

SENATOR RANSOM

Nominated Minister to Mexico—The Nomination Immediately Confirmed by the Senate—The Salary \$17,500.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The President today sent to the Senate the nomination of Senator Matt. W. Ransom, of North Carolina, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States to Mexico.

Immediately after the nomination of Mr. Ransom was received, Senator Blackburn moved an executive session, and the nomination was forthwith taken up and confirmed by the unanimous voice of the Senate.

The confirmation was moved by Senator Sherman, who made a brief address to the fitness of the nomination, which he said, was in every way deserving and appropriate.

Mr. Ransom's long term of service in the Senate, and said that through his new failing courage and kind heartedness, as through his ability, character and devotion to the public welfare he has earned the respect of his colleagues in the Senate.

When the vote was taken there was a general response in the affirmative. The executive session lasted but five minutes.

Senator Ransom made his escape to his committee room when the executive session was moved, and was not present during the executive proceedings.

Mr. Ransom has been in the Senate since April 14, 1873, and has long been one of the popular members of that body.

He is a native of North Carolina, born in Warren county in 1816. He received an academic education, graduating from the University of North Carolina in 1847, and was admitted to the bar in the same year.

Mr. Ransom has been re-elected to the Senate three times, and his term of service expires March 3rd next. He was first elected to the Senate to fill the term of which Z. Vance had been elected, but which he was not allowed to fill because his war disabilities had not been removed, and the fact is now pleasantly recalled by Mr. Vance's friends that Senator Ransom devoted himself zealously during the early part of his Senatorial career to securing the removal of the bar which had been created against Mr. Vance.

It is also recalled by some that he divided his first year's salary with Mr. Vance.

During his career in the Senate Mr. Ransom has kept well abreast of public affairs. He has from his first held committee places and is a delegate to the Convention in 1861, a delegate to the National Democratic and the National Executive Committees.

Notwithstanding he served through the war on the Confederate side, Mr. Ransom first made himself prominent as a peace advocate in ante-bellum days, and he attended the Montgomery Convention in 1848, as a delegate from North Carolina. He was in these days a Whig, but since the war has affiliated with the Democratic party.

During the war he was in succession the grades of Lieutenant Colonel, Colonel, Brigadier General and Major General, which latter rank he held when he surrendered with the Army of Appomattox. He participated in many important engagements, in some of which he was in command. He was especially noted for his care in the capture of the iron-clad, the *USS Monitor*.

The salary of the Mexican mission is \$17,500.

Senator Ransom is admirably equipped for any diplomatic mission. He has served in the Senate for nearly four consecutive terms, is a born diplomat, speaks French and Spanish fluently, and is thoroughly at home in the Greek and Latin classics. He is 68 years of age, but is strong and active.

His last Fall made a most vigorous campaign of his State, speaking nearly every day and often travelling all night. For twelve years he has been a member of the National Democratic and the National Executive Committees.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Lower—Pork Higher. Wheat—May 20s and 21s. Pork—Higher.

CHICAGO FEB. 23.—Wheat opened at 88c, sold between 87 1/2c and 88 1/2c, closing at 87 1/2c. Corn—Higher.

Provisions—The packers bought the product early and sold later. There was scattered selling at times.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

Net receipts at all United States ports during the week, 81,387, 93,626.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

THE INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

An Angry Discussion Over the Pooling Bill—Senator Ransom's Nomination as Minister to Mexico Received and Confirmed—Eulogies Upon the Late Senator Vance Delivered in the House.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—The Indian Appropriation bill was passed in the Senate in to-day's session, having occupied the attention of the body for four full days. Its consideration was interrupted at 5 p. m. by a motion to take up and consider the Pooling bill, but that motion was defeated by its very decisive vote of 34 for and 63 against.

After the bill was thus shelved, for the present at least, there was an angry discussion of the Pooling bill, which was introduced by Senator Butler (Dem., of South Carolina), Governor Chandler and Holcott (Rep., of Colorado) as the participants in the bill.

At 10 o'clock the Indian bill was under consideration a message was received from the President and on which lists of nominations appear was handed around among Senators nearest the principal entrance doors.

The nomination of Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, as U. S. Minister to Mexico, as soon as he had looked at the list, moved that the Senate proceed to executive business, and remarked that no Senator would object if he knew the contents of the motion.

There was no objection; the galleries were cleared and the doors closed, and within five minutes the public session of the Senate was over.

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WASHINGTON NEWS.

Jury in the Case of Howgate Unable to Agree—Address From the President—The Mission-vine Banned by the U. S. Cruiser Yorktown—Possession of the New Rules of the Road at Sea.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—After being out for forty-five hours the Howgate jury reported this morning by a note to Judge McComas that they were hopelessly divided, and there was no probability of agreement.

The Yorktown was on the south coast of the United States, promulgating, having been ordered there by Admiral Carpenter, for the purpose of rendering an asylum to Americans driven to the coast during the Japanese siege and occupation of Wei-hai-wei.

The President has signed the joint resolution of Congress postponing the delivery of the Howgate to the coast during the Japanese siege and occupation of Wei-hai-wei.

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THE AQUA CREEK ROBBERS.

Continuation of the Trial—No Abatement of Interest—Searcy's Testimony Against Morgan's Aid.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

STAFFORD CO., Va., Feb. 23.—The fourth day of the trial of the Aqua Creek train robbery shows no abatement of interest and no diminution in the size of the crowd. Searcy resumed the stand and identified the Colt's revolver that was found on Morgan (or Morganfield) as Morgan's pistol, and the one he had used at Aqua Creek. Then he was turned over to attorney for the defense.

Mr. Searcy conducted the cross-examination and started at Searcy's birth and followed him from his cradle all over Texas, Louisiana, the Western States, Central America, South America and New England. Searcy's answers were right to the point, abrupt, and he did not once fail to the time of the Aqua Creek robbery, did counsel Searcy catch him tripping.

One of the sensations of the morning was Gen. Shaw's charge that Judge Ashton was openly assisting the prosecution. Judge Ashton sharply called the counsel to order.

Searcy said that he stopped twice at Hot Springs, Ark. "To be boiled out?" asked Gen. Shaw. "Yes," said Searcy, "I boiled some while I was there."

Searcy replied to a question of Gen. Shaw that he had never shot at a man, and that he had never been shot at, and that he had never been in any other place than where he was now.

"I decline to answer that question," said Searcy. "What ground?" said Gen. Shaw. "I will not answer," said Searcy. "If you want any information on that point you must ask the detective."

"When you first heard the name of the bond loan, while it will give it a special item a more respectable volume, will also keep the reserve up and in the meantime will be making a market for the bonds of the Government."

NEW YORK, February 23.—The allotment of the new United States four per cent bonds for the year 1895, to be made on the 1st of March, was announced today. The bonds will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$50, \$25, \$10, \$5, \$2, \$1, and \$0.50.

The Morgan-Belmont syndicate deposited \$900,000 in the sub-treasury for the purpose of purchasing the bonds. The syndicate also deposited \$1,000,000 in the sub-treasury for the purpose of purchasing the bonds.

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THE BOND ISSUE.

Allotment of the U. S. Four Per Cent Bonds—Small Investors Receive Preference—Comments of London Newspapers and the New York Financier.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The New York Financier says this week: The statement of the Associated Banks of this city for the week ending February 23rd shows a decrease of \$768,500 in loans, a decrease of \$928,000 in specie, an increase of \$778,000 in legal tenders, and a decrease of \$4,874,800 in deposits.

As a result of the week's operations outlined above, the reserves decreased \$8,990,700.

The statement contains no important feature except to show that the excess of money in the banks has been reduced in a round sum, the operations of the Morgan-Belmont syndicate being responsible for this. In fact, the entire week's business was affected more or less through the payment of specie into the sub-treasury for the new bond issue.

The specie decrease is less than seven million dollars, although twice that sum has been taken from the New York banks to pay for the new bonds. A few of the larger banks are Government depositors, a portion of the gold has been returned to them for deposit in the sub-treasury.

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TRAIN WRECKED.

ON THE L. & N. R. FOR NEW ORLEANS.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 23.—Passenger train No. 1, for New Orleans, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was wrecked by being derailed two miles below Greenville, Ala., and forty-seven miles south of Montgomery, at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

The train was going about thirty miles an hour when the rails spread and the tender and engine jumped the track, and the combination mail, baggage and express car, smoking car and two passenger cars were thrown over the fifteen foot perpendicular embankment and plowed into the mud, the scene of the accident being in a swamp.

The first Pullman sleeper left the wrecked train at 10:30 o'clock, and a private car of the Chicago & Alton Railroad with officials on board remained on the train.

Engineer Campbell and his firm remained at their post; the engine jumping loose from the tender and escaping damage. The mail clerk, baggage master and expressmen escaped without serious injury, receiving but slight bruises.

Conductor Keeler got out unhurt, but W. Walsh, of Birmingham, Ala., thought to have been a barber, was killed instantly.

Those injured were: Mrs. G. W. Moody, of Shelbyville, Tenn., jumped from the train and cut her ankle sprained and foot cut. Her young daughter, Margaret, sustained a few bruises. Mrs. Armstrong and Mrs. Jones, of Birmingham, Ala., were in the hotel, where they were staying, and escaped attention. W. Johnson, of New Castle, Ind., seriously hurt in the back and groin, carried to Mobile; Miss Johnson, of Birmingham, Ala., thought to have been a barber, was killed instantly.

Forty-nine parts of the American Encyclopaedia Dictionary may now be ordered. Send one coupon and 17 cents (which includes postage) for each part. Take advantage of this opportunity to secure the best Dictionary and Encyclopaedia combined at a very low price.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Chief Constructor of the Navy has reported to the Department that the fish commission steamer Albatross is unsafe.

The report was made by the U. S. Engineer Corps stating that Core Sound, N. C., has been examined and found unworthy of improvement.

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FUSION FALSIFICATION.

Concerning the Action of the North Carolina General Assembly in Refusing to Adjourn on the Birthdays of Washington and Lee.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

RALPHIGH, N. C., February 23.—Any denial of the fact that the General Assembly of North Carolina refused to adjourn on the birthdays of Washington and Lee is false from the foundation. Senator McBurnie, President of the State Populist Alliance, in a speech at the House and Senate in the *Caucasian*, Marion Butler's paper. These reports state that the House passed a joint resolution to adjourn and received the amendment to it of the Senate and tabled the resolution. This was the only official action taken, and tells the whole story.

The Fusionists are suffering severely under the lash of the public press, and their denials have been but falsifications not sustained by the record.

The U. S. gunboat *Cassine*, bound for Madagascar, arrived at Gibraltar yesterday, and after coaling will continue her voyage by way of the *Suez Canal*.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. F. N. Skinner, Pastor. Quinquagesima Sunday. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 8:30 p. m. All seats free.

Services in St. John's Church to-day, conducted by the Rector, Morning prayer with sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer at 6 o'clock.

Services at the Stramen's Bethel conducted by the Rector, Morning prayer with sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer at 6 o'clock.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Chesnut Street Presbyterian Church: Services at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Jas. B. Duncanson will preach. There will also be conversational services in the parlors at 4 o'clock.

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