WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, Aug. 4, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET FOR PRESIDENT: WILLIAM J. BRYAN,

of Nebraska. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: ARTHUR SEWALL, of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR: CYRUS B. WATSON, of Forsyth. FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR: THOMAS W. MASON, of Northampton. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE : CHARLES M. COOKE, of Franklin. FOR STATE TREASURER B. F. AYCOCK, of Wayne. FOR STATE AUDITOR : R. M. FURMAN, of Buncombe. FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION : librium will soon be restored. JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH, of Johnston. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:

GEO. H. BROWN., Jr., of Beaufort "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your tarms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."-From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

F. I. OSBORNE.

of Mecklenburg.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT

A. C. AVERY, of Burke,

"I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

on the hustings of North Carolina, I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina." -Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.

A MISTAKEN VIEW.

There are few men who are not governed directly or indirectly by selfishness in their political views, that is they support or oppose this or that measure because its adoption or rejection will be beneficial to them. It is only when this is carried to the extent of disregarding the public good in the desire to promote the interest of the individual that it becomes reprehensible. That is subordinating patriotism to selfishness, and converting the ballot into an instrument for private gain instead of for the public good, as it should be.

When the vounger Pitt carried through the English Parliament the measure for the demonetization of silver, his father exclaimed, "My son, you have doubled my wealth, but you have ruined your country." When John Sherman and the other agents of the money power voted in the Congress of the United States to demonetize silver they doubled the wealth of the men they represented and acted for, but they ruined their country.

There are in this country, at this time, a great many men who believe that the free and unlimited coinage of silver will prove disastrous to the country. They have been persuaded by what they have read and heard to believe this and they are honest in the belief. There are others who are employed by corporations of various kinds which believe that the free and unlimited coinage of silver would be ruinous to them, and the men employed by them and whose interests are more or less identified with them are opposed to the free coinage of silver to protect their employers and at the same time protect themselves. This is natural, entertaining the belief they do, if they are honest in it. It is selfishness, which looks at the interest of employers and themselves, and some of them freely acknowledge that, but they take it for granted that the free coinage of silver would ruin the corporations which employ them and would therefore ruin them. They never stop to consider and ask themselves whether they may not be mistaken, and whether the free coinage of silver might not be a benefit to these corporations instead of an injury.

protected manufactories were taught | which it is to be done. Capital is all that a high protective tariff was right and is entitled to due consideressential to their prosperity and how ation, but the people who furnish the they were appealed to year after labor and the products which give year not only to vote to maintain it. but to make it higher. It got to be so that for a workman in those industries to doubt that was consideldered the next thing to treason, disloyalty to his employer and a banding with his enemies. The same line of argument is now used by the representatives of corporations employing people and based on the assumption that the perpetuation has demonstrated the groundless- table, which we clip from the Wash-

ness of the first contention, and experience will demonstrate, if the opportunity be presented, the groundessness of the second. Take the railroads for illustration.

some of them very heavily so. Much of this debt, the interest and principal of which is payable in gold, is due abroad. They believe that if free coinage of silver triumphs gold will go to a preminm, we will be reduced to a silver basis, and they would be unable to raise the gold to meet their obligations as they matured. There are two assumptions in this which are taken for granted on the strength of the mere assertions of the money lenders, whose imaginary interest it is to maintain the gold standard. But there isn't the remotest probability of this country going on a silver basis, and not the remotest probability of gold going to a high premium and remaining there for any length of time. This may be the case at first, when speculators will take advantage of the alarms they have created, just as they did in 1878, when they predicted calamities equally as direful as any they predict now, but this will be only temporary and the equi-

Within the past few years nearly one-half the railroad mileage of this country has gone into the hands of receivers. There was no free coinage at the bottom of that, for the gold standard prevailed and prevails now, but all this mileage, embracing some of the finest and currently supposed to be most solvent systems in the country, went into the hands of creditors, because they were unable to meet their obligations. Could they have fared worse under free silver? They would not have fared worse, but better.

Railroads are common carriers. They find work in serving the public. When the public can't give them sufficient employment they go idle. They cannot prosper unless "I desire to meet Mr Russell | the people who employ them prosper. Much of their work, the most of it, is hauling the products of the farm to market and hauling back such things as the farmers desire and would buy if they had the money to buy. If prices are low the farmer sends less to market than he only what he is compelled to buy. Thus the railroad is injured both in the going and in the coming, and its revenues are reduced, sometimes to such an extent as to prove ruinous, as was the case with these, which, as stated above, fell into the hands of receivers. It is generally admitted even by the gold standard advocates that the free coinage of silver will increase the price of farm products, thus stimulate production, and thus give the rallroads more work, the very thing they need to help them along. The increased traffic, with its corresponding increase in revenues would much more than offset any real or imaginary advance in the value of gold, and they would be much better able to meet their obligations then than they are now, under the trade-crippling gold standard. The roads

every one employed by them. MINOR MENTION.

would be benefitted and so would

We clip the following from the Philadelphia Ledger, a gold standard

Populists and silver men need to renember one thing: Whether or not their theories are correct and whether or not the adoption of a silver policy by the ountry would be followed by all the blessings they predict, its first result would be the inauguration of a disastrous panic. It would frighten capital, which is always timid, and it would lock itself up, nor could they coax it from its retirement until they had proved to it that it had nothing to be alarmed about. Meanwhile they would have to get along

without its powerful aid. Capital is timid, it is liable to get scared and very frequently by bogies of its own creation. But this is an old song, so old that it has become monotnous. There never was a proposition made for financial reform. that they didn't sing it in chorus. Don't scare capital, if you do the frightened thing will run into a hole and pull the hole in after it. They sang it on the tariff for twenty-five years or more, especially in the South where they warned us against supporting tariff reform because that would scare capital off and we couldn't get it to take any stock in Southern development or industries. They sang it in 1878, when the proposition was up for the free coinage of silver, and they sang it again in 1893 as one of the arguments for the repeal of the 'cowardly makeshift." So it goes. The people must make no move for finan-We remember how for twenty-five | cial reform without consulting capiyears or more the employes in the tal and letting it fix up the plan on occupation and value to capital are

also entitled to consideration. Statistics are not always reliable. for they are very often tampered with by interested parties to make them support a contention or a theory. But the presumption is that the statistics sent out by the Government are honest and practically correct. The figures furnished by these of the gold standard is essential to the will be some of the toughest obprosperity of these corporations as stacles that the supporters of Mcthe perpetuation of the high protec- Kinley, who are demanding more tive tariff was to the manufacturers. protection for the manufacturers, Experience under a reduced tariff will run up against, The following

ington correspondence of the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, a non partisan paper, gives the value of our exports of manufactured articles as There are few if any in this country the fiscal years from 1860 to 1896. which are not more or less in debt,

inclusive, and tells its own story: Exports of Manufactures. Total ar. Valve. P. C. of total. Exports 860...\$ 40,845.899 12.77 \$316,248,498 455,208,841 68 279 764 15.00 726 682 946 879.270.28 158 510,937 15 61 1 015,732 011 183,728 808 21.14 869,204,937 183,595,748 28 14 228 489,893 26 47

Reference to this table will show that there has been more or less fluctuation in the volume of our total exports, they were larger the past fiscal year than in any year since 1860, with the exception of 1892, and while there has been, with the exception of a few years, a steady increase in the volume of our manufactured exports, it was larger the past year than in any year since 1860, showing an increase of about \$45,000,000 over the preceding year. This was done under the Democratic tariff which its opponents predicted would ruin our American industries and manufactories. When they go on the stump to clamor for protection how are they going to answer figures like these?

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- Tom Reed took occasion in his first campalgn speech to make clear two important facts which are anything but pleasing to the McKinleyites. He declares the financial question to be the issue, and he admits that Republican chances are not what they were two months ago. -New York Journal, Dem.

-- "Two months ago no man of any standing would have risked his reputation as a prophet by hinting the slightest doubt of Republican success," said Speaker Reed in his opening speech last Wednesday. It may be remembered that two months ago the Republican party had not held its convention and nominated an Ohioan instead of a Maine man. -New York World (gold), Dem.

- No Democrat in Florida can reasonably find fault with ex-Governor Bloxham's letter of acceptance. It not only expresses unqualified approval of the national platform and ticket, but it touches the keynote of the campaign in declaring the confident belief that the Democrats of Florida will loyally sustain the party organization and ensure the continuance of Democratic supremacy in the State .- Jacksonville, Fla., Citizen. (gold) Dem.

-- The Democrats place their nominees for President and Vice President in the field on their own merits, and upon the strength of the party's platform of principles. The Populist party was not consulted in the selection of the ticket, and because the Populists have not been broad enough and patriotic enough to endorse the whole ticket, as they should have done, is no reason why Democrats should repudiate one of their own nominees. - Augusta Chron

TWINKLINGS.

- Mamma-"I think the baby is growing very fast, don't you?" Papa - "Decidedly. I thought he weighed three pounds more at 4 o'clock this morning than he did at 2,"-New

- Madge-"I don't know what Sadie ever saw in that man." Clara— "Why, isn't he desirable?" Madge— Desirable! Why, he couldn't pay a cent of alimony,"-Philadelphia North

- Corporal-What is that fellow shaking his head for? Private-I only wanted to sneeze. Corporal-Then wait until you are

commanded to stand at ease.-London - "I suppose," said Willie, as he saw a fricasseed chicken for the first time, "that if a hen lays an egg, a fricasseed chicken would lay a scrambled egg."-Harper's Bazar.

- Sadder Still-"For, all sad words of tongue or pen," he murmured, "the suddest are these: 'It might have been." Young Spooner's lips quivered. "You've never heard a girl say 'Nit," - Wife-"George, didn't you say

you were the heaviest batter in the nine ast Summer. Husband-"Yes, dear." Wife- Well, would you mind beating carpet for me for about half hour?" Texas Siftings.

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does



EART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes; "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Dr. Miles'
Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpita-Restores tion, pain in my leftside, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Oure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Oure saved my life." Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded. Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS, Curr All Pain "One cent a dese."

For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y sa tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- High Point Enterprise ; Mr. N M. Hodson tells us of a curiosity which is at his home. His wife was preparing some eggs and came upon compared with our total exports for an unusually large one. When it was broken open a small egg about the size of a partridge egg with a shell on it was found.

- Charlotte Observer: A very distressing affair occurred Thursday night on the Maxwell place, east of Charlotte. Mr. Robert Smith and family live on the place. Mr. Smith's young son, Tillero, picked up a lamp to carry it from one table to another when it exploded, setting him on fire and burning him so badly that he died of his injuries Friday night.

- Goldsboro Argus: Mr. R. H. Smith, superintendent of the Wayne Cotton Mill, says that their pay roll amounts to \$300.00 per week; that the average pay of all employes, children included, is \$4 50 per week; that good weavers make from \$8 to \$9 per week; that girls from 12 to 14 years of age get 64 cents a day, and that children who had never seen a cotton mill before are making 40 cents per day.

- Greensboro Record: Charles Mc-Fall, a machinist, in Winston, Friday morning shot a printer, formerly of Baltimore, named N. J. Carrigan. Both are married men and live in the same building. McFall accused Carrigan of trying to win his wife's affections. The ball entered Carrigan's back and lodged under the shoulder-blade. McFall gave himself up to the sheriff. At the preliminary hearing that afternoon he was bound over to court.

-- Nashville Optic: We are sorry to chronicle the death of Mr. Bardin Williams, which occurred at his home, Jackson township, on last Friday, August 24, aged 98 years, 3 months, 28 days. He was the oldest citizen in Nash county and had lived nearly all his life in the same house. We are told that his residence was built more than a hundred and fifty years ago. The remains were interred in the family burial ground, Saturday p. m., in the presence of a large concourse of friends and relatives including children, grand-children, great grand children, great-greatgrandchildren and great great-greatgrand children.

- Raleigh Press Visitor: An observant gentleman who recently traveled through Rockiongham county, informs the Greensboro Patriot that Populists are enthusiastic for Bryan and Sewall and Cy. Watson. In one township 73 out of the 75 People's party men declared their intention to vote for these gentlemen regardless of the action of the St. Louis Convention. --The grape season is drawing to a close. Mr. H. Bilven, who owns one of the largest and most valuable 8,000 balls. When they are first made, vineyards in this section made his they are "green." Solid ivory is the last shipments to the North to-day. only satisfactory material of which to The crop was two weeks earlier than usual in developing and it is correspondingly early in closing. The season is not near so profitable to the growers as it was last season, but the grape crop last year was unusually large and this season it was short. Mr. Bilyeu tells us that his shipments this season are about halt as

APPOINTMEN S WILMINGTON DIS-TRICT.

large as those heretofore. The grapes brought from \$1.75 to \$2.00

in Northern markets. Last year

grapes were sold as high as \$4.00.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder. Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, Au-

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville. August 9, 10. Waccamaw circult, Lebanon, August Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 80 Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September Misslon, Haw Branch, September

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, Septem-

Women who are weak and nervous who have no appetite and cannot sleep. find strength and vigor in Hood's Sar-

Japanese Carving Japanese art is supreme in wood

and ivory carving. Sir Edwin Arnold declares, in "Seas and Lands." there is nothing known to him in Europe that comes near what Japanese workmen can achieve. A specimen of ivory carving was shown to him, which represented a bag of rice with two or three dozen rats in and upon it. Every rat was as individual in

character, position and action as if a special portrait had been taken of him, and the web of the bag, the glistening grains of rice and the sleek fur of the rodents could not have been better expressed in paint-

At an art store in Yokohama he examined a piece of wood carving representing two life sized wrestlers struggling in the ring. Every muscle and every vein was delineated. Every tendon and ligament was anatomically perfect.

It drew a constant crowd, and a policeman informed the proprieter of the store that, if he intended to continue the wrestling on his premises, he must engage a posse of policemen to restrain the crowd. He was invited into the store and melted into smiles when he saw that the wrestlers were carvings of wood.

Wood Pulp Hollowware. Wood pulp hollowware is made in molds of any desired shape readily opened and the moisture is driven out by compressed air through fine netting, the mesh holding the pulp, but permitting the water to escape. After the pulp is shaped, either into inclosed hollowware or other decorative articles, it is treated chemically so as to harden and toughen the pulp. By a special treatment it is given the appearance of china, having also the valuable properties of resisting acids, oils, etc., which makes it adapted to oil cans, pickle packages and similar articles. The glazed hollowware is intended to take the place of glass or tin for canned goods and for vases, jardinieres and other ornamental articles in imitation of earthenware, pottery and china. Such articles made of wood pulp will not chip or crack. They can be dropped with im-punity and will stand considerable more usage than articles of other materials. The numerous applications of wood pulp, many of which have been mentioned in these columns, point to the extended use of that material.—Stoves and Hardware Reporter.

price as a pure article; fresh "Java"

made from wheat and barley hulls,

roasted with sugar and containing no

coffee; codfish not codfish at all-mere-

ly cheap dried fish; cream of tartar

adulterated with flour; flaxseed adul-

terated with starch; fruit "butters,"

such as apple butter, peach butter, etc.

very seldom pure, being adulterated

with starch waste and salicylic acid;

the same is true of grated pineapples

ginger adulterated with ash, rice hulls,

rice flour and cayenne pepper; lard;

maple sirup, made from commercial

of water; mixed spices; orange juice,

lemon oil, lemon phosphate, molasses

mustard, olive oil, pepper, vinegar, va-

nilla extract, all kinds of preserves, ex-

seeds are scattered through the so called

fruit jams, or timothy or other seeds

are added to the mixture to represent

raspberry, strawberry, etc. The produc-

tion of artificial colors is particularly

common in confections. Indigo, tumer

ic, annotto, logwood and cochineal are

used in great quantities, and are proba-

bly not harmful; arsenic, copper and

leads are very deleterious, but are not

now used as much as in former times,

before sanitary officials made such per-

sistent attacks on them. Milk and milk

products are often colored. Annotto is

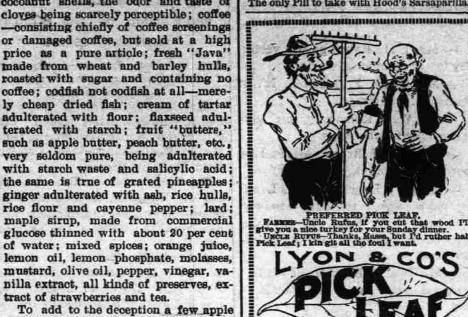
very commonly used by dairymen to

give a rich yellow color. In itself an-

Post.

tract of strawberries and tea.

LiverIIIs Some of the Many Things We Est That A recent report of the dairy food commissioner of Pennsylvania names so many food products which are adulterated as to raise a query as to what is not adulterated. Among the many im-pure things sold are allspice, which of-ten is mainly composed of ground and roasted cocoanut shells; baking powder; beef, wine and iron prepared as a tonio; butter, buckwheat flour, candy, catchup, oider, cheese, cinnamon, cloves—the cocoanut shells, the odor and taste of The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla cloves being scarcely perceptible; coffee —consisting chiefly of coffee screenings or damaged coffee, but sold at a high



Elgarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke. LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Eighteenth Century Children.

A book published in 1726 lays down

rules for children's behavior and gives

an idea of what was considered proper

deportment for boys and girls in the

not to cross their legs or sit with their

knees wide; they are not to laugh loud.

but silently smile; they are not to point

Imagine an American youth of to-

day "silently smiling" if anything

struck him as being funny and think of

our infant terribles waiting until they

are spoken to before they address their

elders. It is just as well that the good

would be made so dreadfully unhappy

by this century's children.-Chicago

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction

City. I'l., was told by her doctors she

had Consumption, and that there was

no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr.

King's New Discovery completely cured

her, and she says it saved her life. Mr.

Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Fran-

cisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, ap-

proaching Consumption, tried without

esult everything else then bought one

bottle of Dr. Ding's New Discovery and

in two weeks was cured. He is naturally

thankful. It is such results, of which

hese are samples, that prove the won-

and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R.

50c and \$1.00.

BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size

Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholesal Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles

WESTERN SMOKED-

Hams # D
; ides # D
Shou d.rs # D
DRY SALTED—

Sperm
Adamagine
CHEESE - 9 b

COFFEE-8 D-

DOMESTICS—

OUR- B barrel-

Low grade
Cho ce
Straight
First Patent
LUE—P D—
RAIN—D bu hel—

AIN—Bb buthel—
Corn, fron store, bags—White,
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,...
Co n, cargo, in bags—White,...
O t:, from s ore
Oats, Rust Proof

Prime
ROPE, PB
SALT, S sack Alum
Liverpool
Lisbon
American

American
On 125 fb Sacks
SHINGLES, 7-inch, 125 M
Common
Cypress Saps
SUGAR, 22 fb—Standard Granu'd
Standard A
White Ex. C
Ext. a C, Golden
C, Yell w

SOAP, \$\pi\$ b-Northern.

STAVES, \$\pi\$ b-Northern.

STAVES, \$\pi\$ b-W. O. barrel...

R. O. Hog-head

TIMB R, \$\pi\$ M feet-Shipping...

Mill, \$\pi_{\text{in}}\$

Mill, \$\pi_{\text{in}}\$

Mill, \$\pi_{\text{in}}\$

Luferior to Ordinary.

TALLOW, \$\pi\$ b

WHISKEY, \$\pi\$ galon-North \$\pi\$ rn.

North Caro ina.

WOOL, P D-Washed. 12

House, in bbls.....

Laguyra

old author of this book is dead;

or boast or to interrupt.

notto is probably harmless, but it probehavior at home. Children must alduces deceptive results .- New York ways bow on returning home; they must never be covered in the house; they must not sit down without permis-ODD BILLIARD FACTS. sion; they must never address their

A billiard table can be built in 24 hours if carte blanche is given to the manufacturer, but he prefers to have time to get the right effects from one month to six. The wood needs to be seasoned for a period of nearly seven years. Rich, deep Spanish mahogany is used pollard oak, ebony and satin wood. Tables are not always covered in green. Blue is sometimes used and a

pure olive green. The late Prince Leopold was the first to make use of the latter color, and olive green is known today in the billiard world as Prince Leopold's color. The balls must be well seasoned be

fore they are used for play. Manufacturers have incubators in which to store them that they may undergo the drying make them; "artificial balls" (those made of composition) are much heavier and do not wear well. English makers, to give the red balls a perfect color, steep them in a decoction that is sometimes described as the "guardsman" bath." This is extracted from the old coats of Tommy Atkins, and for billiard balls it is the finest scarlet dye known.-New York World.

A Brave Chinese Officer. Huang Tsu-Lien, who was a returned American student, was killed before the sprrender of Wei-Hai-Wei. He was first lieutenant of the Peiyang cruiser Tsi-Yuen, having succeeded the late Sher Shou Ch'ang, another returned American student, who was killed while commanding the Tsi-Yuen in the first naval action of the late war at the mouth of the Yashan river, Korea, July 25, 1894, owing to the cowardice of his subsequently decapitated captain, Fong Peh-Kien. During the fighting at Wei-Hai-Wei Lieutenant Huang Tsu-Lien was badly wounded and was therefore advised to leave his ship and go to Chefu for treatment. This he resolutely refused to do, declaring that "his duty to the emperor demanded his remaining at his post." After having had his wounds hastily dressed, the late lieutenant went on with his duties on board, although he had to be supported by an attendant in doing so. Shortly afterward a shot struck his thigh, but he still refused to retire, remaining with his guns. A few minutes afterward a shell from the enemy's batteries almost annihilated the gallant officer. -Blackwood's Magazine.

Mr. Gratebar on Fishing. "I think," said Mr. Gratebar, "that the talent for fishing, like many other talents, is a gift. No doubt the true fisherman, like the poet, is born, not made. Fishing is a faculty that can be cultivated, like many others; one can learn by rote about tackle and baits and tides and so on, but when it comes to actual contact with the fish there comes in the art of the fisherman. The fact is that some men can catch fish and some can't. I am one of those who cannot; time and again I have sat in a boat alongside of men catching lots of fish and caught none or next to none. But I love to go fishing, all the same.' -New York Sun.

Oddities of Sight. The two eyes really see two objects. If the two forefingers be held, one at the distance of one foot, the other two feet in front of the eyes, and the former be looked at, two phantoms of the latter will be observed, one on each side. If the latter be regarded, two phantoms of the nearer finger will be observed mounting guard, one on each side.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fitty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sooths the child, soltens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhæa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Old People. Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 8. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 21% cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks, and 20% c for untry casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at \$1 33% per bbl for Strained and \$1 87% for iood Strained. TAR.—Market steadyat \$1 00 per bbl of 280 Ths CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Quiet. Hard 1 20, Yellow Dip 1 55, Virgin 1 65

per barrel. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 25@241/c; rosin, strained, \$1.20; good strained \$1 25; tar \$1 35:

crude turpentine \$1 20, 1 70, 2 00 RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine Rosin Crude Turpentine....... Receipts same day last year-159 casks spirits turpentine, 505 bbls rosin, 165 bbls tar, 85 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON. Market nominal and nothing doing. Same day last year, middling 6%c. Receipts-7 bales; same day last

COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime, 5@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 88 to 40 cents per

N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 9 to 10c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 71/c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch \$2.50 to 3.50, seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3,00 to

> DOMESTIC MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

early part of the last century. First, of FINANCIAL. NEW YORK, August 3-Evening .-Money on call was easy at 2021 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 607 per cent. Sterling exchange was parents without a title of respect, as sir firm; actual business in bankers bills or madam; they must not approach their at 488@488 if for sixty days and 489@ parents or elders without a bow. Next. 8914 for demand. Commercial bills of behavior at table. They must not sit 487@4871. Government bonds were firm; United States coupon lours 16714; down till they are bidden, nor till grace United States twos 941 bid. State bonds is said, nor must they ask for anything, quiet; North Carolina fours 971/2: North or help themselves, or speak at table, or Carolina sixes 115. Railroad bonds were look at others eating. Thirdly, of be-havior in company. They must enter the room with a bow; they must not rregular. Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was steady. speak till they are spoken to; they are

COMMERCIAL. NEW YORK, Aug. 3-Evening.-Cotton quiet; middling gult 711-16; middling uplands 77-16c. Cotton lutures-market closed steady August 7 19. September 6 89. October

6 87, November 6 83, December 6 86, January 689. February 6 94, March 6 99, April 7 03. Sales 240 200 bales. Cotton-net receipts 18 bales; gross 31 bales: exports to Grea 150 bales: to France 650 bales: to the Continent - bales: forwarded 456 bales: sales 5,718 bales; sales to spinners 840 bales: stock(actual) 83,453 bales.

Total to-day-Net receipts 597 bales: exports to Great Britain 150 bales: to France 650 bales; to the Continent - bales; stock 146,280 bales. Total so far this week-Net receipts 1,915 bales; exports to Great Britain 892 bales; to France 650 bales; to the Continent 3,187 bales.

Total since September 1-Net receipts ,162 233 bales: exports to Great Britain 231.450 bales: exports to France 463 814 bales; exports to the Continent 1,778, 730 bales. Flour-the market was steady; winter wheat, low grades \$1 70@2 50; do. fair to

fancy \$2 40@3 40; do. patents \$3 45@3 75.

Minnesota clear \$2 40@2 80; patents \$3 15@4 20; low extra \$1 70@2 50. Southern flour dull and steady; common to fair extra \$2 00@2 60; good to choice \$2 60@2 90. Wheat-spot dull and steady; No. 2 f. o. b. 671/c; options opened weaker and declined %c, rallied Kc, closing firm at 160 kc over Saturday, with trading fairly active; No. 2 red August 681/2c; September 641/4; October 4%c; December c. Corn-spot du'l and firm; No. 2 30 %c at elevator and 31 %c affoat;options were Mc higher and closed firm and dull; August 30%c; September 30%c; October 31 6c. Oats-spot quiet and strong; options essier; August 22%c; September 221/c; October 231/c: spoi-No. 2 28c; No. 2 white 251 @26c; mixed Western 221/024c. Hay was quiet and steady; good to choice 90c@1 00! Wool dull and easy, domestic fl:ece 16@22c; pulled 15@88c. Beef dull and steady; amily \$8 00@9 00;extra mess \$6 00@7 00; beef hams quiet at \$14 50@15 00: tierced beef was steady; city extra India mess \$11 00@12 00. Cut meats were quiet and steady; pickled bellies 4%c; do. shoulders 856 @356; do. hams -c. Lard steady and duli; Western steam \$3 50; city \$3 10, no option sales; September closed at \$3 60; refined steady; Continent \$3 80; South America \$4 50; compound \$3 75@4 00. Pork quoted firm; old mess \$7 25@7 75; new mess \$7 75@8 25. Butter steady; demand good; State dairy 10@141/c; do. creamery 111/4 @15c; Western dairy 9@12c; do cream ery 111/015c; Elgins 15. Eggs steady, with a fair demand; State and Pennsylvania 18@18\c; Western fresh 11@12\c; do. per case \$1 00@3 00. Cotton seed oil steadier and quiet; crude 19@20c; yellow prime 221/028c; do. off grade -c. Rice steady and quiet; domestic, fair to extra 305%c; Japan 404 4c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@87c. Peanus steady; fancy handpicked 4@4%c. Coffee—options weak and 5 points up to 5 points down; August \$10 25; October \$9 80@9 35; March \$9 00@9 05; May \$9 00; spot Rio dull; No. 7, \$11 50. Sugar-raw quiet and steady; fair refining 8c; centrifugal, 98 test -c; refined fairly active and firmer;

cut-loaf and crushed 5%c; granulated (HICAGO, Aug. 3.-Cash quotations: Flour quiet; prices unchanged. Wheat-No 8 spring 57 % @ 58 % c; No. 2 red 61@61%. Corn-No. 2,2416@24%c. Oats-No 2 quoted at 18 kc. Mess pork, per bbl, \$6 80 @6 85. Lard, per 100 lbs, \$3 17 kg. @3 25. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs. \$3 35@3 4 0. Dry saited shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, \$3 75@4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs \$3 50@3 6214. Whiskey \$1 22.

off A 4 5-16@4%c; standard A 4%c;

The leading futures ranged as follows -opening, highest lowest and closing: Wheat-August 57%, 58%, 57%, 58%; September 58% 058%, 58%, 58, 58, 58%; December 60% 060%, 61, 60% 60% 61c. Corn-August 23%. 24%. 28% 24%. 28% 24%. 294%; September 24% 24%, 25, 24%. 94% @95c; May 27%, 28%, 27%, 28%c. 6 05; January \$6 95. 7 0314, 6 9214 7 0214. 0 05; January \$6 95, 7 02½, 6 92½, 7 02½.

Lard—September \$3 27½, 3 32½, 3 25,

8 32½; October \$3 35, 8 37½, 8 32½,

8 37½; January \$3 60, 3 62½, 3 57½,

8 62½. Short ribs—September \$3 35,

8 42½, 3 35, 3 42½; October \$3 37½,

3 45, 8 87½, 3 45; January \$3 50, 8 55,

8 47½, 3 55.

BALTIMORE, August S .- Flour quiet; Western superfine \$1 80@2 00; do extra \$2 25@3 65; do family \$8 00@ 3 80; winter wheat patents \$8 40@3 65; do spring \$3 50@3 75.. Wheat dull and do spring \$3 50@3 75.. Wheat dull and steady; spot and August 61½@61%c; September 62½@62½c; Steamer No. 2 red 57½@57¾c; Southern by sample 60@68½c; do on grade 60@63c. Corn steady: spot 29½@39%c; August 29½@29½c; September 29½@29%c; Southern corn 30@31c. Oats firmer; No. 2 white 29@30c; No. 2 mixed 24½@25c.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star August 8.-Galveston, firm at 69 16c: act receipts 109 bales; Norfolk, firm at 6%, net receipts 2 bales; Baittmore, quiet at 7%, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 7 7-16, net receipts 4 bales, Wilmington, nothing doing, net receipts 89 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 7 11-16, net receipts 10 bales; Savannah, dull at 6%, net receipts - bales New Orleans, quiet at 6 13 16, net re-ceipts 812 bales,7 new; Mobile, nominal at 6 11-16, net receipts 7 bales, 3 new; Memphis, quiet at 6%, net receipts 21 bales, 8 new; Augusta, steady at 7. net receipts 51 bales; Charleston, steady at

6%, net receipts - bales.

MARINE.

ARRIVED. Am schr Seth M Todd. 187 tons, Johnson, New York, Geo Harriss, Son Nor barque Augusta, Fernebo, Baiba. does, by Sapelo quarantine station Paterson, Downing & Co.

Heide & Co. MARINE DIRECTORY List of Vessels in the Port of Wil-

Ital barque Madre, 447 tons, Girgenti.

mington, W. C., August 4, 1896. SCHOONERS. Roger Moore, 812 tons, Miller. Geo Harriss. Scn & Co. W C Wickham, 313 tons, Edwin, Geo. Harriss, Son & Co. Bertha H (B), 124 tons, Le Cain, Gco.

Harriss, Son & Co. BARQUES. Argo (Nor) — tons, (at Southport quar-antine), Arentsen, Para, Brazil. Rosa Eliane (Fr), 550 tons, Le Croix. Heide & Co. Eimiranda, 568 tons, Duncan, to master.

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