WILMINGTON, N. C.

MORNING, JAN.

#### FORGING AHEAD.

Yesterday we published an article showing how the South was forging ahead in point of population as compared with other sections, and herein we present some figures, for which we are indebted to the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record, showing how she is forging ahead as a manufacturing section. Last week's issue publishes an elaborate analysis of the census figures on the industrial development in the South, from which we quote the following:

"The South has become a manufacturer on a billion-dollar scale-indeed, it were better to say on a billion-anda-hal'-dollar scale, for the value of the products of its factories in 1900, according to preliminary figures of the twelfth census, was \$1,466,669,495, which was greater by nearly \$450,-000,000 than the value of the products of manufactures in the United States in 1850. The total for 1900 shows an increase of \$549,440,468 over the total of 1890 in the value of products, and of \$494,847,237 in the amount of capital invested, which in 1900 amounted to \$1,153,670,097, against \$658,795,860 in 1890. The growth in the value of products in the ten years is shown in the following table: Value of Products.

	1890.	1900.
Alabama	\$51,226,605	\$82,793 80
Arkansas	22,559 179	44,883,78
Dis.Colum's	38,971,419	47,667.62
Florida	18,222,890	38,189,89
Georgia	68,917.020	106,654,52
Kentucky	126,719,857	154,590,06
Louisiana	57,806,713	121,181,68
Maryland	171,842,593	243,752,99
Mississippi.	18,705,834	40,431,38
N. Carolina	40,375,450	94 919 66
8. Carolina.	31,926,681	58,748,78
Tennessee	72,325,286	107,527,06
Texas	70,433 551	119,414,98
Virginia	88.363 824	132,735,62
W. Virginia		74,177,68

Total .... \$917,229,027 \$1,466,669,495 "The analysis shows that the average rate of capital in the South during the ten years was 75 1 per cent., and that this rate was exceeded in eight States, with Louisiana leading with 225.3 per cent. Louisiana led also in the actual increase of capital, \$78. 330,173, though Maryland led in the amount of capital invested in 1900, \$163,422,260. The average rate of increase in the value of products in the South was 59 9, which was exceeded in nine States, North Carolina leading with 135 per cent., and Maryland le ding in actual increase with \$70,910,397.

These are interesting figures, but their full significance may not be fully understood by those who are not familiar with the conditions that have prevailed in the South for much of the time since the war and the obstacles against which our "captains of industry," to use one of President Roosevelt's phrases, had to contend. The South had been so largely an agricultural section that the impression was, and quite naturally, that Southern men had little inclination to or ability for industrial enterprises of a manufacturing kind which presupposed more or less experience. That impression was so strong that when the South began to show a disposition to enter actively on the manufacture of cotton goods it was predicted that the effort would be a failure because Southern men had little experience in that business, had no skilled labor and the most they could hope to do would be to manufacture the coarser lines of goods the manufacturer of which it was not difficult to master.

When Southern men embarked in iron and steel-making the same might have been predicted with even more appearance of plausibility, for while some Southern men did have some experience in the manufacture of cotton they had literally none in the manufacture of iron and steel. They had all these things to learn and had not only to learn them themselves but had to

But in addition to this was the limited capital in this section and the consequent difficulty of raising money to invest in new enterprises. the success of which remainto be demonstrated. These enterprises had to be established to enter the field with others of a similar character in other sections which had been long established, were under skilful and experienced management, and had ample capital at their command, with unlimited credit if it became necessary to use that. This is especially true of the cotton manufacturing and of the iron and steel industries. It would be easier now to raise a million dollars to invest in either of these industries than it was to raise \$100,000 fifteen or even ten years ago. Success commands confidence and establishes credit. Capital instead of having to be sought seeks the soccessful field.

the figures given above which shows possess the combined qualifications that while seme of the Southern States have forged ahead rapidly the others have made fair progress, which would have justified much more than has been said about them. But there are some of them which possess exceptional advantages as manufacturing States. The range of States extending from Virginia to Alabama on the slope of the mountains have advantages as manufacturing States not excelled, if equalled, in the world. They contain in workable quantities and workable economically, all the raw materials of commercial value—timber, iron, copper, coal, textile fibers, everything necessary for great and diversified industries, and with this a fertile soil capable of support- For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

ing in comfort many millions of inhabitants, and in addition to all this, never failing water powers abundant in numbers and adequate to all the demands that may ever be made upon them.

Give the South the same advantages that industrial enterprises in the North have in being able to command large capital at moderate and sometimes almost nominal rates of interest and she would forge to the front with a rapidity that might astonish people who have not kept a close eye on her industrial progress or understand what she had to contend against in accomplishing what she has.

Business has been so systematized in the North that every manufacturing business of any importance is run on the trust plan, trusts representing many millions of dollars, with credit in proportion. We have nothing of that kind in the South. Whether these trusts may be enduring or not, or whether they may be successful in the long run, there is no doubt that they give the section in which they are a temporary advantage over other sections, where business is conducted by individual enterprise or by companies with limited capital. This is especially true in such enterprises as the manufacture of iron and steel where large capital is essential to economi-

cal work and profitable output. But the trend of capital is this way, for it will come in when the raw materials can be most easily reached and cheaply put down at the manufacturing plant. The next ten years will witness much of that and the onward progress of the South's manufacturing industries.

## INTEREST IN EDUCATION.

Governor Aycock is taking a great deal of interest in popular education, but not any more than he should, or any more than any citizen who looks to the future prosperity of his State and welfare of its people should take. Every State which is wise and would build well for the future should put the means of at least a rudimentary education within the reach of all of its sons and daugh-

Under present and prospective conditions this applies to North Carolina with more force than ever, for by law, with the adoption of the constitutional amendment, not only the illiterate negro is disfranchised but the illiterate white man will be disfranchised after 1908, so that the boys now growing up who will come of age by that time must learn to read and write before they can become entitled to the franchise.

From all the accounts we have the negroes are showing much, and a commendable, interest in this matter, and are very active in preparing themselves to meet the constitutional requirement as to reading and

This narrows the question down to whether the white people will be lukewarm and indifferent while the negroes are active in the efforts to maintain their position as a political factor in the State. There are about forty thousand of them who can vote, and with those who will learn to read and write before 1908 they will form a mighty factor, will hold the balance of power and being better informed than heretofore will be apt to insist on having more to say about party management and party policies. Thus, even viewed from a political standpoint only, it is essential that effort should be made to qualify every white boy for

But there are other considerations outside of politics which should inspire an interest and stimulate efforts in this direction. Regard for the youth of the State, to en able them to take their part in the battle of life and be better able to take care of themselves should do it, and so should regard for the prosperity of the State, for the educated brain is such a help to the hand that the man possessing both becomes three times the wealth producer that the hand worker alone does. It is a duty the State owes, not only to itself but to its children to give them at least a rudimentary education, on which they may be afterwards able to build themselves.

Sitks, the capital of Alasks, is pretty far North, but the Secretary of the Alaska Geographical Society informs us that the mercury has never been known to reach zero in that town. He adds that there is not a single State in the Union which shows as low a maximum summer temperature nor one which has not registered lower winter There is one gratifying feature in minimuns. It seems from this to

for a summer and winter resort.

The farmers up in Surry county they are all gone. are looking for an early spring, because they say severe winters are always followed by early springs. They are corroborated by the New Haven (Conn.) Palladium, which has come to the same conclusion. based upon the performances of the wild geese, birds, etc. Well, if they have an early spring up there the Surry people will be apt to come in for some of it.

For Whooping Cough 1180 CHENEY'S PECTORANT.

THE LOGIC OF THE SITUATION

Last year was reported to be rather a bad year, comparatively. for Southern cotton mills and yet they consumed 100,000 more bales than they did the preceding year. With the rate of gain as compared with the Northern mills they will seen catch up with and lead them in the number of bales consumed. In speaking of the report of Secretary Hester, the Baltimore Sun remarks as follows:

"The consumption of cotton in Southern cotton mills begins to bear a large proportion to the total consumed n the United States and Canada. Mr. Hester of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, reported, for example, a taking by Southern mills in 1901, up to December 13, of 601,196 bales, as against 898,751 bales taken by Northern and Canadian spinners. The gain over the preceding year in Southern takings was over 100,000 bales. This is as it should be. Cotton can be best manufactured where it is grown, and at the largest profit. In periods of high prices badly located mills—mills far from the cotton fields-can continue to run but in hard times they will be frozen out by inability to compete with mills down South. Thus, little by little, the logic of the situation will compel the transference of the cotton industry to the South."

The logic of the situation is that the cotton manufacturing industry must ultimately center in the South not simply to be near the base of supplies, but that the manufacturers may avail themselves of the superior advantages the South offers to that industry. This will not be in a few years nor in a decade, because there is too much money already invested in manufacturing plants in other manufacturing centers, and those plants will be kept running as long as there is any margin of profit on their output. But the day will come when, through competition, the margin will become so small that a change of base will be necessary and they will have to get near the cotton fields or get out of business.

Planting pecan trees has become a craze in Georgia. A correspondent of the New York Tribune says at the rate at which planting is now progressing there will be within the decade more pecan trees than peach trees in that State.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

- And now the tomato canneries of the East are to resolve themselves into a Twenty-Million-Dollar Trust and monopolize this branch of business. Thank goodness, however, every experienced housekeeper can do a Trust business at home and can her own tomatoes.—Philadelphia Record Dem.

- It would puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer to say what the Chicago Board of Trade had to do with the Schley-Sampson controversy, yet that body resolved at great length upon the subject. Observers, however, will accept the incident as showing that the sentiment for Schley is so feverish that even a sedate board of trade is carried off its feet by it .- Mobile Register, Dem.

- The "ladrones" and "bandits" keep coming in the Philippines. A dispatch from Manila yes terday reports officially the surrender of "one colonel, three lieutenant colonels, one major, five captains, twelve lieutenants" and 245 men at one place in one province. Senator Hoar is probably right in the suggestion that the country has not been frankly and correctly informed about the conditions in the islands. - Charleston News and Courier, Dem.

—Only two representatives from the Southern States voted for the admission of ex-Confederates to the National Homes. The scandal of the pension lists is becoming too heavy to be carried much longer, and the mouths of Democrats should not be stopped to the injury of the people as a whole. A pension to the worthy and needy soldier is a debt the nation is glad to pay, but a pension list padded for political purposes is a shame that deserves severest probation. Let the guilty be punished and those responsible be exposed. - Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility: but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt Women sufferlike a new person." ing from headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfac-tion is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY. Only 50c.

The druggist have already been sup plied with Peruna almanacs. There is sure to be a great demand for these al manacs on ascount of the articles on astrology which they contain. The subject of astrology is a very attractive one to most people. The articles on astrology in the Peruna almanac have been furnished by a very competent astrologist, and the mental character istics of each sign is given, constituting almost a complete horoscope. list of lucky and unlucky days for to that American girl and was aca great rush for these books, Ask such a purse that I shant need to get

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhea.

It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

the Kind You Have Always Bought



Is only one form of the suffering result ing from a diseased condition of the sensitive womanly organism. The only way to cure the headache is to cure the

diseases which cause it. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of curing usands of women of headache, backache, female weakness and other forms of disease peculiar to women. It estab-lishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures bearing-down pains.

cures bearing-down pains.

"I think if it were not for your 'Favorite Prescription' I would have been in my grave," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Egypt, Plymouth Co., Mass., Box 14. "I had pain all over me, and such a dragging feeling it seemed I could not do my house work. I had to sit down to wash the dishes, even. In the year 1897 I was so sick I did not care to live and prayed many times that God would take me. One day I thought I would write to Dr. Pierce. In a few days I received an answer. I decided to try his medicine, and to-day I am a well woman. I have no headache, no pain at all, I used always to have headaches previous to the monthly period, and such pain that I would roll on the floor in agony. This sometimes would occur every two weeks, and I would be very weak afterward. I was in pain all over. My feet would slip from under me when I would try to go across the room, and I could not walk any distance without being in pain. I took three bottles of 'Pavorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three vials of Doctor Pierce's Pellets, and was completely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver.

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Smithfield Herald: Mr. J. B. Smith, of Meadow township, last year had 614 acres in tobacco, from which he realized \$1,030.

- Kinston Free Press: Mr. Jno. Sanderlin, of this county, had the misfortune to lose his barn and stables by fire yesterday morning. The loss was about \$250 with ne insurance. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

- Winston Journal: The death of Rev. J. N Jefferson occurred Thursday night after a brief illness with la grippe Mr. Jefferson was in the eighty-third year of his age and was a retired divine of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, having served as a minister of the gospel for sixty years in that denomination.

- Nashville Graphic: Mr. Watson Battle, a well known citizen of this county, died at Manchester, Va., last Monday after a short illness of pneumonia. Mr. Battle for some time had been in feeble health, and it was several months ago he went to Manchester to visit friends and where he succumbed to the dread disease. deceased was 70 years of age.

- Wadesboro Messenger Intelligencer: On the 10th of last October Mr. George R. Parker, of this place, received a handsome Maltese cat, by express, from, Pine Bluff. The cat was sent him by Mr. John T. Patrick. The cat stayed with Mr. Parker a few days and then disappeared, and noth ng more was heard of it until a short time ago, when it turned up at its old home at Pine Bluff. The distance traveled by the cat on the return trip was something like 50 miles, as Pine Bluff is about that distance from

- Monroe Enquirer: The Henterson Roller Mill Co. has entered suit against Mr. John D. Medlin for \$5,000 damages. The plaintiff alleges that Mr. Medlin has circulated the report that the Henderson Roller Mill s guilty of the adulteration of flour sold at its mill. - From what we learn from stock dealers not a mule be brought from the Western markets to this county this season. There are more live stock sellers than buyers, and mules can be bought here heaper than they can in be bought n Kansas City.

McNeill, a negro girl 17 years of age, was placed in jail Thursday by United States Commissioner Morrisey, charged with selling whiskey. She carried her six months' old baby to jail with her.

— Deputy Sheriff Faircloth Thursday arrested Wm. Perry and Albitina Walker, charged with burning the barn of Robeson Elliot in Fica Hill Sunday night. The case was taken up by the Grand Jury Friday, and Perry was discharged, and a true bill was found against the woman, who is only 20 years of age. The woman was employed by Elliott and he had had some trouble with her,

- Fayetteville Observer: Phæbe

# **TWINKLINGS**

Why does she use morning stationery? Oh, she's done that ever since one of her epistles went to the dead letter office. - Life

- When de devil calls on some folks dey feels in duty boun' ter put on de bes' close en return de visit.-Atlanta Constitution. - Tommy-Sister got a pear

from an oyster. Wille-My sister got whole string of pears an' a bokay from a lobster.—Chicago Daily News. - Mr. Stutson-They tell me Neighbor Harris' cat is dead. Mrs. Stutson-Oh, I'm so sorry! It used to take up Fido's time so pleasantly barking at her. -Punch.

- After the surgical operation: Barber-"What will you have on your face, which hazel or bay rum? Patron-"Neither one nor the other. Just put on plain counterplaster."-

- Doctor-"My old chum Bones writes me that he wants me to operate on him for appendicitis." Nurse— "Will you?" Doctor—"Well, I hate to cut an old acquaintance."-Chicago

- "Tell you what," said the museum cannibal, "I wouldn't mind making a meal off the ossified man. Why should you prefer him?" asked the wild man. "Oh, because the doc-tor told me I must eat some solid food."-Philadelphia Record.

- The Sporty Cousin: "Just my uck! Half an hour ago I proposed married for at least two years. Its awful."—Life.

- The Widow-"I hope you will like them, my dear Dr. Blessem. preserved them with my own hands. Dr. Blessem-"My dear lady, your kindness quite unmans me-er-all I can say is—er—may the Lord preserve you."—Brooklyn Life.

- Are we all out of debt at last? she asked. Thank heaven, we are! he answered. Then let's give a swell dinner and dance, she suggested. But that will put us in debt again, he pro-tested. Of course it will, she return-ed, but what's the good of making our credit so good if we don't use it!—

GASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought INFLUENCE OF GOOD DEEDS AND

CHARLES MACKAY.

A traveller through dusty road Strewed acorns on the lea; And one took root and sprouted up And grew into a tree. Leve sought its shades at evening

To breathe its early vows And Age was pleased, in heat of To bask beneath its boughs; The dormouse loved its dangling

twigs, The birds sweet music bore; It stood, a glory in its place, A blessing evermore. A little spring had lost its way

A passing stranger scooped a well, Where weary men might turn; He walled it in and hung with care A ladle at the brink; He thought not of the deed he did, But judged that toil might drink;

Amid the grass and fern,

By summers never dried, Had cooled ten thousand parching tongues,

He passed again—and lo! the well,

And saved a life beside! dreamer dropped a random thought 'Twas old and yet was new-

But strong in being true; It shone upon a genial mind And lo! its light became A lamp of light, a beacon ray, A monitary flame;

A simple fancy of the brain.

The thought was small, its issue great, A watch-fire on the hill; It sheds its radiance far adown, And cheers the valley still

A nameless man amid a crowd That thronged the daily mart, Let fall a word of hope and love, Unstudied from the heart; A whisper on the tumult thrown-A transitory breath;

It raised a brother from the dust, It saved a soul from death, O germ! O font! O word of love! O thought at random cast! Ye were but litt e at the first, But mighty at the last!

## SUNDAY SERVICES.

Elder Isaac W. King will preach this evening at 2 o'clock at the church at Delgado mills.

Christian Science service at the Masonic Temple, room No. 10, this morning at 11 o'clock. Subject of Bible lesson Truth.

Fifth Street Methodist church, preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school 3 P. M. Prayermeeting Wednesday 7:30 P. M. Services in St. James' church, Rev. F. H. T. Horsfield rector. Second Sunday after the Epiphany. Holy Communion, 7:45 A. M; morning ser-

vice and sermon, 11 o'clock. Sunday school, 3:45 P. M. Evening prayer 5

o'clock. St. Paul's Lutheran church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt pastor. English services to-day at 11 A. M. aud 7:80 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Everybody cordially

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, above Bladen, Rev. C. W. Kegley pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. Preaching at 11 A. M. Services at 7:30 P M. All seats free and everbody wel-

## SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

- It is better to do little things well than to do great things badly, - Earth has nothing more tender than a pious woman's heart -Luther, - A good shoemaker is really a greater man than a bungling states-

- True faith does not stagger at seeming impossibilities. It hears the voice of God, and goes forward. - Don't let the hours of sorrow go to waste. There is no other time

when the Bible opens up its treasure more readily. - To neglect the claims of religion is to cut off the source of the inspiration which alone can make produc-

tion effective and joyous. - Use your gifts faithfully, and they shall be entarged; practice what you know and you shall attain to higher knowledge.—Thomas Arnold. - We cannot do in cloisters what God intended should be accomplished by open effort in the field. The closet

holy and helpful living. - Many have yielded to go a mile with satan who never intended to go two. He leads poor creatures down into the depths by winding stairs and does not let them see the bottom, where they are going .- D. L. Moody.

s helpful only as it inspires us for

- It is hard to live calmly and work steadily and connectedly in the midst of distractions that try fiber and spirit; but men charged with large duties and much responsibility must learn to do it. Bethlehem was peace, but the Babe who became the Teacher was "a msn of sorrows."

- God has created me, God is within me, I carry him about everywhere. Shall I defile him with obscene thoughts, unjust actions, or in-famous desires? My duty is to thank God for everything, and to thank, praise and serve him continually while have life, - Epictetus.

- His Enjoyment Limited: Mrs. Twaddle\_"Why, Dr. Jalap, it's ages since I saw you! How have you been? Do you enjoy good health?" Dr. Jalap-"Not in others, Mrs Twaddle-not in others."-Boston

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton

25 barrels tar.

pentine.

W. & W. Railroad—311 bales cotton. W. C. & A. Railroad—282 bales cotion, 60 barrels rosip, 30 barrels tar, 20 barrels spirits turpentine. C. C. Bailroad-80 bales cotton cask spirits turpentiue, 4 barrels rosin, 23 barrels tar. A. & Y. Railroad-16 bales cotton,

Steamer A. P. Hurt-3 bales cotton 2 casks of spirits turpentine, 118 barrels rosin, 58 barrels tar. Total-691 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 182 barrels rosin, 136 barrels tar, 20 barrels spirits tur-

A Post Millionaire

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by R. R BELLAMY, druggist.

FAVORITE

The U. S. Census Report of Catarri COMPILED BY THE GREATEST LIVING AUTHORITY ON CATARRHAL DISEASES. Highly favored sections Less favored sections— 9 of 20 deaths from catarrh. Catarrhal diseases prevail-19 of 40 deaths from catarrh. Winter eatarrh prevails most north Greatest fatality from catarrh--5 of 10 deaths from catarrh. The Cause of Most Bodily Ills Is Catarrh.

MRS. BELVA A. LOCKWOOD. Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, late candidate for the Presidency. ington, D. C.

Hon. Amos J. Cummings, of commanding the cavalry hours writes: "I have used your Pe- New York, says: "Peruna is good front of Santiago, and the and runa and I find it an invaluable for catarrh. I have tried it and of "The Santiago Campain" remedy for cold, catarrh and kin- know it. It relieved me immense- speaking of the great catarring dred diseases; also a good tonic ly on my trip to Cuba, and edy, Peruna, says: "I join w for feeble and old people, or those I always have a bottle in reserve. Senators Sullivan, Roachank run down and with nerves un- Since my return I have not suf- Enery in their good opinional strung. I desire, also, to say that fered from catarrh, but if I do I runa. It is recommended by it has no evil effects." Mrs. shall use Peruna again. Mean- by those who have used it as Lockwood's residence is Wash- time you might send me another excellent tonic and particular

CONGRESSMAN CUMMINGS.

OF NEW YORK CITY.

effective as a cure for cataria Catarrh has already become a national curse. Its ravages extend from on to ocean. More than one-half of the people are affected by it. Catarrh is a m temic disease. Peruna is a systemic remedy. Peruna cures catarrh by reme

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Quoted officially at the closing by the Product Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, January 13. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 41c per gallon for machine made casks and 40c per gallon for country casks. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.00 per

barrel for strained and \$1.05 per barrel for good strained. rel of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market

steady at \$1.10 per barrel for hard. \$2.00 for dip, and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine steady at 371/2 @37c; rosin steady at \$1.20@1.25; tar firm at \$1.30; crude turpentine steady at \$1.30 RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine...... Receipts same day last year—88 casks spirits turpentine, 2,633 barrels rosin, 757 barrels tar, 87 barrels crude. Market firm on a basis of 73/c per

pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary ..... 53% Good ordinary ..... 6% Low middling ..... 73% Middling ...... 7% Good middling .... 8 1-16 Same day last year, market steady at 9 % c for middling.

Receipts-691 bales; same day last vear. 929 Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia-Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 75@77c.

CORN-Firm: 85@871/c per bushe N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 13@14c; sides, 13@14c.
EGGS—Firm at 19c per dozen.
CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@

22c; springs, 10@20c. TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 15@ 17%c; live, 10@12c. BEESWAX—Firm at 26c. TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 50@

FINANCIAL MARKETS

60c per bushel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.6-Money on call was steady at 3 per cent.; the market closed offered at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 41/2051/2 per cent. Sterling exchange barely steady; actual business in bankers' bill at 486%@487% for demand and at 484%@484% for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 486. Commercial bills 483%@483%. Bar silver 55%. Mexican dollars 4414. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive, Bailroad bonds were irregular. refunding 3's, registered, 1081; U. 3. refunding 2's, coupon, 10814; U.S. 3's, registered, 107%; do coupon, 108%; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do. coupon 139½; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111½; do. coupon, 111½; U. S. 5's reg'd, ex int. 105½; do. coupon, 107%; Southern Railway, 5'2, 119%. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 10234 Chesapeake & Ohio 46%; Manhat tan L 136%; New York Central 163; Reading 56%; do. 1st preferred 82; do. 2nd preferred 64; St. 82; do. 2nd preferred 64; St. Paul 163½; do. pref'd, 187½; Southern R'way 33; do. pref'd 98½; Amalgamated Copper 70; Am'n Tobacco—; People's Gas 99½; Sugar 122½; Tennessee Coal and Iron §2¾; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. pref'd, 81½; Western Union 90½; U. S Steel 42½; do. preferred 94¾; Mexican National 15½; Amarican Lecarative 32½; do. preferred 94¾; Mexican National 15½; American Locomotive 38 14; do. preferred 91%; Standard Oil 635@638; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 59 %; do. preferred, 123. BALTIMORE, Jan. 18 -Seaboard Air Line, common, 25% bid; do. pre-ferred, 47@47%; do 4s 85% bid.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 18.—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged. NEW YORK, Jan. 18 - Rosin steady. Strained common to good \$1 50. Spirits turpentine firm at 49@@42%c. SAVARNAH, Jan. 18.—Spirits turpen-SAVARNAH, Jan. 18.—Spirits turpen-tine firm at —c; receipts 172 casks; sales 680 barrels; exports 498 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,819 barrels; sales 3.559 barrels; exports 6,871 bar-rels. Quote: A. B. C. D. \$1 20; E. \$125; F. \$1 30; G. \$1 321/401 35; H. \$145; I. \$1 75; K.—; M. \$2 65; N.\$3 25; W G. \$3 60; W W. \$8 85.

#### COTTON MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 18 .- The cotton

market opened steady with prices four to seven points higher on fairly active demand from local shorts and commission houses. After the call Wall street and the South bought along conservative lines and Europe picked up scattering amounts of the near months. Whereas negrty every thing worked against the market, to-day's news was of strong bullish average. Receipts at the ports were much smallabout 5,000 in excess of the same day last year. The Liverpool cables were about two points on the "good," while private advices stoutly maintained that trade conditions in Manchester were the best known. New England mill reports were quite encouraging, though spinners were said to be carrying comparatively light supraw material. dictions for next week's port pointed to 1 less, with an sight" but little, if any, in excess of last year. As against 8 14 last night, May in the local ring opened at 8 12, advanced to 8.20 and then eased off a trifle later, only to again stiffen up on moderate general buying. The South and Wall street continued to buy on every slight reaction, room operators settled up short accounts and went long over Sunday. The market closed steady with prices two to three points bigher.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.-Cotton quiet at 8 5-16c; net receipts 843 bales; gross 3,586 bales: stock 131,566 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet and 1 160 higher; middling uplands 8 5 16c; mid dling gulf 8 9-16c; sales 218 bales. Cotton futures market closed steady January 8 01, February 8.07, March 8 12, April 8.16, May 8.18, June 8.19, July 8 22, August 8.06, September 7.75 Total to-day-Net receipts 27,441

bales; exports to the Continent 21,715 bales; stock 976,055 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 27,441 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,868 bales; exports to the Continent 21,715

bales; exports to Great Britain 4.368

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 5,391,089 bales; experts to Great Britain 2 069,722 bales: exports to France 509,245 bales; exports to the Continent 1.487.318 bales Jan. 18.—Galveston, quiet at 8c

net receipts 5,312 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8c, net receipts 1,543 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 814c, net receipts - bales; Boston, quiet and steady at 8 kc, net receipts 610 bales; Wil-mington, firm at 7 kc, net receipts 691 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8 9-16c, net receipts 76 bales; Sayannah, firm at 7%c, net receipts 5.365 bales: New Orleans, steady at 7 15-16c, net receipts 7,930 bales; Mobile, steady at 7 13-16c, net receipts 290 bales; Memphis, steady at 7 15-16c, net receipts 2,-734 bales; Augusta, steady at 81/2c, net receipts 1,085 bales; Charleston, firm at 7 18-16c, net receipts 834 bales.

# PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, Jan. 18 .- Flour market was firm and moderately active. Winter patents \$3 75@4 00; Minnesota patents \$3 85@4 10. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 88%c. Options closed very firm at %c net advance. Bales included: March closed 86%c; May closed 86 1/8c; July closed 85 1/8. Corn-Spot firm; No. 2, 68 4c. Options closed strong and %c net higher. Sales included: January closed 68%c; May closed 68%c; July closed -c. Oats-Spot firmer; No. 2, 51c. Options firm locally on spot and active West with other markets. Lard firm; Western steam \$9 95; refined firm; continent \$10 10; South American \$11 00; compound 8@8 %c. Porkfirm; family \$17 50 @18 00; short clear \$18 00@20 00; mess \$16 50@17 50. Tallow firm; city (\$2 package) 6 (c; country (packages free) 64@6%c. Rice steady; domestic, fair NEW HAVEN—Schr lus to extra 4@6%c; Japan 4%@5%c. But- craft, 320,101 feet lumber; Co; to extra 4@6%c; Japan 4%@5%c. Butter steady; creamery 15@23%c; State dairy 14@21%c. Eggs unsettled; State and Pennsylvania 25@36c; Southern at mark 23@24c. Potatoes quiet; Maine \$2 30@2 40; Long Island \$2 25@250, Jersey sweets \$2 75@3 50. Cabbage quiet; Long Island Flat Dutch, per 100, \$3 00@4 00. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4@4%c; other domestic 2%@4c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12%c. Coffee— -Cotton by steam 12%c. Coffee-Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 6%c; mild quiet; Cordova 7%@11c. Sugar-Baw weak; fair refining 2%c; centrifugal 96 test, 8%c; refined sugar steady; standard A \$4 45; confectioners' \$4 45; mould A \$5 00; cut-loaf \$5 15; crushed \$5 15; powdered \$4 75; granulated \$4 65; cubes \$4 90. Cheese firm; late

made best large 91/c; late made best small 10@101/c. Ootton seed oil was

a shade easier, with more pressure to

sell. Closing quotations: Prime crude

in barrels nominal; prime summer yellow 43%@44%c;off summer yellow 43;

prime white 47c; prime winter yellow 48c; prime meal \$27 50@28 00.

ing the cause. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for free book CHICAGO, Jan. 18.-Evidence newed confidence as shown in buying orders gradually brough grain markets to day under but control. Aided by numerous by

conditions good advances were

GENERAL JOE WHEELED

Major General Joseph Wheel

all around after a quiet a ing and May wheat closed in higher. May corn 1@1tc higher May oats 1tc up. Provisions de 21c to 5c higher. CHICAGO, Jan. 18.-Cash Flour dull; winter patents 4 00; straights \$3 40@3 80; clam# @3 50; spring specials \$4 30; mi Wheat-No. 2 spring -: N spring 76c; No. 2 red 84xem Corn-No. 2 -c; No. 2 yellov Oats-No. 2 -c; No 2 white No. 3 white 47@47 1/2c. Mess port, barrel \$16 70@16 75. Lard, per lbs., \$9 45@9 471/4. Short rib all loose, quoted at \$8 30@8 55. Dra shoulders, boxed, \$7 25@7 50 & clear sides, boxed, \$8 85@8 95 W key-Basis of high wines, \$132. The leading futures ranged at 1716 leading futures ranged at iows—opening, highest, lower closing: (Wheat—No 2 January—, 77%; May 80%,68%; 81%, 80%, 81c; July 80%,68%; 80%, 80%; Corn—No. 2 January—, 61%; May 64@64%, 64%; May 64@64%, 64%; July 63%,664%, 664%; July 40%,664%; 45%,45%,46%; July 40%,64%; 40%; 52eptember 33%, 33%; 33%; C. Mess pork, per bbl—lam 33% c. Mess pork, per bb-lan —, —, \$16 67%; May \$17 17 17%, 17 05, 17 15; July \$16 9, 11

FOREIGN MARKET

16 90, 17 10. Lard, per 100 b-1 uary \$9 45, 9 47½, 945, 947½

\$9 72%, 9 77%, 9 72%, 9 75; July

9 85, 9 80, 9 82½. Short ribs, pt bbs—January \$8 42½, 8 47½, 8

8 47 1/4; May \$8 67 1/4, 8 72 1/4, 8 ff

SV Cal ... to the Morning SW LIVERPOOL; Jan. 18 -Cotton: quiet; prices 1-16d lower; And middling fair 4%d; good mid 4%d; middling 4%d; low mid 4 13-32d; good ordinary 49-38; nary 41.32d. The sales of the were 6,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and exposiincluded 5,500 bales American ceipts 11,200 bales, all American Futures opened quiet and firm; American middling (g. 4) January 4 30-64@4 31-64d seller, and February 4 29-54@4 buyer; February and March 4 28-44 and 4 28-44 30-64d seller; March and April 64@4 30-64d seller; April and 4 29-64@4 30-64d seller; May and h 4 29-64@4 30-64d seller; June 1 July 4 29 64@4 30-64d seller; July August 4 29-64@4 30 64d buyst gust and September 4 25-64d September and October 4 17-64

> MARINE. ARRIVED.

Clyde steamship Geo W Q Chichester, Georgetown, H 68 CLEARED. Schr C C Lane, Kelly, New le George Harriss, Son & Co. Schr Wm F Campbell, Stront vana, L'Mar, Jamaica, J T Bis

Schr Ida C Schoolcraft, Robin New Haven, George Harris, EXPORTS. FOREIGN.

SAVANA, L'MAR-Schr Wm 10 bell, 125,143 feet lumber and Il shingles, valued at \$3 275; cms Kidder Lumber Co; vessel by Riley & Co. COASTWISE

NEW YORK-Schr C C Lane, 35 feet lumber; cargo by Cape Feat ber Co; vessel by George Harris NEW HAVEN-Schr Ida 0 8

Cape Fear Lumber Co; George Harriss, Son & Co. MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port mington, N. C., January !! STEAMSHIFD. Wingrove, (Br) 1,818 tons, Alexander Sprunt & Son. Polana, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holtum,

ander Sprunt & Son. BARQUIA Taurus, (Nor) 484 tons, Olsen, & Co. Ahti, (Rus) 551 tons, Janson, B

- Miss Wantoneaux - I you considered Tom one man in lion. Miss Maynchanz—So I do. Wantoneaux — Yet you've being aged to Mr. Richleigh. Maynchanz-Yes; he's one mis a million.