Appoint Committees. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, August 11 .- At noon today the members of the Democratic National Committee met in secret ses-

sion at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Before calling the meeting to order, Senator Jones held a private conference with Mr. Sewall, the Vice Presidential

Contrary to expectations the session of the committee was not a long one. It adjourned at 2.10 o'clock. Another meeting will be held to-morrow at the same place. There was no formal discussion) as tothe place for establishing headquarters. There was some talk as to the relative merits of Washington and Chicago, but on motion of Senator Gorman, the chairman was authorized to appoint committees as follows: An executive committee of twentyfive, a campaign committee of nine and a finance committee of twenty-five. Of each committee Senator Jones will be an ex officio member. He was also empowered to name a special advisory committee outside the National Committee if he thought best. The campaign committee will have charge of the committee and it. with Senator Jones, will select its own chairman, who may be taken from the outside. The campaign committee, with Senator Jones. shall chose the headquarters of the National Committee. Senator Jones will appoint the committees to-night or tomorrow and the National Committee

will meet again to-morrow at noon. It was understood that Mr. Bryan favors Chicago, while Senator Jones believes Washington to be more suitable. Mr. Bryan's arguments will be heard in the morning by Senator Jones, and a tew of the other National committeemen. If they are strong enough they will decide the matter. There will be no fight in the committee over the loca-

The official report of to-day's meeting given out by the secretary after the meeting adjourned as follows: Senator Jones called the meeting to

order. There was a roll call of States. The absentees were noted; C. French, of Connecticut; B. M. Lawter, of Minnesota: A. J. McHatton, of Montana: W. H. Thompson, of Nebraska; R. P. Keating, of Nevada; S. C. Dudley, of Texas; G. Wallace, of Washington: F. N. Manzares. of New Mexico; A. W. McCune, of Utah, and Thomas Marion, of Indian

A report from Treasurer St. John of the arrangements made for the Notification Committee in Madison Square Garden was submitted and approved. and a vote of thanks to Mr. St. John for his labors was adopted unanimously."

#### SPOTS AND FUTURES. New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, August 11.- The Sun says: Cotton advanced three to ten points, but lost this and declined nineteen to twenty-one, closing steady at a net decline of fifteen to twenty points, with

sales of 263,100 bales. To-day's features: The Liverpool news to-day was decidedly bullish. An advance has been expected in that market to-day, but the rise there was greater than had been generally looked for. Prices here advanced in response at the start. There was a good local demand. and also considerable buying for out of town account. But the Weather Bureau reported further rains in Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas, and though the rainfall was light and scattered, the report induced many operators to sell, and accordingly prices declined. Stop orders were reached on the way down and contributed to the weakness. There was also some selling for Southern account. Bears hammered. There was a slight rally before the close, but the last prices were near the bottom figures of the day. Shorts covered on the decline.

## U. S. TREASURY:

The Situation Does Not Show Improvemen Hoped For. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 11 .- With onethird of August passed, the Treasury situation does not show that improvement that was reasonably hoped for. The receipts foot up \$9,860,000 and the expenditures \$19,955,000, leaving a deficit so far of \$10,295,000. It is probable that this deficit will be lessened somewhat before the end of August. The gold reserve at the close of business today stood at \$107,104,281. a decrease of \$3,670,000 since August 4 when the reserve reached its recent maximum. Then the reserve stood at \$110,782 000, built up from \$89 669 000 on July 23, its lowest recent point, by national banks contributing \$26,300,000. Since July 23, the legal tender notes held by the Treasury, which were paid out for the gold paid in, which are redeemable in gold on presentation, have decreased from \$87,890,000 to \$69,250.000. Since July 1 the Treasury has redeemed in gold \$21,000 000 of legal tender notes presented for redemption.

## VIOLENT WIND STORM

Caused Considerable Damage to Property Clavelard, Ohio.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star CLEVELAND, OHIO, August 11 .- A violent wind storm visited this city yesterday afternoon. The temperature fell from 92 to 79 degrees. Telegraph and telephone wires parted like strings, wagons were overturned, and the air was filled with flying debris. The greatest excitement prevailed at Great Lake front. Among the yachts caught in the storm were the Priscilla and Avocal. The Priscilla weathered the storm and was towed in by a tug. The Avocal was far out in the lake, and is still missing. A clipper went down with five men, but all were rescued. Several others had desperate struggles, but were

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Aug. 11 .- Spirits turpentine dull but sterdy at 24@34%c. mon to good \$1 57%@1 60.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 201/20311/2: sales—casks Rosin firm; sales—barrels: B, C, \$1 25, D, E \$1 80, F \$1.85, G \$1 40 H \$1 45, I \$1 50, K \$1 55, M \$1 60, N \$1 65, W G \$1 70, W W \$1 80.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 11 .-- Spirits turpentine firm at 2214, with sales of 2,000 casks; receipts 1,757 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales of 3,000 barrels;receipts 3,848 barrels.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, awaken the kidneys and liver to a healty activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or levers, use Syrup of Figs.

wildly interesting. The station was crowded with people to the number of twelve hundred. Mr. Bryan stood on and liver to a healty activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel

## WM. JENNINGS BRYAN

ON HIS JOURNEY FROM THE WEST TO NEW YORK.

An Ovation to the Democratic Candidate fo the Presidency at Every Point-Greeted by Enthusiastic Crushing Crowds at All Stopping |Places on the

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. JOHNSTOWN, PENN., August 11,-II candidate Bryan had not moved lively this morning his arrival in New York would have been delayed beyond the time fixed and people who had arranged demonstrations along the route would have been disappointed. Mr. Bryan is not travelling by special train and must be on time at stations like any other passengers. He reached the Union station in Pittsburg this morning at 7.80 o'clock just in time to catch the Pennsylvania train which left for New York at that hour. The hard work of yesterday and last night had fatigued him so much that he overslept himself. The conductor of the train was crying "all aboard" when Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and some others with them came down the station platform. A knot of Pittsburg Democrats were at the Union station to see Mr. Bryan off and they cheered him with will as the train moved out. Mr. James Kerr, of Clearfield. Pa.

ex-Congressman and under clerk of the House of Representatives, who will probably manage the Bryan campaign in Pennsylvania, had chartered a sleeper attached to the train, and he turned this over to Mr. Bryan and some of his friends. Among those on the car in addition to Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were: Mr. and Mrs. Richard P. Bland, Mr, and Mrs, Kerr, J. Snyder of Clearfield; Maj John D. Warman, Secretary of the Democratic club of Pennsylvania, who will accompany the candidate to New York; Col. Spangler, of Bellefont, and John Garman, of Wilkesbarre, Pa, H. V. Diviley, and a reception committee from Altoona were also on the train. The first stop of the train was at Greensburg, which was reached at 8,30 o'clock. A cheer from the station platform announced to Mr. Bryan that he did not lack supporters there. The Democratic club of the town, stepping to the music of a drum corps, marched to the rear of the train, and several hundred other spectators also gathered around. There was more cheering as Mr. Bryan appeared, and the few moments the train remained at the station was spent in hand-shaking. Mr. Bryan's voice is in very bad condition. Yesterday's speechmaking ordeal caused a hoarseness, and he will have to be careful to keep it in good condition for his New York speech. When Latrobe was reached, at 845, a crowd of about 250 was assembled, and the cheering and hand-shaking was re-

HUNTINGTON, PA., August 11 .- Al toona gave Mr. Bryan a rousing reception. When the train came to a stand still the hundreds of people were lined up along the tracks. Many others were crowding balconies and windows of neighboring houses, while box cars and other points of vantage were lined with rear platform of the train was not in an advantageous position to enable most of those composing the throng to get near Mr. Bryan, and of all the vast assemblage not more than five hundred could crowd into the narrow space between the train and guard wall to places directly in front of where the nominee stood. In the struggle to get near him much confusion resulted. There were yells of "Bryan" and "speech" but Bryan shook his head, placing his hand to his throat and called out in a husky voice 'I can't, boys, I can't.'

Then a rush toward the car was made and Mr. and Mrs Bryan went through a hand shaking ordeal until the train moved out. Nearly 1,000 people were waiting for Mr. Bryan at Altoona and Johnstown. The train stopped short o the station and there was a mad rush of the crowd down the tracks to the rear car. Ex-Congressman Kerr held Mr. Bryan and Mr. Bland, both of whom were roundly cheered. Neither spoke. but Mr. Bryan shook hands with a large number of persons. At Cresseno three hundred residents greeted the train and cheered the nominee, with whom many shook hands. Ex-Governor Hogg, o Texas, who is also en route to New York, was discovered in a forward car of the train and Mr. Bryan invited him to his coach just before Cresson was

When Huntington was reached a noon, Mr. Bland talked to the crowd, numbering a couple of hundred, while Mr. and Mrs. Bryan shook hands with those composing it. Both Bland and Bryan were cheered.

Lewistown Junction turned out small crowd and the story was repeated. There were some counter-cheers for Mc-Kinley. Mrs. Bryan was in great demand at Lewiston and attracted nearly as much attention as her husband. One hundred and fifty people at New-

port cheered Bland but forgot to cheer Bryan, so intent were they in shaking hands with him. An excited, overheated, enthusiastic mass of people swarmed beneath the broad roof of the big Penusylvania sta-

tion building at Harrisburg. They crowded the platform, hung two deep on railings, and ran along with the train as it slowed down preparatory to stopping. Among the members of the Bryan party estimates of the size of the Harrisburg congregation were varied. Some placed it as high as five thousand. Most of them were gathered in that part of the station where a brass band was playing, but the band leader had not calculated his distance correctly, for the train halted quite a distance down the track. A wild rush followed, and

just as those who took part in it reached the train, the engineer started ahead again. When the train stopped the people pushed and struggled to get near the rear car, but the successful ones found that their efforts were futile, for Mr. Bryan had been conducted to a coach in front to enable his car to be shifted. When it became known that he was forward, back went the people rushing over each other. Chairman Hubbell, of the Harrisburg

Bimetallic League, presented Mr. Bryan. Cheers followed the announcement and a great cry of "speech" went up. But Mr. Bryan pointed to his throat and shook his head. Just in the midst of the fast and furious handshaking in progress, and just as Mr. Bland had started speech, the car was shifted again. Fighting, shouting and pushing with might and main, the people in the throng around the day car sought to regain their advantageous positions. Hundreds of them were struggling on the track between the car in which Mr. Bryan was and the rest of the train. As they saw the coach bearing down upon them almost a panic ensued in the endeavor to get out of harm's way. Men seemed to leap over the heads of others and some went down. But nobody was injured, and the big assemblage, or rather the male part of it, made another dash toward the car. A smooth-faced man, who looked older than he did when he left Chicago Sunday night, Mr. Bryan stood on the steps of the car and reached out both his hands to be grasped by hundreds of extended fists. His white hat had been displaced by a black skull cap. Mr. Bland tried to talk about the great issue of the campaign,

but his voice was lost in the shouts of those around the car, then Mr. Bryan. with a relieved look, went back to his Barring the shifting process the Bryan reception at Lancaster was quite as Hoon's PILLS are the best after-dianer pill; assist digestion, cure headache.

the rear platform of, his car, which had | 25 cents,

been returned to its original position at the end of the train. The crowded shouted all the time and there was a constant struggle to get near the nominee. Mr. Bland's speech was again lost. The only people who did not appear anxious to join in the grand rush for the Nebraska man's swollen hands were the women standing at the other end of the latform, and the members of the brass band, who had been engaged to play patriotic airs and were fulfilling their contract without intermission. The yelling of the audience, which while constant had not been united, concentrated itself into one last hurrah as the train

moved away. No further stop was made actil they reached Philadelphia.

At Philadelphia there was a crowd of five thousand pushing, surging, perspir-ing people gathered behind the iron gates barring the entrance to be train. A noticeable feature of the crowd was its make-up. It was essentially a crowd of the plain people; the workingman, the mechanic and the laborer. The pressure became so strong that men and women caught in the crash were in danger of being trampled under foot, and the railroad officials, to relieve the pressure, threw open the gates and let the people through upon the platform. With a wild rush the crowds poured through and reckless of constantly shifting trains risked life and limb upon the

The Democratic city committee, headed by Chairman John Curley, were in waiting to welcome Mr. Bryan on his arrival, but as the train pulled into the station at 6.50, the crowd, with a cheer, made a rush and the committee was swamped in the human tide and swept away. Before the train stopped the crowd was surging up to the side of the last car, and those in front swung upon the steps at the risk of their lives. Cheer after cheer went up as Mr. Bryan appeared on the back platform, and the crush was terrible to get near him. Mrs. Bryan stood beside her husband, and bowed and smiled as some enthusiast in the crowd held up to her a bouquet of roses. Mr. Bryan leaned over the rail of the platform and shook all the outstretched hands in reach. To cries for a speech the tired nominee could only shake his head and raise a protesting

In the meantime, the city committee had succeeded in forcing its way into the car, and none too soon, as after a stop of nine minutes the train pulled out for New York amid the cheers of

the surrounding mob. Chairman Curley then greeted Mr. Bryan and wished him success and expressed regret that his stay in Philadelphia was so brief, as otherwise the committee would have arranged for a fitting reception. Mr. Bryan responded briefly and sank wearily into a seat. The train stopped only two minutes at Treaton. but in this time Mr. Bryan shook hands from the platform with all those in

The trip from Trenton to New York was made without special incident except at Newark, where two or three hundred people gave three cheers for Bryan and demanded a speech, but the candidate excused himself on the plea that his voice was weak.

When Newark was reached a turbulent mob rushed toward the train, cheering like mad. A thousand or more pressed into the enclosure, between the pushed and shoved until those in front broke into a run out of sheer self protection, and on a rapid, disorderly trot, men and boys, ten deep, went past the platform where Mr. Bryan was standing, making wild endeavors in the quick progress to grasp his hand. The cheering of those in this unchecked human stream and of the great crowds in the quieter positions was continuous. Mr. Bryan kept both hands working constantly. Sky rockets and Roman candles were fired and red lights burned and altogether the scene was one of the wildest excitement and enthusiasm.

NEW YORK, August 11,-Candidate William J. Bryan arrived in this city tonight. He reached Jersey City over the Pennsylvania Railroad at 8.10 o'clock and was driven to the residence of Wm. P. St. John.

Although Mr. Bryan had expressly requested that there should be no public demonstration from bands of marching clubs he was received by a large and enthusiastic crowd both at Jersey City and on the New York s de. Long before the train was scheduled to arrive there, the Pennsylvania station was crowded with persons anxious to catch a glimpse of the apostle of free silver. Sixty police, under the command of Inspector Lange and Capt. Ferrier, took charge of the crowd and were busy in keeping them from crowding against the gates. As it was, many of them climbed on the gates and cheered for Bryan. The coming of the Democratic candidate was eagerly awaited by a reception committee, consisting of Senator J. K. Jones, of Arkansas; Treasurer St. John, J. T. Tomlinson, National committeemen from Alabama, and Arthur Sewall, can-

didate for Vice President. During the passage over the river Mr. Bryan was cheered, but aside from bowing and saying "Thank you, my friends," did not speak.

Before the ferry boat had reached the New York side, the large crowd on the deck, taking up the cheers of those on the "Hudson City," shouted and cheered for Bryan. The police management on that side was as nearly perfect as could be expected. A line was opened through the crowd and Mr. Bryan, accompanied by Mr. Bland. Senator Jones and Mr. Sewall, passed through the shouting throng of persons to carriages which were in waiting and were driven to Mr. St. John's house, where they arrived at 9.25 and were again met by an immense crowd, who cheered and shouted until Mr Bryan and his party disappeared behind the closed doors.

## SPANISH BRUTALITY.

The Rad Cross Society Calls A tention to the Nor-Observance by Spaio, in Cuba, of Stipulations of the Congress. By Telegraph to the Moraing Star.

New York, August 11.-An appeal, signed by more than a hundred persons in the United States, will be sent to the General Council of the International Red Cross Society, calling attention to the non-observance by Spain in the Cuban war of the stipulations unanimously agreed to at the Congress held by the Society in which Spain as a nation took part. It was at the conference specified that in all international or civil wars the hospitals, wounded men, the surgeons and nurses of the enemy should be respected by the contending parties. Attention is called in the physicians' protest to the frequent mention made in Spanish official reports of the capture and destruction by the Spanish troops of the hospitals of the

Cuban insurgents. The specific case presented is that of a Cuban hospital which was recently cap-tured by the Spanish troops near Matanzas. All the patients with the surgeons, Izguierdo and Roig, were macheted by the Spanish soldiers, as officially reported by the authorities and printed in all the Havana papers.

The Italian Government has sent a cable to Baron Fava, Italian Ambassador at Washington, directing him to forward to Rome at once information concerning the lynching of three Italians in St. Charles parish, La., on Sunday last.

DO NOT EXPERIMENT in so important a matter as your health. Purify enrich and vitalize your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and thus keep yourself strong and healthy.

EFFECTS OF THE HOT WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

Dead Horses a Menace to the Public Heelth-Intense Heat in Canada - The Hottest Day of the Week at Portland, Maine,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHICAGO, August 11.-Chicago's mornary statistics were broken yesterday. Never in the history of the city were so many deaths recorded in one day. The total number of deaths reported was 164 and the deaths from heat prostration,

Horses are falling dead on the streets with such rapidity that they cannot be hauled away before they become a menace to the public health, and beginning last night, the police were under orders to use large quantities of disinectants on such animals as fall dead in the streets, and thus keep down the stench and prevent rapid decomposition. It is estimated that at least 1,000 dead animals are lying in the streets of the

Suffering humanity and animals were favored at 7 o'clock to-night by a cessation of the deadly, dry, scorching weather, which has prevailed for more than a week. The change was heralded by a fresh, cooling breeze from the lake. The heat contined intense, however, being 98 late in the afternoon. The changed condition began with the gathering of a thunder storm from cross the lake at Grand Haven, and the rain came down heavily. The permanent cool weather is not promised before to-morrow.

Thirty deaths were reported to-day as due to sunstroke or less direct effects of the heat, but most of these victims died late vesterday. The number of prostrations was smaller to-day than yesterday. MONTREAL, August 11.-The heat here to-day wos intense and but little

business was done. The thermometer egistered 87 in the forenoon. THREE RIVERS, QUE., August 11 .-Heat which is almost without precedent in this city prevails here. The thernometer registered as high as 108 in

the sun to-day. PORTLAND, ME., August 11 .- To-day was the hottest day of the week, the thermometer ranging from 92 to 95 and several persons were overcome. NEW YORK, August 11 .- Up to noon

to day 46 cases of prostration and 25 deaths were reported from different parts of the city. It is believed that vesterday's record of prestrations and deaths in this city will be passed when the day's returns are all in. In Brooklyn eight deaths and twenty-

three cases of prostrations were reported up to noon. Several deaths and prostrations were also reported in Jersey City to-day. The temperature in this city at l o'clock to-day was 93, and at 2 p.

PHILADELPHIA, August 11 .- The highest temperature was reached to-day when the thermometer went a fraction over 97 degrees. Possibly people are becoming acclimated to the terrific heat or else realizing its deadly power, and are taking more precautions against it, for the mortality fell off somewhat. There were twelve deaths recorded by the police to-day and fifty cases of prostrations were admitted to the hospitals.

BALTIMORE, August 11.-Ten fatalities from the excessive heat were reported up to midnight to-night. Thirty persons were prostrated. The maximum temperature for the day was 95 degrees, which was recorded between 2 and 4 o'clock. The effect of the torrid weather is shown in to-day's report of the Health Department. For the first three days of the current week the mortality was 108. Forty-seven deaths have been directly attributed to the hot weather since Saturday, while indirectly possibly half as many more are chargeable thereto.

### NOTIFICATION COMMITTEE. Gov. Stone Says that His Speech Will be

Brief and Formal. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, August 11 .- No meeting of the committee that is to notify Bryan and Sewall that they were nominated at

Chicago was held to-day. It was declded to postpone the meeting until 12 o'clock to-morrow on account of the absence of some of its members. Gov. W. J. Stone, of Missouri, who is to make the speech of notification, arrived at the hotel at an early hour this morning. Gov. Stone said that his speech of notification would be very brief and formal. The Governor said that he

would do all he could to elect Bryan. Of the campaign in the West, the Governor said: "Our opponents talk of the movement as a wave and craze, but in the West it has passed beyond the effervescent period. If there was ever a great popular uprising of the people it is this silver movement!" notify Bryan, cannot be present and

Chairman White, of the committee to Gov. Stone will be elected to take his

## MURRAY HILL BANK.

One of the Oldest State Banks in the City of New York Closed Its Doors.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, August 11.-The Murray Hill Bank, doing business at 760 Third avenue, one of the oldest State banks in the city, has closed its doors. A Lotice, signed by the State Superintendent of Banking, which was posted on the door. states that the bank is closed pending an examination of its affairs. The bank has deposits of about \$1,250,000, which it is believed will be paid in full. It is understood that the bank was compelled to suspend business because it had to take a good deal of real estate for foans.

## BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Petersburg-Petersburg 3: Richmond 4. Mobile-Mobile 5; Columbus 4. New Orleans-New Orleans 4; Mont-

Nortolk-Norfolk 8; Lynchburg 2. Pittsburg-Pittsburg 9; St. Louis 1. Baltimore-Baltimore 17; Washing-

New York-New York 8: Brooklyn 2 Chicago-Chicago 6; Cincinnati 0. Louisville-Cleveland 6; Louisville 6,

THE TRUCK MARKET. New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star, NEW YORK, Aug. 11.-Huckleberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart 4 to 6c; pears, Southern, tancy, barrel, \$1.50 to \$3.00; watermelons, car-loads, \$100 to 200; do per hundred \$7.00 to 20.00; pesches, Maryland and Delaware. crate, 85 to 85c; do basket, 50c to \$2 00,

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

## MANY LIVES LOST.

FATAL FIRE IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK In Broad Daylight-Some Fifteen or Twenty

Working People Cremated in a Burning Building.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star, NEW YORK, August 11 .- There was fatal fee this afternoon in the buildings at Nos. 465, 467 and 469 Greenwich street, occupied by the A. K. Warren electric repair works and a number of smaller firms. In the excitement attending the outbreak it was reported that at least thirty lives were lost. Some of those reported lost were afterward accounted for. The accurate number of victims will not be known until the ruins are searched. It is believed, however that the death list will prove to be fifteen

or twenty. While the firemen were fighting the lames the bodies of two victims could e plainly seen on the fire-escapes. Five men and boys were injured while escaping from the building. They were taken to Hudson's this afternoon, mangled and burned. What caused the fire is not known, but it is believed to have been started by an explosion. It is known that an explosion occurred a few minutes after the fire broke out. The fire spread like a flash through the building at No. 454, where the fire originated, and cut off the escape of many. The firemen who first reached the scene of the conflagration saw a number of men at the windows calling for help, but before any attempt at rescue could be made they fell back, exhausted by the heat and smoke, and all are supposed to

have perished in the flames. Altogether there were about thirtytwo men employed in the Warren Com pany. There were fifteen on the sixth or top floor, eleven on the fifth, four on the fourth and a couple in the office on the ground floor. From the stories told by those who claimed to have been near by when the fire alarm was given, faces were seen at nearly every window. That at least four are dead in the ruins there can be no doubt, for their charred bodies lie exposed to view on the fire escape of the third and fifth stories. Two others, one a girl, were seen to fall back in the flames, overcome probably by the smoke before the fire touched

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower-Pork Products Declined.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHICAGO, August 11.-The tendency of wheat prices was lower to-day and at the close there was a loss of 1/4 to 1/4c from yesterday's record. September wheat opened from 56% to 56%c, sold between 57 and 56 1/c, closing at 56% to 56%c-%6%c under yesterday. Cash wheat was weak and 1/4c per bushel

Corn-The Government report on corn was reassuring, the condition being estimated at 96, which would mean a yield of 2,286,000,000 bushels. September corn opened at 28%c, sold between resterday. Cash corn was easy and &c

Oats-This market was inclined to follow wheat and corn, although the report on oats by the Government was rather bullish. September oats closed %c under yesterday. Cash oats were weak and ic lower.
Provisions—Product was strengthened at the start by the hog market, where a light run of hogs and a good demand had struck prices early, There

was a fair trade, though local in its character, and prices maintained a firm position. The weakness which developed in grain exerted a depressing effect on product, later the previous gain being entirely lost. September pork closed 121/c lower, September lard 21/05c higher, and September ribs a shade

## CLOSED ITS DOORS.

The Security Bank, of Dulath, One of the Largest of the State's Bapks. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DULUTH, MINN., August 11.-The Security Bank, of Duluth, one of the largest State Banks in the State, closed its doors this morning. A notice posted on the door, signed by the cashier, stated that heavy and unlooked for withdrawals of deposits and the small collections caused the bank to close its doors. Another notice, signed by the Bank Examiner, stated that he had taken possession of its books.

The failure caused considerable exment, and further failures are feared. The bank was organized in 1889, with Thos Sellwood, president, and F. W. Payne, cashier. The capital stock is \$100,000; surplus, \$40,000, and average deposits, \$425,000.

#### HAVANA ADVICES. A Passenger Train Wrecked by Insurgen a and Sugar Betates Destroyed.

By Cable to the Morning Star. HAVANA, August 11.-Rebels have wrecked a passenger train near Navajas, Province of Matanzas. by exploding four dynamite bombs under it as it was passing. A number of passengers and

several soldiers who were acting as guards were wounded. The insurgents have destroyed the Cuba sugar estate of Hueca, in the Manazillo district, owned by Jos. Rigney, an American, and the San Miguel estate. at Azopardo, province of Matanzas. The losses occasioned by the destruction of the properties are estimated at \$1,000,000 in each case.

## WARM WIRELETS.

There are ten cases of small-pox in the Eruptive Hospital at Paducah, Ky. Three cases have developed since Sat-

The mill and dry kiln of the Atlantic Saw Mill Company, of Norfolk, Va., were burned last night. The loss is \$100 000; insurance \$60,000. Col. Robert H. Kern, of St. Louis, was nominated yesterday by the Twelfth District Democratic Congressional Con-

vention without opposition. National Populist Chairman Marion Butler, has called the National Populist Committee to meet at Washington next Tuesday to select headquarters and begin work.

Ex-President Harrison has decided to take the stump in behalf of sound This determination he aunounced by letter to General Powell Clayton, which the latter received yes-

North & Taylor, private bankers of Chicago, suspended yesterday. The bank's depositors are working men and the total amount of their savings is placed at \$100,000. The firm had a capital of \$50,000. A State Convention of Democrats of Virginia, who reject the Chicago plat-

form and will not vote for the nominees, is called to meet in Richmond August 27th, to elect delegates to the Indianapolis convention. The number of fleeces taken from

our sheep in the fall of 1889 and

spring of 1890 was 32,126,868, which made 165, 449, 239 pounds of wool. Lake Mayaimi, in Florida, was named by the Indians Mahi-niwa, 'great water."

A person who has never been in the po-lar region can have no idea of what cold is. When we have the temperature down to 10 or 15 degrees above zero, we think it is bitterly cold, and if our houses were not as warm as at least 50 degrees above zero we should begin to think of freezing to death. Think, then, of living where the mer-cury goes down to 85 degrees below zero in the house in spite of the stove. Of course in such a case fur garments are piled on until a man looks like a great bundle

Dr. Moss of the polar expedition of 1875-6 among other odd things tells of the effect of cold on a wax candle which he burned there. The temperature was 83 degrees below zero, and the doctor mus have been considerably discouraged when upon looking at the candle he discovered that the flame had all it could do to keep It was so cold that the flame could not

melt all the wax of the candle, but was forced to cut its way down, leaving a sort of skeleton of the candle standing. There was heat enough, however, t

melt oddly shaped holes in the thin walls of wax, and the result was a beautiful lacelike cylinder of white, with a tongue of yellow flame burning inside it and sending out into the darkness many streaks of light.-London Answers.

Two ceremonies in Burma mark when childhood stops and manhood or woman hood begins. The boys have their thighs tattooed and the girls their ears bored The boring of the girls' ears is commence with a needle, and the puncture is gradnally increased until the tip of the finger can be introduced. The enlarging process is the one carried out in the Polynesian is lands, where a native can carry a good sized knife hanging in the lobe of his ear. The ugliest mutilation is that of the Eskimo, who punches a hole in his cheek and puts a bone stud into it. The Burmese boy suffers great pain from the elaborate ornamentation of his legs, which are deco rated in blue and red patterns. The eth-nographist is rather inclined to believe that dress at first was rather for adorn ment than as a protection from the cold and there is good reason for this, because supposably primitive man could only have lived in a warm climate, and clothing was not necessary. There can be no possible distinction between the small puncture made today in a child's ears by a woman who thinks herself civilized and the Bur-mese, the Eskimo or the Kaffir mother, who makes bigger holes in ears.-New York Times.

A well known Washington minister tells this story: "In a country circuit in Virginia it was the custom to wear weekday shoes and stockings to church because the dust would get them soiled. Sunday footwear was carried along in the hands of the wearers, and when the church was reached a change was effected. One of the ablest ministers in the conference preached at the church, and being told of the custom and having some distance to walk from where he was being entertained adopted the same method. One of the leading characteristics of the minister was his absentminded ness, and thrusting his hosiery in his pock et he mounted the pulpit. When in the middle of his discourse, he drew out what he thought was his handkerchief, and after wiping his brow laid the article down on the pulpit, when, to his dismay and the amusement of the congregation, he discov ered that it was the pair of extra socks that he had worn to church. He complete his sermon, but it was the last time he ever conformed to that particular custom of the country .- Washington Star.

Napoleon and the Ancient Nobility. Of the ancient nobility the emperor once said with a sneer: "I offered them rank in my army; they declined the service. I opened my antechambers to them; they rushed in and filled them." To this sweeping statement there were many noteworthy exceptions, but on the whole Napoleon never classed the estate of the French nobles lower than they deserved. Still they had a power which he recognized, and it was with a sort of grim humor that he began to distribute honors and the sops of patronage among both the old and the new aristocracy—a process which only made the latter independent and failed to win the affections of the former. - Professor Sloane's "Life of Napoleon," in Century.

How the Quarrel Began.

"I dreamed last night," said Dick, "that I went out in the woods and found a barrel full of gold." "That was bully!" exclaimed Johnny. "You gave me a whole lot of it, didn't

"Course not. I bought the bang uppest bicycle you ever saw with part of it and spent the rest for candy.' "I wouldn't be as stingy as you are, said Johnny, "not for \$1,000,000."-Chicago Tribune.



With a better unders transient nature of the nr .y p' sforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts— rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual dis-

ease, but simply to a . tion of the system, wh family laxative, Syrup ly removes. That is a ny remedy with millions firm everywhere esteemer so who value good hea .h. effects are due to the fart the one remedy which oleanliness without of a organs on which is act. efore all important, : orde beneficial effects. a purchase, that . - na. cle, which is fornia Fig S rup c Caliall reputat . r ggis .

JAIS Sur ... refire , havatives or wo has of needed. If tended to comost skillful ut if in need of a laxative, ve the best, and with the d everywhere, Syrup of ighest and is most largely amort general satisfaction. Figss

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's opion, for I cent per word each insertion; but no savertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advances.

Photographs-A poor Photograph is one of the poorest things in the world. Remember I guaran-Ellis, 114 Market street, Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Specu ation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly ex plained. Cossespondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. my 17 ly su tu th

Wanted-Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 125 Princess street. ('Phone 256.) jy 12 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries, Watermelo's and Cantalop's received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 21736 North Front street. jy 11 tf Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McRachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market di

jy 19 24m

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new ju 25 3m

## C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

## On Saturday, Aug. 15

We will take our semi-annual inventory and will offer during this week lots of merchandise at COST rather than carry them to next season. We want room in our CARPET and RUG Department for the new stock

which will soon be here. To make this room we offer our \$1.00 Velvet Carpets for 80c.

85c Brussel Carpets for 60c.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON ART SQUAAES AND RUGS.

We offer 3,000 yards of Dark and Light Challie, Ginghams, Organdy and light Figured Duck, all at 10c per yard. Some were our 35c Goods. We are sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Butterick Paper Patterns

Subscription for the Delineator taken at our Store. C. W. Polvogt & Co.

## BRIGHT, PURE, ELEVATING And Instructive

Are the advertisements of the One-Price Cash Store of the City by the Sea. Our principal aim in spending money with the newspapers for advertisment is to instruct the reading public by teaching them the prices of the different classes of Dry Goods they need in their daily lives. We claim to be the leading and most progressive Dry Goods store in the city, and handle everything that is kept in the largest department store throughout the United States.

Perhaps you are thinking of taking a trip and you may want a trunk, grip bag or valise. Small, Zinc-covered Trunks, 26 inches high, tray and bonnet box, at \$1.85 each, 28 inches, at \$1.75; 80 inches, at \$3 25. Large and fine Saratoga Trunks, with sheet-iron bottoms, zinc. bright and attractive in appearance, with good lock and clash, 80 inches long, at \$2.75; 34 inches, at 3.25; 36 inches, at 1.25. Canvas-covered, 36 inches long. at \$4.25. Hand Bags and Grip Bags of all kinds. Mackintosh Coats and Ladies' Rubber Gossamers selling very low; all new and strictly up-to-date. Assorted colors, for ladies, from \$1.65 to 2.50 pair. Men's high cnt, solid Brogan each. All Wool, for men, with Cape | Shoes, at 80c a pair.

\$3.75 up to 10.00 each. Fine line of new Umbrellas in rattan handles Gloria top, Paragon frame, at 75 and 80c each. Congo handle with Twilled Silk top, Paragon frame, at \$1.00 each. The same Umbrella we have been selling at \$1.50. We wish to call attention to the fact that we handle the following goods in large quantities. Ladles' Slippers-We wish to close to make more room for our Fall stock of Shoes. A very nice Slipper, with patent tip, Dongola finish.

and Long Coats, best rubber-lined, from

at 89c a pair. Better Slippers, worth \$1:00, for 80c a pair. Our line at \$1.69. now 145 a pair, are as neat and fine Slippers as are to be found. The handsomest Slipper we ever had at \$2.50, now at 2.10 a pair. Men's Patent Leather Slippers, worth \$1.35, now at 1.10 a pair. Dongola Low Cut Shoes for men, worth \$1 35, now 1.10 a pair. Men's and Boys' Rubber Bottom Slippers. leather insole, with rubber bottoms, at 40c a pair. Men's fine Buff Shoes, all solid, soft and nice, Tie, Lace and Congress, at \$1.00 a

You will find us at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Caylord, Prop. WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE au 9 tf

# Special Clearance Sale JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th lnst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts. Former Price \$1.25 to 1.75. Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and A Few Linens at 30c, Worth 50 and 60 cts. All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

## Don't Miss the Sale, JOHNSON & FORE.

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear.

"Make Hay While The Sun Shines." And if You Wish to Make It Economically, Buy

THE "CHAMPION" MOWER. This Machine, with one pair of Horses or Mules and a driver, will cut

Ten Acres in a Day. WILL CUT ANY KIND OF GRASS.

## Call and examine this Wonderful Machine. J. W. MURCHISON,

WILMINGTON, N. C., At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to

Comptroller. LIABILITIES. RESOURCES. Capi al \$125,000 00
Surplès \$\\$15,000 00
Undivided profits \$\\$17,567 01 - \$6,767 01
Circulation \$400,95 .....\$492,601 75 None 
 Overdrafts
 None

 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)
 41,250 00

 Banking House and Fixtures
 10,0 0 00

 Redemption Fund
 1,856 00

 Due from Reserve Agent:
 \$54,777 21

 Due from other Banks
 48,866 98

 Cash on hand
 63,336 02-166,980 21
 Total .....

E. J. Powers, S. P. McNair, H. L. Vollers, Sam'l Bear, Jr., W. C. Coker, Jr. G. A. Norwood, Greenvile, S. C J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., New York correspondent; Chemical National Bank.

# MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

RALEIGH, N. C. The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September

Special attention paid to thorough instruction on the Violin. Certificate admits to Vassar. REV. B SMEDES, A. M. FOR YOUNG LADIES,

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