WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 21, 189

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT: WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: ARTHUR SEWALL, of Maine. FOR ELECTORS.

Blectors-at-Large-Locke Craig, of Buncombe, and R. B. Davis, of New First District-Theo. F. White, Second District-H. F. Freeman, of Third District--C. R. Thomas, Fourth District-W. S. Bailey, Fifth District-William Merritt, Sixth District-B. F. Keith, of New Hanover.

Seventh District-Theo. F. Kluttz of Rowan District-Tyre York, Eighth Wilkes. District-R. D. Gilmer. Ninth Haywood.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR: CYRUS B. WATSON, of Forsyth. FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: THUMAS W. MASON, of Northampton. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE : CHARLES M. COOKE, of Franklin. FOR STATE TREASURER : B. F. AYCOCK, of Wayne. FOR STATE AUDITOR : R. M. FURMAN. of Buncombe. FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH. of Johnston. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:

F. I. OSBORNE, of Mecklenburg. ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT : A. C. AVERY, of Burke, GEO. H. BROWN,, Jr., of Beaufort. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT. TAMES S. MANNING, of Durham.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

1st District-W. H. Lucas, of Hyde. F. A. Woodard, of Wilson. Frank Thompson, Onslow. E. W. Pou, of Johnston. W. W. Kitchin, of Person 5th 6th 7th 8th Jas A Lockhart, of Anson. S. J. Pemberton, of Stanly, R. A. Doughton, Alleghany Jos. S. Adams. Buncombe

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET For Sheriff-Frank H. Stedman. Register of Deeds—John Haar, Treasure:—Josh. T. James Coroner—Peter H. Smith.

-W. F. Alexander, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. B. F. KING. D. J. FERGUS. FOR STATE SENATE.

> NEW HANOVER AND BRUNSWICKS THOMAS W. STRANGE.

COCKRAN ON SLAVEHOLDERS. -Will you submit to this conspiracy between the professional farmers, the farmers who cultivate the quar-rels of their neighbors, farmers who labor with their jaws, Populist agitators of the West, and the unreconciled slave-holders of the South? This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slave-holders, who would like to pay no wages at all. - (Extract from the speech of Bourke Cockran, delivered in New York August 18th.)

IS HE HONEST ?

Wm. McKinley has the reputation, at least among his followers and supporters, of being an honest man. He is now posing as the representative of the party which professes to stand for public morality and national honor and honesty. As such he ought to be an honest man and in his capacity as a representative and standard bearer he ought to speak the truth, and be above deceiving those to whom he speaks or those who apply to him for information.

In all of Mr. Bryan's canvassing, in the hundreds of speeches he has made to the hundreds of thousands of people he has spoken to, no one can truthfully say that he has made a statement unsupported by facts and the record when there was a record to appeal to. Can as much be said of Wm. McKinley? His speech making has been a series of deceptious, filled with duplicity, pretence and a bold disregard of the record of his party made it.

We had occasion a few days ago to comment on a statement made by him to a party of "pilgrims," when he asserted that the \$346,000,000 of greenbacks and the notes issued for the purchase of silver bullion under the Sherman act are redeemable in gold, made so by the specie resump. tion act, when he knew that there was not a scintilla of foundation for is not a single obligation of the could outvote the white men who sumption act was passed "coin" North, hold the national Governmeant both gold and silver, and did ment, and control national policies. not refer especially to either one. That was the motive, a selfish one,

Secretary Foster, he has followed the precedent set by Foster and continued the arbitrary and unlawful discrimination against silver.

Mr. McKinley was deliberately tricky and dishonest in the statement but in this he has some quite distinguished company even among those who claim to be Democrats, and the only true and genuine Democrats of the Wall street brand - (none genuine without it. In the language of the cure-all medicine compounder all without the brand are base imita-

Since that exhibition of dishonesty by Wm. McKinley, another equally as baid-faced and brazen has come to light and the only way he can escape a conviction of absolute falsehood is to plead gross and culpable ignorance. In September, 1895, a citizen of Ohio wrote and asked him if the gold reserve had ever fallen below \$100,000,000 during President Harrison's administration, and whether Secretary Foster had contemplated selling bonds to replenish it, to which he answered as follows:

MY DEAR SIR-I have yours of the 1st inst., inquiring whether, the gold re-serve ran below one hundred millions during Mr. Harrison's administration. and whether Secretary Foster contemplated selling bonds to replenish same To both inquiries I would answer no. Yours very truly. Wm. McKinley.

Mr. McKinley knew when he wrote this answer that the record was against him, and the surprising thing to us is that knowing this as he must have known it, he would have put himself in writing with this "no," when the record could be so easily produced and the falsehood proven. Isn't it a matter of public record that the gold reserve had been invaded to the extent of \$5,000,000 before Mr. Foster's term of office ended, that there was an impending deficiency in the Treasury, and that Secretary Foster had publicly expressed the opinion that the gold reserve could be used if occasion should arise to meet deficiencies, and that he did not regard that reserve as

sacred? Isn't it also a matter of public record that for months before Harrison's renomination the subject of issuing bonds to replenish the gold reserve was under consideration, and that if Mr. Harrison hadn't been renominated the bonds would have been issued?

It was the dread of the possible have had on Harrison's election that prevented an issue before the election, just as the dread of the effect of an issue of bonds would have on the coming election has spurred the syndicates to keeping up the reserve until after the election and thus stave off another issue of bonds.

But the proof remains that an issue of bonds was contemplated, for the order of Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury, under date of February 20, 1893, to the bureau of engraving, is on record, to immediately prepare plates for printing three per cent. bonds of the denomination of 100s, 1,000s and 10,000s, and these plates were accordingly engraved and were ready for use before Charles Foster's term of office expired, and would, doubtless, have been used if Mr. Harrison had been elected, but having been defeated they concluded to let the Cleveland administration wrestle with the shrinking gold reserve, with the de-

ficiency and with the bonds. Isn't it a matter of record, also, established over the signature of Secretary Carlisle, that the first bonds which he issued were printed from the plates prepared on Secretary Foster's order, the only difference being a slight change made to adapt the plates to the use to which they were put. That is about the only thing, with the exception of a deficiency, which the administration of Harrison and Foster turned over

to Cleveland and Carlisle. And yet with this record well known to the reading public, and these plates, Mr. McKinley, posing as the examplar of honesty, has the monumental cheek to assert that the gold reserve was not invaded during Harrison's term, and that an issue of bonds was not contemplated. The man ought to blush for shame, if not for making such a baldfaced statement, at least for being so easily caught in the false-

MINOR MENTION.

Judge Russell and every other Radical stump speaker in North Carolina prate about the friendship of the Republican party and their his party and the facts of history as friendship for the negro. We defy any and all of them to point to one single thing, with the exception of emancipation and enfranchisement, that the Republican party has done for the negro, and these were not done out of love for the negro, but for other reasons. Emancipation was proclaimed as a "military necessity," and enfranchisement was conferred as a "political necessity." The Republican party enfranchised the that statement, and that there was | negro because its leaders believed not a line of law anywhere in our that with the negro vote, which they statutes that would justify it. There | thought they could control, they United States, with the exception of adhered to the Democratic party, the gold certificates, that is not re- thus Republicanize the South, to offdeemable in "cotn," and when the re- set States they might lose in the as so construed and although the negro got the ballot "; in- it came, not because these Republicans loved the negro and desired his prosperity, but because they wanted

promote their own interests. But this out of the question, what has the Republican party of North Carolina ever done for the negro? Nothing. It has simply used and abused him, that is all. Every advance the colored people of North Carolina have made in the way of intellectual or material progress bas been the result of beneficent Democratic rule, every school they have, whether of the high or low grade, except those which are the gift of individual beneficence, is the result of Democratic legislation, which provided for their establishment and maintenance. There is no State in this country better provided with schools for the colored race than North Carolina, and Democratic legislation did it. The first Governor of North Carolina since the war to give a word of encouragement to the colored race in their efforts at industrial progress, was Zebulon B. Vance, when he inaugurated the colored industrial Fair at Raleigh. Intelli gent colored people know this, they know that the race owes the Repub lican party, and especially the Republican party of North Carolina nothing; but the masses of the colored people do not know it, for their race prejudices are played upon and they are shamefully and meanly deceived by men who know better, but hope to profit by the deception.

There are some amusing features in this campaign, although they may disgust people who do not believe in the show business in politics. In this respect, as the inventor and promoter of the side show in politics, Mark Hanna is original and has achieved notorious distinction. From his fertile brain, supported by his plethoric campaign fund, sprang the "pilgrim" side show, which has brought delegation after delegation, and sometimes a score of them in a day, to the McKinley shrine at Cahton, where they heard Hanna's protege discourse platitudes, and statements made to deceive, and watched with interest the great feat of a man swallowing himself. The sword swallower or the fire eater couldn't hold a candle to that. Next in order is the great attraction of the troupe of Federal Generals, sent days."- Judy out under the special direction of Hanna himself, to perform to the Brown die of?" Union soldiers and bring them into the McKinley tent. This troupe effect that an issue of bonds might travels by special train which is equipped with a large amount of national flags, a rapid-fire cannon, and a rocket outfit conspicuous on a flat in front. When a town is reached the cannon booms, rockets shoot up into the air, a bugler blows the bugle and then the people all around know the performers are ready to begin. Speaking to the "boys in blue" who are reminded that they should "vote | vouthful invalid." as they shot" concludes the gay "bloody shirt" programme, This is a very attractive feature of the show business and Hanna is counting largely on it. No admission is charged as Hanna defrays all expenses, and expects to get his money back in another way, if his man be elected. This is a degradation of the American flag and of the American soldier, but Hanna isn't overnice about these things and doesn't see any particular objection from his standpoint to using the American flag, the American soldier or the American preacher of the gospel to help him play his game and elect his man. There are dollars in it for Hanna if he wins, and it is the dollars he has his eye-both eyes-

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- Don M. Dickinson is saying some very hard things of the Demooratic Party. Yet Don was half inclined to go with that party before he made a visit to Buzzard's Bay.-Washington Post, Ind.

- The expectation that Mr. Bryan would stir things up in the middle west has been more than realized. He has now been in the storm center for about ten days, during which time he has spoken to many thousands of voters and stirred them to the greatest enthusiasm. The predictions that he would break down have not been fulfilled. He is as vigorous as ever, and the people appear to be more anxious than ever to see and hear him. - Savannah N sws.

- The Salt Lake Tribune says there is not a country in the world that clings to the gold standard that is prosperous to day. A few dealers in money in Great Britain are prosperous, because they are drawing revenue from all the world, but the great masses of the people of England are in a desperate situation. The same is true of Germany, while the condition of the people of Austria and Italy is something frightful.

-Augusta Chronicle, Dem. -- Ex-Speaker Reed, because of illness, has cancelled his Indiana engagements. We are sorry. His brutal bulldozing methods readily make Democratic votes. The Speaker has recently been appointed to the fat position of arbitrator for the big life insurance companies, which position was formerly held by the late Governor William Russell, of Massachusetts. Mr. Reed also has had for some time under consideration another fat offer from a New York corporation. He is, therefore, not talking merely for his health when he shouts for the cause of capital and the wage-earners .- Indianapolis Sen-

tinel, Dem. — Lenoir Topic: Mr. N. H. Halley has an apple tree which puts in full time. Having borne one crop it now has fourteen nice well developed apples for the second crop, and is still blooming.

prosperity, but because they wanted to use him to hold on to power and trailizes the acid and cures rheumatism, t

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Charlotte News: Mr. John Berryhill, a citizen of Steel Creek township, several days ago, was bit-ten by a spider. Dr. Wilder, of Charlotte, is attending him, and says that he will probably have to amputate his arm as he has blood poison

- Shelby Aurora: On last Thursday a ten-year old boy, son of Wm. Howard (colored), was fooling with an "empty" pistol and shot his eightyear old sister in the eye. At last accounts the girl was living, but it it thought the wound will prove fatal. - Henderson Gold Leaf; Mrs.

Sallie Elizabeth Goodrich, wife of Mr. J. Hiram Goodrich, died at her home in this place at 3.45 o'clock Wednesday afternoon of last week. She had been an invalid for two and a half years, and her death was not unexpected to her friends.

- Goldsboro Argus: Some time ago Mr. B. H. Griffin threw some old letters in the fire, some one of which contained two \$2 bills. In the ends of the envelopes that did not burn Mr. Griffin secured small pieces of the bills, which he sent to the Treasury Department at Washington, and received therefor on Saturday, two bright, crisp \$2 silver certificates of the series of 1896.

- Concord Times: The darkies saw a chance to elevate their race and get an offich, and as they give about two-thirds of the votes of fusion, they thought it was right to nominate one of their number for an office. So they put Warren Co'eman up for county commissioner. But how quick did they have to take him down. It raised such a storm among the white supporters of fusion that they had to take him

- Statesville Landmark: In the neighborhood of the colored settlement, known as Bellmount, about two miles east of Statesville, Saturday night about 10 o'clock, Albert Griffin shot Alfred White, inflicting a wound which caused the latter's death some hours later. The shooting took place at the house of Louico Chambers, colored. White and Griffin, young colored men, were attentive to the same woman, Minnie White, and this caused the trouble.

TWINKLINGS.

- Point Blank-Clara-"I was afraid it I let him kiss me I should be sorry for it afterward. Maude-"Were you?

- "Please, mum, I think there's a burglar in the bouse. "Tell him I do not receive on Mon-

- "Say, Tompkins, what did "Well, he was fishing, and the ground gave way under him, I think-Oh, sort -er-bank failure, I suppose!"-Boston

- Decision Reserved: She (at the opena) - What do you think of the new He-"Wait until we see if he gets an

- Her Father-You say she has accepted you? Her Father-Thee, I suppose this is merely a ratification meeting .- Puck. - "You look very much better to-

day: little one," said the doctor to the "How do you know, sir? You haven't looked at my tongue yet !" was the reply. - Yonkers Statesman. - Without Advertising, too-

"Looking for a job?" "That's what. Anything I can do for "Yes, you'll about fill the bill, I think."

'Ah, good morning!" said the early bird

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District-W. S. Rone, P. E Elizabeth circuit, El zabethtown, Oct Clinton circuit, Goshen, Oct. 81 and Carver's Creek Circuit, Shiloh, Norember 7. 8. Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, Norember 14, 15.

Magnolia circuit, Providence, Novem Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, No. vember 20 21. Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville

Nov. 22, 23. Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24. Bladen circuit. Antioch, Nov. 28, 29. Wilmintgon, Bladen Street, Dec. 8. Onslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec, 5,

Charges Abroad.

"In our five months' trip through Europe," says an American in a letter to the Springfield Republican, "we have paid our hotel bills in kroners, rubles, marks, florins, liras, francs, pesetas, with perfect equanimity, but when our hackman charged us 1,000 reis to take us from station to hotel we turned pale and rushed for help to an American minister and were about to cable for money and escape from Portugal. 'What is a real worth, anyhow?' we excitedly asked. 'Well, I can't tell. Portugal is bankrupt, but they issue coupons and you may call 1,000 reis an American dollar.' We calmed down, tarried a few days in that foreign city, paid our hotel bill running up into the tens of thousands and departed, as did Mark Twain, glad that it was no worse."

"To pucker one's lips as by a persim mon" is a proverbial saying. Every on knows how astringent a persimmon is be-fore frost or anything that hastens fermentation has touched it. Sometimes the tree has within itself the power to start fermentation independently of frost ac-tion, and when this is the case the persimmon is edible long before frost arrives. Other fruits are of the same class. The mediar is a famous German fruit, not far removed from the apple, but it is as as-tringent as the persimmon until it begins to decay; then it is admirable. Frost is not called in to aid decay in this instance. It is simply set aside until it begins to de-eay naturally. It does not seem a nice phrase, however, to say that "a mediar is not good until it is rotten." The French have a more polite term for it. They say that the mediar is fit to eat as soon as it is bletted. We might, with propriety, adopt this word for the persimmon. It would sound very well to say that the bletted persimmon is good to eat.—Meshan's Monthly.

The Crawfish's Tail. The tail of a crawfish serves that animal as an oar. By a peculiar jerk of the tail the animal can retire from a dangerous object with almost incredible swiftness. The tail is much more effective in moving the animal backward than forward, a singular instance of adaptation to its situation, for by means of its tail it can withdraw into its hole with such swiftness as in an instant to place

ICEBOUND IN SALT LAKE. An Unexpected Happening In Water Th Never Freezes.

The large percentage of salt in the Great Salt lake prevents its waters

ever freezing over, and yet a curious incident was related to me of how a small pleasure steamer got icebound a dozen years ago off the east end of Antelope island. My informant was the captain of the cattleboat that makes irregular trips back and forth to carry stock to and from this largest of the Salt lake islands. I will give the story as nearly as possible in his own words: 'It was a curious thing that once

happened to me an Cap'n Dahls,' he began, with a preliminary undoing of the knot of his soiled neckerchief. "I wa'n't much used to sailoring at the time, an the cap'n often took me with him on short trips he made with his small steamer, the Susie. One day he got word that a boat was becalmed off North Antelope. We steamed out to see, an found a sheepboat bound for Carrington island. There was three men aboard an 200 sheep, an they'd. been out ten days an hed no food an scarcely any water left. We give 'em a fair divide of the grub aboard the steamer, an, takin 'em in tow, made our way out in the main body of the lake, where we left 'em close to Carrington. It was getting late when we started back, an just op-'site ar River bay we found our selves in a stream of ice which had come down from the swollen rivers that empty into the lake hereabout. At first it was only provoking to be hindered by the broken sheets of ice, but fin'ly it got so we couldn't make no headway. The cap'n said he'd sailed around the world four times an never was icebound before -an that, too, in a lake that's too salt ever to freeze. He was acting as engineer, an at last got so mad that he cussed an swore an complained of my steering. "At last we had to give it up till

morning, an then it wa'n't no better. There was no wind to break up the ice an it kep' closing 'bout us till we could see nauthing but it on all sides. The cap'n's temper got worse when the bread an bacon was all gone, an he growled out, 'Ketch me ever going to sea again with a green hand fer crew!' I was pretty riled, an said something back 'bout a fool of a cap'n who thought himself at the north pole. We'd always ben good friends, but after that neither of us spoke more'n we's 'bliged to all that day an the next night. When the second morning came an we saw it was still calm, we got reckless an piled in the wood till we got up steam an commenced bucking ice at a great rate. We saw the glassy sheets give way to right an left, an fin'ly we was clear of it, so we could go right ahead. It was Sunday looked so bright an peaceful that I saw the pucker in the cap'n's for'ed smooth out, an he commenced to whistle soft an ole hymn tune we both knowed. I struck in where the line repeats, an when we'd ended up he said, 'Say, Duffy, you don't mind my having been sharp with you in that blamed ice, do ye?' I up an slapped him on the back, an answered, hearty like, 'Cap'n Dahls, I never served under a better cap'n than yourself.'

"We shook hands, an his big voice was a bit husky when he blurted

" 'Say nauthing 'bout it, my boy. I'm certain sure I never hed a more able seaman than you've showed to be.' "-San Francisco Chronicle.

New England's Exalting Influence. Comparing the oft asserted claims of New York to be "the American literary center" with the literary achievements of Boston, and the influence of the school of literature which grew up and was fostered there, Edward W. Bok writes in The Ladies' Home Journal: "No section has given our country stronger men; no section is yet as marked or as strongly defined in its contribution to American manhood or womanhood of today as New England. She sends her people to the west, and centers of cultivation spring up about them. She sends them to the northwest, to the southwest and to the Pacific coast, and they at once make an impress upon the intellectual life of the community in which they make their new homes. Such is the influence of Boston and of New England that wherever her people go, there reading, a love of the arts, an understanding of the sciences begin."

On Mamma's Account. A thoughtful little person of 6 remarked suddenly at table the other day, "Mamma, I wish you were not married, but that just you and I and Charlie (her small brother) lived here together." Her father, rather hurt at this proposed suppression of himself, asked reproachfully, "Why, don't you love papa?" "Oh, yes, I love you very much," was the response, "but I was speaking on mamma's account!" Thus is the "Is Marriage a Failure?" spirit of the age pervading even the youthful mind.—New York Journal.

Baby Could Talk. Mamma and baby returned from a walk. 'Oh." says manima to her husband, "such good news! Baby talks. He has just said his first word." "Yes, just fancy. We were in the soological gardens, standing before the mon-key cage, when baby cried out, Look at

IF IT IS GORHAM, IT IS GENUINE. 28

-Pittsburg Bulletin.

Of course; that goes without saying. But is it Gorham? Is it stamped with the Lion, the Anchor, and the Letter G?



Too good for Dry Goods Stores

appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this: "In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boo on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

fited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.

Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic



Bucklen's Arnica Saive. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money re-

Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free, All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are asways given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any

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| Cow Peas | 40 | 00 | 50 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | - | - | |
| Green | H-6 | 0 | 6 |
| Dry | | GA. | 8 |

SHINGLES, 7-inch, W M

as a Teaspoon for Solid Silver, unless it bears this doubt-dispelling mark.



DICK CO'S

ALL FOR 10 CENTS. LYON & CO. TOEACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

funded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

Those who have used Dr. King's New

Wholesale Frices turrent.

HAY, \$ 100 Ds

Don't buy so much

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 20: SPIRITS - TURPENTINE-Market dull at 25% cents per gailon for me-chine-made casks, and 25% cents for Country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at \$1 45 per bbl for Strained, and \$1 50 for Good

TAR.-Market firm at \$1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady Hard 1.80, Yellow Dip 1 90, and Virgin 1.80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 25% @25% c; rosin, strained, \$1 20; good strained \$1 25; tar \$1 40; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 1 6).

Spirits Turpentine..... Rosin.... Tar Crude Turpentine Receipts same day last year—145 casks spirits turpentine, 558 bbls rosin, 425 bbls tar, 106 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 71/2c for aiddling. Quotations: Good Ordinary..... 6% Low Middling..... Middling..... 74 Good Middling..... 7 9-16

Same day last year, middling 8%c.

Receipts -8,228 bales; same day last

rear 1,081. COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime 0@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN.-Firm; 38 to 40 cents per N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, 9 to 1116c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c;

Sides, 7 to 71/c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch. hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six inch, \$2.50 to 8.50; seven inch; \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 20-Evening .-Money on call was firm at 6@10 per cent; last loan at 6, closing offered at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 8@10 per cent. Sterling exchange was stead; actual business in bankers bills 490 1 @ 490 1 for sixty days and 483 4 @ for demand. Commercial bill 479% @479%. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 167%; United States twos 981. State, bonds dull North Carolina fours 95; North Carolina sixes 114. Railroad bonds higher. Silver at the Stock Exchange to day COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 20-Evening .-Cotton quiet; middling guil 8 3 16c; middling 7 15 16c. Cotton futures closed very steady October 7 90, November 7 86. December

7 82, January 7 94, February 7 59, March

04. April 8 09, May 8 13, June 8 17, uly 8 20. Sales 121,100 bales. Cotton-net receipts 2,405 bales; gross 9,630 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,535 bales; to France - bales; to the Continent - bales; forwarded 3.635 bales: sales 1.112 bales; sales to spinners 112 bales; stock(actual)136 312 bales. Total to-day-Net receipts 66 950 bales; exports to Great Britain 51,854 bales: to France - bales; to the Continent 82,172 bales; stock 1,010,593 bales. Total so far this week-Net receipts

184 679 bales; exports to Great Britain 128,614 baies; to France 5,607 bales; to Total since September 1-Net receipts 1,836,769 bales; exports to Great Britain 499,766 bales; exports to France 97 135

bales; exports to the Continent 287,809

Flour was quiet, the recent advance checking business; quotations u chapped Southern was firm and gates; common to fair extra \$2 65@8 25 good to choice \$3 25@3 50. Wheat-spot market was active and stronger; ungraded red 77 @80c; options were active, excited and very irregular, opening heavy and declining, advanced 2%c, fell 1/2 1/2 and Princess and Chesnut. and closed strong at %c over vesterday No. 2 red October —c; November —c; December 85%c; May 88%c. Corn— spot fairly active and firmer, No. 2 32@ 3216 at elevator and 88@3816 aff lat options declined 11/01%c, railied 1/0 1/0, and closed firm at 1/01c under yesterday, with trading more active; October 81%c; November -c; December 88%c; May 85%c. Oats-spot quiet and firm; options dull and easier; October 24 November -c; December 24c; May -c; spot-No. 2 28% @24%c; No. 2 white 26c; mixed Western 21@24%. Lard quiet and easier; Western steam 84 75; city \$4 45; October \$4 65, nominal; refined lard was dull and easier; Continent \$5 00; South America \$5 80; compound \$4 50@4 75. Pork about steady; new mess \$8 50@9 25. Butter-market was firm. with a fair demand; State dairy 11 @18c; do. creamery 1216 20c; Western dairy 8@12; Eigins 20c. Eggs -choice were firm and in moderate demand; State and Pennsylvania 182 20c; ice-house 141/@16c; Western fresh 1616181c; do. per case \$8 00@4 00; limed 15c. Cotton seed oil quiet, firm crude 24@24%c; yellow prime 27%@28c. Rice firm, fairly active and unchanged.

Molasses firm and unchanged. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 8%@4. Coffee steady and 10@29 points down; November \$9 55@9 80; March \$9 50, May \$9 45 @9 50; July \$9 50; September \$9 60; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7, \$10 87% Sugar-raw dull and firm; fair refining 25c; centrilugals, 93 test, -c; refined quiet and unchanged. CHICAGO, October 20.-Cash quota tions: Flour was quiet and firm at prices hard wheat spring patents \$4 25@4 75 in wood, hard wheat, bakers' \$8 00@8 25. winter wheat \$3 50@3 65. Wheat

—No. 2 spring 73%@76%c; No. 2 red
76%@80%c. Corn—No. 2 23%@24%.
Oats—No. 2 18%@18%c. Mess pork, per
bbl. at \$7 05@7 15. Lard—per 100
lbs, \$4 32%@4 85. Short rib sides. oose, per 100 lbs \$3 6714@8 8714. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, \$4 00 @4 25. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 bs \$4 25@4 8714. Whiskey \$1 19. The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—October 75% @76. 76%, 78%, 78%, 76%; December 77% @77% 79, 75%, 78%; May 82% @82% 885, 881, 88. Corn—October 25%, 251, 28%, 245%; December 26@261, 261, 25, 25%; C. May 29%, 29%, 28% @28%, 291, Oats—October 18%, 18%, 18%, 10%; December 19%, 18%, 18%, 10%; December 19%, 19% @19%, 19, 19% May 22@ 23%, 22%, 21%, 22%, Pork—December \$7 15, 7 15, 6 95, 7 10. January \$8 00, 8 05, 7 85, 7 97%. Lard—December \$4 85, 4 85, 4 80, 4 83%; January \$4 55, 4 57%, 4 50, 4 52%, Short ribs—December \$8 77%, 3 77%, 3 78%, 3 72%; January \$8 97%, 8 97%, 8 90, 3 90. The leading futures ranged as follows

BALTIMORE: Oct. 20 .- Flour quiet BALTIMORE: Oct. 20.—Flour quiet and uncharged. Wheat upsettled and lower; spot and October 79%@79%c: December 82%@83%c; Steamer No. 2 red 75%@75%c; Southern by sample 78@80%c; do on grade 76@80c. Corn duil and lower; spot and October 30%@80%c; new or old, November or December, 30%@80%c; January 31%@81%c. Steamer mixed 28%@28%c; Southern corn 83@34%c. Oats firm; No. 3 white 26@27c; No. 2 mixed 22%@28c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. October 20—Galveston, quiet at 714, net receipts 10,002 bales: Norfolk, steady at 736, net receipts 5,045 bales: Balti-

more, dall at 7%, net receipts - bales: Boston, aquiet at 7 15-16, net receipts 1.018 bales. Wilmington, film at 74, net receipts 8 228 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 3-16c, net receipts 111 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7 1-16,net receipts 8 160 pales; New Orleans, steady at 7 8 16, net receipts 81.519 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7, net receipts 1,400 bales; Memphis, firm at 716c, net receipts 4 609 bales; Augusta, steady at 7 5 16, net receipts 2,439 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7, net receipts 2,977

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 20.-12.30 P. M -Cotton, fair demand and prices favor ouvers. American middling 41d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 8 700 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 20,00 bales, of which 15 500 were American. Futures opened easy and demand moderate. American middling. October 4 18 64d; October and November 4 14 64d; November and Dt. cember 4 11-61d; December and January 4 10 64d; January and February 4 10-64d; February and March 4 10 64d; March and April 4 10 64, 4 9-64@4 10-64d

April and May 4 10-84d; May and June

4 11 64@4 12 64d; June and July 4 12. 64d. Futures quiet and steady at the 12.45 P. M .- American spot grades 83d lower. American middling fair 4 13-16d; good middling 4 9 16d; mid-dling 4 15 82d; low middling 4 %d; good ordinary 4 1/d; ordinary 4 1 16d.
4 P. M.—October 4 18 64@4 19 644 buyer; October and November, 4 15 641 seller; November and December 4 12 64 @4 13 64d seller; December and January 4 11-64@4 12 64d seller; January and February 4 11-64d seller; February and March 4 11-64d seller: March and

MARINE.

April 4 11 64d seller; April and May

4 11-64@4 12-64d buyer; May and Juce

4 19 64@4 18 64d buyer; June and July

4 13 64d boyer; July and August 4 14 64d

seller. Futures closed firm.

ARRIVED. Stmr W T Daggett, Ward, Point Cas-Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayette-

ville, James Madden. CLEARED. Stmr. W T Daggett, Ward, Point Caswell, master. Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Favette ville, James Madden. Nor tarque Victoria, Armesen, Lon-

don, Murchison & Co.

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List of Vessels in the Port of Wil mington, N. C., Oct. 21, 1896. SCHOONERS. Marion Hill, 219 tons, Armstrong, Geo Harriss. Scn & Co. C Lister, 268 tons, Robinson; Geo Ha

riss. Son & Co. Chas H Sprague, 260 tons, Harpers W C Wickham, 818 tons, Ewan, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. STEAMSHIPS. Magdala (Br), 2,297 tons, Reid, Alex. Lobelia, 1913 tons, Hodgeson, (Br), Alex Sprunt & Son.

Ormidale, 2,304 tons, Butler, A'ex Alex Sprunt & Son. BARQUES. Pandur (Uan), 562 tons, Schmidt, J 1

Madeline (Br). 1,862 tons, Nidden New

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