PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except alonday, at \$6.00 per year, \$3.00 for six months, \$1.50 or three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subcribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of cents per week for any period from one week to one

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; wo weeks, \$6 50; three weeks, \$8 50; one month, \$10 00; two months, \$17 00; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time con-tracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published. actually published.
No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any

All announcements and recommendations of candi-dates for office, whether in the shape of communica-ions or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Payments for transient advertisements must be made n advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only uch remittances will be at the risk of the publisher. Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, wo-thirds of daily rate.

wo-thirds of daily rate.

Communications, unless they contain important news
or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest,
are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way,
hay will invariably be rejected if the real name of the Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Risolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for

Simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column ple-column advertisements.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to excee

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed him space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates. Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements, one dollar per square for each insertion. Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where a advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his address.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Adverti ements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

A ivertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy
any special place, will be charged extra according to
the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEB. 19, 1893

REPUBLICAN HOPES.

The Republicans are basing their hopes of being able to present a formidable front against the Demo cratic party in 1896 on the dissensions that may arise in the Democratic ranks between now and then. This is their only hope of recovering power. The Republicans in Congress have been planning and acting with this view. They dilly-dallied with the bill for the repeal of the Sherman silver purchase act, pretending to be in favor of it, but making no move to bring it before the Senate for consideration, and when finally forced to vote on the question of taking it up, enough of them voted against taking it up to pigeonhole it. To have taken it up and put it to a vote would have put them on record, where there would have been no chance to trump up reasons for voting or not voting, as they did on the vote on the motion to take it up. They had made up their minds to let the Cleveland administration wrestle with that question, because they thought they saw trouble in it, and they hoped to turn the trouble to their own advantage.

There is no disguising the fact that there is trouble in it. It is loaded. The Democratic platform adopted at Chicago denounces the Sherman act as a "cowardly make shift," and demands its repeal. But there are Democratic Representatives in Congress and Democratic Senators who, while they do not like the Sherman act, will not vote for its repeal unless the repeal be conditional on the free coinage of silver; in other words they will insist upon the free comage of silver as a substitute for the monthly purchase of silver bullion, which itself was a compromise measure to stave off free

That's where the trouble will begin. There is a pretty general feeling throughout the country (which was voiced by the demand in the Democratic platform for the repeal of the tax on the circulation of State banks) that there is not money enough in circulation to meet the demands of business and enable borrowers who need it to get it at a low rate of interest. If no provision be made to meet this demand for more money the repeal of the Sherman act will reduce the volume by cutting off the four millions a month of silver certificates issued in return for the bullion bought. This practically means keeping the volume of currency at what it may be when the act is repealed. To prevent this and to secure the increase of currency demanded, the silver coinage advocates will insist that if that act be repealed. provision must be made for free and unlimited coinage. They may make a fight on this anyway, but they undoubtedly will when the other is proposed.

It so happens that a majority of those who are opposed to the Sherman act are also opposed to the free coinage of silver, unless upon a condition of an international common standard of coin values, which there is not the remotest chance of securfor years to come, if ever. When that

fighting it as hard, or harder than they have fought or will fight Sher-

man's "cowardly make-shift." The free coinage champion, Bland, will make a desperate fight for his pet measure in the next Congress, and will have with him in the House and Senate the Representatives and Senators who represent the Populist party, who will support free coinage or anything else that will increase the volume of currency. The fact that the Senate will be very close will make their votes no small factor in determining the result. But if hopes in the Treasury. Bland should be successful in pushing it through both Houses then it will have to encounter a President

who is hostile to it and would doubtless veto it, unless he subordinated his own judgment to the expressed will of the majority in Congress, which, however, would not be much like Cleveland, who is a man of convictions and with the courage to assert them, even when they sometimes seem to run counter to popular sentiment. This is one of his characteristics, and on the coinage question he would be very apt to show it, for

on that question he has very decided

convictions which he has not hesi-

tated to declare when the occasion

demanded utterance. Here then is the prospective situation that the Democratic party must face: An attempted repeal of the Sherman purchase act which will be stubbornly fought and defended, unless it be preliminary to or a sequence of the free coinage of silver. The chances of the success of a free coinage bill are too slim to make it even a possibility, for if it should pass Congress it would encounter a veto, and the necessary votes could not be secured in Congress to pass it over the veto. The result will be that after a long, hard fight, in which much bitterness may be engendered, the coinage question will stand just

where it is and the Sherman act will

stand just where it is. -There is only one way that we see out of this tangle, one way to lessen the demand for free coinage, and to clear the way for the repeal of the Sherman act, and that is the prompt repeal of the bank tax act and thus do what is done to some extent by the Sherman act, and what it is proposed to do by the free and unlimited coinage of silver, that is give us an expansion of currency which will ease up the money situation and supply the people with the currency they need. It this be done and the people be supplied with a currency that answers their purposes, they will cease to take the interest they now do in the silver question or to care much whether the Sherman act be repealed or not or whether we have free coinage or not. This may not suit all, but we venture the prediction that it will suit a majority of the people, and that if it be passed the silver question will cease to be the absorbing issue that it has been, and is likely to be if this be not done.

TRIBUTES TO CARLISLE.

There is no one in this country, whatever his political affiliations or prejudices may be, who does not concede that John G. Carlisle stands eminent among the very ablest of our public men. In the lower House of Congress he was the recognized leader of the Democrats, and when he went into the Senate he didn't wait as some Senators do for years for recognition, but took first rank at

But aside from his conceded ability there is no man in public life in whom there is placed more universal confidence, for, however sturdy and uncompromising in his political warfare, his conservatism and patriotism have never been questioned even by the extremest of his political adver-

As showing the estimate in which he is held by political foe and friend we quote the following tributes, the former from a speech by Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, the latter from a speech by Senator Vest, of Missouri, delivered at a parting dinner given to Mr. Carlisle in Washington, Thursday night In proposing Mr. Carlisle's health Mr. Manderson referred to the facts that Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and John Quincy Adams stepped from Cabinet positions into the White House and asked: "Who knows but what history may repeat itself? If it does I know of no man who will stand higher in our

esteem than John Griffin Carlisle." Senator Vest paid the following tribute to the self-sacrificing patriotism of the great Kentuckian:

"I hope I do not violate any personal relations in stating that when the President-elect of the United States called upon Mr. Carlisle to assume the duties of the great office which he has since accepted, it was my pleasure and duty to go to him and ask him to take this place, question comes up they will be found | Every desire I have, every hope I have | gists.

cherished, would be dashed to pieces by going into the Cabinet. It would virtu-

ally end my public career. "I responded to him, 'You are a soldier, a politician, a soldier engaged in a light which is partly won, but which unless you now come to the front will be a mere worthless victory. You are called by the general in command, to whom we have given all the influence we possess, to take a dangerouss post. You are the only man, in my opinion and that of thousands of others, who can take it

with a hope of success, "With a full knowledge of what he thus left behind, with a full knowledge of the dangers before him, John G. Carlisle rose to the occasion and deserves

the thanks of every honest man." Mr. Carlisle will not bury his

MINOR MENTION.

We are among those who believe that if the silver coinage question in this country must depend for settlement upon the agreement by the commercial nations upon a common standard of coin values it never will be settled, and hence we did not think and do not think now that anything satisfactory will ever come out of the international monetary Congress. The European powers, which are purchasers of silver, will never consent while they are buyers and we are sellers, to invest that metal with the value and dignity as a coin metal which the silver advocates in this country demand. It is not reasonable to suppose that they will. In a recent speech of Chancellor Caprivi, of Germany, he voiced the sentiment of the money powers of that empire when he said: "It was impossible that the Government should accept bi-metalism, because it was neither able to propound a scheme acceptable to England nor to disregard the Continental markets." And it will be impossible for any other Government to present a solution of this question for substantially the same reasons.

The last advices from Hawaii represent the annexation sentiment as growing, and report the deposed queen as fully confident that her 'envoys" to the United States would meet with a favorable reception. Lili knew what she was doing when after a little kicking she yielded to the persuasive eloquence of the "revolutionists" and retired to her country residence. It was no doubt understood that she and her daughter would be amply provided for and receive a substantial quid pro quo for a surrender of their claims present or prospective. The men who put up this job managed it a great deal better for her than she could have done it for herself, for with \$20,000 a year for life, in a country like Hawaii, she can live in royal style and escape the worriment of trying to live well and run a government never very flush of cash. If she had done the trading herself we think she would have considered herself lucky if she had got half the price she and her daughter will get, if the treaty be ratified.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- The plea is made, for the restoration of the Queen of Hawaii, that when she discovered she couldn't fire off that new constitution she gave up the gun. She will never be trusted again, however. It is evident that she wears razors in her hosiery .- Louisville Courier Journal;

--- The Hawaiian Annexation Treaty is much like a bill of sale. Not until after it has been ratified will it become necessary to legislate on the subject, and then the Legislation will probably take the already well considered form of the organization of Territorial Government .-Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.

--- The statements published by the Tribune asserting that Mr. Carlisle had express strong dissatisfaction with the selection of Judge Gresham as Secretary of State are untrue. Mr. Carlisle knew of Mr. Cleveland's intention to appoint Judge Gresham, and warmly approved of it .- New York World,

- Mr. Lincoln took Stanton, who was just from Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet, into his own, and yet Lincoln conducted a pretty orthodox Republican administration. Judge Gresham will hardly leave Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet with the Republicanism he has so lately shed.-Norfolk Landmark, Dem.

A Leader. Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead tives-containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest; her life. At her death she was the posmedicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.—It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price 50c. per bottle. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

Bucklen Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever, Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions stating that the exigencies of the public service called upon him to make the sacrifice, and that there was no member of the party who could, in my opinion, fill the place so well as himself. He replied, the place so well as himself. He replied the pla

LITTLE GIFFEN, OF TENNESSEE.

BI FRANCIS O. TICKNOR, OF GEORGIA. Out of the focal and foremost fire,

Out of the hospital ward as dire, Smitten of grapeshot and gangrene, (Eighteenth battle, and he sixteen), pectre such as we seldom see, Little Giffen of Tennessee.

'Take him-and welcome," the surgeon Much your doctor can help the dead!"

And so we took him and brought him The balm was sweet on the summer air; And we laid him down on a wholesome

Utter Lazarus, heel to head! Weary war with the bated breath, Skeleton boy against skeleton death. Months of torture-how many such? Weary weeks of the stick and crutch! Still a glint in the steel blue eye Spoke of the spirit that would not die,

And didn't! Nay, more, in death's despite The crippled skeleton learned to write! 'Dear mother," at first, of course; and

'Dear Captain"-inquiring about "the Captain's answer-"Of eighty and five, Giffen and I are left alive!

'Johnston's pressed at the front, they Little Giffen was up and away. A tear, his first-as he bade good-bye, Dimmed the glint of his steel blue eye;

I'll write, if spared." There was news of a fight, But none of Giffen-he did not write! sometimes fancy that were I king

Of the princely knights of the Golden With the song of the minstrel in mine And the tender legend that trembles

I'd give the best on his bended knee,

The whitest soul of my chivalry, For little Giffen, of Tennessee.

- He who loves goodness harbors angels, reveres reverence, and lives with

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

- He whose first emotion, on the view of an excellent production is to undervalue it, will never have one of his own to show .- Aikin. -- He who contributes most in the

way of suggestion to the pastor is generally the man who pays less toward his support .- Texas Advocate. - The Christian's llfe is as a silvery stream pursuing its way through a

ing, often cloudy .- Winslow. - There are two way in which we may defeat the purposes of God in grief-by forgetting it, or by over-in-dulging in it.-F. W. Robertson.

checkered wilderness, sometimes wind-

- Ah, there are those bits of struggles, in which we learn to fight the great ones; perhaps these bits of struggles, more than the great ones, make up life. -Elizabeth Stuart Phelps.

- When a Methodist preacher begins to be specially solicitous about reaching what he is pleased to call the 'better classes," he is suffering from a lack of genuine piety.— Texas Advocate. - How quickly some of the

churches of to-day would have bounced

Samson for heresy, because he used the jaw-bone of an ass instead of a spear with an oxidized silver handle!-Ram's - Otten the most useful christians are those who serve their Master in little things. He never despises the day of small things, or else he would

not hide his oaks in tiny acorns, or the wealth of a wheat field in bags of little seeds. - T. L. Cuyler. - Gluttony is the source of all our infirmities, and the fountain of all our diseases. As a lamp is choked by a superabundance of oil, a fire extinguished by excess of fuel, so is the

natural heat of the body destroyed by intemperate diet .- Burton. The angels glorify; men scruti-nize. Angels raise their voices in praise; men in disputation. Angels conceal their faces with their wings; but man with a presumptious gaze would look into Thine unspeakable glory.-Chrysos-

PERSONAL.

- The only two natives of Colorado in the House of Representatives of that State are Harry Sims of Arapahoe, who was the first white child born in Pueblo, and Celestina Garela, who represents Conejoa county, and who is of Mexican parentage.

- Clark Montgomery, of Cincinnati, says that when he went to Cleveland's inauguration in 1884 he wore a cheap watch, so that he need not weep if he should lose it. The timepiece was stolen; but an hour afterwards he found it in his overcoat pocket. The disgusted pickpocket had returned it.

- Mrs. Cleveland has become more matronly looking during the past two years, but those who know her say she is quite as charming as ever. It is interesting to know that the wife of the President-elect is having her gowns for use in the white house made on the lines of the latest dress improvements.

- Mrs. Barnebee, who always travels with her husband in his tours with the Bostonian Opera Company, has a very happy habit of taking with her numerous pictures, draperies, books and bric-a-brac, with which she makes the plainest hotel room look cozy and homelike. - If they stay but a week in a place she considers it well worth while to make her surroundings attractive.

- Mrs. Margaret Cassidy Gillespie, who was born in Ireland 103 years ago, has just bied at Upland, Pa. She was baptised by John Wesley, who also Notwithstanding this fact she remained a member of the Episcopal church all sessor of a complete set of the "Journals of John Wesley," which are of considerable value.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer, did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Elizabeth City Carolinian: There is complaint that many have lost their sweet potatoes from freezing during the late severe cold weather.

- Hillsboro Observer: Died, at his home about seven miles west of town, on Wednesday, January 4th, 1893, Mr. Wm. C. Cheek, aged about 63 years. - Raleigh Chronicle: Mr. Peyton

A. Norris, a highly respected and well-to-do citizen of the Holly Spring section, died at his home last night at the advanced age of 60 years or more. - Newbern Journal: Capt. Jas.

W. Ethridge, Superintendent of the

Life Saving Station of this district, pied at his home in Beaufort Wednesday night. His death resulted from a cold contricted by being out in the January blizzard. - Yanceyville News: We were sorry to hear of the sudden death of Esquire W. H. Rice, which sad event

occurred at home in Stoney Creek

township, last Wednesday, from heart

failure. He was leading a mule on his farm at the time he dropped dead. - Henderson Gold Leaf: The people of Vance county and throughout the State where he was known, will learn with regret of the death of Dr. P. T. Henry at his home in Kittrell Monday morning. He had been in declining health a long time and his death was not entirely unexpected.

- Monganton Herald: The jewelry store of Mr. W. H. Boger was entered by burglars last Monday night and about one hundred dollars worth of watches and rings was taken by the thieves. The articles stolen had not been placed in the safe, but were left in an open show case. An entrance was effected through the rear window of the

- Charlotte Observer: Mrs. Chas. Price, of Salisbury, whose unflagging interest and zeal in working up the North Carolina exhibit for the World's Fair has been the admiration alike of those who do, and do not, feel the pride in their State they should, has secured some fine specimens of chinaware made in the State, and has delegated the honor of painting them for the World's Fair exhibit to Miss Cordie Philer, of this city. The designs of decoration are exceedingly pretty, and the execution of the same reflects credit on the artistic talent of the State.

- Charlotte News : News reached Charlotte last night of the killing of a Richmond & Danville flagman, a white man named William Patton, at Spartanburg yesterday morning, by a southbound freight. The man was walking along the outer edge of the crossties. The engineer blew his whistle, and when about ten feet away from the engine the man deliberately walked to the middle of the track. The engine hit him and knocked him ten feet in the air. A ghastly hole was knocked in his forehead and he was otherwise badly

- Greensboro Record: Mr. P. Hartsell, an employe of the Bain Building Company, had the misfortune yesterday evening to lose his thumb and index finger of the left hand. He was running a machine known as a shaver and in some unaccountable way his hand was caught. -- Mrs. Stout was bitten on the middle finger of the left hand some time ago by a pet ground squirrel. The wound at once became violently inflamed and poisonous, in which condition it has remained ever since, and it is now almost three weeks since she was

- Windsor Ledger: Mr. Henry Mizell, living at the Hoggard Mill, had his little three-year-old daughter Lennie narrowly escape death by burning last Friday. Her clothes caught fire but were extinguished by his eight-yearold daughter Lettie, who threw water on the flames and put out the fire. The child was not hurt but her dress and apron were badly burned. Isaac Mizell, who was badly cut on his hand some time ago at his mill near Roquist, was caught in the band saw last week and cut about the head and body, but not seriously.

- Newton Enterprise: "A Newton man in the Cabinet" is what we frequently hear on the street nowadays. He didn't live long in Newton, but Hoke Smith is a native Newtonian. - Contractor Dakin last Friday measured off 100 feet for the addition to the Newton Cotton Mills building. The building will be erected and several thousand more spindles put to work before fall. - Died in this place Friday, February 10th, Mrs. Bettie Arney, wife of Mrs. R. H. Arney. A few weeks ago she cut a corn from her little toe. Gangrene set in and soon the whole leg was involved. Her suffering was very intense until relieved by death. She was 71 years old.

TWINKLINGS.

- Mr. Snaggs (reading)-A Western newspaper charges that many of the servant girls of the country are in league with the anarchists. Mrs. Snaggs-That explains why

Bridget smashes so many things .- Pittsburg Chronicle. - The only chance he had .- Mrs. McCordle-It strikes me that it is awfully disagreeable for you to talk in your

sleep every night. McCordle-I agree with you, my dear: but I have to improve my opportunity, vou know.—Puck.

- "Here is a piece of bread, poor man," said the farmer's wife to the tramp. "Thank yer, mum," said the tramp,

"but I cannot accept it of yer. My physician says I mustn't eat anything but beefsteak or pumpkin pie."-Brook-

- Father-You seem to look at things in a different light since your His Newly Married Daughter-Well,

ought to, after receiving fourteen

lamps and nine candelabras for wedding presents.-Brooklyn Life. - Policeman - Well, my little dear, if you can't tell me your mother's name, or where she lives, how are we to

find her? Little Girl (lost while out shopping)— Jes' put me in a store window, an' mamma'll be sure to see me.-Good News. - "Johnny, you have left the door open, and are letting the cold air into

"I can't help it, ma. I'm playing this room's a street car and I'm the conductor. It would not seem real if the door was not left open."-Buffalo Exprese.

Never be without it. Mr. Charles Visscher, 44 Lincoln Ave., Springfield, O., writes: "Five doses of Dr. Bull's ore. Cough Syrup cured me of a severe cough. I shall always keep it."

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET STAR OFFICE, Feb. 18.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.-Market firm at 32 cents per gallon. Sales at

quotations. ROSIN .- Market firm at \$1 10 per bbl. for Strained and \$1 15 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Steady at \$1 00 per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote the market steady at \$1 00 for Hard, and \$1 70 for Yellow Dip and

PEANUTS-Farmers' stock quoted at 50 to 75 cents per bushel of 28 pounds. Market quiet. NORFOLK MARKET - Steady. Prime, 2% cents; Strictly Prime, 2%

cents; Fancy 31/4 cts; Spanish, 21/4@2% cents; common, 1@2 cents; shelled, 2@ 216 cents. COTTON-Firm on a basis of for Middling. Official quotations are: Ordinary..... 65% Good Ordinary 7%

Low Middling..... 8 Middling..... 9 5-16 " RECEIPTS. Cotton. Spirits Turpentine..... 107 casks Rosin.... Tar..... Crude Turpentine.....

> DOMESTIC MARKETS. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Financial.

NEW YORK. February 18-Evening Money on call easy, with all loans at per cent., closing offered at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet and steady; posted rates 487% @489%. Commercial bills 486@488. Government bonds dull but steady. Southern State bonds doll and firm; North Carolina fours 98; North Carolina sixes 123. Railroad bonds quie and generally steady, with Reading ac tive and strong. Lommercial.

NEW YORK, February 18 .- Evening Cotton quoted quiet; middling upland 3-16c; middling Orleans 9 7-16c, k middling 8%c; good ordinary 8 1-16; sales - bales; total net receipts at all U.S ports 13.666 bales; exports to Grea Britain 8,418 bales; to France --- bales; to the Continent 933 bales; stock 963,647

Cotton-Futures closed steady: at quotations; February 8.98c; March 9.08; April 9 13c; May 9,22c; June 9,29c; Jul 9.34c; August 9 36c; September 9.13 October 9.03c; November 8.97c.

Flour dull; winter wheat low grade \$2 00@2-55; do. patents \$3 85@4 25; cit mills \$4 00@4 10; city patent \$4 50@4 75 Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra \$2 10@3 10; good to choice do \$3 15@4 25. Wheat lower, with options moderately active for export; No. 2 rein store and at elevator 79@7914c; afloat 7914@791/c: options opened weak at 180 decline; Western clique reported as sell ing; closed %c unker vesterday; No. red February 77%c; March 77%c; May 80%c; July 81%c. Corn firm and dull; No. 2, 52@52%c at elevator and 53%c afloat;ungraded mixed 49@521/c;steame mixed 51; options dull and 1/2 %clowes closing weak; February 521/6; March 51%c; May 51%c. Oats quiet and easier; options dull and lower; February 37%c: March 87%c; May 38%c; spot prices No. 2, 87%@37%c; No. 2 white 40c mixed Western 88@39c; white do 40@ 451/c. Wool firm and quiet; domestic fleece 27@32c; pulled 30@87c. Beef dul but steady; family \$12 00@13 50; extra mess \$9 00@9 50; beef hams firm and in moderate demand at \$21 50; tierced beef firm and in fair demand; city extra India mess \$20 00. Cut meats quiet and steady; pickled bellies 111/2011/2c; pickled shoulders 10@10/4c; pickled hams 14@141/c; middles dull but firm; short clear 111/c. Lard quiet and easier; Western steam closed at \$13 10; city \$12 50; March \$13 10; May \$13 10; refined quiet; Continent \$13 50; South America \$13 75; compound \$10 6236. Pork-old mess \$19 75@20 00; new mess \$21 00; extra prime nominal. Butter-State creamery 21@29c; factory 17@28c; Elgins 271/2029c. Cheese moderately active and steady; State 10@12c; fancy 12c; part skims 4@10%c; rull skims 1@ 21/2c. Eggs in fair demand and steadier; State and Pennsylvania 19@291/c; Western fresh 29@291/c; Southern 28@291/c. Tallow stronger and wanted; city \$2 per package. Cotton seed oil quiet and firm; crude 57%@59c; yellow 64@65c. Petroleum quiet and steady at quotations; crude in barrels at Parkers' \$5 50; do. in bulk \$3 00; Washington barrels \$5 00; do. in bulk \$2 50; refined in New York \$5 80; Philadelphia and Baltimore \$5 25; do. in bulk \$3 75@2 80. Rice active and firm; domestic, fair to

extra, 8%@6c; Japan 4%@5c. Molasses -foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, firm and demand good at 28@37c. Peanuts dull but steady. Coffee-options opened steady and 5 to 10 points up and closed steady and unchanged to 20 points up; March \$17 20@17 80; April \$16 95@17 10; May \$16 80@16 90; September \$16 55@16 70; December \$16 40; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7, 17%@18c. Sugar-raw dull but steady fair refining 8c; refined quiet and steady, with prices unchanged. Freights to Liverpool dull and weak; cotton, per steamer, 3-82d; grain 11/d. CHICAGO, Feb. 18.-Cash quotations

were as follows: Flour unchanged. Wheat —No. 2 spring 72% @78c. Corn—No. 2, 40c. Oats—No. 2, 30% @30% c. Mess pork—per bbl. \$12 90@19 00. Lard—per 100 lbs, \$12 87%. Short rib sides—per 100 lbs, \$10 80@10 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed—per 100 lbs \$9 87%@10 00. \$10 90@ 10 95. Whiskey \$1 17.

\$10 90@ 10 95. Whiskey \$1 17.

The leading tutures ranged as follows, opening and closing: Wheat—No. 2, February 78½, 73c; May 76½@75½, 76%@76½c; July 75%@75½, 75½c. Corn—No. 2, February 41%@42½, 41c; May 44%@44%c; 44%c; July 45, 44%@44%c; 0ats—No.2, February 80½, 30½c; May 33½, 33%c. Mess pork, per bbl—May \$19 70, 19 50. Lard, per lbs—May \$19 90, 12 87½; July \$12 50, 12 50; September \$12 27½, 12 20. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May \$10 85, 10 32½. per 100 lbs-May \$10 85, 10 821/2.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Feb. 18.—Galveston, firm at 8 18-16c—net receipts 4,194 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8%c-net receipts 1,835 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9%c—net receipts— bales; Boston, quiet at 9%c—net re-ceipts 766 bales; Wilmington, firm at

9c-net receipts 43 bales; Philadelphia steady at 9%c-net receipts 850 bales: Savannah, firm at 9 13-16c-net receipts 662 bales; New Orleans, firm at 9%cnet receipts 5,942 bales; Mobile, steady at 8 11-16c-net receipts 25% bales; Memphis, firm at 91/6c—net receipts 532 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9c—net receipts 89 bales: Charleston, quiet at 9c-net receipts 262 bales; Cincinnati, firm at 914c-net receipts 452 bales; Louisville, quietat 9%c-net receipts bales; St. Louis, steady at 9c-net receipts 153 bales; Houston, firm at 8 13-16c-net receipts 2,687 bales.

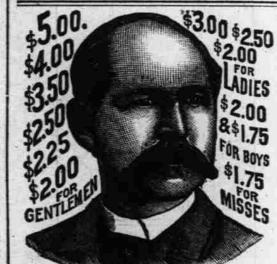
FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star LIVERPOOL, Feb. 18 .- Noon.-Cotton steady with fair demand. American middling 4 15-16d; sales 7,000 bales, of which 6,100 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 8,000 bales of which 7,500 were American.

Futures firm-March and April delivery 4 54-64, 4 55-64, 4 56-64, 4 57-64, 4 58-64@4 59-64d; April and May delivery 4 58-64@4 60-64d; May and June delivery 4 57-64, 4 58-64, 4 59-64, 4 60 64, 4 61-64@4 62-64d; June and July delivery 4 59-64, 4 62-64, 4 63-64@4 64-64d; July and August delivery 4 61-64, 4 62-64, 4 63-64, 5@5 1-64d; August and September delivery 4 62-64@5d; September and October delivery 4 47-64@4 49-64d.

4 P. M.-American middling, fair, 5%d; good middling 5%d; middling 5d; low middling 4%d; good ordinary 4%d; ordinary 4 5-16d; February 4 59-64d; February and March 4 59-64@4 60-64d: March and April 4 6-64d, seller; April and May 4 61-64@4 62-64d; May and June 4 63-64d, seller; June and July 5@ 5 1-64d; July and August 5 2-64d, buver; August and September 5 2-64d, seller; September and October 4 59-64@4 60-64d; October and November 4 57-64@4 58-64d; November and December 4 57-64 @4 58-64d. Futures closed strong.

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