e charged regular advartising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line
or first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subse uent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time con-acted for has expired charged transleut rates for time

ctually published. No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any A announcements and recommendations of candi dates for office, whether in the shape of communica-tions or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Payments for transient advertisements must be ma in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper seference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only inch remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

inch remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they coutain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author s withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for trictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, charged \$1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to he position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1896

THEY SHOULD BE FOR SILVER. The Republican leaders who support McKinley have been endeavor ing to thrust the tariff question to the front and send the silver question to the rear, but if they were really consistent they would drop the tariff question altogether and go in with might and main for the free coinage of silver. The fact is we do not see if they are sincere in their utterances as to what the effect of free coinage will be, how they can oppose it without stultifying themselves. There are protectionists who support McKinley and also favor the free coinage of silver, as the protectionists of Colorado, California, Nevada, and some of the other Western States do. They are consistent. But we speak here of the protectionists of the gold stripe who are loud for protection and equally loud in their opposition to the free coinage of silver, which if adopted, and they speak truly, would be one of the most effective protection

The object of all tariff protective legislation is to prevent as far as possible the importation of foreign manufactures, thus protect our own manufacturers from foreign competition and give them the full swing of the home market. The more effectually a tariff does this the better it is from a protective standpoint. A tariff which does not keep out forelgn manufactures is no protective tariff or only partially so. The legis lation, whether of a tariff or other character, which keeps out foreign manufactures gives thorough and perfect protection.

The gold standard Republicans who believe in protection oppose the nomination of McKinley because he declines to commit himself to the gold standard, but at the same time inconsistently declare that they are opposed to the free coinage of silver because it would result in putting this country on a silver basis and then European nations which have the gold standard would refuse to sell us anything. If that were so wouldn't it accomplish what the protectionists have been endeavoring to accomplish for years by means of their protective tariffs which have steadily been growing more and more prohibitory in their scope?

If European manufacturers refused to sell us anything for our silver money, wouldn't that put an end at once to European competition and give our manufacturers clean sweep of our home market, and make foreign "pauper labor" a thing no more to be dreaded by American workmen? What more protection could the manufacturer or his workmen ask than that? With it they might quit harping on tariff protection altogether, for it would be completely overshadowed and knocked out by free coinage, which would do all and more than tariff protection ever did or hoped to do.

This couldn't operate, or only partially if at all, against these nations buying from us, for they buy only what they are compelled to have and can't buy from other countries on that Senator Hill made a great misour foodstuffs as they do now, perhaps not so much, but what they did | tions of Senator Peffer. There is buy they would have to pay us gold for and then their gold would be coming in to increase our stock of gold instead of our gold going out to settle our balances, thus diminishing our stock of gold and compelling us to borrow to keep it up. We would thus, if the opponents stock and bring gold in instead of ing the issuing of bonds without

carrying it out. It might be said that this would so jected and added that unanimous

fell off, that it would throw a large that purpose. As Senator Hill was surplus on the hands of our farmers, but they can't say that without furnishing an argument against any kind of protection which has a tendency to reduce imports, for it would be an admission that there is a re ciprocal relation between the volume of our exports and imports, and that the fewer the imports the worse t would be for our farmers. But this objection wouldn't really hold if there be anything in the theory of the protective tariff building up great home markets. Wouldn't the absolute exclusion of foreign goods, such as they contend would result from the free coinage of silver, give mighty stimulus to home manufactures, build up great manufacturing ndustries, give employment and good wages to thousands upon thousands of workmen in addition to those now employed and thus build up great home markets to consume the products of the farms and make our farmers entirely independent of foreign markets? Of course it vould, if there be anything in the theory of protection to the manufacturerer, and as a builder up of home

markets to benefit the farmer. If the effect of free coinage would be what they say it would, it would do all this and not only give the American manufacturer and workman all the protection they wanted, but would be a daisy thing for the farmer too. As we view it, we do not see how a real protectionist can consistently oppose free coinage if he believes it will cut off foreign goods as he says it will. There are big possibilities in nut cul-

MINOR MENTION.

The action of the Senate in voting to consider the bill prohibiting the issue of bonds without the consent of Congress has riled the gold organs, irrespective of party, and some of them have become wrought up even to the pitch of desperation. The Philadelphia Record is, on general principles, a pretty level-headed paper, but it is rabid on the gold question. It insists on gold absoutely, laughs at bimetallism by "inernational agreement," and wouldn't have if it could. Recognizing the probability that the free silver men will be in the majority in the Chicago Convention, it takes this action of the Senate as a pretext and flies off at the handle thus:

Since the purpose of the Silvermonpers at Chicago has already been so clearly defined, there need be no question as to the intentions of the Democratic friends of sound money in the premises. The desertion of the cause of sound money by a majority in the convention would be a signal for a revolt and for the reorganization of the measures ever devised, with which a Democratic party, with the complete elimination of the cheap silver element. protective tariff would bear no com-There could be no possible compromise upon a straddling platform and a half-faced candidate. If the Silvermongers should triumph at Chicago the only hope of the Democratic party for the future would lie in the counter-nomination of a candidate for the Presidency upon whom the votes of the Sound Money Democracy of every State could be concentrated. In case the threatened disruption should take place there can be no question as to the side on which the overwhelming majority of the Dem ocratic voters would be found after the

pallots should have been counted. If the Sound Money Democracy should be driven at Chicago to revolt against cheap currency and repudiation they would keep with them the organization the principles and the name of the party of Jefferson, Jackson and Benton, The triumph of Free Silver at Chicago would be a distinct abandonment of Democracy. The adherents of the spurious democracy professed by Vest and Morgan, the Populists who acknowledge Peffer, of Kansas, and Stewart, of Nevada, as their eaders and the Silver Republican folowers of Teller, of Colorado, would be used in a party of a larger Populism. But such a party could neither borrow nor steal the livery of Democracy.

This is the recognized Democratic organ of Pennsylvania talking, and trying to justify its pre-determined refusal to yield to the will of the majority by a mess of "sound money" rot that has been hashed and rehashed a thousand times by the socalled "sound money" organs, and shown as many times to be rot by the opponents of gold monometal. lism. Anticipating being "driven to revolt"-a cause which has been contemplated by some of the gold leaders since it has become apparent that the silver men will be in the majority at Chicago-they are now trying to justify in advance the contemplated "revolt." Of course the Record does not speak for itself only, but in these rabid utterances speaks for many, if not all, of the gold standard Democrats of that State. The editor of the Record and Mr. Harrity, chairman of Democratic National Committee, stand pretty close to each other politically, and in view of the alleged plan to knock threatening bolters out, it might be in order for the committee to put some questions to the gentlemen for whom

the Record talks. We have expressed the opinion better terms. They would still buy take by his persistent opposition to the bond-sale investigating resolu little doubt that those resolutions were inspired by the hope that political capital might be made out of them whether they were adopted or rejected. More political capital could be made out of them by the rejection than by the adoption, and for this reason Senator Hill made a of free coinage be true prophets, ac- mistake in opposing, as a friend of complish two things; one of which is the administration, their adoption. to cut off the importation of foreign | Senator Palmer is also a friend of manufactures, which all protection- the administration. He made a ists want to see, that is if they be mistake, Monday, when an effort really protectionists. The other is was made to fix a time for taking to check the drain upon our gold a final vote on the bill prohibit-

consent of Congress, when he ob-

Mr. Post, of Texas, a nut grower who is well posted on that business advises Southern farmers to plant the Japanese mammoth chestnut, the Japanese walnut, the English walnut and the pecan. The Japanese chestnut tree begins to bear when from two to three years old; at five years will vield from two to three bushels of nuts, which sell in Northern markets at from \$10 to \$15 a bushel

supposed to be speaking for the ad-

ministration in the bond-investiga-

ting resolutions, so Senator Palmer

will be credited with speaking for

the administration on this bond bill.

Practically speaking, the vote

wouldn't amount to anything more

than an expression of the sentiment

of the Senate, as there is not the

slightest chance of the bill becom-

ing a law, for it couldn't pass the

House, and if it did it couldn't be

passed over the President's veto

But by this opposition of Senator

Palmer the opposition to the admin-

istration is given the opportu-

nity to say and ring it is

the press and on the stump that the

administration, which, it is charged

is manipulated by the syndicates and

bondholders, is choking off action by

Congress which would compel it to

listen to and obey the will of the

people, as expressed by their repre

sentatives, in the matter of the sale

of bonds. That's the construction

that will be put upon Senator

Palmer's course, and that may do

much more harm than any possible

action by the Senate on the bond bill

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- High Point Enterprise: The exodus of colored women cooks from here to New Iersey continues. About three years ago one colored woman left here to cook for a family North and since that time about twenty-five more have gone. Six or eight more left this week.

- Wilkesboro Chronicle: Mr. that he has discovered on his place a considerable vein of dead and silver ore. The vein is some 15 feet wide. and the indications are that it is of considerable length, so he tells us. The ore has been pronounced rich.

 Yadkin Ripple: The gold fever has broken out in Yadkin and may it result in the finding of other valuable metal in our county. Five prospectors are with us now and they seem to think that the prospect for success is very bright. They want to purchase 1,000 acres between Huntsville and the old gold mine place above Deep Creek Church.

- Greensboro Record: Last fall Tames F. Pegram, near Colfax, in this county, found a lot of bees pitched on a big limb of a willow tree in a meadow some distance from his house. He sawed off the limb, carried it home and placed it between two houses, in a secluded place, where the bees continued business, and now it is estimated there are some 20 or 25 pounds of honey on the limb. The little workers seem to be perfectly contented and attend strictly to business.

- Durham Sun: Saturday night, between 10 and 11 o'clock, an extra freight train on the Durham and Northern road, while coming in from Raleigh, via Henderson, ran over and most horribly tore to pieces the body of a man at East Durham. Two men coming along the track a short time after the train passed discovered fragments of the remains of a man. Here a limb and there another part of the body. The track was strewn for a considerable distance with the mangled remains. By Identification the unfortunate man was discovered to be none other than Wright Medlin, a painter of rather dissolute habits.

- Morganton Herald: At the Spring term of Burke court Samuel B. Pearson, of Morganton, was convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years for breaking into the saloon of J. H. McNeely, in the night time, and destroying several hundred gallons of liquor, beer, etc. Pearson appealed to the Supreme Court. He was also convicted for carrying a pistol, and sent to the Iredell county roads for eighteen months, during the pendency of his appeal. On last Sunday morning Pearson made a mysterious escape from the chain gang. In addition to his term on the chain gang, Pearson has a case pending in the Supreme Court which will send him to the penitentiary for ten years if it is pecided against him. Detective Perry, of Morganton, is looking for

That is a nice, fine game of Mr. Bill Harrity's to bunco the free silver Democrats by admitting delegates sent to Chicago by rump conventions. Won't the fur begin to fly when this Pennsylvania office peddler rings up the curtain and starts off with this programme. - Lynchburg

Pure blood is the safeguard of health. Keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would always be well.

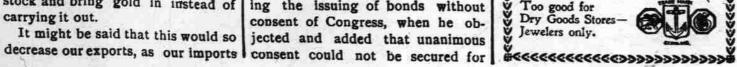
THE DEMAND FOR GORHAM SILVER 泰泰泰

for Wedding Presents has led to the production & of innumerable designs & expressly prepared for a "the happy day," and Q as appropriate and beautiful for the purpose as the most gifted artists & can conceive, and the

most skillful artificers V

Too good for Dry Goods Stores— Jewelers only.

produce.



TWINKLINGS.

- The dude is a melancholy warning to the ape family .- Chicago Times.

- There are good people who never look to heaven except to see if it s going to rain on their festival .- New Orleans Picavune.

- Fishing-What is it to fish?" he Oh, you just sit and sit all day long. "And then?" "And then you lie."-Chicago Tribune. - Miss Lonely-"I have only one

friend on earth-my dog?"
Miss Coldeal-"Why don't you get another dog?"-Truth. _ Laggs_"There goes Snaggs, the dentist; he seems to get along.' Jaggs-"Oh, well, he got's a pull,-

New York Press. - "You surely do not favor petticoat government?" said an objector to a woman suffrage advocate. "No, I don't," was the reply. "I favor

bloomer government."-Detroit Free - Lecturer -This is the beautiful Circassian girl. Notice her luxuriant and phenomenal hair.

Hiram Hayrake-What time does she play the pianny?-Puck. - "I hear your friend is practicing the most rigid economy." 'Yes; she does nothing but shop."-

Yonkers Statesman. - Mrs. Fret-If I had money enough to go abroad and stay a year would be perfectly happy! Mr. Fret-So would I.-Detroit Free

- "Great luck, that find of Stimp-

"I haven't heard." "Found a \$20-bill in his last Summer's "Good heavens! I didn't know he was a widower."-Detroit Free Press.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- The question what becomes of our gold is partly answered by Consul Genefal Karel's discovery that the Russian Government holds \$30,769,115 of it .- Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.

-- The various quotations from McKinley's various speeches show that the Ohio man talked finance when the tariff was the issue, and at the present time is disposed to talk tariff when the finance is the issue.-Washington Post, Ind.

- Illino's would compel the flying of United States flags on all school and college buildings by statute. She is determined to force an appearance of patriotism, whether C. Yates, of Stony Hill, informs us it is felt or not. - New York Adver-

WITH WOMAN'S EYES.

Nothing Is Sacred When a New Style Is In Prospect. When the Washington woman unnacked her trunks the other day, she took out fearful and wonderful looking garmen made of a heavy striped brocade-the kind

"What is it?" I asked eagerly. "It's a dressing gown," she replied, streking the rich folds in serene content

our grandmothers used to describe as

'able to stand alone."

"Won't you put it on?" I begged. turned slowly around to give me a com plete view. There was a shallow yoke cov ered with bias folds, below which the gown itself, as well as the sleeves, was put or with a deep gauging, so exquisitely done that it seemed like the same material wo ven in a narrower stripe. The sleeves were larger than ever devised by mortal dress maker, and there was about the ensembl an impressive air not usually associated with neglige gowns of any sort.

"Where did you get the pattern?" I ask "From the chief justice of the United States," was the answer, "and the gown was made by the soft voiced old gentlewoman who makes all the gowns for the justices of the supreme court. It occurred to me one day when I was at the court that the gowns worn on the bench would make the lovellest dressing gowns in the world, so I hunted up the old lady and persuaded her as a special favor to copy the design

I was telling a clever man about this unique wrapper and was surprised and displeased to hear his peals of laughter. "You ought to see it," said I reproach fully. "It's the prettiest thing I've seen "I dare say it is," he admitted. "I was not laughing at the gown, but at the additional light the incident throws upon

feminine character. I believe a woman would wear anything she thought becoming, with indifference as to its suitability. She would copy the vestments of the gran llama for a tea gown if she thought they suited her style, and without compunction too. I actually saw at a ball the other night a gown made of oriental embroider ies, and the wearer was waltzing about the room unconsciously proclaiming with every swish of her skirts that 'Allah is Allah, and Mohammed is his prophet.' If religion is not safe from the incursions of feminine vanity, it is not surprising that the judiciary should have failed to escape.' -Chicago Mail.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD. They Were Equally Matched, and Both

Came Out Triumphant. The lady whose duty it was to do the cooking and the washing for the Van Brant family toiled painfully up to Mrs. Van Brant's presence the other morning, and groaning lugubriously intimated that cate. Her employer requested her to be seated and to unburden her mind. Then the cook and laundress told her tale of woe. "I cayn't stay har no longah," she an-nounced. "'Tain't that I doan't like yuh all-'deed it ain't, Mis' Van Brant. But I'ze too ole, an I suffers too much from Mrs. Van Brant expressed her sympathy

She said that she regretted Dinah's deci sion, but that she would not seek to shake it if indeed the work was to hard. Dinah replied courteously that it wouldn't be to hard for a younger and stronger woman but that she herself could no longer stand it. She was dying by inches under the strain, and she was obliged to have a rest -a prolonged and immediate rest.

"I am particularly sorry that you should be obliged to leave now," sighed Mrs. Van Brant, "for I am expecting my sister-inlaw for a visit. I was just coming down to tell you about it and to offer you \$18 a month instead of \$15. But of course"-"What's dat you say, honey?" interrupt ed Dinah. "Eighteen dollars! An yul expectin comp'ny? Well, now, Mis' Van Brant, yuh doan't think Dinah's goin ter leave yuh in the lurch when yuse expecting comp'ny, an yuh husban's folks at that! Doan't yuh worry, honey. E sister-in-law comin! I'll stay."

"But your rheumatism, Dinah? I don't want you to kill yourself for me, you "Nevah yuh min, honey. 'Deed, ter tell the truth, I'ze afraid ter take a res'. Yuh Then the two diplomats smiled, and mutual respect sweetened all their inter

A Brief Will. A characteristic document is the will of Dr. Swayne Wickersham. The will is written on a single sheet of the Great Northern hotel writing paper, and is as

course for many days .- New York World

This is my last will and testament First, all my debts are to be promptly paid; second, \$1,000 to be given to my friend, Dr. Spalding; third, the remainder of my property to be given to my sister Lydia Walton, residing at Kennett Place, Pa.; fourth, I appoint my old friend, George W. Newcomb of Chicago, my exec-utor, and I direct that no bond be re-quired of him. He is an honest man.— Chicago Journal.

Cripple

Estimated That the Average Briton Lives An active man, comfortably fed and clothed, writes William Muir, consumes about three pounds of solids and four pounds of fluids per day and wears out about two suits

COST OF KEEPING A MAN.

on 860 a Year.

The value of agricultural produce

garnered in the United Kingdom and

consumed by its human beings,

taken at present farm prices, is (per

annum) about £230,000,000. The val-

ue of agricultural products imported

from abroad and similarly consum-

ed, taken at similar prices, is (per

annum) about £200,000,000. This

includes cotton and wool. The value

of coal similarly consumed-burned

for domestic purposes-taken at the

full mine value of 8 shillings per

ton, is (per annum) about £16,000.

000. The sum spent in keeping

to those who have direct access to

nature, who labor and garner her

therefore, is the value of the prod-

ucts of nature annually consumed

in the United Kingdom by one hu-

man being, taking both sexes and

all ages and ranks together. In other

words, this sum is the annual aver-

age cost of a person. Expenditure

in the United Kingdom averages £30

per head, but £18 of this pays for

services, not products—services such

as the manufacturing, distributing

and retailing referred to above and

other services, all of which support

persons who have no direct access

to the soil and who therefore must

pay others for their share of its

Rich and poor men are of the same

size. A millionaire's stomach and

back are anatomically identical with

those of a laboring man. Therefore

equal numbers of rich and poor con-

sume equal weights of produce in

equal times. But this is not the

same thing as equal values. We

have just seen that the average an-

nual value is £12, and we may fair-

ly take it that the case of the agri-

cultural laborer will give us the

minimum value. An average Brit-

ish family is husband, wife and

The income of an agricultural la

borer's family (cash and perquisites)

can fairly be taken at £50 a year.

Of this they will pay about half for

services (not products) to nonagri-

cultural workers, who may be sum-

med up as grocer, draper, school-

of such a family valued as above.

Say husband £7, wife £6, three chil-

dren £4 each. This is a minimum.

fairly take the imaginary case of a

garnered in quantity—namely, beef-

will be £27; £13 more, which would

make £40 in all, will cover every-

thing else he personally consumes,

my business.

as good as new.

products.

three children.

addition does not concern us.

num) about £10,000,000.

of clothes in a year.

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatisn until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures. "Nearly four years ago I became af flicted with scrofula and rheumatism

Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

dwelling houses in repair is (per an-The total of these sums is £456. 000,000 and is the cost of the nation for a year's food, clothing, firing and shelter. In other words, it is came back: the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly rec-ommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois. the sum paid by the total population

products for all. Manufacturing, distributing and retailing add about 80 per cent to these values, but the Four hundred and fifty-six million pounds divided by the population, Sarsaparilla 38,000,000, gives £12 per head, which,

> Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills cure liver fils, easy to operate. 25c.

> > The Children of Yesterday.

One looking at the profty, pictureso costumes wern by little girls teday feels sentiment of pity for the hideous wrong inflicted on children in the name of fashion in times not very remote. Read this pathetic description of the uniform pre scribed in a "female" school 40 years ago For summer, "white cambric dress, collar and pantalets, black silk apron, black ne mits, plain white pocket handkerchief. nun's bonnet, black velvet hairband and hair plain on the forehead." In winter 'purple alpaca dress and mantilla, white collar, pocket handkerchief and pantalets black silk aprons, black kid gloves and straw bonnets trimmed with scarlet lute string ribbon." One can almost see the long line of demure maidens followed by "sedate and sober tutoresses" walking down to the church, with the white pantalets coming down to their shoe tops, and in their mittened hands the "plain white handkerchief" so firmly insisted on .- Ex-

The Uncertain Public. "There seems to be a limit to the power of kings, after all," said Emperor William morosely. "I don't like to acknowledge that I'm vanquished, but I'm very much afraid I'll have to."

"What is the matter, your highness?" The Napoleon revival and the Trilby craze both prosper beautifully, but my Aegir fad deesn't seem to get along worth shucks." -washington Star.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunmaster, builder and policeman, so derman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are that we have £25 left as the cost of permitted to make this extract: "I have the food, clothing, firing and shelter no besitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Iunction she Much consideration has led me to was brought down with Pneumonia sucdecide that as a maximum we may ceeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little man who lives entirely on the most interruption and it seen.ed as if she could not survive them. A triend recostly agricultural produce that is commended Dr. King's New Discovery it was quick in its work and highly satsteaks at sixpence per pound, farm isfactory in results." Trial bottles free value. At three pounds per day at R R BELLAMY's drug store. Regular such a man's annual cost for food size 50c and \$1.00.

Wholesale Prices Current.

for he shares his big house with The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles and the statement of the articles and the statement of the statement of the articles and the statement of the stateme scores of other people and parts with his clothes to others while they are We may therefore fairly conclude that the cost of a man in Great Brit-

that the cost of a man in Creek Deit	quoted.	er; options were more activ
that the cost of a man in Great Brit-		11/2 lower, closing weak; No.
ain is about:	BAGGING-	66%c; June 66%c; July 66%c
Minimum. Per annum.	2-10 Jute 0 514 Standard 7140 614	September -c; October -, D
A vorago	WESTERN SMOKED—	Corn-spot weaker and more
Maximum 40	Hams & B. 1846 14 Sides & B. 6 60 7	2 at elevator 311/c; affoat 351
Maximum	Hams 9 b. 1840 14 Sides 9 b. 6 0 7 Shoulders 9 b. 6 6 6 64	were more active and 14@14c
	DRY SALTED—	ing steady; May 841/2c; June
Not Pretty, but Valuable.	Sides 9 b 434 5 5 5 60 434	35c; August -: September -
In discussing the risks which pro-	BARRELS - Spirits Turpentine-	spot fairly active and easi
fessional ball players run and the	Second-hand, each	moderately active and easier;
prevalence of decrepit and crippled	New City, each @ 1 40	July 23%; spot prices-No. 2
fingers in the profession, the base-	BEESWAX 9 D 25 0 27 BRICKS—	No. 2 white 25 1 @ 25 1/2; mix
ball editor of the New York Herald	Wilmington, W M 6 50 @ 7 00	23% @26c. Hay steady, with
recalls the case of Silver Flint, once	Northern 9 00 @ 14 00	demand and unchanged. We
a famous catcher, whose hands were	North Carolina, & D 15	erate demand, steady and
mutilated and pounded out of shape.	CORN MEAL—	Beef quiet, easy and unch
Back in the eighties Flint was in a	Per bushel, in sacks 40 @ 4214	hams dull at \$14 50; tierced
	Per bushel, in sacks	Cut meats quiet, weak and
railroad wreck in Illinois. When	CANDLES—19 D—	Lard dull and lower; Western
they dug him out he was badly	Sperm	nominal; city \$4 00. May \$4 4
skinned and somewhat stunned.	Adamantine	refined quiet; Continent 84
Several surgeons who were at the	Northern Factory	America \$5 25; compound \$4
scene of the accident began a hasty	State 10	Pork dull and weak; old me 8 50; new \$8 75@9 25. Bu
examination of the half conscious	COFFEE-9 D 27 @ 28	firm, fairly active and unchan
baseball catcher to discover what in-	Rio 14 6 1814	fairly active; choice firm; State
juries he had received. They found	DUMESTICS-	sylvania 12@121/c; Western f
none until they raised his right	Sheeting, 4-4, 9 yard	12c; do per case \$1 80@2
hand It was bloods (from a set in	EGGS—W dozen 8 @ 9	seed oil du'll and weak; crude
hand. It was bloody (from a cut in	Mackerel, No. 1. 10 barrel 22 00 @ 30 00	prime 24c; do off grade 24c.
the wrist), and of course in its nat-	Mackerel, No. 1, \$ 9 \$ barrel 22 00 (2. 30 00 Mackerel, No. I, \$ 9 \$ haif-barrel 11 00 (3. 15 00 Mackerel, No. 2 \$ 9 \$ barrel 15 00 (3. 18 00 Mackerel, No. 3, \$ 9 \$ barrel 8 00 (3. 9 00 Mackerel, No. 3, \$ 9 \$ barrel 13 00 (3. 14 00 Mullets, \$ 9 \$ barrel	active, firm and unchanged.
ural unshapeliness. "Good heav-	Mackerel, No. 39 half-barrel 8 00 @ 9 00	firm, in fair demand and
ens!" exclaimed one of the surgeons,	Mackerel, No. 8, barrel 13 00 @ 14 00	Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-p
"the poor fellow hasn't a whole bone	Mullets, & partel	5c. Coffee barely steady ar
in his hand. It will have to be am-	Mullets, \$\psi\$ pork barrel 5 75 6 6 00 N. C. Roe Herring \$\pi\$ keg 3 00 6 3 25 Dry Cod. \$\pi\$ b 5 6 10 10 \$\pi\$ Extra 5 6 3 50	points down; May \$12 40;
putated." Silver was regaining con-	" Extra 3 25 0 3 50	September \$10 60@10 65;
sciousness and heard the doctor's	FLOUR-W Darrei-	\$10 10@10 15; spot Rio dull
decision. Jerking the member from	Low grade	No. 7. \$18 75@14 00. Sugar-
the would be amputator's grasp, he	Straight 4 10 6 4 95	and steady; fair refining t steady, with a light demand.
yelled: "Cut it off, eh? Well, I guess	First Patent. 0 4 50 GLUE-9 B 7160 10	A COLOR
not! It's a bit out of gear, but there's	GRAIN-W DUSING	CHICAGO, May 26.—Cash
not another in the Tanana that	Corn, from store, bags—White, 421/2 45 Corn, cargo, in bulk—White 21/2	Flour was quoted oull, with changed. Wheat—No. 2 spi
not another in the League that can	Corn, cargo, in bags—White @ 4116	59%c; No. 2 red 62% @68%c.
stop a wild pitch so well. Excuse	Oats, from store	2 27% @28 4c. Oats-No. 2
me; I'll keep it. I've use for it in	Oats, Rust Proof	Mess pork. per bbl, \$6 95@6
TOTAL DISCUSSION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	LALDED P B	

HOOP IRON, P D.

ROPE, 9 b.

I iverpool
Lisbon
American
on 125 # Sacks
SHINGLES 7-inch, # M

SUGÁR, # B—Standard Granu'd
Standard A
White Ex. C
ExtraC, Golden
C, Yellow
SOAP, # B—Northern
STAVES, # M—W. O. Barrel
R. O. Hogshead
TIMBER, & M feet—Shipping
Mill, Prime
Mill, Fair
Common Mill
Inferior to Ordinary
OU
TALLOW, & B
WHISKEY, & gallon—Northern
North Carolina
North Carolina
OOL, & B—Washed
Clear of burs
Barry

Sucklen's Armica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulclers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY

For Over Fifty Years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain the truth, I'ze afraid ter take a res'. Yuh bones jest stiffen up when yuh ain't usin for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little suffdrer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world, Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow s Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle at R. R. Bellamr's Drug Store.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET. STAR OFFICE, May 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE--Machinemade casks steady at 2814 cents per gallon; country casks steady at 23 cents. ROSIN .- Market firm at \$1 821/2 per obl for Strained and \$1 371/2 for Good

Strained. TAR .- Market steady at \$1 00 per bbl of 280 fbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Firm Hard 1.80, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1 80

Ouotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 28%c; rosin, strained, \$1 15; good strained \$1 20; tar \$1 25; crude turpentine \$1 20, 1 80, 2 25.

RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin Tar Crude Turpentine.... Receipts same day last year-227 casks spirits turpentine, 584 bbls rosin, 297 bbls tar, 87 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 756c for

middling.. Quotations: Ordinary...... 5½ Good Ordinary..... 6½ Low Middling..... 7 3-16 Middling...... 7% Good Middling...... 7 15-16 Same day last year, middling 6%c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime. 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds: Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 88 to 40 cents pe

Receipts-3 bales; same day

bushel. N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch.

\$2.50 to 3.50; seven inch, \$5 50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to 7 50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 26 .- Evening-Money on call was easy at 11/02 cent., last loan at 114, and closing offered at 11/4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5% per cent. Sterling exchange quiet. easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 488% for sixty days and; 488%@ 488% for demand. Commercial bills 486 40487. Government bonds steady United States coupon fours 1091/4 United States twos 941/2 State bond dull: North Carolina fours 104; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were lower. Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 26-Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 5-16c; uddling uplands 8 1-16c. Cotton futures closed barely steady May 7 75@7 77, June 7 76@7 77, July 7 78@7 79, August 7 80@7 81. September 7 22@7 23, October 7 161607 17 No-

vember 7 08@7 09. December 7 08@ 7 09; January 7 12@7 13. February 7 15 @7 16; March 7 18@7 19c. Sales 158 900 Cotton-net 197 bales; gross receipts 288 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,358 bales; to France - bales; to the

Continent 1,8160 bales; forwarded 1,116 bales; sales 2,990 sales bales, to spinners 440 bales; stock (actual) 128,234 Total to-day-Net receipts 5.585 bale;s exports to Great Britain 2,529 bales; to France - bales; to the Continent 816 bales; stock 356.112 bales.

Total so far this week- Net receitps 9.894 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,988 bales; to France 842 bales; to the Continent 6 740 bales Total since September 1-Net receipts 5,071.805 bales; exports to Great Britain 2.118,771 bales; exports to France 454 997 bales; exports to the Continent

1.652.654 bales. NEW YORK, May 26 .- Flour was dull, weak and unchanged; Southern flour easy: common to extra fair \$2 20@ 80; good to choice \$2 80@3 10. Wheat -spot more active for export and weakcotions were more active and %@ &c lower, closing weak; No. 2 red May 5½c; June 66½c; July 66½c; August eptember -c; October -, December orn-spot weaker and more active; No. at elevator 341/c; affoat 351/c; options vere more active and 16 %c lower closng steady; May 341/2c; June 341/2c: July 5c; August -; September -c. Oatspot fairly active and easier; options noderately active and easier; May 23%c; uly 23%; spot prices-No. 2 23% 6 24c; No. 2 white 25 1 @25 1/c; mixed Western 3% @26c. Hay steady, with a moderate emand and unchanged. Wool in moderate demand, steady and unchanged Beef quiet, easy and unchanged; beel ams dull at \$14 50; tierced beef quiet. Cut meats quiet, weak and unchanged ard dull and lower; Western steam \$4 45 nominal; city \$4 00. May \$4 40. nominal efined quiet: Continent \$4 75: South America \$5 25; compound \$4 00@4 371/4 ork dull and weak; old mess 88 00@ 50; new \$8 75@9 25. Butter-farcy rm. fairly active and unchangedc. Eggs airly active; choice firm; State and Penn sylvania 12@121/c; Western fresh 101/6@ 2c; do per case \$1 80 2 70. Cotton eed oil dull and weak; crude 21c; yellow orime 24c; do off grade 24c. Rice fairly ctive, firm and unchanged. Molasses rm, in fair demand and unchanged Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4% @ ic. Coffee barely steady and 5 to 25 oints down; May \$12 40; July \$11 55. eptember \$10 60@10 65; December 10 10@10 15; spot Rio dull but steady No. 7. \$18 75@14 00. Sugar-raw quiet nd steady; fair refining 31/4; refined

CHICAGO, May 26.- Cash quotations lour was quoted oull, with prices un hanged. Wheat-No. 2 spring 581/6 9%c; No. 2 red 6216 @6814c. Corn-No. 27% @28 4c. Oats-No. 2, 18@18 4c. Mess pork. per bbl, \$6 95@6 97. Lard per 100 lbs \$4 15@4 20. Short rib sides, loose,per 100 lbs.\$3 70@3 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs \$4 00@4 25. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, \$3 8714@4 00. Whiskey,per gallon, \$1 22. The leading futures ranged as follows opening, highest, lowest and closing Wheat—May 59 ¼, 59 ½, 58 ½, 58 ½; July 60 60 ¼, 60 ½, 59 ½, 59 ½ 69 ½; September 60 ½, 60 ½ 60 ½ 60 ½, 59 ½ 65 ½; 60 ½ 60 ½ 60 ½ 28, 27 ½; June 28, 28, 27 ½, 27 ½; June 28, 28, 27 ½, 27 ½; July 28 ½. 28%, 28%, 28%c; September 29%, 29% 28½, 28½, 28½c; September 29½, 29½ @30, 29½, 29½@29¾. Oats—May 17½, 17½, 17½, 17½c; July 18¾, 18½, 18, 18½@18¼; September 18½, 18½, 18½, 18½c. Mess pork, bbl, July \$7 07½, 7 07 @7 07½, 6 95, 7 00; September \$7 25, 7 25, 7 13½, 7 15, Lard, per 100 lbs, July \$4 27½, 4 27½, 4 15, 4 17½; September \$4 42½, 4 43½, 4 30, 4 82½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—July \$3 80, 3 80, 3 72½, 3 77½; September \$3 97½, 8 97½, 8 87½, 8 87½.

BALTIMORE, May 26 .- Flour dull and unshanged. Wheat weak and lower; No. 2 red spot and May 65% 65%; July 65@65%c; August 65@65%c Southern wheat by sample 66@69c; do on grade 65@68c. Corn weak and lower; spot and May 32½@32½c; June 32½@38c; July 33½@33½c; Steamer mixed 31½@31½c; Southern white 33½c; do yellow 88 1 @88 1 C. Oats steady; No. 2 white Western 25 1 @25 2 C.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. May 26.—Galveston, quiet at 7 9-16c, net receipts 58 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 7%c, net receipts 409 bales; Balti-

more, nominal at 81%, net receipts bales; Boston, steady at 816, net receipts 234 bales; Wilmington, firm at 75%, net receipts 3 bales; Philadelphia quiet at 8 5-16c. net receipts - bales; Savannah, quiet at 7 9 16c, net receipts 688 bales, New Orleans, steady at 71/2c net re-ceipts 8,906 bales; Mobile, nothing doing, 714. net receipts 5 bales; Memphis. steady at 7 7-16c, net receipts 102 bales. Augusta, steady at 7%, net receipts 8 bales; Charleston, steady at 75c, net receipts 81 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, May 26 .- 12.30 P. M -Cotton, demand moderate and prices easier. American middling 4 9 32d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 9,000 were American: speculation and export 500. Receipts 15,000 bales, of which 12,500 were American. Futures opened steady and demand moderate. American middling (| m c) May 4 13 64d: May and June 4 13 64. 4 12 64@4 11 64d; June and July 4 11-64@4 10-64d; July and August 4 10-64@4 9 64d: August and September 4 6-64d; September and October 4@3 68 64d; October and November 3 59 64@3 57-64d: December and January 3 57-64d: January and February 3 57 64, 3 55 64@3 55 64d; February and March 8 57 64d American spot grades 1-32d lower. American middling fair 4 9 32d; good middling 4 11 32d; middling 41d; low middling 4 5-32d; good ordinary 4 1 32d; ordinary 3 27 32d. Futures weak at the decline.

Tenders of cotton for delivery to-day were 400 bales new dockets, and 400 bales old dockets.

4 P. M -- May 4 9.64@4 10 64d seller. May and June 4 9-64d seller: June and July 4 7-64@4 8 64d seller: July and August 4 6 64@4 7 64d value; August and September 4 4-64d value: September and October 3 60 64@3 61-64d buver; October and November 3 56-64@3 57-64d seller; November and December 3 54. 64d buyer: December and January 3 54. 64d buyer; January and February 3 54. 64d buyer; February and March 3 55-64d seller. Futures closed barely steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Croatan, Hansen, New York, H G Smallbones. Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Favetteville, James Madden. Schr B I Hazard, 373 tons, Rafford Philadelphia, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Schr Mary Ann McCann, 170 tons, Gates, Boston. Geo Harriss. Son & Co. Brig Arcadia, 283 tons, Fisher, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. CLEARED.

Steamship Croatan, Hansen, Georgetown, H G Smallbones. Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY. List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., May 27, 1886 SCHOONERS.

L F Munson, 392 tons, Watt, Geo Harlennie E Simmons, 271 tons, Dougherty Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Samuel W Hall, 306 tons, Mumford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. BARQUES.

Oberburgermeister Von Winter* (Ger) 552 tons, Haro'm. E Peschau & Co. Alborga, (Nor), 615 tons, Kyostreat, Jas T Riley & Co.

M C Haskell, 333 tons, Wingfield, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Unhappy Lot

has the member of your family who suffers from Neuralgia, Headache, Nervousness, or whose health has been shattered from any cause whatsoever. Possibly Brown's Iron BITTERS will be of use.

GUARANTEE-Purchase money refunded should Brown's Iron Bitters, taken as directed, fail to benefit any person suf-fering from Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles Headache or Neuralgia.

mar 5 D&W 1y

MAXTON BUILDING

LOAN ASSOCIATION, Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS. D. Croom, Maxton. S. McRae, Maxton. Ed. McRae, Maxton. G. B. Patterson, Maxton.

E. F. McRae, Raemont. J. H. Morrison, Lumberton. Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington. The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the

in this Association have been over Fourteen Per Cent. Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in

average profits on Six Series of Stock

weekly instalments of 25 Cents per The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President. W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

Hotel Townsend,

REB SPRINGS, N. C. THIS FAMOUS RESORT IS AT ALL TIMES open for the reception of guests.

The Mineral Springs, Ten in number and all of different analyses, and are unsurpassed for medicinal virtues. No watering pl ce on the Atlantic coast

Offers Superior Advantages to those seeking rest and health. The large number of persons who have been

RESTORED TO HEALTH atte t the virtues of the Mineral Water at this famous For particulars address

> HOTEL TOWNSEND. Red Springs, N. C.