WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURS DAY MORNING, MARCH 27 HOW TWO INDEPENDENT JOUR-

NALS VIEW IT. Mr. Crumpacker, of Indiana, was never heard of much outside of his own State, if inside of it, before he came identified with and sponsor for the movement to reduce South ern representation in Congress and in the electoral college. That brought him notoriety, if not fame. He, no doubt, thought when he sprang this scheme that it would meet with a warm response from the leaders and organs of his party, and that he would be hailed as a bold and successful leader who had the sagacity and courage to blaze out a way to give the Republican party prolonged lease of power, a sagacity and courage that older and more distinguished leaders lacked, but he was mistaken in this, for his effort met with opposition among his Republican colleagues who forced him to a compromise very different from his original scheme, with a very cool reception from some of the party organs, and from vigorous protests by independent papers which voice the sentiments of that class of citizens who do not borrow their opinions from party leaders.

The New York Times is an independent paper with Democratic leanings. The Chicago Record Herald is an independent paper with Republican leanings, and both are very free in their criticism of the Crumpacker scheme. We quote an editorial from each as illustrating the view that is taken of the Crumpacker invention by the non-partisan voters of the North. The Times

"It may throw an interesting and instructive side light upon the discussion of the question raised by the resolution of Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, calling for an investigation of the suffrage laws of the several States 'and allied questions,' if it known that a majority of the best citizens of the South, men of the class who composed the conventions for constitutional revision, would much prefer to see the representation of the South in Congress cut down to the basis of their enfranchised citizeship than to return the negro to politics and again surrender to him the control of State and local affairs. 'That the suggestion of reduced

representation in the House should come from them, is of course, inconceivable; that they would willingly accept it is equally so. The advantages of a representation disproportionate to enfranchised population are too great to be lightly surrendered, and the conviction that the Republican party managers would let the subject alone had weight in encouraging the Constitu tion-revisers to sail as close to the dan ger line of open nullification of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Federal Constitution as was demanded for the attainment of the end in viewthe disfranchisement of the negro and his exclusion from any part in local State, or National Government, except as he may be represented by per sons whom he had no part in electing, and who are in no sense responsible to him for what they say or do. That they have 'taken the chances' delibesately, and with a preference for s reduced representation rather than of competition between the whites and the negroes for the choice of Representatives, is well known.

"The danger of the present situation is that the exclusion of the negro from the rights of citizenship will be permanent if the States which have excluded him as a measure of self-protection discover no political advantage from his restoration to the enfranchised condition when he shall have quali fied for it by attaining the standards prescribed by the revised State Constitutions. Granting that the mass of the Southern negroes are presently un fit to be electors, they should have a chance to become fit, and the States which have disfranchised them for the protection of their material interests should have a substantial reason for recognizing such fitness when it is established. In his statement, printed in our issue of yesterday, Mr. Crumpacker sums up the discussion tersely and forcibly as follows: 'The philosophy of the Fourteenth amendment is to make it an object upon the part of the white man of the South to educate the colored man and admit him to the right of suffrage as fast as he is prepared for it. This is the whole quetion and it seems so just and so righteous that it ought to have the support of every citizen in the country.' safe to say that if an increased representation in Congress was the result of a restoration of the negro to the enjoyment of rights of which it is deemed advantageous to temporarily deprive him, the race question would solve itself very much more quickly and satisfactorily than it is likely to do under existing conditions.'

The Record Herald characterizes it as folly or something worse, thus: "The Crumpacker resolution for an investigation of the condition of the

suffrage throughout the Union is neither a brilliant nor a wise conception. If it could be considered entirely aside from its partisan bearing it might still be said that it was hardly necessary as a condition precedent to obtaining the information that is desired. The State laws are not a mystery, neither are the election methods of the States. A compilation from the various statutes and from Congressional reports on contested elections would be a luminous as any new Con-

But the question will be regarded from the partisan standpoint alone, ered from this standpoint. the investigation would be worse than useless for those who propose it. The Republicans should understand that there is no capital to be made now out of the promotion of sectional strife. When they suggest what is, in effect, a campaign against the South they are opposing a resistless evolution of public sentiment that has been going on for the last twenty years. Their own party has recognized the trend and substituted conciliation for aggression. President McKinley used to say that his best political work was the work that he had done toward bringing

North and South together. "The theme, 'No North, No South,' is by this time so popular everywhere that it is simply fatuous to endeavor to revive the old hostilities. Mr. Crumpacker would produce a solid South without securing the backing of the North and it is quite natural that Gorman, Bryan and Hill should prepare for the fray with alacrity and sat

Paine's Celery Compound

Both of these are correct state-

ments from the standpoints from

which they are written. The latter

is a protest and a warning, which

comes with much force from a paper

which speaks for the independent

element of the Republican party,

an element which sympathized with

and commended the late President

McKinley's patriotic efforts to ob-

literate sectional lines, who went

further in that direction than any

President who had preceded him

ly. If it came to be a question be-

they might dislike the alternative,

would accept the certainty of white

rule and surrender the representa-

course they will fight against that

as long as there is hope, and if

beaten they will accept the result

with resignation if not with cheer-

fulness, and feel some gratifi-

cation in the fact that the negro

question has been practically solved

and that the Republicans in Con-

gress helped to do the solving.

The problem will be solved not only

as to the illiterate negro voter,

eliminated by the qualified suffrage

laws against which Mr. Crumpacker

and his supporters complain, but as

to all negroes, for when the repre-

sentation is cut down and the white

people of the South realize how lit-

tle they have lost by that in com-

parison with continued agitation of

the negro question, they will sim-

ply make the suffrage laws so strin-

gent and comprehensive that very

few negroes will vote even if we do

lose some more representatives by

that. The negro will be so effectu-

be a debatable factor, will pass

from the stage as a subject of political

agitation, and thus, politically at

least, the negro problem will be

solved, thanks to statesman Crum-

packer, who in his efforts to cripple

the South politically will find that

he has knocked the "wards of the

GETTING READY TO PULL OUT

The authorities in Washington

have at last decided upon the time

and turn the government of the

machine will be started, which hap-

pens to be Mecklenburg Declaration

day, too, so that we might, as it

were, make a sort of joint indepen-

dence celebration, if the Cubans

finally succeed in persuading them-

selves that they are "independent,"

which they will hardly be able to do

considering the strong string this

Government has tied to that inde-

This is called evacuating the

island although it is deemed pru-

dent to leave about 800 men there

to look after the garrisons and be

prepared for sudden emergencies, in

the event of which it wouldn't take

long to run as large a force as might

be deemed necessary over from this

Whether President-elect Estrada

Palma apprehends any trouble when

he goes to assume the duties of his

office, we do not know, but it is

somewhat remarkable that he con-

tinues to tarry in this country,

where, it is said, he will remain un-

til about the first of May, when it

would seem that he ought to be in

Cuba, among his own people, and

personally familiarizing himself

with the present condition of affairs

in the island, and with the senti-

ments and opinions of his opponents

We saw an interview recently with

prominent Cuban, who was then in

this country, in which he stated that

if Palma went to Cuba there would

be civil strife and fighting as soon as

he landed, and that the island would

be torn up by dissension. Whether

there be any ground for this or not,

there are bitter factions among the

Cubans, in which the race question

figures more or less, which is one of

the reasons why some of the Cubans

are not over joyful at the coming de-

parture of the American troops,

whom they regard as peace and law

and order preservers. The apparent

reluctance of Palma to return to

Cubs seems to give color to the ap

prehensions of trouble, but the pres-

ence of even eight hundred United

States troops may have a restraining

Some successful experiments have

recently been made in Michigan in

telephoning from one moving rail-

road train to another. Notwithstand-

cars the talkers could make them-

selves distinctly heard. The inven-

tor of the system claims that with

the interesting question "When to

to retire is when you have accumu-

lated five or six millions, and before

you have become tired trying to ac-

For Whooping Cough

use CHENEY'S EX.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy,

train dispatchers.

cumulate more.

PECTORANT.

influence on the turbulent spirits.

as well as of his friends.

nation" out.

tion based on negro votes.

since the war between the States.

The Best Invigorator Strengthener for Old People

Its Use Insures Preedom From the Infl mittes That Come with Advancing

The Times speaks more from a Bestows on the Aged a Condition of Con general than a political standpoint fort, Happiness and Peace that No and in as far as it speaks for the white people of the South it states

Other Agency Can Give. their position and resolve correct-We should give careful attention to the physical welfare of the aged in our homes. Their chief troubles are tween unlimited negro suffrage and constipation, flatulence, drowsiness, reduced representation the white rheumatism, neuralgia and indigespeople of the South, however much

Paine's Celery Compound is the world's best medicine for all the besetting troubles of the old. Its regulating influence on the liver, kidneys and bowels removes the disorders that come to the aged. When you are old, Paine's Celery Compound stimulates the vital powers, regulates digestion, and promotes a healthy appetite. It builds you up and adds years of com fort, happiness and peace to your life. Rev. Dr. Wm. A. Smith of Groton, Conn., one of the best known divines

"I am now 86 years of age, and during my long life have suffered greatly from dyspepsia, torpid liver, constipation and insomnia, at times thinking I should die for want of

ia Southern New England, sends the

following letter that deserves careful

"By the use of saveral bottles Paine's Celery Compound I have so ar recovered my health as to consider myself a well man for my age. My appetite is now good, my sleep is rereshing, my liver active and bowels regular, and my crutches not needed."
See that you get PAINE'S, the kind
that makes old people active, fresh
and young. Look for the name AINE's on each bottle and wrapper you are off red any other kind you ere getting a substitute that is worth-

Save Money by dyang your laded garments with Diam and Dyes. 10 cents

THE POLL TAX AGAIN.

ally eliminated that he will cease to In the STAR of Tuesday we pubished an editorial based on the the communication of an "eminent lawyer" which appeared in the Charlotte Observer of Sunday, in which he contended that the election law passed by the last Legislature requiring poll tax to be paid by the 1st of May, was null and void because in conflict with the suffrage | man was writhing in agony. He was amendment to the constitution, which does not go into effect until July of this year. The writer of the communication was vouched for by to withdraw our soldiers from Cuba the editor of the Observer as "one of the most eminent members of the island over to the Cubans. Tho 20th bar of North Carelina, the peer of of May is the day when the Cuban any lawyer in the State."

As we remarked in calling attention to this communication there is difference of opinion among lawyers on this question, good lawyers taking diametrically opposite views. The Washington correspondent of the Raleigh Post informs us that Senator Simmons, chairman of the State Executive Committee, adheres to his opinion that the law of the Legislature is binding, in which opinion Senator Pritchard, Republican, concurs. This view is supported by Hon. George Rountree, of this city, who has given the question thorough investigation, and was a member of the Legislature that passed the election laws requiring the poll tax to be paid on or before the 1st of May.

Here we have both sides of a debatable question, each supported by respectable authority, leaving the matter still in doubt, to be settled finally by judicial decision if it become a matter of dispute and the question be raised by any one who may be denied the right to register and vote.

In view of this difference of opinion and the doubt, the safe and wise thing to do, as we remarked Tuesday, will be for the voter who would not take the chances of losing his ballot, is to pay the poll tax and avoid the danger of losing the franchise. The prudent, sensible citizen citizen who values his vote more than he does the small amount of the poll tax will do this.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Wilmington District-Second

Southport, March 26-27 Burgaw, Trinity, March 29-30 Whiteville, Fair Bluff, April 3 Market Street, April 6 Town Creek, Gay's Chapel, April Biaden Street, April 9 Grace, April 3 Waccamaw, Bethesda, April 16 Shallotte, Andrews' Chapel, April 17

Carver's Creek, Grant's Chapel, Bladen Circuit, Center, April 26-27 Erizabeth, Union, May 3-4 Magnolia, Rose Hirl, May 10-11 Clinton, Kendall, May 17 28 Jacksonville, May 24 25 Fifth Street, May 25 Kenansville, Warsaw, May 31 Oaslow, June 7-8

District Conference at Fair Bluff,

ing the noise and the rattle of the Old Soldier's Experience. M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good it trains at any distance apart can doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills. talk with each other and with the which worked wonders for her health."
They always do. Try them. Only 25c at B. R. Bellamy's drug store. The Chicago Tribuns is discussing

April 1-3.

For over Staty Years

retire from business." A good time MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has MRS. WINSLOW'S BOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind cellic, and is the best remedy for diarrhosa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Bold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Fayetteville Observer: Miss Jennie Talbot died Tuesday morning at Hope Mil's of pneumonia, after an liness of twelve days.

- Newton Enterprise: Several farmers with whom we talked are of the opinion that there will not be so much cottor, and more corn, planted in this courty this year than last. - Lincoln Journal: A corpora-

tion will be organized soon for the purpose of erecting a cotton mill on Henry's river, in Burke county, near Hilderbrand statian. The capacity will be 5 000 spindles, which will be ultimately increased to 10,000. - Clarkton Express: Mr. J. T.

Gooden, of this place, went to Wilmington Sunday to spend a few days. Mr. Gooden is 57 years of age, and we are informed that this is his second time out of Bladen county, having been to Whiteville once.

Hillsboro Observer: Our farmers report that wheat is improving and the rospect for a fair crop is growing righter in some sections. This seems to be the news from all over the State as to wheat. It is said that the oat crop in this county will be almost a comlete failure.

- Salisbury Sun: The largest consignment of eggs that ever passed through Salisbury was recorded at pencer Sunday when 18 cars loaded with hen fruit passed through enroute to New York. The train load of eggs was valued at \$47,000 There is no record of the number of dozens aboard. Most of the eggs were shipped from Tennessee.

- Wilkesboro Chronicle: The incorporators of the Wilkesboro and Jefferson turnpike met Saturday and opened the subscription books, and took other steps looking to the early building of the road. State convicts are to build the road without cost to the county as soon as the stockholders secure the right of way and locate the road. - Winston Journal: Something

of a sensation was produced in the vicinity of Elkin in Burry county by the discovery on Sunday of the remains of a woman in Hoot's Pond, a well known resort near Lomax Lomax is in Wilkes county and the authorities in Wilkesboro were notifird and called to the scene of the tragedy to hold an investigation Before they arrived, however, it was learned that the remains were those of Miss Benge, a popular and a well known young woman who mysteriousy disappeared from her home about wo weeks jago. She had been dead several days and committed suicide. - John Julian, an employe at the electric power station, had a miraculous escape from a fatality on Sunday afternoon. He was engaged at the station and was walking between two 'strings" of wires heavily charged with the current, when a bunch of keys dangling on a chain from his pocket, came in contact with one of the wires. The chain acted as a conductor and instantly the unfortunate wherever there was a piece of metal about his body he suffered severely.

CURRENT CUMMENT.

- And now it is explained that there will be no coronation of the young king of Spain, because he is supposed to have been born crowned. Think of how much cheaper it would have been for England if King Edward had come into the world the some way. - Atlanta Journal, Dem.

- What seems to have been proved by the Sanitary officers in Havana is that the mosquito, of a certain species in particular, is a purveyor of yellow fever; but that may be said of other insects and other diseases which they pick up from infectious bodies and transfer to people they sting. However, the main thing is that at last there is no yellow fever in Havana. - Brooklyn

- Germany's exclusion of meats preserved with borax is manifestly designed to prevent American exporters form competing with domes-tic meat producers. In like manner the American tariff of \$7.84 per ton on steel rails prevents German steel manufactureres from competing with the American Steel Trust. The countrymen of Prince Henry merely insist that sauce for the German goose shall be sauce for the Yankee gander. - Philadephia Record, Dem.

- The impending changes in the personel of the immigration bureau in New York and the investizations which are being set on foot by President Roosevelt and in Congress again call attention to the shameful wrongs that are inflicted upon the thousands of immigrants who annually arrive at the port. It may be possible that abuses of a similar kind exist at other ports of entry, but at any rate they are not supposed to be as flagrant, nor has public attention been focused upon them. The scandals connected with the treatment of immigrants on their arrival at the New York barge office are nothing less than abhorrent .-Washington Times, Ind.

Tot Causes Night Alarm.

"One night my brother's baby was aken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Snider, of Crittenden, Ky., "it seemed it would strangle before we could get doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's New D scovery, which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchia trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for Coughs. Colds. Throat and Lung trouble, 50c and \$1 00 Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S.

ALL WHO USE ATOMIZERS in treatng nasal catarrh will get the best re sult from Ely's Liquid Cresm Balm-Price, including spraying tube, 75c. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely 56 Warren street, New York

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 1, 1900.

Messrs. Ely Bros —I sold two bot
tles of your Liquid Cream Balm to a customer, Wm. Lamberton, 1415 Delachaise street, New Orleans. He has used the two bottles, giving him wonderful and most satisfactory results. + GEO. W. McDuff, Pharmacist.

You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay, Price 50c. sa tu th



SOCIETY LADIES

Use Peruna for Catarrhal Derangements.



Mrs. C. H. Buck, 2923 Douglas street, Omaha, Neb., writes:

"I have used Peruna and can cheerfully recommend it as being the best remedy for catarrh and general debility that I have ever used." Yours gratefully,

Mrs. C. H. Buck.

Peruna is applicable to catarrh of any mucous surface of the body in all stages. From the slightest catarrhal attack or cold to the most chronic or pronounced case of hypertrophic form Peruna is a specific. Men and women are subject to ca-

tarrh. Women are even more subject to catarrh than men. This is due to many causes. The chief cause is the delicacy of her organism, as compared to man The extreme sensitiveness of the mucous lining of every organ of a woman's body is well known to physicians. This explains why, in part at least, so few women are entirely free from catarrh A vast multitude of women have found Peruns an indispensible remedy. very truly,

"Health and Beauty," a book treating on diseases peculiar to women, sent free to any address by Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

OSHKOSH, WIS.

Gentlemen-"About three months ago results, she sent for a bottle for me and lyzed. found that it gave me blessed relief. Before the second bottle was consumed consulted my physician. After giving

"We keep a bottle of it on hand all the time and when I have been permanent cure. out in inclement weather, I take a dose or two of Peruna and it pre- been a severe tax on me Peruna vents my taking any cold and has kept me strong and vigorkeeps me perfectly well." Yours ous." Yours truly, Helen Murphy.

Miss Helen Murphy, a popular society Miss Lillian Roenheld, a graduate woman of Oshkosh, Wis., is an ardent from the Conservatory of Music, Paris, friend to Peruna. The following is a is the violin soloist of the Chicago Gerletter written by Miss Murphy, and manis Club. Miss Roenheld used Perugives her opinion of Peruna as a pre- na as a tonic, when run down by overventive as well as cure for catarrhal work. She speaks of it in the following glowing terms:

CHICAGO, ILL. The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.: The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.: Gentlemen-"I cannot give too great I contracted a severe cold at an evening praise to Peruna. Last winter my nerreception, which settled on my lungs vous system became so overtaxed from and threatened to be very serious. As constant overwork with my violin that my mother has used Peruna with good my right side seemed partially para-"I naturally became very anxious and

> me a couple of prescriptions without effect, he advised me to try Peruna, and I am glad to say it effected a speedy and "Although the past year has

> > Lillian Roenheld.

changed to five points higher, and im

TWINKLINGS

Often the Case-"Do they keep a hired girl?" "No. they only hire bem."-Philadelphia Bulletin.

- In a Beanery: Patron-Give me some groundhog. Waiter-What do you mean? Patron—Sausage.—Judge - "Dead Broke": "Is he broke?" 'I guess so. He said if air was five ents a berrel he'd suffocate."-Indianapolis News.

- The Man of the House: Stranger-Is the man of the house in | Bervant - Yes, but the woman the house won't let him come out -New York Weekly. - Danger in a Compliment:

Todd, your wife has a voice like velvet. Gracious! Don't talk so loud. If she heard that I would have to get her a new dress to match it.—Tit-- Apparently Not: Camso-I've noticed that the Italian women in

New York never wear hats or bonnets on the streets. Mrs. Cumso-Dear me. Are their lives worth living .-- All That Was Lacking: Gladys -Yes: Rupert and I are engaged, but t's a secret as yet. Edith-As yet?

Gladys-Yes until I can succeed in making him comprehend that we are engaged.—Puck. - He-"Your friend, Miss Dashway, has quite a military air about She-"No wonder. She has participated in no fewer than seventeen engagements."-Chicago Daily

- His Classification. You played nothing but tragedies, said the friend. They were worse than trage-dies, answered Mr. Stormington Barns as he stopped figuring on his expense account They were financial catastrophes.—Washington Star.

- Judge-What are your grounds for a divorce, sir? Plaintiff-My wife married me to reform me, and after we settled down didn't have sense enough to give up the idea. - Brook-

- A Bore: Latto-How did Mrs.

Bilkins ever get the reputation of being such a bore? Mrs. Barkley—She tried

the experiment of making it a point one behind their back.—Brooklyn - The panic in the diamond market is growing worse instead of better. It is now almost impossible to get No. 2 whites in car-load lots; No. 1 blues can be obtained only in bushel

lots; and No. 1 straws are no longer quoted, except by the peck.—Chicago Tribune. Papa Will Buy It: McJigger-Hedley is in a fair way to make a fortune. Tingumbob-How? McJigger-He has invented a toy bank which will not open for the children, but coughs up carfare to their papas without any trouble at all.—Philadelphia

- As the Prince Passed By .-'Don's crowd so!" exclaimed several "You are crushing voices at once. the life out of this little fellow!" 'Worse than that!' gasped the under sized man in the center of the throng They are crushing a lot of 15 cent igars in my vest pocket!"-Chicago

Women Live Longer Than Men.

In the tropics it is a recognized fact that the duration of life among women is much longer than among men, and the causes which contribute to this end seem to hold good for all climates. A well known

medical expert on the subject of colonial life maintains that exposure to fatigue, chills, irregular meals and the frequent taking of alcohol account for men dying quicker in the tropics than women, who avoid all these causes. And unquestionably the same reasons have contributed to female longevity in this country, but the balance of life will be more evenly adjusted in another generation or two, since women are more and more entering into competition with men every day.

He Got the Pin. Something glittered in the mud in the city's crowded street. It was a pin. "See a pin and pick it up, and all day long you'll have good luck," muttered Jephson as he started out to get the pin. He had learned that old saying when quite a child. As he bent down to reach the pin his hat fell off and rolled under a cab wheel. His eyeglasses also fell and broke on the hard road. A bus caught him on one side and a baker's van on the other, the two nearly squeezing the life out of him. In making a dash for the payement he upset a cyclist who at that moment was wheeling round the far side of a car. Altogether it was a great adventure, but he had got the pin.—London

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Quoted officially at the closing by

COMMERCIAL.

STAR OFFICE, March 26. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing ROSIN-Nothing doing. TAR-Market firm at \$1,20 per bar CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market firm at \$1.35 per barrel for hard, \$2.50

for dip. and — for virgin. Spirits turpentine firm at 34@331/c: rosin nothing doing; tar steady at \$1.15; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.10 Spirits turpentine.....

Orude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year-19 casks spirits turpentine, 454 barrels rosin, 354 barrels tar, 13 barrels crude COTTON. Market firm on a basis of 856c per

Rosin

pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary..... 614 Good ordinary 7% Low middling..... 8% Same day last year, market steady t 7%c for middling. Receipts-\$60 bales; same day last

rear, 133. Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those pa'd for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.]

PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c. per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 75@80c. CORN-Firm; 76@80c per bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11@ 15c per pound; shoulders, 10@12%c; rides, 10@11c. EGGS-Dull at 10%@11c per dozen. CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 15@ S5c; springs, 10@15c. TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c. TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 70@ be per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 26.-Money on

sall firm at 305 per cent, clos

ing, with 3 per cent. offered. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4%@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487% for demand and at 485% for sixty days. Posted rates were 486 and 48814. Commercial bills 48414@48514. Bar silver 5314. Mexican dollars 43 %. Government bonds steady. State bonds were steady. Railroad bonds easier. U. S. refunding 3's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109%; U. S. 3's, registered, 1091; do. coupon, 1091/ U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do. coupon 1891; U. S. 4's, old reg'd. 111; do. coupon, 112; U. S. registered, 106; do, coupon, 106; Southern Railway, 5's, 121% Stocks: Baltimore & Chesapeake & Ohio 45%; Manhattan L 183%; New York Central 162%; Reading 56%; do. 1st preferred 81; do. 2nd preferred 6814; St. Paul 163%; do. pref'd, 186%; Southern Railway 33%; do. pref'd 94%; Amalgamated Copper 68%; Am'n Tobacco -People's Gas 101%; Sugar 132; Ten-nessee Coal and Iron 70%; U. F. Leather 13%; do. pref'd, 82; Western Union 90; U. S. Steel 41%; do. preferred 93%; Mexican National 18% American Locomotive -; do. pre-ferred -; Standard Oil 629@633. Virginia-Carolina Chemical 68%; co. preferred, 131%. BALTIMORE, March 26 -Seaboard Line, common, 24%@24%; do, pre frred, 44@4414; do. 4s 8414 @85.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEWYORK, March 26.-Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm at 50%@51c. CHARLESTON, March 26.—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged. BAVANNAH, March 26. - Spirits turpen

tine quiet at 51c; receipts 58 casks; sales 80 casks; exports 150 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 1,314 barrels; sales 1.567 barrels; exports 4.657 barrels; Quote: A, B, C, D, \$1.30; E, \$1.55; F, \$1.40; G, \$1.45; H, \$1.50; I, \$1.75; K \$2.45; M, \$2.85; N, \$3.25; W G, \$3.80; W W. \$3.85.

COTTON MARKETS.

Some round lots of prime summer yellow were sold at prices: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills \$5@85c; prime summer yellow 42@43%c; off summer yellow 42@43%c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45@45c; prime winter yellow 45@45c; prime meal \$38.00, market opened firm with prices un-

mediately after the call worked up an additional point on room covering The Liverpool cables and port receipts favored a steadier market here while weak long cotton seemed to have been pretty thoroughly shaken out on the recent break of forty-four points. But within the first hour selling by Western longs and liquidation by room holders in the absence of expected speculative support allowed the market to suff-r a resh relapse, this decline only terminating when July touched 8 55 and May 8 50 For a time the indications favored a new level for prices on the present bear movement, despite bul ish statistics and a strong belief that reaction was naturally in order. Toward mid-day the more conservative traders, bears as well as buils, cautiously bought the July and August contracts and a number of Wall street supporting orders made their appearance. The effect upon prices was immediate and while the improvement was very halting the course of the market for the rest of the day was up ward. Shorts became nervous in the last hour and bid Jaly up to 863; August sold re-peatedly at 844 Claims that the week's 'in-signt" will reach about 120 000 bales instead of 135,000 bales, as early estimated, helped to rally the late market. New Orleans and Europe bought here on the upturn as did Wal street commission houses. The mar ket was finally quiet and steady with prices net seven points higher to one point lower.

NEW YORK, March 26 -Cotton quiet at 8%c; net receipts 634 bates; gros receipts 569 bales; stock 182,491 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8%c; middling gulf 9%c; sales 400 bales.

Cotton futures closed quiet, steady March 8.62, April 8 60, May 8 56, June 8 58. July 8 61, August 8.42, Septem ber 8.11, October 7.97, November 7.90 December 7 90.

Total to-day-Net receipts 11,14 pales; stock 696 363 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 56,478 bales; exports to Great Britain 56,106 bales; exports to France 30 bales; exports to the Continent 14,284 bales. Total since September 1st. - Net receipts 6,865,664 bales; experts to Great Britain 2.713 138 bales; exports to France 640,875 bales; exports to the Continent 2,173 857 bales. March 26. —Galveston, quiet at 87-16, net receipts 1,529 bales; Norfolk, dull

at 8%c, net receipts 1.165 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8%c, net receipta 9 bales; Boston, quiet at 8%c, net receipts 883 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8%c, net receipts 360 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9%c, net receipts — bales Savannah, steady at 8 7 16c, net receipts 593 bales; New Orleans, steady at 81/4c, net receipts 6,067 bales; Mobile, qdiet at 8 7-16c, net receipts 7 bales; Memphia, easy at 8 7-16c, net receipts 233 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8%c, net receipts 259 bales; Charleston, quiet at 81/2c, net receipts

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, March 26.-Flour was more active and steady Rye flour firm. Wheat-Spot firm; No. 3 red 83%c. Options-Wheat prices worked considerably higher to-day on a broad-er speculative trade and light pit offerings, in face of a restricted export business. The buying motives were higher cables, small receipts West and a big jump in corn together with active coving. Close was firm at %c net advance: March closed 78%c; May closed 78%c; July closed 79 %c; September 78%c. Corn-Spot firm; No. 2 66%c. Up tions-Bull leaders in Chicago dominated the corn market forcing prices over a cent higher on a scare of shorts. Receipts were small, cables higher and country offerings light. The market closed firm at 1c net advance: May closed 64%c; July closed 64%c; September 63%c. Oats-Spot steadier; No 2 48c Options were generally firmer with corn. Pork firmer; family \$17 50 @18 00; short clear \$17 25@20 00; mess \$16 00@17 00. Tallow oull. Rice steady. refined firm; continent \$10 25; South American \$10 75; compound 73608c Cheese firm; State full cream, small early made fancy colored 18@18kc white 13@18k. Butter steady; cream-ery 23@28c; State dairy 22@27c. Eggs were steady; State and Pennsylvania 15%c; Southern at mark 14% @15%c. 15%c; Southern at mark 14% 016%c.
Potatoes quiet; New York, fair to
prime in sack, \$2 15@225; Jersey sweets
\$3 50@4 75. Cabbage duil; State, barrel
crate \$1,00@1 12. Peanuts steady; fancy
hand picked 4%c; other domestic 3@
4%c, Freights to Liverpool—Cotton
by steam 12%. Coffee—Spot Rio steady;
No.7 invoice 5%c; mild quiet; Cordova
8@12c Sugar—Raw strong; fair mode. 8@12c. Sugar—Raw strong; fair refining 81/c; centrifugal 96 test, 85/c; refined film Cotton seed oil—There was a fair trade and general firmness, fol-

lowing the advance in lard products

CHICAGO March 26 -Bullish spec lation by speculators in all pits on the Board of Trade, aided somewhat h damage reports in Winter wheat, in fluenced strong and active market May wheat closed %c higher, May corn 1%c advanced and May cats & up. Provision 22% chigher.

Provisions closed 7%@10e CHICAGO, March 26.—Cash prices Flour-Market steady. Wheat-No. spring - ; No. 3 spring 71 1 @73c; No. red 79@80%c. Corn—No. 2 —c; No. 3 yellow —c. Oat:—No. 3 —c; No. 3 white 480 white 44@45%c; No. 3 white 480 44%c. Rye—No. 257%c. Mess por. per barrel \$16 05@16 10. Lard, per lo. Bs., \$9 63%@9 65. Short rib side loose, \$8 70@8 85. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, \$7 13%@7 25. Show clear sides, boxed, \$9 15@9 25 Whishey—Basis of high wines, 180.

The leading futures ranged as fellows—comming bighest loose.

lows-opening, highest, low-st an closing: Wheat-No.2 May 72%@72% 78%. 78%. 78%c; July 78@73%, 74 75, 78%c; September 78%@73% 74 78 73%c Corn-No. 2. May 58%6 58%. 59%, 58% @58%. 59% @59%;July 59@59%, 60% @61, 58% @59. 60%c deptember 57 % @57%. 59%. 57% 58% Oats-May 434, 434, 42, 42%c. July 84%, 85%, 84% 84%c; September 29@ 29%, 29%, 29 29%c. Mess pork per bid — May \$15 95, 16 40, 15 95, 16 15; July \$16 05, 16 45, 16 05, 16 80. Lard p 100 lbs-May \$9 63%, 9 77%, 9 62% 9 70@9 78%; July \$9 72% 9 90, 9 72% 9 82%; Beptember \$9 97%, 10 00, 9 82% Short ribs, per 100 fbs-Mie \$8 75, 8 871/2. 8 75, 8 821/2; July \$9 83 8 97 16. 8 85. 8 92 14; September \$8 95 9 05, 8 95, 9 0214.

FOREIGN MARKE

By Cable to the Morning stat LIVERPOOL, March 26.-Cotton: Spot quiet. prices 1-32d lower; Amer. ican middling fair 5 %d; good middling 4 27-32d; middling 4 23-32d; low mid dling 4%d; good ordinary 4%d; ord nary 41d. The sales of the day we. 7,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 3.400 bales American. Receipts none, Futures opened easier and close; parely steady; American middling (g) o. c.) March 4 39-64@4 40-64d seller: March and April 4 39-64@4 40-64d seller: ler; April and May 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; May and June 4 40-64@4 41 64d seller; June and July 4 40-64@ 4 41-64d buyer; July and August 4 41-64d seller; August and September 4 37-54@4 38-64d seller; September and October 4 28-64d seller; October and November 4 23-64d seller; No. vember and December 4 20-64@4 22

MARINE.

64d buyer.

ARRIVED. Schooner CC Lister, 267 tons, Moore, New York, George Harriss. Son & Co Steamer Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY. that of Vessels in the Port of Will

mington, N. C., March 27 SCHOONERS. C C Lister, 267 tons, Moore, George

Harriss. Son & Co. Metinic, 172 tons, Perry, George Har riss, Son & Co. Neltie Floyd, 434 tons, Nielsen, Heide Annie Ainslie, 250 tons, Strout, George Harriss, Son & Co Albert T Stearns, 508 tons, Bunker, George Harriss, So. & Co.

George Harris, Son & Co. BARQUES. Olive Thurlow, 577 tons, Hays, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Harold J McCarty, 297 tons, Foster,

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotto

W. & W. Kaliroad-105 bales cotton, 21 barrels tar. W. C. & A. Railroad - 205 bales cotton, 43 barrels tar. O. C. Railroad-38 bales cotton, 28

barrels tar, 60 barrels crude turper A. & Y. Railroad-2 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 85 barrels rosin, 5 barrels tar. W. & N. Railroad-8 bales cotton. casks spirits turpentine. Steamer Compton-1 bale cotton, 4

asks spirits turpentine, 9 barrels rosin, 50 barrels tar. Steamer A. J. Johnson-1 bale cot ton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 180 bar Schooner Carolyn—38 barrels rosin.

Total-360 bales cotton, 33 casks spirits turpentine, 312 barrels rosin, 209 barrels tar, 60 barrels crude tur-

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