SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 11, 1898

CONGRESSIONAL

Senate Agreed to Conference Re-

PROCEEDINGS.

port on the War Revenue Bill After Debate.

Senator Butler Precipitated an Acrimoniour Political Discussion-House Passed Bill to Enable Soldiers to Vote

at Congressional Elections. By Tolograph to the Muruing Star

WASHINGTON, June 10.-Shortly, after 4 o'clock this afternoon the conference report on the War Revenue hill was agreed to by the Senate after a discussion lasting four hours. The debate upon the measure was without special incident and was entirely the void of acrimonious features. It was a foregone conclusion that the report would be agreed to and the only question of interest involved was how soon a vote could be reached.

The debate indicated generally that the bill as agreed upon by the conforess was reasonably satisfactory to everybody, except as to the bond pro-vision. The votes cast against the adoption of the report reflected the opinions of those Senators who are opposed to any increase in the interent-bearing debt of the country. The conference report was agreed by the decisive vote of 43 to. Every Republican voted for the measure and their votes were supplemented by those of eight Democrats. one silver Republican and one inde-The Democrats who roted for the adoption of the report were Messes. Caffery, Gorman, Lindsay, McEnsry, Mitchell, Morgan, Murphy and Turpie; the silver Republican was Mr. Mantle and the independent was Mr. Kyle. The vote against the report was cast by sixteen Democrata three silver Republicans and three

As soon as the engrossed bill can be signed by the presiding officers of the two branches of Congress it will be sens to the President. After the passage of the bill, Sema-

tor Aldrich moved that when the Sennext, and the motion was agreed to. By sending to the clerk's deak and having read a press elipping detailing the rote of the Senate on the bond proposition of the war revenue measure which classed Senator Kyle, South Dakota, as a Populist, Senator Butler, Populist, North Carolina, precipitated an aerimonious political discussion involving the political affiliations of Senator Kyle. Senator Butler desired it to be understood that not a single Populist voted for the issuance of bonds, and, as the chairman of the Populist national committee, he offeially declared the statement to be a slander

At 6 o'clock the Senate went into executive session and thirty minutes later adjourned.

flouse of Representatives. The feature of to-day's session of the House was the securing of an agree-ment to consider another vote upon the Newlands resolution to annex Hawaii. Beginning to-morrow, the gehate will proceed until 5 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon, when a wote will be taken. The annexation-ists came to day determined to force the statement that the Marblehead consideration, and for three hours the opposition flibustared. Consideration of the resolutions to day could have been prevented, as under the rules a recess until the evening pension session necessarily would have been taken at 5 o'clock, but it was plain that the annexationists would win their victory to-morrow. Realising this, and knowing the resolutions would pass and go to the country, involving a prominent issue, the opposition treated for liberal debate and their demands were granted readily.

Eight Democrats voted with the annexationists in the movement to-day is force consideration of the resoluions, they being Mesura Berry, of Kentucky; Devries, of California; Livagaton, of Georgia; Bracker, of Michgun; Cummings, Sulzer and Vehaegs, of New York, and Cockran, of

By a close vote the bill to emble rolunteer soldiers to vote at Congresonal elections, was passed and a numher of minor measures, chiefly of a prirate nature, were considered At 3.56 P. M. the House adjourned, having agreed unanimously to vacate the order for the evening pension ses-

TALK OF INTERVENTION.

Austria Beclines to Take Action-Pussia Will Probably Soon Take the lisitistive.

By Cable to the Morning Star. VIENNA, June 10. - The government has declined to initiate mediation between the United States and Spain as it wishes to avoid the appearance of making intervention seem only dy-nastic action in the interest of the

Queen Regent, which, perhaps, might give fatal offence. Nevertheless a decided opinion held that the time for intervention is very near at hand, although a heattation to take the first step is evident everywhere. The probability is that Russia will undertake the initiative

within one or two days. It is known that the American govstument has become more approach able on the subject of intervention With regard to the Philippines doubt exists in official minds Vienna that the islands cannot main in the hands of America. The insurgents there reject all sovreign control, and moreover, it is scarcely comceivable that America could provide a sufficient force to enable her to take full possession of so extensive a group of islands.

The probability is that the power will find a way out of the difficulty by establishing a sort of protectorate, which, perhaps, England might undertake. One fact, however, is incontrovertible, the united cabinets are agreed that the Philippines must re-main an open market for the com-

OF INVASION.

It is in Readiness to Go But Will Not Move Until the Naval Convoy is Ready.

FLEET OF FIFTY STEAMSHIPS

Will be Convoyed by Sixteen Vessels of the Navy-The Fight at Guantaname-The Charleston's Voyage Military Nurses.

DECISIVE VOTE OF 43 TO 22. By Tulegraph to the Moralog Star. WASHINGTON, June 10 .- Out of the mane of doubt and contradiction as to the dispatch of the first army of invasion to Cuba one thing stands out clearly, namely, that the government, feeling strong in its present position and plan, is moving cautiously and with deliberation which it believes will secure success, unattended with disater. With this main purpose in view, the army and navy are co-operating towards the dispatch of the troops, some 25,000 in number, under escort of a strong fleet of naval convoys, made of sixteen warships, headed by the battleship Indiana.

Troops Not Yet Gone. Unattended by this strong fleet, the troops might have left last Friday, when one strong naval convoy was ready for this service. Since then sowever, reports have come as to the presence of Spanish ships in the North Atlantic. Bealising that nothing was to be gained by haste and that the war was progressing steadily toward success, it was determined not to take one small chance of having our troop transports menaced by some scouting ship of the enemy. As a result the troop transports have not proceeded to Cuba, either yesterday or the day before, as has been repeatedly asserted. They are in readiness to go, but will not move until the naval convoy is ready to accompany them, as-suring safe conduct from Florida to

War Department positively declines to The administration feels that the time has come when it is of utmost importance that the precise movements of this invading fleet should not be published in this country, and thus her-

the point of destination. Whether

that will be to-day or to-morrow the

alded to the enemy.

Fifty Steamships. The completeness with which the transport of troops has been planned is shown in the official list of transport vessels given out at the War De artment to day. Of this list, thirtyour large steamships, varying from 100 tons down to 600 tons, are at Florida ports ready to carry our troops to the point of invasion. There are some fifteen other craft, including vessels suitable for carrying fresh water, stores, etc., and for lightering the troops and stores from the ships to the beach when the debarkation begins. The entire transport fleet of about fifty steamships, augmented by the fleet of naval convoys, sixteen in number, will make a formidable marine procession, exceeding in magnitude the notable spectacle of the naval

review during the world's fair year.

The Fight at Guantanamo. The first official confirmation of the engagement at Guantanamo last Tuesday came to the Navy Department to day and was made the subject of a buletin. The terms in which Admiral Sampson described the affair tended strongly to take away the importance that had been given it in the unofficial dispatches. There was a notable failure on the part of the Admiral to mennow holds the lower bay, by implica-tion may carry with it the idea that her marines are ashore. Elderly naval officers who have been in Guantanamo bay describe it as admirably suited for the reception of transports, with plenty of water for the siggest of the transports and enough for the smaller class of warships that might be used to convoy them. The locality is one that would make a good base for operations against Santiago itself, should it be decided to attack the latter town by troops from the rear nstead of by warships.

The statement coming from San Francisco to the effect that the real

object of The Charleston's Voyage was the seizure of the Spanish Ladrone islands has small basis of truth in it. When it was decided to send the monitoes Monterey and Monadnock clear across the Pacific from Mare island to Manila, it was known that this could not be done without sending along colliers, because of the insufficient coal supply of the monitors. It was not deemed practicable to tow the big ironclads the four thousand miles of the voyage that would have to be traversed by them without coal, so it became necessary to find places in the Pacific where they could replenish their bunkers. A study of the charts howed that there were several groups of Islands lying between Hawaii and the Philippines which might afford a harbor in which the colliers could lay alongside the monitors and fill up their coal bunkers. The officials do not deem it prudent to name the par-ticular islands chosen for the purpose but it is obvious that being barred by neutrality laws from the possessions of neutral countries, the first recourse of the Navy Department would be to some of the Spanish islands such as the Ladrones or the Caroline's. There-

islands it will be with the purpose of securing in advance a suitable har-bor for the use of monitors.

fore, it is assumed that if the Charles-

ton really goes to one of the former

A very substantial evidence of self acrifice for the sake of their country is afforded by the taking up of a mili-tary nurse's duties by the daughter of Secretary Long, Miss Margaret Long with some of her chums at the John Hopkins Medical School of Baltimore. The young ladies who go with Miss Long are Dorothy Reid, Mabel Austin, daughter of Ex-Governor Austin of Minnesota and Mabel Simis, . They have already reported to the naval hospital at Brooklyn to nurse the wounded and sick sailors who were sent up from Sampson's fleet on the Solace.

The Outbreak of Yellow Pever.

There is some apprehension here over the outbreak of seven cases of yellow fever at McHenry, Miss., and steps have been taken not only to check the spread of the fever from the Bright has nominated to be Bright has nominated to be Bright Generals, Charles F. Roe of New York and Thomas L. Rosser of Virginia.

The Brist Bays in the world for Outs, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. Brillany.

and confirmed the diagnosis made by
the State authorities. The town is now
guarded and Marine Hospital Surgeon
Carter is already there with Surgeon
Murray and the Federal and State authorities are co-operating.

The danger is not so much feared at
McHenry as in the probability of its
breaking out at other points. McHenry is a small place, isolated, and
there is little danger of its spreading
outside the limits there. But the fever
cases are officially believed to be due
to the germs that have hibernated at
McHenry from the last season when
the fever was much in evidence in that
section. While in that hibernating
stage germs may have been stage germs may have been carried out to various points and though the probabilities of a general spread from there may be lessened by the comparative isolation of the little hamlet, other points in the South possible of infection are being watched with the utmost concern. Throughout the Spring officials have been keeping a lookout for the first signs of fever, and in ten days more the hospital surgeons would have felt warranted in the belief that practically all danger of a spread of fever was past.

fever was past.

Surgeon General Wyman said today: "Ordinarily if we had not been
on the lookout these cases might have
been progressing for a long period
without being recognized and the diagnosis might have been disputed. But there is hope now in view of their prompt discovery that the spread will be prevented. In several places last ummer the fever was quickly recogized and it did not spread, attributa ble to the prompt preventive measures adopted. We are keeping a close watch, not only at McHenry but else-

The appearance of yellow fever in Mississippi caused some talk at the War Department to-day as bearing on the possibility of its spread to other places in the South. However, the officials are not as yet giving themselves any concern on the subject.

Representatives Livingston and Adamson, of Georgia, were at the department during the day and pointed out some objections to the locations of the army camps should yellow fever spread, and urging others which they my are proof against it. The War Department now has a board of officers investigating the question of camp sites in several Southern States and their report will soon be submitted to the secretary.

To Protect the Troops. Senator Bacon, of Georgia, had a onference with the President to-day oncerning the yellow fever in the South and the measures that it will be necessary for the government to take to protect the troops from the dis-Senator Bacon advised the President to see to it at once that the States forces now the South be removed from region of contagion, either by sending them to Cuba and Porto Rico or by removing the permanent camps from the low lands to higher elevations. The whole matter has been referred by the President to Surgeon General Wyman, with instructions to make a report upon it at the earliest possible moment. General Wyman's report will, naturally, be based upon an investigation of the bably in a few days.

Sampson's Operations. The Navy Department to-day posted the following bulletin: "On June 7th Admiral Sampson or dered the Marblehead, Commander McCalla, and the Yankee, Commander Brownson, to take possession, out of the outer bay, of Guantanamo. These vessels entered the harbor at daylight on the 7th, driving a Spanish gunboat into the inner harbor, and took possession of the lower bay, which is now held by the Marblehead.

PETITION DISMISSED.

Inter-State Commerce Commission De cide That Transportation Rates on Melons Are Not Unreasonable.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star, WASHINGTON, June 10.-The Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day. n an opinion by Commissioner Yeo mans, announced its decision in the case of the Railroad Commission of South Carolina against the Florence Railroad Company and others, and is two other cases. The complaints al-leged that rates charged by defendants or the transportation of melons in car oads from points in South Carolina to New York and other Northern points appeared that the rates were lower navy. than those in force between the same points on cotton and general merchandise, although greater speed and some other exceptional facilities are involved in the transportation of meious from South Carolina; that the rate per ton per mile afforded by the melon rates ranged from 7.6 mills to 1.1 cents, and for most of the defendant roads were less than the average receipts per ton per mile from all

freight.

The commission decides that the rates complained of were not shown to be unreasonable or unjust, and that the petitions should be dismissed with-

SPANIARDS AT TAMPA

Suspected of Tampering with the Water Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. TAMPA, June 10.-The greater portion of the water being used on board of the vessels in the harbor has been btained from a spring lake across the bay at St. Petersburg. This water is piped down to the docks and is readily loaded on the boats. The action of two strangers, whom upon investigation proved to be Spanards, has excited considerable suscion and they are being watched. They have driven out toward this lake, and it has been decided that precauionary steps shall at once be taken. With this in view a company will be ispatched over the bay to guard the lake, as well as the tanks supplied from it. In the meantime strangers will be taken into custody.

WARM WIRELETS.

Total bank clearings in the United tates for the week were \$1,324.766,412; per cent. increase, 31.2. Exclusive of New York, \$526,225,069; per cent. in-

crease, 23,4. The Mobile, Ala., Board of Health as quarantined against the entire Gulf coast, pending an investigation. There is no alarm felt over the yellow fever theory. Mobile is enjoying ex-

Telegrams from McHenry say the seven cases of yellow fever there are progressing nicely, and that Dr. Har-alson, the State health officer in charge, hopes to be able to stamp out the disease quickly confine it to Mc-

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Cat H. Witches.

THE SITUATION AT SANTIAGO.

Ships of Sampson and Schley's Fleets Have Battered Down the Coast Defences.

THE NAVY AWAITS THE ARMY

Harbor of Guantanamo Secured as a Base of Operations-Spaniards Made But Slight Defence - Their Force Concentrated al Santiago.

[Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press.] ON BOARD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT WANDA, off Santiago de Cuba, June 9, 4 P. M., via Kingston, Ja., June 10, 7.40 A. M .- The navy awaits the army. The fighting ships of Rear Admiral

mpson and Commodore Schley have cattered down the coast defences of outhern Cubs and have sealed up Admiral Cervera's fleet in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba by sinking the collier Merrimac in the channel at its collier Merrimac in the channel at its entrance, which the guns of the fleet cover unceasingly. Scout boats, running under the shadows of El Morro, have cut the Haytien cable and now hold thirty-five miles of the coast east of Santiago de Cuba, including Guantanamo harbor. Under the cover of the fleet agrant Cuba may the guns of the fleet eastern Cuba may be safely invested by land and sea, Admiral Cervera's fleet annihilated and the entire province and its towns and harbors seized and held after a

short campaign. Fine Base for Operations.

The harbor of Gauntanamo is a fine base for land and sea operations. The harbor is capacious and has forty feet of water. The land approaches are not so precipitous as to Santiago de Cuba. The low lying hills can be easily crossed with trains of siege guns and there are level roads at Santhirty three miles distant, tingo. where a few mountain batteries, be youd the reach of the fleet, will be taken to an eminence commanding the city and the Spanish ships. Gauntanamo is an important place.

It has six miles of water harbor and will be of great value to the United States as a navy and army supply station, coaling depot and cable The Spaniards made but slight de Their batteries were silenced

by the Marblehead in a few minutes' firing at 4,000 yards. A small Spanish gunboat ran away. The Oregon, Marblehead and Yankee held the harbor, waiting to land marines.

Where is the Army?

The navy's work has been done well. Daily and nightly ships patrol the thirty miles of coast, within easy gun range of the shore. The officers and men are ever ready, and impatiently What more can we do? We say, have opened the way Where is the army of invasion?" The answer seems near at hand.

The Marblehead returned to Guananamo on Wednesday, taking Capt. loodrell, of the marines, to survey anding places. This morning the New York, New Orleans; and Porter were close in shore off Baiquiri, east of Santiago, where there are extensive iron works. A large iron pier offers an excellent landing place. Possibly, one detachment of the navy will land there, another force may land west of ElMorro and a third body of troops may land at Guantanamo. It is believed the city can be captured within a few days and that Admiral Cervera will be compelled to fight.

The destruction of the batteries now makes possible their occupation by troops, giving the American fleet opportunity to enter the harbor, remove the mines at the entrance, and effect a joint blow of the army and navy, involving the surrender of the Spanish roops in the Eastern provinces, now ractically all concentrated at Sanago de Cuba; and the surrender or destruction of Admiral Cervera's fine ships would necessarily have an important, if not controlling bearing in closing the war.

It is in this view that such a close watch is maintained to prevent the escape of the Spanish ships and, necessarily, the presence of the soldiers is required to prevent the defeat of the were unjust and unreasonable. It work thus far accomplished by the

Spaniards Prepairing Desperate Defence.

ON BOARD ASSOCIATED PRESS DIS-PATCH BOAT WANDA, off Santiago de Cuba, Thursday afternoon, June 9th, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 10, 12:30 P. M.—In Santiago de Cuba there are now about 20,000 Spanish soldiers, chiefly infantry, but with a fair contingent of cavalry and field artillery drawn from the surrounding country. During the day, the cavalry skirmish in the vicinity of the city, returning at night to barracks. During the last few days the activity of the Spaniards has been particularly noticeable. Oxen trains have been making their way to the batteries, detachments have been working on emplacements, and there have been other signs showing that the Spaniards are preparing for a desperate resist-Some guns from Admiral Cervera's ships may be removed to the forts. The insurgents, about 5,000 strong, have taken a position on a mountain to the westward. Two thousand insurgents of this gathering are unarmed. General Maximo Gomez, now about 150 miles inland, is making his way toward the coast.

Admiral Sampson is actively co operating with the insurgents. Yeserday General Miniet, of the insurgent forces, and his staff, went on board the New York for a long conforces, and his staff, went on sultation.

Work of the Navy

The naval officers have been doing splendid and daring work in carrying communications to the insurgents and landing arms and making trips ashore for the purpose of gaining in-formation. Upon the gunboats Su-wance and Vixen this work has chiefly devolved. Lieutenant Sharp, of the Vixen, and Lieutenant Commander Delhanty, of the Suwanee, have been daily entrusted with important missions and have carried them out successfully. The Vixen's work has been chiefly confined to carrying messages to and fro, but the Suwanee has been occupied in a more serious task. This little gunboat has landed 300,000 ounds of small arms ammunition, 300 Springfield rifles, 100 carbines, 2,000 machetes, with equipments and pro-visions. These were handed over to 800 insurgents yesterday (Wednesday) about fifteen miles west of Santiago. the main body remaining in the mountains.

The debarkation of supplies was

tedious but uninterrupted. The insurgents reported that irregular engagements between their forces and the Spanish cavalry were of daily occurrence. The Cubans were hard up for supplies and ammunition and were overjoyed at the sight of the Suwanee's cargo. Some, almost ravenous, hacked at the slices of bacon and ate raw beef. They had been living on limes, cocoanuts and sweet potatoes. Ensign Gilpin of the Suwanee went ashore and accompanied the Cubans to their temporary camp inland,

where he found ten or a dozen wounded men badly in need of surgi-cal attendance. Bandages for them were sent from the Suwanee. The cas-ualties were the result of a brush on the previous night with Spanish cav-

To the correspondent of the Associated Press on the dispatch boat Wanda, Ensign Gilpin, describing his experience at the camp, which is about ten miles inland said:

Insurgents of Little Consequence. "I found the insurgents a rough looking and mixed lot of boys and old looking and mixed lot of boys and old men, rigged out any way, carrying arms of all sorts and all anxious to borrow anything I had, from my blouse to my revolver. Four Spanish soldiers in uniform, carrying rifles, marched into the camp while I was there and said they wanted to join the insurgents. They were enrolled, but a close watch was kept on them, as they belonged to the civil guard. A Cuban officer told me such additions were not infrequent. The Spaniards were not infrequent. The Spaniards had Mauser rifles, which were in fairly good condition.

Conservative authorities believe the United States troops will have to carry out their plan of campaign without ry out their plan of campaign without placing much reliance upon the in-surgents. Several plucky young of-ficers, like Ensign Gilpin, have made trips ashore and taken observations of the interior harbor and the fortifications, locating the exact positions of Admiral Cervera's four ships. It is hardly likely, however, that the Span-ish admiral keeps them moored at the same place both day and night. More than once the officers engaged in this shore duty have had narrow escapes from falling in with the enemy's cay-

London, June 10,-The Vienna cor respondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "Authentic reports have been received here that the situation in Madrid is advancing with the greatest rapidity. There is no doubt that a crisis exists. Spain will entreat the intervention of the powers almost immediately; and confidential inquiries n this sense have already been made

FORT MONROE EXCITED.

Spanish Warships Sighted Off Cape Henry-Gunners at Their Posts-Ships Preparing for Action.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEWPORT NEWS, VA., June 11, 2 M .- A dispatch just received from

Fort Monroe says: "Intense excitement was caused at Fort Monroe to-night shortly after 9 'clock by a dispatch received from he signal station at Cape Henry, stating that Spanish warships were lurking in that vicinity."

A short while later a message was received from Washington instructing the commandant to be on the alert. Reports as to the number of ships seem to conflict. A lieutenant, who was seen after mid night, said he had been informed that a Spanish battleship, two cruisers and a torpedo boat been caught under the search light at Cape Henry, steaming from a northerly direction.

As soon as it was reported that the enemy's warships had been sighted there was great activity at the fort. The big search light began to sweep the bay and signals were flashed to the cruiser Minneapolis, auxiliary cruiser Dixie, and dynamite cruiser Buffalo, which are anchored off Old Point. Quarters were sounded, and the crews hastily prepared the ships for action. The gunners took posi-tions at their posts, where they were ordered to remain during the night. The ships' search lights were kept playing on the waters every few min-

In the fort ammunition was hurried to the big guns and the troops ordered to their posts. Some of the officers were with their families at the hotels and buglers were dispatched for them.
The men scurried out of the hotels, half dressed, and hastened to the fort. In the camp of the Maryland troops orders were given for them to sleep in

their clothes with their guns close by. THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Summary of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Philadelphia-Philadelpha, 1: St.

ouis, 6. Boston-Boston, 3; Cincinnati, 4. Brooklyn-Brooklyn,1; Cleveland,8 New York-New York, 6; Chicago, 7 Washington-Washington, 5; Pittsurg, 6. Baltimore—Baltimore, 10, Louis

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Naval Reserves Railroad Commission. The Boys at Camp Russell-Excursion from Fayetteville.

[Special Star Correspondence.] RALEIGH, N. C., June 10. The Adjutant General to-day wired Commander Morton that he had intended to mobilize the Naval Reserves at Wilmington on Monday, but as the Secretary of the Navy had not answered his message in reference to tentage and equipment, he would hold back and await orders from Washington. However, he hopes to hear to-morrow and as soon as the orders are received, he will notify the divisions to move at once to Wilmington and report to Commander Morton. The regular S. A. L. north bound train to-day was two and a half hours late and necessitated the running of a

special from Raleigh to Portsmouth. St. Mary's school has closed and many of the young women left on the Railroad Commisson session continues dull and no information of great importance was obtained at the

norning session. An excursion arrived at noon to-day from Fayetteville bringing several hundred people who are spending the day at Camp Russell.

The boys at the camp are much more comfortable to-day than any previous day during the hot spell. The city to-day sent out a street sprinkler and watered the streets of the camp and all around the tents. It has cooled the place greatly. At St. Mary's Commenceme

nesday night. Miss Emma West, of Wilmington, sang a selection by Guonod, "Sing, Smile and Slumber." Critics speak highly of her voice as one showing great promise. Both morning speaks praise her singing and morning papers praise her singing and commend the applause received from her audience. Miss Oline Armstrong, of Wilmington, who, with Miss West, represents Wilmington in the graduating class, was in the first number on the programme last night. She skill-fully rendered her part in a grand duet with Miss Allie Lee.

ulars Attempted to Take the Town.

FIGHT WITH VOLUNTEERS.

Stores and Saloons Raided and Wrecked. Four of the Negro Rioters Killed and Several Wounded-Town Placed Under Martial Law.

Special to the Washington Post. SAVANNAH, Ga., June 9 .- From inormation received in Savannah from Tampa, through private sources, it is learned that that place was in a state of wild alarm Monday night, owing to the behavior of the United States troops. It was necessary to declare martial law, and place the Georgia troops on guard to quell a riot. The report which comes from Savannah During a riot among the United

States regulars and volunteers at Tam-pa, on Monday night, four men were killed and several wounded. The news censor at that place is very strict, and it was impossible sooner to obtain full particulars. The facts are that on Monday evening the negro regulars went to the city and started drinking bad whiskey. In a short time they were hilarious, and attempted to take the town. While at the height of their drunken revelry a body of Southern volunteers came along, and a fight was precipitated. Some of the white soldiers from the North, it is said, joined in with the colored regulars against the Southru boys, and a free fight was waged. It is said firearms were used. When the fight had somewhat abated it was found that four of the negro regu-lars were dead, and several were dangerously wounded.

On Tuesday morning business was at a standstill. The residents of Tampa and Ybor City were frantic with fear, and remained locked in-doors on Tuesday. The town was immediately placed under martial law and order was partly restored. On Tuesday night the entire Second Georgia regiment was placed on duty to preserve order. It is quite probable that one of the reasons for the breaking of camp at Tampa is the frequent rows between the soldiers from the North and South and the whites and colored. Your correspondent has attempted, without success, to obtain the names of the killed and wounded. Every telegra m is marked "Censored." Clashes Between Regulars and Whites.

Clashes have occurred between the colored regulars and the whites as well as the volunteers. A policeman shot a negro on Seventh avenue Tuesday morning, but the wound was not fatal. The colored soldiers are reported to have shot a captain, lieutenant and private of Roosevelt's "rough riders" and two privates in the regu r army. None to be mortally wounded. Fort Brooke is a wreck and is de

serted. It is declared by the property owners that they intend to ask the government to pay them damages for the wreck. They declare that it was all the result of the carelessness of the officers in not putting a guard to protect their property. The negro troops entered the stores

and houses in Tampa and at the points of revolvers demanded goods for which they refused to pay. Three saloons were totally wrecked and their proprietors forced to leave their places of business. Every report that comes in gives resher and more harrowing details of the actions of the negroes who are wearing the blue of Uncle Sam.

THE COTTON ACREAGE.

Decrease as Compared With Last Year-Condition of the Crop. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 10 .- The final reports of the Agricultural Department on cotton planting make the area planted 22,460,334 acres, against 24,091,394 acres last year, a reduction of 1,631,060 acres or 6.8 per cent.

The decrease in the different States as compared with last year is as follows: Virginia, 8 per cent.; North Carolina, 7; South Carolina, 8; Geor gia, 6; Florida, 11; Alabama, 4; Mississippi, 4; Louisiana, 7; Texas, 8; Arkansas, 7; Tennessee, 10; Missouri, 18; Oklahoma, 2; Indian Territory, 12. The average condition on June 1st was 89 per cent., compared with 83.5 at the corresponding date last year and with an average general condition for the last ten years of 87.1. The condition by States is as fol-lows: North Carolina, 86 per cent.; South Carolina, 85; Georgia, 89; Florida, 76; Alabama, 89; Mississippi, 91 Louisiana, 89; Texas, 89; Arkansas, 96; Tennessee, 90; Missouri, 96; Oklahoma, 82; Indian Territory, 80.

FROM SPANISH SOURCES Reports of a Bombardment at Baiquiri, East of Aguadores.

By Cable to the Morning Star. HAVANA, June 10, 8.30 P. M .- Several American warships to-day bomparded Baiquiri, some distance east of Aguadores and near the railway line o Santiago de Cuba. Official advices from Santiago say that the bombardment "caused no damage." Baiquiri is a mining locality and some of the mines are under American control. At the Palace it is denied

BUSINESS LOCALS.

that there has been any bombardment

of the Santiago fortifications to-day.

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M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Mer-chant, 106 Dock street, is the piace to get your Cow Peas, Black-eye Peas, Butter, Chickens, Eggs and N. C. Hams. je 3 tf A Good Milch Cow for sale. Apply to H. Bierman, 215 Market street. my 31 tf Just Received Big Lot fresh Mountain Butter. Only 15c pound. Also big stock Straw-berries and all kinds of vegetables. Both phones 163. L. Clayton Grant, successor to R. E. Ward, 213 Market street. my 25 tf Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggles, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf Always Beliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candles, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208.

New Series.

The first instalment of the Tenth Series of the N. C. Home Building Association is payable on Saturday, July 2nd, at office in Seaboard Air Line Building, Front street FRANK H. STEDMAN. Secretary and Treasurer.

RIOTING IN TAMPA. ICe, Ice, Ice,

In Any Quantity From 10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

> Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94.



ADVISORY NOTICE.

TO COTTAGERS AT

Ocean View and Carolina Beach

Take a day off and ascertain needs and advise us of same at a week before you intend to ... vour Cottage. This will enable you to spend

first night as comfortably as

last and also escape the discoun

attendant upon incomplete Fund This is not Jersey, but a Dixie Net is an indispensable adjunct to good night's rest. We have them.

The Sneed Company,

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK.

AND DEPOSIT IT IN The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

Capital \$25,000.

1.-Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.

2.-You can draw it out when you need it. -It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent, per annum and ing for you while you are asleep.

child, wishing to deposit.

Statement of Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

..\$534,022 29 Capital. Loans \$334,082 29
Overdrafts \$57 27
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par) 40,100 00
Banking House and Fixtures 10,000 00
Due from other Banks \$173,132 12
Cash on hand 104,318 42—277,450 54 57 17 40,100 00 10,000 00 Surplus.... Undivided profits.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. While testing connections with tor-pedoes in St. John's river, Fla., J. J. O'Rouke and Ed Houston, of Jacksonville, were killed, and Lieut, Harts

U. S. engineer, and a negro, were hurt by an explosion. Mr. Houston was blown to atoms.

THE MODERN REALTY Thrives on good food and sunshine with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle

and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made by

the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Many People Pay Twice

the Value of the Piano When they buy because they are not posted a

to prices, nor the quality of the goods. You Can Buy a Lester Piano. such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A. for \$225 cash or \$250 on instalments. We have

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano can be bought from \$350 upwards. Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock. E. VAN LAER,

492 and 404 North Fourth Street. Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Wednesday, June 8. Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for arolina Beach, 6 and 9.30 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—ave Wilmington, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, M. e Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.15 P. M; 3.45 P M. 6.00 P. M. Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M; 2.30 P. M.; Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 P. M. 9.30 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.15 P. M. Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats 15 cents,

J. W. Harper. OCEANIC HOTEL.

Carolina Beach, N. C. PEN FOR THE SEASON.-Rates \$2.00 per lay, local; \$10 per week, or \$1.00 per day by month.

N. B.—Milk for table carefully sterilized.

Sterilizer also at service of cottagers.

je 2 lm R. A. JENKINS, Prop.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R. CCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 18T. 1808. Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.50, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.
Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M. 3.45, 6.00 and 16 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight pre paid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.

H.O. GRANT, Superintendent. my 31 tf

Blue The Favorite Summer Resort of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty Ridge six consecutive seasons under the management of

Surplus \$10,000. We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock 1

We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, women

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

Dividends paid-6 per cent. per annum.

Bargain Offerings For Your Benefit this week of which we can give but

medial.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

a few hints here.

No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. Something new-the Romero Leather Bell No evelets to tear out and has a belt boddvenient Belt made. Prices #5 and 50 White India Linen, remnants, worth 19th for Scents.
White India Linen, remnants, worsh 15 for 10 cents.
White India Linen, remnants, worth we for

White India Lines, teleprotection of the India Lines, teleprotection of the India Skirts 15 to 40c per yard.

Large assortment of Ladies' ready made Shirt Waists, 50c to \$1.50. FOR CHILDREN'S

USE THE

Sold at 19, 25 and 50 Cents.

HOSIERY-50 dozen Ladies' Black Lis-HOSIERY—50 dozen Ladies' Black Libble Gause Cotton, 50 gauge fine high spring heed double soles, both plain and Richellen ribble Positively a 35c article, special sale prior Twear W. B. Corset, and use Standard terns. Sold only by us.

Carpets, Mattings, Floor Oil Cloth, Washades, Trunks. Mosquito Nets in large plates on our second floor.

The C. W. Polyogt Co. NOTICE!

the Board of Commissioners New Hanover County, I here advertise for sealed bids for part ing the bridge across Smith's and the iron fence about the County Court House. Bids mile be sent to me as early as possible and work must be done in a ner satisfactory to myself. In order of the Board of County Com doners. F. W. FOSTER

Mrs. W. E. Mayo MAS OPENED PHE

Ocean View Hotel For the season, where she is prepared to will her guests as formerly. WATER FROM ARTHURS WELL. Special rates to families.

Lots for Sale T WALLACE, N. C., I WILL SELL AT

PUBLIC AUCTION, June 25th, 1898, several Town Lots situated west of the W. & W. Rall management of

PHIL. F. BROWN.

road, on Main and Railroad streets, in the thrifty Town of Wallace, N. C., in the centre of the best Strawberry belt known. Terms only je 4 iw