WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY

MAKING PLEAS TO VIOLATE

PLEDGES. The majority of the Republican organs which sustain the policy of the Administration as to the acquisitions from Spain and the island of Cuba, have for some time been putting up pleas in advance to justify holding on to Cubs indefinitely if not perpetually. The line they follow is something similar to this, which we clip from the New York

"The strange idea is expressed in some quarters that the United States Government has no right to rejec, amoud or criticise tim Cuban constitution, but must without question agree to whatever instrument the Coustitutional Convention may frame and immediately withdraw from the island. It is added that the United States has, of course, no right to demand any advance agreement as to the relations that are to exist between Cuba and this country, but must take its chances of equitable treatment along with all other nations and on the same terms with them."

Following this up it argues: "The irrational character of such conceptions of United States rightsand, we may add, duties-in Cuna will be obvious if we review briefly the circumstances of the intervention of 1898. Everybody knows that inter vention was not made solely for the sake of Cuban independence. It was to put a stop to intolerable conditions of misgovernment and to secure the establishment of a new order which would not be a menace to us or an offence to the world 'I ask the Congress,' wrote the Presi dent in his 'intervention messige," 'to empower the 'President to take measures * * * to secure in the island the establishment of a stable government capable of maintaining order and observing its international obligations, insuring peace and trauquility and the security of its citizens as well as our owa." And in the same memorable document he protested that the war in Cuba must stop "in the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered A nerican interests, which give us the right and the duty to speak and act '

Congress authorized the President to intervene, but instead of echoing all he said in these quoted extracts it solemnly and unanimously declared as follows:

"That the people of Caba are and of right out to be free and independent.
"That the United States hereby dis claims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination when that is accom plished to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

Is there any doubt as to the meaning of a resolution as plainly phrased as that? "The people of Cubs are and of right ought to be free and independent." Is that susceptible of more than one construction? Was it intended that it

on: but to emphasize it and leave the motives and attitude of the United States beyond question or suspicion the first was supplementintention of asserting or exercising dominion save for the purpose of pacification, and when that was done they would withdraw from the islands and turn the Government over to the people of Cuba. A resolution subsequently adopted speaks about stable Government but that was an afterthought and was probably put in as a sort of hedging scheme the same as the interest of corporated in the Philippine resolution adopted by the Senate on the cities of the North and West. ratification of the treaty with Spain.

The Tribune quotes phrases from the President's message showing what he asked Congress to do, but standing out in bold relief against these is the resolution adopted unanimously by Congress, the solemn pledge to Cuba and the world as to the motives that inspired this Government in espousing the cause While with the masses of the peo-

ple of the United States it was a case of sympathy with the Cubans struggling for liberty, sympathy intensified by the atrocities perpetrated by the Spanish generals in command, no one supposes that it was sympathy alone which influenced the powers at Washington to act. They justified intervention partly on the ground of the injury done this country by the continued strife in the island, the loss in trade, etc., and it is more than probable that even then they hoped to turn intervention to some account in securing a dominating influence in the island and thus reaping benefits that would compensate for intervention. This cropped out pretty soon after the landing of the American troops, and the little regard those in command paid to the Cuban army or their use for three weeks, and am now the commanders of that army, both of whom took very little part in the victim." No one should fail to try mand paid to the Cuban army or active operations against the Spaniards. The fact is they were practically ignored, and to such an extent that the Cuban General in command talked about disbanding his army and retiring from the field. The Cuban soldiers were purposely kept in the background, just as the Filiipno soldiers were after the arrival at Manila of the American army. This caused considerable friction and soon

That this programme was the result of studied deliberation there is but little doubt, for the ease with which Cubs was captured, the almost hopeless condition to which the

led to war in the Philippines.

Cubans were reduced, and the prospective richness of the prize excited the cupidity and the greed of the war directors and the disinterested motive was forgotton and the solemn

pledge ignored. They can't lay any claim to sover eignty over Cubs, for that was ex pressly disclaimed in advance, but with a characteristic trickery they now assert that we owe duties to ourselves, to Cuba and the world that require us to exercise supervision over her constitution, and to hold on until a "stable" government, (whatever that may mean), is/established. Any government which guards the lives and the property of the citizens and leaves them free to go and come and enjoy their earn ings without peril or molestation, that gives one citizen or person the protection of the laws the same as is given to other persons, where every one has a chance to live, to pursue his avocation in peace and security, w thout oppression, and the laws based on justice are supreme, that ought to be a "stable" government that would meet the requirements regardless of the particular phraseology of constitutions, etc., and if this is the kind of government the Cubans propose for themselves it is no business of ours by what forms

they reach that. All this talk about stable government, as the Republican organs and party tricksters understand it, all this talk about duty to ourselves. to the Cubans and to the world is the veriest subterfuge, too apparent to deceive any one with an ordinary amount of common sense. Cuba may come to us some day, but if she ever does it shouldn't be by hypocrisy and thest, but by her own voluntary action.

CANNED GOODS. A canning firm in Wilkesboro shipped to St. Louis several days ago four car loads of canned blackberries, worth \$5,000, and had five more car loads of other canned goods to be shipped to the same market later, from which it appears that one canning firm, at least, in the State is doing a pretty large business and is going about it in a business like way by finding a mar ket outside of the State for its goods. This first shipment of berries didn't cost a cent except for picking and canning, as they grow in the woods and are picked principally by children and other people who have little to do. What they bring in might be called clear gain. For years the North Carolina

blackberry has been in demand in the West, and agents from firms that deal in the have been in the habit of making annual visits to the berry packing towns to make were berries dried in the sun and packed in barrels, not a very nice thing to look at, but apparently relished by the Western pie eaters. ed with the second clause solemnly The canning is a decided improvedeclaring that the United had no ment on the drying method, and we have no doubt will prove more

There is a big opening for this industry in connection with the canning of other fruits and vegetables, for the blackberry is one of the never-fail crops, which grows in the greatest abundance in all sections of the State and lasts through several weeks. There is little danger of over-doing the business, as the United States' phrase was in- there is always a reasonably good demand for the berry in the large

Chinese women are scarce and in demand in San Francisco, where fellows (Chinese) make money by importing them and selling them to other Chinamen. Five were sold a few day ago at prices ranging from \$1,700 to \$2,500. Thatakind of traffic has been going a for years and there does not sem to have been any serious efforts made to put a stop to it, although the purpose for which these girls are imported and sold is pretty generally understood.

A negro in Alabama was recently caught stealing a dead hog and couldn't deny it or claim an alibi He undertook to tote the hog, which was a heavy one, and in crossing a fence a rail broke, the hog fell on him and broke his neck.

Robbed the Grave. A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain contin-ally in back and sides, no appetite gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicans had given me up. Fortunately, a friendly advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement, I continued them. Only 50 cts, guaranteed, at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store.

IN ALL STAGES of Nasal Catarrh there should be cleanliness. As experience proves, Ely's Cream Balm is a cleanser, soother and healer of the a cleanser, soother and healer of the diseased membrane. It is not drying nor irritating, and does not produce sneezing. Price 50 cents at druggists, or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. Upon being placed into the nostrils, it spreads over the membrane and relief is immediate. It is an agreeable cure.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOME PERTINENT QUESTIONS FOR MR. WILSON.

During the Presidential campaign the Republican party managers drafted into the service nearly all the cabinet officers, who took part in the campaign either with speeches or interviews in the newspapers, so now Boss Hanna has drafted Secretary of Agriculture Wilson to help him boost his ship subsidy grab. Accordingly Mr. Wilson has been writing to the farmers, telling them Hanna's subsidy scheme will be a good thing for them. But he is not having it all his own way, for some of the agricultural journal. which speak for the farmers and are supposed to know what their sentiments are, are calling Mr. Wilson to task and are asking him some very pertinent questions, among them the Rural New Yorker, one of the leading and ablest journals of that kind in the country. In adlate issue it. calls Mr. Wilson to task and propounds some inquiries, as follows: "Secretary of Agriculture Janes

Wilson has declared in favor of the shipping bill which provides large sub sidies for American ships Re says that farmers need better freight ser vice to foreign countries, and gives instances to show where important freight has been delayed. He then says that from every point of view we should not depend on foreign ships, but that Americans should carry American freight We agree with the secretary, though we know from experience that t often pays better to hire some one ise to carry your produce than to do your own hauling. If Mr. Wilson wishes to give the farmers real advice he should not stop with what they already know, but go on and tell us why the rich ship builders and steel makers need belp from the govern That is the point to be dis-Why should the farmers be ment. taxed to support a class of people who are better able to provide for themselves than most business men?

"Mr. Wilson is quoted as saying that he knew from correspondence that there is a practically universal sentiment among the farmers in favor of the bill, and that those who are against it are mainly those who do not under stand what advantages the bill will bring to the farmers. Our experience and observation indicate just the re verse of that statement. The farm papers of the country are outspoken against the bill. The few farmers who talk to us in favor of it seem to have an idea that it is a party measure which will make their party stronger with certain rich men or in certain localties. There are many farmers who now see in their own business the results of former indirect taxation schemes. Here is their question, Mr. Secretary - perhaps you will answer it. Why, if our manufacturers can outdo the world on machinery and material, do they not build their own ships without help?"

The promoters of all these schemes go on the assumption that the farmers have not the discriminating judgment to tell the difference between a grab like the ship subsidy and a piece of honest legislation by which they and other may be benefitted, and the habit has been to try to make them believe that all such jobs are for their benefit. That's the way they were talked to to win tariff, which has cost them millions of dollars without any compensating benefit, and that's what they are told to win their endorsement of the Grout oleomargarine bill, and this is what Mr. Wilson tells them to fool them into supporting Hanna's subsidy steal. It is now in order for him to answer some of the pertinent questions propounded by the Rural New Yorker.

TWO SIDES TO IT.

The habit has been to hold the Chinese people responsible for all the outrages in China, and while no one will excuse or palliate the atrocities perpetrated by the Boxers, there are still, two sides to this question and the atrocities perpetrated by the representatives of the socalled Christian powers should not be forgotten. In a recent sermon before a missionary society in New York Bishop Potter thus rebuked the outrages which have done so much to retard the progress of Christianity in China, and brought disgrace upon Christian nations. He

"If I were called upon to-night for brief for either of the two great contestants in the present struggle be ween China and the powers, I should choose in favor of China. In my opinion, we should be ashamed of our selves for our treatment of the Chinese. We have trampled on their most sacred traditions, we have ridiculed and scoffed at their gods, we have laughed at their ancestor wom hip. Is t any wonder that the Chinese have risen against us? Our treatment of the Chinese has been a disgrace to our religion, and we should despise our selves for it. We have sent men over there who are not Christians, but savages, and who have trailed the name

of Christian in the dust. "What we need to do first of all is to convert the people we send to the Chinese, and then convert the Chinese. We must do this before we can ever be successful in our missions. should create a public sentiment that will raise up our whole treatment of the Orientals. Instead of scoffing at their gods, let us show them a better one in our own Christianity. Let us treat them like brothers. Our tradesmen have gone there to get what they can. The Christian tradesmen and travellers have been at the bottom of all the trouble in China, and their savagery has caused all the trouble.

-- If the ship subsidy advocates have not abandoned .the argument that the proposed bounty would be the means of providing swift steamers that would render invaluable service as auxiliary cruisers in the event of war, they ought to. As something I can scarcely remember a matter of fact steamers engaged in doing before. I feel like sounding the merchant service would hunt for safe harbors in the event of an outbreak of war, and would stay out of harm's way untill the war was over. They would be pratically use-less in these days of swift armored cruisers .- Savannah News. Dem.

- Elsie-"Ma, what is a 'white lie?" Ma-"Well, my child, the milk we have served to us here in the city is a fair specimen of one.

Springtime

it is in Nature generally. It is the time of promise. As the young girl draws near to that mysterious line "Where womanhood and girlhood meet," her whole destiny is in a measure being determined. How

young girl, under the influence of the change the change, withers and droops like some blighted bud. Nature generally needs some little help at this critical period, and this help in its best form is contained in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, and gives the vigor of per-fect health to the womanly organs. It contains no alcohol, neither opi-

um, cocaine, nor other narcotic.

Miss Emma Lee, of Williford, Sharp Co., Ark., writes: "I was suffering severely and tried several doctors' remedies, but received only very little relief; therefore, I feel it my duty to write and let other sufferers know what your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' have done for me. I took eight bottles of 'Pavorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' six vials of the 'Pellets,' also one bottle of your 'Compound Extract of Smart-Weed.' As soon as I had taken the first bottle I could see that the mediciae was helping me. I had disease of internal organs with bronchitis and catarrh. I also used the local treatment you suggested."

The sluggish liver can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

8 E KISER

Men couldn't steam across the sea, A hundred years ago, And money wasn't all they thought Worth having here below; They had no elevators then To hoist them through the air,

And yet they thought, the poor old guys, That they were wonderful and wise, And that the world was fair.

Men couldn't talk by telephone, A hundred years ago, They so wed and reaped and thrashed by hand,

And when the streams were low They had to stop the mills and wait For God's good rain to fall, And yet they proudly went about With heads held high and chests pushed out,

And thought they knew it all Their battleships were made of wood A hundred years ago, And oh, the weak old ways they had For laving people low! They had no lightning train on which And yet thes: poor, benighted men Supposed that things were perfect

Alas! but they were green! Men had to load each time they shot, A hundred years sgo, And then, alas! they had no gas To light things here below! There were no trolley cars to dodge

No horseless things to tame, And yet, poor fools, they thought that Had all the blessings, in their day,

That men might ever claim! But they had pessimists around A hundred years ago, Who mourned because their sons could

ne'er
And they predicted dire things— They thought the end was near; They fancied that the devil then Worked overtime in arging men To start red havoc here. -Chicago Times-Herald.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

- Forgive your enemies and conquer your aversions. - Christ is God's best argument for the truth of Christianity. - Good company and good con-

versation are the sinews of virtue. - If God were to smile upon the man who hates his brother, devils

would soon be happy. - He who carves his own fortune should use the enisel of truth and the mallet of definite purpose.

- A little gain in patience to-day a little more trust to morrow-that's the way a Christian life grows. - If, in some modern churches the women should "keep silence," there would be a stillness that could be

- Not as men of science, not as critics, not as philosophers, but as lit tle children, shall we enter into the kingdom of heaven.

- Disappointment in children is a stroke of calamity as destructive of happiness in the parental heart as the lightning's stroke. - Those who try to do right

grow into the habit of doing right. Not only so, but, what is better still, her learn to love right.-Southern Christian Advocate.

- "Never give unnecessary pain. The cricket is not the nightingale why tell him so? Throw yourself into the place of the cricket-the process is newer and more ingenious, and it is what charity commands.-Amiel.

- Greenville Reflector: A terrible accident occurred at Ayden Thursday afternoon at the saw mill of Mr. W H. Basden. The governor belt to the engine broke and the engine "run away." This frightened the fireman so that he fled. Mr. Basden started to the engine with the intention of stopping it by shutting off the steam. By the time he reached it the engine had gained such terrific momentum that the drive wheel burst all to pieces. One of the spokes from this whee struck Mr. Basden in the abdomen and almost disemboweled him. He died in a few hours.

A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of unie E Springer, of 1125 Howard st , Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, its praises throughout the Universe.".
So will ever one who tries Dr. King's
New Discovery for any trouble of the
Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c.
and \$100. Trial bottle 10c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Rev. E. E. Lane will address the men's meeting at 1 de Y. M. C. A. at 5 o'clock this aft racon. Christian Science services at the Masonic Temple, room 10, this morning at 11.15 o'clock. Subject of Bible lesson "Spirit."

Services in St. John's Church to day, Septuagesima Sunday, by the rector at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 3 30 P. M. Services in St. James' church: Litany, Holy Communion and sermon,

o'clock; Sunday School, 3.45 'clock; evening prayer, 5 o'clock. St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt pastor. English services to-day at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sun-

day school at 3.3) P. M. Everybody welcome. The musical programme of last Sunday night will be repeated at the First Buplist church to-night, but the sermon will not be repeated. The subject to-night will be, "When There is no Vision They Perish."

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street, above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning service only at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 9 45 A. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

First Baptist Church Rev. Calvin 8. Blackwell, D. D. pastor. 11 A. M. Rev. divingston Johnson will preach; at 45 P. M. the pastor will speak on When there is no vision the public perish." The musical programme last Sunday night will be repeated. St. Paul's Episcopal church, corner

Fourth and Orange streets: Morning prayer and litany at 11 A. M.; evening prayer and sermon at 7 45 P. M. Rev. F. H. T. Horsfield officiating at the evening service. Sunday School at 2.30 P. M. Seats free. All are wel-

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Sanford Express: The Sanford proom factory is doing a good business and is receiving more orders than it

- Kinston Free Press: Mrs. Pennie Haywood, aged 77 years, died at the home of her son, Mr. L A Hay.

wood, near Treuton, last Sunday. - Goldsboro Argus: The table factory received an order this week from Chicago for a car load of tables, amounting in cash to something near Carthage Blade: The Carthage

Furniture Factory is now in full blast making furniture. Their first order was for 75 bed room suits and they have a number of good orders al ead

- Weldon News: Efforts are beng made by well known capitalists to stablish a national bank here. We learn that about \$25,000 have already been subscribed and the bank will certainly be established. - Chadbourn Messenger: The

sira wherey crop is reported short in all the fruit growing sections, attributable to the failure of the truckers to get in early plants on account of the drought last Summer. With these prevailing circumstances in view, the outlook for good prices the coming season is bright. -- Smithfield Herald: Many John-

ston county farmers have been very successful in raising tobacco, but LO or e has made a greater success than bss Mr. J. M. Langdom, of Elevation township. Mr. Langdon planted only to o acres the past season and sold his crop for \$457.65.

TWINKLINGS.

- A Severe Blow: "That will be a popular song," commented the composer's friend. "Is it as bad as that?" grosned the composer .- Detroit Free Press. - Hungry Customer-"Waiter,

here I've been waiting for over half an hour for those deviled crabs." "Oh, sir, but you must remember that crabs always move slow.' - "Did you do nothing to resus-

citate the body?" was recently asked of a witness at a coroner's inquest. 'Yes, sir; we searched the pockets," was the reply .- Sacred Heart Review. - "Sometimes I'm almost glad the Boers didn't win." "For what reason?" "Had they won out the BU Paul Kruger style of whiskers might have become the fashion."

- He Paid for It-"There goes a man with a very interesting history,' said the clerk in the book store. "You don't say?" inquired the customer. "How do you know?" "I just sold it to him."-Philadelphia Press.

- Wife-"We must have Miss Skreech and Mr. Bellow from the choir to help entertain those friends of yours to night." Husband—"Most assuredly not." Wife—"Why not? You said they were musical people." Husband -"That's why, exactly.

- "He is not a genuine literary man," said Hiland to Halket, refersions. "How do you know?" always uses the word 'extract' instead of 'except.' "- Pittsburg Chronicle. Telegraph.

- Rev. Windley-"Now that Lent is approaching you should think of performing some penitential act."
Miss Pert—"Oh, I do. I expect t come and hear you preach every Sun-day."-Philadelphia Record.

- Casey-"Since the Hoolihans got rich, I sh'pose they're t'rowin' on all kinds av shtoile." Murphy-"I sh'd say so! They've changed th' goat's name t' Nannette, b'gob?"-Batimore American. - Depends on the Victim-

There are two kinds of grib going round." "What are they?" kind a person ets who can afford to stay in bed, and the kind a person gets who can't afford to stay in bed."-Chicago Record.

- The Typo to Blame-Visitor (angrily)--"See here, sir. You called me a political jobber in your paper this morning." Editor-"Yes, but that was a mistake." Visitor-"Ah! You admit that." Editor-"Certainly. wrote 'robber' very plainly."-Phila delphia Press.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- Farmers should not get the idea that there is any guarantee that cotton will go to 10 cents next year. It will be possible to overdue the thing this year, just as it has been done in other years by an all-cotton craze. - Augusta Chroniele, Dem.

There is a great revival of shipbuilding in all Connecticut yards. Notably, at Groton two big steamers for the Pacific trade are employing 325 workman to build them: and so, at Noank, at Mystic and other points; also in Maine and all over the country, while the agents of the jobbery in both Houses of Congress are pretending to deplore the inability of shipbuilders to do any work without a subsidy, the lie is being crammed down their throats by the clatter of adze and the saw in every shipyard .- Brooklyn Citi-

"I Would Not Have Catarrh for a Million Dollars,



following of Pe-ru-na:

It will stop a cough before it be- catarrhal affections; as for la grippe comes settled. It cures all catarrhal there is no other remedy that can comaffections like magic. No money could pare with it. I can scarcely find words tempt me to be without this remedy for to express my gratitude for Dr. Harteven a day. It is just the remedy that man's good advice and kindness to that are exposed to the vicissitudes of

America's greatest enemy, catarrh and shall she do? entarrhal affections. I would not have She is not entarrh for a million dollars, and as long wealthy enough is I have Peru-na at hand to promptly to go to some

I suffered thre years more or less with This is what she eatarrh of the stomach and pelvic or- should do: write gans. I tried a good many remedies of Dr. Hartman, my own, and bought medicine from a Columbus, O., tell him the whole story, doctor that was highly recommended, and he will do the rest. Mrs. Margareth although the medicine did me no good Fietz, Wilcox, O. T., writes: "I extend whatever. Finally, I concluded to sub- my sincere thanks for the good advice mit my case to Dr. Hartman. I wrote you have given me. I do not believe I him, and he readily advised me. I would be living now if it were not for bought some Pe-ru-na, and a few days you. I had suffered with hemorrhage after was ta en with la grippe. I took for four months and the doctors could Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin and I can say help me but little. They operated on without a doubt that it has entirely me three times. It was very painful, relieved me of all my ailments. I feel and I only obtained a little relief. As

better and stronger than I have in many long as they worked at me, the hemyears. My ap- orrhage stopped; but just as soon as

my former trou- neighbors began to speak of patent bles remaining. medicines. Then I applied to Dr. Hart-I am able to do man. I did not know whether he could my usual work help me or not; but I followed his adwithout fatigue, vice and only used three bottles of Pereason to be- I ever was." health is the di- man's free book to women. Address

and have every ru-na. Now I am well and as strong as lieve that my Every woman should have Dr. Hart-

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

as possible, but the STAR WILL not be responsible

AGGING- 2 D Jute			íO	819	814	١,
Standard		6	8		816	
Hams # D		10	O		1234 834 0	1
Shoulders # D	18340		8			
ARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—	٠,	40	60		7%	
Second-hand, each Second-hand machine New New York, each New City, each	1	40	9990	1	45 45 45	
Wilmington # M	7 0	00 00		14		
North Carolina P 5		20 25	90		25 28	
ORN MEAL— Per bushel, in sacks Virginia Meal OTTON TIES—# bundle		53	999	1	54 54 35	
ANDLES—9 D— Sperm		18	00		25 11	1
HEESE—19 B— Northern Factory Dairy Cream Half cream		133	900		14 14 13	-
OFFEE—# D— Laguyra			60		12 16 10	
OMESTICS— Sheeting, 4-4, \$\mathbf{P}\$ yard			0		536	1

LOUR-WD-First Patent
GLUE-9 b.
GRAIN-9 bushelCorn, from store, bgs-White
Mixed Corn.
Car-load, in bgs-White...
Oats, from store
Oats, Rust Proof.

On 126 W Backs...... SUGAR, W D-Standard Gran'd

- "I believe that man Swindler is a palmist." "Why?" "Played poker with him last night; when I got up to get a drink he looked at my hand,"-Ohio State Journal.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted official] at the closing by the Produce Exchange.] STAR OFFICE, February 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market steady at \$1,20 per bbl

CRUDE TURPENTINE.-Market steady at \$1.30 per barrel for hard \$2.30 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year. Spirits turpentine firm at 53@52%c; rosin firm at \$1.25@1 30; tar firm at

\$1 30; crude turpentine firm at \$1.75 RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine.... Tar..... 703 casks spirits turpentine, 826 bbls rosin, 102 bbls tar, 119 bbls crude turpentine. Market quiet on a basis of 9 5 16c

Low middling 8% Middling 9 5-16 "
Good middling 9% "
Same day last year middling firm Receipts—1 217 bales; same day last year, 1,582.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Marchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime 75c. Extra prime, 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 86c. Virginia-Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 66c; Spanish 80c. CORN—Firm: 58 to 60 cents per bushel for white. N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 11 to 121/c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c;

EGGS-Firm at 12 to 121/2 cents per CHICKENS-Dull. Grown, 121/2@ 25 cents; springs, 10@17 cts. TURKEYS—Live, dull at 8 to 8½c; dressed, 10 to 11c. TALLOW-Firm at 51/261/2 cents SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 50

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Feb. 2.-Prime mer cantile paper \$1/2@41/4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for demand and 484%@484% for sixty days. Posted rates were 485 and 488 1/2 @489. Commercial bills 483 40484. Silver certificates 62063. Bar silver 60%. Mexican dollars 47.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. OHARLESTON, Feb. 2.—Spirits turpentine steady at 37½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, February 2.—Butter steady; Fresh State dairy 16@20c; creamery 16@22; June creamery 15@ 20c; factory 11@14%c; imitation creamery 13%@17%c. Eggs dull; State and Pennsylvania 20@20%c at mark, for average lots; Southern 18161916 at mark; Western 19@20c at mark. Cheese steady; fancy large, fall made 11%@ 11%; small fancy, fall made 11 x @12c.

There was no change reported in sugar, molasses, rice, leather, hides,

naval stores, metals, or in any of the minor markets.

The coffee market started steady tone, with prices 5@10 points highs and afterward ruled dull with internificant further variations. The vices received were from firmer fortin markets than expected and a south Brazil crop movement than the figured upon; trading was profession throughout. At the ose the mark was quiet, with prices 32 10 points in higher. Total sales were 16,750 ban including March \$5 55; May \$5 65

MARINE

ARRIVED Stmr A J Johnson, Marky Run, by master. Schr Mary T Quinley, 1,047 Ayre, New Orleans, R W Hicks

CLEARE Stor A J Johnson, Marley, C Rus, by master. Clyde eteamship Saginaw, B New York. H G Smallbones. Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayen, ville, James Madden. Sohr Ciara L Bergen, Baleng New York, George Harriss, Son & G

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port mington, N. C., Feb. 3, 1901 BOHOONERS Mary T Quinby, 1,047 tons, App. W Hicks

Edith and May, 104 tons, Kelly Riley & Co. Howell Leeds, 394 tons, Bate for orders). I Hazard, 373 tops, De Buhr, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

D M Anthony, 493 tons, Barl George Harriss, Son & Co. saac K Stetson, 272 tons, George Harriss, Son & Co. STEAMSHIPS.

Premier, (Br) 188 tons, McDount Chadbourn Lumber Co. Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown Ale ander Sprunt & Son. BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Jones ginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and in Yesterday. W. & W. Railroad-272 bales

on, 2 barrels far. W. C. & A. Ruilroad-431 bales ton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 97 b rels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine A. & Y. Railroad-402 pales come 8 casks spirits turpentine, 49 bars rosin, 47 barrels tar, 2 barrels cru turpentine.
C. C. Railroad-6 barrels tar.

Clyde steamer Saginaw--112 bi otton, 40 barrels tar. Steamer A. P. Hurt-27 casks spraturpentine, 2 barre rosin, 231 bar-Steamer A. J. Johnson-10 ca

Royal's Raft-305 barrels rosio. Total-Cotton, 1217 bales; spin turpentine, 48 casks; rosin, 356 barretar, 703 barrels: crude turpentine

irits turpentine, 280 barrels tar

BANANAS, BANANAS 25 bunches must be sold,

15 and 20c dozen. Florida and California Orang

Fancy Apples, Grapes, Pears Cocoanuts, &c.

25 to 35c dozen.

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The Sunday Sul

The Barber Shop.

Says Mrs. Carter-Pe-ru-na her Safeguard.

Mrs. Leslie Carter, probably the most | Man-a-lin, without which I should have prominent actress in America, says the been dead by this time. There is no medicine that can equal Pe-ru-na and "Pe-ru-na is sure to prevent a cold. Man-a-lin. I find it a sure cure for all

all women need, especially such women me. The peculiar ills to which women are subject are often very dangerous. It climate, as I am. "I never neglect an opportunity to frequently happens that the victim recommend this remedy to my friends. lives far from competent medical as-It is America's greatest remedy for sistance. What

heck the slightest symptoms of its distant city for approach, I feel perfectly safe from this treatment, and N. Leslie Carter. | cannot procure Mrs. M. Dooley, Mount Airy, Haber- skillful assistham county, Ga., in a recent letter says: ance at home.

petite is all they closed the door it would comright, I have no mence to flow again. I was so weak I symptoms of could not turn in bed. At last my

tect result of the use of Pe-ru-na and Dr. Hartman, Columbus. Ohio.

Green salted.

Dry flint
Dry salt

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No 1 Timothy
Rice Straw
Eastern
Western
North River

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