Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money order, Express or in Registered Letter Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Commonications unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of challing and the rest, are not wanted; and, if according to the rest of the rest ceptable in every other way, they will invari-ably be jected if the real name of the author f Marriage or Death Tributes of Reations of thatias, &c. are charged by advertisements out only hair said for strictly in advance. At his wis pay or a simple announce Legal don ea week in Daily - Island proquare for each liser older tas three fourths of call a week two thirds of daily rate, advertisers will not be allowed to space or advertise anything foreign

The Russiana Star. BY A AM H. BERNARD.

1 . . P. 1 \ C. FREIA MARSING, NOVE BER 18

THE TR BINE DISCOURSES. Most if not all of the Bepublican papers in the North have expressed their views on the recent race conflicts in Greenwood county, South Carolina, and in this city. Some of their views are moderately expressed others go to an extreme, but all are written from a sectional and partisan standpoint and are more or less colored by sectional and partisan prejudice. The following from the New York Tribune was intended, we presume, to be moderate, and is, compared with editoria's which have appeared in other Republican journals. In a leading editorial, after referring to the conflict between the white miners and the neroes imported into the mines at Pana, Illinois, which it contends was not a race trouble but merely a labor trouble, it notes the conflict between the whites and the blacks at Phoenix S. C., and thus comments

on the disturbance in this city: "But when we come to North Caro lina and the troubles over the Wilmington city government there we find not merely the senseless race feud, but the real race problem. The South Carolina disturbance was riot. revolution. There appears to be no doubt that the negro rule of Wil-mington was bad. The negro's best friends in the South are agreed that he is not yet fitted to rule well, and do not blame the whites for desiring to rule the towns of which they are the most intelligent and capable element with the largest interest at stake, though they are often much outnumbered by the irresponsible and ignorant blacks, whose att mut at government is only an opening for unscruoutous shapers Wilmington has done away with this government by what is nothing more nor less as an act of revolution. The newsy: m new justify itself as better than to od unit is the common justification of revolution. It in facis its only joint atom. Ld to admit that it is - t q a'- is to admit that die meric is a fature. Fie the re by of majority rule and universal suffrage has no place for good government by the minor ty when the majority gov ernment is bad A majority of bad negroes is just as sacred under our Constitution as a majority of baid whites, such as some of our Northern cities have had to endure. The majurity rule, he it good or had, must be accepted unless we are prepared to retrace our steps to the more moderate republicatism of our early history, when suffrage was restricted with the frank purp se of keeping the Govern ment out of the hands of the irresponsible elements of society. The humor of the situation is that this attack du the democratic principle should come from States which have always asserted their superior devotion to the pure and ideal democratic philosophy But the situation is not one in which humor predominates. The problem is a serious one, and it has two sides, and it is made more serious by ineradicable and irrational race prejudice. But for that a solution

tution-making. Sometimes it is the shotgun revolution, such as Wilming ton has just witnessed. In such out breaks the South declares that all men arenot equal, and that even in a republic some majorities are not fit for self gevernment. If it would reallly accept that theory and make fitness question of morals, intellect and responsibility and not a question of tint of skin, and gives itself over to secur ing the desired fitness either by train ing or impartial sifting of its citizenship, it might obtain good government and teach the whole country a lesson. As it is, it has no recourse but violence more or less open to protect the State against the majority of its own citizens, and such violence is the absolute negation of republican government. This is doubtless intended to be a cool and fair statement of the case from the Tribune's standpoint, but the trouble is that it does not fully understand what it discusses and takes too much for granted which

should not be taken for granted, and

ty, S. C., which it calls a "riot," and

best rather than their worst citizens,

and proceeded to shut out from suff-

there would be one solution. If they

would devote themselves heartily to the

them that would be a better though a

element in their population, and legis-

exhibited by negroes. In consequence

revolution is the only road out of the

ful revolution of unrepublican consti-

however, which had been previously made by the Charleston News and Courier. But it was not a shot-gun revolution at all, as the Tribune assumes, for guns did not figure in the change of the city government. They were used only in suppressing the turbulent black element which by firing upon the whites made firing upon them a necessity to restore order and to save life. Possibly the fear of violence in the conditions which followed the shooting in "Brooklyn" may have hastened the resignations of the incumbents, but whether this may have been the case or not, there was no violence used, there was no shot-gun in it. Mayor Wright convened the Board of Aldermen, the incumbents resigned and the new men elected and took the r places and all was done with as much order as if there had been no disturbance at all. There was no ntention to drive these men out of office, they were informed by the committee of citizens appointed to represent the people that they were out of place, had been faithless and ncompetent and obnoxious, and the sentiment of the public was that to their : _ thar business without extra charge they should resign, but there were no threats made and no force used. It was a "revolution," but a peaceable revolution, and must not be misrepresented and misunderstood by being coupled with the shooting ncidents in Brooklyn, with which it nad no connection whatever, any further than that the incumbents in office may have become awed by the conditions that confronted them and and concluded that by turning the city government over to better and more competent men order might be restored and a general race conflict

This is a distinction with a difference which the Tribune did not catch on to and therefore all its remarks on this "revolution" as nullifying constitutional rights, nullifying citizenship, &c., falls to the ground, for it was not a revolution of vioence, but everything was done in order, in accordance with law and with the co-operation and consent of the officers who relinquished the offices they held to others more acceptable to the community. If armed citizens had gone to those officers who resigned and demanded that they do so under threat of compulsion or violence if they refused there might be some foundation for the inferences and conclusions of the Tribune, but as this was not the case, as there was neither presence of weapon, violence or threat of violence the assumption upon which The North Carolina disturbance was the Tribune's argument is based falls to the ground and the argument

It was a revolution, but a peaceable revolution, the result of public sentiment to which the obnoxious city administration succumbed and went out and men whom the sommunity respected and in whom they had confidence went in. That's the kind of a revolution it was, no shotgun affair, but a peaceable triumph of respectability over worthlessness and incompetency.

SOME MORE OBJECT LESSOVS.

Our telegraphic columns have within the past few days furnished several more object lessons on the race question which have no connection whatever with politics or elections, and in which race "prejulice" does not figure, but they all show the natural bent of the negro to contemn law either military or civil when it runs counter to his inclinations There are negro troops now in Cuba which were sent there to guard the peace and help restore order and good government. A few days ago a party of them attacked a house in which were a number of peaceable people because the people resisted having their property stolen. In the attack several persons were killed, among them a woman and a child. The negro officers knew might be found. If the people of the of this outrageous conduct of their Southern States would frankly say that they wanted to be ruled by their men, but when the question was put to them by General Wood, in command at Santiago, they denied all rage undesirable white voters on the same terms as the undesirable blacks, knowledge of it, thus trying to screen the guilty. Investigation showed that they knew all about it, work of training the ignorant voters so as to secure good government from and took no steps to prevent it. It showed further that the negro offislower process. But as it is they retard than promote the advancement cers were in the habit of drinking and reform of the most dangerous and carousing with their men, thus forfeiting the respect that subordilate not against ignorance and vice for their own sake, but against them as nates should ave for those in command over them. This incident shows that the negro, unless under conditon they make unendurable for themselves. Sometimes it is the peacethe command of white officers, cannot be put in responsible positions. These troops have become so odious that citizens of Santiago have forwarded a petition to the President asking for the recall of all negro pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no troops from Cubs.

Dispatches published yesterday tell of the looting of a store at Macon, Ga., by a party of negro act directly on your Liver, Stomach immunes belonging to the Tenth Regiment, their forming a line across the street to prevent assistance, which held the street until dispersed by a strong provost guard with fixed bayonets, which drove the riotous negroes into a lot and arrested thirty of them. These

rioters were United States soldiers. The dispatches also tell of the resignation of the white officers of a Virginia negro regiment because the negroes objected to white ofassumes too much that should not | ficers and rendered only perfuncbe assumed. It is right in making tory obedience, which destroyed the distinction that it does between | their efficiency as soldiers. These the disturbance in Greenwood coun- are incidents illustrating the temperament of the negro, showing his the disturbance in this city, which it tendency to resist authority and calls a "revolution," a distinction, | hold himself above the law.

LILY WHITES.

Several years ago there was a movement started by leading white Republicans of this State to eliminate the negro from the Republican party and organize it on a strictly white basis, as had been tried in Alabama, Georgia and some other Southern States. Senator Pritchard was one of the leaders in this movement, but it fell through because it did not meet with sufficient encouragement from the white leaders, some of whom were not satisfied that they could go it alone without the aid of the negro.

But there has been for some years considerable number of men in the Republican party, especially in the Western part of the State, who have had very little liking for the negro as a political associate, and would be to get rid of the association at any time if they thought it could be safely done, and could secure sufficient co-operation from white R: publicans in other sections of the State to do it. Now since the political revolution of the 8th inst. they are beginning to talk and move on that line again, as will be seen by the following, which we clip from the Asheville Citizen:

"A large number of Republicans o this section are said to have come to realization of the fact that in the lick element of the party they hiv white elephant on their hands. The election brought this fact home to the party with peculiar force. In speaking of a move to effect a permanent white organization a Republican said the party had become weary of paying large number of negroes to register at every election, and then either pay ng them to vote or allowing the Dem crats to do so and then bearing the dium of being known as the 'negro party.' The plan is to organize clubs throughout the State, similar to the lily white' organization of Georgia "It is said by some that Senator Pritchard sanctions this move, but

others deny this. Col. Lusk says he does not believe in Ishmaeliting the "A number of Republicans contemplate calling a meeting this week and ffecting the first of the proposed or

It is not likely that Senator Pritchard will take an active part in this movement, at least openly, al though there is little doubt that he will g ve it all the aid and encouragement he can on the sly. In the meantime it may furnish some food for thought to the negroes who may now begin to understand how they are looked upon by their late white allies and how quick these allies are to desert them when the fortunes of battle go against them.

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- Col. Teddy says he will appoint only men of spotless character to office. This will have the effect of sending quite a nu ber of New York Republicans to the renovating department. - Washington Post, Ind.

- "The suggestion that negroeshould rule if they are in he majori y will not be entertained by the white people of the South, no more than it would be by the whites of the North if they were confronted by the same suggestion. Until the negro is taken into full social conpanionship with the white and is on tie average as intelligent the whites will rule wherever they encounter the black-and that means for all tive to come."—Dubuque (Iowa)

Herald, Dem. -- And now, it appears General Gomez is disgruntled at the Amerians, and is setting up opposition to them, because he thinks they will not consent to the instant independenceof Cuba. Gomez should be or patient. The United States is pledged to give Cubaan independent form of government, and has no wish to do otherwise, but it will take time to make such a complete change in the affairs of the island and put them on a stable footing. The insurgent chief should rather comperate with the American authorities than try to antagonize them. However, if he does not worry them more than he did the Spanish, he will not trouble them much.-Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.

- The Democratic papers of North Carolina are turning their guns on Senator Butler, and well they may. Butler and other white men like him who are in politics for what they can get out of it, are more responsible than all the negroes for wretched state of affairs

in North Carolina. The remarkable thing about it all is that negroes will follow the lead of such men. When a whi e man cuts himself loose from his own race to lead the negro in po itics, it is prima facie evidence that he is a politician for revenue only, that he has at heart nobody's good but his own. Yet the negro permits himself to be humbugged by such political adventurers .- Manchester (Va) Leader, Dem.

The Sure La Grippe Cure, There is no use suffering from this freadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having ife or ambition, have a bad cold in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. Bel-LAMY'S Drug Store. only 50 cents per

ottle.

A Sure Sign of Croup. Hoarseness in a child that is subject o croup is a sure indication of the approach of the disease. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough has appeared, t will prevent the attack. Many mothers who have croupy children always keep this remedy at hand and find that it saves them much trouble and worry. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist. +

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Clinton Democrat: Mr. I. D. Iderman, of Waycross, this county, raised this year about 7,000 pounds of

noney from seventy hives. - Greenville Reflector: Mr. R, J. little, of this county, had one barn of obacco here at the premium sale on ast Thursday, He received \$195 for the barn besides being awarded a prenium of \$25, making a total of \$219 or the one barn. This shows that here is money in raising good to-

- Fayetteville Observer: The itizens of Douglas, Ga., many of them North Carolinians, celebrated the North Carolina Democratic victory last Thursday with a great jubilee and torch light procession. Our former townsman, Attorney A. S. Hall, was one of the speakers. A large trans parency, with the inscription "North Carolina Redeemed," headed the pro-

- Goldsboro Argus: A gentle-man from Sampson county told us today that one precinct in Sampson county, where a negro was running for magistrate there were 89 negro vo es cast and the negro candidate ra eived 89 nagro votes. The nagro draws the color line. That is all right, O the 8th of November, of blessed memory the waite folks mad a protty good sized white work in North Carolina. - Goldsboro Headlight: An in-

cendiary fire d-stroyed a barn filled with forage and farming implements belonging to Mr. John R. Wooten, in New Hope township, Wednesd y morning about 1 o'clock, causing an uninsur d loss of \$150. -- Our sister town Wilson suff-red a \$30,000 fige ear Wednesd y morning, which originated in a gracery store kept by a colored man about 3 A. M, and tefore the flaves could be subdued, six adjoining stor's and their contents were gutted.

TWINKLINGS.

- In the millennium, no doubt, the exports will exceed the imports al ways and everywhere.-Puck. - Mrs. de Goode-"What did the minister preach against to-day?'

Mr. de Goode (wearily)-"He preach ed against time."-Tit Bits. - "Why is it that stuttering men are nearly always bachelors?" "Well,

they get so much time to think before they speak."-Detroit Free Press. - Temporizing: Caller (by way of introduction, briskly)-"I am a bill collector-" Mr Ten Weeklybones-

'Ah, is it a mania with you or merely

- He-"He that courts and runs away will live to court another day." She-"But he that courts and does not wed, may find himself in court intead."—Tit-Bits.

- Musical Criticism: There were a few spots on the sun-a bit of acidity in the tutti of the wood instrumentsbut otherwise the performance was magnificent — World

- "I suffered nearly all night from insomnia," said the drummer. "I'll bet you \$2," roared the country landlord, "that they ain't one of 'em in my house."-Indianapolis Journal - McLubberty (hearing a noise in the kitchen)-"Moikey, phwat are yez doin' out dhere?" Little Mike

"Nawthing.' sor." McLubberty
(sternly)—"Well, stop it at wance!"— Tit-Bits.

- Englishman-"Those ridicu Frenchmen got angry at a cartoon in Punch and talked of going to war over it They should simply have laughed it off." American—"Laugh at any thing in Punch? That's asking a good deal."-Chicago Record.

- 'True-"What do you think of my husband's poems, professor?" "I think, they will be read when those of Milton and Longfellow are forgotten.' 'How nice of you! But you are say n. that only to please me, I'm afraid. "Nay, madam, I do but speak the simple truth."-Truth.

Cost of Elephants.

It is somewhat interesting to compare the weights carried by elephants in the tin producing districts of the Malay peninsula with those used in the long journeys and mountainous country of the Lao states. In the peninsula the distances are seldom more than at most three or four days' march, and the elephant is expected to carry as much as 900 or 1,000 pounds, besides his mahout and howdah. The latter is often a mere brace of panniers slung together so as to rest one on each side of the backbone and covered sometimes with a light barrel roof of bark. A good tusker carrying 91/2 hundredweight will fetch about £56, and a female which can bear eight hundredweight is worth about

In the Lao states, where journeys of ten days or three weeks are frequent, the average weight hardly exceeds 800 pounds, or one-third of what is usual in the peninsula. The prices in various parts of the country vary considerably. When we were on the Me Kawng and in Muang Nan in 1893, a good tusker could be had for £32 and a female for £24. At Chieng Mai, where good teak hauling elephants are in great demand, a tusker may fetch £150 and a female anything from £50 to £100, according to her strength and ability. - Geograph. ical Journal.

Consistent. They tell a story to the effect that when the Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals proposed to establish a branch in a leading city of Spain the municipal body courteously accepted the proposal and offered to hold a grand bullfight at once to furnish the funds. - Troy Times.

As early as 1612 the French began to advertise in a paper called the Petites Affiches, and ten years later the first bons fide attempt at printing a newspaper was made in London. Among the very earliest mercantile advertisements to appear in England was one advertising the sale of tea. It appeared in The Mercurius Politicus.

From New Zealand.

REEFTON, New Zealand, Nov. 23, 1898. I am very well pleased to state that since I took the agency of Chamberlain's medicines the sale has been very large, more especially of the Cough Remedy. In two years I have sold more of this particular remedy than of all other makes for the previous five years. As to its efficacy, I have been informed by scores of persons of the good results they have received from it, and know its value from the use of it in my own household. It is so pleasant to take that we have to place the bottle beyond the reach of the children. E. S. SCANTLEBURY. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Drug-

The Best Plaster. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the affected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with a pain in the chest or side, or a lame back, give it a trial. You are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheuma tism. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Foxham (Dutch) 245 tons, Wyrdeman,

Druggist.

A FRENCH PENAL SHIP.

victs to Penal Columes. The French transport ship Caledonie is an object of much curiosity. This grim sea prison annually conveys about 2,000 souls from the land of the living - the gay

The Caledonie is an iron ship of 4,400 tons. For the last ten years it has been in the employ of the French government transporting criminals from France and Algeria to the penal colonies on the Safety islands, 80 miles off the coast of French Iniana.

the prisoners docile. Should an outbreak at any time occur a signal of alarm calls all hands to the midship section of the vessel, and then all the ladders leading to the upper deck of this section are drawn up, the lower doors barricaded, and the rightful commanders have a quickly improvised but a strong fort, which embraces the boiler and engine room, the arsenal and prevision rooms, the officers' headquarters, the chart and steering rooms, and the bridge. The convicts cannot come near enough to scale the walls or to batter down the doors on account of the scalding steam, while from the fortress the guards and crew can shoot them as

to His Seat In Congress.

of a rural constituency in the southwest.

yet on my first term they sent a delegation up to see me and it arrived without giving notice of its coming. I was out in fine raiment and a plug hat. I saw what looked like a lot of bushwhackers nearly a block away, but advancing upon me. I made a race up the stairway of a department store, took the elevator down again, skipped from the building to a side street, double quicked to my boarding house and was in my home clothes when the delegation arrived. I thought they looked askance at me, but also thought it might be that I was only indulging the natural fears of the guilty. After we had talked for a time they wanted to call again in the evening, but I pleaded an engagement with one of the members of the cabinet. They finally grew restless and wanted to go home. While I was at the cabinet officer's residence, I was called out to see a party of gentlemen. I responded in my full dress suit, heard some of the most unctuous profanity I ever listened to and was informed by the leader of the delegation that I'd 'never git ter congress ag'in as long as I lived.' He was right."-Detroit Free Press.

When We Were All Tenors.

The primitive inhabitants of Europe were all tenors; their descendants of the present time are baritones and future generations will have semibass voices. The voice has a tendency to deepen with age; the tenor of 20 becomes the baritone of 28 and the bass of 36.

The inferior races have higher pitched voices than the more cultured; the negro has a higher voice than the white man. Among white races, the fair complexioned man has a higher voice than his darker skinned brother; the former is usually a baritone or a tenor, the latter a contralto

slender build, whereas basses are stout. but there are too many exceptions to such a rule for it to be reliable. The same remark applies to the statement that thoughtful men have deep toned voices and vice The tones of a voice are perceptibly high-

Sulphate of quinine has some very curious properties, one of them being its nower to impress an image of itself on a sheet of sensitive paper in the dark. If a design be drawn on a sheet of caper with sulphate of quinine, exposed for a few minutes to the sun, then placed on a sheet of sensitive paper, put in a book and left for a few hours, a perfect image of the drawing will be found impressed on the sheet of paper. Writing may be copied on sensitive paper in this way, but it must be reversed, or the writing will be reversed on the sensitive paper. - Harper's Round Table.

Convincing. She-Don't you believe it. He-Why not? dinal Wolsey's household. Three tables were served in his hall, and in his kitchen

Harriss, Son & Co. Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Fear Lumber Co. Robert F Bratton, Harris, 80 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Naranja, (Br), Tinker, 659 tons, Alex Sprunt & Son. Amaranth, (Br) 1,210 tons, Chevers, Cardiff, J H Sloan & Co. Chatburn (Br) 1,225 tons, Douglas, E Peschau. Nordkyn, (Nor) 2,246 tons, Beer, Alex Sprunt & Son. Hurworth (Br) 1,521 tons, Keith, A S Heide & Co.

BARQUES. Pandur (Dan) 562 tons, Schmidt, A S Heide & Co. Victor (Nor) 614 tons, Ostrik, A S Heide & Co. Arcturus (Nor) 721 tons, Andersen, J. T. Riley & Co.

Wilderspool (Br) 1,804 -tons, Mac-

Gregor, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Heide & Co.

The Fleating Prison Whith Conveys Con-French republic-to an enduring death on

Four steel cages, each with a capacity of 150, are ready for the male prisoners as they come aboard, while a much smaller one, capable of holding only 31 persons, is sufficient for the female convicts. This latter cage is in the aft of the ship, and is widely separated from the others. The women are treated with a great deal more consideration than the men. They have regular berths and are given better fare. The men sleep in canvas hammocks and are given the ordinary seamen's ration, which is substantial if not elaborate.

A very interesting feature and one hor cible to contemplate is the facility with which the steam can be used upon the convicts should they attempt to take possession of the ship. Pipes are so arranged that were such an attempt to be made it would be possible for the officers of the vessel to scald every prisoner to death in less time than it would take to count them Captain Dano never has had such a case arise on board his ship, but it often becomes necessary to give them a little steam to quell discontent. As a rule, however the 80 guards who are regularly detailed for service on board are sufficient to keep

they appear. - Atlanta Journal.

TOO FINE FOR THEM.

Why One Statesman Was Not Returned

tell you, sir," said Blimms, in his most impressive way, "a man must be as wise as a serpent in order to succeed in politics, and he must be able to give the serpent a few points on wisdom if he happens to be an officeholder at the election "I went down there to make a political career. I studied the customs of the peoworth \$10 a suit, my hats had a second-

ple and humored them. My clothes weren't hand look when I bought them, my shirts were not of fine linen, and I laced them at the throat instead of buttoning them. It pleased the folks. I had a loud, deep voice that could make the shingles rattle in any ordinary building, and I sailed rough shod into everything that my constituency did

Seers the

It is asserted that tenors are usually of

er before than after a meal, for which reason tenors are generally careful not to sing too soon after dinner.-Pearson's Weekly.

He-Women are seldom capable of rea-She-Well-because.-Chicago News. Eight nundred persons composed Car-

presided a master cook, robed in a suit of

velvet, decorated with a chain of gold. MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 18, 1898. SCHOONERS. C C Lister, 266 tons, Robinson, Geo Margaret B Roper, 394 tons, Crammer, E C Gates, 129 tons, Langley, Cape

Regulator, Davis, 68 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Emma C Middleton, 510 tons, Endi cote, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Lucy Wheatley, 180 tons, Taylor, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Gellivara (Br) 1,618 tons, Hamoyter, Alex Sprunt & Son.

The kiss was unknown, I think, among the aboriginal tribes of America and of central Africa. From the most ancient times, however, it has been familiar to the Asiatic and European races. The Latins divided it into three forms—the osculum, the basium and the suavium, the

with equal disdain. Darwin and other naturalists have attempted to trace back the kiss to the act of the lower animals who seize their prey with their teeth, etc. An interesting recent study of the subject is by M. Paul d'Enjoy, in 'The Bulletin' of the Paris Anthro-

The Old Marine Band. The big man in the band of former days in the Marine band in its infancy was the man who marched in the front and played a chime of bells which was rigged up on a long pole. He was an entire band in himself. Behind him marched two or three others who had similarly arranged chimes, though of smaller proportions. There may have been cornets, trombones and bass horns in existence then, but certainly none of them was ever carried by the Marine band until after 1835. I was married that year and remember very well seeing the band parade a day or so before my marriage, and am certain there were no horns carried by the band except bugles or trumpets. I don't know that their music was not as sweet as it is today. It sounded to us folks of that day so anyhow. There seemed to be more music in the string and reed instruments than in the various herns of today, and the men who parried the chime bells could, for sound at least, double discount any of the performers in the band to-

da E. Hart, of Groton, S. C. y terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could p to my Savior, determined if I could of stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr King's New Discovery for Consump-tion, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, and took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLEMY'S drug store. Regular size 50g and \$1.00. Guaranteed or price

efunded The Kind You Have Always Bought CASTORIA.

The following quotations represen holesale Prices generally. In making up hall orders higher prices have to be charged The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible

LAGGING-				1
9 th Inte	73	60	733	1
Standard	17	20	174	1
Hams & D	12	0	1216	1
Sides 7 10		6	8	1
Shoulders & D	63	400	634	Т
TRY SALTED-			200-200	1
Stdes w b		0	634	н
Shoulders & D	6	6	634	П
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine				1
Second-hand, each		100	1 10	1
New New York, each		0	1 20	1
New City, each		0	1 10	н
EESWAX PD		0	24	П
RICKS-				1
Wilmington W M	5 00	0	7 00	1
Northern	9 00	0	14 00	П
UTTER-		3500		П
North Carolina W D			18	н
Northern	18	0	25	
IOBN MEAL—	200			Т
Per bushel, in sacks	46	00	47	1
Virginia Meal	47	0	50	1
OTTON TIES-P bundle	80	0	8	1
OTTON TIES-B bundle	-	-		1
Sperm	18	0	25	н
Adamantine	8	0	11	L
HEESE—W D-	7	-2	3020	П
Northern Factory	105		1114	1
Dairy Cream		0	11	1
State		0	1016	П
OFFEE-7 D-				1
Laguyra			16	П
kio	73	600	9	Ш
OMESTICS-			100	L
Sheeting, 4-4, 19 yard		@	534	П
Yarns & bunch	18	0	20	1
GQS−₽ dozen		0	14	Н
18H-	1000	~ .		1
Mackerel, No. 1, 19 barrel	22 00		30 00	1
Mackerel, No. 1, W half-bbl. Mackerel No. 2 W harrel	11 00	(O)	5 00 +	1
Mackerel, No. 1, 9 half-bbl. Mackerel, No. 2 9 half-bbl. Mackerel, No. 2 9 half-bbl	16 00		8 00	1
Mackerei, No. 2 Phali-bbl	8 00		9 00	
Mackerel, No. 3, W Darrel	13 00		4 00	1
Mullets, # barrel	4 00	@	4 35	1
Mullets, pork barrel	0.00	@	8 00	1
N. C. Roe Herring, & keg		0	3 25	1
Dry Cod, & D	5	@	10	
DAM Chesters	4 35	0	4 50	1
LQUR—% b—		0	9.00	
Low grade		@	3 00	

Oats, from store . Oats, Rust Proof. Cow Peas..... HAY # 100 Ds Bice Straw. LIME. B barrel.
LUMBER (city sawed) & M ft.—
Ship Stuff resawed. ing to quality...... Pressed Flooring, seasoned. Scantling and Board, com'n 14 00 MOLASSES & gallon— Barbadoes in hogshead.... Barbadoes, in barrels

Straight

Forto Rico, in hogsheads... Porto Rico, in barrels..... Sugar House, in barrels.
Sugar House, in hogsheads.
Sugar House, in barrels.
Syrup, in barrels.
NAILS, \$\mathbb{P}\$ keg. Cut, 60d basis...
PORK, \$\mathbb{P}\$ barrel— SALT, W sack, Alum. Liverpool American On 125 % Sacks. SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M Common Cypress Saps. SUGAR, \$ D—standard Gran'd

Standard A.
White Extra C.
Extra C. Golden
C. Yellow
SOAP & D-Northern
STAVES, & M-W O barrel R O Hogshead... TIMBER, W M feet-Shipping. Mill, Fair..... Common Mil Inferior to ordinary... SHINGLES, N.C Cypress sawed 5x24 Heart. 6x24 Heart...

The Ethnology of Rissing. first being the kiss of friendship and respect, the second of ceremony and the third of love. The Semites always knew the kiss, and Job speaks

of it as part of the sacred rites as it is today in the Roman church. The Mongolian kiss, however, is not the same as that which prevails with us. In it the lips do not touch the surface of the person kissed. The nose is brought into light contact with the cheek, forehead or hand. The breath is drawn slowly through the nostrils, and the act ends with a slight smack of the lips. The Chinese consider our mode of kissing full of coarse suggestiveness. and our writers regard their method

pological society, volume 8, No. 2.-

Dr. Daniel G. Brinton in Science.

A Narrow Escape.

day.-Washington Star.

Thankful words written by Mrs. taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; cough set in, and finalive but a short time. I gave myself \$5.50 to 6.50 mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Ster-

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

rany variations from the actual market price						
+	_	=		NAVAL STORES MARKETS.		
AGGING-				MATAL OTOTILO MATIKETO.		
2 to Jute	7	60	734			
Standard		160		By Telegraph to the Morning Star		
ESTERN SMOKED-		-	27.9	my resident to the morning sear.		
Home W th	19	0	1216	NEW YORK, November 17 Rosin		
Hams 7 b		8	8			
Shoulders & D		40	636	steady. Spirits turpentine steady		
phoniders # m		7440	658			
RY SALTED-		0	22.4	CHARLESTON, November 17.—Spirits		
Sides # 1b	21	6	634	turpentine firm at 32c bid; no sales		
Shoulders & D		(D	0.5%			
ARRELS-Spirits Turpentine-		-		Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales		
Second-hand, each		600		Company Managhar 12 days		
New New York, each	- 9	0	1 20	SAVANNAH, November 17 Spirita		
New City, each			1 10	turpentine firm at 35 kg; sales of 1 063		
EESWAX P D		0	24	anales maniers 1 010 D-11 8-1		
RICKS-				casks; receipts 1,010 Rosin firm; sales		
Wilmington W M	5 00	_ 00	7 00	1 409 barrels; receipts 3,576 barrels;		
Northern				A D C TO At no To At other a to		
TTER-		-		A, B, C, D \$1 00, E \$1 05@1 0. F		
North Carolina P	15	6	18	\$1 10@1 15, H \$1 35, I \$1 40, K \$1 45.		
Northern		0	25	THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF A STREET		
DEN MEAL-		40	-			
Per bushel, in sacks	46	100	47	COTTON MADVETO		
Virginia Meal		6	50	COTTON MARKETS.		
MEN TIPE 10 hundle		6	8	JOI TON MININE TO.		
OTTON TIES—Bebundle	00	w	0			
	10	a	25	By Telegraph to the Morning Star.		
Sperm	18	00	11	그 그 사람이는 얼마나 아이들이 어때가 되었다고 있다고 가장하게 살아왔다. 얼마나 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그		
Adamantine	8	0	11	NEW YORY, Nov. 17.—The bull		
IEESE—W D-				faction had the better position at the		
Northern Factory	10	40	1114			
Dairy Cream		0	11	start in to-day's cotton market, but		
State		0	1036	made practically no effort to secure a		
FFEE-8 D-				made practically no entire to accure a		
Laguyra	12	@	16	material advance. Both the spot and		
k10	71	4600	9	the future market at Liverpool dis-		
MESIICS-		-		the factore dial act at Liver poor dia		
		0	534	played a steadier undertone than		
Sheeting, 4-4, 8 yard Yarns 8 bunch	18	0	20	anticipated; private cables reported		
Q8-₽ dozen	1000	60	14			
8H-		-		a most feverish activity in dry goods		
Mackerel, No. 1, 19 barrel	92 00	a	30 00	circles abroad; parties in the South		
Mackerel, No. 1, 39 half-bbl. 1				telegraphed that experters and dome-		

nticipated; private cables reported most feverish activity in dry goods rcles abroad; parties in the South telegraphed that exporters and domes tic spinners were having a hard time in securing the quantities desired of spot cotton at last prices, owing to s withdrawal of holders from the markets; Fall River advances indicated growing demand for certain goods, yesterday's transactions reach ing the unusual total of 100 000 pieces GLUE-P D...
GRAIN-B bushelCorn, from store, bgs-White
Car-load, in brgs-White. In addition to these influences were somewhat conflicting weather reports. a smaller movement at the ports than indicated and continued liberal export clearances. The more active months moved up two to four points on the first call, but soon lost the gain under selling pressure from the South and abroad. During the balance of the early session fluctuations were very narrow and lacked particular signifi cance. Opinion in the pit was very much mixed and even scalpers were eluctant to ether buyer or sell. Later n the day there was a slight rally on demand from the smaller shorts, but at no time was the trading very active. The close was steady at one to four NEW YORK, November 17.-Cotton dull; middling uplands 5 1/4c. Cotton futures closed steady: vember 5.13c, December 5.14c, January 5.19c, February 5.23c, March 5 26c, April 5 30c, May 5.37c, June

-c, July 5 39c, August 5.42c, September 5.42c, October 5.46c. gulf 5%c; middling uplands 5%c; no sales. ceipts were 5,379 bales; sales bales; exports to Great Britain 718 2 25 8 50 bales; exports to the Continent 1,650 bales; stock 88,246 bales. bales; exports to Great Britain 7,947

bales; exports to the Continent 13,145 bales; stock 1,143.857 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 358,549 bales; exports to Great Britain 151,226 bales; exports to France 37,490 bales; exports to the Continent 100,816 bales. Total since September 1st. - Net receipts 3,492,517 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,121,114 bales; exports to France 214.045 bales; exports to the Continent 822.917 bales. November 17.-Galveston, not received, net receipts - bales; Nor

folk, not received, net receipts

Spot cotton closed dull; middling

Net receipts 1,900 bales; gross re-

Total to-day-Net receipts 56,024

WASHING POWDER bales; Baltimore, not received, in receipts - bales; Boston, steady at 5 Mc. net receipts 1,014 bales; Wi mington, firm at 4%c, net receipted 2,455 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 5%c, net receipts 976 bales, Sarm nah, quiet at 4 %c, net receipts 1/2 SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Market bales; New Orleans, quiet at 4 12 1 steady at 35 cents per gallon for manet receipts 13,710 bales; Mobile, qui chine-made casks and 34 % cents for at 4%c, net receipts 2 669 but-

THE BEST

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

ROSIN-Market nominal at \$1.05

per barrel for Strained and \$1.10 for

TAR.-Market steady lat \$1.15 per

CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market

ir a at \$1.25 per barrel for Hard,

\$1.90 for Dip, and \$1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year

Spirits turpentine firm at 30@29%c

rosin steady, \$1.10, \$1.15; tar firm,

\$1.05; crude turpentine firm, \$1.40,

RECEIPTS

Receipts same day last year.

casks spirits turpentine, 561 bbls rosin.

307 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine

COTTON

Same day last year middling 5 4 c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

PEANUTS - North Carolina

Prime, 45 to 55c per bushel of 28

bounds: extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

irginia-Extra prime, 65¢; fancy, 70c;

CORN-Firm: 521/2 to \$5 cents per

ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to

11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c:

SHINGLES-Per thousand, five-

nch hearts and saps, \$1,60 to 2 25

TIMBER-Market steady at \$2.50 to

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

NEW YORK, November 17 .- Money

on call easy at 2@214 per cent. the

last oan being at 2 per cent. Prime

ling exchange firmer, with actual busi-

ness in bankers' bills at 485 1/4 @485 1/4

for demand and at 48214 for sixty

days. Posted rates 483@484 4. Com-

mercial bills 481 1/4 @482. Silver cer

tificates 60% @61%. Bar silver 60%.

Mexican dollars 47%. Government

bonds weak; U.S. new 3's 105 🔏; U.S.

new 4's, registered, 126% @127%; do

coupon, 127; U. S. A's 11134@

111%; do. coupon, 112%@113; do 2's,

9814; U. S. 5's, registered, 11114@

112; do. 5's, coupon, 111 1/6 112 1/4. State bonds firm; N. C. 6's, 125;

manufactured cotton

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

six-inch. \$2.25 to 3.25; seven inch,

water) 90c@\$1.10; upland, 65@80c.

uotations on a basis of 45 pounds

Receipts-2,455 bales; same day last

bound for middling. Quotations:

Market firm on a basis of 4%c per

5-16 cts #

3 11-16

4 5 16

country casks.

Good Strained

bbl of 280 lbs

\$1.90, \$1.90

ordinary.

Middling

Good Ordinary

Low Middling

Good Middling

Spanish, 70@80c.

oushel

he bushel.

sides, 7 to 8c

Spirits turpentine

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 17.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

Memphis, steady at 5c, net recen-

5.656 bales; Augusta, firm at him

net receipts 1,027 bales; Charlesto

steady at 4 %c, not receipts 3,385 hall

NEW YORK, November 17 was firm. Wheat-Spot easy red 76 Mc. options opened cass and foreign selling and big spring - receipts, but rallied on firmer together with large clearances last hour, however, a reaction of a red under re selling by fore up a tom . and the close was weak at both ... decline; No. 2 red March closed 74 ... May closed 70%c; December riow 74c. Corn-Spot firm, No. 2 options were firmer on a demand from shorts all the morning, but fireeased off with wheat and closed at changed, May closed 38%c, December closed 38c. Oats -Spot firmer, No. . 30c; options mactive and nonum Beef steady. Cut meats steady, pickle shoulders 4@4%c; pickled hann 7%c. Lard easier: Western st-s closed \$5 12%; city \$4 85; November glosed \$5 20; nominal, refined qui-Pork steady. Butter firm, Wecreamery 15%@23%; do. factory . L. @14%c; Elgins 23%c, imitation errani ery 13@17%c. State dairy 160.2 Cheese steady; large white 9 %c 1 ana toes steady; Jersey aweets \$1 Southern sweets \$50@75c. Cotton seed dil easy. Petroleum quiet. Rice firm Cabbage dull. Coffee-Spot Rio dull mild inactive. Sugar-Raw strong no. sellers at quotations, fair refining 3 15-16c; centrifugui 96 test 4 7 16c

molasses sugar 3 1 16c, refined firm and tending upward CHICAGO, November 17 Wheat to day was very strong up to within half an hour of the close, when it turned weak and closed at a trifling decline. The advance was largely in the nature of scare among December shorts, but the local nature of the strength was intimately impressed upon traders Corn and oats were strong and close-Hitle higher Provisions closed a shade under yesterday's final prices

CHICAGO, November 17 Cash quit : tions: Flour steady. Wheat No. 2 spring +c: No. 3 spring 65%c. No. 2 and 68%c. Corn-No. 2 32%c () ats No. 2, 26@26 %c. No. 2 white, fr. on board, 29c; No. 3 white, free and board, 26%@28%c. Pork, per land \$7.80@7.85. Lard, per 100 fla: \$4.90g/s 4/92 14. Short rib sides, loose, \$4 70405 90 Dry salted shoulders, \$4 37 % @54 50 Short clear sides, boxed, \$4 75@4 85 Whiskey-Distillers'finished goods, per

gallon, \$1 25. The leading futures ranged as fell lows-opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat-No.2, November 66 4 December 66% @66%, 67%, 67% 66% \$66 14 May 66, 66 14 65 14 65 150 Curn November 31 %, 32 %, 31 %, 32c, De cember 3114, 32 14, 32 (# 32 14, 32 14 (# 32 14 May 33% @33%, 34 83% 33% @31% c Outs - December 24 14 , 25 24 14 24 14 @ 24 %c; May 25@ @25 4. 25 % 25 25% Pork. per barrel - December \$7.85, 7.85 777%, 777%; January \$8 92%, 8 95 8 87%, 8 90, May \$912%, 9 15 9 10 Lard, per 100 les December

CHARLESTON, November 17.—Spirits \$195, 495, 490, 4925, Ribs, per 100. lis, December \$4 42 % January \$4 55 4 55, 4 50, 4 52 % BALTIMORE November 17 Floor dull and unchanged. Wheat firmer spot 71% @72c; month 71 1/2/2c In cember 72 5 6672 Mc. January 731bid. Southern wheat by sample 670 72% c. Corn strong - spot 37 k at 37 h.c. November 37 5 @ 37 c. December 87 % @37 %c; new or old November or December 37%@37%c lanuary 374, @37%c; February c. Southern

white cors Juta firm No MEIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star LIVERPOOL, November 17, 41' M Dotton - spot in good demand and fair business done; prices unchanged American middling 3 17 32d good middling 3 7-32d; middling 3 1 29d dw middling 2 27 32d; good ordinary 221 32d; ordinary 2 15 32d The sales the day were 14,000 bales, of which ,000 were for speculation and export and included 12,700 bales American Receipts 45,000 bales, including 42.800 bales American

Futures opened quiet with a mode oste demand and closed steady Ameri can middling (l. m. c.): November 2 61 64@2 62 64d seller; November and December 2 60 64@2 61 64d buyer December and January 2 59 6462 60 64d buyer; January and February 2 59 64 @2 60 64d buyer, February and March 2 60 64d buyer; March and April 2 60 64@2 61 64d buyer; April and May 2 61-64@2 62-64d seller; Way and June 2 62 64d buyer; June and July 2 63 64d seller; July and August 3d seller August and September 3@3 1 6id sel ler; September and October 3 1 64d

MARINE

ARRIVED Br steamship Naranja, Tinker, 659 tons, New York, Alex Sprunt & Son.

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville N. C. cor tains \$13 acres, of which \$00 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton peanets and rice Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries Derrice and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously Soil aims excellent for tobacce and potations. The remaining 618 acres are well timbered with pine, such oak blokery and juniper. Eight to sen thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now. Hantstion bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cat the can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

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