WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING. FEB. 1

### OUR TEXTILE MILLS.

Although there was not as much mill building in North Carolina last year as the year previous, and some of the mill men say it was not a profitable year for many of them, still there was progres and progress that would have been more noticeable if the progress in preceding years had not been so great. In the number of her textile establishments this State leads all the Southern States and all the other States, although Georgia, South Carolina and Virginia have some larger mills and Georgia and South Carolina lead in the number of spindles. The Commissioner of Labor and Printing has issued his advance report for last year the substance of which is thus given by the Raleigh News and Ob-

"The advance report gives most gratifying figures as to the increase in the various mills of the State, and shows conditions to be most healthy for a further increase.

"Last year's report gave the total number of textile mills in the State as 261, but in this there was included 37 then in course of construction, with their looms and spindles. If these 37 were counted in the increse this year, the figures would be still a more grati-The total number of mills enumer

ated in this year's report are as fol-Cotton Mills..... 226 Woolen Mills.... Knitting Mills.... Silk Mills.....

"In 1900 the number of spindles in use was put at 1,481,771. This year there are 1,694,163, an increase of

"In 1900 there were 33,289 looms, while the number at this time is 36,-126, an increase of 2,837. 'In the knitting mills there are now

in use 3 814 machines as against 2 048 in 1900, a gain of 1.766 machines. "The hours of labor for the operatives run from ten and ten and a half twelve and a half in the cotton mills. Notwithstanding an agreement that was made during the last Legislature, that the hours of work in cotton mills should held to eleven hours, the commissioner's report shows that in some twelve hours and a half of labor is the rule. The commissioner is not informed whether or not any of the mills entering into an agreement are using these longer hours.

"The number of operatives now employed is as follows: 18,171 men, an ocrease of twenty-one per cent. over 1900: 18,377 women, an increase of fifteen per cent.; 7,996 children under fourteen, an increase of five per cent. "Of the adults employed in the mills, there are eighty-two per cent. who can read and write, this being the same as last year. Of the children sixty-five per cent. read and write, showing a decrease of three per cent. "The full report of the Commissioner by counties is nearly ready and

will be issued shortly.'

As a general showing this is a good one, but there are too many children in the mills and too many who, judging from the percentage of those who cannot read or write, who are not getting the benefit they should of schooling. This is not the fault of the mill operators ner perhaps the fault of the parents of the children, but it is the fault of some one. A school should be a part of the equipment, so to speak, of every mill, for the more intelligent the labor is the more useful and the more profitable it is. Even the adult operatives, eighteen per cent. of whom cannot, according to this report, read or write, might avail themselves of the benefit of these schools and be willing to help pay for them.

At the last meeting of the Manufacturers' Association in Charlotte, its president, Dr. McAden, recommended something of this kind and urged the mill owners to take an active interest in the schooling of their people as one of the means of bettering their condition.

It may be incidentally remarked that there are few States in which the relations between the mill operators and the operatives are more harmonious, and few where there has been less effort to regulate those relations by legislative enactment, which so often fails in its purpose because misdirected or shaped by men who do not fully understand the matters which they undertake to regulate by law.

Child labor in the mills is now engaging the attention of the South Carolina Legislature where a bill has been introduced prohibiting the employment of children under ten years of age-a very proper restriction, for a child under that age up against in the other, wasn't so should not be required to perform very bad. daily labor, and we doubt even if it should be required to spend much of each day in school. Under that age it should be play and sunshine with them, with just enough of books not to be irksome. Schools should not be nurseries and mills should not be the stunters of childhood.

As North Carolina has the lead in the number of textile establishments she will doubtless hold it, for if textile manufacturing be profitable anywhere it will be in this State. for the simple reason that here are presented all the natural advantages that can be found anywhere, and more water power than can be found within the same area anywhere on the continent. With a watershed extending through nearly the entire length of the State, from the northeast to the southwest, discharging the rainfall into the Atlantic on one side and the Mississippi on the

other, it forms streams of unfailing and practically boundless power, which will be supplemented when desirable with electric plants to convey their power to mills remote from them, thus widening their sphere of potency and usefulness. It will not be many years before there will be electric power plants on numbers of these streams, fur-

nishing power to drive machinery many miles distant from them. This method of adding to the motive power of these streams is still in its infancy, but it will yet be a great factor in multiplying the textile industries of this State and keeping them well at the front, and not only these but numerous other industries, which will give employment to our people, help develop our resources and add to the prosperity and wealth of the State, which ought to be and will be one of the greatest manufacturing States in the Union.

## SECRETARY ROOT'S PLEA.

In his plea for "justice to Cuba" Secretary of War, Root, among other things, says:

"Aside from the moral obligation to which we committed ourselves when we drove Spain out of Cuba, and aside from the ordinary consideration of the commercial advantage involved in a eciprocity treaty, there are the weightiest reasons of American public policy pointing in the same direction; for the peace of Cuba is necessary to the peace of the United States; the health of Cuba is necessary to the health of the United States; the independence of Juba is necessary to the safety of the Uunited States. The same considerations which led to the war with Spain now require that a commercial arrangement be made under which Cubs

This is well enough as far as it goes, but it doesn't go far enough, and it doesn't state the fact that much of Cuba's present and prospective embarassment is the result of American handicapping after we had driven the Spaniards out and secured a foothold on the island. By forcing the Platt Amendment upon her we practically made her an appendage of the United States and deprived her of the power to map out and pursue her own destiny. She can make no treaty with any other country without the approval of the United States and can do little of anything else of importance without that approval. Under these circumstances and this handicapping Cuba is no more an independ ent country than are the Hawaiis or Porto Rico.

The result is Cuba is absolutely dependent upon this country and the policies that may be adopted bearing upon our trade with her, for whatever prosperity she may have. No wonder that under these circumstances there is among the best people of the island a strong and a growing sentiment for annexation to this country, which they believe, and correctly believe, the shortest most satisfactory and effective solution of that problem. This is the only way by which our trade relations with Cuba can be definitely settled and put beyond the pale of agitation and tinkering.

# DIDN'T SPEND \$80,000.

Mr. John W. McDonald, of New York, writes THE STAR that Perry Belmont did not spend \$80,000, as alleged, in his recent race for Congress, but under \$15,000, according to his sworn statement of expenditures. "Nearly all of this amount was for the legitimate expenses of several Democratic factions." Mr. McDonald says the district is not an overwhelmingly Democratic one. having been previously several times carried by Republicans, and that Mr. Belmont was defeated because he did not have the "financial or loyal support of the regular Democratic organization, at that time under the control of a leader who has since presumably abdicated the scepter," by which he means Mr. Croker, who shortly after that surrendered to Mr. Nixon and sailed for Europe.

This, in addition to the fact that it was a special election and not a holiday, when it was hard to get the working men, who constitute 80 per cent. of the party in that district, to the polls, while his Republican competitor spent \$1,000, had the support of the Republican organization which collected campaign tribute from the Federal office holders, and spent \$20,000, Mr. McDonald says accounts for Mr. Belmont's defeat. He was defeated by 389 votes, which considering what he had to contend against in his own party, and buck

Ex-Governor Shaw, of Iowa, who takes Secretary Gage's place, bought some fine diamonds for his wife the other day and wanted to show them to some visitors, at his home in Des Moines, but when he went to get them they had disappeared. Mrs. Shaw was not at home. and he suspected a servant girl of stealing them and had her searched. About that time Mrs. Shaw arrived on the scene and produced the diamonds from one of her old shoes. Then he apologized to the girl and paid her \$10. Now that the burglar men know where Mrs. Shaw keeps her diamonds they will have a soft thing.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EX-PECTORANT. For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy,

#### GREAT BRITAIN RESPONSIBLE

Collier's Weekly recently give a dinner, in New York, at which its war correspondents were guests of honor. Among the invited guests was Andrew Carnegie, who did not go, but sent a message as follows:

The killing of men by men under the name of war is the foulest blot apon humanity to-day. We see much liscussion as to what is or what is not permissible under civilized warfare. My view is that this is a contradiction of terms. There can be no such thing as civilized warfare. We have made little progress in the path of genuine civilization, as long as we can find no better substitute for the settling of international disputes than the brutal murder of one another. As a general proposition, it may be stated that the ation which refuses peaceful arbitra tion is responsible for the war which ensues. Britain having done this in is dispute with the Transvaal Repubic, is responsible for the extermination of a brave and heroic Christian

Andrew Carnegie does not beong to the Quaker denomination. but the sentiments expressed show that while he has a head for busi ness he also has a heart which feels for humanity, and pleads against that brutality and barbarity of war. In putting the responsibility for the war against the Boers on the British Government he doubtless voices the sentiments of seven-eights of the civilized world, and yet, to the shame of the civilized nations be it said, not one them has made a movement to bring that savage war of extermination to an end.

Frank Flemming, of Middletown, N. Y., a prodigal son who had wandered off, concluded he would return and take the old gentleman by surprise. To make the surprise still greater he concluded to climb n through a window. About that time the old man, who thought he was a burglar man, surprised him with a load of buckshot, and was about to give him another when he yelled and told who he was. There were two surprises and the result is that the prodigal is now going around on one leg, the other having been so badly shot that it had to be

Mrs. Demuth, of Alton, Ill., who for eighteen years has been police matron of her town, several years an officer of the humane society, and for two years probation officer of the county court, rises to express the opinion that men are entirely too lazy and that this is the cause of most of the destitution in this country. We incline to the opinion that she is not far wrong, for very few of us would hustle if we didn't

## CURRENT COMMENT.

-- India is but the dumping ground for the younger sons of the privileged classes," cried an Englishman of the olden time. It is plain that some think the islands may serve the same purpose for America. -Jacksonville Times Union, Dem.

- It will not be considered any discourtesy if this country pauses long enough in its compliments to royalty to celebrate Washington's birthday. To be sure Washington once warned the American people against foreign entanglements, but that will not prevent the United States from conscientiously meeting the obligations of courtesy and hospitality .- Washington Star, Rep.

-- M. Pierre Leroy-Beautieu, writing in the Revue des Deux Monles, "sees a certain moral inconsistency between the professions with which we went into war, and the spoils with which we emerged; he even says that the Plattamendment, forced upon the Cubans, was a 'masterpiece of perfidy." He is a Frenchman, however, and, of course, does not understand these things .-Charleston News and Courier, Dem.

-- If the beet and cane sugar interests of the United States shall succeed in preventing reciprocal trade relations with Cuba they will drive the people of that island from sheer necessity to favor annexation. With annexation would come free trade, and such consequent pushing forward of Cuban industries as might put an end for all time to tariff meddling and Trust extortion. -Philadelphia Record, Dem.

- The protests of the cane sugar interests of Louisiana and the beet sugar interests of the West against reciprocity with Cuba are to be expected and may be called reasonable, but the Philadelphia Record righly characterizes the indignant protest from Hawaii as "sublime cheek." The rights of Hawaii are superior to those of the other islands whose destinies we control only because a few rich Americans own a sugar trust there. - Macon Telegraph, Dem.

# It Dazzles the World.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement hat has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's ests have been on hor victims of Consumptions, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis. thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarse-ness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by R. R. BELLANY, druggist, who guarantees satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

# For Over Staty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by mil-lions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success It soothes the child, soften the gums. and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhosa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

the Kind You Have Always Bough

### SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Lenoir Free Press: Mrs. A. L. Lewis died at her home in Pitt county Tuesday night of pneumonia after an illness of eight days. — Miss Sue Hill, daughter of Mr. Thomas B. Hill, lied at her home, three miles from Kinston, yesterday of pneumonia, aged 27 years.

- Mount Airy News: The prices of the necessaries of life are higher than we have known them in fifteen years, perhaps longer, and yet our merchants no doubt make less than when prices were lower. The prices, we are told, are bound to go still higher before another crop is made. Wages are advancing very little in this part of the country. - Goldsboro Argus: Another in-

stance of the result of carrying concealed weapons is the death of a promising young man, 20 years of age, this morning at Fremont, in consequence of a pistol shot in the side, received last night on the road about four miles from the town, at the hands of a companion about the same age. The two were on their way to Fremont, Pha raoh Davis, son of Mr. Tom Davis, and Jasper Aimerson, a son of Mr. Hillyard Aimerson, both of Nahunta township. and cousins. On the road a dog assaulted them and Davis drew a pistol. and in attempting to cock it to shoot the dog, the weapon went off, the ball passing through his left hand and penetrating the side of Almerson, from the effects of which wound his death occurred as above stated. - Laurinburg Exchange:

Rockingham and Hamiet Street Railway Company, with a capital of \$150 .-000, has been incorporated. The object is to construct and operate an electric line for freight and passengers between the two towns. The principal office is to be at Hamlet. -News reached here last Saturday morning that Shadrid Ward, an unmarried negro, 25 years of age, who lived near Rocky Ford, four miles east of Lau rinburg, had been shot the night before by some unknown party, who afterwards set fire to his house. A family of negroes living near by heard the report of the gun about 10 o'clock, but heard no other unusal A few minutes later their attention was attracted by the flames from the burning house, but too late to make any attempt to extinguish the fire. Joe Riddley, a negro who worked for Mr. R. R. Covington, and who had some trouble with Ward, was suspicioned at once, as he had been heard to make some threats against Ward. and about 12 o'clock Saturday he concluded that things were too warm for him about here, so he made good his

- Scotland Neck Commonwealth: Mr. T. H. Hicks, one Edgecombe's good farmers, says there is considerable cotton in the fields now. The peanut claimed the labors of the strongest and the picking of the cotto crop was largely left to the women Commonwealth told of the mysterious disappearance of the old colored man from the premises of Mr S F Dunn The old man has been found and is back home "safe and sound." Mr. O. K. Taylor in passing saw old man Isaac at Parmele and reported to Mr. Dunn who went there, made search for him and found him. The old distance from Parmele. He had wandered about ever since leaving home. He says a man and a woman went to his house at night and took him away forcibly and carried him through the woods until he was completely lost; then took him to a road and pointed in the direction they wished him to go. He wandered about and after awhile he turned up at Hamilton, and from there he wan dered to Parmele from which place Mr. Dunn first heard from him. Mr. Dunn says nearly all of the old man's money was taken. He found perhaps a dollar or so amongst his effects at home. The colored people at Hamilton took up a collection for him and Mr. Dunn says he had eighteen

# TWINKLINGS.

cents when he found him.

-Wife-Iv'e done nothing but practise economy ever since we were married! Husband-And I've had to pay for it!-Detroit Free Press.

- Ted-You can believe only half what a girl says. Ned-Sure, but which half? Ted-The half you don't believe when she's saying it.—Judge. - Willie-Pa, is politics a pro-

fession or a business? Pa-Well, that depends upon circumstances. If you are on the winning side it's business. -Puck. - "And yet," said the professor, struggling with a burnt and black-

steak of unusual toughness which the cook lady had just brought in, "they say woman's work is never done!"-Chicago Tribune. - Talking about inventions, said the business man. "I have a lit tle machine in my place that would make me a millionaire if I could only

keep it going all the time."

don't say? What's that?" "A cash register."-Philadelhia Press. -Consistent: "Which sesson do you prefer," asked the friend, "summer or winter?" "It all depends," answered Mr Sirius Barker, as he unwound a muffler from his neck. "In summer I prefer winter and in winter I prefer summer."-Washing-

- Dashaway-Quilldriver seems to be a fellow of extremes—one who writes awful slush and sublime prose, and who is at the same time an idiot and a genins. Cleverton-Where did you get such an idea? Dashaway-'ve just been reading the reviews of his latest book, -Harper's Bazar.

- His First Proof: The Visitor Horrors! The lightning express wrecked and totally destroyed by fire! Young Artist-Hurrah! Good! Are you crazy? No, but I expressed a drawing on that train and I valued it at \$50. Now the express company will have to pay for it .- Life.

- Mrs. Grogan-"My, oh my Phwere did yez git th' black eye, Pai? Grogan-"Oh, 'twas wan o' thim anarchisths that had some wurds wid me an' Clancy." Mrs. Grogan-Oh! the murderin', black hearted, dirthy—"
Grogan—"Sh, darlint! Don't spake
hard av the dead."—Philadelphia Press.

- The Era of the Barrel: "Diogenes was a great man," said the con-templative person, "and yet he had no use for money. He was content to confine his possessions to a single tub. "Well." answered Senator Sorghum, "a tub might have been all right in those days, but what a man wants now is a bar'l."— Washington Star.

# Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body some times needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are per-fectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA.

### FAUST'S WILD CHARGE.

It Sent Marguerite Flying In Terror From the Stage. The name of the hero of this anec dote I shall not give you, for he bas long since been gathered to his fathers. Let it suffice that in his heyday he was one of the greatest tenors who ever sang to a breathless and enthusiastic audience. He had a penchant, however, for the red, red wine, which in the end proved his undoing and ultimately provided a pathetic ending for an otherwise great career. In his prime his drinking seemed only to affect his legs, but never his head or voice. He could always sing and sing true, but at times he had no more ability to guide his wandering footsteps than has a sufferer in the last stages of locomotor

ataxia. At one time, when he was singing Faust to Emma Abbott's Marguerite he appeared at the opera house in an apparently hopeless condition. The management was wild, but there was no one to take his place, and so they had to chance it with him as Faust All went well until they came to that scene where Faust, in leaving Marguerite, crosses the stage and then, giving way to an impulse, rushes back and kisses Marguerite yet once again ere taking his departure.

Faust on this occasion got to the other side of the stage all sight, but trouble arose when he tried to get back. Marguerite sits in the window of her cottage, and Faust comes back and kisses her through the window. Faust measured the distance with a wabbling eye, but made a start when his cue was given. Then he seemed to lose control of himself. One-quarter way across he was trotting, one-half way the trot was a run, and the remainder of the way it had become a gallop.

Up to this point Miss Abbott stood her ground bravely, but that rapidly approaching figure awed her, and with a frightened scream she fled. Faust, poor Faust, charged on. He reached the place he had last seen Marguerite and essayed to clasp the atmosphere in outstretched arms. Then his impetus carried him through the window, and all that the astounded audience looked upon were his waving legs. Somebody pushed him back, and, absolutely undisturbed, he finished the opera, singing in an unusually superb manner Not so with the unfortunate Margue rite, however, for from then on she was suffering from a case of "rattles," which in simple justice should have been the property of Faust.-New York Tribune.

## PRETTY IRISH GIRLS.

Why the Lasses of the Emerald Isle Are Beautiful. The Irish peasant girls have long been famous for their beautiful, clear skins and healthy complexions. They owe much of their loveliness to the moisture of the climate and the simplicity of their lives. Plain, wholesome fare and rainwater for the wash basin tell their own tale. No matter how homely are the features of the genuine peasant girl, her skin is almost invariably soft and firm, the arms nicely rounded, the eyes brilliant and express

There are no eyes finer than those of the healthy daughter of Erin's isle. Soft and tender one moment, to flash with passion if aroused; dark blue, gray or brown, the Irish eye is peculiarly lovely and possesses a luster all its own. Long lashes shadow these bewitching orbs-lashes that curl upward to sweep the cheek when the face is betrayed into blushes.

So much time is spent out of doors that the feet, usually bare, become enlarged. The ankle, however, is usually well shaped and neat, the instep high and the skin of baby fineness. The Irish girl of humble station is proud of her shapely feet and believes that walking through the grass before sunrise in summer enhances their beauty, which, of course, it does.

No need to powder that fair skin-it owes its peachy bloom to health, happiness and the freedom of outdoor life; no need to resort to the rouge not-the roses are there hard and fast, nature's own coloring. The hands may be rough by hard work, not diminutive, but shapely; the hair burnished and often luxuriant.-London Answers.

How to Lie When Sleeping. The correct posture for sleep is to lie on the right side with the limbs stretched out to their full length and the arms No 1 Timothy...
Rice Straw...
N. C. Crop...
HOOP IRON. P. D...
CHEESE—P. D.—
Northern Factory...
Dairy Oream...
Half cras either straight down by the body or in any comfortable position, provided they are not raised above the head. The mouth should be closed, and all the muscles of the body should be relaxed. The lungs work with greater deliberation during the hours of sleep, and if the arms are raised above the head at this time and for any period the action of the heart drives the blood away from the arms and sends it to the head. frequently making one very restless when it does not prevent sleep entirely. -American Queen.

Having a Purpose In Life. Ambition to achieve has saved many a man and woman from an early grave. From a health point of view a definite purpose in life, something which the mind is bent on accomplishing, is a factor which is too rarely considered. The will power which holds one to a set task oftentimes wards off physical weakness and weariness better than the drug or medicine which the physician prescribes. "I must accomplish this before I die," has been the express ed purpose of more than one of the world's great workers.-A. S. Atkinson in Woman's Home Companion.

"I can't get on with that young woman "What's the trouble?" "Oh, she gets mad when I say she's mature, and she gets mad when I say she's immature."—Detroit Free Press.

Judge-You say the defendant turned and whistled to the dog. What followed? Intelligent Witness-The dog, sor .--

You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill

Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that i is simply iron and quinine in a taste-less form. No cure, no pay, Price, sa tu th

KINDLY TAKE NOTICE that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is of great benefit to those sufferers from nasal catarrh who cannot inhale freely through the nose, but must treat themselves by spraying. Liquid Cream Balm differs in form, but not medicinally from the Cream Balm that has stood for years at the head of remedies for catarrh. It may be used in any nasal atomizer. The price, including a spraying tube, is 75 cts. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

### COMMERCIAL

A Curious Chinese Custom

According to the rule sanctioned by

centuries of Chinese observance, no

document can have the authority of the

imperial throne of China unless it bears

red paper on which its own decision is

written. Each morning at daybreak

the grand council proceeds to the pal-

ace to submit the papers to the sover-

eign, who as each document is pro-

duced signifies approval by making

small spot with a brush on the margin

of the red paper. With the red spot

upon it the paper is the most sacred

thing in the world to a Chinaman; with-

out it it may be torn to shreds with im-

Out of His Latitude.

land for a well earned holiday.

He understood all about the sun and

He was shown over a celebrated fruit

garden there. He was observed to be

to get the midday sun instead of

An Editorial Error.

newspaper here?" asked the intellectu-

"Yes," answered Broncho Bill; "but

it failed. The editor wouldn't tend to

'No; but he insisted on sitting at his

desk with his back to the door when he

ought to have been standing with a six

shooter in his hand and his eye at a

A Long Mile.

The Swedish mile is the longest mil

in the world. A traveler in Sweden

when told that he is only about a mile

from a desired point would better hire

a horse, for the distance he will have

adopt that mode of travel is exactly

to walk if he chose in his ignorance to

"Did anybody ever try to start a

against the north."-London Truth.

al looking man with glasses.

"Was he a dissipated man?"

knothole."-Washington Star.

VESTERN SMOKED-

Hams # b Sides # b Shoulders # b OBY SAL/TED—

BY SALTED—
Sides & b.
Shoulders & b.
ARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—
Second-hand, each......
Becond-hand machine....

New New York, each.....

North Carolina

Per bushel, in sachs
Virginia Meal....
OTTON TIES—W bundle.....

aguyra.....

Mackerel, No. 1, \$\forall \text{barrel... 23 00 Mackerel, No. 1, \$\forall \text{half-bbl. 11 00 Mackerel, No. 2, \$\forall \text{barrel... 16 00 Mackerel, No. 2 \$\forall \text{barrel... 16 00 Mackerel, No. 3, \$\forall \text{barrel... 13 00 Mackerel, No. 3, \$\forall \text{barrel... 13 00 Mackerel... 13 00 Mackerel... 14 00 Mackerel... 14 00 Mackerel... 15 00 Mackerel... 1

m store, bgs-White

ORN MEAL—

Adamantine

LOUR-W D

ARD. W b-

PORK. B barrel-

Northern North Carolina LIME, 9 barrel

American.....

SOAP, B D-Northern...... 3 STAVES, B M-W. O. barrel... 5 00

ime mili tra mili GLES, N.O. Cypress sawed

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Yesterday.

casks spirits turpentine, 5 barrels tar.

ton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 46 bar-rels rosin, 191 barrels tar, 8 barrels

casks spirits turpentine, 9 barrels rosin.

turpentine, 52 barrels rosin, 9 barrels

A. & Y. Railroad-11 casks spirits

W. & N. Railroad-105 bales cotton

Steamer Geo. W. Clyde-146 bales

Schooner Leah-8 barrels tar, 27 bar

els crude turpentine. McFayden's Raft—343 barrels rosin.

Matthew's Raft-334 barrels rosin.

Total-649 bales cotton, 19 casks

FAVORITE

spirits turpentine, 691 barrels rosin,

148 barrels tar, 99 barrels crude tur-

17 barrels rosin, 4 barrels crude tur-

entine.

otton.

pentine.

crude turpentine. C. C. Railroad—83 bales cotton,

W. C. & A. Railroad-143 bales cot-

W. & W. Railroad-172 bales cotton.

Naval Stores and Cotton

WHISKEY, 9 gallon Northern

Fair mill.....

business.'

11,700 yards.

punity.-Leslie's Weekly.

WILMINGTON MARKET Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce

a red spot placed there by the sover-STAR OFFICE, January 31. eign. To the grand council the tsungli-yamen and all other departments of SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing state take their business, and the grand ROSIN-Market firm at \$1 10 per council in its turn considers all docuparrel for strained and \$1.15 per barments and attaches to each a piece of

rel for good strained. TAR-Market quiet at \$1,20 per barel of 280 pounds. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market trong at \$1.35 per barrel for hard. \$2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin. Quotations same day last year

Spirits turpentine nothing doing: rosin nothing doing; tar steady at \$1.25; crude turpentine steady at \$1.30 @2.30.

Spirits turpentine..... 

the moon and the stars and something about the weather. Indeed, he was casks spirits turpentine, 385 barrels popularly supposed to regulate this rosin, 304 barrels tar, 59 barrels crude last, and his indication of probabilities turpentine. COTTON. was received as gospel by his admiring Market firm on a basis of 7%c pe fellow citizens in a certain southern ound for middling. Quotations: colony of Australia. He went to Eng-Ordinary..... 61/2

Middling..... 7% sniffing about as if something were Good middling ..... 8 3-16 " wrong. They asked him what was the Same day last year, market quiet a matter. "Well." he replied. "these funny fellows have trained their peach Receipts-649 bales; same day last trees against the south side of the wall

Good ordinary .....

for white.

Low middling..... 7½

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Product Commission Merchants, pri as representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants 1 COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy 30c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c fancy, 70c. Spanish, 70075c.

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 14@ 5c per pound; shoulders, 121/@13c; sides, 121/013c. EGGS-Dull at 18c per dozen.

CORN-Firm, 85@87%c per bushel

CHICKENS-Dull. Grown, 20@ 25c; springs, 10@18c. TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@ 14c; live, 9@10c. BEESWAX—Firm at 26c. TALLOW-Firm at 51/2061/2c pe

SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 60@ 55c per bushel.

#### FINANCIAL MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT NEW YORK, Jan. 31. - Money on cal teady at 24/03 per cent.; the market The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making upsmall orders higher prices have to be charged. closed, bid and asked, at 2%@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@41/2 per The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible cent. Sterling exchange steady at the ers' bills at 487 1/2 for demand and at 484% for sixty days. The posted rates were 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483 1/4 @484 1/4. Bar silver 55 1/6. Mexican dollars 4414. Government bonds weak. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds were irregular. U. refunding 2's, registered, 10814; B. refunding 2's, coupon, 108 \( : U.S. 3's registered, 1081; do. coupon, 109; U. S. 4's, new registered, 189; do. coupon 140; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111%; do. coupon, 111%; U. S. 5's reg'd, ex int. 106; do. coupon, 10210; do. coupon, 102100; do. coupon, 10210; do. coupon, 1021 10714; Southern Railway, 5's, 120. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 10314; Chesapeake & Ohio 45%; Manhat tan L 1351/2: New York Central 1611; Reading 5614; do. ist preferred do. 2nd preferred 62%; St. Paul 164%; do. pref d, 187; Southern R'way 331/6; do. pref'd 95; Amalganated Copper 78; Am'n Tobacco People's Gas 99%; Sugar 124%; Tennessee Coal and Iron 631; U. S. Leather 11%; do. pref'd, 80%; Western Union 911/4; U. S. Steel 431/4; do. pre ferred 9314; Mexican National 1656 American Locomotive 331/4; do. pre ferred 92%; Standard Oil 645@650 Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60: do. preferred, 123

> BALTIMORE, Jan. 31, -Seaboard Air Line, common, 24%@24%; do. pre-ferred, 46@46%; do 4s 84%@84%.

# NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.-Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine easy. CHARLESTON, Jan. 31.—Spirits tur pentine firm at 41%c; sales 51 casks. B, C, D, \$1 20; E, \$1 25.

CAVANNAH, Jan. 31. - Spirits turpen ine was firm at 42c; receipts 211 casks: sales 219 barrels; exports 555 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 2,960 barrels; sales 190 barrels; exports 21,537 bar rels Quote: A, B, C, D, \$1 25; E, \$1 30; F, \$1 35; G, \$1 40; H, \$1 45; I, \$1 70; K, \$2 25; M, \$2 65; N, \$3 25; W G, \$3 60; W W, \$3 85.

# COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The cotton market opened steady with prices one point lower to one point higher and for the rest of the session kept within a narrow rut, with speculation most of the time almost flat. The room contingent and the public alike were averse to assuming new commitments at a time when influences were at work which were unusually conflict-The movement of the crop was the chief bone of contention, some arguing that interior rewere light as a result of the severe sleet and rain storm which for several days has been central over pretty much the entire cotton belt, while others are equally positive that exhaustion of supplies, pure and simple. is responsible for the sharp reduction in receipts. Early cables from Liverpool were quite disappointing, and combined with large port receipts to check new buying. The official esti-mates for to morrow's New Orleans and Houston receipts fell considerably below the actual receipts on same day year, but this shortage had pretty thoroughly discount-The week end statistics, had been anticipated and made no impression upon the market. laken as a whole, it was one of th

most unsatisfactory markets of recent times, with commission houses in particular complaining of the dull business. Near the end of the day leading bears endeavored to force the whole list sharply, but met with little success. The market was finally quiet. with prices net unchanged to four points lower.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.-Cotton dull 816; net receipts 1,803 bales; gross receipts 3,351 bales: stock 119,944 bales. Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 8½c; middling gulf 8½c; sales 1,200 bales.

Cotton futures market closed quiet; February 8 00, March 8.05, April 8.08, May 8,09, June 8.10, July 8 13, August 7.97, September 7.67, October 7.65. Total to-day-Net receipts 16,475 bales; exports to Great Britain 251 bales; exports to France 250 bales; exports to the Continent 16,976 bales;

stock 889,749 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 204,688 pales; exports to Great Britain 107,383 bales; exports to France 14 882 bales; exports to the Continent 116,181 bales. Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 5,869,792 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,239,604 bales; exports to France 543,590 bales; exports to the Continent 1,749,830 bales.

Jan.31.—Galveston, steady at 8 15 net receipts 5,962 bales; Norton Baltimore, nominal at 814c, net receipts 1,382 labeles. Roston Baltimore, nominal at out, net receipts 450 bales; Wilmin net receipts 450 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7%c, net receipts bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8%c, net receipts 111 bales; Savana quiet at 713-16, net receipts 2647al. New Orleans, quiet, easy at 7 1841 net receipts 12,546 bales; Mobile du 7 13-16cc, net receipts 696 bales: phis, quiet at 7%c, net receipts on bales; its phis, quiet at 7%c, net receipts 637 bales; Augusta, steady at 8%c, net receipts 742 bales; Charles quiet at 713-16c, net receipts 1,117 bales.

# PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.-Flour aug. was dull and a shade lower to a Wheat—Spot easier; No. 3 red 8 w Options clos d very easy at the net loss. Sales included: Marchel 84%c; May closed 83%c; Juyela 83%c. Corn—Spot easy: No. 2, The Options closed weak and he believe May closed 67%c: July closed 67% Oats—Spot firm; No. 2, 49c. Opto market, like others, was dull and and owing to moderate liquidation. Requirement of the control of the c steam \$9 65; refined easy; weak steam \$9 85; South American \$10 65; oz. bound 8@8%c. Pork easy: \$17 00@17 25; short clear \$18 50 mess \$ 6 25@17 50. Tallow ray (\$2 per package) 6c; country (ac. ages free) 6@614c. Cheese 6rn 8a full cream, large early made and 103/c; small early made facey 10 % c; small carly made lately in 11 % @11 % c. Butter—Market wage, ted firmer; creamery 17@25c; cut dairy 14@23c. Eggs firm; 8 and Pennsylvania 29@30c; 800 ern at mark 28c. Polatoes steel New York, fair to prime, sack, ha

215; Jersey sweets, barrel, 830001 215; Jersey sweets, barrel, \$300010 Cabbage steady; Long Island II. Dutch, per 100, \$200@400. Penriquiet: fancy hand picked 44646 other domestic 2½@4c. Freight Liverpool—Cotton by steam like Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 investigation of the condess of the Sugar-Raw steady ; fair refining 814 centrifugal 96 test, 3 11-16c; refa steady. Cotton seed oil duil and a changed, closing easy: Prime crue f. o. b. mills 33@34c; prime summer yellow 40@41c; off summer yelse 40c; prime white 45c; prime winter policy 47@48c; prime meal \$28.00, non-

CHICAGO, Jan. 31. - Profession wheat speculators turned bearing sentiment to-day and though on worked stubbornly against the infe ence prices ruled lower all ample May wheat closed with a loss of tall May corn 1@12 and May oats ic Pro visions closed a shade to 5c lower. CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Cash price

Flour steady. Wheat-No 2 spring-No 3 spring 71@75c; No. 2 red W 84%. Corn-No 2 -c; do. yello Oat -No. 2 44%@45%c; No 2 vins 46%@47%c; No 3 write 45%@0% Rye-No. 2, 61c Mess port, H barrel, \$15 60@15 65. Lard, x 100 fbs., \$9 25@9 27%. Short in sides. loose, \$8 15@8 30. Dry sile shoulders, boxed, \$7 12 1/67 25. Short clear sides, boxed, \$8 60@8 70 White key-Basis of high wines, \$131. The leading futures ranged as 1 lows-opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat-No 2 January 114 75 %, 74%, 74%c; May 78 % @78% % 77 %, 77 % @77%c; July 78%, 78% 78½, 77%, 77%@78c. Coru-No I January 60 60%@60%, 59%, 5% May 62% @63%,63% @63%. 62% BY July 62% @63, 634, 62%, 62% 62% Oats-May 44 % @ 44 %, 41 % @ 44 %, 11 41 1/3 c; July 38 14. 38 1/4 38 1/4 38 1/4 de-tember 32 1/4 , 33, 32 1/8 , 32 1/8 Mess por per bbl-May \$15 85, 15 90, 18 8 15 85; July \$15 97%, 15 97%, 16 89 15 9½. Lard. per 100 bs-May 978 9 40. 937½, 937½; July \$948.96%

# FOREIGN MARKET.

9 45 9 471/2. Short ribs, per 1001

July \$8 4714, 8 50, 8 4714, 8 50.

May \$8 3714, 8 4214, 8 3714, 8 41

By Cable to the Morning Star LIVERPOOL, Jan. 31 -Cotton: Box small business done; prices la lower; American middling fair the good middling 4%d; middling 4% low middling 4 13-32d; good ording 4 9-32d; ordinary 4 1-32d. The sales the day were 6,000 bales, of which M bales were for speculation and erpot and included 5,600 bales American Receipts 3,000 bales, including 2,30 bales American.

Futures opened steady and does barely steady; American middling to o. c.) February 4 27-64d seller; Feire ary and March 4 26-64d seller; Hans and April 4 26-64d seller; April 181 May 4 26-64d buyer; May and Just 4 26-64@4 27-64d seller; June and July 4 26-64@4 27-64d buyer; July and Ar gust 4 26-64@4 27-64d buyer; Augus and September 4 22-64@4 23-644 but er; September and October 41550 4 16-64d.

# MARINE

ARRIVED. Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayette ville. James Madden. Clyde steamship Geo W Clyta Chichester, Georgetown, H G Small CLEARED.

Norwegian barque Viva, Andersa Goole, Eng. Heide & Co. British steamship Polana, Holtus iverpool, Alexander Spruni & 8 EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

GOOLE, ENG-Nor barque

#### 4,708 barrels rosin, valued at \$70 cargo by Paterson, Downing & Ca. vessel by Heide & Co. LIVERPOOL-Br steamship Polish 9 679 bales cotton, 4.684,291 pounds valued at \$398,500; cargo and rest

by Alexander Sprunt & Son. MARINE DIRECTORY. mington, N. C., February STEAMSHIPS.

Wingrove, (Br) 1,818 tons, Walter Alexander Sprunt & Son. SCHOONERS. D J Sawyer, 288 tons, Kelly, George Harriss, Son & Co. C C Lister, 267 tons, Moore, Geet Harriss, Son & Co. Edgar C Ross, 380 tons, Quillin, Georg

Harriss, Son & Co. Cumberland, 349 tons, Little jobs Nellie W Howlett, 492 tons, Mumlos George Harriss, Son & Co. George Harriss, Son & Co. Weston, 1 McClure, (Br) 191 tons, Fannie Reiche, 440 tons, Buckslee George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES. Victoria, (Swd) 509 tons, Eriches Heide & Co. Anders, (Swd) 536 tons, Taurus, (Nor) 484 tons, Olsen, Ha & Co.

- Wanted a Pointer: Mr. (at the police station)-"May I see burglar who was arrested for brea into my house last night?" (hesitatingly)—"Well, I don't kee What do you want to see him about 'Oh, there's nothing secret about I just wanted to find out how here aged to get into the house waking my wife."—Pearson's West