WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 13, 1896

PRINCIPLE OR SPOILS-WHICH It is announced that the Sound Money League of Chicago, composed of Democrats who helped elect McKinley, will keep up its organization, which means that unless the ter of interest: silver Democrats surrender and climb up on or crawl down to the Indianapolis platform they will continue to fight the Democratic party party and help elect Republican candidates, as they helped to elect Mc-Kinley President and Tanner Governor of Illinois. The so-called Sound Money Leagues in other cities and States will doubtless do likewise. Between these they will keep up the national organization and when the time for nominating candidates comes around again they will doubtless be prepared to put another brace

of decoys in the field, unless they

have concluded that a farce like

that can't be played more than once

in a generation. This action is sup-

posed to be a response to the decla-

ration that the fight for bimetallism

will not be abandoned. Just after the Democratic gold organs of the North had concluded their labors in behalf of McKinley they declared that the Democrats must get together and form around the nucleus that was left and get on the Indianapolis platform. A grand "nucleus," which succeeded with the aid of Republican votes in electing a single pair-twin curiosities-out of 357 Congressmen. This is the nucleus representing a sliver of a party, nine tenths of whom deserted their own platform and went into the Republican camp, while the other tenth didn't make tracks enough in the sand to be traced by. If these bolters from the Democratic party had stood loyally by the party as they would have expected the silver Democrats to stand by it if they had succeeded in dictating the platform, Wm. McKinley would not now be President-elect and Mark Hanna would not be the power behind the throne. But they knew this when they were giving McKinley aid Hanna, for that is what they got to-

If the Democrats who contended for the full recognition of silver held the spoils of office above principle they might be willing to listen to overtures to bring the party together on any platform that held out a hope of success, but if they hold principle above the spoils of office they will listen to no proposition that contemplates the abandonment of bimetallism, for having been made the issue that will remain the issue until it triumphs or until the party falls to pleces. In the language of Zebulon B. Vance, of revered and honored memory, "the Democratic party is immortal, and cannot die while the people are true to themselves."

If the Democratic party were to surrender this issue it would surrender all, for that is all there is now publicans having broken, as they say, "the Solid South," have abandoned sectionalism, and there will be no talk of and no apprehension of election laws to control elections in the South. The tariff will come up, but the Republicans have virtually abandoned the tariff for protection's sake, by declaring for a tariff for revenue with incidental protection, which is substantially the principle on which the Wilson tariff was framed, the difference between them being that it gave too much protection to suit old-fashioned Democrats and too little to suit the Republicans, so that now the tariff as an issue between the parties is not so much a matter of principle as of the rates of taxation. Of course the Democratic party will continue to contend for as low a rate as practicable, considering the needs of revenue and will vigorously oppose every effort of the Republicans to unnecessarily increase those rates. There are other questions involving economy of administration, on which the parties may idiffer, but the distinctive, looming issue will continue to be the question of bimetallism which must be [settled right, and will not be

quieted until it is settled. There is more in it than the mere coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 or any other ratio, for it provides for a continuous supply of money without continuous interference of Congress, and this is the only way the money monopoly held for the past twenty odd years by a comparatively small number of men can be broken, and the money of the country be made free to circulate as it

The Democratic party of this country is as small to-day as it ever will be. It has just fought a grand binations that were ever arrayed against any party, and although directly for McKinley is continuous to Silverism. This default was made good by Democrats who voted directly for McKinley is continuous to the continuous transfer of the co against any party, and although defeated came out of the fight with as much spirit and determination to resume the fight as any defeated party ever showed. It is in a better condition now to enter the field than it was the day it raised its bimetallic banner at Chicago. Its opponent must now assume the responsibility of settling the financial question in decoy ticket to deceive Democrats some way satisfactory to the people, who would not vote for McKinley and if it fails to do that the Demo. deserves.

cratic party which stood up for silsilver in the great fight will furnish "a nucleus" around which they can gather and sweep that party from power again as they swept it 1892 on a much less important issue, even if it be supported by the Democratic gold contingent that supported it in he late conflict.

#### THE AUDITOR'S REPORT.

We are indebted to the Raleigh News and Observer for the followlng summary of the State Auditor's forthcoming report, which is a mat-

"The forthcoming Auditor's report will show the value of property in the State of North Carolina for 1895 to be \$280.881,181, as against \$334,479,901 the year previous, a decrease of \$8,618,770. The real estate this year is valued at \$153,885 584, as compared with \$158,-88,064 the year before, or a decrease of the valuation this year being \$77,025,-547, as against \$76,391 837 in 1894

There are 28,019,748 acres of land in the State, valued at \$110,668 453, a decrease of \$4.412.870 since 1894, when the land valuation was \$115 081,823. Town lots show little change in value, being worth \$43,167,131 in 1895, as against

"The items of personal property and their value are as follows: 162,010 horses valued at \$6.814.928; 116,770 mules at \$5,062,064; 860 jacks and jennies at \$43,231; 42,510 goats at \$31 593, 587,181 cattle at \$4,423,893; 1 257,885 hogs at \$1.785 074; 856,857 sheep, \$848,-495; farming utensils, \$12,602,455; money on hand and on deposit, \$4,185,661; solvent credits, \$18,979,564; stock in incorporated companies, \$3,771,780, all other

personal property, \$19,582 763. "The unlisted taxables this year are \$89.186 21. Last year they were only \$55 454 27. This increase of \$33,731 94 s due to the tax of \$10 on lawyers, docors and deatists imposed by the last Legislature, from which \$18,790 was realized; the tax of 50 cents on each bed in every hotel and boarding house, which paid into the treasury \$2,568, and the corporation tax which paid \$5,910. "The rate of taxation fixed by the last Legislature was 21% cents for the State, nstead of 22 cents as heretofore, and 18

068 80 in the school tax, and an increase in county taxes of \$873,137.80. "School taxes this year amounted to \$847.578.57. as against \$765.510.27 in poil. \$265,996 20; colored polls, \$112,-019 61; bank and building and loan stock. \$6,799 86; railroad property, \$45. 184 87; general property (white), \$403. 829 65; general property (colored) \$14,

cents for schools, as against 16 cents be-

fore. This caused an increase of \$82,

748 88 County taxes in 1895 aggregated \$1, 914.505.56, as compared with \$1,089. 367.76 in 1894. The general taxes from counties were \$657,468.49 and special taxes amounted to \$409 458 57.

#### MINOR MENTION.

Before leaving New York this and comfort, and co operating with week, where he spent several days tee. Chairman Hanna was entertained at luncheon by Isaac H. Seligman, one of New York's big bank ers, and a member, we think, of the bond syndicate. There were thirty or forty prominent persons invited. . It was an informal affair, but several speeches were made, one by Mr. Seligman in which he emphasized the importance of joint action in the future by the so called "national Democrats" and Republicans in settling the currency question. The press dispatch informs us that in re-

"Mr. Hanna spoke at some length and said that the administration recently chosen would go into office without p'edges of any kind, and wholly uncommitted as regards the formation of the Cabinet. This statement was greeted with applause. Mr Hanna also spoke on the general character of the work done by both political organizations in the recent campaign and said that both practically to fight for. The Re- the Republicans and National Democrats would preserve their organization intact to further the good work so auspiciously begun. He hoped this organization would be enabled to enlist all good citizens in the work still to be done to bring about a thoroughly good condi-

tion of business." We judge from this that as there was a pretty good understanding between Mr. Hanna and the managers of the "National Democracy" during the campaign the understanding will continue and that they will be found pulling together, unless Mr. McKinley's administration may lean too far towards silver to suit the boss gold Democrats. But the query here suggests itself, anent the talk of reorganizing the Democratic party on the Indianapolis platform, where is the use of that if they and the Republicans are to pull together? Why not let Hanna manage the whole business as he did in the past cam-

Some of the so-called Democratic gold organs in the North are aggrieved because some of the Republican organs are disposed to undervalue the assistance the "sound money" contingent rendered McKinlev and show no inclination to be thankful for it. Among them is the Philadelphia Record, which thus pro-

"By assuming that the Republicans in he States which have given majorities or McKinley would vote this year on the money question as they did in 1894 when the money question was not in is-sue, the New York Tribune proves, apparently to its own satisfaction, that while Mr. McKinley should feel highly complimented by the votes given to him kept away from Bryan by Sound Money Democrats, he is under no spe cial obligations for their help, as he would have been elected without it. This way of putting the thing is, however, more clever than clear. If the Tribune should take the trouble to consult some of the entlemen who were the active managers of its party in the recent camheavy percentage of Republican voters in the McKinley States who were confree silver coinage, and consequent re-

It is rough on the gentlemen who marched under the McKinley banner to find themselves thus ignored after the victory is won, but still it is nothing more than was to be expected and nothing more than the miserable treachery of putting up a

The children will be delighted with The Chatterbox for November, which is filled with reading to please them, and gay with illustrations, which they will enjoy. Published by Estes & Lauriat. Boston, Mass.

Gunton's Magazine for November presents a full list of contents, most of the articles being on monetary, economic and industrial topics. Pablished by The Political Science Publishing Company, Union Square, New York.

Much space is given in the November Review of Reviews to the treatment of questions at issue in the past campaign, and to the discussion of the election. In addition to this and other matters, "The Progress of the World" will be found interesting and instructive. This number is, as usual, well illustrated. Address Review of Reviews, No. 18 Astor Place, New York.

#### CURRENT COMMENT.

- The indications are that there will be enough of the Democratic party to do considerable business with in 1900 .- Washington Post, Ind.

- More tariff taxation is one of the first promises of the new administration. Comfort yourself with "the purchasing power of the dollar," whether you ever get the dollar or not .- Indianapolis Sentinel, Dem.

- The leading Republican organs, it is interesting to note, are now solemnly calling upon the "sound money" Democrats in the Senate to help the Republicans to control that body and make Repubican legislation easy and successful. The suggestion has the merit of simplicity. We shall see later how it will work .- Charleston News and Courier, Dem.

-- Comptroller Eckels approves of the dismissal of those Government employes who supported the Democratic ticket. Coming from a man who draws an official salary and spends the major portion of his time going about the country reviling the voters who made his season of officeholding possible, this is decidedly refreshing .- New York Jonrnal, Dem.

- There might be more respect for the Indianapolitans if they had stuck to their own platform. But they didn't do this. The vast maority of them, after deserting the Democratic party, deserted their own pretence of an organization, and voted with the Republicans. They deserted twice in a very brief period. The acted the part, not only the traitor, but of the double traitor .-Richmond Dispatch, Dem.

#### TWINKLINGS.

- "Why don't you take something for that cold you've got?" "Great Scott! I don't want anything for it-I'd give it away if I could."-

- Rev. Dr. Angell-"I am informed, my good friend, that you're losing money on fast horses" Frank Speede- 'Your information is all wrong. I'm losing my money on slow horses."-N. Y. World.

- "Sue Fosdick is a very prepossessing girl, isn't she?" said Mrs. Taddells to Mrs. Wiffles. "I should say she was" replied the latter lady. "She gets engaged to every young man who arrives at the hotel be-

fore the rest of the girls can get an introduction."-Harper's Bazar. - Guile-I hear that Spouter is not entirely responsible for the unfounded charges that he made. They

say that the audience egged him on. Quay-No, they egged him off. - "My daughter is entirely too oung to marry," snorted old Goldrick. "Well," replied the dejected saitor, what would you say to my taking her marriage dot now and waiting a few

years for the girl ?"-Detroit Free Press. - "I hear, dear, that you have broken your engagement with Fred." "Yes, dear, we are unsuited to each other, all through the Easly Closing

Association. "The what? The Early Closing As "Yes. Our shop closes now for the half day on Thursdays, and his office

only closes early on Saturdays." Appointments for Visitation by the Bisho of East Carolina.

November 15, Suaday, 24th Trinity November 18, Wednesday, William

ston, Advent. November 20, Friday, Greenville, S. November 22, Sunday, before Advent, M P., Beaufort county, Zion Church.

November 22, Sunday, before Advent E. P., Washington, S. Peter's. November 26, Thursday, Thanksgiving, Chocowinity, Trinity.
November 27, Friday, Beaufort coun

y, Calvary Chapel. November 29th, Sunday, 1st in Ad vent, M. P. Pitt county, S. John's. November 29, Sunday, 1st in Advent E. P., Pitt county, S. Michael's. December 2, Wednesday, Pitt county Dawson's School House.

December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent M. P., Lenoir county. Holy Innocents December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent E. P., Kinston, S. Mary's.
December 8, Tuesday, E. P., Trenton

December 9, Wednesday, Com., Tren December 18 Sunday, 3rd in Advent, M. P., Snow Hill, S. Barnabas. December 15, Tuesday, M. P., Farm-

ville. Emanuel. December 16 Wednesday, E. P., Hamlton, S. Martin's. December 17, Thursday, Com., Hamil-December 18, Friday, E. P., Winston

John's. December 19, Saturday, Com., Wins December 20. Sunday, 4th in Advent. Murfreesboro, S. Barnabas, December 25 Christmas, Woodville, Bertie county, Grace.

M. P., Roxobel, S. Mark's. M. P.—Morning Prayer. E. P.—Evening Prayer. At all Morning Services the Holy

December 27, Sunday after Christmas

The Vestries will please be ready t The Children will please be prepare Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

- Winston Sentinel: Mr. Felix Sowers, a farmer of Reedy Creek. Davidson county, dropped dead in his son in law's wagon, near Davis School, last evening. He was going home with his son-in-law, Mr. Todd. He brought tobacco to Winston yesterday and sold it. Deceased was 80 years old. Heart trouble was the

So years old. Heart trouble was the cause of his death.

Don't dally with rheumatism. Purify your blood and cure it at once by taking a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

#### SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Charlotte News: Mrs. R. E. Allen, after months of intense suffering, quietly fell asleep at 9.15 this morning, aged 83 years.

- Goldsboro Argus: The death of Mrs. Sarah J. Peele, widow of the late Geo. W. Peele, of New Hope township, and a most excellent woman, occurred at her home in that township on the night of the 31st, in the 64th year of her age.

- Laurinburg Exchange: A how is coming up all over the State about the election of negro magistrates. Richmond county has her share. A strange thing about it is that we cannot get a white man to acknowledge that he voted for one, but some of them must have done so.

- Greensboro Record: Capt. Jas. M. Sutton, the defeated Republican candidate for the House from this county in the recent election, died suddenly at his home near Gibsonville last night at 11 o'clock of heart failure. He was around the village yesterday, and seemed in his usual

- Rocky Mount Phanix: We are informed by a reliable business man that a farmer in Nash county found some time ago a diamond of the size of a guinea egg. It was found some years ago. The business man states that he offered to advance \$100 on it for the farmer to send it on to be examined by ex-

- Durham Sun: It is learned that a farmer who was in the city yesterday went to one of our banks to ex change some greenbacks for gold He had heard that some of our manufacturing concerns on last Saturday had paid off their employes in gold He had some greenbacks that he brought to town with him to exchange for gold. He only succeeded so we are told, in getting ten dollars of the vellow metal.

- Wilkesboro Chronicle: Some of the fellows in this county who voted the Republican ticket are expecting McKinley to repeal the tax on whis key and brandy. The Republican leaders, these fellows say, promised that this should be done as soon as McKinley is inaugurated President, and they believe it. - The revenues cut p a blockade distiller in the lower end of the county near the Yadkin line, last Saturday night. It was in full blast, and four men were working in it. One got away and the others were brought to town and were bound over to Federal court.

#### SOMETHING ABOUT CHIMNEYS.

Escaped Through Holes In Root Seven Centuries Ago. "Speaking about chimneys, they are not very old when you think of other things," a building contractor remarked, breaking into a description of a new building They were not in use in England before the twelfth century. In early times, you know, people allowed the smoke to escape through ventilators, as we would cal them, in the roofs, just as Indians allow smoke to escape through holes at the top of tents. According to the custom then, the braziers were placed in the center of the hall so that the smoke and fumes could rise. In some of the chambers of castle that were built may be seen fireplaces, but no chimneys. The fireplaces have semiciroular backs and semicircular arches over the openings. Where they project a little distance from the wall the flues run up the walls a few feet and then outward The outer openings are small oblong holes It must have been a queer sight to see smoke coming out of the side of a castle all the time. How they managed to create a draft is more than I know. I wonder

whether the dwellers in flats would grow mere if we made fireplaces that way.
"The rooms must have been smoky, ecause in the next century the peop tried to get rid of the smoke by exten the flues up to the tops of the walls. In the fourteeenth century the chimneys were usually very short. Later they were circusome of the tops were blown off the people discovered that the draft was sufficient builders changed the forms of chimney and gave them some ornamentation. The short chimneys were terminated frequent ly by low pinnacles, with outlets for the escape of smoke. Tall chimneys were square, octagonal or circular and were surmounted by cornices, forming capitals the smoke issuing from the tops. Toward the close of the fifteenth century clustered chimney shafts appeared, it is said. Later

quently highly ornamented. "By using terra cotta in connection with brick nowadays it is possible for an architect to get rid of some of the ugliness of a chimney and make it a part of the ornawhen houses can be heated cheaply by the use of electricity. Then we can go back to the old style of not having chimneys except at the stations where the curre may be generated, but we'll miss the oper fireplaces."—New York Times.

### RACE CHARACTERISTICS.

Legend of the Broken Devil and Its Infl ence Upon Mankind. The personified devil has had queer stories told regarding himself and his doings, but it is doubtful if there is a more curious one than that known to th gleaners of mediaval folklore as the "Leg end of the Broken Devil." According to the story, which is given in Kinsey's "Book of European Myths" and also in Oleson's "Skandinavian Folklore," when the devil was cast out of heaven he struck the earth at a place in the Swiss Alps which to this day bears the name of Devl's Light. Judging from the broken plac in the mountain, which is about one-half mile wide by four miles long, the fall was not only "far and swift," but the devil was a pretty good size. The indentation in the mountain is not the only result of the fall (or rather of the "light"), if we are to believe the legend. According to the story the poor devil was broken into four different pieces, and each of these four pieces rolled off in a different direction. The "head, horns and horrid bloodshot eyes" rolled off into savage country, which in later times was named Spain. The heart, which "slowly pulsated for years and at each rise and fall gushed torrents of bine black blood," lodged in a mountain gorge in a country which has since been named Italy. The stomach, "horrid machine fo grinding infants' bones and generating sulphurous flames which were from time to time belched out between the fanglike

over the cattle, another over the sheep, another over the dogs and another over the fleas that devour teeth," found lodgment in Germany, and the feet, "which never yet had trodden the horrid paths of hell, but were cloven the dogs. One of the strongest natural proofs for such awful purposes," did not stop after the break until they reached the cenof the folly of hereditary right in kings is that nature disapproves it. ter of France. Otherwise she would not so fre-The people of those four different con tries immediately began to worship the parts of the devil which had alighted in their respective territory, and since that day the Spaniards have been haughty, the Italians amorous, the Germans gluttons quently turn it into ridicule by giving mankind an ass in place of a

Little M .- Why, I asked sister last night

lion.-Thomas Paine. and the French great dancers.—St. Louis One of the heaviest snowfalls known in this country was Feb. 19 A Family Po to 24, 1717, when the snow remained Little Mabel-Papa, does our family five to seven feet deep all over New own a planet?
Papa—What nonsense, child! Who put
that idea into your head? England.

what big star it was above us, and she said it wasn't a star, but a planet, and that it was ma's.—Brooklyn Life. situated just outside the Popolo. gate. Let the Test Be Made, Cumso-I'd like to see a photograph of a cloud made with the cathodic ray. Cawker-Why?

No Protestant church is allowed

within the walls of Rome. They are

Cumso—I'm suspicious about the silve lining.—Detroit Free Press.

#### Much in Little A BALLOON RIDE.

and had got permission to make the ascent

It was 8 o'clock, and the crowd were be

ginning to be impatient, when all at once

the aeronaut came and whispered in Tom-

Well, what do you think now?

Tommy answered "Yes" as decidedly as

before, and almost before he could realize his good fortune he was in the car of the

balloon, and the man standing beside him had given the word to the attendants, and

they were sailing up through the air with a velocity that almost took away his

Then the balloon sailed away from Pop-

pleton, or rather from the Poppleton skies, for it seemed to Tommy that they had got

as high up into the sky as anybody ever did, and he had begun to wonder if he wasn't going to heaven like Enoch, whom he had read about in his Sabbath school

lesson, but soon found they were floating

over toward Oldport. Then directly they

were sailing over the ships in Oldport harbor, straight toward the ocean. And

"I think we have been far enough. I

think we should go back now," he said

"Go back!" cried the aeronaut, who

seemed to be enjoying himself very much,

his black eyes glowing and his thin cheeks

our journey yet. My dear boy, do you

know where we are going?" And he whis-

pered as mysteriously as if there were

somebody near to hear. "We are going to accomplish the most wonderful feat the

world has ever witnessed! We are going

directly across the Atlantic! We shall

land at Liverpool in two days! Think of

it! I thought of going to the moon at first, but after you decided to accompany

me I changed my mind, thinking it would

be pleasanter for you to visit Europe, for I

have made one journey to the moon, and

is supposed to be—cold and disagreeable,

my boy. ' And he shrugged his shoulders

and wrapped his coat still more closely

Tommy looked at him in astonishment

which soon changed to terror as he began

to realize that he must be insane. But if

much rather go back to Poppleton," said

Tommy, trying to speak coolly, though his voice shook with fear.

"Go back to Poppleton, you little coward!
You are afraid," said the aeronaut, looking

eagerly at Tommy, whose great blue eyes

"No. no. I ai-ain't!" sobbed Tommy

"What a fool you are!" said the man.

"This is glorious, glorious!" And out went another bag of sand and up went the

alloon higher still into the air, until now

But just at that moment, as by a mira-

cle, Tommy thought, the wind veered and

wafted them toward the shore of the bay-

in an opposite direction from Poppleton.

of that dreadful water under him would

But the madman-there could be no

doubt that he was such-took alarm at

once. He conceived the idea that enemies

were waiting for him on the shore and he

declared that he preferred to drop down

into the water rather than fall into their

hands, and to Tommy's terror he pulled a

string that hung near his hand and the

rapidity. They could hear the shouts of the sailors on the vessels. Tommy held

his breath, awaiting the end, when all at

once a thought struck him, and acting

upon it instantly he threw one of the re-

maining bags of sand out of the car. An-

other followed it before the aeronaut could

stay his hand, and the balloon rose again.

still drifting toward the shore. Before the

naniac, astonished at Tommy's boldness

had presence of mind enough to pull the

string again, they hung over the edge of

Then he pulled the string, but m

forcibly than he meant. He felt as if the

wind was rushing in upon him and he was

tationary. There was a great rushing

noise in his ears, and then he felt a shock

as if heaven and earth had crushed togeth

It was a long time before he came back

to consciousness, and then his mother's face, which he had never expected to see

again, was bending over him. His first feeling was surprise and thankfulness to

find himself alive, and the next anxiety to

learn the fate of his companion. And

when he heard how narrow his escape had

seen, you may be sure his hair stood up

straighter and his blue eyes grew rounder

than ever before. The balloon caught in

tree, and that was all that saved them

both from being dashed to pieces. The

town where they made their hasty descent

was not far from Oldport, and one of the

crowd which collected immediately recog-

nizing Tommy his parents were at once

sent for. The poor crazy aeronaut was

was carried to a hospital by the friends

who had really been in search of him and whom he had fancied his enemies. He

was insane only at intervals, and while in

Poppleton arranging for his balloon ascen-sion no one had noticed anything strange

in his manner. Need I tell you that it

was Tommy's last as well as his first ride

Our Primary Education.

One cannot have had any experience of

he instruction of European boys and girls

without being conscious of the radical con-

trast between the spirit of the elementary

schoolroom abroad and in this country

There is among the little people abroad a

peculiar sort of application of which among American children you will find not the

smallest trace. It is not a question of in-

dustry. The juvenile American is as will-

ing to learn and as quick about it as any

ther. It is a matter of mental attitude.

The schoolroom where European children

acquire the rudiments of education is, in

spot—one more shut off from the distrac-

tions that come from without, and notably

more serious.

ome unanalyzable way, a quieter, remoter

Learning may look to the youthful minds

within those walls to be a dull thing, but

it is certain, without their being aware of

it, to seem a dignified thing. And the

upon the juvenile scholar until it shapes

im to this application—to a mood of pa-

tient attentiveness and a sort of ruminat

ing receptivity that, so far as ultimate

fruitfulness is concerned, may in every in-

stance be safely preferred to all the pre-

Chinese Implement Gods.

deity. There is a god of knives, an-

other of spades, another of hatchets,

another of swords. Every kind of animal has its deity. One god presides

Every Chinese implement has its

coclous personal "brightness" and "alert-

ness" in the world.—Scribner's.

in a balloon?-New York News.

more seriously injured than Tommy and

ing to Tommy's eyes before.

er. And then all was a blank.

the land, which had never looked so invit-

to be sure; but merely to have land inste

be happiness, Tommy thought.

the vessels looked like nothing more than

beginning to fill with tears.

"But I've rode long enough."

flies crawling over the bay.

"I don't want to go to Europe. I would

he were so why had no one discovered it?

around him.

"Why, we haven't fairly begun

Tommy began to be a little alarmed.

with him.

you want to go?"

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medi cine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine There was to be a balloon ascension the common in Poppleton. Tommy Hay-den had made friends with the aeronaut

# ways efficient, always sat-isfactory; prevent a cold

or fever, cure all liver ills, The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparille



YON & CO'S IOKING TOBACCO

#### APPOINTMENTS.

LYON & CO. TOPACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Vilmington District-W. S. Rone, P. E Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, Noember 14, 15.

Magnolia circuit, Providence, Novem er 15, 16. Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, Noember 20 21. Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville

lov. 23, 23. Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24. Bladen circuit. Antioch. Nov. 28, 29. Wilmintgon, Bladen Street, Dec. 8. Onslow circuit Tabernacle, Dec, 5,

#### Bucklen's Arnica Saive.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sal Rheum. Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

#### For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fitty years by mil lons of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bot tle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

#### Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLANY'S Drug Store.

### Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholessle rices generally. In making up small orders higher rices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as cossible, but the Star will not be responsible for any ariations from the actual market price of the articles instead.

BAGGING-				82c; January -c; May 851/c. Oats-
2 D Jute		9	6	spot dull and firm; options firmer and
Standa d		6	694	pot cuit and intel, options intel and
WESTERN SMOKED-		-	-74	quiet: December 2414c; May 27c; spot-
Hams & D	12	0	14	No. 2 2814@2314c; No. 2 white 2514@
ides @ D	6	9	7	26c; mixed Western 22@241/c. Lard
Shou'ders @ D	6	ø	634	and, mixed western asimple C. Laid
DRY SALTED-		_		quiet and firmer; Western steam \$4 5214;
Sides # 10	4140		434	city \$4 20; December \$4 50,nominal: re-
Shoulders W D			434	fined-demand moderate; Continent \$4 85;
BARRELS-Spiri s Turpentine-	27:25	100	2/22	Continued disoctate, Continuent 84 60;
Second-hand, each	1 00	ø	1 10	South America \$5 25; compound \$4 62%
New New York, each	1 35	Ø.	1 40	Q4 75 Pork quiet: new mess \$8 500
New City, each	144	0	1 40	
BEESWAX 9 D	23	0	24	9 00. Butter-fancy firm and fairly active;
BRICKS-				State dairy 11@18; do. creamery 12%@
Wilmington 9 M	6 50	9	7 00	20; Western dairy 8@1214; Elgins 2014
Northern	9.00	Ø	14 00	
BUTTER-		-		Eggs firm; receipts light; State and
North Carolina B D	15 23	9		Pennsylvania 28@26c; Western ifresh 21
CORN MEAL—	20	- 62		@24c; do. per case \$9 25@5 50; South-
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	0	4716	
	40	ä	40	ern 21@22c. Cotton seed oil steady and
COTTON TIES-18 bundle	10	×	1 10	quiet; crude 22c; yellow prime 25c. Mo-
CANDLES-W D-		•	1 10	lasses firm, fairly active, unchanged.
Sperm	18	0	25	
Adamantina	- 0	8	10	Peanuts firm; fancy hand-picked 81/0
CHRESE - 9 D-		•		8%c. Coffee easy and 15@25 points
Northern Factory	10	0	11	
Dairy, Cream	11	6	12	down; November \$9 95@10 05; Janaary
State	-	ă	10	\$9 65@9 75; July \$9 80, September \$9 80
COFFEE-9 D-		_	77	@9 85: spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7.
Laguyra	20	0		910 891/ Sugar rom from fair sefairs
Rio	10	00	16	\$10 681. Sugar-raw firm; fair refining
DOMESTICS-			Haward.	8 1-16c;refined quiet firm and unchanged.
Sheeting, 4-4, # yard	100	ø	534	
Yarns. B bunch	18	0	20	CHICAGO. November 19.—Cash quota-
EGGS-# dozen	.8	Ø	8	tions: Flour firm; unchanged. Wheat-
FISH-			22.00	No.2 spring 784@80%c; No.2 red 864@
Mackerel, No 1, 19 barrel	22 00	0	30 00	ceste Com No construction of the
Mackerel, No 1, W half-barrel Mackerel, No 2, W barrel,,	11 00	6	15 00	86%c. Corn-No. 2 24% @25%c. Oats-
Mackeret, No 2, W Darret,	10 (0	9	18 00	No. 2.18%. Mess pork, \$7 05@7 10.
Mackerel, No 2, 8 half-barrel	8 00	9	2 00	Lard \$4 10@4 15. Short rib sides
Mullets W barrel	19 00	9	14 00	40 7500 05 Den saled should

Mullets, & barrel
Mullets, & pork barrel.
N C. Roe Herring, & keg...
Dry Cod, & B

Extra

OUR - & barrel

Low grade

Cho ce

Straight
First Patent
LUE-19 15—
RAIN-15 bushel-

Corn, from store, bags—White, Corn, cargo, in bulk—White... Corn, cargo, in bags—White... Oots, from s ore...

west india cargoes, according to quality
Dressed Flooring, seasoned...
Scantl ng and Board, common...
MOLASSES, # galtoo—
New Crop Cuba, in hhds,....
in bbls....
Porto Rico, in hhds,....
in bbls....
Sugar-House, in hhds....
in bbls....

SHINGLES, 7-inch, 9 M.
Common
Common
Cypress Saps
SUGAR, 9 D—Standard Grants
Standard A.
White Rx. C
Ext a C, Golden
C Yell-W
SOAP, 9 D—Northern
STAVES, 9 M—W, O, barrel,
R, O, Hogobead
TIMB\*R, 9M feet—Shipping
Mill, Fair
Common Mill,
Inferior to Ordinary
TALLOW 9 B
WHISKEY, 9 gallon—Northern,
North Carolina

Cow Peas .

HAY, \$ 100 Do-

25. Whiskey \$1 18 on the basis of high roof spirits. The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest, lowest closing: Wheat-November 77% 6781. 79%, 771. 79%c November 77% \$784, 79%, 774, 79%c; December 78% \$6794, 80% \$80%, 784, 80%; May 82% \$683%, 84% \$684%, 824, 84%; C. Corn—November 24%, 25%, 24%, 25%; December 25%, 25%, 25%, 25%; May 29, 29%, 28%, 29% \$25%, 25, 25%; May 29, 29%, 28%, 29% \$629%. Oats—November 18%, 19%, 18%, 19%; December 19%, 19%, 19%, 19%; May 22% \$623%, 23%, 23%, 22%c. Pork—December \$697%, 707%, 697%, 707% January \$7 97%, 807%, 797%, 805; May 88 37% 842%, 8 35, 8 42%. Lard—December \$4 10, 4 15, 4 10, 4 15; January \$4 30, 4 85, 4 30, 4 85; May \$4 52%, \$4 80, 4 85, 4 80, 4 85; May \$4 52½, 4 57½, 4 52½, 4 57½, Short ribs— December \$8 85, 8 90, 8 85, 8 90, January

\$3 97%, 4 09%, 3 95, 3 00; May \$4 20,4 20, BALTIMORE, Nov. 12 .- Flour firm and nchanged. Wheat strong; spot and November 90@901/c; December 89c bid; Steamer No. 2 red 86c asked Southern by sample 90@91c; do on grade 86 1 990c. Corn easy; spot. November or December, new or old, 29 1 80c; January 80 20 80 1; February 81 2 81 1; Steamer mixed 27 28c; Southern white 29 80c; do yellow 280 10c; Oata from No. 2 white 28 286 1/c; 80c. Oats firm; No. 3 white 26@261/c; No. 2 mixed 281/@28c.

COTTON MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star-

Nov. 12-Galveston, quiet at 7 9-16, net receipts 7.690 bales: Norfolk, quiet at 7 9-16, net receipts 9.898 bales; Baltimore, steady at 7%, net receipts — bales; Bossteady at 7%, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8½c; net receipts 1,876 bales, Wilmington, steady at 7%, net receipts 2,099 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8½c, net receipts 25 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7½, net receipts 5 061 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7½, net receipts 14.216 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7½, net receipts 1,626 bales; Memphis, steady at relephone 162.

#### COMMERCIAL.

7 7 16c, net receipts 2,374 bales; Augusta

quiet at 736. net receipts 2,850 ta'es:

Charleston, firm at 71, net receipts 8718

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

American middling 4 18-32d. Sales

12,000 bales, of which 9 800 were Ameri-

can; speculation and export 1 000. Re-

ceipts 55,000 bales, of which 54 200

were American. Futures opened steady

and demand moderate. November

4 26-64, 4 27-65@4 28 64d; November

and December 4 24 644; December ard

January 4 20 64. 4 21 64@4 22 64d: Jan-

uary and February 4 19 64, 4 20 64@

4 21-64d; February and March 4 19 64,

4 20 64@4 21-64d; March and April

4 19-64, 4 20 64@4 21 64d; April and

May 4 19-64d: May and June 4 20 64,

4 21-64@4 22-64d; June and July 4 21-

64d; July and August 4 21-64, 4 22 64@ 4 28 64d. Futures steady.

12 45 P. M .- American scot grades

unchanged. American middling fair

4 29-32d; good middling 4 21 32d; mid-

dling 4 19 32d; low middling 41/4d; good

4 P. M.-November 4 27 64@4 28 64d

seller; November and December 4 24.

64d buyer: December and January 4 21-

64@4 22-64d seller; January and Febru-

ary 4 20-64d seller. February and March

4 19-84@4 20 61d buyer; March and

April 4 19-64@4 20-64d buyer; April and

May 4 20 64d seller; May and June

4 20 64@4 21 64d buyer; June and July

4 21-64d buyer; July and August 4 23 64d

ARRIVED.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Clear

Steamship Pawnee, Robinson, George-

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Clear

CLEARED.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wil

SCHOONERS.

Wm Linthicum, 158 tons, Brannock, Geo

ohn H Tingue, 525 tons. Burdge, Geo

Eva May, 181 tons, Small, J T Riley & Co.

Loggiellow, 250 tons, Chase. Geo Har-

Harriss, Son & Co. Fred. B. Belano, 250 tons, Sawyer, Geo. Harriss, Son & Co.

Bertha H. 124 tons, LeCain, J T Riley &

STEAMSHIPS.

Corinthia (Br). 837 tons, Robinson, Alex

Janeta (Br), 2 179 tons, Lemmond, Alex

Wraggoe (Br), 1888 tens, Rowe, Alex

Sheerness, 1414 tons, Norman, J H

BARQUES.

Antares (Ger), 465 tons, Rahden, J T

Ararat (Nor) 425 tons, Reineitzen Heide

Aurora (Nor). 618 tons, Koss, Paterson,

BRIGS.

Cameo, 200 tons, Colbeth, Geo Harris

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties.

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Sal-

SBASONABLE

mington, N. C., Nov. 13, 1896.

MARINE

seller. Futures closed quiet,

Run, Jas Madden.

town, H G Smallbones.

Harriss, Son & Co.

Harriss, Son & Co.

Sprung & Son

Sprunt & Son.

Sprunt & Son.

Riley & Co.

ordinary 4%d; ordinary 4 3-16d.

I-IVERPOOL, Nov. 13 .- 12.30 P. M --Cotton, demand fair and prices steadier.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE November 13. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 251/2 cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks, and 25 cents for ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 50 per obl for Strained and \$1 55 for Good

TAR .- Market firm at \$1 05 per CRUDE TURPENTINE.— Firm. Hard 1.40, Yellow Dip 2.00 and Virgin 1 90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine 2516024%c; rosin, strained, \$1 25; good strained \$1 80, tar \$1 30; crude turpentine \$1 10, 1 50, 1 60,

RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine...... Rosin.... Tar ..... Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year-167 casks spirits turpentine, 1 115 bbls rosin. 428 bbls tar, 92 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7%c for siddling. Quotations: Ordinary..... 5 Good Ordinary..... 6% Low Middling..... 7 Middling...... 7% Good Middling..... 7 11-16 Same day last year, middling 8c. Receipts-2,099 bales; same day last rear 1.218. COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime; 0@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia-Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c. CORN-Firm; 88 to 40 cents per N. C. BACON-Steady; Hams, &

to 111/c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c: Sides, 7 to 716c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch. hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 3 25; six inch. \$2.50 to 8.50; seven inch \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.00 to

#### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. FINANCIAL. NEW YORK, November 12-Evening .-Money on call was quoted easy at 81/4 64 per cent; last loan at 81/2 per cent. closing offered at 814 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Ster-ling exchange quiet and firm, with actual business in bankers bills 4824 @4824 sixty days and 485 1/ @485 1/2 for demand Commercial bills 480% @481%. Goverment bonds higher; United States coupon fours 108%; United States twos 95, State bonds quiet: North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 114. Railroad

bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was quiet. COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 12-Evening .-Cotton quiet; middling gult 8%c; middling 81/6c. Cotton futures-market closed firm: November 7 81, December 7 87, January 7 99, February 8 04, March 8 11, April 815, May 8 19, June 8 22, July 8 24. Sales 133,100 bales. Cotton-net recepts - bales; gross

.587 bales; exports to Great Britain 1.646 bales: to France - bales: to the Continent 1287 bales: forwarded 308 bales: sales - bales; sales to spinners 59 bales; stock 179,470 bales. Total to-day-Net receipts 45,709 bales; exports to Great Britain 15,768 bales; to France 20,261 bales; to the Continent 23 582 bales; stock 1,043,352 bales. Total so far this week-Net receipts 224.466 bales; exports to Great Britain

89,383 bales; to France 47,465 bales; to the Continent 108,278 bales. Total since September 1-Net receipts 2 839 839 bales; exports to Great Britain 942,195 bales; exports to France 218 857 bales; exports to the Continent 577,526

\$8 75@8 95. Dry salted shoulders.

\$4 00@4 25. Short clear sides \$4 00@

bales.

Flour was held higher, checking the demand: the range of prices was unmon, Sardines, Oysters, changed: Southern quiet and firm; common to fair extra \$2 65@3 25; good to Full and complete stock of choice \$3 25@3 55. Wheat-spot dull and stronger with options; ungraded red HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES 86@98c; options fair active and and closed firm at 1% @2%c advance; No. 2 red November 881/4c; December 891/4c; January -c: May 90c. Corn-spot duil LOWEST CASH PRICES. and firmer; No. 2 32c at elevator and 33c Don t fail to see us before buying. afloat; options were quet and 1601/30 higher; November 81%c; December 82c; January —c; May 85%c. Oats—spot dull and firm; options firmer and

WORTH & WORTH.

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feb 16 tf CLINTON, N. C.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth

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