DEC VICE 15 1 473H, the oldest duly to # performing the performance of th and period Cross one directly be one your the Job Strategy of the Vil H. Yes (Darill V. 1 the superspector of the Job Edge V. St. St. It in the dark \$2.50. Story was a part of the superspector of the supers has inverted by the control type make one equate. Two days of which to the published every Friday marring at 2 of as in published every Friday marring at 2 of per year, so could for six magnitis. Medests for three mounts.

All approximates energy for invertee. Positivals, Bulls, Hope, Piction, workery fortings, Positional Moortings, &c., will be charged regular advertising raises.

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# The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 16

### M'KINLEY'S PROGRAMME.

The Republican organs, with very few exceptions, have been extelling Mr McKinley's statesmanship in his handling of the Cuban question, but as a matter of fact there has been no statesmanship in it, for it has been marked by heutation and wavering and by a lack of candor in stating his position that does him no credit. His last message was in the main an apology for or defence of his anaction, when the people expected action, and a plea for authority to proceed in his mysterious negotiations in the usual way. Had this been granted all these fine proforming of exemplathy with the "Cumain struggling for liberty would Cuban independence would be, t mante the distinguished Mr. Ingalls

amething not already accomplished can be, and when it finally becomes an established and world-recognized fact there is no man in the world to whom the fighters for freedom wil feel under fewer obligations to than to President M. Kinley. Cuban independence never entered as a factor into his plan of procedure. He sumply contemplated the pacification of the pland. Woyler several times "parithed" it in his way, but Mr. McKinley had another way, which contemplated the sacrifice of independence, and the substitution of something else, which would have some semblance of the "stable" in it, and be some improvement on the unbridled rule of the past, against which the Cubans revolted.

This is not a mere matter of opinion, for Mr. Grosvenor, who now seems to do the talking for Mr. Mc-Kinley in the House of Representatives, said some time ago when McKinley's purposes were a matter of discussion and speculation, and much dissatisfaction was expressed at his dallying course, that Mr. McKinley's plan would bring peace and secure to the Cubans the "equivalent of independence," and this, in the estimation of a good many Republicans, is what his message meant. In speaking of the message the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune thus probes it and shows what there was in it, and what Mr. McKinley had in view when he formulated it and sent it to Congress.

But, according to the view expressed by the President in to-day's message, American intervention has never had for its object anything but the restoration of peace and order in the island, and its purposes are to be held to be fully accomplished if tranquillity and stable government are once more restored either by independence or through the operation under Spanish control, real or nominal, of some

liberal scheme of colonial self-rule That the President has not despaired at any time of finding a solution of the Cuban problem which did not involve the unconditional waiver of Spanish sovereignty is made evident from the fact that nowhere in to-day's message is any reference to be found to the supposed demand made recently on Spain for the withdrawal of her land and naval forces from Cuba as the first step toward the restoration of civil order And that he still counts with some confidence on the success-ful pacification of the island through an acceptance by the insurgents of the political concessions offered by the Sagranta Cishinet is demonstrated by his statement in the postcript to the message that "if the measure (the suspension of hostilities proclaimed by Captain-General Blanco) attains a success ful result, then our aspirations as a Christian, peace-loving people will be

Though authority to intervene by tions in Cuba is asked of Congress, the exercise of military power to accomplish American ends is not, therefore, judged by the President to be an im-mediate necessity.

"Time would have to be given to see what fruits the suspension of hostilities would bear and to learn definitely what hope there was of inducing the insurgents to enter into negotiations looking to the signing of a satisfactory treaty of peace. Instead of war on the instant, therefore, the President's policy of intervention still hints at the possibility of a settlement of the Cu-ban problem without an actual resort to arms. In view of the unexpected

e empliance by the Sagasta Cabinet. th practically all the demands made far by this country, the President as rous in to believe, apparently, that further political concessions can be expected from that quarter -concessions which, without wholly surrendering Spain's control over Cuba, anuld yet grant the people of the island the virtual enjoyment of home

That the insurgents themselves will contribute to make effective the suspension of hostilities proclaimed esterday by Captain General Blanco however, hardly to be credited. Nor are they likely to yield their present advantage by consenting to enter into negotiations for peace which contemplate anything short of a complete recognition of Cuban in dependence. The President's policy promises, then, an ultimate employnent of force for the termination of the present indecisive struggle be tween the Spaniards and the Cubans, the future political control of the sland remaining a problem to be olved after the insufferable situaion there has been brought to an

This is no Democrat writing to a Democratic paper, but a friend of the President writing to a paper which has stood by him all along. defended his course and lauded his statesmanship. The correspondent knew what he was writing about, for representing a leading party organ which stood so zealously by the President, he was doubtless given superior facilities for information, and enjoyed free intercourse with and the confidence of those who stood close to the President, more than the or dinary correspondent does, and it may therefore be taken for granted that when he thus wrote of Mr. Mc

Kinley's purposes as shown by his message he knew the full purport of what he was saving. It is quite evident from this mes-

sage, taken in connection with his lilatory negotiations, that his plan for settling this question was based on possible concessions by both Soun and Cuba, that might bring them together, sidetrack indepen-I mee and leave Cuba a dependency of Spain. We believe that up to quite a recent period the negotiations with Spain were conducted on this basic idea and there is little doubt this is what these negotianons would end in, if Mr. McKiney had been yested with the power e asked for, and the Cubans could have been influenced to compromise. 'nless the action of Congress hould be so mandatory as to leave him no discretion in the premises. t is very likely that his efforts will ntinue in this direction. Premier agasta seems to understand him and his purpose, for he is quoted as saying that he has confidence in um, and that in sending to Congress the message he did, which he Sagasta) does not regard as alarmngly pagnanous. Mr. McKinley. imply yielded to popular pressure and did not voice his own views in ich passages as might have a hreatening aspect in them. The acon of Congress may cut off negoations, but unless it does there will yet be a good deal of swapping remarks between Washington and Madrid, and Mr. McKinley may beome the middleman in the dealing etween the Spaniards and the

# MINOR MENTION.

Consul General Lee's testimony

before the Senate Committee con-

tained some interesting statements, which had not previously been made public, one of which was in reference to the Weyler cablegram to his fenale friend and another person in Havana requesting them to destroy letters which he had written them some time before. This General Lee thought confirmatory evidence of the genuineness of the letter alleged to have been written by Weyler before the explosion of the Maine, in which he stated that something startling would soon occur in Havana harbor. Weyler denied the genuineness of this letter. He had also denied that there were any mines or torpedoes in Havana harbor, but an ex-Minister of War says that several of the harbors of Cuba were protected by torpedoes, 190 of which had been sent in charge of a torpedo expert, who had undertaken the work of laying them. Supplementing other testimony these statements of General Lee leave little doubt that the destruction of the Maine was the work of Spaniards. Another interesting statement is concerning the food supplies on the island, as showing how easy it would be starve Havana, and bring the Spaniards to terms without firing a gun. The Spanish army on the island, however loyal it may be, is not in much of a fighting mood, for soldiers who have not been paid in nine months, and have been but poorly cared for, cannot be very enthusiastic for a government which so discriminates between them and the officers, who were paid up to four months ago. As far as the Spanish power in Cuba is concerned, if this Government become involved with it, it is nothing but a shell. Another interesting and significant statement is that the Spanish inhabitants "are as a class not hostile to the United States." As the chaotic condition of the island must be as embarrassing to them as it is to others who have interests there they would in all probability prefer any guaranteed, stable government to that of Spain which exacts

order or protection in return. Mr. Henry Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, who is disgusted with the McKinley dallying with the Caban question and with the pro-Spanish position taken

loyalty without the ability to give

by such gold champions as Larry Godkim Carl Schurz and George Foster Pashody, pays his respects to them and to Mr. McKinley in a lengthy, ringing editorial, from which we clip the following :

'And yet, and yet, and yet; and softly, Mr. Peabody; and softly, Mr. Schurz; and softly, Mr. Godkia, softly and softly! There are things betwixt the blue bed and the brown not dreamed about in your philosophy. This Spanish American controversy is al ready diverting the attention of the people of the United States from a condition of internal politics little short of desperate. The whole policy of the Republican party since the advent of Mr. McKinley has been that of men bent upon self-destruction. Every real national interest has been sacrificed to supposed interest of the Republican party. Of the millionand a half Democrats who in 1896 voted for Mr. McKinley to save the national credit, not a beggarly hundred thousand, the lines being drawn again, would vote for him again. If hings go on as the have been going on. it is only a question of time when the extremism of the Republican party will swing the pendulum over to the extremism of the Democratic party. and-official loot alone the stake at issue... when the Democratic extremists will sweep the country.

Omitting the low estimate that Mr. Watterson puts on the motives of the "extremists," as he calls them, he voices the intense disgust of the "million-and-a-half Democrats" who voted for Mr. McKinley. Probably the apprehension that what s predicted in the conclusion may account for the hustle the Republican leaders have got on them in the eleventh hour and the disposition they show to rush up to the front and show some interest in Cuba.

## TWINKLINGS.

- "How do you tell the age of a turkey!" "By the teeth." "A turkey asn't teeth "No, but I have."-Tit

 "Fred must be an auctioneer. Why!" "Last night he said he was going three times before he went. -- Bill-"Do you believe there

are sermons in stones!" Jill - I guess so: I've seen the texts painted on the rocks."-Yonkers Statesman. Wooley - "Nithers says

makes no acquaintances among medi cal students " Knotton - "Why not? Wooley-"He says he's afraid they'l ut him dead "-Roxbury Gazette. - "What are you crying for. Bob-"Boo hoo! Willie's broke his irm, an' if I lick him all the fellers will say I'm a coward." "Why don't you wait till he's well?" "Boo-hoo

I can't lick him then - New York - An Indirect Impression - 'Has policy?" inquired Miss Miami Brown. replied Mr. Erastus Pinkley Fum all I kin unduhstan, it's all right, but de numbers is pow'ful slow in comin' out." - Washington Star.

- Deacon Jackson (respectfully) So you's been to Washin'ton an went froo de treasury, an' seen miles an imillions of money did warn't none of it yourn ! How did yoh feel sah! Mr. Smylie - The feeling is hard to describe, Jackson; just imagine yourself at a poultry show."-Truth.

- Edith-" Mrs. Mauve appears to be a regular iconoclast." Bertha-Edith- 'You know, she used o say that her husband was the idol of heart?" Bertha-"I know. Edith-"Well, by her extravagance that idol is dead broke."-Boston Transcript.

- Old Highrocks-'I refuse to take the picture. I won't give you a cent for it." Artist-"What's the matter! It looks like your daughter, doesn'tit!" Old Highrocks- 'O' course it does. That's the reason I don't want it. Any fool of a photograph man sould take a picture that looks like 'er What did you think I wanted a paintin for, anyway t"-Chicago News.

A Narrow Escape. Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally termi nated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughts and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a healthy woman," Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. Regular size 50cts. and \$1,00. Guaranteed or prices refunded.

- However it may be as regards other matters, it cannot be denied that our radical administration at Washington is no match for Spain in diplomacy .- Richmond Dispatch,

## Railroad Engineer Testifies to Benefits Received From



HERE is no more responsible position on earth than that of a railroad engincer. On his steady nerves, clear brain, bright eye and perfect self command depend the safety of the train and the lives of its passengers. Dr. Miles' Nervine and other remedies are especially adapted to coming the nerves steady, the brain clear and the mental faculties unimpaired. Engineer F. W. McCoy, formerly of 1323 Broadway, Council Bluffs, but now residing at 3411 Humboldt St., Denver, writes that he "suffered for years from constipation, causing sick, nervous and billous headaches and was fully restored to health by Dr. Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills. I heartily recommend

Dr. Miles' Remedies." Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all drug-Miles' gists under a positive guarantee, first bottle Remedie: benedts or money re-funded. Book on disfunded. Book on discases of the heart and DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind. Headache bad? Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's Pain Pill Cuns All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggista. Change, je 85 iy

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Mount Airy News: It is learned that the wheat crop in some sections is damaged by the recent cold suap. The rop never looked more promising than t did two weeks ago.

- Smithfield Herald: Mr. Ransom Yelvington, of near Clayton, died of paralysis Wednesday, April 9th. About two years ago he had a stroke which paralyzed one side, but he had partly regained his strength so that he ould get around and look after hav ing his work done. Last Wednesday. while out looking after some work, he had a second stroke at 10 o'clock and had to be carried to his home. He died at 2 o'clock.

- Dunn Union: Mrs. Patience Winifred Phillips, relict of the late Nathan L. Phillips, departed this life last Friday night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Zachary Taylor, in Cumberland, about a mile and a half from town. Mrs. Phillips had lived to a good old age, being 71 years and four months old. — Some of our farmers inform us that the cold and frosts of last week did not seriously damage the fruit crop. All the beans that were up in this community were killed, and some few are planting seed again. Scotland Neck Commonwealth:

The heavy frosts last week did some damage here, and more where truck had advanced more than in this community. Some persons have said, nowever, that the peaches were not cilled. — Several Mormons have been making themselves frequent by twos in this region recently. Last week two of them spent several days in this ommunity. They would go out into the country somewhere at night and then return and spend part of the day town. They made a thorough can vass of the town. At every place they would set their grips down at the gate and go to the front door together, knock and offer literature. They asked Mayor Perry the privilege to preach on the streets, but he promptly refused them. They rather insisted that he had no right to prohibit them, but he replied to them that if they tried it he would have them in the town prison in short order. Finally they left instructions at the postoffice for their mail to be forwarded to Spring Hill. They are doubtless infesting that comnunity this week.

- Asheville Citizen: Recently a party was given at the home of John me Higgins in Yancey county. Several of the party began drinking and were pretty well filled, when a quarrel, said to be result of jealousy, arose between Higgins and his wife. The angry wife struck her husband on the back of the head with a shovel, and from the effects of the blow he died Monday night. After the trouble Mrs. Higgins came to Asheville, and was this (Wednesday) morning arrested by Sheriff Worley. Later she was taken in custody by Sam Hensley and Carter Higgins, who were deputized to return with her to Yancey county. - Robert Dougherty, who several years ago killed Wm. Torrence, for which he served a term in the penitentiary and was subsequently pardoned, was recently arrested because he had registered as a legal voter. The warrant was based on an affidavit made by P. H. Thrash. The case was heard before Justice A T Sammey who held that Dougherty's pardon carried with it a restoration of citizen-The decision was accepted as

## CURRENT COMMENT.

- Missouri's shipment of mules to the Span sh army in Cuba shows | most defy protection. The most that there are other ways of getting even with the Dons, and without buying dynamite, either.-Philadelphia Press, Rep.

great calculations on the injuries that are to be inflicted on our commerce by Spanish privateers. These gentry will have to be pretty careful, more careful than Spanish seamen generally are, or they will be treated as pirates when they are aptured. The regular naval offiers will also find the business of searching neutral ships pretty hazardous unless they improve their methods and manners. - Louisville Courier Joannal, Dem.

Spain does everything too ate. Manana has been her ruin. Autonomy granted in time would have contented the insurgents, relief of reconcentrados, done before the Maine was blown up, would have disarmed the United States, and suspension of hostilities, at an earlier stage, would have stopped the war and prevented intervention. Spain has done all these things too fate. She has still greater concessions to make, for which there is yet time. To delay them like the others beyond the hour of grace, will be her ruin. - New York Commercial Advertiser,

The languor so common at this season is due to impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures it by enrich-

The smallest republic in ... is Franceville, one of the islands in the New Hebrides. The inhabitants consist of 40 Europeans and 500 black workmen employed by a French company.

More than 30,000 specimens of fossil insects have been collected from various portions of the world. Of these the rarest are the butterflies, less than 20 specimens having been found.

# The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no suffering from this dread-'ul malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you promp and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach, and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store, only 50 cents per bot-

# Rheumatism Cured.

My wife has used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with great relief, and I can recommend it as a splendid liniment for rheumatism and other household use for which we have found it valuable.-W.J. CUYLER. Red Creek, N. Y.

Mr. Cuyler is one of the leading nerchants of this village and one o the most prominent men in this vicinty.-W. G AHIPPIN, Editor Red Creek Herald. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

CASTORIA.

SANDSTORM IN THE DESERT.

The Heat Is Suffocating and the Sand Cuts the Skin Like Knives. Mr. R. Talbot Kelly writes and illustrates an article entitled "My Bedouin Friends" for The Century. Mr. Kelly says of the dreaded sand-

The air is hot and sulphurous, while the sun becomes lurid and sickly in its glare. At first the hot wind comes in slight puffs, like breaths from a kiln, but each moment it increases in velocity, carrying with it more and more fine drift sand, which, blinding the eyes and choking the lungs, gradually produces a most discressing feeling of depression and suffocation. By degrees, as the storm gains strength. little splinters of rock and small pebbles are lifted up and hurled at one like hailstones, cutting the skin like knives, until eyes and ears are full of blood, unless one has been able to protect himself against the blast. The native cufia, or silk scarf, wrapped round the head and face and leaving only the eyes exposed, is the most effective protection, but the heat is suffocating and quickly reduces one to impotence. As the storm continues perhaps for several days, the sun becomes totally obscured, while the ever moving sand gradually assumes the appearance of billows, threatening to overwhelm everything. Nothing can be distinctly seen above or around, and the moving sand drifts, splashing and breaking like surf upon rocks, are slowly but surely enveloping everything in camp and piling up tons of drift against tents and bag-Camp equipage is hastily packed

and loaded upon the terror stricken animals, and the party starts to ride obliquely through the storm toward the nearest high ground or mountain spur. To remain still means to be covered and entombed. Even should water skins not be cracked or dried up, in any attempts to drink the sufferer absorbs as much dust as water, and his plight is worse than before. Eating is out of the question; smoking is equally impossible. Forty-eight hours have I ridden in such circumstances, changing horses from time to time as they became too much distressed for further use and until I had hardly power to mount. After such a ride as this it may well be imagined how we relished our first halt in the shelter of a friendly hill and enjoyed the luxury of a dish of sour

milk and, above all, a smoke. Fortunately the khamsin, though supposed to last for 50 days, is intermittent in its energy, three days blow being usually followed by a few fine days, and, as a rule, its violence is not sufficient to be a source of danger. As showing the velocity of wind sometimes attained, I remember seeing in the Delta a palm tree, probably 60 feet in height, bent over by the wind until its crest swept the ground and excavated a large hole in the course of the day. Besides the khamsin, there are other forms of sandstorm which, though of shorter duration, come with a suddenness and vehemence that alcurious of these is perhaps what is locally called "a devil," a sudden gust of wind eddying down the mountain gorges and bursting on -- The Spaniards are making the desert like a whirlwind, carry-

ing pillars of sand with it. Another curious phase of the sandstorm is one that I experienced in the Libyan desert. The weather was perfectly fine, and I was working comfortably at my picture when suddenly I noticed in the horizon what appeared to be a cloud, black in its upper region and orange below. Before I had time to realize what was happening a blast of cold wind whirled away picture and easel and enveloped me in dust and flying pebbles A moment later dust had turned to dropping mud, which in turn gave place to torrential rain, drenching me to the skin and effectually washing the sand out of my

system. After that were peace and genial sunshine once more. Color Photography. One of the most interesting experiments in photography is the photographic reproduction of a green leaf in its natural colors. To do this take a copper plate such as is used for process work and have it silvered. Put it face up in a developing or toning tray and on it place the green leaf of which a copy is desired. To hold the leaf in position lay over it a piece of glass. A spoiled negative not larger than 4 by 5 inches, unless the leaf is quite large, may be used for this purpose. Turn over the plate a solution of hydriodate of potash containing a few grains of iodide to each ounce of solution. Cover the plate completely, so that it is at least half an inch beneath the surface of the liquid. Set the tray in the bright sunshine and leave it exposed for about half an hour, when, on removing from the tray, a most beautiful photographic impression of the green leaf will be found on the plate. - Harper's Round Table.

# MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., April 14, 1898. SCHOONERS.

City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Tower, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. John H Tingue, 483 tons, Rhodes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Steamship Croatan, 826 tons, McKee, Georgetown, H G Smallbones, Kimon (Austrian), 1,244 tons, Saha, Powers, Gibbs & Co. Cambay (Br), 1693 tons, Rees, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES. Anitra (Nor), 547 tons, Simonsen Paterson, Downing & Co. Rigi (Nor), 499 tons, Sopff, Heide & Co.

SANTAL-MIDY n either sex in 48 hours. It is superior to Copalba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad small or other

Is made a necessity by the im. Medicine pure condition of the blood after winter's hearty foods, and breathing vitiated air in home, office, schoolroom or shop. When weak, thin or impure, the blood cannot nourish the body as it should. The demand for cleansing and invigorating is grandly met by Hoed's Sarsaparilla, which gives the blood just the quality and vitality needed to maintain health, properly digest food, build up and steady the nerves and overcome that tired feeling. It is

# the ideal Spring Medicine. Get only Sarsaparilla America's Greatest Medieine. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Meed's Pills cure all Liver Ille and Sick Headache. 25c.

CATARRH DRUGGIST for a generons 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE. Elv's Cream Balm ontains no eocaine

it opens and cleanses COLD IN HEAD he Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the ane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Full Size 50c.; Trial Size 10c.; at Drug by mall. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street. New York tu th sa

The Meeting Place. "Some time ago," says the Waterbury American, "two young women, working girls, went to a house in this city to engage room and board. After talking with the lady of the house for some time the elder girl asked:

" 'Do you allow us to use the parlor?'

" 'Certainly not,' was the reply. My daughters use that themselves. " 'But,' said the girl, 'I am engaged to be married. The gentleman does not live in town, but calls occasionally, and both my sister and myself have friends, men and women, who call on us sometimes. Where can we receive them?' "The reply was, 'On the street!' "

An Expert Accountant. "Do you not think, Miss Smiles," he pleaded, "that in time you might learn to ove me?' "Possibly," the girl replied. "If you could render me a statement of what you are worth, Mr. Giles, I might learn to love you. I'm very quick at figures."—London Fun.

Mrs. Ginger-How dare you talk to me in that way? I never saw such impudence. And you call yourself a lady's maid, do The Maid-I was a lady's maid before I worked for you, ma'am -Boston Tran-

ALLES COURSELLA

# Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted. The following quotations represent Whole-Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

|     | Standard  |                                 | a          | 794                                     |          |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|------------|---|----------|
|     | Standard WESTERN SMOKED— Hams # b Sides # b Shoulders # b DRY SALTED—   | 15                              | 0          | 14<br>736<br>736                        |          |
|     | DRY SALTED— Sides # b   | . 5                             | 3400       | 6                                       |          |
|     | DRY SALTED— Sides * D Shoulders * D. BARRELS Spirits Turpentine— Second-hand, each. New New Mork, each. New City, each. BEESWAX * D.  | 1 00                            | 999        | 1 10<br>1 20<br>1 20                    |          |
|     | Wilmington W M  | 5100                            | 0          | 22                                      |          |
|     | Northern  | 9 00                            | 9          | 14 00                                   | 1        |
|     | North Carolina 🔻 D<br>Northern  | 18                              | a          | 25                                      |          |
|     | Per bushel, in sacks  | 45<br>45                        |            | 48<br>48<br>85                          |          |
|     | Sperm   | 18<br>8                         |            | 25<br>10                                |          |
|     | CHEESE— Northern Factory. Dairy, Cream. State. COFFEE— Description  | 10                              | 900        | 11<br>11<br>12                          |          |
|     | COFFEE-9 D-<br>LaguyraRlo   | 15                              | 6          | 16<br>10                                |          |
|     | DOMESTICS—<br>Sheeting, 44, 9 yard.<br>Yarns, 9 bunch.<br>EGGS—9 dozen.   | 18                              | 88         | 534<br>20                               |          |
| ١   | FISH - Mackerel, No. 1, 49 barrel   | 22 00                           |            | 30 00                                   |          |
|     | FISE—Mackerel, No. 1, 9 barrel. Mackerel, No. 1, 9 half-bbl. Mackerel, No. 2, 9 barrel. Mackerel, No. 3, 9 barrel. Mackerel, No. 3, 9 barrel. Mullets, 9 barrel. Mullets, 9 pork barrel. N. (; Roe Herring, 9 keg. Dry Cod, 9 b. Extra. | 11 00<br>16 00<br>8 00<br>13 00 | 39399      | 15 00<br>18 00<br>9 00<br>14 00<br>3 50 | 1        |
|     | Mullets, \$\perp \text{pork barrel} N. C. Roe Herring, \$\pi \text{keg.} Dry Cod, \$\pi \text{D} Extra  | 3 00<br>5<br>4 35               | 9999       | 6 50<br>3 25<br>10<br>4 50              | 8        |
|     | Low grade<br>Choice   |                                 | 990        | 4 00<br>4 90<br>5 25                    | 9        |
| ١   | First Patent  | 5 50                            | 60         | 6 00<br>836                             | 1        |
|     | Corn,from store,bgs—White<br>Car load, in bags—White<br>Oats, from store<br>Oats, Rust Proof<br>Cow Peas<br>HIDES—# b—  |                                 | 988        | 48<br>47<br>40                          | f        |
| Ì   | Cow Peas  | 65                              | 6          | 45<br>75                                | 1        |
| l   | Green   |                                 | 88         | 8<br>12                                 | 1        |
|     | Clover Hay  |                                 | 999        | 90                                      | 1<br>  c |
|     | Western<br>North River<br>HOOP IRON, W D  | 13                              | 60         | 85<br>75<br>2                           | 7        |
| l   | Northern<br>North Carolina<br>LIME, % barrel<br>LUMBER (city sawed) % M ft—   | 6<br>6<br>1 15                  | 999        | 7<br>10<br>1 25                         | f f      |
|     |   |                                 | 0          | 20 00<br>16 00                          | P        |
|     | West India cargoes, accord-<br>ing to quality   | 13 00                           | 66         | 18 00<br>22 00<br>15 00                 | 0 1 6    |
|     | Scantling and Board, com'n MOLASSES, # gallon— Barbadoes, in hogshead Barbadoes in barrels Porto Rico, in hogsheads Porto Rico, in hogsheads Sugar-House, in hogsheads Sugar-House, in barrels Sygun in harrels Sygun in harrels        | . 4 00                          | 999        | 26<br>28                                | q        |
|     | Porto Rico, in hogsheads<br>Porto Rico, in barrels  | 10                              | 88         | 28                                      | Si       |
|     | Sugar-House, in hogsheads. Sugar-House, in barrels Syrup, in barrels  |                                 | 9999       | 14<br>15<br>15                          | J<br>S   |
|     | Syrup, in barrels  NAILS \$\pi \text{keg. Cut. 60d basis}  PORK, \$\pi \text{barrel-}  City Mess  | 1 40                            | @ 1        | 1 50                                    | v<br>6.  |
| 100 | Rump<br>Prime<br>ROPE: ₩ b  | 10                              | 6 1<br>6 1 | 1 50<br>1 50<br>22                      | u        |
|     | SALT, Sack Alum   |                                 |            | 1 10                                    | 60       |

Cypress Saps.
SUGAR, w b—Standard Gran'd
Standard A.
White Extra C.
Extra C, Golden.
C. Yellow.
SOAP, w b—Northern.
STAYES, w M—W, O. barrel.
R. O. Hogshead.

R. O. Hogshead..... TIMBER, W M feet—Shipping...

Common Mill
Inferior to Ordinary
SHINGLES,N. C. Cypress sawed
May heart

Sap.... 5x24 Heart..

8ap .... 6x24 Heart..

OXZ4 Heart
Sap.
TALLOW B B
WHISKEY, B gallon-Northern,
North Carolina.
WOOL B B-Uuwashed.....

7 50 @ 8 50 5 00 @ 6 00 4 50 @ 5 00 4 00 @ 4 50 6 00 @ 6 50, 5 00 @ 5 50

Mill, Prime..... Mill. Fair.....

## COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 15. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.-Market steady at 26 cents per gallon for ma-chine-made casks and 25 1/4 cents for country casks. ROSIN .- Market dull at \$1.05 per bbl for Strained and \$1.10 for Good Strained.

TAR.-Market firm at 90 cents per CRUDE TURPENTINE. - Market quiet at \$1.40 per barrel for Hard, and \$1.90 for Dip. Quotations same day last year Spirits turpentine, steady, 2714, 26%c rosin steady, \$1.35, \$1.40; tar firm.

95 cents; crude turpentine quiet, \$1.30, \$1.80, \$2.00. RECEIPTS

pirits Turpentine... Rosin ...... 1,109 at 5@10c decline from yesterday Crude Turpentine..... Receipts same day last year. casks spirits turpentine, 434 bbls rosin, 96 bbls tar, 0 bbls crude tur pentine.

Market firm on a basis of 5%c Good Ordinary Low Middling ..... 5 3-16 Middling 558 Good Middling 54 Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts-121 bales; same day last rear, 241. COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS-North Carolina-Prime.

40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds, Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c. Virginia— Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c. CORN.-Firm; 471/2@50 cents per ROUGH RICE.—\$1.00@1.05 bushel N. C. BACON.—Steady: hams, 8 to

c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; SHINGLES.-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$1.60 to \$2.25; six inch, \$2.25 to \$3.25; seven inch, \$5.50 to \$6.50 TIMBER. - Market steady at \$3.00 to \$7.50 per M.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

WEEKLY STATEMENT. RECEIPTS For week ended April 15, 1898 Rosin. 11,286 RECEIPTS. For week ended April 16, 1897 EXPORTS. For week ended April 15, 1898 Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Crude 9.133 000 5,231 1,650 9:133 215 5 117 2 402 EXPORTS. For week ended April 16, 1897. 72

STOCKS. A float 43 (00) 4,978 Ashore. STOCKS, Ashore and Afloat April 16, 1897

# FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, April 15.-Money on call was easier at 2@3½ per cent.; last loan at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 51/2 @6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, actual business in bankers' bills 483 4 @483 1/2 for demand : 479 % @480 for sixty days. Posted rates 5 1712, 5 2212 September \$5.25, were 480 % @481 and 484 @481 12. Com- 5.25, 5.30 Ribs, per 100 lbs. were 480 1/2 @ 481 and 484 @ 481 1/2. Commercial bills 479@4791/2. Silver certifi- \$5 121/2, 5 15, 5 121/2, 5 15; July \$5 17 cates 55 % @56 1/2. Bar silver 55 78. Mexican dollars 45 4. Government bonds irregular; U. S. new 4's registered 119@120; do. coupon, 120@121; U. S. 4's 1084@109; do. coupon, 1091a@ 110½; U. S. 2's, 95; U. S. 5's, registered, ex-int., 109 4 @110 4; do.5's, coupon, 111@112. State bonds dull; N. C

# NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, April 15.—Rosin was 2 white 34c, sales; No 2 mixed & 31c. Lettuce \$1.250/1.50 per basic teady. Spirits turpentine was quiet. CHARLESTON, April 15.—Spirits tur pentine firm at 261/2c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, April 15.-Spirits tur pentine steady at 25 4c, with sales of 137 casks; receipts 455 casks. Rosin was quoted firm; sales 1,691 barrels; receipts 1,829 barrels; A. B. C. D,\$1 10 E \$1 10@1 15, F \$1 20, G \$1 35, H \$1 50, I \$1 55, K \$1 60, M \$1 60, N \$1 65, windowglass \$1 75, water white \$1 85.

# COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star, NEW YORK, April 15 - There was quite a spurt of old-time activity in the cotton market to-day, with trading more evenly divided between foreign, Southern and Western houses than in some time. From the start the bull crowd had the upper hand and prices steadily improved throughout the session. On the opening call the feeling was firm with prices 4 to 5 points higher, chiefly to unlooked for favorable Liverpool cables. The feature of the orenoon operations was the active covering by operators wno recently have figured conspicuously as sellers. The close was very steady at a net gain of five to seven points.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1897: Galveston, 1,869,661 bales; New Orleans, 2,500,958; Mobile, 347, 703; Savannah, 1,140,551; Charleston, 460,521; Wilmington, 311,608; Norolk, 526,311; Baltimore, 65,342; New York, 134,405; Boston, 186,274; Newport News, 13,699; Philadelphia, 72, 009; Brunswick, 232,040; Port Arthur, 0,477; Pensacola, 109,687; Port Royal, 65,972. Total, 8,407,263 bales.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Cotton was nuiet: middling 614c. Cotton futures closed very steady: sales 99,700 bales; April 6.00c, May 6.02, une 6.04c, July 6.07c, August 6.09c, September 6.09c, October 6.06c, Noember 6.07c, December 6.09c, January

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling plands 6 4c; middling gulf -c; sales 500 bales.

Net receipts 37 bales; gross receipts 2.312 bales; forwarded 469 bales; sales 300 bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 185,521 bales. Weekly-Net receipts 1.434 bales: gross receipts 24,369 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,714 bales; to France 2.236 bales; to the Continent 9,788

bales; forwarded 3,934 bales; sales

3,543 bales; sales to spinners 1,443

bales. Total to-day-Net receipts 10,486 bales; exports to Great Britain 31,038 bales; exports to the Continent 8,268 bales; stock 696,953 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 71,158 bales; exports to Great Britain 82,386 bales; exports to France 5,736 bales: exports to the Continent 50,199 bales.

Britain 3,048,276 bales; exports to France 749,309 bales; exports to the Continent 2,614,538 bales.

April 15.—Galveston, quiet at 54 c. net receipts 1,460 bales; Norfolk, firm at 5%c, net receipts 166 bales, Bal timore, nominal at 6c, net receipts 40% bales; Boston, steady at 63 16c, net re ceipts 474 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5%c, net receipts 120 bales: Philadel phia, quiet at 61/2c, net receipts 1888 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5 9 icc. net & receipts 1,079 bales; New Orleans, firm at 5%c, net receipts 5,441 bales; Mobile steady at 5 11-16c, net receipts 26 bales Memphis, steady at 5%c, net recents 614 bales; Augusta, steady at it met re ceipts 148 bales; Charleston, nominal at 5%c, net receipts 153 bales.

### ---PRODUCE MARKETS By Telegraph to the Morning St.

NEW YORK, April 15. Flour Was

weak, only saleable on choice grades nesota patents \$5 20@5 55. When Spot weak; No. 2 red \$1 07; option opened easier and with few exception were very weak all day; hquidanwas a feature, particularly near close when May went to proceclosed 3 net lower, against the loss in other months; additional factors were lower cables, less war news and better crop prospects in formia; No. 2 red May closed \$ July closed 89%c. Corn Speel weak; No. 2 364c; options easy and sold off during the day wheat and weak cables, closing lower; May closed 345 c. July 35 4c. Oats-Spot quiet, No. options were fairly active and with corn, closing the net lower closed 29 kc. Lard steady \ steam \$5 45; May \$5 50, nonfined steady. Butter was Western creamery 17@20c : do 12 1/2 @16c; Elgins 21c; imitation ery 141/2/6/171/2c; State dairy 15 creamery 17/6/20. Cheese was large white September 7:4-8 ton seed oil moderately active summer vellow 22 4 67.22 12 c. . . mer vellow 22 4 c. Petroley Rice firm. Molasses steady quiet: Florida 75c@\$1 00 Charle and Savannah \$1,000,1 12 , Cast. pot Rio steady; No.7 invoces obbing 71sc; mild steady the 84 @15c. Sugar Raw barrels at fair refining 3 9-16c; centrifugat of

CHICAGO, April 15.—The unlead of something like 5,000,000 busts. July wheat to day to Joseph L. sulted in a break of So in that May also declined sharply, closur, lower than it did vesterday The ness and activity of the amershown by the fact that there was cents difference between the lalow points of May and Sie mi The high point for May 115 highest since 1892. Corn and each lined about ic each in sympa-Provisions were steady and speed slight closing advances Chicago, April 15, Cash up tions: Flour steady, Wheat No 28

-: No. 3 spring 93 1, or 1 00 . No. \$1 06 Corn No. 2 29 Oats-No. 2 264ac: No. free on board 20056 No. 39 free on board, 281, 6630c. Rye 5212 c. Mess pork per bbl. \$3 Lard, per 100 lbs. \$5 15 rib sides, loose, \$4 9500.5 salted shoulders, boxed, \$1 62 39,414 7,831 20,5 55 Whiskey, distribers finish goods, per gallon, \$1 20. The leading futures ranged as to: ows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat No.2 May \$1 (114 15, 1 09, 1 09; July 87

84 4. 84 4c. September 78 a. 77-38. December 78-38. 79 5. 77 Corn-May 3018, 3018, 29 4, 1 July 3114, 3116, 3018, 3018, Sept 32½, 32½, 32½, 32½, 32½c. Oats - Macy 26 %, 26 %, 26 %c, July 23 %, 23 23. Pork, per bbl. May \$3 80 75, 9 80; July \$9 90, 9 921, 9 9 9216. Lard, per 100 lbs - May \$5 5 15, 5 1216, 5 15; July \$5 1712. 5 221g. 5 174g. 5 224g. September #5 25.

Baltimore, April 15.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat weak and lower; spot and month \$1.02 , 1.02 ; May \$1.02 , 01.03; July 9 asked; steamer No. 2 red 98 5 000 Southern wheat by sample \$1 1.03; do on grade 99% coc\$1 Corn easy; spot and month 35, 35, e. May 35, 35, e. June 37 35 2c; July 35 4@36c; steamer may 345 c. 34 .c. Southern white po 36 2c; do yellow 36c. Oats firm

30, 5 25, 5 30,

# FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cabo to the Morning Star LIVERPOOL, April 15 4 P M. Cotton Spot, good business done and orices higher. American moddling fair d: good middling it at American iddling 3 15 32d; low moddlin 11-32d; good ordinary 3 ordinary 3d. The sales of the were 15,000 bales, of which 1.5 for speculation and export a cluded 14,300 American. Recept 000 bales, including 1,700 Futures opened steady with erate demand and closed American middling (1 m -3 25 64@3 26 64d seller; April and 1 25 64@3 26 64d seller: May and J 25-64@3 26-64d buyer; June July 3 25-64at3 26 64d buyer. and August 3 26 64d seller. An and September 3 25 640/3 26 64d se September and October 3 24 64 buyer; October and Noveme 3 24-64d buyer; November and Decber 3 23-64663 24 64d buyer: December and January 3 23-64@3 24 64d buy-January and February 3 23 64 cm.

# MARINE.

ARRIVED. Steamship Oneida, 1091 tons, Staper Georgetown, H G Smallbones Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayett rille, Jas Madden

CLEARED. Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Farm ille. Jas Madden Nor barque Doctor Mezger 624 ton-Horn, London, Paterson, Downers

Br brig Ora, 198 tons, Sprager Arecibo, Porto Rico, Geo Harriss & Co. Schr Longfellow, 254 tons, Chas New Haven, Geo Harriss, Son & Co

## Nor barque Veritas, 450 tons, Knud sen, Cardiff, Jas T Riley & Co

# EXPORTS.

COASTWISE NEW HAVEN-Schr Longfellow 277,000 feet lumber. Vessel by Good Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Cape Fear Lumber Co. FOREIGN.

CARDIFF—Nor barque Veritas 4,324 bbls rosin, valued at \$6,934 22. Vessel by Jas T Riley & Co; cargo by S P Shotter Co, per Matt J Heyer. LONDON-Nor barque Doctor Mez ger-4.731 bbls rosin, 200 casks spirits 1,250 bbls tar, valued at \$8,866. Vessel and cargo by Paterson, Downing & Co.

ARECIBO, PORTO RICO Br brig Ora -150,533 feet lumber, 15,000 brick. 5 casks tar, 5 bbls pitch. 2 do rosin. valued at \$2,412.49. Vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Chad-Total since September 1st—Net re-ceipts 8,047,263 bales; exports to Great bourn Lumber Company.