A Matter That is Receiving the Earnest Attention of the Officials of the Marine Hospital Service.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Washington, November 17.—The yellow fever problem has been receiving most earnest attention of late from the authorities here, particularly from the Marine Hospital Service and the War Department, owing to the important new relations established with Cuba and other fever localities to the south of us, and also because of the recurrence of the dis-ease within this country during the past Summer. The purpose is to prepare during the coming Winter months for such an efficient cordon of protection around the country that the chances of a reintroduction of the disease will be reduced to a minimum, while at the same time the points of infection in Cuba and elsewhere will be so improved by sanitation, and guarded by quarantine, that the main sources of danger will be removed Already the Marine Hospital Service has begun its work of establishing a cordon of quarantine around Cuba. A large floating disinfecting plant is in operation in Havana harbor, and a similar il a ing disinfecting plant is at Santiago, although not yet in operation. These are to take charge of the shipping coming to American ports and put it through such thorough dis infection that all fever germs will be removed. Similar fluating plants will be established at all large commercial points, and such rigid rules put in force that the shipping will be free from danger before it out of Cuban waters, although the same rigid quarantine at American ports will be continued. Surgeon General Wyman is going ahead with his floating disinfection although the present laws are not all that is desired to give officials the right to establish quarantine outside of the country. Owing to this weakness of the law, strong efforts will be made to have Congress pass what is known as the Caffrey bill, granting additional quarantine powers, and beside the quarantine, to provide against the escape of the disease from the island, the authorities are now considering plans for the sanitation of the island on an extensive scale.

AFFAIRS AT SANTIAGO.

Negro Regiments to Move Camp-General Wood's Regulations-Cuban Troops Disbanding.

By Cable to the Morning Star

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, November 17,-Gen. Leonard Wood, military governor of the department of Santiago, has instructed Gen. Ewers, who is in command of the brigade of negro regiments at San Luis, where the drunken affray occurred on Monday night, to move the camp five miles from the town. It is probable that one of the regiments will be sent to an island near the entrance of Santiago harbor,

where there are no inhabitants. Some of the local papers continue to abuse the Americans, catering to the lower elements and striving to create a feeling hostile to America. The better class of Cubans of course regret the affray, but they do not exaggerate the outrage after the fashion of the sensational press.

The United States transport Victor, Capt Brickl-y, arrived here to day en route to Ponce with United States troops on board. Capt. Brickley re ports that while passing near San Sal vador Island (Watling's Island) he sawa large ship bottom upward, which he almost ran into Owing to the darkn-ss he could not discover whether she was a sailing vessel or a steamer.

Wood has temporarily sus-Gen. Wood has temporarily sus-pended foreclosure proceedings, owing to the fact that the money "sharks" have been trying to force the collection of small amounts loaned during the war He believes that the mortgagers should have a reasonable chance to re-Having satisfied himself of the in

competence of the staff of meat and slaughter house inspectors that held over from the old regime, Gen. Wood has dismissed the whole force and appointed new inspectors. At Guantanamo, Gen. Perez, the

mayor, now seems to be making an earnest effort to disband his former Cuban troops. Yesterday one man refused to lay down his arms and drew his weapon on a Cuban officer, who promptly killed him in self de fence. The incident has had a good moral effect and the others of Perez's former command are now voluntarily relinquishing their arms, preparatory to disbanding.

OCCUPATION OF HAVANA.

Movement of U. S. Troops Will Begin Within Ten Days by a Division of the Seventh Corps.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, November 17 .- The movement of U.S. troops to Hawana province will begin within ten days. The exact date of their arrival will be determined by the reports of Maj. Gen. Greene, who commands a division of the Seventh corps and is now in Havana on business connected with garrisoning that province, and of Gen. Charles H. Humphrey and Colonel Hecker, of the quartermaster's depart ment. These officers have authority to complete arrangements for the transportation of the troops; the quartermaster's officers being engaged in the supervision of the construction of wharves and depots to be used by the

The occupation of Cienfuegos is als receiving attention. Gen Snyder will command the First brigade, which lands in that province. He will be followed soon afterward by Maj. Gen. Wilson and the First Corps. Nothing has been heard of the detachments of the Eighth cavalry which sailed for Nuevitas and Puerto Principe, but as there is no telegraphic communication with that part of the island no surprise is manifested at the War Department. The conduct of the volunteer regi-

ments in Santiago province may re-sult in a transfer of some of these troops to a corps where a more rigid discipline can be enforced, and where regiments under command of general officers can be used to quell any disturbance of the immune regiments.

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The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

PRESENTMENT.

Assumption of the Entire Philippine Debt the Condition of

PROPOSITION TO ARBITRATE. Expected That the Americans' Reply Will Strictly Outline Their Position and Give Spain a Time Limit to

Surrender.

Accept the Proposition.

By Cable to the Morning Star. Paris, November 17.—The clerical force of the American peace commission was busy nearly all last night in translating the Spanish memorandum resented at yesterday's joint session. While the translators and typewriters were rendering the Spanish argument into printed English, counsel for the American commission studied it sheet by sheet, making notes of records to be examined and of law points bear ing on the matter in hand. As a re sult, when the Americans gathered for their daily session to-day the Spanish presentment lay before them ia English, ready for consideration and accompanied by data bearing upon it. No unofficial person knows the contents of the document presented by the Spanish commissioners vesterday, but it is safe to assume that, added to her insistence on the reservation of her Philippine sovereignty and her proposition to arbi trate the construction of the third article of the protocol, Spain has made wo other important statements: First. That on the high ground of financial probity she cannot allow any discussion of the validity of her action in pledging the resources of the Philip

pines for the payment of the Philip Second. That in connection with the merican proposal to reimburse Spain or her pacific expenditures in the Philippines she cannot admit of an inquiry as to how she has spent the proeeds of the loan based on the Philipoine pledges.

If Spain has assumed this attitude, and it is believed she has done so, she practically compels the American commissioners to so consider at least the entire Philippine debt and its assumption by the United States of the Philippine islands as a condition to Spain's amicable surrender of her

sovereignty over those islands. It is difficult to understand how the Americans can reply to this in any other manner than by strictly outlin ing their position and giving the Spanhe propositions of the United States. But the American commissioners may patiently continue their endeavors to arrive at an amicable understanding on the subject.

Administration Feels Encouraged. Washington, November 17.-The administration feels encouraged over

the outlook for a successful termination of the labors of the peace commissioners at Paris. Whether this renewed confidence is based on an abstract of the Spanish reply which was submitted at yesterday's meeting, or is founded upon private advices indicating a weakening of the Spanish position is not known, but it is probable that both of these have influence in brightening the prospects. The Spanish reply was not a surprise to the American commissioners, who, in fact, had prepared themselves in ad vance with instructions received di rectly from the President and Secretary Hay for a complete answer, until it was probably regarded as better policy and more in accord with the amenities of official exchange that the

commissioners the courtesy of giving deliberate consideration to their carefully prepared agreement. But with all due intent to give proper weight to the Spanish representations, it must be said, up to this point, they have had very little effect in influencing the American commissioners; not be cause of any obstinate disregard of facts on their part, but for the simple reason that almost every one of the points made by the Spanish commis sioners has been anticipated in the prep aration of the American case-no small tribute to the acumen and diligence of

Americans should do the Spanish

ludge Day and Secretary John Moore. The attempt of the Spanish commisioners to induce the Americans to ac cept their construction of the meaning of the protocol, where it touches on the Philippines, has been a flat failure. The President himself was a party to the preparation of the protocol. was he, who suspecting a purpose on the Spanish side to becloud the issue and leave open a door for future escape from the consequences of the war, had swept aside as so much chaff the mes age of the Spanish Duke Almodevar de Rio, and reducing the demands of the United States to what is called a precisis, had declared that the Spanish government might accept that as an exact statement of the demands of the

United States. Having made the document, the President believes himself to be the person best competent to construe its meaning, and the American commissioners are consequently acting in conformity with his views. Inasmuch as the Spanish are mak-

ing most strenuons efforts to assert their sovereignty over the Philippines, all based upon the use of the word 'disposition," instead of "possession, in that part of the protocol relating to the future of the Philippines, it may be stated that the American commissioners have been obliged to call attention to the fact that M. Cambon, who acted for the Spanish government in arranging the protocol, declared positively that the change, which was made at his instance, amounted to nothing, was of no significance in English, or as affecting the object aimed at, but was made merely because it sounded better in Spanish and would not be so humiliating to the Spaniards. Conseuently the American commissioners ould not for an instant think of alowing the sincerity of the then French ambassador to be drawn into

OUTRAGE IN OHIO.

Young White Girl Assaulted by a Negro in the Suburbs of Cincinnati.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 17.-Great excitement prevails to-night at Madisonville, one of the most aristocratic suburbs of this city. As Susan Williams, a white girl 16 years old, was riding on horse back into Madisonville this evening, she was stopped, pulled from her horse and outraged by an unknown negro. Officers and citizens with bloodhounds are scouring the country for the negro. If he is caught and identi-fied a lynching is probable.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SANTIAGO CAMPAIGN AND MONTAUK POINT.

General Young's Testimony-The Battle of Guasima-Camp Wikoff-Complaints Were Unfounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Washington, Nov. 17.-The War Investigating Commission adjourned at 4 o'clock to day to meet at the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York, to-morrow After concluding the work in New York the commission will proceed to Boston, and returning will stop at Philadelphia, to make certain inquiries there. It is also expected that a number of witnesses will be called after the return to Washington, and if the commission does not go to Cuba some persons will be asked to come Colonel Denby will remain in Washington, while the other members of the commission are absent, and will take the testimony of such per-

sons as may ask to be heard.

Major General S. M. B. Young was

before the commission at its first afternoon session, relating his experience at Santiago and vicinity, and afterwards at Montauk. He said he had landed at Daiquiri on the 21st of June, and by the morning of the 23d his en tire brigade had been put ashore. He had notified General Wheeler immediately, and had received orders to move on four or five miles and secure good camp. He accordingly had pushed on to Siboney. He had asked Jeneral Wheeler where the good camping ground was, and he had re plied that the Spaniards occupied it. "I then," said General Young. "asked his permission to go out to see the grounds, saying I should like to get it for our troops, to which Gen, Wheeler assented." In accord ance with this arrangement he moved out at 5 o'clock next morning to fight the battle of Guasima, sending the volunteers and the Rough Riders by one road, and the regulars by another. He declared that there was no surprise ou this fight and no ambuscade as had been reported. He had reconnoitered the Spanish camp with a glass for half an hour before the fight began, and he had attacked the Spaniards and not the Spaniards him. Spraking of the Rough Riders, he said, that they were allowed to be ambuscaded was due. "entirely to the demoralized re porter and the demoralized adjutant of the regiment, who had left the service soon afterwards." Gen. Young said he had occupied the enemy's camp that

said, naively. In reply to a question as to what aid e had secured from the Cubans in his fight he replied, "None whatever." General Young said that immedi itely after the Guasima fight he had looked over the ground towards Caney and had informed General Wheeler that he was confident that he could take the place that night with his rigade if allowed to do so. General Wheeler had replied that his orders rom General Shafter were not to advance without notifying him, and that he would notify the General of his (General Young's) wishes. He had

day, "and it was a good camp," he

not heard anything more officially in egard to the matter. With this Gen. Young's service in Cuba ceased, and he was taken down with fever on the 30th of June and sent back home. After a period of sickness he was sent to Montauk Point to establish Camp Wikoff. He detailed the difficulties of the preparation of the camp. He said it had been impossible to get in floors, and that he had not considered them nec essary, either for health or comfort "I gave them lumber, hammer and nails, however, and told them to make themselves floors if they wanted them. I thought they were being treated too much like babies.' Regarding the commissary supplies he said they were abundant, and that food enough had been allowed to spoil to feed 1,500 daily. The hospital and quartermaster stores were experience seen any army hospitals

so well supplied with medicine and stores of all kinds. The controlling motive in selecting Montauk was that of securing proper quarantine, and a very strict quarantine was observed. He considered the camp very healthful and the site "As to what was done there for the soldiers," he said, think I deserved more credit for what I did at Montauk than for what I did at LaGuasima. I think more was done than should have been done for

the soldiers.' Telling of the hardships of one command which had just arrived from Cuba, he said, "they were not the he roes, being only regulars." He said the privations of the war were not so serious as Indian campaigns he had been engaged in. He was satisfied that most of the complaints against the camp were unfounded. Many of the complaints were made by men and women who had never seen men in camp. Appreciating the situation the soldiers had "played it on" the visiors, making complaints that were without foundation in order to get del "Soldiers like to be made babies of," hasaid, "and some of them soon got so they would not eat their regular rations.

General Young concluded his testimony with the statement that the soldiers were far better cared for than they had been in the civil war.

BATTLESHIP FORMIDABLE.

The Largest Warship in the World Launched at Portsmouth, Eng. By Cable to the Morning Star

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., Nov. 17 .-Thousands of people to-day witnessed the launch of the ram battleship Fornidable, at the dock yard here. She said to be the largest battleship in he world, being of 15,000 tons dislacement. She is 400 feet long, 75 eet beam, and draws 26 feet 9 inches of water. She cost over £1,000,000 and s estimated to steam 18 knots. A notable feature of the launch of the batleship was the entwining of the British and American flags on the offi-

The armament of the Formidable consists of four 12 inch guns, twelve 6 inch quick firing guns, eighteen 12 pounders, twelve 3-pounders and eight maxim guns. She carries 900 tons of coal in her bunkers and will have a complement of 750 men. Her 12-inch guns are in hooded barbettes. She is to be driven by two propellers, and will have 15,000 indicated horse

power. WILL NOT VISIT SPAIN.

German Emperor and Empress will Travel Overland Direct to Berlin.

By Cable to the Morning Star. BERLIN, Nov. 17 .- An official telegram received here from Valetta, Island of Malta, says the Emperor and Empress of Germany have sailed for Pola, at the northern end of the Adriatic sea, from which port they will travel overland direct for home. It is explained that the Emperor decided upon this course because the temperature of the Mediterranean had become considerably cooler and the danger to circumstances attending the abandonthe health of the Empress by a sudden | ment of the Spanish cruiser Maria climate is thus lessened

RACE TROUBLES

IN THE SOUTH. Mass Meeting of Negroes in New

Resolutions. WHITE FANATICS TAKE PART.

York City Adopt

The Governors of North and South Carolina Censured-Demand Made for Amendment to Constitution for Pederal Interference.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 17.-A mass neeting of colored men and women to protest against the treatment of their race in some of the Southern States recently, was held to night in Cooper Union. As a precautionary measure the police were out in force, as even in this city, in the Hell's Kitchen district, there has been a considerable amount of auti negro sentiment. This precaution, however, was not at all necessary, as the gathering, although enthusiastic at times, was a very peaceable one. The hall was crowded with colored people, with a sprinkling of whites. A number of prominent white citizens, however, sent letters commending the object of the meeting. During a tedious wait for the speakers a white man with long flowing hair arose in his seat in the centre aisle and shouted: we only had a William Lloyd Garrison, a Wendell Philips or an Abraham Lincoln at this time.

This evoked tremendous applause. T. Fortune appeared on the stage a ex moments later and took the presiding officer's chair. Mr. Fortune, in a lengthy address, told of the race troubles of the South. Ebenezer D. Bassett, formerly minister to Hayti, lso spoke.

The following resolutions were idopted, with a lengthy preamble: "Resolved. That we, citizens of Greater New York, protest against the ioting and revolution which have lisgraced the States of North Carolina and South Carolina and which have been contrary to the letter and spirit of our institutions and calculated to subvert the guaranteed rights of citizens and to damage the good name, reputation and credit of the republic t home and abroad.

"Resolved, That we feel that the Jovernors of North and South Caro ina are censurable for their failures to suppress the said rioting and revoluion within their States and for their ailure to invoke the aid of the Federal authority if they were not able or unwilling to cope with the condition

of affairs. "Resolved, That we deplore as un-American and provocative of endless riction and contention the antagonism to race and color which alone appear to have caused the said rioting and revolution in North and South Carolina, and that we insist upon it that the just rights of all citizens under the constitution shall be respected as the only safeguard against lawlessness and as the only guarantee of orderly government, and that we appeal to the conservative, law-abiding Christians of the republic to assist in the creation of a public opinion which shall compel those in authority to enforce and to secure to each citizen adequate protection in his life and property, in the exercise of his manhood and citizens' rights under the

constitution. "Resolved. That as the States of Mississippi, South Carolina and Louisiana have by constitutional enactment, disfranchised more than half of their population, we demand that the basis of representation of these States in Congress and the electoral college be reduced, in the proportion which also ample. He had never in all his the number of such male citizens shall bear to the number of male citizens 21 years old as made and directed by section 2, of article 14 of the Federal constitution.

"Resolved, that we recommend such amendment to the constitution as will enable the President to use the Federal authority to protect the life and property of the citizens of the United States from organized or mob conspiracy whenever the Governor of any State from fear or collusion fears to afford such protection or to call upon the Federal government to afford

"Resolved. That we implore the guidance of Almighty God in the shaping of our homogenous citizenship, to the end that it may make for righteousness, for human progress and or the invincibility of our great and peloved republic against the elements of rioting and revolution from within and the assaults of enemies from without.

Among the other speakers were Lawson N. Fuller, J. P. Peaker, presdent of the State Summer League, Connecticut; Rev. Dr. J. N. Scott of Henderson, N. C., Rev. Benjamin W. Harris of Boston, and Mrs. Elizabeth B. Grannis.

GEN. MILES RESPONSIBLE.

For Location of Camps at Chickamauga, Fernandina, and Miami, Fla.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, D. C. Nov. 17 .- The adjutant general of the army has furnished the war investigating commission a statement showing the authority upon which the camps occupied during the war with Spain were selected. It shows that General Miles located the camps at Chickamauga, Ga; Fernandina and Miami, Florida and Camp Alger, Virginia; that Gen eral Lee selected that at Jacksonville and General Merriam that at Camp Merritt, and that the other camps except that at Tampa, were selected by poards of officers. The report says that a permanent camp was never conemplated at Tampa, but that troops were sent there, preparatory for embarkation, on recommendation of Gen.

QUARANTINE CONOVENTION.

In Session at Memphis-It Will Discuss Means to Eliminate Yellow Pever. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 17 .- The quarantine convention which was called by the Memphis Chamber of Commerce, opened here to-day, about 125 delegates being in attendance. The convention will discuss means to eliminate yellow feve, and endeavor to devise a quarantine looking to the conserving of the business interests in the territory annually afflicted with the scourge and afford protection to the people in towns which are liable to infection. The day was given over to organization and speech making. The committee on resolutions will report to-morrow.

The Secretary of the Navy has ordered a court of inquiry to meet at the navy yard at Norfolk next Tuesday for the purpose of investigating the change from a northern to a southern Teresa, with a view of determining the climate is thus lessened

NO DEFINITE PLAN.

Department of Justice Officials Undecided as to Action in the Case of J. W. Tolbert of South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 17 .-- John W. Tolbert has received Governor Ellerbee's answer to his telegram asking whether the Governor would afford him protection from mob violence in returning to his home at Mc-Cormick, S. C. The Governor's reply, which is substantially as pubished in this morning's papers, is regarded by Tolbert as a practical admission that the Governor cannot afford him protection, and therefore it is said it is not likely that he will jeopardize his life by returning to his home in the present state of excited feeling. Up to this time no definite plans with respect to the prosecution of the participants in the riotous proceedings against J. W. Tolbert have been decided upon. The fact that Tolbert is the assistant postmaster at McCormick and not the postmaster, may have an important bearing on the case. Assistants to fourth class postmasters are not recognized by the law as officers of the government, they being appointed and paid by the postmaster. In the Postoffice Department they are recognized as miscellaneous employes. Assistant United States Attorney Jochran, from the Tolbert district, has

The case of R. H. Bunting, U. S. Commissioner at Wilmington, N. C., is said to present the same difficulties which have appeared in the Tolbert case, and it is thought that instructions will soon be given to the United States attorney to make an investigation of the facts, with a view to beginning proceedings.

been ordered to Washington for con-

ference with the officials of the De-

pa tment of Justice, and upon his

arrival here to-morrow the whole

South Carolina situation will be gone

over and a line of action decided

DOCKING FACILITIES

Needed for Battleships Upon Waters Near Key West-Chief Endicott's Recommendations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Washington, November 17.-In his innual report to the Secretary of the Navy Chief Endicott, of the bureau of yards and docks, makes a strong point of the necessity for ample docking facilities, not only for small vessels but for the battleships upon waters near Key West. He said this place was, during the war, and may be in the future an important base of naval operations, able strategists having pronounced Key West and Dry Tortugas the key to the Gulf of Mexico. There fore, it is held that careful study should be given to the subject to de ter mine some point at which the very best docking facilities shall be provided. Had the war with Spain continued many months more the absence of docking facilities in those waters would have been most seriously felt and might have affected its fortunes. The estimates submitted for the next year provide for only one new dock which is to be of the largest type, constructed of granite and con rete and located at the Norfolk Navy Yard. The estimates for the various navy

yards for the next fiscal year include: Norfolk, Va, \$2,000.000, (\$1,500.000 being for a new dock); Port Royal; S. C., \$145,000; Key West \$112,520.

WARM WIRELETS.

Serious insurrections are developng in China.

Joseph Jefferson, the actor, was reported slightly improved last night. At the Madrid cabinet council yesrday the Minister of Justice, Senor Proisserad, said that the fears inspired the Carlists agitation were absolutegroundless.

Chinese rebels have attacked and ooted the town of Kwei Fu in the upper Yang Tse Kiang valley, and have burned the Catholic mission No details are obtainable. there.

Misleading Names.

Perhaps the most misleading name on the map is that of Tierra del Fuego, the "Land of Fire." The name would imply that it was a land of volcanoes in constant activity. The fact is, however, that it contains no volcanoes and is a country of perpetual wet and cold. It got its name from the fact that it was sighted by Magellan at night in consequence of a large fire having been ignited by the natives on shore. The same discoverer happened to have very fine weather after he had rounded the Horn, and so gave the name "Pacifie" to a part of the ocean which is exceptionally subject to storms.

Again, Boothia Felix, a peninsula in arctic America, in which the magnetic pole is located, is anything but "happy" or "pleasant," as its name would imply. It was named after Sir Felix Booth, who provided funds for the expedition which discovered it. In another sense the name of America is wholly misleading, since it is derived from that of Americo Vespucci, who did not discover the new world.



is due not only to the originality and to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALI-FORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of

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IN CHINESE WATERS.

Terrible Disaster-Steamers in Collision-Seventy Persons Drowned.

By Cable to the Morning Star. VANCOUVER, B. C., Nov. 17 .- Advices by steamship Empress of China tells of a terrible disaster in an inland sea on October 25, when the steamer Kinshiu Maru came into collision with the steamer Myagawa Maru off Takami, with the result that the latter sank in a few minutes. It is reported that as many as 130 persons were saved but that 70 were drowned. The Myagawa sunk in three minutes. So strong was the impact that the captain, who was on the bridge, was thrown into the sea.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonparell Type, on first or fourth page, at Pub lisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each inser tion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance For Sale-One No. 18 Grocers' Favorite, floor Star Coffee Mill New, only used a new months. Address, "B", 312 North Third street, City.

with yellow ears and a yellow spot in center of his forehead. Any information furnished lead-ing to his return will be rewarded C. M. Butl-r, 120 North Third street. no 18 2t

Wanted to Sell Cheap or trade for two Bicycles, a good Iver Johnson Tandem in good order. Address, D. B. Rouse, Wilson, N. C. Marine Engine for sale. Walter Taft.

Xmas Goods - Our stock of Fancy Candles, pples, Nut., Raisins, Cakes, Crackers, Cheese, Iuliers, Peanuts, etc., is complete. Quotations Just Arrived 400 bunches fine Bananas, 5 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by . S. Winstead, 115 North Second street

I Am Paylog special attention to selling property. If you have any real estate for sale i should like to have it on my list. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.

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W. M. Cumming, Heal Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for sale houses ranging in price from \$7,250 to \$150. Also some destrable building lots. Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying

For Rent—The Neff store, on South Water street; two floors. Suitable for commission bouse or storage. Apply to D. O'Connor, real estate agent. Consign Your Chickens Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onlons, field Peas, Potatuts, Corn. Bacon, Butter, or anything else v u may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilming on, N. C.

Chickens, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce. See L. Tate Bowden when you want the nicest and freshest in the produce line at the very lowest possible prices. No. 6 Princess

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W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for rent a 12-room house with cistern and bath and sewer for \$20 a month. Also a number of other desirable houses in various parts of town.

Lost-Ladies double-case Gold Watch with Victoria chain. Leave same at Nutt's Drug Store, No questions. Reward. oc 14 tf White Barber Shop—I have employed an ther white barber, and with three chairs now, am better prepared than ever to accom-modate my patrons. Wm. Tienken, 105 Princess etreet.

Bargains in China, Glassware, etc., for the next 15 or 20 days at Watson's China Store, No. 26 South Front street. All goods at cost. ~ Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite-Pratt's Food, Magic Food. Condition powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Beil 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

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For Hent-Sixteen rooms, water works and bath. Second floor. Market between Second and Third streets. Suitable for board-ing house. Apply to D. O'Connor, real estate For Rent-Store in the Samson Building, rth Water street; two floors Good stand for mmission business Apply to D. O'Connor, M. C. Benson—Coun ry Produce and Com-mission Merchant, 106 Dock street. Solicits shipments of Country Produce from merchants and farmers. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to my care.

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BEST OF RYE FLOUR. Graham and Whole Wheat Flour, Fine No. 1 Mackerel, Sour-krout, Dill Pickles, Mince Meat, Sausage, Mullets. In fact, any and everything you need to fill your table with the

S. W. SANDERS.

Office of the Secretary of the Wilmington and Weldon R. R. Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., NOV. 11TH, 1898.

The Sixty-third Annual Meeting of the Stock holders of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company at Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, November 23, 1898, at 12 o'clock M. JAMES F. POST, JR., Secretary W. & W. R. R. Co.

Wanted. A Stenographer.

State qualifications and salary expected. Apply to W. A. RIACH, General Auditor, A. C. L., Wilmington, N. C.

Our Fall Stock of Groceries

Has all been received fresh, and our supply of delicacies, Canned Goods, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Cereals and Farinaceous Foods, Taploca, Buckwheat and Oat Meal will be found high grade, pure, wholesome and palatable, and great care is taken to select only the finest quality, for which our prices are as low as you will pay for an inferior grade else

THE KING GROCERY CO

B. F. KING, MANAGER Fourth Street Brit's



Carpet Sale.

INGRAIN CARPETS, 85-cent grade, 3 Guaranteed All Wool, for 50c per yard.

> J. H. Rehder & Co., Near Fourth Street Bridge.

TIP.



WE ARE READY TO MAKE A HANDSOME AND STALL SUIT OR OVERCOAT OUR LITTE OF SUITINGS AND OVERCE VI A OT SHOLID SEE JIII A SCRIPTION. ALL THE FALL

H. CURRAN,

FURNISHING GOODS

OUR BARGAIN WEEK. SURPRISE SALE.

PRICES that will baffle our competitors and make them ponder wonder how our PRICES are kept down and our fast increase oc 24 lm wonder how our PRICES are kept down and our fast increasing trade kept up. We will offer a vast amount of Bargains during the week, beginning

Monday, Nov. 14, to Saturday, Nov. 19. Our TERMS will be CASH.

THE C. W. POLYOGT CO.

Carrying Coals to Newcastle



Would be as unnecessary a around Wilmington for all COAL than you will find right at this yard. No one can offbetter than the best, and everyin Wilmington knows that

Our Coal is Clean

Best Us on Prices Anywha

WM. E. WORTH & CO.

Our Specialties,

Waterman's Fountain Pens, Eastman's Kodaks, Remington

Blank Books and Office Statishery, Pictures and The Wall Paper and Window Shades. School Books and Supplies.

C. W. YATES & CO.

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N.

individed profits Overdrafts. U. 8. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par). COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

Dividends paid-6 per cent, per asnum

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWS

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892

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110 North Water wire GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

LYE BOAP, STABCH, MARGARI TOBACCO. 50 Boxes Fresh L. Cakes. All kinds of Produce handled on Com. issies: