.

Any tariff bill that is framed in haste, even though the men who frame it may be men of more than ordinary intelligence, will necessarily be defective. There are, we believe, about two thousand dutiable articles in the McKinley tariff. To handle intelligently and to impose upon each the proper amount of duty it should bear, requires not only much intelligence on the subject in general but much knowledge of the details and the respective parts that each of these plays in the commerce of the country. How little the average Congressman knows about this and how demonstrated time and again in the tariff discussions in Congress.

We haven't the slightest doubt that a commission composed of a suitable number of Senators and Representatives, with the assistance and information that would be given them by reliable and responsible business men of the country, representatives of the farm, the shop, the factory—the consumers and makers of goods—could frame a better and more enduring tariff law in three months than Congress could in six.

It has been said that we have had tariff commissions before. This is true, but they were commissions whose purpose was to bolster the existing tariffs and to find excuses for not reducing duties, or to make them higher. They were mere partisan commissions which did not enter upon their work with an honest purpose. A commission appointed by a Democratic Congress would be a different sort of thing altogether, for they would approach the work assigned them with honest intent. They would seek and obtain the information necessary to do that work intelligently, and the result would be a tariff bill so framed that when submitted to Congress there would be but little need of much discussion, and it could be passed quickly without keeping the country in a condition of uncertainty which would result from a protracted discussion. Every member of Congress would not want to make a speech on it nor have a hand in the making of the bill, which would be the case if the preliminary work is left until the next Congress meets, whether in extra or regular session.

Of course there might be amendments, deemed advisable, but the most difficult part of the work would be done and the task completed before Congress, if the work were left to it to do entire, could get fairly started on it.

MINOR MENTION.

The State Comptroller of New York has hit upon an idea from which he thinks the State may occasionally make a pretty big haul in revenue. It is a sort of graduated income tax from the estates of deceased rich people. It is, in his opinion, an improvement upon the present system which imposes a tax of one per cent. on all estates over \$10,000 which come by direct inheritance. He suggests that the one per cent. rate should hold on all sums over \$10,000 up to \$100,000, and two per cent. be imposed on all between \$100,000 and \$500,000, three per cent. on all between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 and five per cent. on all exceeding \$1,000,000. Three rich men have died in the State of New York recently, Jay Gould, Wilson G. Hunt and a millionaire named Crouse, in Syracuse, from whose estates the State would have gotten under such a law about \$4,000,000. He argues that much of this wealth is in such shape that it escapes taxation during the lifetime of those who make it and that this is the first chance to reach it, when it passes into the hands of heirs.

tered the Populists by their efforts to steal the Legislature and beat them out of a Senator. There is not much danger of a Republican-Populist combine.

The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record reports the aggregate amount invested in new industrial enterprises in the South for the past week at \$3,565,000, in addition to which there are a number noted for which no figures are given. These relate mainly to cotton and other mills to which additions have been made and increased machinery put in. The work of industrial progress goes steadily on, and the indications are that there will be many and large investments in the near future.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—Every new Congress should go in with the President. Waiting from November to December the next year may have suited the days of stage coaches, but in this era of steam and electricity the wait is entirely too long. Besides, it is poor politics to have a President and a Congress making laws after both have been repudiated by the people.—*Montgomery Advertiser, Dem.*

—The Republican Chief Justice of Montana knows no law but that of his party, and has no notion of self-respect. He decides the Choctaw county contest for a legislative seat in favor of the Republican contestant, although to do so he was compelled to reverse his own opinion, given in 1890, in the Silver-Bow case, for the like purpose of securing Republican victory. All he requires to know is which is the Republican.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

—If the Republican managers in the close States of the West should again embark in the business of stealing United States Senators they would be likely to encounter obstacles that have heretofore been unknown. There is not the slightest disposition anywhere in the triumphant Democracy to submit to the tricks of perjury and political rascality by which on former occasions—notably in Montana—Democratic Legislatures have been constrained to send Republicans to misrepresent the State in the Senate. This is an extremely unpropitious season for any political undertaking based upon an attempt to defeat the will of the people.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

PERSONAL.

—Of Mackay, the California millionaire, it has been said: "He is a man you would like to know even if he were not rich."

—San Francisco is led to believe that Mrs. Hearst, widow of the millionaire Senator, will leave it \$1,000,000 for a great museum.

—Elizabeth Stuart Phelps isn't so very much older than her husband, after all. Though only 47, she has been writing for publication over thirty years.

—M. Pasteur is an unlicensed practitioner, and has to employ one of the regulars to perform the slightest surgical operation needed in his business.

—Mr. and Mrs. Philander Thompson, who celebrated their golden wedding in Decatur, Mich., last week, were married at Manlius, N. Y., by President-elect Cleveland's father.

—Carpentier de Cossigny, of Paris, a retired general of division artillery, escaped all the dangers of battle only to be killed a few days ago by a fall down stairs in his own residence.

John Cutlace has been the postmaster of Redkey, Ind., for ten years, and though he is quite blind manages to do the duties of his office so thoroughly that no one thinks of disturbing him.

—Shop girls in Boston now have a "Noon Rest," thanks to Edward Everett Hale, when they can get not only a midday lunch, but for also a piano, easy chairs, a mending basket, etc. It is conducted by the Lend-a-hand Club.

—Pierre Denis, who will be remembered by Americans as the devoted friend of Boulanger, is about to publish the correspondence of the General and documents said to contain very curious revelations, which may prove also dangerous to certain prominent Frenchmen.

The police-force in all parts of the country bear uniform testimony to the great value of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as a remedy for cough, cold and incipient consumption. They all emphasize the fact that no one should be without it.

LETTERS TO MOTHERS.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and in the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

HUCKLEBERRY SALVE.

The best balve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay is required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Robert R. Bellamy, Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

THE GOOD-BY KISS AT THE DOOR.
Her eyes were illumined with a glance of pride
And her heart with love aglow
As she softly tripped to her husband's side
When he opened the door to go
And there in her morning wrapper trim,
While a smile her red lips wore
She stood on the steps and gave to him
A good-by kiss at the door.
She turns to her duties with cheerful heart,
For she has not now to learn
That the wife and husband must often part
When the daily bread is to earn
And there's peace and joy in her gentle breast
As she sews, or sweeps the floor,
And every task is essayed with zest
For the good-by kiss at the door.
And the husband striving in life's rough race
Where there's little time for play,
Has many a glimpse of her smiling face
In his mind through the busy day
And his look is tender, his eyes are bright
As he cons his ledger o'er,
For he thinks of the welcome that
Awaits at night,
And the good-by kiss at the door.
O, wives and husbands, the world is bright
When the heart with love doth glow,
And its path is smooth and its burden light
If you're willing to make it so;
And the sun will shine through the cloudy day
And scatter the clouds that lower
And the roses blossom along life's way
For the good-by kiss at the door.
—Cape Cod Item.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

—Nothing is ever done beautifully, which is done in rivalry, not only, which is done in pride.—*Rushin.*
If you lose your soul it will not be because there are hypocrites in the church, but because there is sin in your own heart.—*Ram's Horn.*
—Be not in too much haste to come to a determination of a difficult or important point. Think it worth your waiting to find out the truth.—*Watts.*
—Write it on your heart that every day is the last day in the year. No man has learned anything rightly until he knows that every day is doomsday.—*Emerson.*
—We must be watchful, especially in the beginning of the temptation; for the enemy is then more easily overcome if he be not suffered to enter the door of our hearts, but be resisted at the very gate on his first knocking.—*Thomas A. Kempis.*
—I never in my life knew of a man who was in the fence, either political or religious, but that when he got down, it was on the wrong side. We want men who have positive convictions and are ready and willing to express them.—*Bishop Doane.*
—No doubt the theological world is troubled, and I sometimes wonder, when I consider what tremendous questions have been opened, that we think so much as we do of politics or of anything but of the great mystery of our being.—*Goldwin Smith.*
—Never lose a chance of saying a kind word. As Colingwood never saw a vacant place on his estate but he took an acorn out of his pocket and poked it in, so deal with your commitments through life. An acorn costs nothing, but it may sprout into a prodigious bit of timber.—*W. M. Thackeray.*
—A man may be an eternal failure, although his footsteps glitter with gold and his words sparkle with knowledge. That man is the most successful in the divine kingdom who sets in motion the greatest amount of spiritual power for the glory of God, whatever may be the opinions or rewards of fallen mortals.—*John Reid.*

TWINKLINGS.

—Slowly—I'll never ask that fellow to call again.
Friend—Who is he?
Slowly—A bill collector.—*N. Y. Journal.*

—A Reading, Pa., lady is the recipient of \$50,000, left her by a wealthy Southerner whose proposal of marriage she declined. The rejected one knew how to appreciate a kindness, evidently.—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

—Fond Mother (of delicate duds)—I think it is time Clarence selected a profession. What would you advise?
Old Gen (reflectively)—He might do nicely as a typewriter girl.—*New York Weekly.*

—Lady—Bridget, why did you tell the two ladies who just called that I was engaged?
Della—Sure, mum, and didn't I read the bit of a letter yez left on your desk yesterday that told it all?—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

—Deplorably Vulgar.—Mrs. Porkery—Mrs. Fulkson is so horribly vulgar, you know.
Mrs. Tubscash—What makes you think so?
Mrs. Porkery—She says "thank you" to her servants.—*Chicago News-Record.*

—"Say, Typewriter, why are you jabbing at your typewriter in that fashion? There won't be any sense in what you are writing."
Blobs—"That don't make any difference. I am getting up a few 'Pastels in Prose.'"
—Buffalo Express.

—"What a funny idea!" said Mrs. N. Peck, laying down the paper. "Here's a story about a female 'parachutist' who keeps her mouth shut while descending by holding a stick, the size of a pencil between her teeth."
"I have a pencil here, my dear, if you wish to make the experiment," Mr. Peck ventured to say.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

HAPPY HOORS.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine; made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite, and felt just like he had a new lease of life. Only 50c a bottle at ROBERT R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store."

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.
—Oxford Ledger: Mrs. Susan L. Jones, widow of the late Richard D. Jones, died at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. J. A. Norwood, at Buchanan, on Saturday, Dec. 10th, 1892, in the 68th year of her age.
—Jonesboro Home Journal: John McLean, a negro, stole a pair of pants from Godfrey & Gunter last week. He carried them home and it seems that they did not suit him, for he carried them back and exchanged them for another pair. A little later the theft was discovered, he was arrested and bound over to court. He has been sent to the penitentiary for two years.
—Charlotte Observer: Mr. Chas. Kendrick, who lives four miles from Shelby, came down yesterday with his apply the mad stone to a boy's arm, he having been bitten Wednesday by a mad dog. The stone was applied and stuck to the wound immediately. Mr. Kendrick returned home with his son yesterday afternoon, greatly relieved in mind about him.
—Statesville Landmark: Perry McNeely colored, was found dead by the roadside about two miles from Mooresville, Tuesday. Coroner Clegg was notified and went down and held an inquest yesterday. Dr. W. J. Hill, county physician, examined the body. There was no mark about it and no evidence to cause a suspicion of foul play, and the jury decided that "heart failure" was the cause of death.
—Wilson Advance: Wiley Parker after stealing \$50 from Mr. A. Garvey, of Rocky Mount, and escaping from the guards, returned in the night and carried off the money from its place of concealment in Glasgow, Va. (colored) aged 111 years, died near Falkland, Pa., county, a short time ago. A short time previous to his death he was able to do considerable work. A year before his death he could grub, split rails, etc., doing fully half as much work as a good man. He was a very quiet and unobtrusive man, his junior and a numerous progeny, extending to the fifth generation.
—Shelby Aurora: Jacob W. Whitworth, who stole either a ride or a horse and then escaped from his captors in the presence of the magistrate and five men, has not yet been recaptured. It is a mystery whether he intended to steal a horse or a ride. It was funny to see how coolly and nonchalantly he walked northward away from his captors. He said at first he would go to Waco for the trial; then he said there was "no use of going" after a rough word was said; then he repeated the same words and emphatic than polite that he was not going, put his hand in his hip pocket and coolly walked away in the presence of five men.
—Chatham Record: On last Thursday Mr. John B. Johnson, of Oakland township, met with the very serious misfortune of losing his right hand. He was "feeding" the cutting machine, which was run by horse power, when his hand was caught in it and mangled so badly that the doctors had to amputate it at the wrist. The past summer and fall have been unusually dry. Very little rain has fallen since July, over five months ago, and in consequence water has been quite scarce. Nearly all the small streams have almost stopped running, and many springs and wells have gone dry, putting many families to much inconvenience. Dunes and roads in December seem strange in Chatham, where generally at this season our roads are muddy and miry.
—Henderson Gold Leaf: Mr. R. B. Burwell, a well-known citizen of this county, died at his residence, "Forest Home," near Williamsboro, Friday night, 9 o'clock. He had long been afflicted with a long while, having been partially paralyzed about twelve years ago, from which he never recovered, although he was not confined to his bed during all that time. The immediate cause of his death was a recent stroke of paralysis. On Sunday last about 12:30 o'clock a peculiar noise, resembling that of distant thunder or the roaring of a cannon, was heard away to the northward, by many persons here. We understand that in the neighborhood of Williamsboro something was seen, a considerable altitude thought to have been an aerolite flying through the heavens, which apparently exploded, leaving a long trail of smoke in its wake.
—Charlotte News: Safe blowers got in some successful work at King's Mountain, on the Air Line road, last night. They blew a safe of Carpenter Brothers open with dynamite and got away with \$2,000 in cash. The News yesterday noted that efforts were being made to haul Register Blakely over the coals in the Federal Court. Mr. Blakely was the registrar of elections for Huntersville and the Grand Jury of the Federal Court found a true bill against him. The case will be tried here in January.
—Last Saturday afternoon the daughter of Mr. H. A. Stowe, of lower Steel Creek township, swallowed by accident a quantity of soap common on her desk plugs these days. The tag stuck in her throat, and at two o'clock Sunday morning her parents arrived with her and took her to Dr. Graham for treatment. She is still suffering from the effects, though the tag was extricated from her throat.


COMMERCIAL.
WILMINGTON MARKET.
STAR OFFICE, Dec. 17.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market opened dull at 27½ cents per gallon. Sales later at 37½¢.
ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for Strained and \$1 00 for Good Strained.
TAR—Steady at \$1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Distillers quote the market quiet at \$1 00 for Hard, and \$1 70 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.
PEANUTS—Farmers' stock quoted at 60 to 75 cents per bushel of 28 pounds. Market quiet.
NORFOLK MARKET—Steady. Prime, 2½ cents; Strictly Prime, 3½ cents; Fancy, 3½ cents; Spanish, 2½¢; 2½¢ cents; common, 1½¢ cents; shelled, 2½¢ cents.
COTTON—Firm on a basis of 9½¢ for Middling. Official quotations are: Ordinary..... 7½ cts @ 48 bbl Good Ordinary..... 8 " " " " Low Middling..... 9 " " " " Middling..... 9½ " " " " Good Middling..... 10 1-16 " " " "
RECEIPTS.
Cotton..... 879 bales
Spirits Turpentine..... 169 casks
Rosin..... 831 bbls
Tars..... 267 bbls
Crude Turpentine..... 31 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.
Financial.
NEW YORK, December 17.—Evening—Money easier this morning; rates for call loans ranged from 4 to 6 per cent., the latter the closing rate. Exchange closed steady. Government securities closed dull and heavy. Pacific Railroads closed: Union firsts 109½ bid; sinking funds 103 bid; Centrals 107 bid.
Commercial.
NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Evening—Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 10c; low middling 9 9-16c; good ordinary 9½c; Orleans 10½c; net receipts—bales; gross receipts, 9,889 bales; exports to France, 2 bales; to the Continent—bales; forwarded, 4,130 bales; sales 685 bales; sales to spinners 85 bales; stock, 105,800 bales.
Cotton—Futures closed steady; sales 105,800 bales at quotations: December 9.88c; January 9.74c; February 9.80c; 9.87c; March 9.97c; April 10.06c; 10.07c; May 10.16c; June 10.23c; July 10.30c; 10.31c; August 10.35c to 10.31c.
Flour dull; fine \$1 65 to 1 90; superfine \$1 70 to 1 90; city mill extra \$4 10 to 4 20 for West Indies. Wheat—spot sales of No. 1 mixed red winter 75½¢ to 76½¢; December 74½¢; January 75¢. No. 2 mixed steady but dull; Cuba, 50 test in hds. nominal; English Islands 21¢ to 25c; New Orleans new crop 35¢ to 40c.
Rice steady and demand fair; Carolina and Louisiana, common to low 3½¢ to 4½¢; fair to good 3½¢ to 4½¢; prime choice 4½¢ to 4½¢. Peanuts quiet and steady; Virginia firsts 2½¢ to 3c. Freights dull and heavy. Pork quiet and steady; old mess 15 00 to 15 25; new 16 00 to 16 25; medium clear \$15 00 to 15 50; family \$17 50 to 18 00. Lard dull and quiet; cash Western steam \$10 20; city steam steady at \$9 50 to 75. Petroleum dull. Cotton seed oil steady; new crude 35¢ to 36c; mixed yellow 38½¢ to 39½¢. Corn—No. 2 mixed 53½¢; December 50½¢. Oats unchanged. Rice quiet and weak; Western 54 to 58c. Barley steady. Coffee—spot lists steady; fair Rio cargoes, No. 7, 16½¢. Rice nominally unchanged. Butter dull and weak; Western extra 29½¢ to 30c; Creamery State, best fall made 27 to 28c. Cheese firm and easy; State factory full cream fall made fair white 10½¢ to 11c. Tallow dull; prime city 4½¢. Freights dull and featureless.
CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady and unchanged; hard wheat patents \$3 80 to 4 15 in wood; soft wheat patents \$3 50 to 3 80; hard wheat bakers \$3 25 to 3 50 in sacks; soft wheat bakers \$2 90 to 3 20 in sacks; No. 2 red winter 90½¢; No. 3 spring 70½¢ to 71c; receipts 193 cars. Corn easy, closing 71½¢ lower; No. 2 in store 41½¢ to 42c; receipts 251 cars. Oats lifeless and easy, closing 40c lower; No. 1, 31½¢ to 32c; receipts 203 cars. Provisions weak in free trade and owing to the depression in the other speculative pits. Pork declined 17½¢ and ribs 10c; lard closed 10c higher for January and 8c lower for May.
The leading futures ranged as follows: Highest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, December 70½, 70½; January 70½, 70c; Corn—No. 2, December 41½, 41c; January 42c, 42c; May 47, 47c; July 47½, 47c. Oats—No. 2, December 30c, 30c; January 31, 30c; May 35, 35c; February 33, 31c. Pork, per bbl.—December \$14 70, 14 70; January \$16 17½, 15 92½; May \$16 50, 15 25. Lard, per 100 lbs.—December \$9 95, 9 95; January \$10 00, 10 00; May \$9 80, 9 75. Short ribs, per 100 lbs.—December \$9 80, 8 80; January \$9 40, 8 80; May \$9 55, 8 45.

FOREIGN MARKETS.
By Cable to the Morning Star.
LIVERPOOL, December 17, noon.—Cotton steady with fair demand; American middling 5½d; sales 7,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for speculation and export. Receipts 28,100 bales, all American.
Futures steady—American middling (l. m. c.)—January and February delivery 5 15-16@5 14-64d; February and March delivery 5 17-64d; April and May 5 21-64d; June and July 5 26-64d; August and September 5 28-64d, buyer. Futures closed steady.

Guarantee Cure.
We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer, did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELMONT'S Drug Store, Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

They Always Give Satisfaction



The New "Lee,"
New Patron,
Seminole,
And Richmond Ranges,
SOLD BY
J. L. BRECKENRIDGE.
Buy these Cook Stoves, because you get for a little more
The Largest possible Oven,
The Heaviest possible Casting,
The very Best Stove Metal,
Splendid Draft.
Will take them back and refund the cash if you are not
satisfied. Home Furnishing and Repairing, also.
Oct 1st 127 North First Street.

The New York Times.
Daily, \$8 a Year; Weekly, 75 Cents.
DAILY WITH SUNDAY EDITION, \$10.

Formed in character and policy of and mature judgment, as becomes a newspaper forty years old. The TIMES has as its means got its growth, it abated its eagerness for continuous improvement. Its readers are aware that it is an excellent newspaper every day in the year, and that year by year it becomes a better one. It is a trustworthy one, for after collecting the genuine news it has no time or space for the spurious; and it is a nearly complete shield, except France, and wherever else it can make it.
The news reports and editorial discussions of the TIMES will give an unusual interest during the Presidential campaign of the coming year. Men of all parties testify to the unequalled value of the TIMES in the case of a tariff reform, a issue upon which the Department of Literatures and criticism is made full and valuable; it pays much attention to the building up and progress of the new Navy, and to all matters of news and opinion on naval subjects and it cooperates to tell what is going on in the domain of art, of science, of religion and education.

Terms to Mail Subscribers—Postpaid.
DAILY, 1 year, \$8.00; with Sunday, \$10.00.
DAILY, 6 months, \$4.90; with Sunday, \$5.90.
DAILY, 3 months, \$2.50; with Sunday, \$2.50.
DAILY, 1 month, with Sunday, \$1.00.
WEEKLY, 1 year, \$3.00.
WEEKLY, 6 months, \$1.50.
WEEKLY, 3 months, \$0.75.
WEEKLY, 1 month, \$0.30.
THE WEEKLY TIMES is a capital newspaper. It contains all the current news condensed from the dispatches and reports of the daily edition, besides literary matter, discussions upon agricultural topics by practical farmers, full and accurate market reports of prices for farm produce, live stock, etc., and a carefully-prepared weekly wool market.
Terms, cash in advance. We have no traveling agents. The Press Printing and Stationery Company, Druggist, or money in Registered Letter, Postage paid to Foreign Countries, except Canada and Mexico, sends per copy
Address THE NEW YORK TIMES, 127 North First Street, New York City.
Samples sent free.
Jan 21

THOMAS EVANS,
Expert Accountant and Notary Public,
P. O. BOX 162, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Will examine and test Books and Accounts of Individuals, Firms and Corporations, here and elsewhere. Will detect and correct every Error in such Accounts, and then certify them. References to Citizens, Merchants, and Corporations for whom he has worked twenty or more years. nov 21 ft

X-Mass Goods.
APPLES, ORANGES, COCONUTS, Raisins,
Also, full Stock of Candles, Crackers, Cheese Canned Goods, Sugars, Coffees and Flour.
Order in time for your holiday trade.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
dec 7 DRUGS
Nuts and Mulberry Sts.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
During the month of December we offer extra inducements to purchasers of Pianos and Organs.
We have on exhibition and for sale a magnificent lot of Instruments from ten different makers.
E. Van LARR'S,
402 and 404 North Fourth Street,
We carry the largest stock of Pianos and organs in the State. dec 14

STOP AT THE
BURNS HOUSE,
WADESBO, N. C.,
LOCATED IN THE HEART OF THE BUSINESS part of the Town, and convenient for Commerce. Table d'hôte. The best market afford. Omnibus meets all trains. Prices J. B. BURNS, nov 27 ft