PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news-paper in North Carolina, is published daily ex-cept Menday, \$5.00 year, \$2.50 for Six months, \$1.55 for three months, 50 cents for one menth to mail subscribers. Delivered to diy sub-scribers at the rate of 5 cents per month for any period from one month toone syear. ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$1.00; two days, \$1.75; three days, \$2.50; four days, \$1.00; two days, \$2.50; one week, \$4.00; it months, \$0.00; twe leve month, \$500.00. Ten ines of colid Nonpariel type make one square. THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Fri-day morning at \$1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months. Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meet-ings, &c., will be charged regular advertising actes.

ates. Advertisements discontinued before the time ontracted for has expired, charged transient stes for time actually published. No advertisements inserted in Local Columns

any price. y price. announcements and recommendations of dates for office, whether in the shape of unications or otherwise, will be charged

ommunications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract. Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher. Ommunications, unless they contain import-ant news of discuss briefly and properly sub-jects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if ac-ceptable in every other way, they will invari-ably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

withheld. Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Re-ect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged r as ordinary advertisements, but only haif

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Re-spect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announce-ment of Marriage or Death. Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged 51.00 per square for each inser-tion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

at transient rates. Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Ha ang Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7.

THE EXPECTED HAS HAPPENED.

The announcement that there has been fighting at Manila between the American forces and the Filipinos does not come as a surprise, for it has been apparent for some time that only the coolest headed management on both sides could avert a collision. It was stated in the dispatches a few days ago that "it was doubtful if even Dewey's diplomacy could prevent a clash," from which it may be inferred that Dewey has been-doing all he could to prevent the spilling of blood, but it has come, blood has been shed and more will be shed.

If these reports be true the treaty

the big guns, and camp their armies in the interior, and leave our jurisdiction confined, as Admiral Dewey said it was, sometime ago, to the belt covered by the guns of his ships, what then? Then it means leaving the "rebels" in possession of the islands, save a thin strip along the sea, or it means pursuing them with armies, and that means, if persisted in, a war compared with which the war for Cuba was a picnic.

It is to be hoped that this may be averted, for there may be contingencies in this beyond the ken of mortal now. There was glory in the war for Cuba, because its motive was noble and glorious. But there will be to the mills in providing a home be no glory in this, however it may

POINTS OF DIFFERENCE.

'Section 5. No male person who was

stitute for the above section:

end.

it consists:

Not had highly the ing. This is another illustration of the While there is a general desire among the Democratic members of characteristic energy and business dash of Charlotte for which she is the Legislature to so amend the distinguished, and rightly so, more suffrage clauses of the constitution as to ensure white supremacy in the than any other city in North Carofuture there is a difference of opinion lina, the result of which is shown in the bounds she has made in inas to the educational qualification, the opposition to this coming mainly dustrial enterprises, in her consefrom the West. The following quent growth and prosperity, within which we clip from the Baleigh the past decade. There is, and we News and Observer of Sunday, shows say it to her credit, more vim, more where the difference is and in what first-class business sense, and more level-headed co-operation among the people of Charlotte, than in other

"There is perfect agreement as to every section in the amendment printed in last Sunday's News and Observer except sections 4 and 5. Section five town in this part of the domain that we know anything about. in the bill presented by the committee reads as follows:

CURRENT COMMENT.

on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided; and no son or gradson of any such person not less than 21 years old at the date - The action of the North Carolina negro troops at Atlanta, and the Tenth cavalry at Texarkana, is not likely to improve the standing of the adoption of this amendment of the Constitution shall be denied the of the negro as a soldier. Our brief right to register and vote at any elec war with Spain has furnished us tion in this State by reason of the edu with some valuable experience that cational qualification prescribed in this the government will do well to profit article, provided he shall have regis-tered prior to December 1, 1902, in ac-cordance with the terms of this article, by in enlarging the army.-Augusta Chronicle, Dem.

and no person shall be allowed to reg-- There are various features of ister under this section after that the Dingley act that are not only not opposed to domestic monopoly Senator Justice, at the Friday night but are actually promotive of it. Every schedule that operates to caucus offered the following as a sub-Section 5. Nomale person who was, maintain the oppressive exactions of on January 1st, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under trust, to stifle competition, limit production and advance prices the laws of any State in the United should be recast, and if the Repub-States wherein he then resided and no lican party is not equal to the occalineal descendent of any such person sion it can neither disavow nor esshall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State cape its responsibility .- Philadelby reason of his failure to possess the phia Jedger Ind. educational qualification presented in

The sentiment favorable to

SPIRITS . TURPENTINE.

The Charlotte correspondent of

THE TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Kinston Fres Press: The success of the Kinston Cotton Mills is now assured. The slockholders have made a good investment. the Baltimore Manufacturers' Recordsays it is no secret that Charlotte stands ready to put up the \$15,000 - Salisbury Sun! Jackson required to secure the location of hog weighed more than was expected. It was killed yesterday and had to be halved before it could be brought up town and weighed. It weighed 765 pounds. The hog was two years the proposed Textile School, if the bill pass the Legislature. This is in accordance with what,

ve expected. When the bill was introduced by Mr. Clarkson, we con-- Fayetteville Reporter: A negro boy, about 20 years of age, named Henry Leak, and hailing from Rock ingham, was run over and killed in this city Friday night by the through freight going North on the C. F. & Y. cluded that the Charlotte people were willing to put up some money on that thing, not only on account of the advantages to accrue to the city V. Railroad. from the location of the school but - Raleigh News and Observer: Patent medicine manufactnrers and on account of the benefit it would

druggists in this State are very much exexcised over the bill introduced in school to give them the skilled labor the Legislature requiring patent medicines offered for sale in this for which they have use, and the use for which is constantly increas-State to have their ingredients printed on the label. - Burke County News: There is

a gold mining company operating in Burke county, with its head office in Syracuse, N. Y., that is capitalized at \$1,250,000. This was brought out in the course of a trial before Justice W. E Powe in Morganton last week and will no doubt be news to most of our readers

- Charlotte News: A Prominent gentleman tells the News there is an effort on foot looking to the establishment of a cotton exchange for char-lotte. A number of the cotton merchants, it is said, will go into the new enterprise. — Mr. J. C. LcLean, of Shopton, tells the News of the Champion gourd vine of the State, which growing on the General Neal mill place, in Steel Creek township, about nine miles from Charlotte. Mr. Mc-Lean counted on this vine 369 gourds. - Raleigh Post: An eloping

couple of Assyrians came to grief yes-terday. Eddollar Milham won the affections of Hanna Joseph, the wife of Theo. Joseph, and the couple decided to leave the city together. They went as far as Henderson, but they soon accertained that the path ahead of them was not one of roses, so they turned their faces towards home. Being without funds they had to foot it to the city. On their arrival here Saturday they were arrested and placed in

- Charlotte Observer: The pro moters of a big cotton mill enterprise at the shoals in Davie count, have bought a large amount of land in and around that place. It is said that the owners have paid the Hairston family \$15,000 for the shoals and adjoining lands. The company expects to begin at once the erection of one of the largest cotton mile it the State. They will invest about \$600,000 in the enterprise. — Mr. John C. Leslie, of the Wiscasset Mills, at Albemarle, is in the city. He says that there is more excitement in Stanly county just now than there has been since the war, and it is all over the purchase of lands along the falls

FUNERALS IN LISBON. THE POOR RENT COFFINS FOR THE DURNEY TO THE GRAVE.

BUDAPEST.

body knows.

ody Dut and Consigned to the Earth the Empty Box Is Returned to Its Owner to Be Used Over and Over Again.

"The burial customs of the Spanish as seen in Guba are th some respects much like those of Portugal," said a former res-dent of Portugal. "The poor there, like the ... or in Spain, economize on funeral expenses by making one coffin serve for a number of funerals in succession. In Lison at least the coffin is usually a very substantial piece of work, covered with red leather and freely studded with brass nails. Its lid is attached with hinges, so that the coffin opens and shuts like a large trunk. Of course the selling price of an article like this would be beyond the means of any poor family, but the rent

for one day is comparatively small. "When a funeral procession reaches the grave in the great Prazeres cometery, just outside of Lisbon, the undertaker's men, nstead of lowering the coffin, open its lid, take out the corpse and lower it into its last resting place. The empty coffin is left there until a Gallego takes it back to its owner after the mourners have retired.

'These Gallegos, by the way, natives of Galicia in Spain, do all the work of porters in Lisbon. If you ask a native Portuguese servant to carry a percel or a valise through the streets, he will answer you in a tone of offended dignity, 'Vou chamar um Gallego' (I will go and call a Gal-lego), for no native Portuguese would be seen carrying a load of any kind in public. ""These Generation for a part of the strength of the street "These Gallegos have no objection to carrying a load, even when the load is a recently vacated coffin. That is the kind of work they come to Lisbon for, so that in their old age they may go across the frontier to Galicia and live on their savings. And one little incident that hapened while I was in Lisbon showed how death make on the Gallego mind. The city of Lisbon collected toll on goods brought within its limits, and there were in Scribner's guards at the different gates of the city to

e that nothing was smuggled in. 'One very rainy afternoon the guard a the Prazeres gate glanced along the road that leads to the cemetery and saw a suspicious looking package lying on the ground close under the wall on one side. There was not a living being in sight. The guard thought he had detected a plot. He thought that that package, whatever it might be, had been left there under the wall by smugglers, who were no doubt sheltered somewhere in its neighborhood and watching their opportunity to rush it through the gate as soon as the rain held up a little. So the active and intelligen nel of the staff. officer got his little sword ready to draw at moment's notice, and, regardless of th ownpour, advanced along the road to sur rise and apprehend the smugglers, or, a

east, their goods. "When he got to within 20 yards of the aspicious object, he made out through the rain that the case on the ground was of a red color and studded all over with brass nails. That discovery startled him a little, but the next moment he was utterly The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAE will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted. moralized at seeing the lid of the coffin ly open and a disheveled head thrust it elf out, its eyes staring wildly. Withou waiting to draw his sword or challenge th apparition, the guard faced about and re treated at a run. When he reached the gate, he called his comrades to come and see the abandoned corpse that Mad burst open its coffin on the wayside. The force



ROUGH RICE-Lowland water) 90c@\$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel

tc. Pork rose 71/2@10c; lard 71c and ribs 5c N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c. CHICAGO, February 6.-Cash quota-SHINGLES-Per thousand, inch hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, \$2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch,

tions: Flour was dull and weak. Wheat-No 2 spring 67@69c; No.3 do. 63@69c; No. 2 red 71@72c. Com -No.2, 35 14. Oats-No.2, free on board. 27%@27%c; No. 2 white 30%@30%c; TIMBER-Market steady at \$2.50 to No. 3 white 2914 @3014c. Pork, per **\$9 95@10** 00. Lard.

caused by liquidation of long property.

Corn closed with a gain of ic and oats

ibs, \$5 55@5 60. Short rib sides.

loose, \$4 75@4 90. Dry salted shoul

ders, \$4 25@4 371/2. Short clear sides

boxed, \$5 05@5 15. Whiskey-Dis tillers' finished goods, per gallon, \$1 25.

The leading futures ranged as fol

lows-opening, highest, lowest and

closing: Wheat-No. 2, May 714@ 72, 72%, 71%, 72%@72%c; July 694@

70, 7058, 69%, 70%. Corn-May 36%@ @36%, 37%, 36%, 37%c; July 37, 37%,

37, 37% @37%c; September 37% 3

37%, 38c. Oats-No. 2 May 27%, 28

27%, 28; July 26, 26@261% 25%, 26@ 26%c. Pork, per barrel-May \$10(2%, 10 17%, 10 02%, 10 17. Lard, per 100

per 100

will be ratified, if it has not been ratified at this writing, for the fact that blood has been shed, American lives lost, and that the attack was made by the Filipinos will quiet opposition and unite not only the Senators who differed, but the American people. Ratification will be the necessary step to assert sovereignty, for we cannot make war on those people, save in self-defence, until sovereignty is asserted. We therefore take it for granted that the treaty will be ratified if it has not already been, and that instead of trying to placate our late allies they will be dealt withs as enemies until they desist from aggressive opposition and acknowledge, or at least submit to, the sovereignty we claim.

It is somewhat remarkable that the conflict of arms should have taken place just a couple days before the day fixed for the vote in the Senate on the peace treaty, and if the attack was made, as reported, by the Filipinos, it is proof of their amazing stupidity to thus invite and provoke battle against a powerful foe, when such strenuous efforts were being made by the opponents of imperialism to prevent trouble and to secure them the independence they fought Spain for. In this they showed not only amazing stupidity, but cold-blooded ingratitude to that portion of the American people who, in spite of having their motives misrepresented, stood up as their advocates and the defenders of the claims they made to the right of self-government. When they fired on the flag and shot down the American soldiers who marched under it they spat in the face not only of the men who asserted the right to hold them as subjects, but in the face of the men who through abuse and misrepresentation contended for their right to rule themselves. They made no distinction between friend and foe, and insulted all alike-that is if they were the aggressors and the attacking party.

This is the situation as is presents itself on the face of the dispatches so far received, but where it will end? To quote Senator Platt, "nobody can foretell." Possibly Againaldo and his supporters who are leading this demonstration by arms may after they have experienced the effect of long range guns and the dash and valor of military skill of the American soldiers, come to the conclusion that they made a mistake and will be in a better frame of mind

to listen to advice, in which event it will be well; but Aguinaldo warranted. For sale by R. R. BEL-

section four of this article It will be seen that the committee reelection of United States senators quired a time to be fixed when sons by the people of the State, is growand grandsons could register and take ing at a rapid rate. The West Viradvantage of the "grandfather clause." The committee advocated having a ginia house of delegats has voted in favor of the proposition, the roll call fixed time when the registration shows 57 ayes to 4 nays. Several other state legislatures have passed should close (they favor extending the time to 1908), and some of them contended that this was necessary to be certain that the amendment would similar resolutions, by large majorities. There is no special agitation, come within the provisions of but apparently a deep and growing Constitution. Senator Justice's the conviction that the change ought to amondment is directed at hav e made.-Chattanooga Times. Dem. ing no limit, making sons and grand sons perpetually eligible. He insists that this would not affect the consti----- Senator Aldrich notes a seniment among some of his Republitutionality of the provision. His obcan collegues "in favor of restricting jection to the original section is that it would require young white boys to learn to read and write before they free trade between Hawaii and the United States to the agricultural or could vote, and that this would be an natural products of Hawaii, so as to objectionable feature of an otherwise shut out of the United States manuperfect amendment.

'Section 4. Any person presenting

imself for registration or voting shall

be able to read any section of the Con-

stitution of this State, or he shall be

able to understand the same when read

to him, or give a reasonable interpreta-

tion thereof; shall have paid by the first of February the poll tax for the

they are not going to

not be misunderstood.

journ before they agree on such an

amendment as will guarantee white

supremacy, for on that the peo-

ple have spoken in a way that can-

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneu

ease when Chamberlain's Cough

father" clause.

In other words, they propose to ex-A prominent Western member, who tend to everybody except the Ameridoes not object to section 5, though he would favor having the time of regis-tration extended from 1902 to 1908, can farmer and the colonial manufacturer !-- Philadelphia Record, Dem. desires to change section 4 so it will read as follows:

TWINKLINGS.

factures made by cheaper labor.'

-"Have you seen my black-faced antelope?" inquired the keeper of a menagerie. "No," said a visitor. "Who did your black-faced aunt elope with?' -Funny Cuts.

previous year, as prescribed by law, and shall exhibit the receipt therefor. "If I fell in, Joseph, would Poll taxes shall be a lien only on asyou risk your own life to save me?' "My precious, my life belongs to you; I could not risk losing anything of yours."—Pick-Me-Uu. sessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the

same except against assessed property." He argues that this would make it - Buttons-"Missus told me to certain beyond peradventure that no come down and tell you she was not white man now of age, or any white man coming of age, could be disfran-chised, being protected by both the "understanding" and the "grandat home." Huff-cut-"Go back and tell your mistress I say I haven't call-ed."-Melbourne Weekly Times.

- She (fishing for compliment) Who do you think is the belle of the The ablest members are considering vening?" He-"Aw, weally, do you know, I was just saying to Jones that there wasn't a decent looking girl here."—World's Comics. hese few differences in the spirit of patriots, and there is not room to doubt that they will pass the bill in its prespresent shape with some such changes

- "Please, sir, there's a gentle as will not affect its constitutionality man down stairs from the hoffice wants or work the disfranchisement of any to know 'ow yer hinfluenzey is." "Has ay shirt come back yet?". "Just arrived, sir." "Then tell him I'm bet-As might be expected there will ter, and am returning to the office to be difference of opinion arising either day."-Judy.

from the section from which the - "Your hair isn't wet, uncle, is it?" asked little Tommy. "No, representative comes, or from his course not," replied the amused relaviews as to the constitutionality of tive. "What makes you think my hair is wet?" "Because I heard mamma this or that provision, but it say that you found it hard to keep may be safely assumed that your head above water."-Tit-Bits. ad

- "When I reckon up what it costs me for ammunition, the clothes I ruin tramping around, and what I lose by neglecting my business, every bird I shoot costs me \$5." "Then it's lucky for you that you only hit one in ten; if you were a better shot you'd bankrupt yourself."--Harper's Weekly.

- Sunday School Teacher-Now, Joshua, did you learn the fory second verse of the thirty-fourth nonia always results from a cold or hapter of the sixteenth epistle of St. John to the Philippians, as I told you last Sunday?" Small Boy-"No'm. from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the Ma's pressing out autumn leaves in that chapter, and I doesn't monkey with it at all."-Puck. attack was never followed by that dis-

Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to re-sult in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad his kind is the meanest of deceptions. Our plan is to give every one a chance to try the merit of Ely's Cream Balm —the original Balm for the cure of

lishment of the electric power plant. The company pays good prices and does not haggle over a trade. Lands for four mills along the river on each side of the falls have been bought. In each case half the purchase price has been paid in cash and the deeds deposited in a bank in Salisbury to be deivered when the other half is paid. The distribution of this money in Stanly county has made things lively in that section. Most of the men who have sold land are making wise investments. Two of them have put \$1,500 each in cotton mill stock.

Professor Briggs on Jonah.

Ancient Pharisaical Jews thought that the predictions against the nations must be fulfilled or God could not be a God of veracity and justice. So think some dogmaticians now. But God is a God of grace. God changes his decree of destruction even though men cannot reconcile such change with divine justice and veracity. God is sovereign in his justice as well as in his mercy. The doctrine that God must be just, but may or may not be merciful, is

an error that has no basis in Holy Scrip-ture or in a sound ethical philosophy. God is as truly, by necessity of divine being. merciful as he is just. He is as free in his exercise of the one attribute as the other. He reserves the right to recall his messengers of wrath by the swifter angels of love. Jonah represents only too well the Jew

of Nehemiah's time, the Jew of the New Testament times, and also the Christian church in its prevailing attitude to the heathen world. If the Roman Catholic church had learned the lesson of Jonah, its theologians would not so generally have consigned the unbaptized heathen world side of it. to hell fire. If the reformers had understood Jonah, there would have been mor of them than Zwingli and Ccellus Secun dus Curio, who thought that there were some redeemed heathen. If the Westminster divines had understood Jonah. they never would have coined those re-

markable statements of the tenth chapter of their Confession, in which the entire heathen world and its babes are left out of the election of grace. The present century, brought face to face with the heathen world, is beginning to learn the lesson of -New York Sun. Jonah. Jonah is the book for our times. Though written many centuries ago as

beautiful ideal of the imagination to teach the wonderful grace of God in the salvation of repenting heathen and their babes. it has been reserved for the present age to apprehend and apply its wonderful lessons. The repentence of Nineveh is a prop deal .- Professor C. A. Briggs, D. D., in North American Review.

A Country of Surprises

While there is little doubt that with proper development of its agricultural and astoral resources South Africa could be made practically self supporting, the successful development of these industries depends nevertheless upon the creation of local markets through the stimulus given

by mining operations. With the exception of mining of gold, diamonds and coal there have been no considerable exploitations of its mineral resources. Coal fortunately exists in many parts of the country, and it has been estimated that the known coalfields represent an area of 56,000 square miles, which is equal in extent to the state of Iowa. There exist in some parts of the country large deposits of iron contiguous to the coal leids. But as yet the economic conditions have not favored the development of that industry. Lead, silver, cinnabar, tin and other metals are also found in many parts of the country, but have not been remuner-atively worked. Among the mining countries of South Africa, the Transvaal is facile princeps, and is in all probability destined

to maintain its paramount position. though, as is well known, South Africa is 'a country of surprises," and it is possible, of course, though not probable, that within its great extent other equally im-

their carbines and pa raded unde shelter of the archway, but what they saw was only a very bedraggled Gallego tramp ing toward them, carrying an empty coffi on his back. "On examination the Gallego deposed

that, being overtaken by the rain on his way from the cemetery, he had shut himself up in the coffin to keep dry and wait for fairer weather, but, when he heard footsteps stealthily approaching, he began to be afraid that some one was coming to play a trick and lock him up. That was why he had so suddenly thrust his head out and stared. He was no corpse, but an honest, hardworking Gallego. As for the coffin, the senores guards might look for themselves and see that it was empty. "There seems to be a certain morbid fondness for what may be called playing with the dead in Portugal. They seem to take a peculiar delight in dressing up their dead and exposing them to public view. I happened to be present at the solemn requiem of a cardinal patriarch of Lisbon, when the corpse, dressed in full canonicals, was placed in a half sitting posture to face the crowd in the nave of the cathedral, and I thought at the time that the interment ought to have taken

place sooner. "One fine Sunday afternoon in spring I was strolling along one of the main thor-oughfares of Lisbon when the shouts and merry chatter of a lot of little boys and girls attracted my attention to a side street. The children, all nicely dressed. were coming down the side street at a brisk walk, evidently interested in something that was being carried along by three or four of them. When they reached the corner, I saw that the center of interest was a very small brass studded coffin. The lid was open, and I could see the little flower decked and bedizened corpse in-"Another time I mistook the corpse of

a child on its way to the grave for a waxen image of the Madonna being carried in rocession. It was a little dead girl beautifully dressed in white satin and wearing white veil and white flowers. The little ody had been made to sit up in a chair which four boys were carrying on their shoulders. The bearers and the other children in the procession wore white rib-bons and white flowers, all emblematic of innocence and happy confidence that the soul of their little friend was in paradise."

Australian Bulls.

I -have met with some bulls made by ustralians. I heard a clergyman make this remark at a public meeting which was disappointingly small: "I am sorry to see so many absent friends here." A state school teacher at Queenscliff, in Victoria, had a note from the mother of one of his pupils requesting him not to flog her boy, thus: "You are not to cane my boy, or he will drop down dead at your door, the same as he did at Mrs. Cary's.

Another, being told that So-and-so was buried in a stone coffin, said "that was very sensible, as it would last him a lifeime."-London Telegraph.

In London the preferred dress for a paror maid is a cap with long streamers, a large apron, with embroidery cuffs and aurndown collars. The streamers on the cap are only a matter of taste, but most

Eye Veins Show if You Are Dead. Whether a man be really dead or not may be read in the veins of the eye. This mportant discovery has been made by an minent American oculist. There has always been a widespread,

haunting fear among people of being buried alive, and the new discovery will emove this fear. The doctor's experiments began some 20

years ago. He had observed that in life the veins and arteries of the retina have List of Vessels in the Port of Wil "mington, N. C., Feb. 7, 1899. distinct differences in color. The veine contain a dark, blackish blood, while the

2 D Jute..... Standard..... VESTERN SMOKED-Hams # b..... Shoulders # b.... DBY SALTED-Sides # b.... Shoulders # b.... BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine-Second-hand, each..... New New York, each..... New City, each BEESWAX # b.... BRICKS-.50 per M 6340 **6**346 FINANCIAL MARKETS. 53400 6 00 By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, February 6 .- Money on call was steady at 2½@3 per cent., RICKS-Wilmington W M..... Northern last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 2¾@3¼ per cent. North Carolina 19 10...... Northern CORN MEAL-Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 4851/04851/2 for demand and 4834 @4831/ for

\$5.50 to 6.50.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

Sperm. Adamaptine

Laguyra.....

OMESTICS-

Sheeting, 4-4, # yard...... Yarns. # bunch of 5 Ds

BH-Mackerel, No. 1, B barrel... 3 Mackerel, No. 1, B balf-bbl. 1 Mackerel, No. 2, B barrel... 1 Mackerel, No. 2, B barrel... 1 Mackerel, No. 3, B barrel... 1 Mullets, B barrel Mullets, B pork barrel..... Mullets, B pork barrel.... Mullets, B barrel.... Mullets, B barrel..... Mullets, B barrel..... Mullets, B barrel.....

Low grade

Cow Peas.....

North River...... HOOP IRON, W D. ARD. W B-

Clover Hay..... Bice Straw.....

Western

Northern North Carolina..... IME § barrel. JUMBER (city sawed) § M ft-Ship Stuff, resawed...... Rough edge Plank West India cargoes, accord-ing to onality

Syrup, in barrels..... IAILS, & keg, Cut, 60d basis.. ORK, & barrel-City Mess

On 125 % Sacks..... SHINGLES, 7-Inch, per M.....

R. O. Hogshead..... TIMBER, & M feet-Shipping...

Common Mill. Inferior to ordinary. SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed % M 6x24 heart. Sap. 5x24 Heart.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

SCHOONERS.

m Mill

Extra C, Golden.

White Extra C.....

Liverpool American

Mill, Prim Mill, Fair.

mp.....

........

Dry flint.... Dry salt

Dry salt ...

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BAGGING-

sixty days. Posted rates were 4841/2 and 486@4861/2. Commercial bills 482% @483. Silver certificates 59% @60%. Bar silver 59%. Mexican dollars 47. Government bonds were strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. 3's, 107 %; U. S. new 4's, registered, 128%@128%; do.coupon, 128%@129; U. S. 4's 112%

99; U. S. 5's, registered, 112@1121/2; do. 5's, coupon, 112@1121/2; N. C. 6's 130; do. 4's. 104; Southern Railway 5's 105¥. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 70; Chesapeake & Ohio 30; Man-hattan L 112; N. Y. Central 1374; Reading 21%; do. 1st preferred 58%; St. Paul 126%; do. preferred 168; South-ern Railway 12%; do. preferred 49%; American "Tobacco 143½; do. pre-ferred 133; People's Gas 113%. Sugar 132%; do. preferred 112; T. C. & Iron 35 ½ @36c. 421/8; U. S. Leather 71/4; do. preferred 72¼; Western Union 95.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

45 ½ @ 46c.

bs-May \$5 72½, 5 77½, 5 70. 5 77½ July \$5 82½, 5 90, 5 82½, 5 87½; Sep tember \$5 92½, 5 97½, 5 92½, 5 97½ Ribs, per 100 lbs, May \$5 00, 5 07%. 5 0, 5 07 1/2; July \$5 17 1/2, 5 20, 5 17 1/2 11234; do.coupon, 11214@11312; do. 2's 5 1712; September \$5 30, 5 3212, 5 35 BALTIMORE, February 6.-Flour dull and lower; Western superfine \$2.25@2.60. Wheat depressed and lower-Spot 73%@74c; month 73%@ 74c; March 74%@75%c; May 76@76%c. Southern wheat by sample 70@74%c Corn fairly steady-Spot 3914 @30%c; month 3914 @39%c; March 39% @394c. Southern white and yellow corn 37 1/2 @ 40c. Oats firm-No. 2' white western

FOREIGN MARKET.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS. By Cable to the Morning Star. LIVERPOOL, February 6, 4 P. M. NEW YORK, February 6.-Rosin Cotton-spot in fair demand; prices barely supported. American midsteady. Spirits turpentine steady at dling 3 9-32d. The sales of the day

CHARLESTON, February 6 .- Spirits were 10,000 bales, of which 20,000 were for speculation and export and turpentine firm at 42 ½; no sales, Rosin included 9,200 bales American. Re steady and unchanged; no sales. ceipts 12,000 bales, including 7,500 SAVANNAH, February 6.-Spirits tur-American. pentine firm at 42½c; sales 38 casks; Futures opened quiet with a poor

receipts 276 casks. Rosin firm and unlemand and closed quiet but steady at changed; no sales. the advance. American middling (l. m. c.): February 3 13-64@3 14-64d buyer; February and March 3 13 64@ 3 14-64d tuyer; March and April 3 14-64 @3 15-64d seller; April and May 3

COTTON MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 6.-After the cotton market had opened two points lower to two points higher (Engish advices not being satisfactory and the renewed hostilities in the Philippines unsettling views here for a time, there was a sharp upward movement which carried the market to a level of ten to twelve points above the final figures of Saturday. In the afternoon the market eased off partially but the close was firm at a net

rise nine to thirteen points. NEW YORK, February 6.-Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6 7-16c. Cotton futures market closed firm; February 6.13c, March 6.15c, April 6.15, May 6.17c, June 6.16c, July 6.18c, August 6.21c, September 6.07c, October

6.09, November -c, December 6.13c. Spot cotton market closed quiet at an-advance of 1/6c; middling uplands 67-16c; middling gulf 6 11-16c; sales 800 bales.

Net receipts 520 bales; gross re-ceipts 5,753 bales; sales 800 bales; exports to Great Britain 275 bales; exports to the Continent 10,408 bales; stock 99,478 bales.

Total to-day-Net receipts 26,978 bales; exports to Great Britain 12,662 bales; exports to the Continent 19,741 bales; stock 944,298 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 48,278 bales; exports to Great Britain 35,171

bales; exports to France 7,210 bales; exports to the Continent 31,872 bales. Total since Septemb

MARINE. ARRIVED. Schr Jno J Snow, 152 tons, Norton, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. CLEARED. Stmr Frank Sessoms, Ward, Fay-

3 18-64d seller.

14-64d buyer; May and June 3 16 64d

seller; June and July 8 16 64@3 17 64d

buyer; July and August 3 17-64@3 18 64d value; August and September 3

17-64@3 18-64d buyer; September and

October 3 17-64@3 18-64d buyer; Oc-

ober and November 3 17-64@3 18-64d

uyer; November and December 3

18-64d seller; December and January

etteville, J. H. Madden. Stmr Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, D Love.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK-Steamship Oneida-362 bales cotton, 110 casks spirits, 80 bbls rosin, 387 bbls tar, 40 bbls crude, 25 bbls pitch, 162 bags peanuts, 57 pkgs cotton goods, 30,000 shingles, 170 bags chaff, 73 pkgs shuttle blocks, 186 poles,

100 pkgs mdse. the second second second

people prefer them.

WE GIVE NO REWARDS, an offer of

	is full of conceit and as full of ob- stinacy as he is of conceit, and un- less the lesson comes home to him	La Grippe Successfully Treated.	Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the Head, by mailing for 10 cents a trial size to test its curative powers. We mail the 50 cent size also and the drug- gist keeps it. Test it and you are sure	Hays Hamfond in North American Re- view.	back part of the eyeball these two shades	Jno J Snow, 152 tons, Norton, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Melissa Trask, 198 tons, French, Heide & Co. Lois Chappel, 176 tons, Medero, Geo	ceipts 6,832,039 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,772,342 bales; exports to the France 602,459 bales; exports to the Continent 2,011,799 bales.	DUCRO'S Alimentary
itaui 120 s	much innuenced by it, and it is said	Mr. James A. Jones, publisher of the	to continue the treatment. Relief is	course till they came to the borders of the lake, when the guide stopped, saying, "We	an opaque film has formed over the injur- ed eyes or the eyes have been entirely de-	Harriss, Son & Co. C C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss Son & Co.	February 6.—Galveston, steady at 6c, net receipts 7,304 bales; Nor- folk, steady at 6c, net receipts 1,513	Is highly recommended as a remedy in
	that he has almost unbounded in- fluence over his people. They are, as described by a writer who spent	I used Unamberiain's Cough Remedy,	York.	must cross this water." Ernest gazed at him a moment and then said: "How can we? We have no boat, and I lack the pow- er to swim for so long a time as it would	In death, however, the shade distinction entirely disappears. The blood in both	riss, Son & Co. Roger Moore, 277 tons, Small, J T	bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6%c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 65-16c, net receipts 3,226 bales; Wil-	Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York
100	some time among them, "half devil and half child," a very good and a	The second astack I am satisfied would	We are authorized to guarantee	take to cross the lake." *** Around lay the dark desert heath, unenlivened by a		Riley & Co. Eva A Danenhower, 217 tons, Miller, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.	mington, firm at 5%c, net receipts 209 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6 11-16, net receipts 272 bales; Sayannah, steady at	EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL, Near Alexandria, Virginia,
	leader who understands it to work	to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first	Remedy and if not satisfactory to re- fund the money to the purchaser.	had vanished. The mellow hum of the bee was no longer heard about them for he	In the case of suspended animation where others had pronounced death he observed the shade distinction and saved the man	St Croix, 190 tons, Torrey, J T Riley & Co. Chas H Sprague, 266 tons, Härper.	5 11-16c, net receipts 2,441 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 10,355 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 405 bales; Memphis, quiet	ings and equipment
	the uses that may be made of it.		Price, 25c. and 50c. per bottle. Try it.	Above rose the tremendouls precipices whose vast shadows blackened all that	the market of the second of the second	Geo Harriss, Son & Co. STEAMSHIPS.	at 5% c, net receipts 1,960 bales; Au-	L. M. Blackford, M. A.
141 141 212012	If they be brought to their senses by the first crack of war, very well, but	 A set of the set of	R. R. BELLAMY.	intervals from the summit of the rocks	Wheat stands at the head of food grains, containing not only a considerable propor- tion of starch, but also most of the nitrog- enous elements adapted to the support of	Heide & Co. BARQUES.	all fair and the second s	GOOD STALK CUTTERS
11 a 4 41 44 41	suppose they are not, and do about the only thing they can do in that event move beyond the range of	Bears the The Kind You Have Always Bought	Boars the The Kind You Have Always Bought Bignature Chat H. Tutchurg	prey which had built their nest upon them, swept through the arch of heaven.—From Charlette Bronte's First Story, "The Ad-	life. Gardening was never more popular than	Franz Schwalbe, (Dan) 586 tons, Paul- sen, Heide & Co. BARGES. Carrie L, 'Lyler, 538 tons, Bonneau	PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.	FOR SALE By J. C. McCaskill, Max ton, N C
	cital more sojone she range or		a margy, seachigh	ventures of Ernest Alembert."	at the present time. There is fashion in flowers just as there is fashion in dress.	Navassa Guano Co.	NEW YORE, February 6Flour	Also, fine Building lots. January 12th, 1890. ja14 2W