WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 5, 189

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT: WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: ARTHUR SEWALL,

of Maine. STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

> FOR GOVERNOR: CYRUS B. WATSON, of Forsyth. FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: THOMAS W. MASON. of Northampton. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE : CHARLES M. COOKE, of Franklin. FOR STATE TREASURER B. F. AYCOCK, of Wayne. FOR TATE AUDITOR : R. M. FURMAN.

of Buncombe. FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION: JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH, of Johnston. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: F. I. OSBORNE.

of Mecklenburg. ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT A. C. AVERY, of Burke, GEO. H. BROWN,, Jr., of Beaufort

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET

1st District-W. H. Lucas, of Hvde. F. A. Woodard, of Wilson Frank Thompson, Onslow E. W. Pou, of Johnston. W. W. Kitchin, of Person Jas. A. Lockhart, of Anson. S. J. Pemberton, of Stanly R. A. Doughton. Alleghany Jos. S. Adams, Buncombe

COCKRAN ON SLAVEHOLDERS. -Will you submit to this conspiracy between the professional farmers, the farmers who cultivate the quarrels of their neighbhrs, farmers who labor with their jaws, Populist agitators of the West, and the unreconciled slave-holders of the South This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slave-holders, who would like to pay no wages at all. - (Extract from the speech of Bourke Cockran, delivered in New York August 18th.) which we and others who contend

WE CAN STAND ALONE.

A stereotyped reason of the gold standard advocates in this country against independent action by the United States for the coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, or any other ratio, is that this country alone could not maintain the double-standard, or bimetallism, and therefore, while professing to be bimetallists and friendly to the largest use of silver as money, they contend that we should have the consent and co-operation of the leading commercial countries of Europe before we open our mints to silver, not to free coinage, but to any coinage that would materially increase the volume of silver money. They give as a reason for repealing the Bland-Allison act which increased the amount of coined silver less than \$50,000,000 a year, that we were getting more silver under it than could be maintained at a parity with gold, and they repealed the Sherman act for the same reason. They insisted that we could not maintain this amount of silver at a parity with gold while the European Governments kept their mints closed against silver and refused to recognize it as full money, so that they are not only opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, but to any coinage without the assent and co-operation of other gold standard nations.

When the Congress of the United money combines, as all the Republican Congresses of this country have been, at their behests demonetized silver in 1873 (a fact to which Governor Jarvis called attention in his excellent speech Thursday night) and demonetized it surreptitiously as he showed, they did not ask the assent and co operation of European countries, but proceeded to follow the example set by England in 1816, without conferring with or asking the opinion of any other country; but when it comes to restoring the silver which was then degraded; we are told that this cannot be done, and must not be done, without securing the consent and co-operation of Great Britain, for without the assent of Great Britain no other Enropean nation will move unless this country leads the way, when they may follow without the cooperation of Great Britain, as they followed in demonetizing silver in 1873 after this country had struck it down and surrendered to Great

To maintain their position the gold adherents quote European fianciers, particularly English financiers, to prove that this country could not alone successfully undertake the free coinage of silver, and among these quote some bimetallists who have been laboring for "international agreement," some of whom fear that free coinage by this country may retard the general adoption of bimetallism, but there are few if any of them who do not candidly admit that if they were Americans they would, now that the declaration silver to its status previous to 1873. contend for it and support it.

has been as much quoted as any financier who lives on the other side | ber.

of the Atlantic, said in a letter published some time ago that being a European, although a bimetallist, he was opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country, but if he were an American, and viewing the question from an American standpoint, he would favor it.

We quoted a short while ago some extracts from a letter of the leading himetallist of Germany, Prof. Otto Arendt, who was also much quoted by the gold standard advocates, in which he declared that this country could not only maintain her bimetallic currency, but that the opening of our mints to silver would encourage the bimetallists of Europe, and would force the Governments of Europe to speedily follow our example, which they would have to do in self defence, and thus bimetallism would be secured for the world all the sooner. He closed his letter with the declaration that, in his opinion, the election of Wm. J. Bryan would result in the speedy restoration of silver by all of those countries in which it has been demonetized.

Another noted bimetallist, and one of the leading financiers of England, is Mr. W. H. Grenfell, once president of the Bank of England, and now President of the General Council of the Bimetallic Leagues of Great Britain, has just published a letter in which he says that with America taking the lead European nations must follow, or surrender the commercial supremacy of the world to the United States. In that letter he discusses the question at length, and among other things says: "If I were a citizen of the United States, I should go about with 16 to 1 badges all over me. * *

settle the ratio for the world." Here are the opinions of three distinguished European financlers, all admitted to be good authority and quoted as such even by gold standard advocates in this country, declaring that if they were Americans for the restoration of silver, which parity with gold, but can force other nations to follow our example, all of

believe that if the system were given

air play the United States is big enough,

rich enough and strong enough to main-

A SPLENDID MEETING.

for free silver firmly believe.

Yesterday we referred in a brief editorial to the splendid work being done by Democratic speakers in this campaign, and the great interest shown by the people in attending Democratic meetings in such large numbers, although we are only on the threshold of the campaign. This was practically illustrated by the splendid and enthusiastic meeting at the Opera House Thursday night when ex-Governor Jarvis spoke to one of the largest and most attentive audiences that ever assembled under that roof. The house was not large enough to hold the people who wanted to hear, and several hundred were thus deprived of the pleasure of listening to one of the most practical, plain and convincing speeches ever delivered in that house, a speech in which no flights of fancy were attempted, no ornate oratory, but one marked by a spirit of candor, earnestness and conviction throughout.

and if conspicuous for one thing more than another it was for the large number of working men, wageearners, to whom much of Governor Jarvis' speech was directed, and directed because a studied effort is being made to draw them away from the support of the Democratic national ticket on States, which was controlled by the false representation that the free coinage of silver will be injurious to them. The attention with which they listened, the aptness they showed in catching the points and the illustrations made by the speaker, and the applause with which these points and illustrations were received shows that the gold standard advocates are not meeting with signal success in turning them against the free coinage of silver and the nominees of the Democratic party. In this connection we repeat what Governor Jarvis said when speaking about the good sense and patriotism of the people, "the people

It was a representative audience,

can always be trusted." As an indication of popular sentiment this meeting, occurring in a city in which there is perhaps as active an effort being made for the gold standard as in any city in the State, is most suggestive of the intense interest the people are taking in this great question, and of the determination of the masses to assert the right of the people to rule, to the end that this may be "a government of the people, for the people and by the people," and it is a clarion declaration by the true Democracy of New Hanover county that they will

do their duty in November. Acting Chairman Payne of the National Republican Committee, says there is no use in denying the fact that in the agricultural regions of Minnesota, Iowa, Kansas and the Dakotas, there is a great lukewarmness among Republicans on account of the "money question." They do not like the way the g. o. p. is playhas been made for the restoration of ling it now. Mr. Payne, who acknowledges it with [pain, says it will take a good deal of whooping The famous Cherunisci, who up and blowing on the big bassoon to get them warmed up by Novem-

MINOR MENTION.

The McKinley Aid Society closed

ts business at Indianapolis with the nomination of Senator John M. Palmer, of Illinois, for President, and Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner, of Kentucky, for Vice President. Gen. Bragg, one of the few aspirants to fame, was conspicuous mainly for the weakness he showed when the balloting took place. But this will not have the effect of lessening Gen. Bragg's high estimate of himself. It may be incidentally remarked here that Kentucky captured the Aid Society, but whether this was through the fascinating Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, who has recently recovered his "conscience," and who used to be known as "the silver-tongued" orator, or through the imposing name of Simon Bolivar Buckner, we do not know, but Kentucky was in it and carried off the doubtful honor of the nomination of two Kentuckians, for Senator Palmer was born and reared in Kentucky. Senator Palmer is a gentleman who, by the way, like the distinguished candidate Guthrie of our State, has belonged in turn to all the parties. Before the war he was a Democrat, during the war he was what was known as a war Democrat, after the war he became a Republican and then he relapsed into Democracy, now he is variegating his Democ racy again and posing as a "sound money" Democrat with saffron decorations. He is the same gentleman who was elected to the United States Senate with the aid of the two Populist votes the Legislature which gave him votes enough to elect him, on the understanding that he was for silver, and now he thinks he is doing himself honor in opposing what he then tain the par of exchange alone and to favored, and denouncing the party which he then courted and whose votes sent him to the Senate, for he never could have got there without those votes. Gen. Buokner is chiefly conspicuous in this connection for his opposition to free silver in the they would be now found battling last campaign in Kentucky, and for being driven out of the race for the was demonetized in 1873, and ex- U. S. Senatorship by Joe Blackburn. pressing the full conviction that we These are the two gentlemen who can not only maintain our silver at a were put up as victims by the Indianapolis McKinley Aid Society.

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- Turkey owes \$750,000,000 to very influential citizens of various European nations. The size and the judicious distribution of this debt are considerations that must not be overlooked in studying the causes of the long delay in the inevitable departure of the Turk from Europe.-N, Y. World, Dem.

- It remains for Major Mc Kinley to tell what the Government is doing for the silver dollar now that it wouldn't do under free coinage. He says the Government is now keeping the silver dollar at a parity, or words to that effect. How? Silver dollars are not redeemed in gold.-Cincinnati Enquirer, Dem.

-- Public Printer Benedict says hat he has been forced to buy more than 40,000,000 envelopes to meet the demands of the various party committees for franked documents for use in the campaign. Fortunately, as Mr. Black is now in Troy, the pressure of collars and cuffs on the mails will be relieved until after election. - N. Y. Journal, Dem.

- An Augusta gold man says: You free silver men can draw your strongest argument from the recent action of the gold syndicates. These men have demonstrated that they control the gold supply, and that they could have prevented bond issues a few months ago just as easily as they are preventing them now." He is right. Uncle Sam has been buncoed by Wall street "Patriots."-Augusta Chronicle, Dem.

- Fayetteville Observer : Mrs. W. G. Maxwell died at Stedman Friday. Mrs. Maxwell was a daughter of Sheriff Averett, who himself is very sick. -Mr. Frank H. Holingsworth, second son of Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Hollingsworth, dled Monday evening of typhoid fever. He had been extremely ill for some time, but all hope was not given up until

Full Details Gladly Given.



R. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most comm symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their Dr. Miles' prostrating unrest were numerous and I could Heart Cure get no rest day or night.
I consulted leading phy-

Restores sicians and tried adver-Health..... tised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS. P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills cure Neuralgia, No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CUR All Pain "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists, June 15 1y sa tu th

()LD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

-- Williamston News : Died in Williamston, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Blount, on the 27th inst., Marriet Gainer, in the 80th year of her age.

- Goldsboro Argus: A fire at Warsaw Tuesday night destroyed the business houses of Mr. L. P. Best and Mr. C. E. Hussey. The loss could not be ascertained or the amount of insurance.

- Jonesboro Progress: Mr. J. D. Arnold, son of Dr. Arnold, of Pocket township, died August 24th, 1896. He had just entered the ministry of the Presbyterian church, and had spent one year at Hampden-Sidney Seminary. He was 26 years of age.

- Monroe Enquirer: Farmers are justly incensed at the cotton tie trust. The trust has advanced the price of ties and now the farmers in some sections of the country are using wires for ties. -- There have been more cases for petty larceny tried at this term of court than at any other term within our memory. All that was stolen by the dozen rogues tried was not worth more than fifteen dollars. The county was put to near one hundred dollars cost to convict a colored boy

for stealing a lemon. Tarboro Southerner: Jas, Knight, colored, of this place, and brother of the wite of Cary Smith, jailor, died in Suffolk Ftiday morning from the effects of a gun shot wound. Sometime in the early hours of that mornng he was shot and ran to a house and fell on the porch. Knight stated just before his death that that a man in a blue dress hailed him, and because he did not answer shot him. Not much credence is put in this story. His remains were brought here Saturday and interred. Joe Morris, a coloted man, Tuesday morning, while driving a wagon for R. Chaney, fell from it at Nobles' Mill. The vehicle passed over him and he died in a few minutes. He only gasped, "Lord, have mercy," and expired.

TWINKLINGS.

- Parke-"I don't suppose, old nan, you can really appreciate how bright my children are.' Lane-"No; I have never met your

- Railroad Superintendent (to aborer)-"Pat, if you vote for free silver ou vote to reduce your wages one-half. Pat-"I don't believe a dom word of t. If I did you would not say a word." -Arkansas Gazette.

- "There were a couple of fellows n the hotel last night who shouldn't be permitted to travel alone." "What did they do? Blow out the

"No: they blew out the safe door."-- Cholly-"I say, Harry, d'you think your sister knows that I am

Harry-"I'm sure she does, 'ens she gave me a penny to wait about and tell her when you was gone."-London Fun. - "Is the Colonel speaking yet?" "Yes; he's just called you a liar."

'If that's the case he must be pretty well through. Please hand me my shotgun."—Atlanta Constitution. - "Ah-" asked the lady, "this rouge will not-er-rub off?"

"Oh, dear, no, mem," said the clerk. It is especially warranted to stand all the kisses of investigation one's feminine friends may choose to try on it."-Indianapolis Journal.

> PUBLIC SPEAKING. HON. THOMAS J. JARVIS.

Hon. Thomas J. Jarvis will address the people at the following times and places: Lumberton, Saturday, Sept. 5.

CAPT. COOKE AND HON, F. M. SIMMONS Will address the people at the followng times and ylaces; Louisburg, Saturday, Sept. 5.

Wadesboro, Tuesday, Sept. 8. Rockingham, Wednesday, Sept. 9. Laurinburg, Thursday, Sept. 10. Capt. Cnas. M. Cooke will address the people at Burlington Tuesday night HON. CHAS B AYCOCK.

Will address the people at the following times and places: LaGrange, Saturday, Sept. 5th. Pollocksville, Tuesday, Sept. 8th. scksonville, Wednesday, Sept. 9th.

Richlands, Thursday, Sept. 10th.

Hallsville, Friday, Sept. 11. (Duplin ounty) Warsaw, Saturday, Sept. 12.

HON. B. F. AYCOCK, Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, will address the people at the following times and places: Clinton, Sampson county, Friday, September 4

Taylor's Bridge, Saturday, Septem-Kenansville, Duplin county, Monday, Rocky Point. Pender county, Tuesday, September 8. Faison, Duplin county. Wednesday,

September 9. Elm City, Wilson county. Thursday, September 10. Nashville, Nash county, Friday, Sepember 11. Springhope, Nash county, Saturday,

September 12. Sutton's, Franklin county, Monday, September 14. Wakefield. Wake county, Tuesday, September 15. Rolesville, Wake county, Wednesday, September 16. Youngsville, Franklin county, Thurs-

day, September 17. Auburn, Wake county, Friday, Sepember 18 Princeton, Johnston county, Saturday, September 19. Hon. Frank Thompson, Democratic

candidate for Congress, has been requested to speak with Mr. Aycock at all appointments in the Third District. Hon. E. W. Pou at all appointments in the Fourth District.

APPOINTMEN'S WILMINGTON DIS-TRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder. Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September Mission, Haw Branch, September

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, Septem-

ber 19, 20. Disease attacks the weak and debilitated. Keep yourself healthy and strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

All Free.

WATER NOT POPULAR.

A Medical View of Its Use Three Centuries

It needed a very bold man to resist the medical testimony of three centuries ago against water drinking. Few writers can be found to say a good word for it. One or two only are concerned to maintain that, "when begun in early life, it may be pretty freely drunk with impunity," and they quote the curious instance given by Sir Themas Elyot in his "Castle of Health," 1541, of the Cornish men, "many of the poorer sort, which never, or very seldom, drink any other drink, be notwithstanding strong of body and like and live well until they be of great age.' Thomas Cogan, the medical schoolmaster of Manchester fame, confessed in his "Haven of Health," 1589, designed for the use of students, that he knew some who drink cold water at night or fasting in the morning without hurt, and Dr James Hart, writing about 50 years later, could even claim among his acquaintance "some honorable and worshipful ladies who drink little other drink, and yet enjoy more perfect health than most of them that drink of the strongest." The phe nomenon was undeniable, but the natural inference was none the less to be resisted. Sir Thomas Elyot himself is very certain, in spite of the Cornish men, that "there be in water causes of divers dis eases, as of swelling of the spleen and liver." He complains oddly also that "it flitteth and swimmeth," and conclude that "to young men, and them that be of hot complexions, it doeth less harm, and sometimes it profiteth, but to them that are feeble, old and melancholy it is not convenient." "Water is not wholesome cool by itself for an Englishman," was the version of Andrew Borde-monk, physiclan, bishop, embassador and writer on

Both water and small beer, we make no ques

sanitation-as the result of a life's experi

ence. And to quote the "Englishman"

tion, Are enemies to health and good digestion. But the most formal indictment against water is that of Venner, who, writing in 1622, ponderously pronounces "to dwellers in cold countries it doth very greatly deject their appetites, destroy the natural heat and overthrow the strength of the stomach, and consequently confounding the concoction is the cause of crudities, fluctuations and windiness in the body. -Hospital.

Baboura, the First Created Woman. According to our Bible and tradition in general, the first woman was Adam's "helpmeet"—the one we call Eve. The Hebrew Talmudists tell of another and previous wife of "our Father Adam." If we are to believe their story, there was a woman created on the same day when Adam was fashioned from the dust of the earth. This first woman was Lilith. She proved a faithless wife and finally eloped with satan, becoming the mother of devils Some little time after this Adam sighed for a new wife, and it was then that God caused the famous sleep which resulted in the first man losing one of his ribs and getting a wife instead.

But the people (natives) of Madagascan don't believe any such tame tales. They know all about the first woman and how she came into the world. According to their story, her name was Baboura, and her mode of entering the world was some what peculiar. The first man, like our Father Adam, was placed in a garden. One of the brambles growing therein, and which he had neglected to remove was well provided with thorns. One of these pricked the leg of the lonely man, causing boil to form thereon. When that firs Madagascar boil burst, a woman sprang out through it. This was Baboura, th first woman of Madagascar. The above legend is very curious in the

light of the fact that there are dozens of native sea islanders who believe that the first woman entered this world through some sort of a sore on a man's body. -St.

Cold Drawn Steel Tubing. The cold drawn process is now largely resorted to in the production of steel tub ing and is a great factor in the construction of the bicycle and involves machinery both ponderous and powerful. One of the methods employed consists in taking a piece of steel in the shape of a bar, or in-

got. This is bored through the center, and it is then passed through a die, after which it is heated and treated to a bath in a secret preparation, which removes the temper that the drawing process imparts. This is repeated a number of times, each die used being smaller than its predecessor, with the result that the tube grows small er and longer. This is continued until the tube is of the right diameter and gauge. The drawing out of a piece of steel in this manner, without heating, is regarded as a notable example of the perfection of modern machinery.-New York

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles A Mean Employer. Lanky Laborer—Please, sir, give me a job at digging potatoes. I'll do the work BAGGING-2 D Jute Stinda d WESTEKN SMOKED-

cheap for you. Miserly Landowner (aside)-The fellow looks starved to death. (Aloud) All right. I'll give you a job, but you must satisfy me that you are not a vegetarian .- Flie gende Blatter.

A Victim of the New Journalism "Who gave you away when you were

"The press. Saying which she fetched several large crapbooks and reverted with especial bitterness to the newspaper discussions of the hosiery in her trousseau.-Detroit Trib-

With many readers brilliancy of style basses for affluence of thought. They mistake buttercups in the grass for immeasurable gold mines underground.-Long-

The pay of a West Point cadet is \$540

दददददददददददद WING TO THE SUCCESS OF THE GORHAM MAN-UFACTURING COMPANY MANY IMITATORS HAVE SPRUNG UP, CLAIMING & ALSO TO BE "SILVER-SMITHS," WHEREAS WHAT THEY MANUFACTURE IS ONLY SOFT METAL, &&& PLATED, SUCH AS IS AD-VERTISED AND SOLD BY DRY GOODS STORES AS JA "SILVERWARE," TO AVOID MISTAKES THE PURCHAS-ING PUBLIC HAVE ALWAYS AT ANY FIRST-CLASS yyyyy jeweler's, the

Gorham Trade-Mark TO RELY UPON-AN AB-

SOLUTE GUARANTEE OF STERLING QUALITY. *** Too good for Dry Goods Stores

-Jewelers only. ---Bucklen's Arnica Saive.

BEST SALVE in th e world to Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum. Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money re-funded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years

Those who have used Dr. King's New Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has Discovery know its value, and those who | been used for over fifty years by milhave not, have now the opportunity to lions of mothers for their children while try it Free. Call on the advertised Drug-gist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send sooths the child, softens the gums. your name and address to H. E. Buck- allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is len & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box the best remedy for Diarrhoa. It will of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as relieve the poor little sufferer immediwell as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free, All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. Bellamy's low's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

COMMERCIAL.

gives way to the sunshine of hope.

happiness and health, upon taking

and through

and energy

"Hood's Sar

selped me

body. Read

Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it give

renewed life and vitality to the blood.

changed sickness to health, gloom to sun-

shine. No pen can describe what I suf-

fered. I was deathly sick, had sick head-

aches every few days and those terrible

tired, despondent feelings, with heart

troubles so that I could not go up and

much to live for. There is no pleasure in

ife if deprived of health, for life becomes

a burden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far

more than advertised. After taking one

bottle, it is sufficient to recommend

itself." Mrs. J. E. Smith, Beloit, Iowa.

Sarsaparilla

is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.

Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all I'ver ills, it Fous-

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen

& Co., Chicago, and get a free sample

box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A

trial will convince you of their merits.

These pills are easy in action and are

particularly effective in the cure of Con-

stipation and Sick Headache. For Ma-

laria and Liver troubles they have been

proved invaluable. They are guaran-

teed to be perfectly free from every dele-

terious substance and to be purely vege-

table. They do not weaken by their ac-

tion, but by giving tone to the stomach

and bowels greatly invigorate the sys-

tem. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by

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DOMESTICS-

Sheeting, 44, \$\pi\$ yard......
Yarns. \$\pi\$ bunch.....
EGGS—\$\pi\$ dozen

SH—
Mackerel, No 1, \$\pi\$ barrel
Mackerel, No 2, \$\pi\$ haif-barrel
Mackerel, No 2, \$\pi\$ barrel...
Mackerel, No 2, \$\pi\$ barrel
Mackerel, No 3, \$\pi\$ barrel
Mulets, \$\pi\$ barrel
N C. Roe Herring, \$\pi\$ keg...
Dry Ccd, \$\pi\$ D

**Extra

Straight
First Patent
LUE—28 D—
RAIN—D bushel—

AIN—B bu-hel—
(orn, fron store, bage—White,
Corn, argo, in bulk—White...
Corn, cargo, in bags—White.
Ot:, from sore
Oats, Rust Proof

Dry HAY, 18 100 Ds—

Northern 5 6 10

North Carolina 6 0 10

LIME \$\parel\$ barrel 0 1 25

LUMB&R(ci y sawed), \$\parel\$ M fee.—

Ship Stuff resawed 18 00 0 2000

Rough-edge Plank 15 00 0 16 00

West India cargoes, according to quality 13 03 0 18 00

in bbls....

Porto Rico, in hhds....

Porto Rico, in hhds....

in bbls...

Sugar-House, in hhds...

bbls...

Syrup in bbls...
NAILS, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ keg, Cut 60d basis...
PORK, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ b rrel—
City Mess...
Rump...
Prime

Prime
ROPE, \$10
SALT, \$2 sack Alum
Liverpool
Lusbon
American
On 125 th Sacks.
SHINGLES, 7-inch, \$2 M.
Common

Common
C, press Saps
SUGAR, B D—Standard Granu,
Standard A
White Ex. C
Ext a C, Golden
C Yell w

Ext a C, Golden
C Yell w
SOAP, B b—Northern...
STAVES, B M—W. O. barrel...
R. O. Hogshead
TIMB'R, BM feet—Shipping...
Mill, Pr me...
Mill, Fair
Commoh Mill
Inferior to Ordinary
TALLOW, B b
WHISKEY B gallon—Northern. 1
North Caro ina
WOOL, B b—Washed
Unwashed...

Cow Peas

Western North River...

Leguyra

R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

that imparts

gth. vigor

to the whole

saparilla

wonderfully

this letter:

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 4. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet at 21% cents per gallon for ma-chine made casks, and 21% cents for 3 22%, 8 22%, 8 23%; October 23

ROSIN.-Market firm at \$1 35 per bbl for Strained and \$1 40 for Good TAR .- Market quiet at \$1 05 per

CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Quiet. Hard 1.20, Yellow Dip 1.55, Virgin 1 65 per barrel. Quotations same day last year-Spirits

turpentine 25@241/c; rosin, strained, \$1 121; good strained \$1 171; tar \$1 25; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 1 80. Spirits Turpentine.....

Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year-172 down stairs without clasping my hand casks spirits turpentine, 1,009 bbls rosin, over my heart and resting. In fact, it 149 bbls tar, 43 bbls crude turpentine. would almost take my breath away. I suffered so I did not care to live, yet I had

Market firm. Quotations:

Ordinary..... 51/8 Good Ordinary..... 63/8 Low Middling..... 7 Middling..... 71/2 Good Middling 7 13-16 Same day last year, middling 7%c.

Receipts-957 bales; same day last

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime, 10@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN-Firm; 38 to 40 cents per oushel. N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 9 to 111/2c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c;

Sides 7 to 71/4c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, bearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch, \$3.50 to 3.50; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to

CQTTON AND NAVAL STORES. WEEKLY STATEMENT. RECEIPTS.

For week ended Sept. 4, 1896. Rosin, RECEIPTS. Rosin. Tar. 5.460 EXPORTS. For week ended Sept. 4, 1896. Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Tar. Crude. 000 1,689 0.0 112 000 112 1,689 EXPORTS. For week ended Sept, 6, 1895. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Crude Cotton. 206 STOCKS. Ashore and Afloat, Sept. 4, 1896 LYON & Co. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C. Askere, Afloat.

Spirits..... comes that Miss Swift is always out STOCKS. when I call Grimshaw-Oh, I guess it's just her Ashore and Afloat, Sept. 6, 1895. Rosin. 6,154 39,293 3,370 Free Pills.

DOMESTIC MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL. NEW YORK, September 4-Evening .-Money on call to-day was steady at 3@5 cent; last loan at 3, closing offered at at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers bills 48214@48234 for sixty days and 484@ 484 16 for demand. Commercial bills 481 1/4 @482 1. Government bonds were strong United States coupon fours 167; United States twos 92. State bonds were quiet North Carolina fours 95. North Carolina sixes 110 bid. Railroad bonds were

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day

COMMERCIAL. NEW YORK, September 4-Evening .-Cotton quiet; middling guil 8%c; mid

dling uplands 8 %c. Cotton futures-market closed easy September 8 17, October 8 24, November 8 20, December 8 27, January 8 32, Feb ruary 8 36, March 8 40, April 8 43, May 3 49. Sales 213,100 bales.

Cotton-net receipts - bales; gross 785 bales; exports to Great Britain - bales: to France - bales: to the Continent — bales: forwarded 75 bales: sales --- bales; sales to spin ners 142 bales; stock (actual) 69,507 bales. Weekly-Net receipts 75 bales; gross 10.309 bales; exports to Great Britain 850 bales; to France 649 bales; to the Continent 457 bales; forwarded 314 bales; sales 13,744 bales; sales to spinners 8.265 bales.

Total to-day- Net receipts 21,218 bales: exports to Great Britain 4,098 bales; to France 6 801 bales; to the Continent 4,208 bales; stock 257,544 bales. Total so far this week-Net receipts 115,120 bales; exports to Great Britain

the Continent 5,272 bales.

Total since September 1-Net receipts 68,403 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,348 bales; exports to France 7,600 bales; exports to the Continent 4,370 bales. Flour was steady and uuchanged; Southern steady and unchanged; com mon to fair extra \$3 00@2 60; good to choice \$2 60@2 90. Wheat-spot was moderately active and easier; options dull and closed weak at 160% c decline; No. 8 red September 631/8c; October 683/8c; November -c; December 65%c. Cornspot dull and weeker; No. 2 25% cat elevator and 26 %c afloat; options were dull and weak at 140%c decline; September 25%c; October 264c; November —c; December 2716c; May -c. Oats-spot fairly active and steady; options dull and weaker; September 1916: October 1916: December 20 %c; spot-No. 2 19%; No. 2 white 23c; mixed Western 19@21c. Lard was quiet and weak; Western steam \$3 65; city \$3 34@3 4); September \$3 60 nominal; refined quiet; Continent \$4 05: South America \$4 60; compound \$3 87%@4 12%. Pork steady: demand moderate; new mess \$7 00@8 25. Butter quiet; fancy steady; State dairy 10@15c io. extra creamery 111/0161/c; Western dairy 8@12c; Eigins 1614. Eggs were active; State and Pennsylvania 15@16%; Western fresh 14%@15%c; do. per case \$1 50@3 80. Cotton seed oil was quiet and about steady; crude 19@20c; yellow 33c. Rice was in fair demand, firm and unchanged. Molasses firm, fairly ac-

tive and unchanged. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4@414. Coffee quiet ged to 10 points down; October \$9 00@9 10; December \$8 00@ 85; March \$8 80@8 90; May \$8 85 spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7, \$10 25. Sugar-raw easy and quiet; fair refining 2 13 16c; refined quiet and unchanged. CHICAGO, September 4.—Cash quotaions: Flour was moderately active and steady, with the quotations unchanged. Wheat-No. 2 spring 56@ 56%c; No. 2 red 60@60%c. Corn—No. 2, 20@20%c. Oats—No. 2, 151%@151c. Mess pork, per bbl, \$5 60@5 65. Lard, per 100 lbs.\$3 30@3 3214. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs.\$3 15@8 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, \$3 75@ 4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 ibs \$3 50@3 6214. Whiskey \$1 18.
The leading futures ranged as follows opening, highest, lowest and closing:

Wheat-September 561/4, 561/4, 561/4. 561/4

20% @20%, 20% @20%c;D-cember 21%

20% (20%), 21%; May 24%, 22%, 24%, 24%, 24%; Asc. Oats—September 15%, 15%, 15, 15; October 15%, 15%, 15%; 15%; 15%; 15%; 15%; May 18% @18%, 18% @18%, 18% @185% 185%. Mess pork—September 85 521% 5 571%. Mess pork—September \$5.02½, 5.57½, 5.52½, 5.52½, 5.60; January \$6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.72½, 6.722, 6.722, 6.722, 6.722, 6.722, 6 3 2214, 3 2214, 8 2314; October \$3 3214 3 8214, 8 2714, 3 2714; January 83 6714 3 67%. 3 62%. 3 62%. Short ribs—September \$3 15, 3 15, 3 15, 3 15; October \$3 17%, 8 20, 3 15, 3 20; January 83 37% 3 40, 3 3214, 3 35.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4.- Figur inactive and uncharged. Wheat dall and lower, spot and the month 60% @80% c. Octoper 61%@61%c. December 63%@64c Steamer No. 2 red 5534 @55% C. South. ern by sample 60@68c: do on grade 591/2621/c. Corn dull and lower spot and the month 29@291/c: October 251/2 @25%c; new or old, November or De cember, 26@26 4c; January 27c asked: Steamer mixed 21@211/c; Southern white corn 26 4@27c, do yellow 264@ 27c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 25@25c No. 2 mixed 2214@23c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star September 4 Galveston, strong at 71% net receipts 5.792 bales: Norlock, firm at 71/4, net receipts 1.194 bales: Baltimore, nominal at 8%, net receipts 27 bales; Boston, quiet at 81/2, net receipts 83 bales, Wilmington, firm at 714, net receipts 2,185 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 834, net receipts - bales. Savannah, firm at 7%, net receipts 3,545 tales: New Orleans, steady at 7%, net receipts 3.926 bales; Mobile, steady at 7 9 16c, net receipts 269 bales; Memphis, firm at 7%, net receipts 1,653 bales; Augusta, very firm at 7%, net receipts 1.653 bales: Charleston, firm at 7 11-16, net receipts 1,999 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 4-12:30 P. M-Cotton, market quiet and prices firm, American middling 4 11 16d. Sales 7,000 bales, of which 5,600 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 1,300 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened firm and demand good. American middling (I m c) September 4 41-64, 4 42-64, 4 44-64. 4 43 64, 4 42-64. 4 40-64, 4 39 64 4 38 64@4 36-64d; September and October, 4 33 64. 4 34-64, 4 35-64. 4 36-64@ 4 34-64d; October and November 4 31-64. 4 32 64. 4 33-64@4 30 64d; November and December 4 29-64. 4 31-64@4 29. 64d: December and January 4 29.64. 4 30 64. 4 31-64@4 28-64d: January and February 4 29 64, 4 30-64, 4 31-64, 4 82-64. 4 31-64, 4 32 64, 4 31-64, 4 30-64. 4 29 64@4 28 64d; February and March 4 80 64, 4 31-64, 4 32 64, 4 31-64, 4 30. 64. 4 29 64@4 28 64d; March and April 4 32 64, 4 33 64. 4 32 64, 4 31.64@4 30. 64d; April and May 4 33-64@4 34 64d;

Tenders none. 12 45 P. M .- American spot grades 32d higher. American middling fair 5 5 32d, good middling 4 27-32d; middling 4 23 32d; low middling 456d; good ordinary 41/4d; ordinary 45-16d.

June and July 4 34 64d. Futures quiet.

4 P. M.-September 4 38 64d September and October 4 31 64d value October and November 4 28 64@4 29 64d seller; November and December 4 27-64d seller; December and January 4 27-64d seller; January and February 4 27-64d seller; February and March 4 27-64@4 28 64d buyer; March and April 4 28 64d buyer; April and May 4 29 64d seller: May and June 4 30 64d seller; June and July 4 30 64@4 31-64d buyer. Futures closed barely steady.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 4 .- The following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of the week 36,000 bales, American 31,000; trade takings, including forwarded from ships side, 40,000; actual exports 6,000; total imports 14,000; American 11,000; total stocks 482 000; American 357,000; total affoat 49,000; American 45,000; speculators took 100, exporters took 1,200.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Ital barque Italia, 904 tons, Acquamata, Genoa. Schr Anna L Lockwood, 321 tons, Clark, Boston, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY. List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 5, 1896. SCHOONERS.

Thomas N Stone, 375 tons, Newcomb.

Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Amelia P Schmidt, 266 tons. Grace. Geo Harriss. Son & Co Gov Jas Y Smith, 305 tons, Patrick, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Charles C Lister, 263 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. BARQUES.

Ore (Nor). - tons, Ostensen, J s T Riley & Co. Bygdo (Nor), 495 tons. Amundsen, Heide Hancock, 392 tons, Warren, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Argo (Nor), 584 tons, Arentsen, Jas T

Riley & Co. BRIGS. James Brown, 295 tons, Chase, Geo Har-

MAXTON BUILDING -AND-

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS. J. D. Croom, Maxton.

Ed. McRae, Maxton. J. H. Kinsey, Maxton. G. B. Sellers, Maxton. G. B. Patterson, Maxton. Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington. E. F. McRae, Ratmont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock n this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per The management is prudent and

economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President. W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

