MOON'S PHASES. 1 s.52 Moon Full Moon 6 Third Quarter New 80 s.22 Moon 80 p.m. 15 p.m. 28 p.m.

The Morning Star. BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C. THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 18.

THE PEOPLE ARE NOT IN IT.

As far as their professions go the leaders of the party which is now in control of national affairs recognize the people as the source of power and the rulers of the country, but their practice is very different from their professions. Of course, they have to show some deference to the people for if they didn't the people might call them to task and administer a rebuke at the polls, but they understand the art of humbuggery pretty well, pretend to be the obedient servants of the people before elections and let the people go to old Harry afterwards. They assume to voice the sentiments of the people, when in fact they are simply voicing their own sentiments or the sentiments of the powers that control them. This is one of the ways they have of flattering and humbugging the people, while they are cun-

As an illustration: When Senator Beveridge made his flamboyant speech on the Philippine question some days ago he exclaimed that the man who imagines that we are not to hold these islands forever knows very little about the temper of the "common people" of this country, by which he meant to say that the "common people" of this country would never consent to give up these islands. That was a pure assumption by him. Has this question ever been submitted to the "common people" of this country for their decision? The people were heard on the war for Cuba, and it was their voice that drove the Washington administration into finally espousing the cause of Cuba, but they have never been heard on the Philippine

ningly playing their own game.

Those islands were bought and the war to hold them inaugurated without consulting the American people. The fact that the Republican party has elected its ticket in some States where elections were held last Fall is no proof that the people are in favor of the policy of forcible expansion, or that they are in favor of holding these islands, because while the Philippine question figured incidentally in some of the States it was not an issue, trusts and other questions being given prominence. It might as well be argued that because the Republicans were victorious in most of the States in which elections were held therefore the people endorsed trusts.

Instead of the American people, or the "common people," as Senator Beveridge called them, being in favor of holding these islands by force, there is little doubt that at least seven out of ten of them would favor letting the islands go if that could be done without reflecting upon the manhood or honor of this country. Having been dragged into the war by tricky schemers who manipulated a plastic President to do their bidding the people realize the situation, and that the war must go on until some creditable and honorable way can be found out of it. To that extent, and to that extent only, do they endorse this war of "criminal aggression."

The fact is that the American people have had very little to do with this war, which has been strikingly shown by the lack of enthusiasm over the victories of the American soldiers, in such striking contrast to the wild enthusiasm over the victories won in the Cuban war. It was also shown by the refusal of the volunteers whose time had expired to re-enlist, and by the tardiness with which the responses came to the calls for more troops. If the war is so popular and the desire to hold those islands so strong, then way of showing it.

combines, men who think, to "it will pay," who are insisting on party representatives "dark horses" holding the islands. They see "millions" in the gold and other mines, discussed before the conventions met. in the timber, sugar, hemp and The fact that the men nominated are other products which they would the direct choice of the people, and control and out of which they would that the people feel this way about coin money with cheap Chinese coolie labor. That's the inspiration behind this clamor to hold on to the islands. It is the inspiration of greed and plunder which is sacri- much the stronger. When a voter ficing millions of money and the precions lives of American soldiers vote for the man he prefers for an to carry out its purpose.

Senator Beveridge virtually confessed as much when he spoke of the plaining if the man he preferred was "gold nuggets" he had seen picked not nominated. up in the streams of Luzon; of the superb forests which would furnish ticipant in a primary will pledge store.

timber to make the furniture for the himself in good faith to stand by United States; of the rich products | the action of the primary and supof the fields, and of the possibilities of Manila rivalling Hong Kong and sufficient to admit any white man becoming the Liverpool of the Eastern world. The spirit of greed runs through all that and furnishes the key to Mr. Beveridge's enthusiastic all practical purposes, although he defence of the policy of plunder and

And yet he, while showing his hand so plainly and the animus that inspires him and those for whom he speaks, has the brazen effrontery to put himself forward as the spokesman of the "common people" of this country and assert that they endorse all this plunder and butchery that we may hold these islands for the benefit of certain rings which are planning to gobble up what is worth gobbling, open the gates to the Chinese hordes and with cheap Chinese labor become competi tors of American sugar, tobacco hemp, and cotton growers, and of American furniture makers. Bever idge's cheek is only equalled by his flow of gab, and by the impiety that asserts that Providence has made the expansionists His agents for carrycivilization and Christianity to the

STARTING THE HAT ALREADY

Mark Hanna is unique and always interesting, interesting because he pursues his own course and boldly maps out the course that the Republican party must pursue. If it doesn't always come up to his line it comes very near it, near enough for all practical purposes, and when whip in hand.

He has recently been in Philadelphia, where the next Republican national convention will be held, his object being to consult with prominent Republicans of that city and start the hat for contributions. In his conferences with them he is thus quoted:

"The coming campaign will be an xceedingly vigorous one, and it will e upon two questions—the prosperity of the working people of the United States and the advisability of retain ing the Philippines. The Democratic party is already at work on the former question throughout the Western country. It has engaged numerous labor agitators to go among the working people of the entire West to fo ment as much dissatisfaction with Republican campaign man agement is now meeting the agitators on their own ground employing men to counteract their influence. But it will be necessary to supplement the work they are doing with pamphlets, and for that purpose we need the fund that Philadelphia has promised to contribute at once. do not hesitate to say that one dollar now will be equal to five dollars three

'The Democrats are bent upon making a most bitter campaign; it is their object to create strikes and paralize the industries of the country. It is for this purpose that their agitators are working throughout the West, and the only way in which we can meet them is to keep the fact that the country is unprecedentedly prosperous before the

This is about as unique as Hanna himself, who does not see the absurdity in the proposition that a campaign of education is necessary to convince people that they are prosperous. The presumption should naturally be that if the people are prosperous it wouldn't require any campaign literature to convince them of it, and that "agitators" could not persuade them to the contrary. It is to convince the people of the West who, according to the Republican papers and stumpers, have more prosperity than they can handle, that they are prosperous, that Mark Hanna has started the hat in Philadelphia. But he is right about one thing-"the campaign will be a remarkably vigorous one."

THE PRIMARY SYSTEM FA-

At its last meeting the Democratic Executive Committee of Mecklenburg county adopted the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That the candidates for State and Congressional offices, and the delegates to the county, State and Congressional conventions be elected by vote of the people in the respective townships, and that this vote be by "Resolved, Further, that all white

men who intend abiding by these results are invited to participate in these Resolved, Further, that the pre-

sinct executive committees be elected at this first primary and by ballot as prescribed above.

There is much to be said for this and very little, if anything, against t. In the first place it is thoroughly Democratic because the people give their decision direct and instruct the men whom they send to represent them in the conventions. It goes without saying that the candidates so nominated would come nearer giving general satisfaction the American people have a strange | than the nominees of conventions where the result not infrequently de-It isn't the people but the rings pends on wire manipulation, and sharp practice, defeating men the quote Senstor Carter, expansionist, people preferred and putting up as that were never thought of, much less it, brings the party closer together, makes more people take a personal interest in the result, creates more enthusiasm and makes the party that

The simple test whether the par-

can go to the primary and cast his

office and fails to do so it is his own

fault and he is estopped from com-

port the nominees of the party is to participation. If he supports the party and the nominees of the party he is a good enough Democrat for may not be in thorough accord with the party in all matters. He submits to the decision of the majority and that is genuine Democracy We have been pursuing the primary system in this county for several years, and it has worked well.

The kit of a soldier of the London voluneeers, who are going down to tackle the rustic Boers, consists of four pairs of trousers, four pairs of shoes, three caps, a suit of pajamas, a cork mattress, an air pillow, a canvas bucket, a canvas basin, a box of candles, a lantern, two Turkish towels, a filter, a clothes brush, a writing portfolio and sundry other articles. The fellow who got this up was in a hurry and forgot a cook stove, a set of furniture and a span of mules and a wagon to tote them for the volunteer.

The New York Sun rises to exclaim: "The South rebels against Col. Bryan's anti-expansion policy because the South looks to Asia for new markets for her products." We have heard of this "rebellion" before, and have been looking for it to see what it looks like, but have utterly failed to find it, or anything that looks like it, with our long range, wide-sweeping telescope. t gets there Mark is found on top | Some mischievous person has been imposing on the Sun.

Some writers say the Boer women are not pretty. But the Boers seem to be pretty well satisfied with them, so what difference does it make whether other people consider them pretty or not?

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Salisbury Index: Lexington is have another in mense cotton mill soon. The mill will be capitalized at \$150,000 or \$200,000 and will be one of the largest in that section

- Durham Herald: The safe of Rufus Massey was robbed Monday morning of about \$500. The robbery was evidently made in broad day

o'clock in the morning. - Fayetteville Observer: The La-Fayette Knitting Mill Co., composed of Messrs. W. S. Cook, H. M. Pemberton, J. P. Cook and A. J. Cook, has been organized and will be incorporated for the purpose of the manufac ture of ladies' and children's hose and men's half hose and such other knit goods as they may wish.

- Charlotte News: Wm. Truesdale was again convicted of the murder of Janie Brown in the Criminal Court Tuesday. The jury was out less than an hour. Judge Battle named February 8th as the day for the execution to take place. There seems to be but little doubt but what the execu tion will take place on the day named

- Snow Hill Standard: There is no longer room for reasonable doubt that Snow Hill is to have a railroad The right of way from Tarboro to Snow Hill has been bought, paid for and surveyed, and the road is now under construction, about one-third of it being already completed, and before the close of the nineteenth century Snow Hill will be in gear with the outside world.

- Statesville Landmark: For some time Messrs. J. G. Shelton and W. A. . Thomas have been working quietly but effectively on a furniture factory for Statesville, and their work has been so far successful that they have secured subscriptions amounting to \$14,000, enough to make the factory a certainty. It is hoped to get at least \$1,000, and possibly \$2,000 or \$3,000 more, making the capital stock \$16,000

- Roxboro Courier: Col. John Cuningham, executor of the-late John C. Terrell, with his lawyers, Major J. W. Graham and J. S. Merritt, have made a final settlement with the county of the Terrell estate. After taking off the appropriations for the 27 school houses to be built, the pub lic schools of the county get the sum of \$55,000, the interest of which will go annually to the running of the free schools. The money and bonds have been turned over to the trustees, Messrs. S. A. Long, John S. Cuning-ham and J. S. Bradsher.

- Kinston Free Press: Word was received at Kinston that Joe Porter. a negro, was burned to death, in the calaboose at Grifton Friday night. He was put in the calaboose in a drunken state. Parties passing discovered the building on fire about 12:30 o'clock. Effort was made to extricate the negro from the burning building, and one of the party was able to get hold of one leg; but before he could drag the negro out, was driven back by the flames. The negro set the building on fire in attempt to make his escape and thereby brought his horrible fate upo n

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50 cents and \$1 00. Trial bottle 10 cents at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Every bottle guaran

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, Pa., was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain con-tinually in the back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and I am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should

CURRENT COMMENT.

Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, may be a very bright young judgment of one who declares that men now living will see Manila a greater port than Liverpool? Beveridge is fresh .- Attlanta Journal.

-- Our contemporaries at London explained in the beginning that General White's first duty would be to stop the incursions of the Boers into British territory. It seems the whole war has now reached a stopping point with the enemy resting on British grounds .- Jacksonville, Fla. Times-Union and Citizen, Dem.

- The British in their fatuous adherence to obsolete methods of warfare complain that the Boers are cowards because they seek all available shelter. We haven't yet seen anything, however, about Britain's reducing the thickness of her battleships' armor plate or dismantling the Gibraltar defenses so as to give her soldiers a better chance to laugh at death .- Denver Times, Rep. - The industrial Commission.

on Saturday, heard testimony of a Connecticut white man who is farming with negro assistants in Georgia. He said his negro laborers were as cheap and efficient as, and more faithful than, the same class of white labor in Connecticut; that the negroes made good farm hands, but needed intelligence, thrift and energy to make them successful farmers on their own account. As the same thing can be said of many. perhaps the majority, of white farmers at the North, the future of the negro as a cultivator of the soil does not seem to be utterly hopeless .-Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.

TWINKLINGS

- Mrs. Smiler-"Are you going to swear off drinking New Year's John?" Mr. Smiler—"Why. certainly. Don't I every year?"—Brooklyn Life.

- Jagsby (after the show) - "The antics of the comedian were certainly laughable." Mrs. Jagsby—'Yes; and I suppose you went out between the acts to smile, didn't you?" - Mrs. McCarlem-"That piano

lamp ye sold me is no good, an' On want yez to take it back." Dealer— 'Eh? Why ?" Mrs. McCarlem-"Divil a chune con we git out it." - Kentucky Teacher (of infant geography class)-"Tommy Blood may

tell us what a strait is " Tommy Blood "It's jis' th' plain stuff 'thought nothin' in it."—Ohio State Journal. - A Misapprehension-"Was that your dog that was howling all night?" 'I guess it was." "Why in thunder lon't you feed him?" "Heavens, man,

it's indigestion that makes him howl! -Cleveland Plain Dealer. - "We might just as well come to an understanding right now," said the angry husband. 'It's hard for you to hear the truth, especially from me. out -" "Indeed it is," interrupted

the patient wife. "I hear it so sel-

- "Italy favors the open door." remarked Mrs. Snaggs, who had been reading about the American proposals regarding China. "It must be warmer in Italy than it is here," commented Mr. Snaggs.—Pittsburg Chronicle

- First Ostrich (on Mr. Hogg's ranch)-"Are you going to let that man Bryan ride you?" Second Ostrich -"I should say not. Didn't you hear that man who feeds us say that Bryan had ridden his last hobby to death?"-Baltimore American.

- You know that jewel of a hired girl of mine who left the Binkinsopps and came to me for a dollar more a week?" "Yes." "Well, would you believe it, that despicable Billinger woman is trying to buy her away from me!"-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

STAGE GLINTS.

E. S. Willard is at Aix-les-Bains.

"Bishop Potter has never been in a theater in New York." This item is now traveling around, apparently chaland say he was never in a church. Roland Reed has been making use of the Boston Public library for historical material necessary in a colonial drama he is writing. The scene of his new

play is Philadelphia in the middle of the last century. After Amelia Bingham has completed a few weeks on the road with "The Cuckoo" she will originate the leading role in a light comedy called "Ladies First," which Charles Frohman has

had in his possession for a year. The spurs worn by James O'Neill as D'Artaguan in "The Musketeers" were given to him by Edwin Forrest, with whom Mr. O'Neill won his first spurs on the stage, artistically speaking, as he was Forrest's leading man when

only 22 years old. The great Italian actress, Adelaide Ristori, who is now 77, recently gave an entertainment in Rome in honor of her only son's fiftieth birthday. He is the Marquis Giorgio Capranica del Grillo and a gentleman in waiting to Queen Margherita.

Humperdinck's "Hansel and Gretel," which for some four or five years has been peacefully reposing in a managerial pigeonhole at the Opera Comique in Paris, has suddenly been discovered by the powers of that famed theater and will be produced next

The first roof garden in London, to be built on Charles Wyndham's new theater, will be a very tame affair, to which only the patrons of the theater are to be admitted. It will be used, moreover, as a lounging and smoking resort and not for theatrical performances of any kind.

THE FASHION PLATE.

Velvets, both plain and fancy, are to be very much worn. Deep plum, garnet, gray and tan are the fashionable colors for cloth and velvet gowns.

A boa holder of gold, set with imitation gems and shaped like a serpent doubled in one deep loop, is one of the season's novelties. Narrow bands of fur, and especially sable, are a prominent feature of dress

trimming for gauzy evening gowns-as

well as velvet and cloth costumes. For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SCOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhosa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guar a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. anteed, at R. B. BELLAMY'S drug Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take

SI WAS A SCHEMER. BUT HE MET HIS WATERLOO IN THE

The Story of a Mean Man Who Beat the Storekeeper Out of Matches, but Got Tripped Up on a Pair of

This is the traditional tale of a mean old cuss who once lived in a neighboring town. It was written in the archives of the village that he "didn't care no more for a nickel than he did for his life," and some of the antiquaries of today maintain that he was the original hero of the famous double yolk egg and needle swapping incident which has long been cele brated in song and story.

Fame did not wait until after his death to come to him, for his name was great in his own day and generation, and in conse quence when he went into the general store to do some "tradin" the group about the stove would cease discussions of liv-ing questions of art, philosophy and finance and would listen eagerly to learn his new device for getting the better of the storekeeper. He always had a new

His name was Si. The story goes that one day he approached the dealer on a matter of pipes and matches, while the group about the stove listened with expectant grins and many nudges, all of which were entirely unnecessary. "Say, Lemuel," said old Si. e gittin fer them pipes?"

"Two cents apiece," said Lemuel, with bok in his eye like that in the eye of a wrestler who spars for a hold. "An how much be the matches?" "Cent a bunch, three for 2," said Lem-

"Wouldn't sell two for a cent?" asked "Nope," said Lemuel.

"Wuth a cent apiece to ye, be they? "Yep."
"Tell yer what," said the bargainer, throw in a bunch er matches if I buy three pipes." "Wouldn't anyhow, I s'pose?"

"Nope. And the group about the stove ugged themselves in silent delight. "Well, le's see," said old Si, calculating. "I s'pose if a customer wants to return goods that ain't damaged you'll 'commo "Yep."
"Well, I'll take two pipes; that's

cents." "Yep." "An three bunches er matches; that's

cents. The transfer was made, and old Si started for the door. The group at the stove opened their mouths to congratulate the

storekeeper, when they saw the customer turn again. "I dunno what I'm thinkin of, gettin all these matches," said old Si. "Here, Lemuel, you take back two bunches and rimme 2 cents. That'll make us square. The flush of victory had made Lemuel carcless. "Jes's you say," he remarked.

And the deed was done. "Well, now, I guess I'll take another pipe," said the bargainer, and he passed over the 2 cents again and got it. "Took 'em a long time to clean out that road down to the center, didn't it?" said old Si. "Looks like more rain too."

And he went out. When the group about the store had finished slapping their knees and waghaw!" and "By gosh!" the storekeeper al lowed that he would get even with old Si if it took a \$5 note. One day he did, though they had several encounters which ended with honors even in the meantime. Old Si's Waterloo was con-

cealed in a pair of boots. The storekeeper picked out a shopworn pair, which were worth much money when they were new, and told old Si that they were worth \$4. Old Si felt that it was a bargain in spite of the shopwear. but he knew better than to pay \$4 for the pair. The group about the store pricked up their ears when the old man said, "What'd you sell one fer?"

The storekeeper saw means of success eyond his dreams. It came on him like flash. "Two dollars." "Well," said old Si, "my left boot's as good's new. I guess if you gimme the ight er that pair, I'll be all hunky." "Take it," said the storekeeper. And old Si undid the string on his wallet and counted out the \$2.

The storekeeper had not traded with old Si for nothing. He knew what was oming. The old man reached the door. Then he turned again. "Say. Lemuel," said the old man, with great air of indifference, "I dunno's that other boot's any partic'lar valyer to

you, is it?" "Nope," said Lemuel. "Now that I come to think on't, guess 'tain't." He opened the stove and popped the other half of the pair into the blazing fire. "D'ye find much mud on the way over? seem's if it couldn't do nothin but rain lately." The boot was on the other leg .-Worcester Gazette.

New Physiological Instrument. A very delicate instrument known as the biometer and intended for measuring the intensity of the vital force in man has been contrived by Dr. Baraduch of Munich. This intensity is claimed to have proportionate effects in attracting or repelling a delicately poised needle so many degrees. Continued youth of course depends upon the keeping of this force at its maximum after middle age. Now, the principle of the biometer is that when a man is in perfect health the vital current plays through his system from right to left. The right hand then will attract the needle 15 degrees, because the current is entering, and the needle strives to follow the force, while the left hand will repel it, because the force is leaving that extremity. Loss of vitality is supposed to be shown by both hands repelling the needle, though during sleep both hands attract it. A reversal of the current of its own accord is looked upon as an unfavorable harbinger, and on the biometer registering a great loss of vitality the subject is to be shut in a cell in which are arranged electric lights of great intensity and other electric fixtures, and after remaining in this luminous bath for five minutes he regains his maximum of vigor.

Harness For Piano Students. To prevent piano students from dropping their wrists too low, a common fault with beginners, a musician of Washington has invented a support which, it is claimed, not only corrects this fault, but offers a very grateful relief for the student. His device,



SUPPORT FOR PIANO PLAYER'S HANDS. shown in the accompanying cut, has cuffs to be aftached to the wrists, with an adjustable strap to pass over the shoulders and be tightened until it lifts the wrists to the proper height. While sustaining the arm and wrist in the correct position for fingering the keys of the piano this contrivance is yielding to a sufficient extent to permit the hand to conveniently reach all the octaves of the keyboard.

THE TROTTING CIRCUIT. Local, 2:194. by Wildnut, recently

sold for \$4,000 at auction in Austria. The half mile track trotting record of Kansas is 2:1414, held by John Nolan. The stable boys of Colonel Isaac L. Goff of Providence all wear white duck uniforms and caps.

The fast pacer Coney, by McKinney, is said to have shown a half in 1:08 in one of his races at Denver. Terrill S, the fast pacer by Strath-

more, made a new record for the Nashua N. H.) track recently, 2:181/2. The 8-year-old trotter The Bondsman. by Baron Wilkes, is credited with a trial mile i. 2:20 and repeat in 2:171/2

at Lexington recently. Zembia, brown mare, by King Almont. dam Minnie Helm, by American Boy, lowered her record at Readville. July 18, from 2:181/4 to 2:111/4.

George J. Reiff of Allentown, Pa. has a game pacer in Allen, by Mc-Curdy. He recently stepped a second heat of a winning race in 2:18%. The starting judge, A. H. Merrill, thinks the starter should occupy a stand

by himself where he would not be handicapped by outside interference. Driver McHenry says that week in and week out during the grand circuit races Searchlight will win more money than any other single pacer in the country.

A year ago George Odom was unknown as a jockey. He has now signed for a term of three years with the Hon. W. C. Whitney, beginning 1900, at \$10,000 per year. The gray mare Bessie Gilbert, by Future Gilbert, who trotted in 2:1814 at

Cedar Rapids, Ia., the other day, is the same mare that paced to a record of 2:151/2 two years ago. It is predicted that she will trot in 2:12 this season.

HOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged VESTERN SMOKED-Middling 71/4 Good middling 73/6 D DRY SALTEDrear, 382. BARKLS—Spirits Turpentine— Second-hand, each...... New New York, each..... New City, each COUNTRY PRODUCE. EESWAX # D

BUTTEE—
North Carolina # D......
Northern.
CORN MEAL oushel. Per bushel, in sacks
Virginia Meal...
OTTON TIES—B bundle.... Northern Factory..... Dairy Cream....

Laguyra.... OMESTICS-

 Mullets, 9 barrel
 3 75

 Mullets, 9 pork barrel
 8 00

 N. C. Roe Herring, 9 keg
 3 00

 Dry Cod, 9 b
 5

 Extra
 4 35

 FLOUR- 9 D-Corn, from store, pgs—white Car-load, in bgs—White...
Oats, from store
Oats, Rust Proof...
Cow Peas.
HIDES—# b—
Green salted...
Dry faint...
Dry salt Dry salt .. LIME, # barrel

LUMBER (city sawed) # M ft—
Ship Stuff, resawed

Bough edge Plank

West India cargoes, accord-

Extra mill

Extra mill

MOLASES © gailon—

Barbadoes, in hegshead...

Barbadoes, in barrels...

Porto Rico, in hogsheads...

Porto Rico, in barrels...

Sugar House, in hegsheads...

Sugar House, in barrels...

Syrup, in barrels... BOPE, P D.......... Standard A..... White Extra C.... Extra C, Golden... C, Yellow.

BOAP, \$ D-Northern.

STAVES, \$ M-W. O. barrel...

B. O. Hogshead.

TIMBER, \$ M feet-Shipping.

6124 Heart....

MARINE.

ARRIVED. Nor barque F C Silben, 608 tons, Larsen, Havre, Heide & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wil mington, N. d., Jan. 18.1900.

STEAMSHIPS. Chatburn (Br) 1,224 tons, Wood, Alexander Sprunt & Son. SCHOONERS.

Julia Elizabeth (Br) 120 tons, Sweeting, George Harriss, Son & Co. Cora M, 136 tons, Mitchell, George Harriss, Son & Co. Mecosta, 199 tons, Stratton, J T Riley & Co. (In distress). Nellie Floyd, 435 tons, Nielsen, George Harriss, Son & Co. Jno R Fell, 355 tons, Loveland, George Harriss, Son & Co. Abbie G Cole, 232 tons, Cole, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES. F C Silben (Nor) 608 tons, Larsen, Havre, Heide & Co. Solid (Nor) 507 tons. Weden, Heide Glimt (Nor) 735 tons, Birkeland, Rotterdam, Heide & Co.

BARGES. Maria Dolores, 610 tons, Bonneau, Charleston, Virginia-Carolinia Charleston, Chemical Co. Carrie L Izler, 538 tons, Jones, Charles-ton, S C, Virginia Carolina Chemi-

GOLD

Washing Powder.

Cleans Everything from Cellar to Garret.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at \$1.20
per barrel for strained and \$1.25 for good strained.
TAR—Market firm at \$1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market

steady at \$1.60 per barrel for hard, \$2.90 for dip and ____ for virgin. Quotations same day last year. Spirits turpentine steady at 41%@ 41 %c; rosin quiet at 97 1/2 @\$1.10 1/2; tar steady at \$1.10; crude turpentine firm at \$1.35@\$2.40.

RECEIPTS Spirits turpentine Rosin

Receipts same day last year.-45 casks spirits turpentine, 456 bbls rosin, 343 bbls tar, 37 bbls crude tur-COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 71/c per oound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary..... 4 13 16 cts. 😿 1 Good ordinary 6 3-16 " Low middling 6 13-16 " "

Same day last year middling 5%c. Receipts—1,568 bales; same day last

PEANUTS - North Carolina Prime, 621/2c. Extra prime, 671/2c per oushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 75c. Virginia-Prime 50c; extra prime, 5c; fancy, 60c. CORN-Firm, 52 to 521/2 cents per

ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide water) 90c@\$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel. N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES-Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; sixinch. \$4.00 to \$5.00, seven-inch, \$5.50 TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, January 17 .- Money on call was easier at 2@4 per cent. last loan at 21/2 per cent., ruling rate - cent. Prime mercantile paper a @6 per cent. Sterling exchange strong; actual business in bankers bills at 487 1/4 @487 1/4 for demand and at 483 1/ @483 % for sixty days. Posted rates 4841/2 and 488. Commercial bills-no report. Silver certificates 59@60. Bar silver 5914. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds firm. State bonds easy. Railroad bonds firm. U. S. 2's, reg'd, 102½; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109½; do. coupon, 110½; U.S. new 4's, reg'd, 133; do. coupon, 124. U.S. ald 4's reg'd, 133; do. coupon, 124. U.S. ald 4's reg'd, 133; do. coupon, 124. U.S. ald 4's reg'd, 134; do. pon, 134; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 114½; do coupon, 114½; U. S. 5's, registered, int. 112; do. coupon, 113½; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 105; Southern Railway 5's 107. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 5814; Chesapeake & Ohio 30; Manhattan I 923; New York Central 1341; Reading 17%; do.1st preferred 49%; St. Paul 117%; do. preferred 169; Southern Railway 11%; do. preferred 54; American Tobacco, 99%; do. preferred 133; People's Gas 103½; Sugar 118½; do. preferred 113; T. C. & Iron 84½; U. S. Leather 17½; do. preferred 75½;

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

Western Union 86%.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, January 16.-Rosin -no report. Spirits turpentine steady. CHARLESTON, January 17 .- Spirits turpentine firm at 50c; no sales. Rosin firm; sales — barrels. Prices

unchanged. SAVANNAH, January 17.—Spirite turentine firm at 50c; sales 650 casks; eccipts 397 casks; exports 3,153 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,871 barrels; receipts ,840 barrels; exports 3,451 barrels. A.B. C, D, \$1 20; E, \$1 25; F, \$130; G, \$140; H, \$1 70; I, \$1 90; K, \$2 00; M, \$2 25; N, \$2 65, W G, \$3 15; W W, \$3 65.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 17 .- Price

fluctuations and the volume of business on the Cotton Exchange to-day were insignificant. Though room traders entertained more or less decided ideas as to the course prices should take, few operators showed the least inclination to transact business. The outside public, the South and Europe, were content to trade in a listless fashion on both sides of the account. The early cables from Liverpool were quite satisfactory and in conjunction with light foreign buying orders sent prices one to six points up on the call. The market was barely steady at the advance, however, and soon after the opening prices slowly settled back to about last night's final figures. A report gained circulation near mid-day that Neill was about to reduce his crop estimate and prices worked up a peg or two, only to react under a flat denial by that statistician that such was his intention. Every indication point-Wanola (Br) 272 tons, Wagner, George ed to small receipts for the day, but in the afternoon Sabine Pass and Port Arthur announced clearances of 16,209 bales, making the total for the day 41,-224 bales; almost double the amount anticipated. Notwithstanding the increase, prices advanced slightly in the last hour and the market closed steady with prices one to five points higher. NEW YORK, January 17.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands

11-16q. Futures market closed steady: Janary 7.36, February 7.32, March 7.35, April 7.36, May 7.38, June 7.38, July 7.40, August 7.38, September 6.89, October 6.75, November 6.71, December

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; middling uplands 7 11-16c; middling gulf 715 16c; sales 100 bales. Net receipts 300 bales; gross receipts 3,396 bales; stock 123,729 bales.
Total to-day—Net receipts 41,294 bales; exports to Great Britain 12,589; exports to the Continent 22,464 bales; stock 985,600 bales.
Consolidated—Net receipts 113,362
bales; exports to Great Britain 39,111
bales; exports to France 8,438 bales;

exports to the Continent 51,716 bales.

Total since September 1st. Net receipts 4,309,481 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,144,108 bales; exports to France 477,433 bales; exports to the Continent 1 321,977 bales.

Jan.17.—Galveston, steady at 7 5-16c, net receipts 5,053 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7½c, net receipts 1.193 bales: Baltimore, nominal at 7%c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 7%c, net receipts 253 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7%c, net receipts 1,568 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 715 16c, re ceipts 401 beles; Savannah, quiet at 7 5-16c, net receipts 4,500 bales; New Orleans, steady at 714c, net receipts 10,522 bales; Mobile, quiet at 75 16c, net receipts 744 bales; Memphis, steady at 7%c, net receipts 1,271 bales: Augusta, steady at 7 7-16c, net receipts 357 bales; Charleston, firm at 7 5-16c, net receipts 481 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 17 .- Flour moderately active and steady at previous prices. Wheat-Spot firm; No. 2 red 73%c; options opened firmer on better cables than expected, moderate foreign buying and the strength in corn and provisions, inspiring a good demand from shorts. Later in the day, however, realizing brought a set back, followed by a final rally on covering. Closed firm at 1/20 1/2c net advance.
March closed 73 1/2c; May closed 72 1/2c; July closed 72 %c. Corn-Spot firm; No. 2, 41%c; options opened stronger on unfavorable weather news, light receipts, good Western demand and higher cables, After a late decline under realizing the market rallied with wheat and closed firm at %c advance; May closed 39%c. Oats-Spot steady; No. 2 29%c; options quief and featureless. Lard easy; refined easy; Continent \$4 65. Butter steady; Western creamery 21@25; State dairy 10@24c Cheese firm; fall made fancy small 12%@13c; fall made fancy large 12%@13c. Petroleum steady. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 20c; Western ungraded at mark 14@18c. Freights to Liverpool quiet. Cabbage quiet; Long Island \$4 00@5 00 per 100. Rice steady. Pork firm. Potators quiet; New Jersey \$1 25@1 75; New York \$1 50@2 00; Long Island \$1 50 @2 00; Jersey sweets \$2 50@3 00. Cotton seed oil unsettled and held firmly at old prices, although opera tors were trying to buy at lower prices, Only small transactions were 16 ported. Prime crude in barrels 33c: prime summer yellow 36@37c; off summer yellow nominal; butter grades 37@38c; prime winter yellow 38@39c;

Cordova 8%@12%c. Sugar-Raw firm and held higher; refined steady. CHICAGO, January 17.-Light domestic receipts and the small decline at Liverpool in the face of the heavy slump had yesterday resulted in a firm wheat market to-day, May closing 1@1c improved. Unseasonable weather gave back-bone to the corn market. May closing 1@\$c over yesterday.

prime white 38@39c; prime meal \$25.

Coffee-Spot Rio steady; No.7 invoice

81/c; No. 7 jobbing 81/c; mild steady;

Oats at the close were 1@1c higher, and provisions a shade lower. CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 3 spring 60 @621/c; No. 2 red 651/2 @661/c. Corn-No. 2, 31%c. Oats-No. 2 23 4 @23 1/2c; No. 2 white 25 1 @26c; No. 3 white 25 1 0 26c. Pork, per barrel, \$9 35@ 10 72 1. Lard, per 100 fbs, \$5 82 1/2 65 90. Short rib sides, loose, \$5 55@5 85. Dry salted shoulders, \$5 50@5 75. Short clear sides, boxed, \$5 95@ 6 00. Whiskey—Distillers' finished

goods, per gallon, \$1 23½ The leading futures ranged as following lows-opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat-No. 2 January 63%, 62%, 62%, 62%@62%c; May 65%, 65%, 66@66%, 65%@65%, 65%c; July 66%, 66%, 66%@66%, 66%@66%c. Corn—No. 2 January 31%@31%, 31%, 81 14@31 14, 31 14; May 33 14 @33 14, 33 14, 38%, 33%; July 34%@34%, 34%, 34% 34%c. Oats-January 22%, 22%, 22% 22½c; May 24, 24½, 24, 24@24½, Pork, per bbl—January \$10 65, 10 70, 10 65, 10 70; May \$11 00, 11 07½, 10 85, 10 92½. Lard per 100 lbs -January \$5 921, 5 921, 5 821, 5 85; May \$6 05, 6 071, 5 971, 6 021. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January \$5721/4, 575, 5 67%, 5 70; May \$5 80, 5 85%, 5 75, 5 80.

BALTIMORE, January 17.—Flour easy. Wheat easy—spot 69@69%c; month 69%@69%c; February 69%@ 70%c; May 72@72%c; Southern wheat by sample 65@71c Corn firmer-Spot and month 37%@37%c; February 37 1 @38c; March 38@38 1/4 c. Southern white and yellow corn 331 @38c. Oats dull-No. 2 white 3014@ 30 %c; No. 2 mixed 28@28%c.

FOREIGN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, January 17, 4 P. M.-Cotton-Spot in fair demand; prices unchanged. American middling 41/4d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 9,000 Ameri-

can. Receipts 12,000 bales, all Ameri Futures opened easy at the decline and closed steady at the advance. American middling (l. m. c.)—January 22 64d seller; January and February 18 64@4 19-64d seller; February and March 4 15-64d buyer; March and April 4 12 64d buyer; April and May 4 9 64d seller; May and June 4 6 64d buyer; June and July 4 4 64d buyer; July and August 4 2-64d buyer; August and September 3 60 64@3 61-64d buyer; September and October 3 52 64@ 3 53 64d seller; October and Novemer 3 46-64@3 47-64d seller.

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