THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, \$5.00 year, \$2.50 for six months, \$1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

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be made in advance. Known parties, or

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract. Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Begistered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the tak of the publisher. letter. Only such resintances will be as the risk of the publisher.

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The Morning Star. BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 29

EXPANSION SUBTERFUGE.

The Philadelphia Press is one of the leading organs of the Republican party, and one of the most zealous advocates and defenders of the policy of expansion. Its editorin-chief is a member of President McKinley's cabinet, Postmaster General, and therefore what appears in that paper on the subject of national policies may be regarded as a semi-official declaration of the administration's purposes, and for this reason the following forecast of the course to be pursued in the

"Nothing has disappointed the opponents of the discharge of national arrangement reached with the Sultan

Philippines is interesting in the ab-

sence of anything more definite and

of the Sulu Islands. 'What the anti-expansionists would like to persuade this country is that it is about to enter on the "conquest," foot by foot and island by island, of all the archipelago. The United States has never done this with a new acquisition. It never will

"It was eighty years before the last of the Louisiana purchase was finally taken up. It was over thirty years before even the western bank of the Mississippi had been brought to order along all its course. Supremacy had sovereignty were asserted at once. Administration came later. Any Indian tribe able to govern itself was left

"The like is before us in the Philippines. Were, as in the Sulu Islands there is a native rule which suits the people it governs, which protects the trader and which keeps down rapine and disorder, it will be aided, directed and improved. Its efforts will be supported and strengthened. Its injus tice will be curbed. Time and opportunity will given for native develop-

This course lay open to the Tagals. It is open to-day. It was they that attacked American troops. It was their leaders who planned massacre in Manila. It was Aguinaldo, and not General Otis, who precipitated war. When the sovereignty of the United is once admitted, the Tagals are free to organize their own government in heir own way.

The German and French colonial plan is to fill a colony with colonial administration. It is not the English plan. It has not been ours. "Why should we be wiser or try to

better the most successful of colonizing powers and the methods of the largest of colonial enterprises? The first duty of the civilized power with the responsibilities of a region like the Philippines is not to tear down and destroy, but to preserve and give native rule the largest possible field. The one indispensable requisite is the admission of sovereignty. When that is secured native rule follows when possible. If war has come in Luzon it is because Aguinaldo attacked American troops, and believed he would be supported in his attack on the American flag by anti-expansionists as he was aided by those who delayed the organization of a new army until March."

This is a specious subterfuge and on about a par with the Santiago day speech delivered by Postmaster General Smith at Omaha, when he charged the responsibility for the Philippine war on the Senators who opposed the ratification of the Paris treaty with the purchase clause in it.

This whole article, as quoted above, is based upon and abounds in subterfuge, misstatement of facts and irrelevancy of facts quoted as applied to the Philippines. The very first clause is an apology for a double purchase. The Sulu islands | finest timber tracts in Alabama and are a part of the Philippine archipelago, and were included in the \$20,000,000 purchase from Spain, and yet this Government is placating its Mohammedan ruler by agreeing to pay him an annual stipend | pany has made a pretty good deal. to quietly accept the situation and recognize our supremacy as successor to Spain. The excuse is but yet we cannot help wishing it that Spain, which found it chesper ty buy than to fight for the Sultan of Sulu concluded to buy him by paying him and some other subordinates to him an annuity, which she did. This isn't buying the Sultan, is it? No, of course: we wouldn't do as questionable a thing as that; it is only carrying out the trade that Spain made with this gay and festive harem proprietor a good many years ago when she found him a troublesome cus- son he was chloroformed and buried. tomer to manage. Looked upon as But he wouldn't stay chloroformed a mere business transaction this or buried, for about a week afterpaying the Sultan a tribute to be- wards he came waddling in and waghave himself and let our flag float | ging his tail as if nothing had hapover his domain may be a cheaper pened.

and better thing than sending ships and men down there to shoot him and his savages into submission, as we are trying to do with the Tagalos, but viewed from another standpoint what obligation were we under to assume Spain's debts to this Sulu boss? Spain was under other obligations to the inhabitants of other islands. Why not, on the same line of reasoning, assume and carry out all these? If we were morally bound as the successor to Spain's sovereignty to assume her obligations to this Sultan, we were equally bound from a moral standpoint to assume her other obliga-

But the fact is Spain did not surender her sovereignty, for she lost t and sold it after her title had been destroyed and she had nothing to sell, and when we bought we were simply investing in a gold brick. The title isn't worth a continental, for we have to make it good with powder and shot, as we are trying to do in Luzon, or buy it again, as we are doing in Sulu.

The reference to the Louisiana purchase is about as germane as a treatise on the moon would be. It took eighty years to "take up" the last of the Louisiana purchase simply for the reason that it was a sparsely settled territory, and it took time to people it so that it could come into the family of States. Until the railroads converted the wilderness into populated areas, there were but few people scattered through the remote sections of this purchase, but when the people entered it it was soon divided and in due time these territorial divisions were admitted as sovereign States. There was never any force used nor required, nor suggestion of force, save the few men necessary, not to rule and establish governments among the Indians but to protect the people or the frontiers from the Indians, while the Philippines are more densely populated than any portion of the United States save Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Of course the expansionists have no idea of ever admitting these islands to statehood, from which it logically follows that they are to be held in perpetual dependency, subservient in whatever power they are permitted to exercise to a superior of investigat alien power, a thought revolting, as it should be, to any manly, self-respecting people. No amount of subterfuge can conceal the fact that it is the intention to hold these islands as dependencies, not for the good of their people but for our aggrandizement and benefit. That's the sum and substance of it all: 'national duty" doesn't enter into it. It is a selfish and a base motive, the stain of which success can never

TAKING IN THE TIMBER LANDS.

Yesterday we published somehing about the scarcity of hard woods in the West and the prospective demand there would shortly be in the South for these kinds of wood. For several years Northern lumber men and speculators have been exploring the South in quest of timber lands, and immense bodies have been bought by them, in some instances at almost nominal prices. The prospecting and buying are still going on. Two of the latest transactions are mentioned in the following, which we clip from the Balti-

"The timber lands of the South are being rapidly purchased by Northern and Western syndicates and manufacturing companies. Two of these purchases have been announced within the past few days. Twenty-five thousand acres of public land in Alabama roted by Congress to Tuskegee Colhas been sold to a syndicate beaded by Mr. de Bardeleben for \$5 an acre. The Pittsburg (Pa.) Lumber Company on Saturday concluded the purchase of 80,000 acres of the finest timber and marble lands in Alabama. The purchase is located in the counties of Bibb and Tuscaloosa. While the price is not named, it is said to have been the best sale for several years. At this rate it will not be long before all the timber lands of that section will pass from the hands of local

Twenty-five thousand acres and eighty thousand acres are pretty fairsized patches of land. It is needless to say that they were fine tracts for not tasted food that day; I had not if they hadn't been the parties who the money to pay for a meal. I conbought would not have bought them. Five dollars an acre, the amount paid for the first purchase, is rather above the prices usually paid. In the second purchase the price is not stated, but we venture to say that it did not go above five dollars an acre. although the tract is one of the also contains marble deposits. With the present and prospective demand for both timber and marble it is pretty safe to express the opinion that this Pittsburg Lumber Com-

As these transactions were down in Alabama it is none of our business, were otherwise when we see our splendid timber lands passing for a trifle into the hands of Northern forest-slayers or speculators, who realize ten dollars out of them to the one dollar realized by the seller, and, what's worse, destroy these forests and leave arid wastes in their place.

Some dogs are tough. A St. Louis man had one, a favorite, which showed symptoms of rabies, for which rea-

FARMING OFFICES, AND SINE-CURES.

The investigation of the management of the Agricultural Department now going on in Raleigh is eliciting some interesting facts as to the squandering of money on sinecures, the big pay for no work, the double pay for little work, and the general spirit of grab-and-get-allyou-can that characterized the management of that department under the past Fusion administration. The same spirit seems to have prevailed in other quarters, an illustration of which is furnished in the following which we clip from the Raleigh Post:

"Judge Spencer B. Adams is one of your 'lucky men. "Last year Gov. Russell's directors of the State's interest in the North Carolina Railroad elected the Governor's friend, Mr. Sutton, of Bladen, treasurer of the company at a salary of \$1,000 or \$1,200, and Mr. H. B. Worth, son of the State Treasurer, assistant treasurer and secretary at a salary of \$700 or \$800. Young Worth did all the work, as treasurer and secretary, and we are told did it well, but Sutton signed his name a few times, stayed on the farm he wanted to lease the State-and charged the State for 'expenses and board' of the committee who went to examine the

farm—and drew the bulk of the pay. "The new directory of his Excel-lency discharged both Sutton and Worth, consolidated the offices of treasurer and secretary, and elected ex-Judge Adams to fill both at a salary of \$2,000, with the privilege of staying at his home in Greensboro and sub-letting the work to a clerk, whom he has selected in the person of Mr. Albright, of Alamance. Mr. Albright is to stay at the office, and do the work Judge Adams was elected to io, and the law contemplates his doing. We believe Col. Ruffin, who grew gray n the faithful service of the company as both treasurer and secretary, discharged all the duties thereof himself staved at his post of duty and received less salary than is now allowed Judge Adams, who will stay at his home and farm out the duties and a part of the salary to another.

"As Young Worth did all the work and stuck to his post of business, he should have had all the salary allowed for the work. As Albright is going to do the same, he should have all the pay assigned for such duties. Mr. Worth did his work intelligently and we take Mr. Albright will, and they should have the pay. "It is a gift, pure and simple, to

Judge Adams, as it was to Mr. Sutton, not for duties performed but as a political gratuity to please Gov. Russell. "It is but another illustration of the manner in which Republicans and those allied with them administer the now being made in another department by Senator Brown's committee

A STORY WITH A MORAL.

Magistrate Crane, in New York, has achieved some reputation for costs, and told his wife to take him home and "spank" him some more when he deserved it.

A few days ago a boy was brought mpressed with his story and apboy to associate with criminals and thus help to make a criminal of him The prosecutor was obdurate and insisted upon "making an example" of him, whereupon the magistrate related the following story:

was nobody to lend me a helping hand. My employers paid no more attention to me than if I was a dog.

never forget it-when temptation came strongly appealing to me. They sent me to the bank-those employers of mine-with \$2,500 in bills. I had fess that on that day only the knowledge that my mother believed me thoroughly honest restrained me from

"The firm was rich; one of the largest in the city. I was pretty near the rock on which this young boy has struck. You can see that, Shall I now condemn him because I managed to steer clear of it? You are a business man. I can understand your position. but I am a magistrate who has passed through the hardships against which this boy is now battling for life. I hesitate as a man-as a man and nagistrate—to send this boy down to disgrace with the stamp of criminal

This object lesson was too much for the prosecutor, who withdrew his charge and the boy was saved from prison, and possibly from a life

In Luzon they are "rebels" and "insurgents." In the other islands they are "bandits" and "robbers." By the way, the "bandits" and "robbers" seem to be quite numerous and on the increase.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Goldsboro Headlight: We are sorry to learn of the death of Mrs. Thency Sasser, wife of Mr. James S. asser, which sad event occurred at her home near here Thursday at 12 o'clock, after an illness of several days duration. She was about 42 years of

not been as plentiful on this market so far this season as we have seen them in seasons gone by. The peach crop throughout this section, as well as in other sections of the State, is almost a complete failure. There are as heavy as ordinary. There have been a few peaches sold on this market, but prices have been pretty well

- Southport Standard: On Friday evening last a mass meeting of citizens of Southport was called at the court house to listen to the proposition of two promoters of a railway from Marion, S. C., to this port, to pass through the three lower townships of the county. The gentlemen were President A. J. Matthewson and Sectary J. C. Campbell, of the Marlboro, Marion and Horry County Railroad recently chartered in South Carolina. Mr. Matthewson stated that he had a million and a half to back him in building this proposed line from Ma-rion, on the condition that bonds or sufficient security be secured from the sections through which the road is to pass, which proposion he has already submitted at other points. The sum asked for in this county is \$75,000.

- Charlotte News: Lee Duran. the negro who was struck by John Little in a fight in Couch's bar yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, is in a critical condition and his chances of recovery are very slim indeed. The most wonderful thing about the whole affair is that Duran is conscious when waked up, while a piece of his skull as large as one's hand has been smashed te pieces by as heavy a weapon as a wooden leg and then has been successfully removed by physicians. The wooden leg with which Duran was struck weighs enough to give a fatal knock out blow to anyone who might be struck by it even lightly, and the fact that Duran is still alive is almost an unexplainable occurrence. His vitality is very great else he would ave succumbed before now.

- Newbern Journal: Mr. C. B Midyette tells the correspondent of the Journal at Stonewall a story of what a predicament a snake got into who trusted too much to appearances. Mr. Midyette was at the home of Mr. T. J. Sawyer a few days ago. The women folk went to the hen house and there encountered a snake. They concluded that the snake was upon the same errand as themselves, looking for eggs, and they judged by the appearance of the snake that he had fready helped himself. They were quite right in judging that the creature had "taken something." An examination of his snakeship was made and they discovered that it had swallowed a white knob of a lock, and not ment several inches long, to which another knob is attached when put through the door. Of course snake had swallowed the knob because it was like an egg, and had been put there by Mrs. Sawyer as a nest egg. The snake must have found the door knob rather heavy, to say nothing of the iron attachment sev-

eral inches long. - Raleigh News and Observer Governor Russell has pardoned Mardevelopment. Eastern North Carolina are to the effect that the army worm is working havoc in the truck fields of that section. In some places growing hay and corn crops are being mowed down by the worms, which, moving in vast numbers, eat the fallen vegetation, leaving the fields here in their path. In Virginia they are even worse. The Norfolk Landmark say the crops are ruined and that in some instances farmers have ploughed

CURRENT COMMENT.

ment and real acumen." or an injunction on the rebels .-Charleston News and Courier, Dem.

--- Senator Proctor, of Vermont, asserts that "Gen. Alger had no responsibility at all for some of the policies or acts for which he has been criticised." All right, senator; but you ought not stop there. Who "had responsibility" for the camp scandals, ration scandals, appointment scandals? Alger can't be defended in generalizations. - Chattanooga Times, Dem.

 This is the four hundred and forty seventh day since Oberlin M. Carter was found guilty of stealing and aiding in the stealing of \$1,600,-000 of the people's money and was sentenced to dismissal from the army, five years' imprisonment, &c. He is still free, still wearing his uniform, still drawing his pay. McKinley is still trying to find a plausible excuse for letting him off. -New York World, Dem.

- Modern engineering is becoming as certain as the processes of the stars. The engineers who proposed to replace the old draw over the Passaic river with a new one twice as heavy predicted that the work would delay traffic for only a few hours, and so it did. In less than five hours the old structure was out and the new one in, and trains passed as usual. It was a great feat, but one that is becomming common.-Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District. Elizabeth, Bladen Springs, July 29-30. Scott's Hill, Acorn Branch, August 6-7. Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13. Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-90.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.
B. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

ever be arrested for scorching."-

TWINKLINGS.

- Stubb-"Is old Kranker an anti-imperialist?" Penn - "Well, I should say so. He actually wouldn't accept a royalty on his invention."-

- Husband (as wife shows him new bathing suit)—"Surely you haven't got the face to wear that?" Wife (sweetly)—"Perhaps not; but I've got the figure?"—Puck.

- Insurance Clerk-"Here is woman that wishes her pet cat insured. Manager-"All right, but tell her that she'll have to take out a policy on each of the cat's lives."-Chicago - Hoax-"Who does the new

baby take after-you or his mother?' Joax-"I can trace a resemblance to my wife. He raises an awful howl when I come home late of an even ing."-Philadelphia Record. - A Possible Reason: "I don't

see why a woman is always holding up her skirts with one hand," growled Bicket. "I suppose," replied Mrs. B "It's because she has no trousers pocket to carry her hand around in Chicago News: - "Have you ever run down a

clew?" asked the disgusted citizen. "Run down a clew!" exclaimed the detective. "Well, I should think not. Clews are my best friends. Why should I run them down?"-Chicago Evening Post. - At a recent duel the parties discharged their pistols without effect.

whereupon one of the seconds inter-

posed, and proposed that the com patants should shake hands. To this the other second objected as unnecessary. "Their hands," said he, "have been shaking for half au hour .- Tit-- The military man walked nervously back and forth till his spurs ingled like sleighbells. Stopping ab

ruptly before the woman who had con ronted him, he asked: "How do you know all these things about my past? "A little bird told me." "'S death e hissed. "Another round robin!"-Washington Star.

MR. VIRGIL'S BIG NUGGET.

Weighed Ninety-eight Pounds and Was Worth More Than \$11,000. A single chunk of gold weighing 98 pounds and worth \$11,750! This was the size and value of the nugget that E. H. Virgil of East Portland found in French Gulch, near Gold Hill, Columbia county, Cal., in 1857

"I tell you," remarked Mr. Virgil as his eyes lighted up with the recollection of that famous find, "that was the event of a lifetime and caused much excitement all over the country. Up to that time it was the largest nugget that had ever been uncovered in California. It was a mere accident, and some one else might have been the lucky one.

"I had a partner named West, and we had been mining at French Gulch, but were not doing much, and we decided to go over to the Frascr river, and we sold out the very claim where I afterward found the big chunk of gold. Well, I went up north, but that did not pan out ver well, and I decided to return. actually went back and bought back our old claim. We went to work again on the old ground. One day I was working away with my pick, taking-out pieces of dull red stone that was so light and porous that it would float in water. While I was digging in the stuff my pick struck something hard. I worked away and finally the lump was exposed. My pick had creased one side, exposing the color of gold. I could not believe my eyes. I took off my hat and threw it on the ground and then tried to lift the chunk, but it was too heavy. It seemed fast to the earth. I cut my finger severely. I called to West. and as he came I thought I could hang my coat on his eyes. Miners gathered from

all directions. found a big nugget to sit down on it and with a dish of beans wait till he could make a safe disposition of it. In this case we formed a procession and took the chunk to the express office, where the amazement the officials was great indeed. The chunk of gold had some quartz in it, but I received \$11,750 for it. I suppose it must have been thrown where I found it from some distance. I and others had passed over the place many times, but never dreamed that it was underneath. We sold out the claim, but it never paid very much afterward."-Portland Oregonian.

THEY WENT TO THE CIRCUS. But as General Lee Took Them I

Was All Right. General Robert E. Lee, the famous Con federate commander, was as kind hearted and simple mannered as he was brave and able. While president of Washington and Lee university, Virginia, in the latter years of his life, he was greatly beloved by the children, whom he loved in return. I was his delight to give the little ones pleas ure. Professor Nelson's two little girls were great avorites. The general would turn and ride with them when they met, encourage them to talk of their dolls and playthings and then escort them home with as much gallantry as if they were young ladies. He would alight and, helping them down from the gentle old horse they both rode, he would part with a kis

Once the strict Presbyterian rule of the Nelson household was rudely shocked by the general. A circus was coming to town and as Professor and Mrs. Nelson left for a visit of several days they charged the children on no account to go. So the two little girls hung over the fence, listened to the music and envied the children that passed on their way to that tented paradise, but they never once hoped to go. Presently a larger crowd of children than ever came along and in their midst was General Lee keenly enjoying the happiness of his little proteges. The little Nelson girls joined the party without a word when he asked them to come along with him. Soon they were all in the tent and when the performance began all were given reserved sents by the owner of the cir-

"Mother, we went to the circus!" was the greeting of the children on their parents' return "Why, children, didn't I tell you you must not go?" said their mother.

"But General Lee took us." "Oh, well," said their mother, "if General Lee took you, that's all right!" After that going to the circus was a legitimate amusement for children.-Troy

Danish Method of Curing Cheese. Denmark and Holland are the largest exporters of dairy products in Europe. In both of these countries the most intelligent thought is given to the perfecting of all processes in that branch of agriculture. A Danish method to prevent the generation of mites in cheese is said to be entirely effective. The process consists in continu ally whitewashing the rooms in which the cheeses are cured until the mites are destroyed, the cheeses before being placed in these apartments being steeped in brine for a whole day. During their stay of a fortnight in the curing room they are care fully scraped and wiped daily. Finally they are washed in limewater and are then stored on thoroughly clean shelves. Unfortunately for a thorough test of this process Danish cheeses are not so subject to the generation of mites as are French and Italian sorts. If these could be freed from the attack of mites through the use of the Danish process, its value would be inestimable.—New York Sun.

Scottish Impartiality. Color sergeant of highland company (in which were one or two English) calling

the roll. "Angus Mackay!" No reply. (Louder):
"Angus Mackay!" Still no reply. (Sotto voce): "I ken ye're there; yer aye at yer jooty, decent mon, but ye're ower modest to speak before sae mony folk. I see ye (Marks him down in the roll.) "John Jones!"

Squeaky voice replies: "'Ere." Sergeant: "Ou, aye, ye're here, or say ye're here, but ye're sic a muckle leear l canna believe a word that comes oot o' yer mooth, sae I'll jist mark ye doon as absent!"-Answers.

Precautions Taken to Preserve Ita Snow White Skin Unsoiled. At the first glimpse of daylight on the morning of Scpt. 4 the Hope got under way and steamed out for Cape York to land my faithful Eskimo assistants. As we steamed out through the western pas-sage between Metcorite island and Akpudi we entered the fleet of countless bergs sweeping out of Melvillo bay, dazzling in their glittering brilliancy, and with the dancing whitecaps flashing between them

tween the stately cruisers, when one of my quick eyed Eskimos cried out, "Nannooksoah!" He had seen the bear for an instant far up on the top of a big berg, one of the tabular giants of Melville bay, peer ing over its precipitous face, but it had quickly disappeared. As we steamed slowly round the berg he came into view again, a beautiful white animal with contrasting black nose, moving leisurely along the surface of the iceberg. The captain and I both chanced a shot at him at long range, and the captain's bullet grazed his hind leg, making him whirl and snap savagely at the wound. Then he galloped awkwardly away and disappeared round a pinnacle of the berg. Circling the berg again, we discovered him in the water swimming vigorously, and several shots were fired at him, one of which took effect, and he apparently collapsed completely, yet few moments later he was swimming off again, and it was only after I had a boat lowered that he was secured.

The fur of this animal was so spotlessly white and unstained that I gave orders not to have him lowered upon the deck, but kept him suspended from the tackle until, a few hours later, we reached Cape York, and mooring the Hope against the face of a glacier he was swung out on to the surface of the glacier, covered with newly fallen snow, and there skinned and the beautiful pelt rolled up and packed away still unsullied. This was our last bear.-Lieutenant Peary in St. Nicholas.

The Merry Snowflake.

Where shall I light?" said a snowflake small. Floating over the garden wall-Floating near to the old well's edge. Floating over the barberry hedge, Floating, whirling round and round, Nearer and nearer to the ground.

On the doorstep Doris, snug and warm, The gay little flake was so starry white That she watched its motions with de 'Oh, it's coming, it's coming right straight

Baby Doris cried joyfully; And the snowflake finished its merry trip By melting on Doris' rosy lip.

She stood at the door of Mrs. Smith's ish sauce shop welcoming him in. Swan swam over the sea; swim, swan, swim. Swan/swam back again: well swum, swan. A haddock, a haddock, a black spot

led haddock, a black spot on the black back of a black spotted haddock. Susan shineth shoes and socks: socks and shoes shines Susan. She ceaseth shining shoes and socks, for shoes and tocks shock Susan.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

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First Patent	4 00 4 50 11	8	8 00 8 50 4 25 5 00 18	NEW YOR Spirits turps CHARLEST
Corn, from store, bgs—White Car-load, in bgs—White Oats, from store Oats, Rust Proof	52 88	000	523/4 52 40	pentine firm Rosin firm s
DES-W D-	65	0	45 75	BAVANNAE tine firm at
Green salted		Ø.	63-2	receipts 1 47

Eastern..... Northern
North Carolina
LIME, 8 barrel
LUMBER (city sawed) 9 M ft—
Ship Stuff, resawed 18 00 2 20 00
Rough edge Plank 15 00 3 16 00
West India cargoes, accord
ing to quality. 18 00 3 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned. 18 00 3 22 0
Scantling and Board, com'n 14 00 3 15 0
Common mill 5 00 3 6
Fair mill 6 50 6 6
Fair mill 8 50 3 1 Barbadoes, in hegshead.... Barbadoes, in barrels.... Porto Rico, in hogsheads... Porto Rico, in barrels.... Sugar House, in hogsheads. Sugar House, in hogsheads. Sugar House, in barrels... Syrup, in barrels... NAILS, Skeg. Cut, 60d basis... PORK. barrel— Cypress Saps... SUGAR, # D—Standard Gran'd Standard A.... White Extra C.... Extra C, Golden..... C, Yellow... SOAP, # D-Northern. STAVES, # M-W. O. barrel...

B. O. Hogshead.

TIMBER, r. M. feet—Shipping..

Mill, Paime

MARINE DIRECTORY. List of Vessels In the Per: I W mington, N.IC., July 29, 1899.

STEAMSHIPS. Morgan, 537 tons, Anthony, Navassa Guano Co.

SCHOONERS. Lina C Kaminski, 421 tons, Ray, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. BARGES. Maria Dolores, 610 tons, Bonneau,

Navassa Guano Co.

PEARY'S LAST BEAR.

in every direction. Scarcely were we well within this arctic white squadron, threading our way be

-Mary F. Butts in Youth's Companion.

Tongue Twisters.

The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making upsmall orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the artual market price of the articles quoted. BAGGING— 2 D Jute... Standard...

		_	_	-	The state of the s
BAGGING— 2 D Jute				#34	By Telegraph to the Morning Star.
Standard			8	694	NEW YORK, July 28.—Money or
WESTERN SMOKE: Hams 9 b Sides 9 b Shoulders 9 b		12		1234 634 734	was 31/204 per cent., the last being at 31/2 per cent. Prime me tile paper 31/2041/2 per cent. Ste
DRY SALTED— Sides \$ D Shoulders \$ D		514		534	exchange weak; actual business bankers' bills at 486%@487 for
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine Second-hand, each New New York, each New City, each BEESWAX & B	11		00000		mand and 483% for sixty days. Perates 484%@485% and 488@4 Commercial bills 483@484. Secretificates 60%@61. Bar silver
BRICKS— Wilmington W M Northern BUTTER—	5 0	00 (0	7 00 14 00	Mexican dollars 48. Govern bonds firm. State bonds inac Railroad bonds quoted strong.
North Carolina * D Northern	1	5 6	0	18 80	S. 2's, registered, 100%; U. S. registered, 108%; do. coupon, 108%
CORN MEAL— Per bushel, in sacks Virginia Meal. COTTON TIES—W bundle	- 4	7 6	0000	4736 4736 90	S. new 4's, registered, 129; do. cou 130; U.S. old 4's, registered, 1121/
CANDLES—19 10— Sperm. Adamantine	. 1	8 6	3	25 11	coupon, 113; U. S. 5's, regist 111 1/3; do. coupon, 112 1/3; N. C 127 1/2; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railwa
Northern Factory Dairy Cream State.		0346	3	1114 13 1014	109½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio & Chesapeake & Ohio 28; Manha
OOFFEE-9 b- Laguyra	1	0 6	3	1516	L 118%; N. Y. Central 140; Rea 20%; do. 1st preferred 60%; St.
DOMESTICS— Sheeting, 4-4, \$\mathbf{y}\ \text{yard} Yarns, \$\mathbf{y}\ \text{bunch of 5 bs} \$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{G}\mathbf{G}\mathbf{S} \mathbf{P}\mathbf{d}\text{ozen}	29	s 6		516 70 9	132%; do. preierred 174%; Sout Railway 11%; do. preferred 52%; A ican Tobacco, 99%; do. preferred
Mackerel, No. 1, \$\forall \text{barrel}. Mackerel, No. 1, \$\forall \text{ball}. Mackerel, No. 2, \$\forall \text{balrel}. Mackerel, No. 2, \$\forall \text{balrel}. Mackerel, No. 3, \$\forall \text{balrel}. Mullets, \$\forall \text{barrel}. Mullets, \$\forall \text{pork} \text{barrel}. N. C. Roe Herring, \$\forall \text{keg}.	11 0 16 0 8 0 13 0 5 0 8 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 00 5 00 8 00 9 00 4 00 4 00 8 00 8 25	People's Gas 119; Sugar 160; preferred 118½; T.C. & Iron 70½; Leather 6½; do. preferred 72¾; Wern Union 90½
Dry Cod, W D			•	10	NAVAL STORES MARKE

K, July 28.—Rosin steady. entine steady. on, July 28.—Spirits tur

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 28 .- The excitement and activity coincident with the issuance of a large number of August notices yesterday, was followed to-day by extreme apathy and almost insignificant fluctuations. The market opened quiet at unchanged prices to a decline of two points and for a time showed no particular leaning one way or the other. Near mid day several small lines of weakly held long stuff came out and sent prices off a point or two, but business failed to materially improve. For the rest of the season, scalpers were largely in control and operated in a straggling fashion on both sides of the acc unt. The ideas of the leaders of the market' seemed to favor a policy of neutrality pending the appearance of some radically new factor on which to base fresh conclusions. The cables from Liverpool were unchanged and crop information, while generally favorable, had been discounted. After a brief spurt of activity during the last few minutes, the market closed steady, net unchanged to two points lower.

r 5.68c, November 5.72c, Castle on Tyne, Heide & Co. December 5.77c, January 5.82c, Feb-

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 61/sc; middling gulf 6%c; sales 100 bales.

bales; exports to France 6,397 bales; stock 395,412 bales.

July 28.—Galveston, steady at 5%c, net receipts 51 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5 15-16c, net receipts 275 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6%c, net receipts 147

bales; Boston, quiet at 6 %c, net

Beware of Imitations!

Washing Powder

They are not-there is nothing so good as the gennine GOLD DUST for all cleaning about the house. Ask for GOLD DUST and insist on getting it. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis New York

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 28. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- Market steady at 41 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 40 1/2 cents per gallon for country casks..

ROSIN-Market steady at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cents or Good Strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.50 per bbl of 280 lbs

CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market rm at \$1.35 per barrel for Hard, \$2.10 for Dip and \$2.20 for Virgin. Quotations same day last year. Spirits turpentine nothing doing rosin steady at 921/2@971/c; tar quiet at \$1.10; crude turpentine steady at

\$1.00@1.50 RECEIPTS. Spirits Turpentine..... Crude Turpentine.....

Receipts same day last year.-205 cesks spirits turpentine, 304 bbls rosin, 200 bbls tar, 75 bbls crude tur-Market steady on a basis of 5%c

per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary...... 3 7-16 cts. ₩ b

Good Ordinary..... 4 13-16 " Low Middling 5 7-16 " Middling 5% Good Middling 6% Same day last year middling 5 %c. Receipts-0 bales; same day last year, 6.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina-Extra prime, \$1.00@1.10 per bushel of 28 ounds; fancy, \$1.10@1.e21/2. Virginia -Extra prime, 75@80c; fancy, 95c. CORN—Firm; 52 to 521/2 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide-

water) 90c@\$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to N. C. BACON-steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES-Per thousand.

inch, hearts and saps, \$2.25 to \$3.25; six inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$2.50 to 6.50 per M.

five

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

raph to the Morning Star

n at 39c; sales — casks. and unchanged; no sales. July 28.—Spirits turpen-11@41%c; sales 664 casks; receipts 1 474 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 989 bales; receipts

NEW YORK, July 28.-Cotton quiet; middling urlands 6 %c. Cotton futures market closed steady; July 5.47c, August 5.47, September

ruary 5.85c, March 5.89c, April 5.92c, May 5.96, June 5.99c.

Net receipts 100 bales; gross receipts 194 bales; exports to the Continent 2,446 bales; stock 145,065 bales. Total to-day—Net receipts 938 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,328

Consolidated—Net receipts 7,063 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,216 bales; exports to France 200 bales; exports to the Continent 12,898 bales. Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 8,303,158 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,471,764 bales; exports to France 788,851 bales; exports to the Continent 2,606,926 bales.

receipts 99 bales; Wilmington, steady at 5%c, net receipts — bales; Philadel. phia, quiet at 6%c, net receipts—bales; Bavannah, steady at 5%c, net receipts—bales; Bavannah, steady at 5%c, net receipts 1 bale; New Orleans, quiet and

net receipts 17 bales; Charleston, quie and nominal, net receipts - bales

steady at 5%, net receipts 76 bales; Mo

bile, nominal at 5 11 16c. net receipt

3 bales; Memphis, steady at 5%c, net in

ceipts 84 bales; Augusta, steady at 61/6

PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telograph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, July 28. Flour was firmer at the close and fairly active on spring patent and low grade winter Wheat-Spot steady: No. 2 red 77 options opened weak at %e decline because of bearish cables and con weather in the Northwest; throughout the session they were inactive and barely steady under operations by cal bears, but near the close suddenly roused into activity and strength and alarmed of shorts, attributed to bullish reports by Snow and the Modern Miller; the close was firm at a partial %c net advance; July closed 7612; Sel. tember closed 76c; December closed 78 1/c. Corn-Spot steady; No. 2 370 options opened easy at 1/20 net decine under favorable weather news, 500 was subsequently strengthened wheat and a demand from shorts

closed firm at a partial 1/3c netadvance. July closed 36%c; September closed 36 %c; December closed 361 ac Oat. Spot quiet; No.2 28c; options quiet and nominal. Lard firm; Western steam \$5 70; refined firm. Cotton seed of firm; prime crude 211/2. Rice firm Butter steady; Western creamer is @18c; State dairy 13@17. Cheese firm large white 9c. Potatoes were quiet; fair to prime \$1 00@1 50; fabcy \$175 @2 25; Southern sweets \$3 50@4 (Cabbage steady; Long Island \$3 000 5 00 per hundred. Freights to Liver pool-cotton by steam 15c, nominal Petroleum firm. Coffee-Spot Rio dull but steady; mild quiet. Sugar-Raw steady to firm; good demand; fair reli. ing 3 15-16c; centrifugal 4 1/2c; molasers sugar 3 13 16c; refined firm and active

CHICAGO, July 28.—Cash u. Flour easy. Wheat-No. 2 spring -; No. 3 spring 67@68%c: No red 71 1/2 c. Corn-No. 2 32@32 1/2 C. Oab -No. 2 23@25 1/c; No. 2 white 23 1/4 26 4c; No. 3 white 22@25 4c. Por. per bbl, \$8 05@8 80. Lard, per lu lo \$5 00@5 321/2. Short rib sides loos \$5 05@5 25. Dry salted shoulders, \$5 37 % @5 50. Short clear sides, boxed, \$5 35 @5 40. Whiskey-Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, \$1 26. The leading futures ranged as !-

lows-opening, highest, lowest an closing: Wheat-No. 2 July 69% 7014, 6914, 7014; September 7014@7034. 71½, 70½, 71½c; December 72½ 372½ 73, 72@72½, 73c. Corn-No. 2 Juin 3114, 3114, 31%, 31%c; September 314 @3136, 3114, 3114; December 291/2029%, 301/6, 29 56, 30 1/6c; May 30% @31, 31%, 30%, 314@31%. Oats-No. 2 July 23, 23%, 23, 23%c; September 1914, 1936@1914, 1916@1914, 1916; De cember 1978, 1934, 1958. 194c; May 2114, 2156, 2116, 2156c. Pork, per bbl —September \$8 82½, 8 92½, 8 80, 8 80; October \$8 82½, 8 95, 8 82½, 8 95. Lard, per 100 lbs—September \$5 37½. 5 45, 5 37½, 5 45; October \$5 42½, 550, 5 52½, 5 50. Short ribs, per 100 lbs-

September \$5 10, 5 20, 5 10, 5 20; Octo ber \$5 17½, 5 25, 5 15, 5 25c BALTIMORE, July 28. - Flour dull and unchanged Wheat dull-No. 2 red spot and month 7012 @7034 e; August 70%@70%c; September 72%@ 7214c. Southern wheat by sample 641/2@71c. Corn easier-Mixed, spot 36@36 4c: July 36@36 4c; August 36

ern white corn 40@41c. Oats dull and easy-No. 2 white 30 1/2 c asked. The Melon Market.

@3614c; September 36@3614c. South

NEW YORK, July 28.—Muskmelous plenty and favoring the buyer. Watermelons lower and dull. Musk melons, Jersey, per half-barrel craft, 60c@\$1 00; do., Baltimore, per bushel. 50@75c; do., Maryland Rocky Ford Seed per crate, \$1 00@1 50; do., per carrier \$1 00@1 50; do., Jenny Lind. per carrier, 75c@\$1 00; Southern, pr barrel, 50c@\$1 00; do., per carrier. @50c. Watermelons, per car lo \$85@150; do. per 100, \$8 00@16 00.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star LIVERPOOL, July 28, 4 P. M. ton-Spot in fair demand; price easier. American middling The sales of the day were 10.000 bair of which 1,000 were for specula and export and included 9,900 bales American. Receipts none.

Futures opened and closed qui American middling (l. m. c.) Jul 19 64d seller; July and August 3 1864 @3 19 64d buyer; August and September 3 17-64@3 18 64d buyer; September and October 3 16 64@3 17 64 buyer; October and November 3 15 64 3 16-64d seller; November and Decembar 3 14 64@3 15 64d seller; December and January 3 14 64@3 15 64d seller; January and February 3 14 64@ 15 64d seller; February and March 15-64d buyer; March and April 3 16 64d seller; April and May 3 16-64@317 Hd buyer; May and June 3 17-64@3 18 64

MARINI.

ARRIVED. Stmr E A Hawes, Black, Clear Rus, James Madden.

CLEARED Stmr E A Hawes, Black, Clear Run, James Madden. Nor barque Guldaas, Vooland, New Schr Gem, Foss, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE. New York-Schr Gem-400,50 feet lumber, cargo by Cape Fear Lumber Co. vessel by Geo Harriss, Son

& Co. NEW CASTLE ON TYNE -Nor barque Guldaas—6,080 bbls rosin, valued at \$7,081.18; cargo by Patterson. ing & Co, vessel by Heide & Co.

SANTAL-MID Arrests discharges from the urinary organic either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Copaina, Cubeh, or informations, and free from all had smell or other theory and area.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small in sm

public affairs of the people, and it is in keeping with the developements

> The beneficiaries of such methods may rejoice in the "luck" which has thus befallen them; but it is entirely contrary to the good old-fashioned way of honesty which characterized the administration of North Carolina's affairs heretofore."

originality and for deciding cases somewhat out of the usual routine way. Some time ago a trifling fellow had his wife arrested on a charge of "cruelty," it appearing on his testimony that she "spanked" him. The magistrate heard the evidence on both sides, decided against the husband, taxed him with the

before him charged with stealing a camera from his employer's establishment. To the magistrate the boy looked like a victim of circumstances, who painfully realized his humiliation and degradation. He confessed the charge. The magistrate sympathized with him, was pealed to the prosecutor to withdraw the charge, and not send the

"I know what this boy has suffered. I'I have been through it all myself. Right here, in New York, too. I got only \$2 a week for a long time. I was alone—there

know that my services were worth \$50 a week, yet they paid me \$2. here were days when I had no There was one day-I can

a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take

- Durham Sun: Peaches have some apples, but even this crop is not

tin Kelly, of Guilford county. Kelly clerked in a bar-room at Greensboro and was sent up three years for rob bing his employer. He knew the combination to the safe, it seems, and would occasionally "lift" enough of its contents to supply his immediate needs He has served only about a year of his term. - It is stated that General R. F. Hoke and associates have bought what used to be known as the Chester and Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railway; also, a logging road Lenoir to Wilson's creek, and from the latter point will connect with the East Tennessee and Western North Carolina Railway, which goes via the Cranberry iron mine to Johnson city, Tenn, It is very important Reports from

up their ground in the hope of raising

-- "The successor of Gen. Alger in the War Department," it is noted, "is Elihu Root, of New York, a lawyer of very sure judgmust be going to try a mandamus

- Not in a Hurry: Stranger-"This town is going ahead, isn't it?" Native—"Yes; but I don't think it'll