Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published. No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Dally will be charged \$1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of daily rate. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or

extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Mouning Star. BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1899.

IRON AND COTTON.

The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record presents from week to week a summary of the new industries established or projected in the South. With its watchful correspondents in every Southern State and in every town where industries are established, it keeps fully abreast of the movement and nothing escapes it worth noticing. While these weekly reports of progress show that the South is up and doing, and that not only home but outside capital are finding tempting fields for investment, one of the most encouraging and satisfactory exhibits yet made, is the summary of progress made within the past three months, which appears in last week's issue. This is an exhibit showing principally the movement in the iron and cotton industries. Leading off with iron it reports as follows: will be nearly 600,000 spindles, representing an investment of \$8,000,000 to

Probably first in importance is the Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co., with a capital stock of \$7,500,000 and also in addition \$7,500,000 in bonds. This company has purchased some ten or twelve furnaces built in Southwest Virginia and Tennessee during the boom period of 1889 to 1891, and which have been idle for several years. It has also purchased the large steel and iron plant at Middleboro, Ky, and extensive bodies of ore and coal lands. All of these furnaces will be repaired and put into blast as rapidly as possible, giving the company an annual capac-ity of several hundred thousand tons of pig iron when all of its furnaces

"The Empire steel & Iron Co., capital \$5,000,000, backed by some very large iron and moneyed people in New York and elsewhere, has purchased the longidle furnace at Greensboro, N. C., and will put it into operation. This ocmpany is now negoti-ating for a number of furnaces in Alabama, also built during the boom period, and which have been idle since then. As these are secured they will also be repaired and put in blast.

The Roane Iron Co., Rockwood, Tenn, will spend about \$200,000 in the enlargement of its furnace and in building a new furnace. The Pioneer Mining and Manufacturing Co., Birmingham, is enlarging its furnace operations, opening new ore mines and building a railroad to extensive coal properties.

"A syndicate is being organized by some Alabama and Western people for purchasing and operating several Alabama furnaces. The Vanderbilt furnace at Birmingham has been purchased and will be put into blast, and the Mary Pratt furnace has been optioned and will probably be bought and go into blast. The Star and Cres-cent furnace at Rusk, Texas, has been leased and will be blown in as soon as the necessary repairs can be made. A plant for making cement out of slag, with a capacity of 3,000 barrels a day, will be built at Ensley City, Ala., and a cooperage shop to produce 3,000 kegs a day will be established under a contract to furnish bear to the side of the stable of t tract to furnish kegs to the wire-nail works now building there.
"The Chester Rolling Mill Co., capi-

tal \$250,000, will erect an iron and steel sheet mill at Chester, W. Va.
The Catoctin Iron Co. property at
Frederick, Md., including 9000 acres
of mineral land, has been purchased of mineral land, has been purchased by people who expect to build one or more furnaces. The Cumberland Rolling Mill, Cumberland, Md., has been leased by the Potomac Steel Co., is now being overhauled, and will be put into operation making light steel rails. The Anniston Pipe & Foundry Co., Anniston, Ala., is making large improvements to its pipe works, and Tyler & Co. are erecting sower-pipe works, and H. M. Wheedon, of Boston, and others have leased and will operate the Hercules Pipe Works at Anniston, Ala. The Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad The Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Co. is building a large foundry and machine shop at Birmingham in connection with the Alabama Steel & Shipbuilding plant, and the American Pipe & Foundry Co. will enlarge its plant at Bessemer at a reported cost of about \$200,000. The Eagle Iron Co. has been organized to buy and operate a charcoal furnace at Attalla, and the is erecting a 500-ton ore washer and improving its furnace with a view to putting into blast. Baltimore and Philadelphia people have purchased 1,800 acres of land adjacent to Birmingham, with the probability of the establishment there of iron works. A \$120,000 iron foundry has been established at Newport News, and the Buffalo Iron Co., of Nashville, Tenn., will blow in its furnace at Cumberland Furnace P. O. The West Virginia Steel Co., capital \$1,000,000, will build a \$400,000 plant for making steel aheats. A dozen or more enterprises sheets. A dozen or more enterprises looking to the building of machine shops, the enlargement of furnace operations and the development of coal mines are under way in different sec-tions of the South, while in copper mining some extensive purchases have been made of copper properties and large development operations will be pushed."

This is a very good showing, and is proof of the confidence capital-

ists have in the future of the South as an iron producing and iron manufacturing section. Of course we do not know how much speculation may enter into some of these schemes, but the fact that they have begun work, to establish plants and to reopen plants that have been closed for several years is pretty good indication that they mean business, that they have been organized to do business in a legitimate business way, and will give little attention to speculation and booming.

Turning to the progress in the cotton manufacturing industry, it

"The activity in the building of new mills and in the enlargement of established concerns since January 1 has been very marked. The most impor-tant enterprise in that line, probably the most important in its effect of any textile concern ever reported in the South, was the decision of the Merrimac Manufacturing Co. of Lowell, Mass., to build in Alabama a mill of 25,000 spindles and 700 looms, and as soon as this is completed to continue the extension of the work until it has in one plant eight 25,000-spindle mills with an aggregate of 200,000 spindles and 5,600 looms, and also bleachery and print works, the entire investment to be about \$2,500,000. "Col. Julian S. Carr and the Dukes and others of Durham, N. C.. are

planning the development of a 10,000-horse power canal at Lockville, N. C., and the building of a \$1,000,000 mill. The Poe Manufacturing Co., Greenville, is adding 14,000 spindles; the Griffin, Ga., Manufacturing Co., 6,000 spindles; the Meadow Brook Cotton Mills, Texas, will build a mill of 11,000 spindles; the Tallassee Falls Manufacturing Co., Tallassee, Ala., will build a new mill of 60,000 spindles; the Bennettsville, S. C., Manufacturing Co., 10,000 spindles; the Ozark Cotton Mills, Gastonia, N. C., 8,000 spindles; the Lynchburg, Va., mill will double its capacity this year and put in 22,000 new spindles; the Proximity Manufacturing Co. of Greensboro will add 3,000 spindles; the Trion Manufacturing Co., Trion Factory, Ga., 25,000 spindles; the Lanette Mills of West Point, Ga., will build a new mill of 25,000 spindles; the Clover Cotton Manufacturing Co., Clover, S. C., will add 10,000 spindles; the Cannon Manu facturing Co., Concord, N. C., 7.000 spindles; the Revolution Cotton Mills, Greensboro, N. C., capital \$300,000, will build a mill of 12,000 spindles; the La Grange Mill, La Grange, Ga., will add 5,000 spindles; B. F. Mebane, Greensboro, N. C., will build a mill of 25,000 spindles; the Willingham Cotton Mills, Macon, Ga., 5,000 spindles; the Sterling Cotton Mills, Franklinton, N. C., will add 6,200 spindles; the Eno Cotton Mill, Hillsboro, 5,000 spindles; the Louise Mills, Charlotte, 3,800 spindles; the Highland Park Manufacturing Company, Charlotte, will build a 7,000-spindle mill at Rock proportionate number of looms. The aggregate number of spindles to be put in new mills and in the established mills, as definitely announced since January 1, including for the Merrimac Manufacturing Company, its proposed total of 200,000 spindles,

It concludes its exhibit by show ing the great activity in the building of cotton seed oil mills, which kept pace with the building of cotton mills, and notices quite a number of new manufacturing enterprises of a miscellaneous character.

Take it all in all, it is a splendid and most encouraging exhibit, especially in iron and cotton, the South's two great products, and destined to be the great wealth producers for this

ACTIVITY IN RAILROAD BUILD-

There is extraordinary activin railroad building this the indications pointing, Railway Age 8ays, 5,000 miles of new road, 4,000 of which are now under contract or construction. There are eighteen States and two Territories which show over 100 miles of lines under contract or construction. Eight of

these are Southern States, including

North Carolina with 182 miles. There is no better indication of the improvement in industrial conditions nor any more assuring sign of the confidence in the stability of this improvement than revival in railroad building, for men who put their money in railroads are not rainbow chasers and do not build roads where there are not pretty good prospects of their paying.

But another gratifying feature of this activity is the fact that aside from furnishing better transportation facilities to the sections through which they run they stimulate development and the establishment of more industries which contribute to the betterment of these sections, and give employment to a larger number of people.

This new mileage for the country represents an aggregate investment of \$150,000,000.

A Western man temporarily sojourning in Mexico, who somewhat tartly remarked on the national amusement of prodding bulls with swords, &c., was reminded that the Mexicans do not kill song and other birds for amusement, or to decorate females' hats with feathers. These barbarous practices they leave to the Americans, while they content themselves with the fun of jabbing points into bulls, which occasionally have a chance of getting even by jabbing bond. Judge Battle will deal with her the jabbers.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take

FOR Over FIRTY Years.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought Chat H. Fletcher

no other.

RAISING PRICES.

One of the apologies for the orcanization of Trusts is that they can by the employment of large capital and better methods of production put their goods upon the market for less money than separate companies or individuals engaged in the production of the same articles could. There is doubtless at advantage in very large capital and concentrated management in cheapening production, but the assertion that Trusts lower prices is purely an assumption based upon the fact that the prices of some things controlled by Trusts are lower now than they were before the Trusts were formed.

While this is the fact in some instances how do these Trust apologists know that these articles would not be still cheaper if there had been competition instead of a monopoly? But we do know that the prices have been raised on a good many articles controlled by Trusts, such as glass, wire nails, steel billots and many other things. Within the past few days there has been an advance of \$10 a ton on the price of broom corn, and gas, vapor and other stoves have gone up from 15 to 30 per cent This is all the work of Trusts, and they haven't got a right good start yet. Let them get a firm grip, and put competition entirely out of the way, and then they can and will fix prices to suit themselves.

STIRRING UP THE CUBANS. The talk of annexing Cuba, which has become a favorite topic with some of the administration organs in this country, is stirring up those Cubans who have had their thoughts fixed on independence, for which they have a decided preference over annexation. One of these is Gen. Gomez, who, although he has not been doing any talking on that line recently, is regarded as the leader of those who insist upon independence. and more of a leader now since the Cuban Assembly has retired from the stage. It is thought by some that in tying to Gomez and ignoring the Assembly we have swapped the devil for a witch and got a fellow who may give us more trouble than the Assembly could, for that lidn't seem to have a very strong grip on the people, while Gomez has.

On the whole, it seems that the annexation organs are playing their game a little too brash, and are not taking the Cubans or Cuban sentiment sufficiently into consideration when they make these schemes and indite these editorials. It would be well to go a little slower and feel the way as they go.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Monroe Journal: Mr. Archie McLarty caught a hawk in a steel trap a few days ago that was perfectly

— Goldsboro Argus: Quantities of fertilizers have been brought up the Neuse river by steamboats this season. We heard a man who lives on the river say that nothing like it has ever been known.

- Winston Journal: The present Republican Board of Education, of Yadkin county, whose office was abolished by the last Legislatures refuse to surrender the office to the new Democratic board and will carry the matter to the courts for a settlement.

- Columbus News: The hardest April freeze which has visited this section in years occurred here Tuesday night. It has perhaps almost destroyed the fruit crop for this year. The dam age to truck was largely confined to strawberries, as very few potatoes are up, and beans have not been planted. The damage to the strawberry crop is extensive, some growers estimating is at one-half, which may be excessive. - Monroe Enquirer: Mr. Wm.

Stancill, who lives in Goose Creek township, found a rabid dog in his stable when he went out to feed his stock Wednesday morning. The dog seized Mr. Stancill by the hand and held on until Mrs. Stancill killed it. — A gentleman says that when he came to Monroe about a month ago he could not eat anything without suffer-ing from indigestion, but now, thanks for the artesian water, he can eat any-thing he chooses and suffers no more from indigestion which has trouble him so long.

- Winston Sentinel: One Salem's best citizens called at the Sentinel office this morning to say that all of the fruit had not been killed. To make his statement more forcible he exhibited peach, pear and apricot blossoms which, on examination, were found to be alive and doing well. This gentleman quoted an old nursery-man, who lived in Abbott's Creek township many years ago, as saying that when fruit blossoms were filled with water, frost did not generally injure them; that frost in dry weather was what killed fruit.

- Charlotte Observer: A diabolical case of cruelty came to light Friday morning in the mayer's court. A negro woman named Laura Bost committed the atrocities. Her victim was her adopted daughter, a child about nine years old. The brute beat the child unmercifully Thursday afternoon and otherwise tortured and mis-treated her. The officers who arrested the woman said that in all their experience they had never seen such atroci-ties committed; that the woman was a next week There is no punisment, the officers say, too great for her.

Relief in Six Hours. Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought

EUGENE FIELD.

Last night, my darling, as you slept,
I thought I heard you sigh,
And to your little crib I crept
And watched a space thereby;
Then I stooped and kissed your brow,
For, oh! I love you so!
Von any tee recurse to know it now You are too young to know it now, But some time you shall know.

Some time, when in a darkened place Where others come to weep. Your eyes shall look upon a face Calm in eternal sleep; The voiceless lips, the wrinkled brow The patient smile shall show— You are too young to know it now,

But some time you shall know. Look backward, then, into the years And see me here to night— See, O my darling, how my tears Are failing as I write-And feel once more upon your brow

The kiss of long ago—
You are too young to know it now,
But some time you shall know.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

- It is a sad thought that we are either confessing Christ or Satan. - Only a stray sunbeam? Yet it cheered a wretched abode, gladdened a stricken heart.

- No man can leave sin by walking backwards. Our eyes must be fixed on the "hills whence cometh our - God, when he gave the world

in common to all mankind, com-

manded man also to labor, and the penury of his condition required it. - Bring God down into your heart. Embalm your soul in him now, make within you a temple for the Holy Spirit—happier and better.—

- "In doing our own work well and patiently we help God with his eternal plans. So the little brook runs on, and swells the river, and the river itself runs to the sea, and not a drop

- The minister who quotes Scripture in jest or twists it into a witticism does more to breed irreverence for the sacred word than does the destructive critic. Nothing is more reprehensible or more offensive to a correct taste. - Jesus is the resurrection and

the life; the giver of eternal life which lasts beyond the grave, and makes the resurrection possible and blessed. He proved his assertion and promises by raising Lazarus from the dead.— - To turn in temptation directly

to the power of God; to cry out in sorrow for God's company; to be satisfied in doubt with nothing short of the assurance that God gives; to know that there is no real escape from sin except in being made holy by God's holiness—these are what make a man's complete salvation.

TWINKLINGS.

- Vera Goodheart-"Mrs. von Tauk is a great social light, isn't she?" Ida Nownce—"Well, rather! Regular Four Hundred scandal-power."—Life.

- Insinuation: "Paw, who was the most patient man?" was little Tommy's eighteenth question. "Job used to be," said Mr. Figg.—Indianapolis Journal. - Minister-"We need a night-

watchman for the church. If I gave you the job, do you think you could keep awake?" Man-"Do you preach at night?"-Judge. — His Sweetheart—"I have always heard that all Spaniards were expert at fencing." Returned Volumeter—

"Yes; indeed they are; especially with barbed wire."—Brooklyn Life. - Encouragement: The Timid Lover-"You know the old adage, "Faint heart never won fair lady,"
Miss second season—"But I'm a brunette, you know."—Life.

- Frank-"Do you know, I heard the other day that the blocks from which they print £5 notes take nearly three months to engrave." Ella-"Oh, really! I suppose that's why they're so expensive."—Tit-Bits

- "How do you manage to find your way across the ocean?" said a lady to the sea captain. "Why, by the compass. The needle always points to the north. "Yes, I know. But what if you want to go south ?"-

- Clara (on the wrong side of thirty)-"I am sure I don't know what he sees in her." Cholly—"Well, they say love is blind." Clara—"Blind!
Nonsense. I never saw a man in love yet who did not see ten times as much in his sweetheart as I could."-Harlem

- At Breakfast. Mr. Slicer--"I was reading the other day that there are eight hundred ways of cooking potatoes." Mrs. Slicer.—"Yes?" Mr. Slicer.—"Well, my dear, don't you think that if you tried hard you could learn one of them?"—Brooklyn

APPOINTMENTS

By the Bishop o f East Carolina. April 9. Sunday 1st after Easter, M P., Christ Church, Rockfish. April 9, Sunday 1st after Easter, E. P. S. Andrew's, Flea Hill. April 16, Sunday 2nd after Easter, M P., Christ Church. April 16, Sunday 2nd after Easter, E. P., S. Cyprian's, Newbern. April 17, Monday, S. Thomas', Craven April 18, Tuesday, S. Paul's, Vance-April 19, Wednesday, E. P., Stone-

April 20, Thursday, Com., Stonewall. April 21, Friday, Grace Church, Tren-April 25, Sunday 3rd after Easter, M.
P., S. John's, Wilmington.
April 23, Sunday 3rd after Easter, E.
P., Good Shepherd, Wilmington.
April 30, Sunday 4th after Easter, M.

P., S. James', Wilmington. May 7, Sunday 5th after Easter, Lake Waccamaw.

Why she Refused the Room. A German lady, arriving for the first London hotel, asked for a room and was shown into a very small, scantily furnished one. She said, in a determined manner and in very broken English, "I will

not have this room."

"No, ma'am," said the porter, and brought in the first box.

"Man," repeated the lady emphatically.
"I will not have this room!" "No, ma'am," said the porter, and brought in the second box. The lady thought her faulty grammatical construction was the reason of the porter's continued obstinacy, and repeated, with a stern distinctness:
"Man, I will have this room not have!"

"No, ma'am," said the porter, and brought in the third box, whereupon the lady left the room indignantly, but the porter drew her hurriedly back across the threshold, pulled a rope, and to her in-tense astonishment, the 1 went up.— London Standard.

the Cather Hitchers



AND WHITE OUTING COSTUME FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

Among the most dainty of Summer fabrics are the light colored jeans. Like the popular pique this material may be obtained in the very deep shades of bright colors as well as in white and medium shades. Black jeans is a Summer novelty which is scarcely likely to prove as popular as black pique, because of the brownish tint which is always seen upon it, even while new. In the lighter shades of gray, blue, rose pink, and reds the satiny finish becomes an especial attraction Our design taken from HARPER'S BAZAR and for which cut paper patterns are furnished is described as follows: The skirt has a gored front breadth and two side gores, making in all three pieces in the skirt. There is an allowance at the bottom of this garment for a six inch hem. The position for the trimming, which consists of double folds of dotted jeans stitched at the upper edge of the skirt, is marked upon the pattern. The folds have a further finish of white cotton braid stitched flat upon the edges. Where desired this trimming scheme may be reversed, and the braid made to cover the stitching upon the top of the fold. The folds should be made of bias material, and care should be exercised in fitting the points in back and front of gown and of the collar. The skirt is finished with two single pleats in the back which meet in the centre. The bodice is a kind of bloused and belted Eton. It has a seamless back, with but the merest suggestion of gathering in the centre at the waist. The front is slightly full, and even suggests a pouch; but where this is not desired the material may be drawn smooth, so that the small flaring revers will just meet the band. In the original design these began above this point, as may be seen in the illustration. The collar is a dainty development of the sailor shaped neck garniture. The revers and collars are edged with bands of the dotted material outlined with braid. This jacket may be worn with blouse or chemisette, as may be preferred. The front meets just below where the collar points converge, and a fancy tie, of which a pattern is included with the costume, is tied in a sailor-knot at this point. This tie does not pass around the neck of the bodice, but is attached just under the points of the collar. It may be made of taffeta, mousseline, or of bright Persian silk. The sleeve is large enough to admit of wearing a thin under blouse sleeve if desired. They are box-pleated at the shoulder, and finished at the wrist with deep turned-back cuffs edged with cotton braid. The design is one which would be effective if treated in blue flannel for yachting purposes, or in such light-weight black or colored material as Henrietta cloth or cashmere.

This costume will require 121 yards of pique or jeans to make it as repre sented in the illustration.

Gail Borden Eagle

Brand Condensed Milk HAS NO EQUAL AS AN INFANT FOOD. INFANT HEALTH"SENT FREE ON APPLICATION. NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO. N.Y. $\sim\sim$

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- "Liberty we cannot offer you," says the Philippine Commission to the Filipinos; "but we may have a full supply of autonomy. That sounds suspiciously and unsoothingly Spanish .- Norfolk Land

-- "You will have to admit," as the Springfield Republican remarks, "that if the Filipinos were now fighting the Germans, the French or even the English, the applause for their resistance would be particularly heavy in these United States."—Chattanooga Times, Dem. -- The proclamation of the

Philippine commission is an emphatic declaration in favor of imperialism. The natives are told they must submit to the supremacy and sovereignty of the United States, and those who oppose it will accomplish no end but their own ruin. The commission, therefore, while laying the President's policy before the Filipinos, lays it equally before the people of the United States. It is for the latter to decide whether they will approve this policy or repudiate it as alien to American principles, antagonistic to our institutions, and dangerous to our government. - New Orleans Times Democrat, Dem.

Where Did the Oysters Go Tot An Annapolis oysterman who has had considerable experience says it has been a mystery to him and others in the business why a tonger can catch a boatload of oys-ters on an oyster rock one day, the next day catch nothing but shells and the following day on the same oyster ground gather a good supply of oysters. Continu-ing, he said: "After having taken with rakes 107 bushels in two days we returned to the same grounds, having 'buoyes' the exact place. Much to our surprise, we found nothing but shells, though the cysters were plentiful when we left. A day later we again visited our buoy, and with tongs caught pearly as many contents. tongs caught nearly as many oysters as on the first day."—Baltimore Sun.

Switzerland has been obliged to take measures against illiterate immigrants, owing to the influx of Italians. The canton of Zurich has established compulsory evening schools for Italian workmen who settle in the canton.

. The inhabitants of the Marquesas islands are among the most expert tattooers on earth.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the artual market price of the articles quoted.

	Hams 9 b	12	000	1234 8 634
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	Northern BUTTER— North Carolina P D	9 00	9 6	14 00
	Northern CORN MEAL— Per bushel, in sacks	51	0	58
	Per bushel, in sacks Virginia Meal OOTTON TIES—B bundle	75	00	55 80
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we ys-	White Extra C	5	900	534
day	Extra C. Golden C, Yellow. SOAP, S D-Northern. STAVES, S M-W. O. barrel. R. O. Hogshead. TIMBER, r M feet-Shipping. Mill, Paime Mill, Fair.	6 00	990	14 00
ОД	R. O. Hogshead TIMBER, r. M. feet—Shipping Mill, Palme		900	14 09 10 00 9 00 7 00 6 50
ake ats,	Mill, Fair. Common Mill Inferior to ordinary. SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed	4 50 3 00	900	6 50 5:00 4:00
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yho	% M 6x24 heart	4 50 4 00 6 00	900	5 00 6 50 5 50

1				
3	BAGGING— 2 D Jute Standard	1.2	00	16
ALC: OF	WESTERN SMOKED— Hams § D	12	999	1234 8 634
	DRY SALTED— Sides # D	534	9	534
	BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— Second-hand, each New New York, each	*	0	1 10
	New City, each			1 80
	Wilmington W M	5 00 9 00		7 00 4 00
	North Carolina W D	19 20	00	15 23
	OORN MEAL— Per bushel, in sacks Virginia Meal COTTON TIES—9 bundle CANDLES—9 b—	51 52 75	999	58 55 80
	Adamantine	18	90	25
	Northern Factory Dairy Cream	10)	90	1136
	State COFFEE—19 D— Laguyra	12	000	1034
r	RIO. DOMESTICS— Sheeting, 44, B yard Yarns, \$\forall \text{bunch of 5 lbs}	73	@ ·	534
,	EGGS-# dozen	9	60	10
	Mackerel, No. 1, % barrel Mackerel, No. 2, % bair-bbl. Mackerel, No. 2, % bair-bbl. Mackerel, No. 3, % bair-bbl Mackerel, No. 3, % bair-bbl	23 00 11 00 16 06 8 00	001	5 00 5 00 8 00 9 00 4 00
,	Mackerel, No. 1, \$\forall \text{barrel} Mackerel, No. 2, \$\forall \text{balf-bbl.} Mackerel, No. 2, \$\forall \text{balrel} Mackerel, No. 2, \$\forall \text{balrel} Mackerel, No. 3, \$\forall \text{balrel} Mullets, \$\forall \text{barrel} Mullets, \$\forall \text{barrel} N. C. Roe Herring, \$\forall \text{keg} Dry Cod, \$\forall \text{b} Extrs FLOUR—\$\forall \text{b}	2 50 5 00 3 00 5	900	4 00 8 00 8 95 10
9	FLOUR-P D- Low grade	4 35	9 6	4 50 8 50
-	Straight	4 00 4 50	0000	8 75 4 25 5 00
1	GRAIN-9 bushel- Corn.from store.bgs-White	53	Ø	834
	Car-load, in bgs-White Oats, from store Oats, Bust Proof Cow Peas	40 60	9999	50 45 45 65
f	HIDES—9 D— Green salted Dry flint		9000	634
1	HAY \$ 100 bs Clover Hay	50	0	75
1	Eastern	40	00000	45 75 75 75
,	North Biver. HOOP IRON, W B. LARD, W B. Northern	13	0	136
7	North Carolina. LIME, \$ barrel. LUMBER (city sawed) \$ M ft— Ship Stuff, resawed. Rough edge Plank		90	1 25
В	West India carross accord.	10 00		6 00
8	Dressed Flooring, seasoned. Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@ 5	8 00 22 00 15100 6 50
8	Common mill Fair mill Prime mill Extra mill	5 00 6 50 8 50 10 00	00	6 50 8 00 10 00 10 50
8	Barbadoes, in hegshead Barbadoes, in barrels Porto Rico, in hogsheads		900	25 28 27
100	Sugar House, in hogsheads. Sugar House, in barrels Syrup, in barrels	12	99999	28 14 15 25
	Syrup, in barrels. NAILS, S keg, Cut, 60d basis PORK, B barrel— City Mess.	- 3	0	1 65
	Rump. Prime. ROPE. 9 b.		000	1 00 10 50 10 00

PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

at 5%c, net receipts 37 bales.

New York, April 8.—Flour was quiet and barely steady; winter patents \$375@4 00. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 821/c; options opened firm on better cables than expected, but weakening under fine weather and a weakening under fine weather and a raid by bear traders, ruled heavy all the forenoon, and closed weak at %c net decline; sales included No. 2 red May closed 76%c; July closed 76c; September closed 74%c. Corn—Spot firmer; No. 2, 43@44c; options opened steady with wheat, but subsequently yielded to realizing and closed easy at %c net decline; May closed 39%c; July closed 39%c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2, 33%c; options inactive. Lard dull; Western steam closed \$5.55; April \$5.52, nominal; refined steady. Pork steady; mess \$9.00@9.50; short clear \$10.25@12.75; family \$10.50@11.00. Butter

COMMERCIAL.

barely steady; Western creamery 17 @21½c; do. factory 12½@15c; Elgins 21½c; imitation creamery 14@18½c; State dairy 14@20. Cheese firm; domes. large white 12@12½. Rice firm; domes. tic, fair to extra 4½@7c; Japan 5@5½. Potatoes quiet; New York \$1 50@2 50; Long Island \$2 00@2 50; Jersey sweets \$3 00@5 50. Cotton seed oil...

sweets \$2 00@5 50. Cotton seed oilprime crude 22@22%c; butter grades quoted at 30@32c. Petroleum quiet refined New York \$7 15; Philadelphia

and Baltimore \$7 10; do. in bulk \$4 60

Cabbage quiet; domestic \$4 00@10 000 Coffee Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 614@614c; No. 7 jobbing 654@614c; mild steady; Cordova 8@14c. Sugar

-Raw strong; fair refining 4c; centrifi

gal 96 test 4%c; molasses sugar 3%c;

refined firm; mould A 51/2c; granu-

CHICAGO, April 8.- Fear of a bearis

government crop report, together with

mild Spring weather, caused heavy

liquidation of wheat by the longs. As

a result May wheat, after an advance

of &c, closed with a net decline of to

tc. Corn lost t@fc, and oats tc. Pork lard and ribs are a shade lower.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Cash quotations

Flour quiet and easy; winter patents

\$3 50@3 60; winter straights \$3 20@

3 30; winter clears \$3 00@3 10; spring \$ 30; winter clears \$5 00@5 10; spring specials \$4 10@4 25; hard patents \$3 20 @3 60; soft straights \$2 90@3 10; bakers' \$2 20@2 40. Wheat-No.2 spring

69@71%c; No. 3 spring 65@70c; No. 2 red 72@74c. Corn—No. 2 31%c.

Oats—No. 2, 27@27%c. No. 2 while, free on board, 30@30%c; No. 3 while

29@30c. Pork, per bbl, \$9 20@9 25. Lard, per 100 fbs, \$5 27½@5 30

Short rib sides, loose, \$4 50@ 4 85 Dry

salted shoulders, \$4 371/04 50. Short

clear sides, boxed. \$4 95@5 00. Whiskey

-Distillers' finished goods, per gallo

The leading futures ranged a for lows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, May 72 1/2 (6) 72%, 72%, 71. 71%c; July 72% (6) 72%

72%, 71%, 71%c. Corn—May 34%, 34%, 34%; July 35% @35%, 35%, 35%, 35%, 35%, 35%

@36, 35 1/4, 35 1/2 @35 1/8. Oats - No. 2 May

26%, 26%, 26%, 26%; July 25% 25%

25 %, 25 %. Pork, per barrel — May \$930, 9 30, 9 25, 9 27%; July \$9 42 %, 9 45, 9 37 %, 9 37 %. Lard, per 100 lbs — May

\$5 30, 5 30, 5 271/2, 5 271/2; July \$5 4.1.

421/2, 540, 5421/2; September \$5 57

5 57%, 5 53%, 5 55. Ribs, per 100 lbs

May \$4 77%, 4 77%, 4 75, 4 75; July \$4 90, 4 90, 4 87%, 4 87%; September

BALTIMORE, April 8. - Flour du

and unchanged. Wheat dull-Spot

and month 75%@75%c; May 75%

76c; July 74% casked. Southern when

by sample 68@76½c. Corn steady Spot and month 38½@38½c; May 38½@38½c; June 39c asked. South

ern white corn 41 1/4 c asked. Oats dull

No. 2 white 35@351/c. Lettuce \$1 73

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, April 8, 1 P. M. - Cot.

speculation and export and

ton-Spot quiet; prices firmer. Ameri-

can middling 3%d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500

included 7,000 bales American. Re

ceipts 3,000 bales, including 2,000 bales American.

Futures opened quiet with a mode-rate demand and closed quiet at the

advance. American middling (1, m. c.); April 3 21-64d buyer; April and May 3 21-64d value; May and June 3

21-64d buyer; June and July 3 21-64 @3 22-64d seller; July and August 3

21-64@3 22-64d buyer; August and September 3 21-64@3 22 64d seller;

September and October 3 21-64d seller. October and November 5 20 64@

21-64d buyer; November and December 3 20-64d buyer; December and

January 3 20-64d buyer; January and

February 3 20 64d buyer; February and March, 3 20-64@3 21-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr C C Lister, 337 tons, Robinson,

Norfolk, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Steamship Maverick, 1,118 tons, Fosset, New York, Standard Oil Co.

\$5 021/2, 5 021/2, 4 97, 5 00.

@2.25 per bushel box.

lated 514c.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 8. SPIRITS TURPENTINE. - No ROSIN - Market firm at 95 cents per barrel for Strained and \$1.00 for Good Strained. TAR-Market firm at 95 cts per bbl

CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Nothing Quotations same day last year.— Spirits turpentine dull at 27@26%c; rosin firm at \$1.10, \$1.15; tar steady, 90 cents; crude turpentine quiet at

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.—122 casks spirits turpentine, 2,174 bbls rosin, 375 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 6 cents pe pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary...... 3 9-16 cts Good Ordinary.... 4 15-16 " 3 9-16 cts Low Middling 5 9-16 " "

year, 882. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina

Prime, 55 to 60c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Virginia-Extra prime 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c. CORN-Firm; 45 to 521/2 cents per

ROUGH RICE-Lowland water) 90c@\$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 9 to 10c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c. SHINGLES-Per thousand, five

inch hearts and saps, \$1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, \$2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, TIMBER-Market steady at \$2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, April 8.-Money on

call was firm at 5@6 per cent., the last loan being at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 34@44 per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486@ 486 % for demand and 483 % @ 484 for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485½ and 487@487½. Commercial bills 483½@484. Silver certificates 60@ 6014. Bar silver 5914. Mexican dol lars 471/4. Government bonds strong. bonds firm. Railroad bonds U. S. 3's, 1081/4; U. S. new firm. 4's, registered, 129%@130%; do. coupon, 129%@130%; U. S. 4's 112%@ 113; do coupon, 113%@114; do. 2's 99%; U. S. 5's, registered, 113%@114; do. 5's, coupon, 11314@114; N. C. 6's 130; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railway 5's 108. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 70; Chesapeake & Ohio 26½; Manhattan L 116½; N. Y. Central 138¼; Reading 23%; do. 1st preferred 60; St. Paul 126%; do. preferred 169%; South ern Railway 12¼; do. preferred 50¾; American Tobacco 221; do. preferred 140; People's Gas 119½; Sugar 158¾; do. preferred 116½; T. C. & Iron 56¼; U. S. Leather 6¾; do. preferred

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, April 8.—Rosin irm; strained common- to good \$137%. Spirits turpentine firm at 43

73; Western Union 93%.

@43 %c. CHARLESTON, April 8.—Spirits tur-centine firm at 40c; no sales. Rosin steady and unchanged; no sales. SAVANNAH, April 8.—Spirits tur-pentine 40 ½c; sales 421 casks; receipts 360 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged;

no sales; receipts 2,106 barrels. COTTON MARKETS.

during the early part of the call. When

August was reached however, quite heavy selling set in, led by a broker whose operations are generally for the account of Philadelphia and

Boston interests. Two or three Wall street commission houses also sold in

a small way in the August and later positions. Investment orders were few and far between, outsiders for the

time being in nearly all instances devoting their attention to the

stock market. The market closed quiet, one to three points net lower.

New York, April 8.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 6 3-16c.

Cotton futures market closed quiet; April 5.80, May 5.83c, June 5.89c, July 5.94c, August 5.94c, September 5.91c, October 5.94c, November 5.95c, De-cember 5.98c; January 6.01c; February 6.04c; March 6.07c.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 6 3-16c; middling gulf 6 7-16c;

sales 400 bales.

MARINE DIRECTORY. List of Vessels in the Port of Wil-By Telegraph to the Morning Star. mington, N. C., April 9, 1899. NEW YORK April 8.—The cotton market opened dull with prices one point higher to one lower. Light for-eign buying order had a steadying in-fluence on the local future market SCHOONERS. CC Lister, 337 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Edna & Emma, 175 tons, Richardson Geo Harriss, Son & Co. Florance A, 147 tons, Strout, Geo Harris, Son & Co. Gem, 489 tons, Foss, Geo Harriss, Son

STEAMSHIPS. Maverick, 1,118 tons, Fosset, Standard Greenwood (Br) 1,253 tons, Mehegen, E Peschau & Co. Venetia (Br) 2,333 tons, MacDouga Heide & Co.

BARQUES. Burkley, 610 tons, Bonneau, Gavassa Guano Co.

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds

GENERALISTOCK

GROCERIES.

MCNAIR & PEARSALL.

Continent 2,387,148 bales.

April 8.—Galveston, quiet at 5 15-16c, net receipts 5,786 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 919 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6%c, net receipts—bales; Boston, quiet at 6 3-16c, net receipts 468 bales; Wilmington, firm at 6c, net receipts 5 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6 7-16c, net receipts 81 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 781 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5 11-16c, net receipts 2,874 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 54 bales; Memphis, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 2,474 bales; Augusta, quiet at 6 3-16c, net receipts 129 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5%c, net receipts 37 bales. If It's Worth Printing the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal

And Every Democrat, Every Republican, kven Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL S a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, is sued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean Neva and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscelany, Poetry, all matters of special interest is he home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

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Net receipts 100 bales; gross re-ceipts 1,839 bales; sales 400 bales; stock 154,818 bales. Seed Potatoes. Total to-day—Net receipts 11,104 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,965 bales; exports to the Continent 1,842 bales; stock 775,201 bales. Consolidated—Net receipts 11,104 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,965 Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,661,708 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,159,727 bales; exports to France 664,797 bales; exports to the Continent 2,387,148 bales. At Wholesale.