ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).-One ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$3 05; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks, \$8 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; tree months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 00 per year, 80 cents for six months, \$0 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Folitical Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line or first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsected insertion. Advertisements discontinued before the time cor acted for has expired charged transient rates for tim rtisements inserted in Local Columns at any

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only inch remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the suther's withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Telbarra Chem. suther s withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect
Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordiuary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for
ttrictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple unnouncement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, other day, three-fourins of daily rate. I wice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular/business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to me position desired. as costion desired.
Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements
e dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C. THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 11.

THIS COUNTRY CAN LEAD.

A few days ago we reproduced in an editorial a remarkable prophecy of Wm. H. Seward, made in the Urited States Senate in 1852, in reference to the conspicuous place the countries on and in the Pacific were destined to take in the world's progress. Much of that prophecy has already been fulfilled, and much more of it will be fulfilled within a decade from this time.

It had more especial reference to the countries upon the American side of the Pacific, and only incidentally referred to the part the countries on the other side, teeming with their millions of people, might play in it. But they have been playing it some, and one of them has been playing heroic part. When Mr. Seward spoke he knew but little of Japan, that marvellous nation, which after a sleep of many, centuries suddenly awoke, rubbed the cobwebs from her eyes and bounded to the front among the nations of the earth, one of the most ancient and exclusive of nations, which had kept her gates hermetically sealed, as it were, for all time before against the nations of the earth, suddenly becoming the most progressive of nations In this respect she stands alone, peculiar and unparalleled by any na-

Mr. Seward could not have foreseen the part this wonderful nation was to play in the progress of that side of the Pacific, but in one generation she has done more for the progress of humanity within her sphere of influence than was done in all the ages that preceded since the waters of the flood subsided. When she crossed the dividing waters and with her brave soldiers carried war into the midst of China's 400,000,. 000 of people and smote the vainglorious, rotten personification of despotic stupidity on the brow and made it grovel in the dust and bawl for mercy she lifted Chinese manhood and made progress possible. It is said that one of the conditions of peace prescribed by Japan is that China shall open her gates to the machinery of the nations of the earth, which means that China shall become one of the nations of the earth and give her people a chance to become as other people and move along with the procession. Under the progressive inspiration or dictaas moth-eaten a country as China.

be hoarded abroad and sent back to let the income tax collector whistle. us at a premium.

Why is this? Because, as we have said, we follow the lead of England in shaping our financial policies, and look to Europe as the only market for our trade, when there is a better lead in finances as we could lead in trade.

Under the Euglish dictation we

a back seat and turned the lines and whip over to England, and let her do the driving, which she has been doing ever since. She was anxious for our trade and if we bought from her more than we sold her we had to pay the difference in gold-her money-If she invested in enterprises in this country or in American securities, she must have the dividends or interest in gold and the principal when that became due. She ignored our silver, and thus \$500,000,000 of our metallic currency became utterly worthless in our dealings with her and other nations which followed her lead in declaring for the supremacy of the yellow metal. The wealthiest nation in the world, she can control the world's volume of gold coin, and make other nations which must have it look to Are we always to play second to

England and submissively walk in the path she points out? Should we do this when we can look across the Pacific and see 800,000,000 of people, anxious to trade with us, whose money is silver, who would welcome the money that England will not open her trade marts to? If we did that; if we bored a water-way through the narrow barrier that separates the waters of the Pacific and Atlantic, at the isthmus, and sought our trade in these waters, in the countries on both sides, all of which are silver using countries, it would not be long before England would be forced to cease worshipping the golden idol and recognize silver as a matter of self preservation. She will never do it until she is forced to do it. And that is the way to force her. She has led or driven us; we can lead or drive her if we will.

MINOR MENTION.

The Raleigh Visitor informs us

that Messrs. Jones and Foster, extensive growers of hops in the State of New York, are now in Raleigh with a view to making experiments in hop-growing in Eastern, Central and Western North Carolina, the intention being to engage largely in the business in that section where the experiments prove the most satisfactory. Experiments which have been made in Rockingham county have given good results, and it is proposed now to carry them on over a wider range. Mr. Jones visited this State a year or so ago on the same mission and was favorably impressed with the surveys and investigations he then made. There is little doubt that hop-culture will succeed in this State, for they may be found growing luxuriantly here and there in almost every part of it, but whether they can be grown profitably for market is the question to be determined. The industry is largely and successfully carried on in New York State, and very largely in California, where they have the advantage of cheap Chinese and Indian labor in the picking season, which is a matter of much importance as bearing on the cost of cultivating and marketing, as the hops have to be picked by hand like cotton. At one time it was a leading industry in Wisconsin and other Western States, but it was taken up as a craze, run into the ground by overproduction until the hops would not pay the cost of picking and marketing, and abandoned finally, we believe, altogether. But Messrs. Jones & Foster doubtless know what they are doing.

contradicts the report given out by a Washington paper that the President was in receipt of many letters and telegrams urging him to call an extra session of Congress to repeal the income tax law. We have no doubt that he would be overwhelmed with appeals of that kind if there was any ground to believe that he would be influenced by them, but Mr. Clevetion of such a nation as Japan there | land has had experience enough with are inestimable possibilities in even the Congresses not to call them in extra session unless the emergency But what is this to us? some one be of much more importance than the might ask. Much; very much, pro- repeal of what there is left of this vided we realize it, and put ourselves | income tax law, the kernel of which in a position to take advantage of was scooped out by the recent decisit. Politically we declared our in- ion of the Supreme Court. There dependence of the "mother country" will not be any extra session 119 years ago, but commercially and for this purpose, nor likely financially we never have. Finan- for any other, but it is not cially we have permitted ourselves to at all improbable that this decision be governed by European ideas, and | will result in the repeal of the law, England governs Europe. The the prime object of which was to brains that shape England's financial raise revenue by taxing wealth which, policies, dictate the financial policies | it was claimed, and justly, had not of Europe, and we march to the borne its fair proportion of taxation tunes that English money-handlers for the support of the Government. whistle. That's what we have been Under this decision the number of doing most of the time, that's what | income tax-payers may become so we are doing now, and that's why we small and the revenue from this have discord amongst ourselves on source so insignificant that there the financial question, why our would be really no use in keeping it anxious to."-Brooklyn Life. Treasury becomes embarrassed for on the statute books. To escape gold, and why when it does we have the tax all the recipient of a \$4,000 to go upon the market as a borrower income has to do is to invest his to get gold, much of which is dug earnings in real estate or in Governfrom our own mines, and goes out to ment, State or municipal bonds, and

The President's Private Secretary

Telegraphic announcement was made yesterday that the Edgar Thompson foundry and machine works at Mobile, Ala., had been awarded the contract for castings for and a broader market on the other a marine railway at Halifax, Nova side of the Pacific. where we could Scotia, having underbid other competing establishments in the United States and in England. That scorces one more victory for the Alabama have practically ostracized our sil- iron men, who have on several prever, degraded it to the condition of vious occasions secured important a mere commercial commodity, and contracts, bidding against the world. put gold up as the only metal to be | We don't know what the extent of

honored as a true money metal. this contract is, but the presumption When we did that we stupidly took is that it amounts to something when both American and English establishments competed for it, but whether it be large or small, the fact that a Mobile firm won the prize, again draws attention to the South as lron-manufacturing section and is a splendid advertisement for Alabama iron works. It draws attention to another fact, and that is the possibilities of the ironmanufacturing industry in our Southern seacoast cities where they have the advantage of cheap raw material from our own mines and cheap all-water transportation for their manufactures. This latter fact had in all probability something to do with the bid made by these Mobile works which secured them the contract over other competitors at home and abroad. With untaxed imported ores, which it is sometimes necessary to work with our native ores, some of our Southern seacoast cities might become great iron and steel manufacturing centers. CURRENT COMMENT

- Governor McKinley's attitude on the financial question is that of a man who regards one thing at a time as sufficient, especially when that one thing is the tariff. - Washington Star, Dem.

--- Germany's espousal of the French side of the Niger controversy with England accounts readily for the calmly confident tone of Minister Hanotaux in discussing England's recent outburst of belligerency. It is likely to have a similar effect upon Mr. Bull. He will roar much more gently over the provocation than he did last week .- N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Dem.

- St. Petersburg cablegrams say that the "strong military tone" of the Kaiser's recent speeches has produced an unfavorable impression in Russia. But the Kaiser's speeches are no stronger than they have always been, and the world at large is beginning to understand that a military tone after dinner may not mean much except wine after all .- New York World, Dem.

--- How did the American Colonies succeed in gaining their independence? By the assistance of France. How did the United States afterwards acquire possession of Louisiana, Florida, and a large part of Mexico? Think of these matters before you come to the conclusion that Uncle Sam does not need any more "outlying dependencies." In diplomacy, no man can tell what a day may bring forth .- Richmond Dispatch, Dem.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

-- Salisbury Herald: Capt. Dick Eames came up from Albemarle this morning, bringing along with him that seven-pound nugget of gold found yesterday. Those who saw it say it is a

- Raleigh Visitor: Deputy collectors Davis, Smith, Shelburn and Moffitt report the seizure of three illicit distilleries in Guilford, Wilson and Randolph counties. These ranged in capacity from forty to 80 gallons. No mcon-- Goldsboro Argus: The death

of Mr. W. E. Lewis, until recently a citizen of Goldsboro, occurred Sunday evening at 780 o'clock, at the home of Mr. M. Musgrave, near Black Creek, from the effects of a chill. He was about 50 - Winston Sentinel: Mr. Susan

Carter, of Sandy Grove, Caswell county, met with a horrible death last week. While she was alone in the house, her husband being out on the farm, she fell in the fire and was horribly burned. When her husband reached the house she was dead. It is supposed she had a fainting spell and fell in the fire.

- Newbern Journal: Mr. Alonzo Thomas Jerkens, one of Newbern's most respected and aged citizens, died Sunday afternoon at ten minutes to five o clock. The deceased would have been 88 years old next June. - Miss Julia Taylor, a lady who lived by herself on East Front street, came to her death suddenly about 12 o'clock Saturday night from being frightened by a

- Carthage Blade: We regret to chronicle the death of Mr. Duncan Muse, which occurred last Tuesday night of la grippe, in the 48d year of his age. — Miss Lydia Muse died last Friday at the residence of Mr. D. C. Muse, near Cole's Mills, of la grippe. She was a very old woman. - In our last issue we neglected to mention the burning of Adam Tyson's dwelling and contents two weeks ago. His loss was

- Charlotte News: Pat Mungo who was in the city to-day, reports that there is a good deal of activity in the gold fields of Clear Creek township. Gold mining is going on actively, and there are now in Clear Creek two Colorado miners who expect to invest in a mine. When the cornstone of Little Rock (colored) church, on Seventh and Myers streets was laid, some nomey representing paper issue and silver coinage was put in the receptacle, along with a Bible, hymn book and other articles. Last night thieves picked out the corner stone. broke open the box and stole the money. They left the Bible and hymn book.

TWINKLINGS

- Carleton-What happened when the mouse ran across the floor-did she

Montauk-Great Scot, no; don't you know she's a widow?-Brooklyn Eagle. - Mabel-"I always refuse a man permission to kiss me.' Ada—"Why?"
Mabel—"Because, then he is more

- She-So the Count's relatives consider it a mesalliance?" He-Decidedly. The girl has only a quarter of a million, and the Count owes three times as much as that. - Judge. - "Been getting up a new mud guard," said the inventive boarder.

bicycles or candidates?"-Indianapolis - Mrs. Rash-"How do you manage to get your cook up so early?" Mrs. Dash-"Well, I hunted up a young and good looking milk-man and hired him to come at 5 o'clock."-Louis-

"Might I ask," inquired the cheerful

idiot, "whether it is to be applied to

ville Courier-Journal. -The wife-One-half of the world doesn't know how the other half lives The husband-Well, it isn't the fault of your sewing society, anyway.-Life. - Clara-How under the sun did Ethel happen to marry Mr. Awkward? Dora-He was the bane of her life at every ball she attended, and I presume

she married him to keep him from wanting to dance with her. -N.Y. Weekly.

THAT IRON CROWN.

T RESTS ON A VELVET CUSHION IN

THE CATHEDRAL AT MONZA. It Was Used In Crowning Thirty-fou Monarchs-Conflicting Stories of Its Origin and Career-Other Treasures Guard-

ed In the Church at Monza. "Let no other hand dare to touch it," said Napoleon as he placed the iron

crown upon his brow. It seems to have been a weakness of the great Napoleon to crown himself, for he also performed the act in the Cathedral of Notre Dame at Paris. In the one instance he rudely repulsed a bishop, and in the other a pope, who were about to place a crown upon his head.

The mystery of the origin of the iron crown, the interesting history connected with it, the noble-and ignobleheads it has adorned, all make it an object of importance.

Now, after crowning 34 monarchs, it rests on a velvet cushion in a glass case in the cathedral at Monza, locked and sealed and guarded. Only by the payment of \$1 can the curious obtain even glimpse of it. It is composed of six uadrangular pieces of gold united by ninges and is adorned with 22 gems of various colors and 24 enameled jewels. Lining the inner part is the much disputed strip of iron. The popular tradition that this strip is made out of a nail from the true cross is gradually becoming disbelieved, although the clergy still maintain the right of the strip to

be considered holy. The story is that Helena, the mother of Constantine, found the nails with which Christ was crucified, and of one of them made a horseshoe and of the other a diadem. The diadem, all of gold, but lined in the interior with a thin strip of iron, was given by Pope Gregory the Great to Theodolinda, and by her to the Church of San Giovanni Battista, which she had founded at Monza. There is another crown in the church given by Theodolinda and called for her, but as it is of gold and makes no claim to being holy, being simply a votive offer-

ing, no particular interest attaches to it. Some writers say that the nail was not placed in the iron crown, but in the helm of Constantine; that the lining strip of iron is simply a band to hold the inflexible crown in shape. It is only since 1717 that the crown has been considered a sacred relic, and discussions and suppositions have been advanced in regard to it. It is not mentioned in the reign of Theodolinda, nor until some centuries afterward. Those who oppose the idea that the lining strip of iron is the holy nail say that if it was, the Milanese would have resented with the sword the calling of it a crown of straw, as did Rafael Toscana in his verses: With iron here (in Milan) they encircle the

With straw in Monza and with glittering gold

There were other iron crowns in the istory of the past, among them one made for Henry VII, in the form of a garland of laurels, ornamented with rich and precious stones, but all of these have been lost or stolen, so that the one at Monza alone remains.

Between the years of 1859 and 1866 the iron crown was absent from the little velvet cushion in Monza. It was carried off by the Austrians, but was returned in 1866 to the king of Italy. The portraits of all the kings who have worn this crown are also preserved in the cathedral at Monza. The last three were Charles V, at Bologna in 1530; Napoleon, May 26, 1805, in the famous pinnacled cathedral at Milan, and in the same place Ferdinand I, Sept. 6

There are other treasures guarded in the church at Monza-chalices and holy vases, gems and crowns of silver and gold. These are venerated and worshiped, and many of them have been there since the time of Theodolinda but others have been placed there at different times by the Lombardian sovereigns. There was formerly a crown in the church that had been given as a votive offering by Agilulfo, the husband of Theodolinda. It contained the inscription, "Agilulfo, by the grace of God, glorious man and king of Italy, offering to San Giovanni in the church of Monza." The inscription was noteworthy because in it was used for the first time the words "gratia Dei" (by the grace of God), which have since been adopted by all the sovereigns. This crown was nelted and sold in 1804, the year before Napoleon was crowned with the iron

Napoleon founded an order of knighthood and called it the Order of Iron Crown.

Monza, the sleepy old town containing the cathedral that guards this historic crown, lies in the shadow of the Alps. Looking toward them one sees the snow glistening on their peaks. Turning in the opposite direction the pinnacles of Milan's cathedral can be seen white and shining in the sunlight, while above the sky is blue, and at one's feet flows the peaceful Lambro. It is a scene of quiet beauty and suggests no thoughts of stormy times and great revolutions, and yet such have taken place in and about Monza. In late years many momentous questions of state have been settled here. —Chicago Record.

A visitor to Niagara once got a reply which was by no means the answer he expected. He was watching the car start which is raised or lowered on the inclined plane by steam power, but, not liking the look of the track, did not go down himself. After the car had started he turned to the man in charge and said, "Suppose, sir, that the rope should break?" The visitor was thinking of possible danger; the man only thought of business, and replied, "Oh, they all paid before they went," which was not quite so soothing an answer as the querist might naturally have expected. -Cornhill Magazine.

Woman Was Made From an Elm Stick. In the Scandinavian myth of the origin of woman, Odin, Vill and Ve, the three sons of Bor, were walking along the seabeach, when they found two sticks of wood, one of ash and one of elm. Odin and his brothers were gods, of course, but the sight of the stick caused them to wish that they could carve other gods from the inanimate wood. They forthwith set about the task, with the result that they made a male, being in godlike form, equally as lively as the man, out of the elm billet. -St. Louis Republic.

flucklen's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores. Ulclers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores. Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For

sale by R R BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little suffdrer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow s Snothing Syrup," and take no other kin 1.

A LEAP AND A RESCUE

How a Tramp Saved a Railroad Train and Extra Wallace, west bound, reached Emerson at 10 p. m. June 16, 1878. In switching out a car the forward brakeman was so badly injured that we left him for surgical treatment. I was braking behind. From Emerson to

Chauncey, 12 miles, is up grade, and as Conductor Wallace had gone over to the engine I was left alone on the rear. The moon shone brightly, and I noticed a number of tramps riding out on top. We had almost reached the summit and the night express was only 15 minutes behind us when suddenly the speed slackened. The caboose, two cars of telegraph poles and three of cinders had broken off. I was standing on the load of poles and started for a brake when one of the poles became loosened from its position and rolled on my foot. I struggled desperately to free myself, for the cars had started backward.

I thought of the express with her cargo of precious lives and struggled again. I seemed to hear the crash, the shricks and groans of the dying, the curses and prayers. Minutes were years, and I grew old in the awful suspense. Then I heard a whistle and saw our front end following down the hill. On the leading car the conductor was swinging a back up signal, while the whistle blew a wild warning for No. 7. Faster and faster spun the wheels, and slowly, but surely, was the runaway overtaken. I held my breath.

Only 20 feet. A form shot out over the chasm, swung in clear relief for an instant against the sky and then dropped safely on board the car of cinders. At the same moment the conductor gave a stop signal, and the gap widened. Well timed it was, for given a second

sooner and the leap would have been impossible; later, and a collision unavoidable. In a short time every brake was set, and as we slowed down I shricked fran-

tically: "Flag No. 7! Take a red light

and flag the express!" He understood and obeyed without a word. Fortunately or providentially, they were late, and he got back far enough to stop them. I was unconscious when at last released. My foot was badly crushed, and it was many weeks before I was again able to report for duty. As for our hero, he proved to be one of the tramps I had noticed and had volunteered for his dangerous task. When the superintendent, who was on No. 7, learned the circumstances, he offered him a position as brakeman, promising him advancement as he proved his ability. That was the beginning. Today he is a prominent general manager, and his name is a recognized power in the railroad world.-Chicago Record.

PENGUINS FEEDING.

The Transformation That Takes Place When They Enter the Water.

The appearance of the keeper, with his pail of live gudgeon, is the signal for sudden and intense excitement in the cages. The penguins wave their little flippers and waddle to the door. whence they peer eagerly down the wooden steps leading to the pool. The cormorant croaks and sways from side to side, and the darters poise their snaky heads and spread their batlike wings. At the water's edge the penguins do not launch themselves upon the surface like other waterfowl, but instantly plunge

Once below water an astonishing change takes place. The slow, ungainly bird is transferred into a swift and brilliant creature, beaded with globules of quicksilver, where the air clings to the close feathers, and flying through the clear and waveless depths with arrowy speed and powers of turning far greater than in any known form of aerial flight. The rapid and steady strokes of the wings are exactly similar to those of the air birds, while its feet float straight out level with the body, unused for propulsion, or even as rudders, and as little needed in its progress as those of a wild duck when on the wing.

The twists and turns necessary to follow the active little fish are made wholly by the strokes of one wing and the cessation of movement in the other, and the fish are chased, caught and swallowed without the slightest relaxation of speed in a submarine flight which is quite as rapid as that of most birds which take their prey in midair. In less than two minutes some 30 gudgeon are caught and swallowed below water, the only appearance of the birds on the surface being made by one or two bounds from the depths, when the head and shoulders leap above the surface for

a second and then disappear. Any attempt to remain on the surface leads to ludicrous splashing and confusion, for the submarine bird cannot float. It can only fly below the surface Immediately the meal is finished both penguins scramble out of the water and shuffle, with round backs and drooping wings, back to their cage to dry and digest.—Spectator.

Frozen Milk.

The French industry of icing milk is an original departure in tinned commodities. The milk is frozen and placed in block form in tins and on the part of the purchaser requires to be melted previous to use. Being hermetically sealed. the commodity thus iced preserves its form until it is required, when a minnte's exposure to the sun's rays or to the heat of the fire is all that is necessary to reduce it to a liquid condition .-Baltimore Sun.

To Remove Ink Stains. Ink stains on carpets or woolen goods can be removed while they are fresh by taking common baking soda or saleratus, rubbing it well into the spots and then rinsing with warm water. The same process will remove dried ink spots from cotton goods if the spot has not been wet with water before the saleratus is applied. - Jewelers' Circular.

Husband-For heaven's sake, what makes you talk so much? Wife (pleasantly)-You do, love. have to keep talking so you will not have so many opportunities to say rude things. - Detroit Free Press.

You Don't Have to Swear Off

Says the St. Louis Journal of Agricul-ture in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. "We know of many cases cured by No-To-Bac, one, a prominent St. Louis architect, smoked and chewed for twenty years; two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sick." No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY & Co. No cure no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last horrith little interruption and it seen.) if she could not survive them. A irrend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery it was quick in its work and highly sat-isfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

COMMERCIAL.

You

never need another dose

of Dyspepsia Medicine after a meal, if your food

is cooked with Cottolene,

the new vegetable short-

ening, instead of lard.

Cottolene aids the diges-

tive powers-lard des-

troys them, which will

you choose? The genuine

Cottolene is identified by

this trade mark-steer's

head in cotton - plant

wreath—on every pail.

. K. Fairbank Company,

ST. LOUIS and

CHICAGO.

GERMAN ARMY MARRIAGE.

Officers May Not Wed Without the Con

sent of Their Superiors.

No German officer can marry without

the consent of his colonel, according to

Poultney Bigelow in "The Borderland

of Czar and Kaiser," and this consent

can be obtained only after a careful in-

quiry into all the circumstances sur-

rounding the proposed alliance. First,

s the young lady suitable for associa

tion with the wives of the other officers?

Second, will the bridegroom be able to

live respectably and bring up his fam-

ily? Third, are his means, or those of

his wife, invested in proper securities,

so that he is not liable to be expelled by

reason of bankruptcy? The extraordi

pary social advantages enjoyed by the

German officer and the pecuniary re-

sponsibility growing naturally from

such advantages make his small pay,

which amounts only to about \$1 a day

in case of a first lieutenant, appear even

An American lady who had been

pending a winter in Dresden told Mr.

Bigelow that all the bachelors of the

garrison were furnished with a list of

marriageable women, each name orna-

mented with the property she might be

expected to inherit. This no doubt was

a mistake on her part, but it is a very

common one. German officers stationed

in desirable towns are very apt to get

into debt and have to choose between

leaving the army in disgrace or marry-

Mr. Bigelow adds: "From my own

experience in Germany the officers would

appear to have married for love and to

be happy in consequence," and yet "the

number of those who get into debt and

fail to secure a rich wife is considerable,

although it makes no particular ripple

in the surface. Such men simply disap-

pear and turn up sooner or later in

America, where they take employment as

coachmen, waiters, teachers or instruct-

ors in riding schools. The change of

life is very violent and is adopted only

Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

as preferable to suicide."

VESTERN SMOKED-

New City, each.....

BUTTER— North Carolina, # D......

CORN MEAL—

COFFEE—19 10—.....

H Mackerel, No. 1, 9 barrel..... 22 00 Mackerel, No. I, 9 half-barrel 11 00

Mackerel, No. I, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ barrel 11 00

Mackerel, No. 2, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ barrel ... 16 00

Mackerel, No. 3, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ barrel ... 18 00

Mackerel, No. 3, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ barrel ... 18 00

Mullets, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ barrel ... 3 25

Mullets, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ pork barrel ... 3 50

N. C. Roe Herring, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ keg ... 3 50

Dry Cod, \$\frac{9}{2}\$ b. 5

FLOUR—\$\frac{9}{2}\$ barrel ... 2 50

Extra ... 2 75

nd Patent.....

Northern 61/6 90
North Carolina 99
North Carolina 99
LIME, 99 barrel 1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) 99 M feet—
Ship Stuff, resawed 18 69 69 20 00
Rough-Edge Plank 15 00 69 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality 18 00 69 18 00

Porto Rico, in ands,.....in bbls

Sugar-House in thds.....

SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M

Common ...
Cypress Saps.
Cypress Hearts
SUGAR. 9 D-Standard Graup'd

SUGAR, \$ B—Standard Graup'd
Standard A.
White Ex C
ExtraC, Colden
C, Yellow
SOAP \$ B—Northere.
STAVES, \$ M—W. O. Barrel... \$ 00
R. O. Hogshead.
TIMBER, & M (cet—Shipping... 30
Mill, Prime 00
Mill, Fair 6 50
Common Mill... 4 00
Inferior to Ordinarv... \$ 00
TALLOW. & B.
WHISKEY, & gallow—Northern... 1 00
North Carolina
WOOL, & B—Washed... 14
Clear of burs... 10

in bbls.....

HIDES, W D-

DOMESTICS-

Sides & B...

smaller than it is.

ing a rich girl.

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WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 10. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing

ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 15 per bbl. bid for Strained and \$1.20 for Good Strained. TAR.-Market quiet at 95 cents per

bbl. of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market firm at \$1 20 for Hard, \$1 90 for Yellow Dip and \$2 50 for Virgin.

COTTON-Dull.

Ordinary..... 81/2 Good Ordinary 4% Low Middling 5 7-16 Middling..... 5% Good Middling..... 6 3-16

BECEIPTS. Cotton 10 casks Crude Turpentine.....

DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Mormus State

NEW YORK, April 10-Evening-Money on call was easy at 2021 per cent., last loan at 21/2 per cent., and closing offered at 21/2 cent. Prime mercantile paper 41/05 per cent. Sterling exchange dull, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 4 @ 488 4 for sixty days and 489 4 @489 4 for demand. Commercial bills 487 4 6487 %. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 112: United States twos 95. State bonds higher; North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad

bonds strong. Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day sold at 67 for three ounces. COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK April 10 - Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 6%c, widdling uplands 61/c. Futures closed firm, with sales of 811,900 bales; April 6 43c; May 6.45c; June 8.43c; July 6.46c, August 6 48; September 8.50c. October 6.54c; November 6 58c; December 6 62c. January 6.67c

Net receipts - bales; gross receipts .848 bales; exports to Great Britain 8 832 bales; exports to France -- bales, exports to the Continent 551 bales; forwarded 929 bales; sales 33 bales, all to spinners; stock (actual) 232,789 bales. Total to day-Net receipts 8,081 bales: exports to Great Britain 5,594 bales; ex-

Total so far this week-Net receipts 62,940 bales; exports to Great Britain 24.954 bales: to France 1,074 bales; to the Continent 39,934 bales; to the Channel - bales

ceipts 7,460,683 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,933,467 bales; exports to France 714.245 bales; exports to the Continent 102 660 hales Flour dull and held firmly at prices; vinter wheat, low grades \$1 90@

\$3 30; fair to fancy grades \$2 35@2 90; patents \$2 75@3 40; Minnesota clear \$2 40@2 90; do. patents \$3 25@4 00; low extras \$1 90@2 30; city mills \$3 35@8 40; Southern flour dull and firm, common to fair extra \$1 90@2 75; good to choice do. \$2 80@8 25. Wheat dull, firm and 14c higher; No 2 red in store and at elevator 6010601c; afloat 611062c; op tions were moderately active and irregular at unchanged prices to 1/2c advance, with only a local trade and speculation holding off for the Government report, July and May were mcs. active; No. 2 red May 60%c; June 60%c; July 60%c; August 611/8; September 611/4c; December 63%c. Corn duil, scarce and firm: No. 2 at elevator 56c; afloat 571c; ungraded mixed; steamer mixed 50@50%; options ruled dull and closed steady at unchanged prices to 1/2c advance, with trading chiefly scalping and switching; May was most active; May 50%c. Iuly 50%c; September 51%c. Oats duli and firm; options dull and easier; April and May 82%c; July 83%c; spot-No. 2, 32% @88c; No. 2 white 36%@861/c; mixed Western 83@34c. Wool firm and de-The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles mand moderate; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@38c. Beef quiet and firm; family \$10 00@12 00; extra mess \$8 00@ 8 50; beef hams firm at \$19 50; tierced beef firm; city extra India mes \$15 00@18 00. Cut meats firmer, with a better demand; pickled bellies 7c; pickled shoulders 6c; pickled hams 1409%c; middles firmer; short clear \$7 071/2. Lard quiet, firmer; Western steam \$7 25; city \$6 62%@6 75; April \$7 25, nominal; May \$7 85; refined lard quiet; Continent \$7 70; South America \$8 00; compound \$5 37 14 @ 5 50. Pork more active, firmer, mess \$18 50@14 00. Butter quiet; fancy steady; State dairy 9 @181/c; do. creamery new 20c; Western dairy 8@131/c; do. creamery new 12@

20c, old 9@101/c; Elgins 20c. Cotton seed oil strong, with a fair demand; crude 23@24c; yellow prime 27c. Rice fairly active and firm; domestic, fair to extra 414 @6c; apan 414 @41/c. Molasses -foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 28@88c, firm and demand fair. Peanuts quiet. Coffee steady and 15 points up to 10 down; Aprily \$14 40@14 45; May \$14 15@14 80; June \$14 20; July \$14 10@14 25; September \$14 00@14 05; October \$14 05@ 14 10; November \$14 00, December \$18 95 @14 00; spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7, \$16 50. Sugar-raw firm and fairly active; fair refining 2 11-16c; refined quiet and steady; off A 8%@8%c; mould A 4 8-16@4%c; standard A 8 15-16@ 41/c; cut-loaf and crushed 4 9-16@4%c; granulated 3 15 16@4 c. Freights to Liverpool steady; grain more active; cot-ton, per steamer 7 64d; grain per CHICAGO, April 10-Cash quon tions:

Flour quiet, with offerings moderate and the feeling firm. Wheat-No. 2 spring 59 @61c; No. 2 red 54% @55c. Corn-No. 2, 45% @45% c. Oats—No. 2, 29% c. Mess pork—per bbl, \$12 25@12 37%. Lard, per 100 lbs, \$6 9214@6 95. Short ribs, loose—per 100 lbs, \$6 30@6 85. Dry salted shoulders, boxed—per 100 lbs, \$5 25@5 37%. Short clear sides, boxed -per 100 lbs, \$6 55@6 €0. Whiskeydistillers' finished goods per gallon \$1 26. The leading tutures ranged as .oilows opening highest lowest and closing Wheat-No. 8 April 54%, 54%, 54%, 54% 45%. 45%; 46%, 45%, 45%, 45%; 5ep tember 46%, 46%, 46%; 0018—No. 2 May 28%, 29%; 28%, 29%c; June North Carolina Home Ins. Co. 29, 29%, 28% @ 29, 291/c; July 27%, 27% @ 27%, 27%, 27%. Pork per bbl, May \$12 25 13 50, 12 25; \$13 42½; July \$12 47½ 12 67½, 13 42½, 12 60, Lard, per 100 100. May \$7 02½ 7 05, 7 00, 7 05; July \$7 15, 720, 7 12½, 7 20; September \$7.700, 7 021/2 7 20 \$7 80 7 8214, 7 2714, 7 8314. Short ribs per 100 lbs-May \$6 85, 6 40, 6 27 1 6 35; July \$6 4714, 6 55 6 4214, 6 50, September \$6 5714, 6 65, 6 55, 6 6214. BALTIMORE. April 10 .- Flour dull and unchanged Wheat firm; No. 2 red. spot and April 61%c; May 61@61%c; July

59%@59%c; steamer No. 2 red 58%c, buyer; Southern wheat by sample 61@ 68c; do on grade 59166816. Corn steady; mixed spct. and April 50@50%c; May 49% @50c; steamer, mixed, 48% @ 48%c. Sonthern white corn 50@51c; do vellow 50@51c Oats firm; No 2 white Western 3716c, asked; No 2 mixed, do 84@341/c.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

April 10.—Galveston, firm at 5 18 16c—net receipts 1,426 bales, Norfolk, firm at 6c—net receipts 437 bales, Bal-

timore, quiet 6%c-net receipte bales; Boston, quiet at 6%c-ne. re-ceipts 1,869 bales; Wilmington, dull at 5%-net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, firm at 6 11-16c—net receipts 109 bales; Savannah, firm at 5%c-net receipts 1,700 bales; New Orleans, firm at 5 %c -net receipts 2,232 bales; Mobile, steady at 5%c-net receipts 417 bales: Memphis firm at 5 15-16c-net receipts 208 bales; Augusta, steady at 61/c-net receipts 290, bales; Charleston, quiet at 5%-net receipts 891 bales; Cincinnati. steady at 60-net receipts 600 bales; Lou-isville, firm at 6c; St. Louis, firm at 5%c-net receipts 704 bales; Houston firm at 5 18-16c-net receipts 1,503 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, April 10 .-- 12.80-- Cotton good business at firm prices. American middling 8 18-32d; sales 25,000 bales, of which 23,800 bales were American; speculation and exports 1,500 bales. Receipts 100 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened steady, and demand moderate. American middling (1 m c), May and June 8 24-64@3 25. 64d; June and July 8 26-64d; July and August 8 27-64d; August and September 8 28-64@3 29-64d; September and October 8 30-64d; October and November 3 31-64d; November and December 8 82-64d; December and January 3 33-64d. Futur s quiet, but steady at the

advance. Tenders of cotton for delivery today 400 bales new dockets and 100 bales old dockets.

4 P. M-American middling fair, 4 18-32d; good middling 3 19-32d; low middling 35-16d; good ordinary 3 8 16d; ordinary 8d; April 8 22-64d; April and May 322-64d; May and June 3 23 64@3 24-64d; June and July 8 25-64d; July and August 8 26-64d, buyer; August and September 3 27-64@3 28 64d; September and October 328 64@329-64d; October and November 8 30 64d; November and December 8 81 64d, buyer; December and January 8 32-64d, buyer; January and February 3 38-64@3 84-64d. Futures closed quiet and steady.

Rheumatism, neuralgia, headache and pains of every kind instantly relieved by Johnson's Magnetic Oil. \$1 00 50 cts.; 50 cts. size 25 cts. J. H. HARDIN, J. HICKS BUNTING.

MARINE.

Port Almanac-April 11. Sun Rises..... 5.83 Sun Sets..... 6.80 P Day's Length 12 h 57 High Water at Southport.. 841 P High Water at Wilmington 10.28 P M

ports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 5,985 bales; stock 846,079 MARINE DIRECTORY List of Vessels in the Port of W mington, N. C., April 11, 1895. BARQUES. Gustav Metzler (Ger) 352 tors, Gorck,

E Peschau & Co. Ruth (Nor), 466 tons, Pendersen, Heide Total since September 1-Net re-& Co. Alborga (Nor), Kj istvedt, Heide & Co. Marco Polo (Nor), 753 tons, Halversen. Heide & Co.

Fritz (Ger). 412 tons, Bradhering, E. Peschau & Co. Wodan (Ger), 525 tons, Arndt, E Peschau & Co. Ceres (Ger). - tons, Bulow, E Peschau BRIGANTINES.

Nimrod (Rus) 390 tons, Paterson, Down-STEAMSHIPS. Melrose (Br) 188 tons, Albury, Geo Har-

riss, Son & Co.

Cora M, 136 tons, Mitchell, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. John R Fell, 344 tons, Loveland, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

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quality. Plum Pudding and Mince Meat. Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

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