ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One equare one day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$350; one week, \$400; four days, \$350; one week, \$400; two week, \$650; three weeks, \$850; one month, \$1000; two months \$1700; three months, \$3400; six months, \$4000; twelve months, \$35000. Ten lines of solid Nonparell type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$100 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Ficnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will recharged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line to first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsenent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time con acted for has expired charged transient rates for tim No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at an A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

temittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal ney Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only h remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author s withheld. Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for trictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week we-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regu-lar business without extra charge at transient rates. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Adver-tisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra. Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy ay special place, will be charged extra according to be position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1895.

WHAT DOES IT!

There are some of the advocates of the free coinage of silver who contend that the demonetization of silver has been the cause of the decline in the prices of farm products, and consequently of the depressed condition of agriculture in this country, while the opponents of free coinage contend that this has had nothing to do with it, but that prices are influenced by entirely different causes. Both are partially right and both are partially wrong, because both look only on one line, and don't want to look outside of that for any

The free coinage man is right in his assertion to the extent that when money is plentiful it is more easily earned and more freely spent, people as a rule live more generously, consume more and are willing to pay more freely for what they want. The man who when money is hard to get would support a family on a thousand dollars a year, if money were plentiful and more easily earned would spend fifteen hundred for the same purpose. Apply this rule proportionately to the 12,500,000 families in the United States, and it means the consumption of a vast amount of the necessaries, not to speak of luxuries, the spending of a great deal more money than is spent when people are compelled to economize, and consequently more liberal prices, because of the greater demand.

That's how the volume of the cur rency affects prices when there is no foreign demand and the producer is compelled to rely upon the home market. The anti-silver man loses sight of this fact when he contends that the sole cause has been overproduction, while the silver contestants lose sight of overproduction altogether.

The simple fact is that it was not overproduction nor too little money which caused low prices, but both together. This was and still is an agricultural country. Seventy-five per cent of her \$1,000,000,000 of exports consists of products of the farm in some form. We raise more than there is an export demand for. which throws the producers back on the home market to dispose of the remainder, and this being usually more than the home market can consume there is a surplus, which the dealer anticipating takes advantage of and makes his prices accordingly after figuring upon what he may be may be able to sell.

Here the volume of currency comes in again, for if money were abundant, business brisk as it would be with an abundance of money, the masses of people would be able to buy more and to pay more for what they bought, and the surplus would be smaller if there were any surplus

But the opponent of silver coinage will say there has been no contraction of the currency, we have more silver coined and in circulation than we ever had, and this, therefore, can't be the cause. There has been a contraction of the currency and a very material contraction, although one reason why talk of according (counting all the different kinds of belligerent recognition to the Cumoney we now have in alleged circulation) the per capita is larger than it was at any time previous, for there were at the close of the war and for some years after it, \$1,000,000,000 of Government bonds which were used as money, which are not in existence now, because they have been re-

deemed and destroyed. They count the \$500,000,000 of silver coin as a part of the currency, while the Treasury of the United States absolutely ignores it and refuses to pay it out in the redemption of demand notes presented, and the banks follow the example set by the Treasury, ignore it all they can, and use only as much of it as is necessary for change.

But admitting that every dollar the expectations of its friends, the they say is available for circulation, Democratic campaigners and press

there is still a practical contraction brought about in another way, which is really more disastrous than an actual contraction of the volume of the currency would be, because it puts the control of the volume of money in the hands of a comparatively few men of one section and enriches them and their section while it impoverishes other sections which become tribute payers to the monopolizers of the money which they need.

Let a small number of men have control of the volume of the currency, whether it be large or small, and they can and will manipulate it in fix the rates of interest which borrowers must pay for the use of that money when the lenders are not held in check by law, and they can and will fix the prices of agricultural and other products which become sub-

jects of commerce or of speculation. Thus the people who live by their earnings suffer not only from the scarcity of money, but from the unequal distribution of the money by which some sections have a large surplus, while others are far from having enough to meet their current needs, and if they get it at all must get it from the monopolizers who, under the present monetary system, are absolute masters of the situation and monarchs of all they survey. While the free coinage of silver would increase the volume of currency it would at the same time break up this monopoly and the people who have need of money would gain immensely

MINOR MENTION.

The dispatches in reference to Venezuela and Nicaragua are becoming interesting, for they are begining to show up the motive which inspires England in her demands upon both of these countries. In the former it is greed for extension of territorial possession, in the other it is to threw obstacles in the way of the building of the Nicaragua canal under the control of the United States. When the Bluefields trouble began and England took so much interest in and gave such moral support to the Mosquito Indians, who had disputed the jurisdiction of Nicaragua

over what was called the reservation, we expressed the opinion that the Nicaragua canal was at the bottom of England's movements, and when she made her arbitrary and peremptory demands upon Nicaragua for indemnity for insults to British dignity and outrages upon British subjects, we reiterated that opinion. The dispatches published yesterday confirm the correctness of our views and show that they were not based on mere suspicion. It is thought that the intimation of the cession of Corn Islands by Nicaragua in lieu of the money indemnity may be a shrewd device of Nicaragua to make this Government show its hand. It will not show its hand while the hinted at cession is a mere matter of talk. but if it should assume the shape of a business transaction there is not much doubt that it will show its hand, a full hand, too, and both of them. This Government might just as well permit Great Britain to go in and take full possession of Nicaragua as permit her to get possession of territory, however small, which would give her command of the canal. She would be very well

the money indemity, and would think she had made a splendid bargain, and knocked the bottom out of the

satisfied with Corn Islands instead of

Monroe doctrine beside. The only object we can see in the publication of the Washington report that a bill had been prepared at the instance of a number of Representatives in Congress and Senators. who are in sympathy with Cuba. which will be introduced at the next session of Congress, providing for the recognition of the insurgents as belligerents, is to keep up the hopes

and the courage of the insurgents to continue the fight, but whether it has this effect or not it will also have the effect of spurring up the Spanish Government and the Commander of the Spanish forces in Cuba to proceed with more vigor against the insurgents, to crush them before the movement can be started in Congress for the recognition of their belligerency. If Cuba had this now Spain might as well withdraw from the field and acknowledge her independence and save life and money, for with it the Cubans could command more men and money inside of thirty days than Spain could inside of thirty months. There are thousands of men in this country who would look on a campaign in Cuba as a pic nic. Spain knows this and this is

and aggressive action. There is little doubt that the financial question will be the issue in] the coming Presidential campaign, but the tariff will figure. too, in an incidental way. As far as any prospective legislative interference with the present tariff is concerned, save perhaps in the correction of errors or making clearer points which may be in doubt, there is little probability of that for some time to come, but if the tariff should work well, if industries should continue to revive and grow under it and

wages increase as they are doing

now, and the revenues from it meet

bans will spur her up to more speedy

will dwell upon that as a vindication of Democratic policy in tariff reform and of Democratic wisdom in the administration of the Government. But if, on the other hand, the improvement in business be not indisputable, the revenues should continue small, and the Treasury remain embarrassed, the Republican campaigners and press will arraign the tariff as the cause of it, ring the changes on that, and demand a return to what they will call the better and wiser Republican protection policy, so that in either event if the new tariff should be a success their own interests, they can and will or a failure, it will figure largely in the next campaign.

CURRENT COMMENT.

----When a man is in favor of silver he says he is for silver, but when a man favors gold he says he favors 'sound' money. Why is it that a champion of silver is not ashamed to say what he means, while the gold champion masquerades behind "honest" money?-Augusta Chronicle, Dem.

- The Agricultural Department has done something for the beefraisers of the country by letting in the Mexican cattle. But the spirit of justice will not be satisfied until the Department of Justice shall have swung a large enough lariat to catch the Beef Combine by the horns .-Philadelphia Record, Dem.

- It is natural that Russia should not wish to see China surrender to Japan any territory on the Eastern Asian Continent, and it is likewise natural that France should sympathize with Russia in this matter. In this emergency it is pleasant to see that England is disposed to lend support to Japan. This makes the situation in the East quite as interesting as it has been at any time heretofore.-N. Y. Advertiser, Rep.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Dunn Union: Mrs. A. T. Lee died suddenly at her home in this township last Friday.

- Wilson Mirror: Mrs. Boling Branch, who was stricken with paralysis about two weeks ago, died yesterday

- Smithfield Herald: We learn from good authority that the Legislature appointed as a magistrate for one of the townships of Bladen county a negro who died in the penitentiary two years ago. - Mount Airy News: The prospects now are that Surry county will this year have an enormous fruit crop. - The wheat is very small in size for so late in the season, but this is not a disadvantage. The stands are good, and the outlook for a large harvest has not been better for years.

Monroe Journal: As noted in last week's paper, Mr. W. C. McCall was kicked by a mule some time ago. At the time the wound was slight and not thought much of, but the injury was greater than at first supposed, and Mr. Call rapidly grew worse, till at 3 o'clock last Friday morning he died. - Charlotte Observer: Mr. John-

son, the depot agent at Troutman's, was telling yesterday, while in the city, of the death of the little five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watts who live several miles from Troutman's The child was bitten on the 27th of March by a mad dog. Symptoms of hydrophobia developed, and on Monda last the child died in the greatest agony There seems to have been no doubt, says Mr. Johnson, of her having hydro-

- Monroe Enquirer: Mr. I. C Bates exhibited to us yesterday a very fine eighteen karat gold watch, made from gold taken from his mine ten miles west of Monroe. There have been two watches made entirely of Union county gold. Mr. Isaac Bates had the first one made. - For seventy-six years, according to a carefully kept record, we have had rains in this section between the 15th and the 20th days of April Almost every year in that long period Lane's creek and Richardson's creek have been full at some time between the foregoing dates.

TWINKLINGS

- The fool is the person who tells vain people the plain truth about themselves.-Galveston News. - Heardso-Every woman who

gets a divorce wants to go on the stage? Saidso-And every woman who goes on the stage wants to get a divorce.-

- You are nothing but a hollow nockery, said the cannon to the drum. And you, retorted the drum, shoot off your mouth too often .- Town Topics. - Stead is certainly entitled to some credit; Chicago has been better since he left the city.—Chicago Dispatch

-She-It will be a pleasure for me to share your troubles and anxieties. He-But I haven't any. She-Oh, you will have when you are

married.— Texas Siftings. - He-I envy that man who sang the tenor solo.

She-Why, I thought he had very oor voice. He-So did I. But just think of his nerve.-Life.



HEART DISEASE. Fluttering, No Appetite, Could not Sleep, Wind on Stomach.

"For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I could not sweep a room without resting. My husband induced me to try

induced me to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and am happy to say it has cured me. I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. Its effect was truly mar-

Velous."
MES. HARRY E. STARB, Pottsville, Pa. Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$i. 6 bottles for \$c. oit will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co, Elkhart, Ind.

Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Sold by all Druggists. June 15 ly D&W tri so we change dadily.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

CRADLE SONG.

The maple strews the embers of it O'er the laggard swallows nestled 'neath the caves,

And the moody cricket lalters in his cry -Baby bye! And the lid of night is falling o'er the sky-Baby bye! And the lid of night is falling o'er the sky. The rose is lying pallid and the cup Of the frosted calla lily folded up,

And the breezes through the garden sob and sigh-Baby bye! O'er the sleeping blooms of summer where they lie-Baby-bye! O'er the sleeping blooms of summer where they lie.

Yet, baby-oh,my baby-for your sake This heart of mine is ever wide awake. And my love may never droop a drowsy eve-Baby-bye! Till your own are wet above me when die-Baby-bye!

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

Till your eyes are wet above me when

- The generous heart should scorn pleasure which give others pain .-

- To protest your innocence vociferously is to declare it necessary to do so.—Galveston News. If we know God, He can say a great deal to us through a dew drop or

the petal of a flower. - Tragedy has the great moral defect of giving too much importance

o life and death.—Chamfort - The world can never satisfy the desires of the flesh. Satisfy one desire and a dozen others wili appear hungry. - More hopeful than all wisdom or counsel is one draught of simple human pity that will not forsake us .-George Eliot.

-Boys, remember that you grow lder every day, and if you have bad habits they grow older too, and the older both get, the harder they are to separate.

- Though the persons who approached our Lord manifested a variety of different virtues, yet faith is the only race which he is wont to commend .-- Fashion is a tyrant of the most

arbitrary type. Once you begin to yield to his demands, he will not let you rest till he has stripped you of all. It is easy for him to persuade us that fine appear ances must be made even at the expense of honor. Beware of fashion.—Christian

- God and good angels alone know the vast incalculable influence that goes out into the universe of matter from the conquered evil and the voiceless prayer of one solitary soul Wouldst thou bring the world to God? Then live near to Him thyself. If divine life pervade thine own soul, everything that touches thee will receive the elecscious of being charged therewith .-L M. Child.

Boiled Fish Sandwiches. You may find it hard to believe that

sandwiches made from boiled fish are good, but if when you have a bit of boiled halibut left from dinner you make a few for luncheon or tea you will find them very good. The fish should of course have the flavor that comes from boiling it in salted water with a bouquet of vegetables-say a slice of onion. a stalk of celery or a sprig of parsley and half a dozen peppercorns. Break up the fish with a fork; then take a wooden spoon and rub it as fine as possible. Make it into a seasoned paste by adding a fourth of a pint of sweet cream, a tea-

spoonful of salt, a saltspoonful of white pepper or paprika, and at the very last and gradually a tablespoonful of lemon nice. This amount of seasoning is for 1/2 pounds of fish. Cut your bread very thin, spread the slices with a little butter and then with the fish. Lay between the slices before putting the two together a small, tender lettuce leaf. - New A Use For Half Burned Carbons.

There is already a demand for the un-

used and half burned carbons from the are lights. Some one has discovered that carbon is a cure for consumption, and it is a well known fact that men who work in carbon factories are singularly healthy. Just how the fragments of carbon are broken up and the particles inhaled does not appear, but people collect them a good deal and profess to derive benefit from their use. It has been claimed for years that a smoky atmosphere is a good one for a consumptive patient, although this has been denied by doctors again and again. The carbon theory may account for what some people believe to be nonsense and others an infallible theory. - St. Louis Globe-

Absentminded. Professor Dusenberry of Columbia college is so completely absorbed in his profession that he is becoming more and more absentminded every day. He re-

marked to one of the students: "Something very stupid happened to me the other morning. I believe I am becoming a little absentminded."

"You see, I wanted to take my wife out in a buggy and give her some fresh air, and when I came to think over it I remembered that I never had a wife." -Texas Siftings.

What Did She Mean? Dickie-So you've taken up the physical culture fad? I hear you are exercising on a rowing machine and indulging in long walks in the park. What does Daisy-Well, you see, it develops-but wait until you see me down at the sea-

shore a couple of months hence.—Boston The driest place in the United States at any point where regular observations are taken is Fort Garland, Colo. Less than six inches of rain fall there during the year. There are, however, localities

rain has never been known to fall. The Vienna police have general charge of all newspapers and keep records of all presses and publications, maintain a censorship over all theaters and plays, issue licenses for the publication and sale of all books, magazines and period-

in Arizona, Nevada and Utah where

A. Andrews of Toronto has in his possession a lock and key of massive weight. which he claims to be the identical instruments used by Cromwell for securing the crown jewels of England.

Of a mistaken philanthropist Jerrold said he was "so benevolent, so merciful a man he would have held an umbrella over a duck in a shower of rain."

Cicero was a notable punster. A collection, not now extant, of his puns was made by Julius Casar.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions are s wind colic, and is the best remedy r Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little suffdrer immediately. Sold by of the functions. Electric Bitters is an druggists in every part of the world. excellent appetizer and aids digestion. ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

and take no other kind.

CURIOUS INSTRUMENTS USED TO ADD

The Drummer Has a Whole Raft of Machines and Traps to Care For-Imitations of Animal and Other Sounds, and How Some of Them Are Accomplished.

It would be an odd thing if in these days of realism an orchestra could not keep up with the times in the production of realistic effects. The peal of tubular bells, once heard with so much wonderment, is now too familiar to create surprise, and equally well known is the anvil, the old friend met with so often in "Il Trovatore" and many oth-

er popular opera and musical selections. Nowadays many theater orchestras possess quite a number of instruments whose names are probably unknown to 99 out of every 100 members of the audience. In many theaters the musician who plays the drums also manipulates from 5 to 20 other instruments, most of which would be unrecognized by any other than the professional. Some of them are used for representing noises made by human beings; others are employed for reproducing the "language of animals" and of nature. Played or operated upon by an expert, the result is often very successful.

A noted inventor of these adjuncts of the orchestra has made a remarkable instrument from which may be produced the "puff puff" of a locomotive. The contrivance from which this effect is obtained consists of a semicylinder of sheet iron about a yard in length. Two wooden handles, in each of which are set at different angles a dozen or more tempered steel wires somewhat resembling a dismantled umbrella, are used to make the peculiar noise of the engine puffing. Holding one of these sets in the hand, the musician strikes the sheet of iron with each alternately, slowly at first and increasing in speed as the train is supposed to get under headway.

Then the train comes to a stop, when is heard the peculiar sound of the airbrakes and the escaping air. This effect is produced simply by using a couple of slender brass tubes soldered together, with piston, blowing into them at one end and slowly pulling out the piston. If you want the roar of lions, there is a musical instrument ready for you to

produce the roar. It is a large trumpet shaped instrument of sheet iron, in the large end of which, near the opening, are set two vibration tongues of tin. It is played upon with a trombone mouth-

One of the most curious musical instruments is that used to represent the 'swish swish'' of a boat's screw as it whirls through the water. This is really a musical machine. It is an ordinary cheesebox fitted to an axis, on which it revolves, and the cylindrical part is made of calfskin. The ends are perforated so as to allow the sounds to escape in proper volume. Pegs project inward from the ends, and a handle and a quart or two of dried peas complete the outfit. When the box is revolved, the peas strike against the pegs and roll along the dried calfskin hides.

The revolutions are slow and irregular at first and then more rapid and steadier. Then you get the "swish

swish" of the screw. A cock crow is a very easy noise to reproduce. The instrument used is simply wooden tube with a reed inside, the tube being inserted into the side of a tin cup. A "child's cry" is easily produced by taking out the wooden tube already referred to and blowing it, holding one end between your closed hands to give the different tones. A "town clock," which produces a good imitation of a bell striking the hour, is a large iron cylinder about 5 feet long and 6 inches in diameter, the stroke being made with a smaller pipe covered with cloth. One musician has an excellent instrument which produces the "siren" note of the steamboat. The noise is made upon three reeds, which are similar in shape to an organ pipe. These are connected with one mouthpiece and give three tones simultaneously. The same musician has a curious in-

strument which he calls a "snoring machine." It is an oblong box, hollow, with a reed inside, and requires a pair of lusty lungs to operate it, as it takes considerable air pressure. The "gallop of a horse' is sometimes rendered by oocoanut shells cut in halves and struck upon a stone block. Another device to reproduce the same effect is made of wood en blocks hewed into the shape of horse's hoof, with real horsehoes attach ed and hollowed out inside the shoe. It is played by striking the shoes on a slab

To imitate a clog dance "clog malets" are used. They are small wooden mallets, with one end of the head hollowed, and "jingles" set inside the hollow spaces. A "cuckoo" is a small reedlike instrument, with one key to change the note and a sliding piston to altar the pitch as desired. A fine imitation of the bagpipes is given on a solid brass horn, with tapering bore and finger holes similar to those of flageolet. It is played upon with an oboe mouth piece.

As an example of the many instruments required in an orchestra it may be interesting to reproduce a list of those played upon by the drummer is a well known American orchestra. They include the various styles of xylophones, drawing room bells, orchestra bells, carillons, "baby cry," "bobwhite," cocoanuts to imitate the galloping of horses, clog mallets, canary whistles, cuckoos, crickets, "duck's quack," hen cackle, hand clogs, sand boards to imitate jig dancing, "joy bird," "locust," "mocking bird," "popgun, "robbin," "cocks," the "waldteufil" or "wood devil," making a weird, whirring noise; "slapsticks," to pro-duce the sound of the cracking of a whip: hand bells, etc., in addition to the customary drums and cymbals usually played by this humble but by no means unimportant member of the orchestra. - Exchange.

It is said that no book has ever been printed which did not contain typographical blunders. The nearest approach to perfection is "The Lusiad." printed by Joza Souza in 1817, which has but one, and that an accident caused by the press.

Johnson's Magnetic Oil kills all pains whether internal or external. \$1 size, 50 cts; 50 ct. size 25 cts. J. H. HARDIN

You Don't Have to Swear Off Says the St. Louis Journal of Agriculture in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. know of many cases cured by No-To-Bac, one, a prominent St. Louis archi-tect, smoked and chewed for twenty years; two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sick." No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY & Co. No cure no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago. Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains of methers for their children while teeth- no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts g, with perfect success. It soothes the as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly mid, softens the gums, allays all pain on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY's Drug Store.

ORCHESTRA ODDITIES

REALISM TO MUSIC.

DUKE OURHAM W. Duke Sons &Co.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.
BUCCHERON
DURHAM, N.G. U.S.A. High Grade Tobacco ABSOLUTELY PURE

DUKE

dec 14 tf fr su we W. Sp A BLAMED SIGHT WORSE. A bachelor, old and cranky,

Was sitting alone in his room. His toes with gout were aching And his face was o'erspread with glo No little ones' shouts disturbed him. From noises the house was free-Was quiet as quiet could be.

No medical aid was lacking. The servants answered his ring, Respectfully heard his orders And supplied him with everything. But still there was something wanting, Something he couldn't command-The kindly words of compassion, The touch of a gentle hand.

And he said as his brow grew darker, And he said as his brow grow uneau.,
And he rang for the hireling nurse,
"Well, marriage may be a failure,
But this is a blamed sight worse!"
—Boston Courier.

Couldn't Fool Him. Charles Johnson, a negro, though of Swedish nomenclature, had been arrested for highway robbery out on Independence avenue. A toy pistol, which had served him in "making a bluff," and a handful of small coin were taken from him. He was then ushered before the captain for the usual catechism. "Let's see, what were you in for the

last time. Charley?' "Never done bean heah befo', boss." "Oh, come, now, Charley; you've been here a dozen times before. "May de good Lawd 'nilate me, boss, I'ze tellin yuh de troof!"

"Well, take him and lock him up." "Hol on der, cap'n, ain't ynh gwine ter let me hab my money?" Well, I guess not," said the captain, winking at the lieutenant. "This

is my rakeoff. Do you suppose I can stay here for nothing?" "But yuh'll let me mawnin, won't yuh?" "No, sir." "Not aftah the jedge gits t'rough wid

"No." "Say, yuh can't fool me dat a-way, boss. I'ze bean heah befo'!" Then the old darky was taken down stairs, wondering what everybody was

Wholesale Prices Current.

laughing about. - Kansas City Times.

The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately a cossible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any pariations from the actual market price of the articles VESTERN SMOKED-Hams & D...... Sides & D...... Shoulders & D..... DRY SALTED-BEESWAX # D..... Wilmington, W M..... North Carolina, # b...... ORN MEAL-COTTON TIES- P bundle CHEESE-P D-Laguyra DOMESTICS-

Diy Cod, W B.,

FLOUR—W barre!—

Western, low grade 250 @

Extra 275 @

Straight 325 @

Second Patent 425 @

City Mills—Super 225 @

Family 325 @

7160 GLUE—8 b—...

GRAIN—8 bushel—

Corn, from store, bags—White.

Corn, cargo, in bulk—White...

Corn, cargo, in bags—White...

Oats, from store...

Oats, Rust Proof... HIDES, W D-IAY. W 100 De-Eastern.
Western
North River. Northern North Carolina to quality.

Dressed Flooring, seasoned...
Scantling and Board, common.,
MULASES, @ gallon—

New Crop Cuba, in hhds....
in bbls....

Lisbon American n 125-99 Sacsk ... *** ******* SUGAR. W 10-Standard Granu'd Standard A
White Ex C
ExtraC, Golden
C, Yellow
SOAP, W B—Northern
STAVES, W M—W O, Barrel
R. O Hogshead
TIMBER, & M feet—Shipping. Mill, Prime
Mill, Fair
Common Mill
Inferior to Ordinary
TALLOW. & B
WHISKEY, & gallon—Northern,
North Carolina.
WOOL, & B—Washed,
Clear of burs.

RICF Carolma D.... tusa Upiana (, wland),

Sweet
Irish, # rrel
OILS, # gallon—
Kerosene
Lard
Linseed
Rosin

w (, w)

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET STAR OFFICE, April 90.

Good Strained.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE -Steady at 271% cents per gallon. ROSIN.-Market steady at \$1 15 per bbl. for Strained and \$1.20 for

TAR.-Market quiet at \$1 05 per bbl. of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market quiet at \$1 20 for Hard, \$1 90 for Yellow Dip and \$2 40 for Virgin. COTTON-Steady.

Ordinary..... 4% cts % II Good Ordinary.... 5% " Low Middling..... 5 18-16 Middling..... 614 Good Middling..... 6 9-16 RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine.... 35 casks 214 bbls Rosin..... Tar.... Crude Turpentine...... DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL. NEW YORK, April 20-Evening-Money on call nominally 11/2 per ct. Prime cantile paper 41605 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 4 @488 1/4 for sixty days and 489 4 60489 4 for demand. Commercial bills 4871/0488. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 11216; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100: North Carolina sixes 194. Railroad

bonds active and strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day sold at 66 4 067 for three ounces. COMMERCIAL. NEW YORK April 20 - Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 71/c. middling uplands 7c.

Futures closed easy, with sales of 141,200 bales: April 6.85c: May 6.86c; June 6.78c; July 6.82c; August 6.86; September 6.87c; October 6.90, November 6 94c; December 6 98c. January 7 03ci February .08; March 7 18c.

Net receipts - bales; gross receipts 3.767 bales: exports to Great Britain - bales; exports to France - bales, exports to the Continent --- bales; forwarded 1,928 bales; sales 199 bales, all to spinners; stock (actual) 218,597 bales. Total to day-Net receipts 6,384 bales; exports to Great Britain 921 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent — bales; stock 719,291

Total since September 1-Net receipts 7.572,659 bales; exports to Great

Britain 3.040,375 bales; exports to France 789.752 bales; exports to the Continent 2,168,807 bales. Flour was firm and quiet at prices winter wheat low grades \$1 9000 \$2 30; fair to fancy grades \$2 8500 90;

patents \$2 75@3 40; Minnesota clear

\$2 40@2 90; do. patents \$8 25@4 20;

Southern flour quiet and firm, common to fair extra \$1 90@2 75, good to choice do. 22 80@8 25. Wheat dull and firmer with options: No. 2 red in store and at elevator 63%@63%; affoat 65c; options were active, excited and irregular, advancing %@14c, declined %@4c and closed unsettled at 4@4c over yesterday, with a large switching business, No. 2 red May 68%c; June 64%c; July 64%c Corn quiet and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 54 1/4 c; affoat 55 1/4; options were dull but firmer; May 51 1c; June and July 51 1c. Oats dull and firm; options firmer; April and May 321/c; spot-No. 2, 821/6@821/4; mixed Western 82@83%c. Hay firm spring 50@55c; good to choice 70@75c Wool firm and moderately active; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@88c. Beef quiet and firm; family \$10 00@12 00; extra mess \$8 00@8 50; beef hams steady at \$19 50; tierced beef quiet, strong; city extra India mess \$15 00@19 00. Cut meats firm.quiet; pickled bellies 6% @7c;pickled shoulders 6c; pickled hams 914@914 middles dull; short clear nominal. Lard quiet and about steady: Western steam \$7 15; city \$6 50@6 62%; futures nominal; refined quiet; Continent \$7 50; South America \$7 90; compound \$5 8714@ 6814. Pork active, steady; mess \$18 50 @14 00. Butter quiet and steady; State dairy 8@18c; do. creamery new 20; Western dairy 8@181/c; creamery new 19 @20c, old 9@15c; Elgins 20c. Cotton seed oil quiet and unchanged. Petroleum nominal; refined in New York \$10 25: Philadelphia \$10 70; do. in bulk \$8 20@ 8 25. Rice firm and unchanged. Molasses firm and unchanged. Peanuts quiet. Coffee dull and unchanged to 10 points down; April \$14 30; June \$13 95; July \$14 25; December \$14 10@14 15; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7, \$16 00@ 16 25. Sugar-raw firm and quiet; fair refining 2 11-16c; centrifugals 96 test 8c; refined quiet, steady and unchanged, Freights to Liverpool quiet and steady:

cotton, per steamer 7-64d; grain per steamer 1%d, nominal. CHICAGO, April 20-Cash quotations: Flour was dull but strong; very little business was transacted to-day. Wheat -No. 2 spring 64@66c; No. 2 red 59% @60c. Corn-No. 8, 45% @4614c. Oats -No. 2 281/ @29c; Mess pork-per bb! \$12 25@12 50. Lard, per 100 lbs. \$7 00 @7021/2. Short ribs, loose-per 100 lbs \$6 80@6 8214. Dry salted shoulders boxed—per 100 lbs., \$5 873/ @5 60 Short clear sides, boxed—per 100 lbs., \$6 55@ 60. Whiskey-distillers' finished goods

per gallon \$1 27. The leading tutures ranged as .oilows opening, highest lowest and closing: Wheat-No. 2 April 5814, 5914, 5814, 595 Wheat-No. 2 April 584, 594, 584, 594 @594c; May 584, 6586. 60, 584. 594 @60; July 594, 61, 594. 61; September 604, 664, 62, 604, 63. Corn-No. 2 April 454, 474, 454. 474; May 454, 474, 454, 474; July 463, 474, 463, 474c; September 47, 484, 47, 484c. Oats-No. 2 May 28%, 28%, 28%, 28%, 28%; July 27%, 28%, 27%, 28%c. Pork per bbl, May \$12 32%, 13 37%, 12 25, 12 32%; July \$12 25, 12 60, 12 45, 12 55 Lard. May. per 100 lbs. \$6 90, 6 931, 6 90. 6 9214; July \$7 05; 7 0714, 7 0214. 7 20. September \$7 2216. 7 2216. 7 1716. 7 20 Short ribs. per 100 lbs-May \$6 30, 6 30. 3 80, 6 30; July \$6 4214, 6 45, 6 40, 6 45; September \$6 57%, 6 60, 6 55, 6 60. BALTIMORE, April 20 .- Flour firmer, Western super fine \$3 00@2 15; do extra \$2 25@2 60; do family \$2 75

@3 00, winter wheat patent \$3 10@3 35; spring do \$3 60@3 75; Wheat unsettled: No. 2 red, spot and April 65@65\c; May 64@64\c; July 63\c; steamer, No. 2 red 62@62\c; Southern wheat by sample 68@66c; do on grade 62@621/c. Corn steady; mixed spot. and April 501/20501/c; May 50@ 50 4c; July 51 4c bid; steamer mixed 48% @49c; Southern white corn 50@ 51c Oats quiet, No. 2 white Western 37@371/c; No. 9 mixed do 831/@84c.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. April 20.-Galveston, firm at 6 5-16cnet receipts 682 bales, Norfolk, firm at 614 net receipts 568 bales; Baltimore, firm at 6%c-net receipts - bales; Boston, holiday-net receipts - bales; Wilmington, steady at \$16- net receipts 7 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 714c-net receipts 1.847 bales; Savannah, firm at 6 5-16cnet receipts 954 bales; New Orleans, firm at 63/2-net receipts 1,457 bales; Mobile, firm at 61/c-net receipts 58 bales; Memphis, firm at 61/c-net receipts 101 bales; Augusta, very steady at 65 c-net receipts 272 bales; Charleston, firm at 614c-net receipts 296 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Moraing Star LIVERPOOL, April 20,-12.80-Cotton. good business done and prices firm. American middling 89-16d; sales 19,000

bales, of which 11,000 bales were America can; speculation and exports 1,000 bales Receipts 19,000 bales, of which 17,700 bales were American. Futures opened firm; demand good. American middling (1 m c) May and June 8 34 64 3 87 64@ 8 88-64d; June and July 8 38-64. 3 40.64 3 89-64@8 88-64d; July and August 8 39. -64, 8 40-64, 8 41 64@8 40 64d; August and September 8 40-64. 8 41 64. 8 43-64. 8 42-64. 8 41 64@8 48 64d; Septem. ber and October 8 41-64, 3 42-64@3 43. 64d; October and November 3 42-64d: November and December 8 46 64@3 46. 64d; December and January 8 45 64 8 47. 64@8 46-64d. Futur s quiet at the ad.

vance. 4 P. M-American middling fair, 4 7-32d; good middling 3 25 32d; low middling 31/d; good ordinary 83/d; or-dinary 8 8-16d. American middling 85/d; April 8 88 64d, value; April and May 9 88-64d value; May and June 3 38@3 39 64d bid; June and July 8 40-64d. seller; July and August 8 41 64d buver; August and September 3 42-64@3 43-64d seller: September and October 8 48-64@8 44. 64d buyer; October and November 8 45. 64d; November and December 8 47 64d December and January 3 47 64d buyer: January and February 3 48 64 @8 49 64d seller. Futures closed firm.

MARINE

Port Almanac-April 21. Sun Rises... 5.20 A Sun Sets..... 6.89 P High Water at Wilmington 638 A

CLEARED. Steamship Oneida, McKee, New York, G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY List of Vessels in the Port of W . mington, N. C., April 21, 1895 BARQUES.

Gustav Metzler (Ger), 852 tors, Gorck, E Peschau & Co. Ruth (Nor), 466 tors, Pendersen, Heid: & Co. Alborga (Nor), Kjustvedt, Heide & Co. Wodan (Ger). 525 tons, Arndt, E Peschau

& Co.

Sidonian (Br), 370 tons, Jensen, Alex Sprunt & Son. BRIGANTINES.

Eulalia (Sw), 528 tons, Ubult, Heide &

Nimrod (Rus) 890 tons, Paterson, Down ing & Co. STEAMERS. Corinthia (Br), 838 tons, Roberts, Alex

Sprunt & Son. SCHOONERS. John R Fell, 344 tons, Loveland, Geo Harriss Son & Co. Melrose (Br) 188 tors, Albury, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Harriss, Son & Co. lames Brown, 293 tons, Chase, Geo Harriss. Son & Co.

John H Crcss, 385 tons, Grover, Geo

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above goods. CHEESE-Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and Ameri can Cream. All fresh and of finest quality. Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

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