WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING. NOV. 16

POLICIES FORESHADOWED.

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, delivered an address a few nights ago before the Middlesex Club, in Boston, the main points and substance of which are thus given by wire:

"The great Republic which President McKinley loved and to which he gave his life still marches on, even as he would have it, and we turn from the dead to the living. A deep gratitude is ours that his successor was not only his associate but his friend, and that the policies and purposes of President McKinley are the policies and purposes of President Roosevelt. They thought alike as to all great public questions, and alike they are representatives of the principles of the Republican party and of the truest and best American ideals and beliefs.' Senator Lodge made an argument for general reciprocity in commercial

'To this subject,' he said, 'it is cer tain that anxious consideration will be given to President Roosevelt and by Congress at the ensuing session. Whether it will be deemed best to put this policy into execution by means of some general legislation equivalent to a reciprocal arrangement with all the nations of the earth, or by a series of separate treaties, it is as yet too early

to say.'
"He said he considered the reciprocity with Cuba as first and most important for political as well as economical reasons. Then he discussed the reciprocity treaties now pending in the Senate and concluded this part of his remarks by saying:

"'Lastly, we come to the treaty with France, which is more important economically than all the other treaties put together. I should like to see a treaty made with France. It is a country with which I would fain strengthen our good relations.' "He advocated legislation which would put the American merchant

marine on an equality with that of other countries and the building of navy. The Senator continued: The whole country, I think, favors the building of an isthmian canal. I believe, from what little I know, that we shall have a treaty with England

at the coming session which will re-move, honorably for both nations, whatever obstacles now exist to the building of the canal. If such a treaty is sammitted to us by the President there is no more pressing duty than its immediate ratification, to be followed at once by the passage of the Canal "There is one other condition that is essential to the commerce and industrial development of the United States.

which in the last five years has entered a new epoch, and that is the maintenance of peace. There is no nation in the world to which peace is so important as it is to the United States in order to secure ample scope for the great progress we are making. We are in good relations now with all the world, and it will be, am sure, the effort of President Roosevelt, as it was of President Mc-Kinley, to maintain these good rela-

"There is only one point of danger and to assure peace we must protect ourselves in that direction. Firmly but quietly the Monroe Doctrine must be rigidly upheld. The entrance of any great European power into the American hemisphere, either by the acquisition of territory or the establishment of forts and naval stations would be the instant menace of the peace we are so anxious to maintain. "The best insurance and the best guarantee of peace are in the possession of a navy so strong that no na-tion of the world would be tempted to attack us. Complete preparation is the surest protection against war and war is what we wish to avoid, not only morally but economically, in every honorable way."

Senator Lodge is one of the lead ing Senators, and a man of force in the Senate, which would entitle his views to consideration; but he is more than that, he is an intimate friend of the President, and one of his trusted and confidential counsellors. He and Senator Quay were his strongest supporters for the nomination for the vice presidency, and finally forced Hanna to yield, The relations he, therefore, holds with the President, give special interest to his public declarations as far as they bear on public policies, and they may in a great measure be looked upon as foreshadowing the policies which the President will favor, as the public utterances of Senator Hanna and Gen. Grosvenor were, on account of the close relationship between them and President McKinley, looked upon as foreshadowing the policies he favored. There is much of this speech with

which there will be pretty general agreement throughout the country. There will be pretty general agreement on the question of reciprocity -the right kind of reciprocitynot a one-sided, jug-handled scheme, put up as a blind to tariff revision and which would give the protected interests practically as much control and monopoly of the home market as they have now. But while talking and favoring reciprocity the Republican statesmen are at sea as to what kind of reciprocity they will favor, whether reciprocity on general principles, or in particular cases provided for by treaty with countries whose trade we wish to cultivate, while some are working to dodge the question by turning the whole busiover to the President and vesting him with authority to deal with the question with each nation respectively in accordance with his judgment, reducing duties in special cases where in his opinion that is advisable as a means of promoting trade.

That's the course, we think, that Senator Lodge favors, as the shortest way out of the tangle that a reciprocity discussion might cause, and also a way for dodging such tariff revision as substantial reciprocity would necessitate.

The people of this country are in favor of measures to promote the establishment of a merchant marine, but they are not in favor of a sub-

sidy grab, which would go into the pockets of few schemers and leave the country without the kind of a merchant marine that would ensure the purpose for which such a marine is desired. The people are not in favor of levying that \$9,000,000 a year, or any other sum, to help ship owners to pay the expenses of running ships, without any assurance that they would get better service or lower transportation rates than they do now, nor to put money into the coffers of ship builders who now have more work than their yards can turn out, all of which could be avoided by removing the antiquated restrictions and permitting American capitalists who desire to engage in the ocean carrying business to buy their ships where they please and run them under their own flag, as the seafarers of other nations do. It isn't a question of a merchant marine; there is no difference of opinion as to the desirability of that; it is only a question of how to get it, whether to get it honestly, without taxing the people unnecessarily, or by robbing the people of millions for a fictitious merchant marine and putting those millions into the pockets of schemers who may have a pull on

the party leaders and law makers. The people are in favor of a navy strong enough to command the respect of other naval powers and to protect our interests at home and abroad. The fact that other leading maritime nations are constantly adding to their fleets, necessitates the strengthening of our navy, and no one will object to that if the work be carried on within reasonsble bounds.

Senator Lodge is an expansonist on general principles and also takes an expansion view of the Monroe doctrine which he stretches to its fullest possible limit, and makes it bar out not only attempts to infringe on the territorial possessions of the Republics South of us, but also colonies from other countries and concessions granting the right to European countries to own coaling stations on this hemisphere. This is going considerably further than the drafters of the Monroe Doctrine contemplated, especially in view of the fact that this Government has virtually nullified the Monroe Doctrine by crossing over to the other hemisphere, taking forcible possession of territory, and establishing fortified coaling stations thousands of miles from our own

Leaving out of question the coaling stations, which in these days of commerce by steam are a necessity, and to which other nations do not object, when we took forcible possession of foreign territory and declared our supremacy over it, we probably nullified the Monroe Doctrine and gave other countries ground to claim that they have as much right to carry out their plans on this hemisphere as this country has to carry out its plans on the Eastern hemisphere.

GEN. BROOKE SLOPS OVER

Before he left China Gen. Chaffee was given a farewell dinner by the English officers, and in the course of his response to a toast slopped over so much in eulogizing Great Britain and our fraternal relations that he subjected himself to some pietty severe criticisms. In answer he admitted the remarks criticised, but said they were made at a social gathering in good fellowship and were not intended for publication. A few days ago Gen. Brooke, at the dinner of an English society in New York, responded to a toast, and slopped over in the following style:

"England has never conquered any country but for that country's good. This we hope will be said of America in future ages. The Anglo Saxon race seems destined to bear Republican in-stitutions throughout the whole

"Lord Kitchener has immense diff culties in his way, but the flag of England will in time proclaim freedom all the lands of South Africa.

Otis, Merritt, MacArthur and Chaffee have been doing a similar duty in the Philippines, the same duty to God and country. The Pacific Ocean is no longer the western boundary of our land. By the arbitrament of war the great Philippine archipelage has been thrown into our hands, and it is our duty to care for its people and to teach them liberty.'

This would be bad enough if simply the utterance of an individual speaking for himself, but in this instance Gen. Brooke spoke for, or at least assumed to speak for, his country and practically made it endorse the war on the Boers and the methods resorted to crush out these stubborn defenders of their country and their hearths. There are millions of people in this country, however friendly they may feel to Great Britain, who do not endorse that war and who trust that England may be foil- \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Dised in her efforts to rob those more than Spartan heroes of the liberty for which they have been so gallant-ly and gloriously fighting. When ly and gloriously fighting. When Gen. Brooke uttered the rot he did he discredited himself as the wearer of a soldier's uniform, speaking as representative of his country. But, possibly, as this was a banquet speech, where something besides solids were partaken of, that may



account for this slop over.



The leading stoves and ranges in the world. Unequalled for perfect construction, economy of fuel, handsome appearance. Over 3,000,000 in use. Famous for 35 years. For sale by leading dealers everywhere. Look for the trade-mark, and insist on seeing the genuine JEWELS.

Jewel Stoves are sold by R. H. BEERY, 10 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

THE VETERANS PASSING AWAY

The veterans who took part on both sides in the war between the States are passing away. It will not be many years before the rear guard of these great armies will have crossed the river, and they, with the stirring events in which they played such prominent parts, will figure only on the historic page. The following official table shows how the Union veterans have passed away since June 30, 1895. It is from the report of the Adjutant General of the G. A. R., read at the last encampment at Cleveland, Ohio:

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in six years, and the probabilities are that the loss for the next six and succeeding years will be greater in proportion as time and age creeps on the veterans. A generation has passed since the war and the living veterans are pretty well advanced in years now, so that we may naturally expect a larger mortality among them.

A somewhat remarkable thing in this connection, however, is that notwithstanding the large decrease in the number of veterans, the pension roll continues to grow and is now larger than it ever was, which might lead to the inquiry, "where do all the pensioners come from?"

CURRENT CUMMENT.

 All advocates of ship subsidy are forced to admit that every ship yard is busy; that the tonnage of each year exceeds the tonnage of the preceding years, and that ship building is going on just as rapidly as the capacity of our shipbuilding plants will permit. Why subsidize a booming industry? - Augusta Chronicle, Dem.

- Nearly 20 per cent. of al the soldiers engaged in the Spanish-American war are now on the pension rolls, or trying to get on. says the report of Commissioner Evans. That's right; let's get the whole shooting match on the list, and then maybe the people will open their eyes to the fact that they are being systematically robbed by an active army of attorneys, solicitors and pension drummers, who are, as the commissioner says, practically licensed by the government with the promise of \$25 for each claim allowed .- Chattanooga Times, Ind.

- The Steel Trust evidently deems it advisable to dissipate the notion spread abroad by sensational sheets, that it is throwing away stockholders' money on favorites: for, at last, the statement that it is paying President Schwab \$1,000,-000 a year salary is openly contradicted by the statement that his salary is \$100,000, with a quarter per cent. fee contingent on earnings after deducting fixed charges and dividends. These this year reached \$50,000,000, so that his receipts from the fee amounted to \$125,000. But, of course, he gets his dividends on his stock, as other stockholders do .- Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilming mington District.

Burgaw church, Burgaw, Nov. 13. Jacksonville and Richlands, Richands, Nov. 15. Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 16, 17.

Scott's Hill church, Scott's Hill Waccamaw, Nov. 22. Whiteville, Chadbourn, Nov. 23, 24. Bladen street, Nov. 27. Market street, Nov. 28. Kenansville, Charity, Nov. 29.

Magnolia, Providence, Nov. R. B. JOHN, P. E.

Night Was Her Terror. "I would cough nearly all night long, writes Mrs. Charles Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three covery wholly cured me and I gained | ness, Fever and Ague. They banish bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY's drug

Blue Island, Ill., Jan. 14, 1901. MESSRS.- ELY BROS :- I have used your Cream Balm in my family for nise years and it has become my family doctor for colds in the head. I use it freely on my children. It is a Godsend to children as they are troubled more or less.

Yours, respectfully, J. KIMBALL.
Judge for yourself. A trial size can
be had for the small sum of 10 cents. Supplied by druggists or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warrent street, New Yoak. Full size, 50 cents.

Signature



SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Greenville Reflector: Mrs. Susan M. Hanrahan died Tuesday night at her home near Grifton. She was the widow of the late Mr. James A. Hanrahan.

- Mr. M. E. Terry, who resides on one of Capt. W. I Everett's sandnill farms, showed us a number of the largest ears of corn we ever saw, some of the ears measuring thirteen inches in length.

 Chadbourn Messenger: Last Saturday night while Dan Shaw and James Herring were out hunting, a gun in the hands of Shaw was accidently discharged, one of the shot striking Herring in the head and frac-turing his skull. He died Tuesday

- Elizabeth City Carolinian There is a scarcity of teachers for the white schools in Carteret and Craven counties. — State Engineer J. H. McRee has practically completed the boundary survey of the State swamp lands in Tyrell county. He says he thinks the land sold to the Branning 8 o'clock in London, and it's only 3 Lumber Company will take up all the here."—Philadelphia Record. timber.

- Carthage Blade: Measles have struck Carthage in full force. Everybody who has hot had measles, from the bables up, are having their share.

Mr. W. Garter, of Carter's Mill, made an assignment this week to U. L Spence, assignee. Mr. Carter has for twenty years been a leading merchant of this county.

- Monroe Enquirer: There was hold robbery at Mr Daniel Walkup's. in Jackson township, last Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Walkup were away at the time and a boy about 13 years old was left in charge of their home. Two groes came up and one of them drev a pistol on the boy and proceeded to fill up large bags with a lot of seed cotton, which they carried off. The negroes were arrested last Monday and are in jail awaiting trial.

- Asheville Citizen: The machinery for the electric power plant at Ivy is to be started this week and power will be sent over the wires to the Asheville Electric Company. Th dam is an enormous one-75 feet high -and crosses the stream where it runs between high and very steep mountains. Though the amount of power which will be brought here at the start will be comparatively small, and will be utilized for lighting, later s much larger amount will be brought

- Greensboro Record: E. D. Steele, of High Point, was in the city Wednesday night returning from s trip to Moore county where he consummated a deal in some coal lands for Northern capital, making the first payment on it Wednesday. It is said it is very valuable and that the mine will at once be put in operation. The deposits of coal are good, the quality having been tested thoroughly. The supply is also said to be well nigh inexhaustible so far as can be told. The preperty is known as the Wilcox coal lands. If it turns out as expected will be a great thing for this part o the country as well as for the owners who are putting their money in it.

- Windsor Ledger: Monday the partially decomposed body of a colored man, the skull fractured by a blow with an axe, was found in s weed marsh near the farm of Mr. S. A. Hadley, about two miles from Williamston, and John Watts, a halfwitted white man, and Kenny Page were arrested and lodged in jail to await trial at the next term of the criminal court. Watts has confessed to the killing of the negro, Dempsey Bond, of Bertie county, and his story implicates Page, who admits that he knew of the crime and who guided an officer to the place where the decaying corpse was found. Dempsey Bond was last seen alive in Williamston on Sunday, October 10th. - Wadesboro Messenger - Intelli-

pencer: The firm of T. L. Covington & Co., well known merchants of Rockingham, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. The liabili ties are \$22,500 and the assets \$18,850. The principal creditors of the firm live in Rockingham and are: H. C. Watson, \$2,000; Bank of Pee Dee, \$1,500; John S. Covington, \$865; James A. Covington, \$600; Mrs. R. A. Covington, \$916.25. The only other large debt the firm owes is due Will Well, of Charlotte, whose claim is for \$1.300 - Will Sturdivant, alias Will Flowers, the negro who was shot at McFarlan, some time ago, by officers who were attempting to arrest him, had a preliminary hearing before Esqs. I. H. Horton and W. E. Pen ington Monday. The charge against Sturdivant was rape and incest, but there was no rape, and held him for court only on the charges of incest and adultery. Sturdivant's victim was a girl of 14 years of age at the time the crime is alleged to have been committed, and is his aunt. He was re-committed to jail in default of bond, which was placed at \$200.

Working 24 Hours a Day. There's no rest for those tireless lit le workers-Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Bilious-Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 12, 1895 NASHVILLE, TENN., June 12, 1898
Dr. C. J. MOFFETT, St. Louis, Mc.—I can truly say that your TEETHINA is the greatest blessing to teething children that the world has ever known. I have used it two years, and do not like to be without a box all the time. My baby would hardly have lived through his second summer if I had not used your powders. He is now strong and well, and has all his teeth. I never allow an opportunity to pass without recommending TEETHINA to mothers. May God reward you for the good you have done teething babies through this remedy, t Respectfully, Mrs. A. G. RUSSELL.



TWINKLINGS

Cutting Remark: Hanger-on-What's making that rasping noise in the next room? Baliff—I think it's a woman filing an application for divorce.—Lafe.

- "De reason some of us doesn't git along," said Uncle Eben. "Is dat we sit down dreamin' of automobiles when we orter be pushin a wheel-barrer."-Judge.

- Smithly-Speaking of bashful people! Why, up where I board one fellow has eaten at the table a whole month without opening his mouth.—

- After the Surgical Operation: Barber-What will you have on your face, witch hazel or bay rum? Patron -"Naither wan nor the other. Just put on plain court plaster!—Puck. - Your son is a senior at the

University, isn't he?" "Yes." "And he graduates next June?" "No; he's going to fail in his examinations so he can be on the football team another season."-Cleveland Plain Dealer. - What He Missed-"Yes; they eall it a 'rural play;' but it seems to

me there's something lacking."
"Why, so there is; there's no mortgage on the farm."—Philadelphia enina Bulletin - "What's the trouble between you and Miss Flitey?" "It's all my stupidity. I told her she was an angel so many times that she actually be-lieves it, and now I can't get her within

a hundred yards of the earth."-Cleveland Plain Dealer. - The Other Extreme-"Miss Lavinia," said the Rev. Dr. Fourthly, while making his pastoral call, "you want to go to heaven, do you not?"
"Y yes, sir," replied the fourteen-year
old daughter of the family, "but I
think I'd like to visit Paris first."—

Chicago Tribune. - Those Girls Again-Tess-"] saw her in her new dress to-day, and she seemed really happy. Isn't it re-markable?" Jess — "How remarka-ble?" Tess—"That some people can seem happy, no matter how they look."—Philadelphia Press.

- "Oh, come, now, I s'y!" ex claimed the Britisher, "you must admit we're ahead of you in a grate many w'ys." "In one great particular I admit that you are," said the Yankee. "And that is?" "Time. It's

- "Isn't it delightlful to see the little lambking gambol on the green?"
murmured Mrs. Sweepstakes, who was
out carriage riding with her husband. 'Gamble on the green!" he echoed, as he swoke from a reverie and had visions of a fat jackpot and a baize table. "Gamble on the green! Why, the wicked little cusses!"—Columbus ournal.

URBAN POULTRY RAISING. Difficulties That Beset the Fancier Is

New York City. Few of those interested in the exhibition of poultry and pigeons have any idea of the sumber of fancy birds that are hatched and raised right in New York. Not all fanciers of fine pigeons and poultry can find the time or money to go into the country and start a small farm to breed and raise their pets, and so they make the best of their surroundings.

In the upper part of the city there are some dozens of poultry yards where prize winners at the show were reared. More than one fancier has converted his back yard into a poultry farm. where under the cover of wire netting the birds do almost as well as if in the country with ample room and breathing space.

"We have to be very careful in han dling the cocks, or they will be complained of as nuisances," explained one of these up town fanciers. "Before the upper west side was built up I had one of the best amateur collections of poultry and pigeons in the state, but neighbors crowded closer to me, and complaints began to come in about my birds. To keep on a friendly footing with my neighbors I tried various ways of suppressing the early morning enthusiasm of the cocks, I kept them in dark coops until I got up in the morning, but they would crow in spite of this, and the muffled noises sounded even worse than the unobstructed variety. I believe a rooster can tell when it is daylight if shut up in the darkest place in the world.

"I tried next to shut them up in the cellar, driving them in there every night and closing the doors and win dows. Even this was not sufficient until I padded the windows so that the sound could not escape. In that way have succeeded in the past few years in keeping my fancy poultry without annoying the neighbors.'

Down town there are several incuba tor companies that make it a business to hatch eggs in their establishments for the benefit of their customers. Several incubators are kept full of eggs all the time, and great numbers of young chicks are hatched every week. These are allowed to run at large in the windows for a week or two or until they

There are several dozen pigeon lofts in different parts of the city. Some fancy birds are raised in these city lofts, and they invariably find their way into the annual show at Madison Square Garden. Nearly all the lofts are on the top of private houses or apartment houses. If liberally fed on the roof of their own house, they will always return home at night, and the breeders have little difficulty in keeping them. There is no danger from irresponsible gunners or from rats and mice, so that the mortality among the city pigeons is really less than in the country. In the country the young squabs are invariably annoyed by rats and mice and even by owls and other night birds. In the summer time night birds of prey are attracted to the city by the pigeon lofts, and quite a number can be seen hovering over the roofs of houses after dark.

."I should say that if the census of the pigeons kept in New York could be taken today there would be found a thousand or two," said one of the breeders. "I have definite knowledge of 20 different lofts of 20 to 50 pigeons each, and I suppose there are many more. Most of these pigeous are the common kinds, with a few fancy tumblers, fantails and carriers. There are a number of expert fanciers with their lofts in the city, and they raise some of the finest birds found at the exhibitions."-New York Post.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhosa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought



COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce STAR OFFICE, November 15. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing

oing. ROSIN—Market firm at 95c per barrel bid for strained and \$1.00 per barrel bid for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at \$1.25 per bar-

rel of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market firm at \$1.10 per barrel for hard, \$2.00 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine steady at 41 1/2 040 1/2; rosin steady at \$1.20 01.25; tar steady at \$1.55; crude turpentine firm at \$1.40

Spirits turpentine Crude turpentine..... 114 Receipts same day last year—70 casks spirits turpentine, 316 barrels rosin, 106 barrels tar, 51 barrels crude turpentine. COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 71/2 per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 4 15-16 cts 2 1 Good ordinary..... 6 5-16 low middling..... 6 15-16 " " Middling 7 18 16 " "

Same day last year, market firm a Receipts-2,476 bales; same day last

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.] COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. PEANUTS—North Caronic face, 65c per Prime 60c; extra prime, 65c per face, 70c. bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, Virginia-Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 60@65c. CORN—Firm: 75 to 77c per bushel

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 14@ loc per pound; shoulders, 12@13c; EGGS-Firm at 18@19c per dozen CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 25@ Sc; springs, 10@20c. TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12%@ 15c; live, 9@10c.

Wheat-spot firm; No. 2 red 831/c; op BEESWAX-Firm at 26c. tions opened barely steady, reflecting TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per bearish cables, but promptly recoverpound SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 40@ ing, held firm most of the session. Including Wall street and foreign buying, there was active outside demand

FINANCIAL MARKETS December 80 %c. Corn—spot market firmer; No. 2, 68c; the options market By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Nov. 15. - Money on call was firm and active on renewed cash easier at 21/05 per cent., last loan at demand West, light offerings, good 21/2 per cent., ruling rate 41/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 41605 per Sterling exchange very strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487% @487% for demand and at 484% @484% for sixty days. The posted rates were 485@485% and Pork dull. Rice quiet. Coffee-Spot 188 14. Commercial bills 488 14 @484 14. Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 6%c; mild, Bar silver 56%. Mexican dollars 45. Government bonds steady. State bonds steady. Bailroad bonds were irregular. U.S. refunding 2's, reg'd, quiet; Cordova 71/@11c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3 3 16c; centrifugal 96 to t. 3 11-16c; refined sugar duil. Butter firm; creamery 17@24%c; 108%; U. S. refunding 3's, coupon, State dairy 15@28c. Cheese steady; U.S. 3's, reg'd 10814; do. coupon, fancy large October 916916c; fancy 108 4; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 189; do. coupon 189; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 11236; do. coupon, 11236; U. S. 5's, do. reg'd, 107; coupon, 107; Southern Bailton 190; coupon, 100; Southern small do. 9 4 @10c. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 26@27c; uncandied 22@26c; Western do. 24@27. Potatoes Railway 5's 120%. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 107%; Chesapeake & Ohio 46%; Manhattan L 180%; N. Y. Censteady; Jerseys \$1 50@1 75; New York \$1 50@2 1214; Long Island \$2 00@2 25; Jersey sweets \$1 50@1 75. Cabbage steady; Long Island Flat Dutch, per 100, \$2 00@3 00. Peanuts steady; tral 162%; Reading 46; do. 1st pref'd 78%; do. 2nd pref'd 56%; St. fancy hand picked 4@4%c; other do-Paul 170%; do. pref'd, 189; Southern mestic 21 @31c. Freights to Liverway 33%; do. pref'd 90%; Amalgamated Copper 87 %; American Tobacco —; People's Gas 108 %; Sugar 119 %; pool-Cotton by steam 13c. Cotton seed oil fairly steady with few sales Quotations: Prime crude barrels nominal; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63; U. S. prime summer yellow 34 1/2c; off sum Leather 121; do. pref'd, 811; Western Union 90%; U.S. Steel 4314; do. mer yellow 34c; prime white 38@@39c; preferred 92%; Mexican National 13%; Standard Oil 698@703; Virginia-Caroprime winter yellow 38@39c; prime meal \$25 00. lina Chemical Co., 61%; do. preferred bullish feeling prevailed in the grain markets to-day as a result of a continued heavy demand in the coarse

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—SeaboardAir Line, common, 3714@2714; do, preferred, 51%@51%; do 4s 85%@86.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15. - Rosin steady. Strained common to good \$1 50. Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 37 % CHARLESTON, Nov. 15 .- Spirits tur-

entine firm at 34%c; sales 125 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 500 SAVANNAB, Nov. 15. - Spirits turpentine steady at 351/c; receipts 1,148

casks; sales 868 casks; exports 2,713 casks Rosin firm ; receipts 3,788 barrels; sales 1,716 barrels; exports — barrels. Prices unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

New York, Nov. 15.—The cotton market opened steady with prices unchanged to five points higher. Wall street and room buying, chiefly late months, caused the early steadiness. Prospects of lighter receipts and a cold weather map were the bases for cold weather map were the bases for the early purchases, these influences at the same time serving to check selling for either account. But soon after the call bear leaders raided the market, breaking January down from 7.59 to 7.50 within a few minutes A sharp break in Liverpool and light liquidation by room longs gave the market a weak appearance for the moment. When the bear pressure was removed, however, the market immediately exhibited a strong undertone and for the rest of the fore-noon worked steadily higher, Janu-ary to 7.60 on good Wall street supnoon worked steadily higher, January to 7.60 on good Wall street support, buying for Southern account and demand from shorts. Trading at the time was quite active with

sentiment as to the immediate future decidedly bullish. The forecast indicated general frost in the belt with freezing temperatures over important areas in the territories and northern Louisiana. Southern markets were firmer on export demand, with holders disposed to hold off. Aside from Wall street buying local commission houses were rather slimly supplied with orders. Near the close profit-taking carried prices off a point or two. The close was barely steady and net three points lower to one point

Sold only in In-er-seal Packages. Price, 5 cents.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

higher. NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Cotton quiet at 8c; net receipts 857 bales; gross 2,096 bales; stock 76,706 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8c; middling gulf 81/4c; sales

Futures closed barely steady; November 7.50, December 7.54, January 7.54, February 7.51, March 7.52, April 7.52, May 7.53, June 7.53, July 7.53, August 7.43.
Total to-day—Net receipts 49,824

bales; exports to Great Britain 9,-746 bales; exports to the Continent 22,012 bales; stock 782,820 bales. Consolidated—Net receipts 327,100 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,657 bales; exports to France 11,608 bales; exports to the Continent 71.254 bales. Total since September 1st. - Net re-

ceipts: 2,726,526 bales; exports to Great Britain 952,097 bales; exports to France 234,635 bales; exports to the Continent 738,912 bales. Nov. 15—Galveston, steady at 71/2c, net receipts 13,288 bales; Norfolk firm at 75-16c, net receipts 1,253 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7%c, net receipts 6,287 bales; Boston, quiet at &c, net receipts 1,097 bales; Wilmington, firm at 71/c, net receipts 2,476 bales; Phil adelphia, quiet at 8 kc, net receipts 509 bales Savannah, quiet and steady, 71/c,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

fairly active and firmer with wheat.

again with very little for sale. The

market closed firm at %@%c ad

vauce. Sales: May closed 81%c;

speculative buying and sympathy with

wheat, Closed firm and %0%c

cember 67%c. Oats—spot stronger; No.

, 46c; options firmer, quiet. Lard firm;

Western steam \$8 85; refined steady.

CHICAGO November 15 -A strong

grains. December wheat closed to

higher, December corn #@#c up and

December oats #@ic higher. Pro-

visions closed a shade lower to 21c

CHICAGO, Nov. 15. - Cash quotations:

Flour firm. Wheat-No. 3 spring

-No. 2 -c; No. 2 yellow 62c. Oats

No. 2 41 % @42 %c; No. 2 white 44 % @

44%c; No.3 white 43%@44%c. Rye—No. 260%@61c. Mess pork, per barrel,

\$13 75@18 80. Lard, per 100 bs.

\$8 50@8 52%. Short rib sides, loose, \$7 80@7 95. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, \$7 25@7 50. Short clear sides.

boxed, \$8 15@8 25. Whiskey-Basis

The leading futures ranged as fo

ows-opening, highest, lowest an

closing: Wheat—No. 3 November 71%

hs-December \$8 45, 8 50, 8 45, 8 50

January \$8 52½, 8 52½, 8 47½, 8 52½; May \$8 67½, 8 67½, 8 60, 8 67½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January \$7 67½, 7 65; 7 67½; May \$7 77½, 7 82½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning dia

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 15, 4:80 P. M.— Cotton: Spot, moderate business; prices 1-16d higher; American mid-

of high wines, \$1 31.

7 77%, 7 82%.

67@71%c; No. 2 red 74%@74%c. Corn

higher. Sales-May closed 68c;

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.-Flour was

net receipts 9,609 bales; New Orleans Alexander Sprunt & Son. steady at 7 5-16c, net receipts 10,334 SCHOONERS. bales: Mobile, steady at 73-16c, net re-Warner Moore, 412 tons, Crockett, ceipts 617 bales; Memphis, steady at George Harriss, Son & Co. 7 3-16c, net receipts 4,678 bales; Au-Harold J McCarty, 297 tons, Flynn, gusta, steady at 77-16c, net receipts 1,535 bales; Charleston, steady at 74c, net receipts 1,913 bales. George Harriss, Son & Co. Venus, 194 tons, Foxwell, George Harriss, Son & Co. BARQUES. PRODUCE MARKETS.

Bloan.

Charles Loring, 525 tons, Blatchford, George Harriss, Son & Co. BRIGS.

for speculation and export and in-

cluded 7,400 bales American. Re-

bales American.

gust 4 6-64d buyer.

ceipts 10.000 bales, including 9,900

Futures opened quiet and closed

steady; American middling (g. o. c.) November 4 11-64d buyer; November

and December 4 8-64d seller; Decem-

ber and January 4 6-64@4 7-64d buy-er; January and February 4 6-64d

buyer; February and March 4 6-64d

buyer; March and April 4 6-64d buy.

er; April and May 46-64d buyer; May and June 46-64d buyer; June

and July 4 6-64d buyer; July and Au-

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Norwegian barque Amal, Andreas sen, Middlesborough, England, Heide & Co.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, ENG-Norwegian

barque Amai, 4,539 barrels rosin, valued

at \$5,465 80; cargo by S P Shotter Co; vessel by Heide & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of t

mington, N.C., November 16,1901

Tripoli, (Br) 1,687 tons, Barber, J H

Wandby, (Br) 2,580 tons, Pearson,

Polano, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holttum,

Wragsby, (Br) 2,371 tons, Maxfield,

Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Alexander Sprunt & Son.

STEAMSHIPS.

Dixon Rice, 196 tons, Carty, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday. W. & W. Railroad-420 bales cot-

W. C. & A. Railroad-1,314 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine. C. C. Railroad-177 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 247 barrels rosin, 33 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude

on, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad-392 bales cotton, casks spirits turpentine. W. & N. Railroad -152 bales cotton, casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rude turpentine. Schooner Ruth J.-5 casks spirits

urpentine, 25 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 25 barrels crude turpentine. Schooner Adele—11 barrels tar. Schooner Minnie Ward-18 barrels Schooner Glide-1 bale cotton, 33

parrels rosin. Henry's flat-7 barrels tar. Steamer Driver-20 bales cotton, 10 easks spirits turpentine, 75 barrels tar, 21 barrels crude turpentine. C. Larkins' flat-4 barrels rosin, 7 barrels crude turpentine. Total-2,476 bales cotton, 40 casks spirits turpentine, 321 barrels rosin, 226 barrels tar, 114 barrels crude turpentine.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S PECTORANT. For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

THE 1831

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