WILM NGTUN, N. C. SATURDAD M ANING, MAY

A WORLD WIDE WAR.

A few days ago we quoted some extracts from the speech delivered by Senator Beveridge in the city of DesMoines, Iowa, on Gen. Grant's birthday. It was an expansion speech and in some respects a notable one. The following is one of the extracts:

"American industrial evolution and American international relations are interwoven. And our international relations demand the exercise by the American government of that power of the free hand developed in our treatment of the Philippine and Cuban questions. We are literally engaged in a world wide war of commerce Other nations will erect-are erecting -tariffs against American products. Free trade England will not much longer remain free trade. Within twenty five years every manufactured article entering English ports will pay a heavy duty unless by reciproca tariff arrangements we keep Great Britain's markets open to our products. The same is true of every other Euro pean nation and this policy of self preservation will be applied to their colonies also. It follows, therefore, that the American tariff must meet these new conditions. But our tariff will be made to meet these new conditions along the lines of international reciprocity.'

Senator Beveridge anticipates the time when European nations wil not only fight us with our own weapons-that is, by adopting the protective (which means the prohibitive) tariff system where they have not already done so, but when there will be an international boy cott of American products in as far as that is practicable. If there be in the protective tariff the virtue that is claimed for it, it will so stimulate industries that the na tions which adopt it will become self-supplying and self-sustaining, and will have no longer need of American products, save, perhaps, some food stuffs to meet their necessities in short crop years. What are we to do then? His

remedy is to reach out for the mar-

kets of the Orient. As a necessar

preliminary, he says, to gaining and holding a foothold in China we must make our foothold secure and establish our supremacy over the Philippine archipelago. Europe cut off, where our best markets now are, we must look to the East and to the Chinese em pire to find sale for our sur plus products. That is precise ly what we are doing now and this is precisely what England Germany, Russia, France and Japan are doing, and have been doing for some years. That's what all this talk about the "open door" means They all want the open door when they can't control the door themselves. There isn't a leading nation in Europe to-day that is not exploiting China, not one that hasn't its eye upon some territory which it will seek, if it has not already ob tained concessions, as a sphere of influence, which means a base from which to build up and extend its trade in that country. Several of them have concessions now; England, Germany, Russia and France have, and every one of them is planning to make additions to these concessions, and they will probably uti lize their portion of the money indemnity demanded of China to carry out their schemes.

With the European "spheres o influence" enlarged and the pressure the European nations will be able to bring to bear upon China, how long will it be before the freeze out game may be played upon us there as it is proposed to be played in Europe? We may in the meantime largely increase our trade with China, but when that is done it will amount to very little compared with our trade with some of the European nations. What we sell them will be principally cotton goods of the coarsest and cheapest qualities. Wages are too low in that country, and there are too many poor people in proportion to the population to make good customers. Both in their wearing and eating the cheapest and the best answer the masses, who cannot afford to buy anything else. Both the clothing and the food of the rich and well-to-do are home productions. And then again we will not have a free field in that empire, for we will be met there by European competition. and by nations which will have the advantage of us in having a foothold on Chinese terri- door and noticed a young lady tory, which they call their "spheres of influence" every one of which has a seaport in which their vessels may ride at anchor. We have no concessions, no sphere of influence, nor seaport, so that our only dependence in this commercial war will be the "open door," which may be closed at any time. There are too many dogs after one bone and as big as it is there isn't enough in it for all of them. Divided, to fight for a piece would cost more than it would be worth. We can't afford to do that even if we were disposed to do it.

What, then, should be done? Even under the best circumstances we could not depend upon the trade of the Orient? One year of British trade would be worth a half dozen or more of the Chinese. Should we pursue a course that will drive the European nations into a commercial war against us, or anticipate prevent it? We have been from jail.

legislating to keep them of our markets, to prevent them from becoming sellers to us, but buyers only. The purpose and effect of the protective system was to buy little from them, but to sell them all we could. That was busi ness, but carried to an extreme it was a too one-sided and a dangerous business, resulting in antagonism and retaliation. The organization of Trusts, which was the logical result of this protective system, has intensified the antagonism and the disposition to retaliate.

This was the beginning of the "world-wide war of commerce," to which Senator. Beveridge refers. It is only a question of time when the preservation of our commerce will compel us to open our ports to other nations if we would have other nations keep their ports open to us. Even Republicans like Senator Beveridge, Congressman Babcock and others realize this and admit it. Why then not do it now and disarm, as far as may yet be done, this commercial antagonism and checkmate this international alliance against American products, and then when that is done turn our attention to new fields and extend our trade there? There are south of us a hundred millions of people who would become good customers if we catered to their wants and gave them as good terms as European traders do. And here, especially if we had an isthmian canal to shorten the distance to them, we would have immense advantages over our European competitors. "The world-

it and come out worsted. Senator Beveridge sees this; whether he will have the sagacity and courage to act upon it as a Senator remains to be seen.

wide commercial war" upon which

we have entered makes a change of

conditions and of tactics a necessity

unless we will go handicapped into

THREE THINGS NECESSARY.

In his reply to the greetings of the professors and students of the colored university at New Orleans, Thursday, Mr. McKinley didn't in- has not had the benefit of Republidulge in any taffy. He made a brief can policies nor the directing wisspeech, and as sensible as brief. He told them that the three things they needed were education, character and industry. With these they could succeed anywhere. Without these, at least the two latter, he might have added, they could not succeed anywhere. With good character and industry they can succeed without education; with education, without good character and industry, they are worse than failures. This is one of the things that Booker Washington labors to impress upon his race.

There is not negro in the South who has these two requisites who will not have friends to help him, and who will not have as fair a showing in the struggle of life as any one who has to toil for a liveli-

In this respect he stands a better chance in the South than in the North, for here there are more avenues of employment open to him, and there is more toleration for him than there is in the North, where when he enters the labor field he is looked upon as a competitor, an interloper and an enemy by white workmen. It is not so in the South, where negroes are found working at many callings, and with white men without the slightest friction, and this without the white man compromising himself or the negro assuming any equality on that account. The races understand each other and act accordingly.

When the negroes catch on to the fact that character and industry are what they have to bank on, cease thinking about politics and breoding over the distinctions between the races they will begin to climb, and the higher they climb the hearer they will get to the solution of the

Tom Johnson, Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, has a daughter and she did what Mark Hanna failed to do in the late municipal election. She beat him, beat him out of a daisy automobile. He wouldn't buy her a bow-wow and she offered to compromise on an automobile and thought he ought to comp. He told her that a girl who couldn't navigate an auto had no use for one and that when she acquired the art of navigating one he would buy her the best one in the market. The other day he was standing at his scooting towards the house at a two-forty gait. When she arrived she brought the thing to a sudden standstill, jumped off and asked him how he liked her style of navigating an automobile. He surrendered and she now has a daisy.

The Supreme Court of New York has decided that under the common law a husband in that State is entitled to the earnings of his wife. There are some things in the common law that ought to be shelved by common consent. Under the common law a husband has a right to wallop his wife, provided he doesn't use a stick big enough to break

A United States judge in New York recognizes that lawyers have privileges in looking after their clients, but draws the line on a that and take wise action to lawyer aiding his client to escape

ACROSS THE BORDER.

We hear much these days about the great prosperity of this country. Mr. McKinley frequently calls attention to it in his speeches. But the Republicans all, from Mr. Mc Kinley down, assume that this prosperity is the result of Republican policies and Republican statesmanship, oblivious of the fact that there was a revival of prosperty the world over succeeding the depression of several years ago. It began with us with the large demand and high prices for food stuffs in consequence of crop failures in European countries. This brought money into the country which money went into circulation and started the wheels of the manufacturing industries to humming. Republican policies and statesmanship had no more to with that than that they had with the building of the trans-Siberian railroad and the rapid populating and development of Southern Siberia

But we have an illustration right across the border, against which to protect ourselves Senator Hanna says the protective tariff policy must be maintained. For the past ten years Canada has made remark able progress, and has enjoyed great prosperity The population has increased nearly two millions, and the percentage of increase has been larger than ours, 23 to 21. She has within that time completed the Canadian Pacific and many other lines, giving her more railroad mileage than any other country in the world in pro portion to population. The Pacific road has opened a vast agricultural and pastoral area which is destined to take a prominent part in furnishing the food supplies of the world.

With this numerous industries have been established and are flourishing, while the steel making industry promises to become a formi dable competitor of that industry in this country, so much so that Mark Hanna declares that the tariff duties must be continued to prevent the Canadians from dumping their steel in New England. And yet Canada dom of Republican statesmanship.

THE SPECULATIVE CRAZE.

As an illustration of the speculative craze in Wall street a seat in the Stock Exchange is said to have sold for \$70,000 Thursday, \$4,000 more than the record-breaker a few days ago, when \$66,000 was paid for a seat. Wednesday was a recordbreaking day, too, for sales, and for extraordinary prices. Conservative and thoughtful dealers look upon these transactions with amazement and apprehension, and regard them as the preceders of an inevitable crash that will bring ruin to thousands. A few days ago Russell Sage raised a warning voice against this mad, head-long rush and repeated it again a couple days ago, when he said to a reporter of the Associated Press:

'The public has become strangely speculative mad. It is unprecedented in the stock marks. There is nothing to warrant this remarkable inflation of

"Another 'Black Friday' is impend ing. It will be the worst our financial world has ever known. Any one who nows the value of stocks, and studies the prices at which they are selling to day, cannot fail to realize this.

When the drop sets in and the pub lic have had their fill, the conse quences will be fearful. It may mean ruin to thousands. I do not think this s very far away, either. There is no reason for this remarkable advance in

The boys who manipulate the stocks will not give much heed to this, for they have the craze bad and it will take something more than Sage advice to cure them, and bring them down to a common sense basis, but the advice isn't intended, perhaps, so much for them as for the lambs that may be fleeced.

The result generally of such crazes is that a few sharpers, who put up the cards and do the dealing make millions and their confiding dupes are ruined. If the damage were confined to Wall street and the people that play in it it wouldn't be so bad, but when the collapse comes and they go down the whole coun-

BOOK NOTICES.

"An Englishman's Love Letters," the missing answers to "An English Woman's Love Letters," has just been issued from the presses of the Frank F. Lovell Book Company, 83 Chambers street, New York. It is a well printed, neatly bound little volume of 249 pages and and will be enjoyed by those who

The Sanitarian for May prints a valuable list of contents leading with a paper on "Preventive Medicines," followed by "Insect Friends and Enemies," "Milk Contamination and How to Prevent It," "Arsenical Beer Poisoning in England," and others in which the general reader as well as the physician will be interested. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., Editor, 337

Clinton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. The May number of Gunton's Magazine presents an interesting list of contents treating of economic and interna tional topics, which will be appreciated by the reader who reads for instruc tion. Among others is an interesting article on "Russia's Blow at American Commerce," beginning with the construction of the trans Siberian Railroad. Published by The Gunton Com pany, Union Square, New York.



ARE YOU PLUMP

or thin? red cheeks or sallow life in your step or feel your weight? are you comfortable or hoping to be so next spring or summer or fall?

One is health; the other is not-quite health.

This condition of not-quite health can be turned into health with Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

It is a pity to get in the habit of thinking of health as thing to be hoped for; why not go for it now!

There is only one way to make strength: by food. You want appetite first, then food, The emulsion will give you food-rest, to master your food

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

Washington Progress: Peas and other truck suffered from the continned cold weather. Peas will be almost - Scotland Neck Commonwealth

Mr. John H Davis died at his home a few miles from town Monday night, April 29th, 1901, aged about 37 years. Mr. Davis had been sick only a few. days, having been in town attending to his business as usual within six days of his death.

- Fayetteville Observer: Wade Station, in the northern part of this county, was visited by quite a serious fire Saturday night. The postoffice, residence of Mr. S. P. Denning, and the large warehouse of Mr. H. A. Mc-Phail were totally destroyed.

- Greensboro Telegram: Marshal Millikan left Wednesday afternoon with three prisoners sentenced to serve terms in reformatories. Two of the prisoners were white boys, who will be taken to the reformatory in Washington City, and one negro, who will be taken to the Maryland reformatory.

- Weldon News: The death of Major Robert W. Alston, of Warren county, is announced . He was a brave and gallant Confederate and as true a soldier as ever drew a sword. He was major of the immortal 12th North Carolina and was severely wounded in an engagement around Petersburg.

- Southport Standard: We learn of a destructive forest fire the past week over the Lockwood's Folly River, on the Royal Oak, which has done much damage. — A forest fire got out on Tuesday, near the fourth mile post, from two men who were working in turpentine, and be-fore a strong west wind yesterday was making towards thicker woods across the head of Beaver Dam.

- Jacksonville Times: Seth Phillips, a young man about 22 years of age, son of Mr. William Phillips, near Swansboro, was drowned last Wednesday in a singular manner. He was out on Bear Creek in a boat clamming, was supposed to have had a fi and fell over the boat with head in the water. J. H. Hancock went to him and pulled him back into the boat, but

- Mount Airy News: There will be a good crop of apples and some peaches this year. It is pleasing to note the fact that the cold snap did not destroy the crop. The fruit crop is becoming the best money crop we have. — It seems that those farm ers who own and cultivate lands on creeks and rivers in this county are having a hard time. Their bottoms are gradually but surely washing away. Low lands have been damaged more by high water during the past five years than all put together since

- Elizabeth City Carolinian: Mrs. E. F. Whitson, relict of the late Rev. Samuel Whitson, died on the 23rd inst, aged 57 years. She was an esti mable lady. — Mr. Wm. Thomas. a well known citizen residing near town, was stricken with paralysis on the 19th inst., and died on the 20th in his 75th year. — It cost the United States about \$1,100 to prosecute the swindler Arthur B. Alexander at the ate term of the Federal Court bere. Parties who had been defrauded were subpæred from Philadelphia, Chicago, Baltimore, New York, New Orleans and San Francisco.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilming ton District.

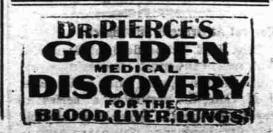
Clinton, Kendall's, May 4, 5. Scott's Hill, Bethany, May 11, 12. Fifth Street, May 12. Magnolia, Magnolia, May 18, 19, Elizabeth, Purdie's, May 25, 26. Bladen, Deem's Capel, May 26, 27. Kenansville, Warsaw, June 1, 2. Grace, June 2, 3. June 7. Onslow, -Jacksonville and Richlands, Jack

sonville, June 8, 9. Waccamaw, Zion, June 15, 16. Whiteville, Cerro Gordo, June 17. Market Street, June 23, 24. R. B. JOHN.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is won derfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures ner vousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly. run down people. Every bottle guar-anteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

For Over Fifty Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by mil-lions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. and take no other kind.



TWINKLINGS

 Mrs. Nation right along insisted her only object was to lift up fallen man." "That's a very different thing from raising the devil.

- When a man is seen sitting in a car crowded with standing women, holding a newspaper and hiding his face, perhaps he's blushing for the impoliteness of his sex.

- "Is he a man of ability?" "Is he? Why, he not only knows that he doesn't know much, but he has the ability to keep others from knowing it."—Philadelphia Times.

- In the Light of Modern Science: That bookkeeper of yours never seems to be sick," "No; he's the most expert germ-dodger we've ever had in the establishment."-Chicago Tri

- 'Way Behind the Times: Mrs. Gad-"She's awfully bad form!" Mrs. Dorcas-"Dreadful! She once brought her baby with her when she attended a mothers' meeting."-Town Topics. - A Heartless Brute: Mrs. Justyed—"Penelope is dying of a broken heart." Mr. Justyed—"The cause?" Mrs. Justved-"Oh, a man, as usual-after refusing Percy seventeen times, he has stopped calling "-Judge.

- In Good Shape: Roberts-'Have you heard anything about Thompson's affairs since the failure? When does he expect to resume?" Peters-"Just as soon as the creditors become reconciled to the fact that they won't get a cent."-Harlem Life.

- The Worst: Mrs. Gush-"] heard all about your poor husband having his arm broken in that dread ful street car accident yesterday; let me sympathize with you." Swager--"Oh, thank you; but that isn't the worst; my new hat was simply ruined in the wreck."-Ohio State Journal.

- Lady (at the registry office) "But I shouldn't care to trust her with a baby. She's too small for a nurse." Manageress—"Her size, madame, we look upon as her great est recommendation." Lady-"Indeed! But she is so very small.' Managress-"Yes, but that is an advantage, in my opinion. You see that when she drops the baby it hasn't very far to fall."-Glasgow Evening

CURRENT COMMENT.

- According to the Atlanta papers Dr. Parkhurst's party drank mint julebs during their recent visit to the South. Perhaps that helps to explain why the Doctor, after remaining in the South a week, feels that he knows enough to tell everybody else all about the subject-or any other subject .- Louisville Couer-Journal, Dem.

- Ex-Senator M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, said recently: "If I had been in the senate I would have voted just as McLaurin did, with the exception, perhaps, of his vote for the ship subsidy bill." Which is just one of the reasons that Mr. Butler is not in the senate, where McLaurin will not be much longer. - Atlanta Journal, Dem.

- Canada is about to set us a good example in dealing with a paper trust. Investigation has been set on foot, and if the fact of the combination is established paper will be kept on the free list and the charters of the companies in the trust will be forfeited. It wouldn't take long for the heroic medicine like that to cure the disease in this country .- Augusta Chronicle, Dem.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton

W. & W. Railroad-12 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 4 barrels

W. C. & A. Railroad-72 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 38 barrels rosin, 48 barrels tar, 60 barrels crude turpentine. A. & Y. Railroad-14 casks spirits turpentine, 50 barrels rosin, 19 barrels

W. & N. Railroad-4 bales cotton, casks spirits turpentine, 34 barrels rosin, & barrels crude turpentine. C. C. Railroad-12 barrels tar. Steamer W. T. Daggett-4 barrels

Steamer A. P. Hurt-216 barrels tar. Steamer Driver-14 casks spirits turpentine, 29 barrels 82 barrels tar, 28 barrels crude turpentine. Steamer A J Johnson—17 casks spirits turpentine, 172 barrels rosin. Total-Cotton, 88 bales; spirits turpentine, 56 casks; rosin, 323 barrels; tar, 385 barrels; crude turpentine, 92

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Driver, Bradshaw, Favette ville. T D Love Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master. Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden. Clyde steamship Oneids, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones. Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk &

Schr Carolyn, Moore, Swansboro,

Schr Joseph, Moore, Swansboro, C D Maffitt. Stmr Driver, Bradshaw, Favetteville, T D Love. Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master.

ville, James Madden. EXPORTS. FOREIGN.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayette-

PORT DE PAIX-Schr Catawamteak, 62,206 feet lumber, valued at \$1,180.98: cargo by Chadbourn Lumber Co; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of | Vessels in the Port of W mington. N. C. May 4, 1901.

Emily F Northam, 316 tons, Pennwell, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his spendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug



BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, Springs I and A Valuable Adjunct to the Physician in the Treatmen

Fevers, Malarial, Typho-Malarial, and Atypical Typh Dr. George Ben Johnston, Professor of Surgery in the Virginia Medical College, Riv Va., says: "BUFFALO LITHIA WATER any other mineral water. Among the number of usefulness ways and says the man be mentioned Typhoid Favor ditions to which I have applied it with good results may be mentioned Typhoid Fever. In this I have found it to serve an excellent purpose in the way of promoting free action of the Kidge.

I have found it to serve an excellent purpose in the way of promoting free action of the Kidge. I have found it to serve an extended purpose and last also seemed to retard wasting a materially aiding in the elimination of deleterious matter. It has also seemed to retard wasting a materially aiding in the elimination of the Tongue and Buccal Mucous Member on the Tongue and Buccal Mucous Members of the Tongue and Buccal preserved a moist condition of the Tongue and Buccal Mucous Members of In addition, the it largely have appeared to suffer less from the ordinary nervous symptoms incident to be

Dr. John Herbert Claiborne, Ex-President Medical Society of Virginia, Peterships referring to Spring No. 1:

"I often use the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in the Fevers of this section known as Me "I often use the **BUFFALU LIFITY** strategies in the Patient. Sedative and Refrigerant and Atypical Typhoid. It is grateful to the Patient. Sedative and Refrigerant an active eliminant of the Materies Morbi, through the Skin and Kidneys, as any one familiar. character might reasonably expect. It has been long noted for its specific effect upon Malarial To Dr. William H. Doughty, Augusta, Ga., formerly Professor of Materia Medica m

peutics, Medical College of Georgia, says: "In Typhoid and Typho-Malarial Fevers, it is my custom to substitute BUFFALO LITHIA WATER and with excellent The following considerations prompt this use of it:

"First.—The certainty of securing a pure water. "Second.—It promotes the continued free action of the Kidneys, a great desideratum in In diseases. For this purpose I think it largely supersedes medicinal remedies proper. "Third.—It allays Irritability of the Stomach and preserves the Integrity of the Na

Organs, a matter of great moment in such diseases." Dr. William T. Howard, Professor Diseases of Women and Children in the University Spring No. 1, in "a wide range of case land: Dr. Howard attests BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Spring No. 1, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 1, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 1, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 1, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 2, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 2, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 2, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of Buffalo Lithia Water that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 2, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of Buffalo Lithia Water that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 2, in "a wide range of case the common adaptation of Buffalo Lithia Water that of the far-famed White Sulphur Spring No. 2, in "a wide range of case the case the case the case that the case that the case the cas Greenbrier County, West Virginia, and adds the following

"Indeed, in a certain class of cases, it is much superior to the latter. I allude to the abiding de tendant upon a tardy convalescence from grave acute diseases; and more especially to the G and Sequels incident to Malarious Fevers in all their grades and varieties, to certain forms of Dyspepsia and all the affections Peculiar to Women that are remediable at all by mineral waters. were I called upon to state from what mineral waters I have seen the greatest and most takable amount of good accrue in the largest number of cases in a general way, I would tatingly say the Buffalo Springs in Mecklenburg County, Va."

Dr. Thomas P. Matthews, of Manchester, Va., Member of the Board of Visitor College of Virginia:

"I have BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Fever, with fine effect, relieving in great means been using BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Fever, with fine effect, relieving in great means Delirium sometimes so troublesome in these cases. It always allays or prevents the dis-Nausea, stimulating the kidneys and helping them throw off effete matter." Dr. N. C. Lewis, Surgeon, Southern Railway Co., Lawrenceville, Va.: extensively in Typhoid Fever, and have found it

"I have used the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER extensively in Typnoid Fever, and have found it valuable adjunct to the treatment of this "Added to its well-known eliminative power through the skin and kidneys, carrying off through emunctories effete and noxious matter from the system, it fills two other important indications, viz.

Digestion and Assimilation. "2d. It is a decided Tonic Sedative to the Nervous System, relieving to a marked dem distressing train of Nervous Symptoms so alarming and potent in this Fever. "With these combined effects, I am satisfied that it has in my hands very much reduced the me in these diseases. It should be drunk freely to the exclusion of other waters."

THOS. F. GOODE, Proprietor, BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, W

"Ist. It has a very happy effect on the digestive system, relieving Nausea and my

WATER FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY. PAMPHLET SENT ON APPLICATION.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.] STAR OFFICE, May 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 31½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 31 cents per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Marketr firm at \$1.05 per barrel for strained and \$1.10 per barrel for good strained.

TAR-Market firm at \$1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE .- Market irm at \$1.10 per barrel for hard. \$2.10 for dip and —— for virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at \$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.85

RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine..... Receipts same day last year-42 casks spirits turpentine, 30 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar, 32 bbls crude tur-

Market firm on a basis of 7%c per oound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 5 716 cts # 11 Good ordinary..... 6 13-16 Low middling..... 7 7-16 " " Middling 7% " "
Good middling 8 3 16 " "

Same day last year middling firm at 91/4 c. Receipts—88 bales; same day last

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.] COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, dull. Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c per oushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 771/c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. Spanish, 85c.

for white. N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; EGGS Steady at 11 to 121/2c per

CORN-Firm; 65 to 70c per bushel

CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 25 to 30c; springs, 15@25c.
TURKEYS—Live, dull at 9 to 10c; dressed, 12 to 14c.

BEESWAX-Firm at 25c. SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 70c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 3.-Money on

sail firm at 5@7 per cent., last loan 6, ruling rate 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 334@41/2 per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for demand and 484%@484% for six ty days. The posted rates were Commercial bills 484%. Silver certificates quoted Bar silver 59%. Mexican dollars 48%. Government bonds weak. State bonds firm. Railroad bonds weak. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 106; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 106; U. S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's. reg'd, 109½; do. coupon, 109½; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138½; do. coupon, 4's, new reg'd; 188%; do. coupon, 188%; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113%; do. coupon, 113%; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 109%; do. coupon, 109%; Southern Railway 5's 116%. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 110%; Chesapeake & Ohio 49%; Manhattan L 125%; N. Y. Central 161%; Reading 42%; do. 1st pref'd 77%; St. Paul, 177%; do. pref'd, 194; Southern Railway 31%; do. pref'd, 85%; American Railway 81%; do. pref'd 85%; American Tobacco, 127%; do. pref'd —; Peo-ple's Gas 115%; Sugar 146%; do. pref'd —; T. C. & Iron 64; U. S. Leather 14%; do. preferred 77%; Western Union 95%; U. S. Steel 51%; U. S. Steel, pref'd 99; Mexican National 1136: Consolidated Gas -; Standard BALTIMORE, May 3. - Seaboard Air

Line, common, 25%@25%; do, preferred, 45@45%. Bonds—4's 81% asked.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, May 3.-Rosin dull. Spirits turpentine dull.

SAVANNAR May 3,—Spirits turpen tine firm at 31%c bid; receipts 1,172 casks; sales 576 casks; exports 1,911 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; re ceipts 2,652 barrels; sales 1,308 barrels;

exports 3,362 barrels. CHARLESTON, May 3.—Spirits tur-pentine firm at 81c; receipts 20 casks.

F, \$1 20; G, \$1 25; H, \$1 35; I, \$1 55; K, \$1 85; M, \$2 10; N, \$2 20; W G \$2 35; W W,\$2 60.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 3.-Cotton closed to day to nearly the level reached in March, July selling off to 7.78 and the other near months proportionately. Sentiment was radically bearish and aside from occasional flurries of profit taking by the pit contingent, the market was not supported throughout I the session. The opening was easy with prices two to three points lower, in sympathy with a serious break in Selling orders from abroad led to selling for both accounts

by local interests soon after the open worked lower. Estimates for an "in sight" this week of 115,000 bales or nearly double the amount reported for the same week last year, proved to be the chief factor in effecting lower markets here and abroad. In addition to the above figures shorts were encouraged by large receipts at all ports, splendid weather in the central and eastern belts, a forecast for rains in the Southwest, easier spot markets South and predictions for an increased movement. By midday a net decline of six and eleven points was apparestimates for continued large receipts, with an "in sight" report of 114.000 bales led to renewed selling for both secounts. There was little recupera tive energy manifested later in the session, though light spurts of buying for profits by the scalping contingent served to stiffen prices a point or two. Market closed nervous but steady with prices net two to thirteen

points lower. NEW YORK, May 3 .- Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8 %c. Net receipts 487 bales; gross recerpts 2,146 bales; stock 135,652 bales. Cotton futures closed nervous but steady: May 7.78, June 7.80, July 7.79. August 7.51, September 7.30, October 7.19, November 7.15, December 7.14, January 7.16.

Spot cotton closed quiet and 116c lower:middling uplands 8 1/4 c; middling gulf 81/c; sales 87 bales. Total to-day-Net receipts 10,326 bales; exports to Great Britain 2.378 bales; exports to France 3,807 bales; exports to the Continent 21,520 bales;

Consolidated-Net receipts 89,268 bales; exports to Great Britain 72,122 bales; exports to France 22 901 bales; exports to the Continent 60,803 bales. Total since September 1st.-Net re ceipts 6.801.856 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,671,191 bales; exports to France 670,936 bales; exports to the

stock 585,522 bales.

Continent 2,154,461 bales. May 3.—Galveston, easy at 8 3 16c, net receipts 4.282 bales: Norfolk. dull at 8c, net receipts 825 bales: Baltimore, nominal at 8 3 16c, net re ceipts 267 bales; Boston, quiet at 8 5-16c, net receipts 76 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7%c, net receipts 88 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8½c, net receipts 27 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8c, net receipts 1,821 bales; New Orleans, easy at 7 %c, net receipts 2,356 | American bales; Mobile, nominal at 7%c, net receipts 7 bales; Memphis, steady at quiet and steady; 20.844 c, net receipts 182 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8%c, net receipts 182 bales; Charleston, steady at 8c, net receipts 90

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, May 3.-Flour was

unsettled, lower to sell. Wheat-Spot firm; No. 2 red 84%c; options, after opening firm and active on cables and a jump in corn turned weak, declining under active liquidation, improved crop news, a late break in corn and bear pounding. Closed weak at 160% c net decline. Sales—May closed 81%c; July closed 79%c; September closed 77%c. Corn—Spot weaker; No. 2, 55c; options opened strong on manipulation but were weak later with wheat and under less active demands from shorts. Closed easy and %@%c net lower.
May closed 54%c; July closed 51%c;
September closed 50%c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 321/c; options quiet and irregular. Lard weaker; Western steamed \$8 40; May closed \$8 40, nom inal; refined quiet; continent \$8 60; South American \$9 25; compound 6%c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 13½@14c; Southern 11@12c. Cheese quiet; fancy large white 10½@10½c; do. small white 11½. Butter—Market firm; creamery 15@19c; State dairy

nuts steady fancy hand-picter other domestic 41/641/c quiet; State \$12 00616 00 Pork steady: family \$15 %

short clear \$15 50@1700; mes 16 00. Tallow quiet. Es Potatoes steady. Jersess Me Long Island \$3 00@5 00; Jere \$1 50@2 50. Coffee—Spot I No. 7 invoice 61/2c asked; Cordova 84@12%c 8u stronger; fair refining 344 centrifugal, 96 test 4xe refined strong and higher a tions; standard A \$5 35; cod \$5 75; cut loaf \$6 95; crush mould A \$5 90; powdered #1 ulated \$5 55; cubes \$5 80. 1 Liverpool-Cotton by steem ton seed oil was unsettled a on a scare of selects who or the recent decline. Quoration yellow 33 1/2c; off summer ye prime white 381/2c; prime low 38c; prime meal \$24 00. CHICAGO, May 3.-Shorts other record, breaking pace

shade up July wheat broke period of firmness, on glor prospects and other bearish # tions, closing @@c lower. 0 to sc down, and provisions depressed CHICAGO, May 3.—Cash qu Flour—Demand was moderal -No 2 spring -c. No.3 spring 7314c; No. 2 red 73@7416 No 2 541/2 655c; No. 2 yellor —No. 2 29@291/c; No. 2 w No. 3 white 281/c Pork rel, \$15 00@15 05. Lard ths, \$8 62 ½ @8 75. Short loose, \$8 00@8 20. Dry all ders, boxed, \$6 87 ½ @7 1% clear sides boxed \$8 25@8 37

cents over yesterday. Jul

key-Distillers' finished good lon. \$1 28 The leading futures range lows—opening, highest, for closing: Wheat—No. 2 Mg 73 78, 74, 72 14, 72 16 @ 730; 14 74%, 74%, 73, 73%@73¼, 0 2 May 55@57, 58, 55, 55%; Ju 47%, 47%, 46%, 47%c; Septem 47%, 47%c, 47% 15 07% Lard, per 100 he-M 8 121/2, 8 00, 8 00; July 18 16. 7 95; September \$8 071/4, 8

7 95. Short ribs, per 100 \$8 17½. 8 17½, 8 12½, 8 12½, 8 12½, 8 02½, 92½, 7 18 tember \$7 97½, 7 97½, 7 87½ FOREIGNHARKE

By Cable to the Morning LIVERPOOL, May 3, 4 P.M. Spot, limited demand; lower; American middling 16d; good middling 4%d; 47-16d; low middling ordinary 4d; ordinary sales of the day were 6,00 which 500 bales were for and export and included American. Receipts 2,000

Futures opened quiet and June 4 20 64d seller; July 4 21-64d seller; July 4 22 64d seller; August and 4 16 640 4 17 641 seller 4 16-64@4 17 64d seller 17-64d seller; October (g. 6) seller; October and November; November and December

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