SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20. BRITAIN'S TWO DREADED

RIVALS. Not only the manufacturers in Great Britain but British statesmen have begun to realize the formidableness of the competition British tradesmen have to encounter, but they realize also the stupendous task they have before them to meet this competition and survive it. They have had to encounter American aggressiveness both in their colonies and even in their own home market where they once had undisputed sway, and so have they in their own home market felt the effects of German competition. That they have begun to realize what this double competition means is shown by the following extract from a speech by Lord Rosebery at a banquet of the Wolverhampton Chamber of Commerce last Wednesday eyening. Responding to a toast he discussed "the great commercial warfare being waged against England" in which he said:

"The chief rivals to be feared are America and Germany. The Americans, with their vast and almost incalculable resources, their acuteness and enterprise, and their huge population, which will probably be 100,000 000 in twenty years, together with the plan they have adopted for putting accumulated wealth into great co-operative syndicates or trusts for the purpose of carrying on this great commercial warfare, are perhaps the

most formidable. 'Oa the other hand, the Germans, with their calculating and conquering spirit and the energy with which they seize and use the best and most eco nomical methods, are but little less redoubtable than the Americans.

"The Americans, scarcely satisfied with gigantic individual fortune, use those by combination to make of capital a power which, wielded by one or two minds, is almost irresistible; and, if this power is concentrated against Great Britain in trade warfare, it will be a danger we cannot afford to disre-

"A trust of many millions might compete with any trade in England, underselling all her products at a considerable loss. This is a possible out come of the immediate future.

"A curious feature, if I may say so without impertinence, seems to be that in combination with the faculty for the acquisition of money there is a complete contempt for money except as a means of making more and for power. These millionaires of whom we hear so much are often men of simple lives, whose simple rule is to make enormous accumulations in order to acquire more

"England, in order to withstand international competition, must thoroughly educate her youth; and I would suggest sending batches of young men abroad to learn the best our rivals

This was not a very pleasant kind of talk for the gentlemen who had assembled on this festive occasion, but it was not the first time they had heard stories of that kind for they have talked this matter over amongst themselves in their meetings and have read discourses upon it for several years in their leading papers, for this has been one of the interesting topics of discussion in England for the past two or three years. They have realized the situation and discussed the ways and means for meeting if they could not prevent this American competition, one of the ways suggested being some sort of protective legislation to crowd the American out of English markets, as the Englishman is crowded out of the American mar-

But this was such a radical departure from England's free trade policy and so manifestly intended to benefit English traders at the expense of the people of the colonies and the masses of home consumers that it didn't take well. The average Englishmen, whether at home or in a colony wants to buy where he can get the most for his money. Lord Rosebery pays high tribute,

whether so intended or not, to American genius, energy, dash, method and organizing capacity, which he has doubtless studied, and shows he appreciates. But he does not seem to realize that it is an old failing giant, struggling with a young, robust one, which is gaining more strength every day. He has learned something from the Japanese, the most sagacious people of the East, and the most marvellous of them all, which thirty years ago did what Lord Rosebery advises England to do now, that is sent her bright young men to other countries noted for their superior methods of doing things to study these methods, to learn all they could about them, and go back to Japan to become the teachers of their countrymen. This is one of the secrets of Japan's wonderful progress. She began at the bottom and with an admirable resothe same success the Japanese have, for Englishmen have not the imitative talent of the Japanese, nor are they as quick or patient to learn. The Englishman in this particular bears more resemblance to the Chi-

naman-he thinks he knows it all. The Englishman has one looming, redeeming trait and that is stick, a bulldog tenacity for holding on when he gets a grip and this it is that will stand him in stead when the commercial battle wages in earnest. But that will not save him. The relegating of England to a second and even a third place among the commercial nations is

and all her wealth she cannot prevent it, because she cannot overcome nature and the irresistible. Her people have neither the dash nor the energy of the American, one of her rivals, nor the practical, persevering thorough method of the German, her other rival, while she has still two more rivals in the East, the Japanese and the Russian in China, neither of which is alluded to by Lord Rosebery. Within half a century England's fuel supplies for manufacturing purposes will be about exhausted and before that time she will have ceased to be a great cotton manufacturer, as the industry will be taken from her by this country. To-day she is importing coal, iron and steel and ten years hence she will be importing

Without cheap coal and iron, two of the things which have helped to make her the commercial power she is, how can she compete with nations which have both of these in abundance? She can't do it and will therefore be compelled to surrender, although she may struggle manfully and obstinately, but she will have to surrender all the same, for she will be, is already outclassed and must succumb to the inevitable.

PLANNING TO HOLD CUBA.

If the utterances of the leading Republican papers which stand in with the McKinley administration. and the reports that come from Washington from time to time be any indication, and in our opinion they are, the intention is to hold on to Caba if there can be found a half way plausible pretence for it, notwithstanding the fact that when war was declared against Spain, it was at the same time unanimously declared by Congress that "The people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent." It further solemnly disclaimed "any intention to exercise sovereignity, jurisdiction or control over the island except for the pacification thereof," which accomplished the "government of the island would be left in control of its people."

The island has been pacified for two years and is still occupied by U. S. troops and governed by men sent out from Washington, and there is intimation as to when this will cease and the government of the island be turned over to its people. We have undertaken the task of building a "stable" government for them, which means a government which comports which the American rather than the Cuban idea.

The Republican convention which met at Philadelphia and re-nominated McKinley reaffirmed the resolution to which we refet, and pledged the Republican party to carry it out in good faith, when it had already been broken in the spirit and in the letter. The Chicago Times-Herald, a Republican paper, quotes "one of Mr. McKinley's trusted advisers"

"It (universal suffrage) is not to be thought of for one moments It would e a miserable betrayal of all the peoole of substance and intelligence in the sland. These people look to the United States to see to it that a stable government is established to take the place of our own regime. They have faith that we will not abandon them to the miseries of rule by the ignorant

The new constitution of Cuba provides for universal suffrage, but t might be asked if "the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent," what business is it of ours whether they adopt universal or restricted suffrage? Have we a right in the face of our own solemn pledges to dictate to a 'free and independent" people what kind of suffrage they shall have?

But doesn't it border somewhat on self-stultification when Republican statesmen whose party foisted guniversal suffrage on the South, and did it practically at the point of the bayonet, too, declaim against restricted suffrage in the South while they protest against universal suffrage in Cuba, and make that a pretence for violating their solemn pledges, and refusing to recognize

the independence of Cuba? But the observance of pledges, or decent regard for consistency are two things that never stand in the way of the schemes of Republican statesmen.

Joseph Leon Gobeille, who is president of a big Pattern company of Cleveland, Ohio, is also an ardent church man. His church has been divided for some time on the retenof the pastor. Gobeille's father sided with the faction opposed to the one his son belonged lution and perseverance worked up to, and thereupon young Gobeille to the top. England may do this showed what a pattern Christian now, as Lord Rosebery suggests, but and son he was by discharging his if she did she would not meet with father who for eighteen years had worked in the Pattern shop. The old man is poor too, and has to support the young man's mother, while the young brute is rich.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, of Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run annoy our troops," replied the step-father of his country.--Puck. down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything one of the inevitables, and with all her energy and all her perseverance and have a new lease on life. Only 50 the circumstances. To be able to do something is a privilege of which I am altogether unworthy,—Mary Luon.

ABSOLUTELY USELESS.

When Governor Stanley, of Kansas, was informed of the burning in Leavenworth of that negro assaulter of women, he became very indignant and concluded he would offer big rewards for the apprehension of the men who participated in these proceedings, but in view of the fact that there were five or more thousand people mixed up in it as active participants, or aiders and abettors, he reconsidered. Giving his reasons he

"It would be absolutely no use to ffer a reward, for if the guilty persons were arrested they would neces sarily have to undergo the first trial in Leavenworth county, and in the present condition of public sentiment here it would be absolutely useless to attempt to prosecute anybody there

Some time, a short time, too, before that a negro was burned at the stake in Colorado for the same crime. The Governor became very indignant, offered rewards and sent peremptory order to the sheriff of the county to arrest forthwith every participant in that burning whom he could find. In due time the response came that no participants could be found in that county. Like the burning in Leavenworth there was not a disguised man in the crowd and the father of the girl in both instances lighted the fire that consumed the culprit. Of course there would be no use in arresting any one for participating in these burnings, for no jury sould be found in either of the counties or States that would convict any of them. There are thousands of people who shudder at the cruelty of the punishment, but there are very few who would punish the

GEORGIA MARBLE

Georgia marble is coming in great demand for building purposes, much of it being shipped even up into the New England States, where it has to compete with Vermont marble. This is the marble that is to be used in the construction of the new building for the Department of Justice, in Washington, where large amounts of it had been previously used in other public and private buildings. The owners of the marble works at Marble Hill. Pickens county, Ga., were recently warded the contract for erecting that building against five other bidders, their bid being \$1,387,200, the next lowest \$1,426,990 and the highest \$1,597,922.

There are immense deposits of this stone in Georgia, and this interests us because the deposits extend into North Carolina, being found in Cherokee and other counties in inexhaustible quantities and of many varieties, and suitable for many purposes on account of the different colors and tints. As far as we know no use has been made of these marbles yet because they are somewhat out of the line of transportation, but the time will come when they will be utilized and prove a source of much

When the Chinese minister met David B. Hill in Albany a few days ago, Chinaman-like, he popped a lot of questions at him, leading off with Are you married? How many children have you? Where is your wife? Where do you live? &c. When David B. informed him that he had no wife, no children, and put up in a Roost, Wu said that was all wrong, that he should be taxed for remaining single, and the longer he remained single the more he ought to

TWINKLINGS.

- Poor Stuff: De Reader-"Is Scribbler a great poet?" De Booker-'I guess not. He had an ode accepted a celebration committee."-New York Weekly

- Sage-You don't believe, then hat we were originally monkeys? Uptodate-No; I've seen too many ackasses in my time to give credence to that theory,—Syracuse Herald. - Benevolent Party-"My man

don't you think fishing is a crue Angler-'Cruel? I should say so. I have sat here six hours, have not had a bite, and am nearly frozen to death."-Tit-Bits.

- A Point in Ethics .- "What is the law of compensation?" "Well, here's how it is: The things fe don't want are given us to console us for our lack of the things we want."-Chi cago Record.

- "He is accused of using money in his political campaign." answered Senator Sorghum, scornfully. "He didn't use money, He just wasted it."-Washington

- Mrs. Von Blumer-"Don't von think you would better get something for the children to play with dear Everything they have is used up Von Blumer-"All right. I'll order new set of furniture."—Harper's - "So you want to marry my

daughter? Well, what are your pros-"I expect to pects, young man?" come into possession of one hundred thousand dollars in a short time." "Why. that is just the amount of my daughter's fortune." "Yes; that's the hundred thousand I meant "—Life. "Respondence resoluted to the hundred thousand I meant the hundred thousand I meant "—Life." - Mr. Selfmade-"Remember. children, when I was a boy I often

went to bed hungry, and seldom had a square meal." Little Tommy (who is tired of hearing about it)—"Well, that just shows how much better off vou are since you've known us."-- Not Over Yet .- "Dear me This is really exasperating," sighed Aguinaldo, after reading the dispatch. "What's the matter, love?" inquired his wife anxiously. "Why, small bands of Americans still continue to

- The privilege of laboring is to be more and more precious. I would not choose the spot; I would not choose altogether unworthy,-Mary Lyon.





flowers. The little lips are always puckered to give or take a kiss. In homes where there are children, love reaches its fairest and sweetest proportions. In childless homes the kiss of wife and husband grows formal, and presently is neglected; the springs of love in the heart become choked for want of use and exercise. Childlessness is a great sorrow to many women. It is like a curse from Nature, who bids all creatures to be fruitful. It is not a curse but a misfortune. Often the conditions which cause childlessness are removable. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has brought joy to many a woman by giving her the happiness of motherhood. It gives to the womanly organs vigor and vitality, removes local obstructions, and practically does away with the pains and pangs of maternity.

There is no alcohol or narcotic in "Fa-

vorite Prescription." "I have never written you how grateful I am
to you for your help in securing good health
and one of the sweetest, dearest, thirteen pound
girls that ever came into a home," writes Mrs.
M. Vastine, of 647 South Liberty St., Galesburg,
III. "I took six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite
Prescription, four of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and four vials of 'Pleasant Pelleta.'
Before I had taken four bottles of the 'Favorite
Prescription' I was a new woman. I cannot Prescription' I was a new woman. I cannot make pen describe my heart-felt gratitude." To keep the bowels regular use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

THE POOR HEATHEN.

Let us go and find the heathen; let us take him by the hand: Let us take his evil from him. let us also take his land: Let us break it to him gently that it's wrong to be so nude.

And inculcate proper notions of the style, as it's pursued. Let us show him all the glories of the white man's kingdom come. And, by way of introduction, sell him ots of white man's rum.

Let us seek our heathen brother in be-

nighted lands afar. nd impress him with the wrongness of his habits as they are; Let us guide him slowly, surely, till he's nobly civilized. and has banished all his foibles,

his fancies, so despised; Let us show him how he's destined to go forward with a jump. Lest our grand, resistless progress take him midships with a bump Let us teach him that the bolo and th

dagger are not right. When the seven shooter follows up it barking with a bite; Let, us bring him to the gospel of the skirt and full dress suit,

And the glad and glorious tidings the proper shoe or boot; Let us lift the poor old heathen from the bog wherein he sticks, And explain to him the beauties of the game of politics.

Thus we'll lakor with the pagan till he understands our ways. And will ponder with a shudder his old unhappy days.

We will stock his land with clothing

we will dot it with golf links,

And he'll hail the architecture of th home of fancy drinks: and we'll get the glory for it-for th good that we will do-All the grand, impressive glory—and

ve'll get his money, too. -Baltimore American.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Goldsboro Argus: We regret o chronicle the death of Miss Ethel Parker, the 18-year old daughter of Mr J. W. Parker, Thursday morning, of typhoid fever.

- Newbern Journal: Mrs. Mary Simmons, wife of Mr. F. G. Simmons, and mother of Hon. F. M. Simmons. lied at her home at Oliver, in Jones county, on Thursday night; aged 78

- Mount Olive Advertiser: Our eaders will learn with profound re ret of the death of Mr. Daniel Lam ert, which occurred a few days ago Deceased was one of the most highly steemed citizens of this section. - Sanford Express: The stocknolders of the Sanford Cotton Mill

met here Tuesday. They were pleased with the showing made by the mill. It was decided to increase the stock from \$100,000 to \$125,000 and to fill the mill with machinery. Several new cottages will be built for operatives. - Tarboro Southerner: Wed-

nesday night a tenant house ou R H. Battle's Dunbar farm, about ten miles from here was burned and with it a colered child about a year old. The fire is believed to have been incendiary. Ii started in the loft or half upper story which was reached by an outside stairway.

- Carthage Blade: Last Monday, near Jackson Springs, in this county, a negro named Alex. Davis killed a white woman named Eliza Spain. The facts, as reported here, are that the woman was whipping Davis' dog, and he cut her throat with a razor. The woman was of bad character. and presented the Blade with specimen cans of tomatoes and peaches, which were canned by Mr. Comer. His outfit

Rev. J. R. Comer was in town Monday will turn out about 1,000 cans per day. Mr. Comer expects to plant largely of tomatoes and offers to buy all that his neighbors will raise. - Kinston Free Press: E. J.

Zennedy was before W. F. Dibble, P., Thursday on the charge of false pretence. He was bound over to court in the sum of \$200. This is the man who is on trial for bigamy. --Mr. Luke Russell, of Institute, was shot from ambush this (Friday) morn ing while on his way to Kinston to attend the trial of his brother in law, E. J. Kennedy, who was to have been tried for bigamy this morning before Justice W. F. Dibble. Kennedy recently married Russell's sister and he Russell), hearing that Kennedy had a wife in Florida, began corresponding with parties in that State. The correspondence resulted in the indict-

NASAL CATARRH quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole sur-face over which it diffuses itself. A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying or exciting to the diseased nembrane should not be used. Cream Balm is recognized as a specific. Price 50 cents at the druggists or by mail. A cold in the head immediately disappears when Cream Balm is used. E'y Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

or agents shot him.



SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Thomas Church, first mass, 7 A M.; bigh mass and sermon, 10:30 A M.; vesper, sermon, 7:45 P. M.

Rev. P. C. Morton will preach at Delgado Mills Sunday morning at the usual hour, and at 3 30 in the after-Rev. Dr. Carmichael will conduct

services at the Seamen's Bethel this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The public is invited. Christian Science services at the Masonic Temple, room 10, this morning

at 11:15 o'clock. Subject of Bible leson, "Truth." First Baptist Church, Rev. Calvin Blackwell, D. D., pastor: 11 A. M. Let us go hence; 7:30 P. M. "If Christ should come to Wilmington." St. James' Church-Services to day Holy communion, 7.45 A. M.; morn-

o'clock; Sunday school, 3.45 P. M. vening prayer, 5 o'clock. St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt past; English services to day at 11 A M and 7:30 P. M. Sundag school at 3:30 P. M. Everybody welcome.

ng prayer, litany and sermon, 11

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street, above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor Morning service only at 11 o'clock Sunday school at 9 45 A. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

Services in St. John's Church to lay, 2nd Sunday after Epiphany, by he rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, a 7.45 and 11 A. M. and 7.45 P M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Public ordially invited.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church, corner Fourth and Orange streets: Morning prayer, 11 a. m., Rt. Rev. Bishop A. A. Watson, officiating; evening prayer and sermon, 745 p. m., Rev. F. H. T. Horsfield officiating. Sunday School at 3,30 p. m. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited at both services.

SUNDAY SELECIONS.

- A soul deaf to God's voice is very easily charmed by the voice of the tempter .- Mrs. Balling Booth. - Prayer will make a man cease rom sin, or sin will entice a man to cease from prayer. - John Bunyan.

- An abundant life does not show itself in abundant dreaming, but in abundant living .- Drummond - Remember, your own soul must be illuminated before you can help others; the spring does not brim over with refreshing waters that has not a hidden source.—Light on the Hidden Way.

- We should see not only the and of God, but the hand of our Heavenly Father, full of mercy and loving kindness in all that befalls us. We should believe it to be best for us because it is his will.—George W. Rethune

- When men do anything for God, the very least thing, they never know where it will end, nor what amount of work it will do for him. Love's secret, therefore, is to be always doing things for God, and not to mind because they are very little.— F. W. Faber.

- The New York correspondent of the Congregationalist gives some figures which call for great searching of hearts. The Baptists lost in all five boroughs in Greater New York, their loss in all being 842 the Presbyterians lost 636, and the Reformed churches 200. What is the trouble?

- Life is a building. It rises slowly day by day, through the years. Every new lesson we learn lays block on the edifice which is rising silently within us. Every experience every touch of another life on ours, every influence that impresses us, every book we read, every conversa tion we have, every act of our com monest days, adds something to the invisible building.—J. R. Miller.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- It is to be noted that the Kansas officials who were responsible for the safety of the negro burned at the stake by a mob on Tuesday find excuses for the lynching quite as read ily as their kind have been accustomed to find denunciations for similar occurrences in the South .-Charleston Post, Ind.

Northern

CORN MEAL—
Per bushel, in sacks
Virginia Meal....

COTTON TIES—# bundle....
CANDLES—# b— - Cottonseed has achieved its Sperm.
Adamantine
OHEESE—B B—
Northern Factory.
Dairy Oream
Half Cream
OOFFEE—B B place among the important staples of the United States. Hereafter the price of cottonseed will be officially quoted by the exchanges of Memphis and New Orleans, and the cotton planting farmers of the South who are at the pains to take and read the no longer be at a disadvantage in selling their product without proper knowledge of its value.—Philadelphia Record, Dem.

- "Tedddy," with his head in snowbank and his heel in the air, and a dead grizzly within fifteen feet of him, offers a fine opportunity to the comic genius who gave the public so many amusing pencil sketches of him during the campaign. It makes a great difference with some folks whether they are the hunters or the hunted; for, a grizzly is no respecter of persons. -Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of |Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. d., Jan. 20, 1901. SCHOONERS

Wm F Camphell, 169 tons, Strout, George Harriss, Son & Co. W R Perkins, 143 tons, Gay, George Harriss, Son & Co. Carrie A Bucknam, 235 tons, Torrey, J T Riley & Co. Chas C Lane, 306 tons, Hamell George Harriss, Son & Co. Chas. H. Sprague, 260 tons, Harper, George Harriss, Son & Co. Nellie Floyd, 457 tons, Nielsen, George Harriss, Son & Co.

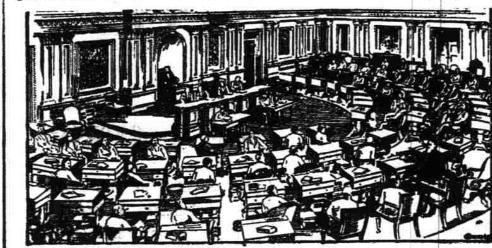
STEAMSHIPS. Khio, (Br) 1,563 tons, Williams, Heide Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown, Alexander Sprunt & Son. Chatfield, (Br) 1,904 tons, Hill, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BARGE. Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Jones, Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the pub-lic to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds have given away over ten mil lion trial bottles of this great medicine and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthms, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, and get a 10 cents trial bot-tle. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed or price re-funded.

CATARRH A NATIONAL CALAMITY. [Prominent members of Congress that owe their health to Pe-ru-na.]



Congressman Brewer.

Hon. Willis Brewer, Representative

in Congress from Alabama writes the

"I have used one bottle of Pe-ru-na

for lassitude, and I take pleasure in

recommending it to those who need a

good remedy. As a tonic it is excellent.

In the short time I have used it, it has

done me a great deal of good. Willis

Congressman Meekison.

couraged to believe that its continued

use will fully eradicate a disease of

thirty year's standing. David Meekison,

United States Senator Sullivan.

ing Pe-ru-na for some time for catarrh,

and have found it an excellent medicine,

giving me more relief than anything I have ever taken. W. V. Sullivan, Ox-

United States Senator McEnery.

Senator from Louisiana, says the follow-

"Pe-ru-na is an excellent tonic. I

Congressman W. P. Brownlow.

"I have suffered with catarrh of the

stomach for several years and for the

Hon. S. D. McEnery, United States

"I desire to say that I have been tak-

Brewer, Hayneville, Ala.".

Meekison, Mem-

head and feel en-

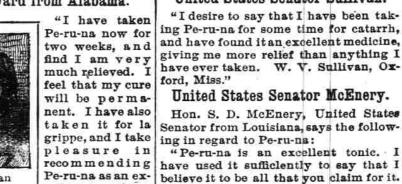
Napoleon, O."

ford, Miss."

Our nation is passing through a great political crisis. Whether our national policy is to be one of territorial expansion, or whether we are to remain aloof following letter to Dr. Hartman: from international complications, is the supreme question confronting our Congress. The attention of the world is directed toward us. The deliberations of eur Congress have come to be of inter-

national importance. But this consideration affects only our external welfare. Our domestic problems are not one bit less important. We have serious questions before us that relate only to home interests. Chief among them is the health of our ber of Congress people. Catarrh has already become a from Ohio, says national curse. Its ravages extend from of Pe-ru-na: "I ocean to ocean. More than one-half of have used sevthe people are affected by it. It has be- eral bottles of come such a serious matter that it has Pe-ru-na and feel passed the boundaries of the medical greatly benefited profession and become a national ques- thereby from my tion. Senators are talking about it; catarrh of the Cougressmen are discussing it. They are not only considering the extent and chronic nature of the disease, but the possibility of finding a national remedy

to meet this national calamity. Cong. Howard from Alabama.



cellent remedy to S. D. McEnery, New Orleans, Louisiall fellow suf- ana." M. W. Howard, Fort Payne, Ala." Congressman Worthington.

Hon, H. G. Worthington, Congresspast twelve months was in an exceedman from Nevada, and Ex-Minister to ingly critical condition. My attention was called to your Pe-ru-na and I began Argentine Republic, says in a letter written to Dr. Hartman: to use it, and my improvement was "Allow me to express my gratitude to noticeable after the first three days. I you for the benefit derived from your have taken three bottles of the medicine Pe-ru-na and it has benefited immensely if not permanently cured. In connec-

a case of catarrh of some months stand- tion with the Pe-ru-na, I have used your ing. I cordially commend its use to all Man-a-lin for biliousness and torpid similarly afflicted. H. G. Worthington, Washington, D. C." Congressman Snover.

"I have found Pe-ru-na a very efficient and speedy remedy for a persistent and annoying cough resulting from catarrhal trouble. Horace G. Snover, Port Austin,

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

of the articles quoted
The following quotations represent
Wholesale Prices generally. In making up
small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BRICKS-Wilmington W M.

DOMESTICS-

FLOUR-9 D

Dry salt ...
HAY \$ 100 bs
No 1 Timothy
Bice Straw...

New New York, each..... New City, each

North Carolina 9 b.....

Laguyra.....

FLOUR-W No.

Low grade
Choice
Straight
First Patent
GLUE-W No.
GRAIN-W bushelCorn, from store, bgs-White
Mixed Corn.
Car-load, in bgs-White.
Oats, from store
Oats, Rust Proof.
Cow Peas.

Oow Peas.
HIDES—W B—
Green salted.
Dry flint.

Western
North River
HOOP IRON, \$ b

Northern 634
LIME \$\mathbf{b}\text{ arrel} 1 15
LUMBEE (city sawed) \$\mathbf{m}\text{ ft} \text{ ft} \text{ sawed} 18 00
Rough edge Plank 15 00
West India cargoes, according to quality 18 0b

Bump. Prime. 12, 9 10.

SUGAR, \$ b—Standard Gran's
Standard A
White Extra C.
Extra C, Golden.
O Yellow.
SOAP, \$ b—Northern.
STAVES, \$ M—W. O. barrel.
B. O. Hogshead.
TIMBER, \$ M feet—Shipping.
Common mill

SALT, Sack, Alum

Common mill
Fair mill
Prime mill
Extra mill
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed
M 6x24 heart
Bap.
5x30 Heart

WHISKEY, 9 gallon Northern

Bears the

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Schr. Edith H Symington, Stiles,

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Mullets, \$\pi\$ barrel... 3 50

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N. C. Roe Herring, \$\pi\$ keg... 3 00

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COMMERCIAL.

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Having been benefited so much myself,

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may be likewise benefited. W.P.Brown-

low, M. C., Jonesboro, Tenn."

WILMINGTON MARKET STAR OFFICE, January 19.

Holiday-No quotations. FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Jan. 19.-Money on call was easier at 11/2 per cent. Prime mer cantile paper 3 1/2 04 1/4 per cent. Sterling exchange nominally firm; actual busi ness in bankers' bills at 487 1/4 @487 1/8 for demand and 483 1/2 for 60 days. Posted rates were 484@484¼ and 488. Commercial bills 482%@483%. Silver certificates 641/20651/2. Bar silver 33. Mexican dollars 49. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong. U.S. refunding 2's reg'd, 105%; U.S. refund'g 2's coupon, 1051/8; U.S. 2's, reg'd,—; U.S. 3's, reg'd,1091/4; do. coupon, 110; U.S. 4's. new reg'd, 1361; do. coupon 1371; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 1131; do. coupon, 11314; U. S. 5's, reg'd 110½: do. coupon, 110½; Southern R'y 5's 112½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 86¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 37½; Manhattan L 112; N. Y. Centra 140; Reading 301/6; do. 1st pref'd 961/4 St. Paul, 146; do. pref'd, 188; South ern Railway 1814; pref'd 6914; Ameri can Tobacco, 1111/2; do. pref'd 136 People's Gas 97; Sugar 132½; do. pref'd 118½; T. C. & Iron 55; U. S. Leather 113/8; do. preferred 731/2; Western Union 81 1. Standard Oil 795@800. BALTIMORE, January 19.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 101/01014; do.preferred 26@26 1/4. Bonds-4's 70.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

SAVANNAH, January 19 .- Holiday, CHARLESTON, Jan. 19 .- Spirits tur pentine firm at 37c; sales — casks Rosin firm and unchanged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 .- Rosin dull Strained common to good \$170. Spirits turpentine dull at 40@40 %c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

market opened firm, with prices three

to ten points higher, and exhibited

NEW YORK, January 19 -The cotton

many evidences of underlying strength pretty much throughout the session. Speculation later was sluggish and of an evening up type. The commission interests were slow to buy, in view of the manipulation in current month contracts. The South, Europe and room bulls, however, supported the market with great confidence on every sign of a reaction. The influ ences which brought about the initial advance were bullish public and pri vate cables from Liverpool and small port and interior receipts. Reiteration of reports that spot cotton South was hardening on increased export demand and predictions for very light port arrivals next week helped to create a friendly feeling toward the market among hesitant Wall street and Western parties. Week end statements from American and English cotton mills were cheerful beyond an-

The market for futures closed quiet with prices net unchanged to seven points higher. NEW YORK, Jan. 19. - Cotton dull: middling uplands 10c.
Cotton futures market closed quiet:
January 9.76, February 9.44, March
9.42, April 9.40, May 9.41, June 9.39,
July 9.37, August 9.10, September 8.55,

ticipation. Conservative parties esti-mated the "in sight" this week at 200,-

000 to 210,000 bales, 255,371 last week, 212,011 last year, 220,610 in 1899 and 275,390 in 1898.

October 8.28. Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 10c; middling gulf 101c; sales

Net receipts 700 bales; 21005 1 .206 bales; exports to Great R 153 bales; exports to the Co 651 bales; stock 99,314 bales. Total to day-Net receipts pales: exports to Great Britain bales; exports to France 22,290 h exports to the Continent 21.50 tock 838,939 bales.

Consolidated-Net receipts pales; exports to Great Emplain 18 oales; exports to France 22.290 exports to the Continent 21,409 h Total since September 1st eipts 4,991,475 bales . expor Britain 1,894 303 bales: xport France 456,363 lales; exp

January 19 -0 lalveston, stead %c, net receipts 5,350 olk, holiday, net receip s 513 Baltimore, nominal a receipts — bales; Boston, dull 3%c, net receipts 570 bales: mington, firm at 91/4c, net recei 104 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 1 net receipts 104 bales; Savann holiday, net receipts 4,150 New Orleans, firm at 9 9 16c receipts 6.346 bales: Mobile, stea at 93%, net receipts 188 bales; Ma phis, steady at 91/2, net receipts a bales; Augusta, firm at 95gc. receipts 510 bales; Charleston, fir Mc, net receipts 1 254 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning st. NEW YORK, January 19.-Flour nominal and weak, closing dull at mer prices; Minnesota patents \$40 425; winter patents \$3 65@4 00. V -Spot dull; No. 2 red 7914c f. affeat. Options opened firm covering but yielded to subsequent loading and ruled somewhat weak the forenoon, under big North westreceipts. Closed weak at a pan %c net advance. No. 2 red uary 78%c; March 78%c; May clos 79 %c: July closed 78 %c. Corn-8 steady; No. 2 47c at elevator. Option were steady but quiet on unsatisfac ry condition of arrivals West and so offerings- Closed steady and changed. Sales-January closed March closed 45%c; 2014 44%c. Oats—Spot que 44%c. Options inactive: No. 2 30%c. Options inactive steady. Lard—The market was d. Western steam \$7 75; refined steam continent \$7 85; South American & compound 5½@5%c. Butter in Western creamery 16@23c; dairy 14@21c. Eggs-Market fir State and Pennsylvania 22@250 mark, for average lots; Western relar packing 22@23%c. Cheese firm fancy large, fall made 111/4@11 small fancy, fall made 12/2/212; Pork steady; family \$15 00@15 short clears \$14 50@17 00; mess \$13 7 1475. Potatoes steady; Jersey \$12 75; New York \$1 50@1 87%; Lo Fr Island \$1 75@2 00; Jersey sweets # ONE @3 00. Petroleum dull; refined N SAGI York \$7 45; Philadelphia and Ba Fr more \$7 40; do. in bulk \$4 sagi Fallow steady ; city (\$2 per package) ONE Mc; country (packed free) 54@5 Fro Cabbage quiet and steady : Long Islan per 100, \$3 00@4 (Peanuts steat sagifancy hand-pickets 4 2 @5c; other sagi mestic 5c. Rice steady; domestic, to extra 3%@6%c. Freights to L erpool-Cotton by steam 16c. seed oil was slow and about steat wth practically no change in quotations: Prime crude, in a rels, 261/4@27c, nominal; prime sa mer yellow 30 1/2c; off summer yello 291/c; prime white 34@35c; pm winter yellow 35%@36c, prime na NE

\$25 00. Coffee-Spot Rio dull; No.? roice 7%, nominal; mild quiet. Corde 8@12%c. Sugar-Raw easy; fair ret ing 3 1-16c; centrifugal, 96 test 451 malasses sugar 3 9 16c refined on standard A \$5 30 : confectioners' A \$5 cut loaf \$6 00; crushed \$6 00; powde \$5 60; gran, suci \$5 50; cubes \$5! mould A \$5 85. CHICAGO, Jan. 19 -Board of Tra markets were dull to day. When was a trifle steadier on the belief the

liquidation is about over, but closed a net decline of to on slack outsi support. Corn closed a shade high and oats unchanged. Provisions close se to 121c depressed. CHICAGO, Jan. 19. - Cash quotation Flour dull; winter patents \$3 60@3 winter straights \$3 20@3 55: wid clears \$2 30@3 20; spring speci Daily -; do. patents \$3 60@3 80; bakt

\$3 20@2 .60; straights \$3 10@3 Wheat-No. 3 spring 71@73c: No.21 73@74%c. Corn—No. 2, 37@37% 0 -No. 2 24 1/4 @24 1/2 c; No. 2 white 261 27c: No. 3 white 261/2 @27c. Pm per barrel, \$13 85@13 90. Lard, per bs, \$7 35@7 371/2. Short rib sides low \$7 00@7 20. Dry salted shoulder \$6 25@6 50. Short clear at ISTI boxed \$7 00@7 20. Whiskeytillers' finished goods.per gallon, 11! The leading futures ranged as lows—opening, highest, lowest a Price closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 71 1%, 71%, 71%; February 72.72@71 71%, 71%@71%; May 74%@74%, 74 37c; May 3814 @38%, 38%, 38%, 38%c. Oats-January 23%, 23% 23%c; May 25%@25¼, 25¼, 25%. Pork, per bbl-January \$14 05, 13 77%, 13 77; May \$14 20, 14 20, 1

FOREIGN MARKET

14 05. Lard, per 100 lbs-Janu 87 40, 7 40, 7 35, 7 35; March 47

7 4214. 7 3714, 7 3714; May \$7 50 7 53, 7 45, 7 45. Short ribs, per 100

-January \$6 971/2; May 7 171/4.

By Cable to the Morning State
Liverpoot, January 19, 1 I Cotton—Spot, quiet; prices nigher; American middling 29 32d; good middling 5 %d; midding 5 17 32d; low middling 5 %d; ordinary 51/6d; ordinary 47/6d. sales of the day were 6,000 bale which 300 bales were for speculat and export and included 4,900 b American. Receipts 10,000 bales, cluding 5,900 bales American. Futures opened and closed stead American middling (l. m. c.) Janu 26-64d seller; January and Febru 24 64@5 25 64d seller: February March 5 21 64@5 22 64d seller; Mg and April 5 19 64@5 20 64d self April and May 5 17 64d buyer; and June 5 15 64d buyer; June 1 or July 5 12 64@5 13 64d buyer; July August 5 9 64@5 10-64d buyer: gust and September 4 60-64@4 61 eller; September 4 60 64@4 61 seller; October (g. o. c.) 4 44 64d 100 nal; October and November (g. o. c

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