WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, Nov. 7.

A POLICY OF INACTION.

Among the questions that will come up before Congress will be the currency question and tariff revision, and the Republican leaders are going to try to dodge both. The principal matter is the currency, which, according to Secretary Gage and the bankers, is to retire the greenbacks-\$346,000,000 in round numbers-and replace them with bank notes, if replaced at all. They wouldn't, if they decided to retire them, dare refuse to replace them with some other kind of notes, and these would, as a matter of course, be national bank notes. This would be just to the hand of the bankers who would then have control of all the paper currency, which would practically mean control of the bulk of the currency, for it is these with the silver certificates which constitute the bulk of that, the gold certificates being used but little in ordinary business transac-

The bankers, with Secretary Gage in the lead, view this question from their standpoint and do not give thought to the politics there is in it while the politicians view it mainly from the standpoint of politics, and therefore the bankers will not find it so easy to marshal them against the greenback. How difficult this may be is foreshadowed in the fol lowing which we clip from a letter of the Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, who says:

There probably never was a time in the history of the Republican party when, possessing an easy majority in both houses of Congress and the control of the executive branch of the Government, there was so general a disposition to believe that the interests of the party could best be served by doing nothing. That is emphatically the conviction of the party leaders in the Senate, and the men who have most influence in the House are confidently reckoned on to second the policy of inaction. fident expressions in regard to the unbroken unity of the party that have fallen from members of Congress lately visiting the White House, there is an uneasy feeling that subjects likely to breed party discord are becoming unpleasantly prominent in

"Among these it may be as well recognize the fact that the currency question does not figure. So far as can be discovered, the programme outlined by Secretary Gage finds surpris ingly little support in his own rarty. The 'blood-stained greenback' has not lost its power as a figure of Republican rhetoric, and there is a general disposition to assume that, in definitely making the gold standard the law of the land, and providing for the convertibility of all forms of our currency, the representatives of the party have done as much as can possibly be expectected of them. They have no intention of giving to the other side the opportunity of taunting the party with subservience to the banking interests, and no argument touching the essential unsoundness of any system of Government paper money will weigh against the fact that there is no general or imperative public demand for relieving the treasury of the function of a bank issue. Congress has always lagged behind the public sentiment of the country in regard to the reform of the currency, and it will require a good deal more than the approval of a bankers' convention, or the support of a few chambers of commerce, to convince Congress that there is any present necessity for moving in the direction indicated by the Secre tary of the Treasury:'

In discussing Secretary Gage's speech before the Bankers' meeting some time ago, and the action of the bankers in endorsing the remarks on the desirability of retiring the greenbacks, we expressed the opinion that it would be a very difficult undertaking to persuade Congress to tackle the greenback however much it might commit itself to the gold standard and trample on silver. They might, perhaps, find some Republican Congressmen from the rock-ribbed Republican States of the East and Center who might be willing to do that, but they would find very few from the West who would. When it comes to making a choice, and a choice became necessary, the average Congressman would, as between the bankers and the voters, play in with the voters every time, and the voters don't want the greenbacks retired. They have never asked for it and no political platform of any party has ever declared for it.

toric and all that kind of thing, the Congressman who is asked to help freeze the greenback out can very plausibly ask: Why? What's the matter with the greenback? Isn't it doing its business right along as the people prefer it to metallic money, gold or silver? All this being so, what's the matter with it, and why do you want to freeze it out? There is no danger of its becoming an "endless chain," because you have guarded against that by instructing the Treasury to lock up every one presented for redemption and forbidding re-issuing them un- are Republican States, and although less in exchange for gold. When it was an off year, and the vote you did that you took a twist on light the Republicans held their the "endless chain." Why, then, when the greenbacks are doing full their claims, more than held their duty as money in every sense, and own. there is no danger of their being The inference from this is that used to raid the Treasury and draw the Republicans are so firmly enout gold, should we make war on it trenched on the other side of the and deprive the people of some of line that it will take something more the best currency they ever had, potent than anything that has yet

Ignoring the "blood-stained" rhe-

currency which the Government may never be called upon to redeem and which costs it nothing but the expense of printing? It is a non-interestbearing note, redeemable at the option of the Government, and in any kind of "lawful money," which meant either silver or gold, until the Republicans in Congress made war on silver and declared for the gold standard. The only security or pledge behind this money is the credit of the Government and the faith of the people in that Govern ment. The greenback is the Government's note, based on its credit, and it is the people's money, which they will not discredit, and hence it is honored on every counter in the land and in every business transaction.

No wonder, then, that the average Congressman, even if there were no politics in the case, could not be persuaded to turn against a currency of that kind, which the people have used for nearly forty years, and never disowned, although the money-lenders, who found it in their way, have made repeated attempts to discredit it and retire it from circulation. The leaders of the Republican party are already confronted by a perplexing problem of tariff revision, for which they will endeavor to substitute reciprocity, have no idea of taking the chances of incurring popular opposition by fighting the greenback at the behest of the money-lenders, who although they have dollars which may be useful in campaigns, have not votes enough to decide elections. It is pretty safe to say that when it comes to facing the greenback the policy they will pursue will be the policy of inaction.

SOME DISCRETION.

In his speech Wednesday in defence of Admiral Schley, Mr. Parker addressing the court said, The court will agree with me, think, in my statement that a commander-in-chief is vested with some discretion; that he is entitled to exercise it, and that it is his duty to exercise it." There ought to be no question as

to that anywhere. A commanderin-chief is presumed to be compeent, and to be a man of good judgment, capable of deciding in emergencies what to do. Being on the ground, or on the water, as in the case of Admiral Schley, he ought to know better about the situation and what to do than those at a distance who must depend on others for their information. Admiral Schley exercised his discretion, and accomplished what he was sent for, namely, the cornering and destruction of the Spanish fleet. It is alleged that in doing this in his own way, with the best lights before him, when important information had been withheld by the Navy Department, by Admiral Sampson and by subordinates who were sent out to gather information that would be of service to him in the work assigned to him he violated orders. If that violation was of a character worthy of notice, why did not the Navy Department, or his superior in command—Admiral Sampson—call him to account? Assuming that he did, in the exercise of his discretion, violate orders, which he denies, his superiors were derelict in condoning the offence by their silence, and in not calling him to account for it.

The presiding judges doubtless saw the point of Mr. Parker's statement, especially Admiral Dewey, who in a crucial hour didn't hesitate to exercise that discretion, when he took the risk of involving us with another power by cutting the Manila cable, which made it impossible for the war managers at Washington to interfere with his plans. He exercised his discretion several times afterwards in calling meddlesome German commanders to taw.

Dewey knew what he was doing, and so did Schley; Dewey did what he started in to do, and so did Schley, but there was no one to claim the honor that Dewey had won, while there was some one to claim the honor that Schley had won. There was no Sampson with his faction at Manila, but there was at Santiago.

TUESDAY'S ELECTIONS.

There is nothing in Tuesday's elections which calls for special 1emark, as they resulted about as anticipated by people who give any attention to political movements, with the exception, perhaps, of New York city, which the Democratic managers claimed they would carry, which they didn't. That wasn't a revolt, however, against good money, performing all the the Democratic party, but against functions of money and the equal Tammany rule, which was charged of gold all over the land? Do not with all sorts of short comings and malpractices, in which there was, doubtless, a good deal of truth. They result may, perhaps, be a good thing for New York, for while it is a rebuke to the defeated it is a

warning to the victorious. With the exception of Maryland, which has been carried by the Democrats, the other States in the North own, and in Ohio, according to



The leading stoves and ranges in the world. Unequalled for perfect construction, economy of fuel, handsome appearance. Over 3,000,000 in use. Famous for 35 years. For sale by leading dealers everywhere. Look for the trade-mark, and insist on seeing the genuine JEWELS.

Jewel Stoves are sold by

R. H. BEERY, 10 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

happened to dislodge them, and that unless they make some great blunder to arouse popular opposition they can count pretty confidently on a solid North at the next Presidential election. They may squabble but they have a habit of getting together when it comes to voting.

MORE BENEVOLENT ASSIMILA-TION.

Our civil and military authorities in the Philippines have adopted the policy of terrorizing to make the yellow people over there who object to American rule be good and behave themselves. Manila dispatches published yesterday inform us that the treason act framed by the commission was adopted, and this is followed up by the announcement that Gen. Smith had deported the wife of the Filipino Gen. Lukban, and that a lieutenant in command of scouts, who had some brushes with the insurgents, had killed a lot of them and burned 125 houses. That's an illustration of the benevolent assimilation that is being put in practice over there. Shooting men who are in arms is war, but burning houses, when nothing is to be accomplished by that save terrorizing the inhabitants, which is doubtless the object, is vandalic barbarism, for which there is no defence or palliation. It is worse than savagery, because it is done by men acting under authority of a civilized Government. We condemned less savagery by Weyler in Cuba, and by Kitchener in South Africa, the former of whom our war managers for the Philippines have surpassed and the latter of whom they seem to be imitating.

BOOK NOTICES.

The October number of Appleton's Town and Country Library is devoted to an interesting story of 325 pages entitled "The Most Famous Loba," by Nellie K. Blisset, who writes well and entertainingly. The romance reader will enjoy it. Published by D Appleton & Co., New The North American Review for

November presents a full list of contents on interesting topics. Among the articles is one in which Southern readers may be especially interested; it is by Senator McLaurin, on "The Commercial Democracy of the South,' which is a plea for that kind of a socalled Democracy, which thus far hasn't made much headway. Another article by a Southern writer is "Conquered Territory and the Constitution," by Hannis Taylor. Address North American Review, Franklin Square, New York.

CURRENT CUMMENT.

-- Judge Advocate Lemly has distinguished himself as a cross-examiner by giving Admiral Schlev repeated opportunities to knock him out of the box, a feat which the admiral has done as completely as he battered Cervera's fleet. — Atlanta Journal, Dem.

- An Ohio football player had his neck broken and the parents the other members of the team have been so unreasonable as to forbid their sons participating in any further games. is the educational work of our col eges to be interfered with in this squeamish manner? - Washington

Post, Ind. - Congress will be asked to ap propriate money to build forty new war vessels for the navy. At the present rate of progression it is pretv certain the country will soon find itself very strongly equipped with vessels, but very badly off for men of experience to command them. The Schley inquiry has thrown a flood of light upon the quality of our naval outfit, and if any good shall result it will be educative rather than disciplinary.—Phil Record, Dem.

--- Solomon and his judgments are not frequently quoted as legal and effective precedents in Pennsyl vania courts of law, but on Friday the decide the judge when two parties and take no other kind claimed a brood of fine young turkeys. Mrs. Adams and Sam Gardner both claimed the young turkeys and each had a turkey which they claimed bore a maternal relationship to the young turkey folks. It appeared, however, that when a savage dog had charged the brood that the turkey hen which belonged to Gardner had fought the dog bravely, while the other slleged turkey mother had deserted the brood altogether. And the brave turkey got the little ones, and once more has the name of Solomon been called

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EX-PECTORANT. For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

blessed. - Baltimore Herald, Rep.

TWINKLINGS

- Customer-"See here, waiter, found a button in this salad." Waiter-"Yes, sir; that's part of the ressing."-Philadelphia Record.

-Jones (referring to the pleasantfaced lady who had just passed)-Ah, my boy, I owe a great deal to that wo-Brown-Indeed! Who is she? Jones-My landlady. - Tit-Bits.

- Speaking of artists, it takes rich man to draw a check, a pretty girl to draw attention, a horse to draw a cart, a porous plaster to draw the skin, a toper to draw a cork and a free lunch to draw a crowd. - Harlem Life.

- Tess-You could never convince her that Friday is an unlucky day to be married. Jess-Not super stitious, eh? Tess-Ob, she's superstitious enough but she's over thirty five and still single.

- Joakley-I understand there's considerable talk now in naval circles about some orders that were forged very skillfully. Coakley—Aha! another scandal, eh? Joakley—On, no. They were orders for some eight-inch guns.-Life.

- Too Much-Mistress-"Now, Bridget, there is one thing I must insist upon. If you break anything, want you to come and tell me at once. Bridget-"Sure, ma'am, I can't be runnin' to ye every minute of the day."-Brooklyn Life - "Did that mining stock you

ment?" "Yes," answered the mild eyed man, after an lineffectual effort to cheer up. "It has kept me paying assessments ever since I first got hold of it."-Washington Star. - "Can he cook?" asked the proprietor of the restaurant. "Cook

bought turn out to be a paying invest-

echoed the caller, who was rooting for a friend out of a job. "Can he cook Say, I've seen that man make four squab pies out of one old pigeon!"-Chicago Tribune. Mrs. Porkehops (travelling) -

And we must go to see the leaning tower of Pisa. I wonder how they came to build it that way! Porkehops Dunno; maybe the contractor had s pull with the building department, and didn't have to take it down .-

- Jake-No money in gardening, eh? I have a friend who has made \$20,000 out of gardening in one year. Sam-Absurd! Why he couldn't have made that amount on a thousand acre farm. Jake-Of course not, but, you see, this garden I'm talking about is a roof garden. - He Shines by Contrast: "If you

had worked hard during the summer, as I did, you would not be obliged to beg now," said the ant coldly. "Very true, replied the grasshopper, "but if I were not lazy you would never be able to acquire such a reputation for industry."-Judge

- Fair Shopper (buying bathing dress)-"Yes, It's very pretty; but haven't you something of the same sort in other colors?" Salesman-"Oh yes, madam; but you'll find this shade looks very well in the water." Fair Shopper-"That's not the point. What want is one that will come out best in a photograph."-Ally Sloper.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilming-

mington District. Bladen church, Windsor, Nov. 2, 3. Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Nov. 9,

Burgaw church, Burgaw, Nov. 13. Jacksonville and Richlands, Richands, Nov. 15. Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 16, 17.

Scott's Hill church, Scott's Hill Nov. 18. Waccamaw, Nov. 22. Whiteville, Chadbourn, Nov. 28, 24.

Bladen street, Nov. 27. Market street, Nov. 28 Kenansville, Charity, Nov. 29. Magnolia, Providence, Nov. 30,

R. B. JOHN, P. E.

It Dazzles the World.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitemen that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. 1ts severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarse ness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest and surest cure in the world. It is sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, who guarantees satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1. Trial bottles free.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by mil-lions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for famous case of Solomon helped to "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,

> TUSKEGEE, ALA., July 28, 1878. Dr. C. J. MOFFETT—My Dear Sir: Justice to you demands that I should give you my experience with your excellent medicine TEETH-INA. Our little girl, just thirteen months old, has had much trouble teething. Every remedy was exhausted in the shape of prescriptops from family physicians. Her bowels continued to pess off pure blood and burning fever continued for days at a time, Her life was almost despaired of Her mother determined to try TEETHINA, and in a day or two there was a great change—new life had returned—the bowels were regular, and, thanks to TEETHINA, the little babe is now doing well. Yours, etc.
>
> But the shape of the shape o



SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Greenville Reflector: Mr. Theo dore L. Greene, who lived near Williamston, in Martin county, came to Greenville last Thursday evening to sell a lot of tobacco. Soon after arriv-ing he had a yellow chill. He con tinued to grow worse, and died Sunday morning.

- Goldsboro Argus: The community was deeply pained this (Tuesday) morning to learn of the death of Mrs. L. G. Waddell, which sad event occurred this morning at 7 o'clock. She was a noble woman with attributes worthy of emulation.

- Raleigh News and Observer: Governor Aycock Tuesday offered a reward of \$200 for the unknown person who waylaid and assaulted, with intent to kill, W. A. and Arthur Jones, of Lenoir, on October 22nd. The crime was a most cowardly one and there is no clue that leads to the identity of the offender.

- Winston Sentinel: Gus Goins and Pearl Sanders, colored, got into a row near Belo's pond Saturday night, when the latter drew his big Barlow knife and cut Goins, inflicting serious f not fatal injuries. It was reported Sunday evening that the wounded negro was dead, but this preved to be a mistake. Sanders was captured Sunday night.

- Monroe Journal: Will Allen, a negro, charged with the murder of Charles Hasty, also colored, was lodged in jail Monday night. Allen and Hasty, both of Marshville, had a difficulty about a year ago, in which Hasty was shot. He afterwards died. Allen left and his whereabouts were unknown until last week, when he was located in Lancaster.

- Raleigh Post: In the Post Sunday morning the following special Weldon appeared: "James coggin, who was here in charge of the broken-neck horse at the fair was shot in the small of the back last night near town, and it is feared that his wound may prove fatal. He came ere from Petersburg but formerly ived in Warren county. There is a mystery about the affair which remains to be solved." Last night it was learned that the the wounded man was dead. Further information was obtained by the Post which may throw some light on the mystery involved in the affair. A white man, a nephew of Hon. S. L. Patterson, of this city, and a colored man, were driving in a buggy through the country, and when near the Weldon fair grounds on Friday night were held up by two unknown men, one of whom caught the bridle of the horse they were driving. The white man had the reins and and when the unknown men halted them the negro, who had a gun closed at hand, drew it and commenced firing. The highwaymen ran and disappeared. It is not unlikely that the special quoted above and the death of the man shot is the sequel to the attempted hold-up.

ONE OF HERRMANN'S TRICKS A Bit of "Mind Reading" by the Fa-

mous Magician. "The late Alexander Herrmann always went fixed for an impromptu exhibition,' said a theatrical press agent who was once associated with the famous ma-

gician, "and in the early part of his career he would go to extraordinary pains to 'lay his fences' long in advance for startling effects. In that way he was frequently able to do things that seemed next door to supernatural, and the result was no end of valuable advertising. In later years, when he became celebrated and systematic booming was no longer necessary, the old man, as we used to cal him, would often refer to these exploits and laugh heartily over the mystification they had occasioned.

"On one occasion, to give you an illus tration of his patience and forethought he was in a popular bar in Pittsburg and chanced to notice a bankbook lying on a desk behind the cigar counter. The cover bore a printed number, which was in plain sight, and when he got outside Herrmann quietly made a memorandum of it in his notebook, together with the address of the place. There was not more than one chance in a hundred that the information would ever be of any service to him, and he simply filed it away, so to speak, for possible future

"Well, fully six months afterward,

when he was playing a return date in the city, he piloted a party of friends one day into this identical bar, and the proprietor who was present, was called up and introduced. All hands sat down at a table to have a bottle of wine, and, as usual Herrmann was urged to give an example of his skill. He performed several neat tricks, and, remarking that he would wind up with a little exhibition of mind reading, asked the cafe proprietor to think of some number that could after ward be verified. 'Take the number of your bankbook,' he suggested, 'if you remember what it is.' 'I don't recall it off hand, but I can easily find out,' said the barman, and going over to his safe he unlocked an inside compartment and pri vately inspected the book. 'All right,' he said when he returned to the table; 'I an thinking of the number now.'

"Herrmann took im by the hand looked him in the eyes in his peculiarly impressive fashion and said, 'The number is 129,068.' 'That's right,' gasped the cafe proprietor in an awestruck voice He was absolutely stupefied with amaze ment, and so, for that matter, were the others in the party. The fact that th book had been locked in the safe and the apparent impossibility of Herrmann knowing anything about it in advance made the feat seem almost miraculous, It is talked about in the house to this day."-New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Thinks Florida Is All Right. The business par excellence for Florida today is stock raising, and in no oth er portion of our broad country can it be carried on so successfully or so cheaply as here.

We can raise some forage crop twelve months in the year, and our new velvet bean and cassava fed together make balanced ration that, fed to the longest horned, wild eyed, slabsided steer that ever saw the range, will in seventy days make as toothsome a sirloin as Armour sends from Kansas City. This is a fact, not a theory. The velvet bean will grow and flourish on land that won't sprout a cowpea, and cassava will yield from five to eight tons per

There is no state where so easy a living can be made or where the soil will respond more cheerfully than this when gently coaxed, concludes a correspondent in Home and Farm.

No man is fit to win who has not sat down alone to think and who has not come forth with purpose in his eye, with white cheek, set lips and clinched palms, able to say. "I am resolved."—Bulwer.

Well seasoned red hickory weighs 52.37 pounds to the cubic foot.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, pur gative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisenous mat-ter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents at R. B. BELLAMY'S drug store.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought Signature

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Produc STAR OFFICE, November 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market quiet at 35c per gallon for machine made casks and 34c per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at 90c per bar-

rel for strained and 95c per barrel for good strained. TAR-Market quiet at \$1.25 per barrtl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market quiet at \$1.10 per barrel for hard, \$2.00

for dip and - for virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spiritst urpentine steady at 40@39%c rosin steady at \$1.20@1.25; tar firm at \$1.55; crude turpentine steady at \$1.40 @2.40.

The tripping feet-the sparkling Spirits turpentine..... eye-the graceful movement-be-Rosin long not alone to the budding maiden. These graces are the right-aye duty of every woman until the hair whitens-and regal dignity replaces urpentine. The mother who guards her

strength has so much more to de-

vote to the care and education of

her dear ones. She should be a

Yet how many feel that they

have the strength to properly bal-

ance the home? The world is list-

less, weary and morbid. Its blood

moves sluggishly and is full of im-

purities. It needs a kindling, in-

vigorating tonic to set it afire-it

THE ONE MEDICINE

in the world which women may

rely upon positively. Pe-ru-na is

good for everyone, but particularly

for women. The various weak-

nesses which afflict their delicate or-

gures all sorts of troubles where other

remedies fail. If there is a catarrhal

affection the matter with you anywhere

It is contemplated to issue a new

coin from the French mint of the value

of 21/4 centimes. It would be principal-

ly for the use of very poor persons

who would be able thereby to buy the

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

The following adotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately

equivaters of a farthlag's worth

New New York, each..... New City, each

mington # M.....

Northern

North Carolina P D......

OORN MEAL—

Per bushel, in sacks
Virginia Meal....
OTTON TIES—V bundle.....

Laguyra.....

Mackerel, No. 1, # barrel... Mackerel, No. 1, # half-bbl.

Mackerel, No. 1, \$\text{ half-bbl. 11 00}

Mackerel, No. 2, \$\text{ barrel... 16 00}

Mackerel, No. 2 \$\text{ half-bbl. 8 00}

Mackerel, No. 3, \$\text{ barrel... 13 00}

Mullets, \$\text{ barrel... 13 00}

Mullets, \$\text{ pork barrel... 13 00}

N. C. Roe Herring, \$\text{ keg. 3 00}

Dry Cod, \$\text{ b... 6 6}

Extra... 6 00

8

Straight
First Patent
GLUE-B B
GRAIN-B bushel-

Corn, from store, bgs—White Mixed Corn. Oats, from store (mixed). Oats, Bust Proof.

LIME, 9 barrel

PORK. W barrel— City Mess.....

ALT, # sack, Alum.....

On 125 W Sacks. SUGAR, W D—Standard Gran'd

Liverpool

Standard A...
White Extra C...
Extra C, Golden...
C Yellow...

LUMBER (city sawed) \$ M ft— ship Stuff, resawed...... Bough edge Plank..... West India cargoes, accord-

Sugar House, in hogsheads Sugar House, in barrels... Syrup, in barrels... MAILS, # keg, Cut, 60d basis...

STAVES, W. M.-W. O. barrel..

TIMBER, \$ M feet—Shipping...

WHISKEY, 9 gallon Northern

rels crude turpentine.

crude turpentine.

rosin, 4 barrels tar.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton

W. & W. Railroad-180 bales cot-

W. C & A. Railroad-895 bales

cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 50

barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar, 19 barrels

C. C. Railroad-92 bales cotton, 44

barrels tar, 18 barrels crude turpen-

A. & Y. Railroad-510 bales cotton.

casks spirits turpentine, 49 barrels

w. & N. Railroad - 97 bales cotton.

15 casks spirits turpentine, 79 barrels

rosin, 8 barrels grude : u: pentine. Steamer Compton—16 bales cotton.

10 casks spirits turpentine, 21 barrels

Total-1,790 bales cotion, 57 casks

spirits turpentine, 150 barrels rosin, 133

parrels tar, 49 barrels crude turpentine

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

ton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 4 bar-

DOMESTICS-

FLOUR-9 D-

HIDES-# D-

Pe-ru-na will cure you.

comfort—a cheer—always.

needs Pe-ru-na,

COTTON. Good ordinary 6 3-16 Low middling..... 6 13-16 " " Middling 7½ " "Good middling 7 11-16 " "
Same day last year, market dull at

o for middling. Receipts-1,790 bales; same day last rear, 336.

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 60@65c. CORN-Firm; 75 to 77c per bushel or white.

ganism spring from inflammation or N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 14c per pound; shoulders, 11 to 12c; starrh of the mucous lining, and Pe-ru-na s a specific for catarrh in any organ of ides, 11 to 12c. the body. Any congestion of a mucous membrane simply means catarrh of the organ affected. This is why Pe-ru-na EGGS-Duil at 16@17c per dozen.

CHICKENS-Dull. Grown, 25 to 30c; springs, 10@20c.
TURKEYS—Nothing doing.
BEESWAX—Firm at 26c. TALLOW-Firm at 51/2061/c

SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 40@ oc per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.-Money on call irm at 31/2@4 per cent., last loan at 3¼ per cent., ruling rate — per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with business in bankers' bills at actual 186% for demand and at 483% @483% for sixty days. Posted rates were 484%@485 and 4871/4@488. Commercial bills 483@ Bar silver 571/4; Mexican dol lars 45%. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd. U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109; U. S. 3's, reg'd 108; do. coupon, 108; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 139; do. coupon 139; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 1121/4; do. coupon, 11214; U. S. 5's. do. reg'd, 107; coupon. 107; Southern Railway 5's 120%. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 10814; Chesapeake & Ohio 46%; Manhattan L 12414; N. Y. Central 157; Reading 43¼; do. 1st pref'd 77¼; do. 2nd pref'd 54½; St Paul 1741; do. pref'd, 1911; Southern R'way 3414; do. pref'd 91. Amalgamated Copper 853; American Tobacco -: People's Gas 100 1: Sugar 116 1: Tennessee Coal and Iron 60%; U. S. Leather 11%; do. pref'd, 80%; Wes'ern Union 91%; U. S. Steel 42%; do. preferred 91%; Mexican National 13; Standard Oil 700@707; Virginia-Caroina Chemical Co., 6014; do. preferred

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 26%@26%; do, preferred, 50% @50%; do 4s 84% @85.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Nov. 6.-Rosin steady: trained common to good \$1 4214@ 45. Spirits turpentine dull.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 6.—Spirits turpentine firm and unchanged. Rosin irm and unchanged. SAVANNAH, Nov. 6. - Spirits turpen-

tine firm at 35@351/c; receipts 1,168 casks; sales 2,179 casks; exports 315 casks Rosin firm ; receipts 3,900 barrels; sales 2,884 barrels; exports 3,679 barrels. Quote: A,B, C, D, \$1 15; E, \$1 15; F, \$1 20; G, \$1 25; H, \$1 40; I, \$1 45; K, \$1 00; M, \$2 50; N, \$3 10; W G, \$3 45; W W, \$3 60.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK. November 6. - The market for cotton futures opened weak, with prices down sixteen to twenty one points on a bad scare of local longs and commission selling, together with selling for foreign account, for professional bear operators and by Wall street bulls After the opening long cotton continued to come out free and the bears gave no indication of turning for profits. Supporting orders were scarce and news from abroad was bearish to an unusual degree. On the cold weather outlook of Monday night Liverpool. was expected to continue on the up tack during our holiday, but instead showed a loss of eight to nine and a half points when our market opened to-day. Bearish crop estimates by Neill caused the weakness in Liverpool and had a potent influence upon our market as well. Large offerings in spot cotton in Southern markets at 1 @3 16 lower figured and free post receipts helped to weigh down the market here. Reports from Fall River were less favorable. The weather report did not show as general nor as heavy frost in the cotton belt as predicted while the forecast for to-morrow's climatic conditions indicated higher temperatures as a rule. Early n the afternoon the market stiffened on light profit taking by room shorts. January rallying from 7.85 to 7.40. Later, however, the market again broke under liquidation which found

a market very bullishly supported. Prices eased off to the low figures of the morning and sentiment seemed to fayor further declines. Trading was inclined to drag at times and aside from the liquidation was quite of a professional character. The close was barely steady at a net decline of twenty two to twenty-five points.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Onton quiet at 7 13-16c; net receipts 4.629 bales; gross 14.247 hales; stock 74.415 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet and steady and 16c higher; middling uplands 7 13-16c; middling gulf 8 1-16c; sales 754 bales.

Futures closed barely steady; No-vember 7.36, December 7.39, January 7.35, February 7.31, March 7.30 April 7.30, May 7.26, June 7.23, July 7.21, August 7.10. Total to-day - Net receipts 55,510

bales; exports to Great Britain 15,018 bales; exports to France 14,481 bales; exports to the Continent 25,877 bales; stock 692,088 bales.
Consolidated — Net receipts 238,811
bales; exports to Great Britain 81,547

Total since September 1st. N. ceipts 2,187,459 bales; exports to Gh.
Britain 772,319 bales; exports to Gh. France 212,302 bales; exports to Continent 632,423 bales.

Nov 6.—Galveston, quiet at79 k net receipts 9,354 bales; Norlo; quiet at 7 ½ c, net receipts 3,302 bales Baltimore, nominal at 7½ c, net receipts 5,302 bits bales; Boston, holiday, net ceipts 668 bales; Wilmington, between the ceipts 668 bales; Wilmington, by at 7%c, net receipts 719 bales; p at 7%c, net receipts 713 bales; Padelphia quiet at 8 1-16c, net receipt 200 bales; Savanuah, steady at 7%c, net receipts 11,416 bales; New Orleads at 7%c, net receipts 20%c bales; Mobile, easy at 7%c, net bales; Memphis 153 bales: Memphis ceipts 153 bales; Memphis, early 7%c, net receipts 4,442 bales; August at 7%c, net receipts 1,419 bales Charleston, quiet at 71%c, net reve ,895 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.-Flour

firm and higher. Wheat-spot fr

No. 2 red 81%; options opened str and higher and maintained a stiff dertone most of the day except for casional setbacks under profit-lake Higher cables, good foreign buying strong corn market, increased outsi support and general covering werell bull features. Finally the market si off under realizing and closed easy **Z@**Sc net advance. Sales included March closed 80% c; May closed 80% December 78%c. Corn—spot min-firm; No. 2, 66c; options had a sin opening on bullish cables, strong a situation, a broad speculative to and covering. It later yielded to re izing and closed barely steady at k ic net advance; May closed 66 December 65 1/2c. Oats-spot steet No. 2, 481/4c; options were firm at 6 but later eased off through realizing steady. Lard easy; western steam \$8 85; refined easy; continent to South American \$10 00; compound? @7%c. Pork quiet; family \$17 00 17 25. Tallow steady. Rice que Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 voice 61/c; mild quiet; Cordova 1/2 @11c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair ret ing 3 %c; centrifugal 96 test, 3 %c; fined sugar quiet; standard A 14 confectioners' \$4 70; powdered \$5 granulated \$5 00; crushed \$5 mould A \$5 35; cut-loaf \$5 50; cut-\$5 35. Butter quoted firm; creamer 15@22%c; State dairy 14@21c. Ches. quiet; fancy large white 94@94 fancy large colored 9%@9%c; fant small white 10 1/2c. Eggs strong: 812 and Pennsylvania 23@24c. Polate quiet; Jerseys \$1 50@1 75; New You \$1 15@2 121/4; Long Island \$2 00@3 Jersey sweets \$1 50@1 75. Cabba quiet; Long Island Flat Dutch, 100, \$2 00@3 00. Peanuts que fancy hand picked 4@4%c; other mestic 2 1 @3 1/4 c. Freights to Live pool-Cotton by steam 15c. Cotton oil dull and weak for both November and December oil at 35c. Quotation closed: Prime crude barrels nomin prime summer yellow 35c; off su

\$25 00. NORFOLK, Va., November 6. nut market dull; fancy 2%c; strict prime 21/2c; prime 2@21/2c; Spann 65c; machine-picked 11/61%c. N peanuts, fancy 2%c; strictly prime! @2%c; prime 2%c; bunch nuts! Spanish 60c.

mer yellow 34@34 1/2c; prime white 3

prime winter yellow 39c; prime me

CHICAGO, November 6.-Liquidati for profits on the part of long hold of wheat and corn weakened the gu markets to-day, December wheat co ing &@dc lower, December com depressed and December oats lo do Provisions closed unchanged to 214

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Cash quotation Flour firm. Wheat-No. 2 spr. -c; No. 3 spring 67@70½c; No. 73½@74¼c. Corn-No. yellow 60 1 61c. Oats-No. 2 40 4 No. 2 white 411/2@421/4c; No. 3 wh 41@42c. Mess pork, pe bar \$13 80@13 85. Lard, per le l \$8 55@8 57%. Short rib sides, low \$7 80@7 90. Dry salted shoulder boxed, \$7 25@7 50. Short clear side

boxed, \$8 10@8 20. Whiskey But

of high wines, \$1 30. The leading futures ranged as lows-opening, highest, lowest closing: Wheat-No. 2 November 71 7114, 714, 7116; December 721678 734, 714, 7116@72c; May 751678 75% @75%, 74%, 75c. Corn-No.2N vember 50, 59, 5834, 5836; Decemb 58% @58%, 69%, 59%, 59% @59% May 62% @62%, 62%, 61% @61%, 61 61%c. Oats—December 37%, 37%. 37%c; May 39%@40, 40, 3 39%@39%c Mess pork, per bbl-J uary \$14 90, 14 95, 14 7716, 14 884 May \$15 05, 15 071/2, 14 95, 15 0 Lard, per 100 bs—December \$8 57 8 57 1/2, 8 47 1/2, 8 52 1/2; January 18 1/4

8 62%, 8 50, \$8 52%; May \$8 70.

8 62%, 8 67%. Short ribs, per 1001 —January \$7 70, 7 70, 7 62%, 767%

May \$7 82, 7 821/2, 7 75, 7 80.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning St. LIVERPOOL, Nov. 6, 4 P. M. - Cottot Spot, quiet; prices 5-32d lower; Ame can middling fair 4 9-16d; good ma dling 436d; middling 4 9-32d; low mi dling 4 5-32d; good ordinary 41-3 ordinary 3 25-32d. The sales of the were 6,000 bales, of which 500 bes were for speculation and export included 5,600 bales American ceipts 24,000 bales, including 32,9

bales American. Futures opened easier and close teady; American middling (g 0. November 4 4-64@4 5-64d buyer: rember and December 4 1 64d buys December and January 4@414 buyer; January and February 404 64d seller: February and March 1-64d seller; March and April 1-64d seller; April and May 404 64d seller; May and June 4@414 buyer; June and July 4@4 1-64d bu er; July and August 4@4 1-64d buys

MARINE.

CLEARED. Schooner Nokomis, Sawyer, Port au-Prince, J T Riley & Co.

> EXPORTS. FOREIGN.

PORT-AU-PRINGE-Schooner Note mis, 161,999 feet rough lumber 9.731 feet dressed lumber, valued \$3,970; cargo by S & W H Northro vessel by J T Riley & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY. List of Vessels in the Port of Wi

mington, N. C., November 7, 1901 STEAMSHIP Wandby, (Br) 2,580 tons, Pearson Alexander Sprunt & Son. Polano, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holiton Alexander Sprunt & Son. Hurworth, (Br) 1,520 tons, Galbraith Wragsby, (Br) 2,371 tons, Maxiell Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Mountby, (Br) 2,113 tons. Pays Alexander Sprunt & Son Candleshoe, (Br) 2,466 tols. Daniel sen, Alexander Sprunt & Son SCHOONERS. W R Perkins, 143 tons, George Br riss, Son & Co. Ida C Schoolcraft, 347 tons, Robinson

George Harriss, Son & Co. Venus, 194 tons, Foxwell, George Hr riss, Son & Co. BARQUES.

Amal, (Nor) 448 tons, Knudsen, Line

bales; exports to France 14,631 bales; exports to the Continent 42,136 bales.