WILMINGTON. N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING? JULY 2. CAN'T FOOL THEM ALL.

Yesterday we referred to the cutand-dried platforms being adopted by the Republican State conventions wherein they declare their purpose to adhere to the protective tariff, and express disapproval of combinations (usually called trusts) organized for the purpose of curtailing production and unfairly controlling prices. The reason assigned for declaring for protection is friendship for the American workmen, who are thus insured higher wages than they could command of the protective duties were reduced.

This is simply a repetition of the

protection ever since "protection

for protection's sake" became the

avowed policy of the Republican

statesmen. It is a fraud of the first water, for the American workman does not figure in it outside of the speeches of the high tariff advocates, and the men who run the protected industries, who reap the benefit of it.

Don't they invariably hire the cheapest labor they can, when they can get suitable cheap labor, and do they ever pay more for labor than they can get it for, regardless of the profits they make? What better proof can there be than this that they don't care a continental about the people who work for them. But the high tariff does not make high wages. Wages, regardless of high or low tariff, have always been higher in this than in other countries, both in the protected and unprotected industries, and as a rule higher in the unprotected than in the protected industries. But when we consider the value of the service rendered, the greater productive capacity per hand of the American workman, and the purchasing price of wages, the workmen in the protected industries of this country are not any better paid than 'the workmen in similar industries in England, for instance, where wages are higher than in any other European

That is the conclusion arrived at by a committee of English workmen who were sent to this country to study the industrial situation, as it affects the methods of production and the condition of the workmen. And England is a free trade country. This disposes of the fraudulent pretence that the American workmen is such a great beneficiary of the protective tariff. But they will continue to work that fake, Hanna will play the "full dinner pail" and continue to repeat "Keep on letting well enough alone."

But they are not fooling the masses of the people as much as they think they are, for this tariff and trust question has been too much discussed to cut it off abruptly now with platform declarations. Too many prominent and leading Republicans have gone upon record and have spoken out in meeting with the hope of spurring this Congress up to doing something to relieve the people from the exactions made by the protected industries and by the trusts which are protected and encouraged by this tariff. Ex-Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, and Governor Cummings, of Iowa, both protection supporters, bed-rock Republican States, have on several occasions declared in favor of tariff reduction as something due the people, who have been so long and so heavily taxed to encourage and foster our "infant industries." While there is more or less manufacturing done in both of these States, their principal industry is agriculture. and the farmers can't see why they should continue to be taxed without end for the benefit of men who operate industries which are able to stand alone without any tariff bolstering. Six Republican papers out of eight in the West endorse the position taken by ex-Senator Wash-

burn and Governor Cummings. Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, after the organization of the billion-dollar Steel Trust, blew s blast from his bugle and announced his purpose to stop that kind of colossal combining by presenting a bill for the repeal of the tariff duties on all Trust controlled manufactures which are exported and sold at a lower price in other countries than in this. He preposed to begin with the Steel Trust and follow up. They found a way to quiet and finally to gag him, but he had started the ball rolling in his State and gagging him didn't stop it. The Republican Condistrict of Wisconsin—Babcock's State, adopted the following as one

of the planks of its platform: "That many of the industries of this country have outgrown the need of a protective tariff is made evident by the fact that the American manufacturer has entered the markets of the world and is successfully competing with the manufacturers of all other countries. Many of the tariff schedules adopted to foster infant industries have fully served that purpose, and have become a means of aiding and building up powerful trusts and combinations, and enabled those to exact from the American purchasers the payment of higher prices than they exact for the same class of goods sold in foreign countries. We therefore favor a revision of the tariff, without unreasonable delay, which will place upon the free list every article and product con-

trolled by any monopoly and such other articles and products as are beyond the need of protection.'

This was simply expressing in different phrase the late President McKinley's recommendations in his message to Congress wherein he urged tariff reduction as means of promoting reciprocity and asserted that the way was made easy for this as so many of our industries had outgrown the need of protection, which he reiterated with emphasis in his Buffalo speech the day before his assassination. These Wisconsin Republicans, for whom Mr. Babcook spoke before he was gagged, agreed with the President, who, they believed, meant what he said, as they meant what they say in this platform.

The only purpose to be effected by the perpetuation of a tariff for industries "that have outgrown the need of it," is, as these Republicans say, to foster trusts. And yet the schemers who put up State platforms deny this and declare that the old fraud which has characterized party must adhere to protection not only to protect our industries from harm but to ensure good wages to American workmen. They ought to resort to some other trickery; that is played out.

TARIFF OBJECT LESSONS.

Replying to an assertion by the Portland, Maine, Argus that American beef is sold in England, after paying freight, for ten cents a pound less than consumers in the large cities of the North have to pay, the Troy, N. Y., Press says this is "preposterously untrue." The Lockport, N. Y., Union Sun in noting this presents an object lesson showing how the tariff works to the benefit of the foreigner, and to the disadvantage of the home consumer.

"Preposterous but not untrue Right here on the borders of Canada, just across the Niagara River, mest in sold cheaper than it can be bought on this side from the same packers. And furthermore, it has been brought over to this side and sold after paying the tariff, cheaper than the Beef Trust prices to American consumers. The same is also true of the iron and steel industries, whose products can be bought in Europe after paying freight, ten dollars a ton cheaper than the same things can be bought in the United States. After the infant industry has outgrown its mother to the detriment of home consumers, it is high time to let the infant walk alone. whether the infant be made of Pennsylvania steel or Troy lines

Here are two object lessons.

People living three thousand miles across the ocean can buy American beef for less money than the American consumer can, and yet the Beef Trust gives as a reason for the advance in prices to American consumers, the scarcity and consequent increased cost of cattle and other animals for slaughter. That being the case of course the Beef Trust can send beef across the Niagara river and sell it for less than it charges consumers on this side of the river, and consumers on this side of the river can afford to go across the river, buy this same American beef, bring it across the river, pay tariff duties on it, and save money, and the probabilities are that there is a good deal of that kind of thing done. And yet you couldn't get the Republicans in Congress, with all their hypocritical talk about opposition to Trusts, to touch with a forty-foot pole the tariff on meat or animals for

EXPLOITING THE PHILIPPINES. The Philippine Civil Government

bill, as passed, provides for issuing bonds to pay for the lands now owned and held by the Friars, amounting in the aggregate to about 4,000,000 acres. These lands are to become a part of the public domain and are to be opened to homesteaders the same as other public

The supporters of this bill say they have taken precautions to prevent these lands from being absorbed by corporations by limiting the amount of holdings by corporations to 2,500 acres, a pretty large sized patch, by the way. But what is to prevent corporations, after securing the 2,500 acres allowed under the law, to get other parties to secure 2,500 acre tracts, go through a mock sale, and turn these tracts over to the corporation until such corporation or corporations get control of

all the land they want? The 2,500 acre limitation is a mere blind, a pretence of guarding against exploiting by corporations. which will amount to nothing. We venture to say that the most valuable portions of these lands are already spotted, and will be jumped as soon as the announcement is made that they are on the market, and not always sure. Don't be an exile, when Dr. King's New Discovery
for Consumption will cure you at bulk of these lands and the best of them will be gobbled by Americans and corporations. In the language of the distinguished Mr. Flanns- result from persistent use. Trial botgressional convention of the Tenth gan, of Texas, "What are we here tles free at R. R. Bellamy's drug

There isn't going to be any American immigration into the Philippines, and therefore the hustlers and the corporations will have a fine opportunity for exploiting.

In his testimony before the Senate Committee Admiral Dewey said good many things happen in war that are not communicated to the public. There are also a good many things that don't happen that are communicated to the public. For instance, the public had been assured at least a dozen times in- the past two years that the war was over in

Southeastern Arizons is coming to the front with the discovery of an immense deposit of marble. The main ledge is over a thousand feet wide and has been traced three miles. Near the centre is a pure white vein seventy-five feet thick which runs through it. There is also in the deposit a vein of jet black. There is little black marble in this country nearly all being imported from Europe. The white marble is pronounced superior to the Italian imported and harder than any found in this conutry. An English syndicate

A Cleveland, Ohio, man is using n his store and for his domestic purpose a gas of his own manufacture, which is second in brilliancy only in electricity, and cheaper than any other gas in use. He claims to draw it direct from the air, as that fellow in the Danish West Indies does his electricity.

has secured control of the property.

BOOK NOTES.

The reader will find the July numper of the Smart Set a very entertaining one, with a full and varied list of contents, and a number of stories short but interesting. Published by The Ess Ess Company, 452 Fifth avenue, New York.

The young folks, and those who are not young, will enjoy the July number of St. Nicholas, which presents a fine list of contents beautifully illustrated. One of the objects of this publication is not only to interest the little folks but also to instruct them, while interesting, which it does very effectively with its timely articles and striking illustrations. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

Frank Leslie's Monthly for July is both a handsome and an interesting number, full of entertaining reading matter, beautifully illustrated. Among the notably interesting are "The Destruct.on of the Roraima" by the eruption of Mont Pelee; a paper on Martinique, describing the devastation by the same eruption, and "Drying Up Sea;" in Holland, the two former finely illustrated. Address The Frank Leslie Publishing House, 141-147 Fifth Avenue, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT

- "Money and loot" is all that Aguinaldo was after in the Philippines, acording to Admiral Dewey. Well, what else is there in the Philippine Civil Government bill when cut down to the bone? - Philadelphia Record, Dem.

- The formation of a Trust to control all the food products of the country is now projected, but, it will not frighten anybody, for two reasons. In the first place, all food products are at the price notch -'all the public will stand;" in the second, the people are going to deal with the Trust issue at the next election in a radical manner ... Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.

--- Gen. Burt's plan to sell the Philippines to the Japanese for \$150,000,000, says the Indianapolis Sentinel, "is a great illustration of chattel liberty and chained independence." It is also, however, a good illustration of common sense. We could not, perhaps, make a better disposition of the country, unless we should give it to the smart little Japs free of charge. They could not well make a worse mess of pacifying and governing it than we have done. -Charleston News and Courier,

- The Michigan state republican convention, enthusiastically championed, in general terms, the president of the United States, and indorsed his acts and policies in the same style. Then the convention proceeded to indorse with equal enthusiasm the acts of the Michigan delegation in the house, which has fought the most conspicuous part of the president's program, trade concessions of Cuba. Not only has the Michigan delegation antagonized the president, but the members have been exasperatingly insolent in doing so. That convention was more impartial than honest. - Chattanooga

CONVENTION DATES.

Democratic State, at Greensboro, or Republican State, at Greensboro, on

August 28. Second District, Congressional (Dem Second District, Judicial (Demoeratic), at Weldon, July 19th. Third District, Congressional (Democratic), at Goldsboro, on July 2nd. Fourth District, Congressional (Demeratic), at Raleigh, July 15th. Sixth District, Congressional (Democratic), at Fayetteville, on August Sixth District, Judicial (Democratic),

t Smithfield, on July 3rd.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers, whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs, are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures store. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrheea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINF.

- Troy Examiner: Crop prospects are brighter than for many years and the farmers are making a heroic effort to regain former losses.

- Newton Enterprise: The fruit crop is not near so large as it promised early in the spring to be. Many peacues and apples have fallen off. - A small crop of peas will be sown this year on account of the scarcity and high price of the peas. They are selling at \$1.25 to \$1.50 per bushel.

- Greenville Reflector: We hear that Friday night several colored people were sitting up with a corpse, a few miles south of town. During the storm lightning struck the house, and there was a scattering of darkies. Every living being of them left the corpse and the house, and not one of hem would go back during the night. - Maxton Scottish Chief: A Croatan boy, Willie Chavis, was accident-

ally drowned Saturday evening while pathing in Lumber river near Camppell's Bridge, three miles from town. - Three negroes broke jail at Lumberton Saturday. One was Perry, charged with forging school orders from Lumber Bridge township. Another was the boy Stackhouse, who killed McAuther, in the Croatan set-tlement last week. We did not get the name of the third man.

- Warrenton Record: The prospect for a fine corn crop in Warren county was never better. It is well our farmers did plant a large crop of corn this year, as the wheat crop is a complete failure. Hardly as much as was sown has been harvested. We learn that our berry growers who contracted to deliver their berries to certain Northern firms at \$1 per crate net, lost a great deal of money. Other berry growers of the county who did not go into the contract have been realizing more than \$2 net per crate.

TWINKLINGS.

- "She shines in society, they say," "Yes, and she blazes at home I'm informed."-Chicago Post.

- If cities are diseases, New York is yellow fever, Philadelphia is old age, Brooklyn hay fever and Boston acute mania. - Life. - Fond Mother (to teacher)

'Don't you think my boy is bound to make his mark?" Teacher-"I am afraid so. It seems impossible for him to learn to write."-Tit-Bits. - Customer-This bill of fare is

n French, and I don't understand the ingo. Waiter-But the prices are in English, sir, and most folk go by them. Family Herald. - "It comes natch'l," said Uncle Eben, "foh a man to blame all his

misfortunes on bad luck an'to gib de credit foh all his success to good judgment."-Washington Star. - Slopay-Don't you wish you were Midas? Borroughs-Who was he? Blopay-Everything he touched

turned to gold. Burronghs - Huh Everybody I touch turns me down. Philadelphia Press. - Nothing to Show-"What your nativity?" asked the magistrate "I hain't got any, y'r Honor," said the blear-eyed inebriate, feeling in his pockets. "The police took everything

had."-Brooklyn Life. - Patience Defined: Auntie-You must have patience. Reggie; but don't believe you know what patience is. Reggie-Oh, yes, I do auntie. It's wait a little while. - Puck

- Now that we are having such ine weather, you have nothing at all o growl about. I dunno as to that. It would be jest like Providence to send along a thunder storm and shake my nerves. - Atlanta Constitution. - There are always two political

parties: not so much because there are two sides to every public question as because there are two sides to every office, viz, the inside and the outside, - Infantile Pride: "Pooh! My papa wears evenin' clothes every time

he goes to parties."

clothes every time he preaches."--She-I'm delighted to know you, but I'm surprised to find you so tall: your brother, the poet, is unusually short. He-I wouldn't say he was unusually short. She-No? He-No;

nothin.' Our minister wears his night

he is usually short .- Phil. Record. - The Record.-Smith-"Brown s the laziest man on record." Jones "How so?" Smith-"When his wife asks him to water her flower-bed he throws a bucket of water on his New foundland dog and then has him stand in the middle of the flower-bed and shake himself."—Tit-Bits.

- Dicky-Pa, were you a gooder boy'n me when you were as little as me? Pa-Yes, indeed, Dickey. I was always a very good boy; but some how or other I had a great many serious and painful misunderstandings with my parents. - Tit-Bits.

FUNERAL REPRESENTATIVES.

Busy men have no time for at-tending ordinary funerals; therefore it has now become the fad to send secretaries and office boys to pay the final tribute of respect to friendship. At a recent quiet funeral in this citya clerkly looking young man was stopped at the door by the servant, who demanded his business. "I am come to attend the final obsequies," was the reply, "Friend of the family?" inquired the lackey. "Not personally, but I represent Messrs. Blank & Thank, who are unable to be here." He was admitted. Some mutual acquaintances, talking about the funeral a few days later, expressed surprise that neither Blank nor Thank, both intimate friends of the deceased, was present, and were still more surprised to learn that the firm's office boy did the honors by special appointment.—New York Press.

A statistical item of interest to women is that today women are two inches taller on an average than they were twenty-five years ago.

Lampblack mixed with turpentine to consistency that will flow readily from the brush makes a good marking

As to Second Marriage. When a man marries a second time, every woman of his acquaintance says, "That's just like a man." When a woman marries a second time, her women acquaintances commend her for her good

be happier than she was with her first husband.—Kansas City Times. Food Changed to Poison, Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels gently and easily, but surely, curing Con-stipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Fevers and all Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. Only 25 cents at R.

R. BELLAMY'S drug store. CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

calisthenics

women who are suffering from diseases

peculiar to their sex they are an injury. When there is weak back or bearing-

down pains, sideache or other indications

of womanly weak-

ness, exercise can

only aggravate the

condition. The

womanly health must

be first restored be-

fore strength can be

developed by exer-

Dr. Pierce's Fa-

vorite Prescription

makes weak women

strong and sick

Are a benefit to healthy women. But to

el for good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.50 per bar-

el of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel for hard, \$2.50 for dip, and \$2.60 for virgin. Quotations same day last year Spirits turpentine nothing doing: rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar firm at \$1.50 bid; crude turpentine steady at

women well. It does this by healing the womanly diseases which undermine the general health. It tops the drains that weaken women, heals Crude turpentine inflammation and ul ceration and cures female weakness. turpentine.

female weakness.

"When I first commenced using Doctor Pierce's medicines," writes Mrs. George A. Strong, of Gansevoort, Saratoga Co., N. Y., "I was suffering from female weakness, a disagreeable drain, bearing down pains, weak and that way for two years, and I began taking your medicine. After taking first bottle I began to feel better. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' one vial of 'Pleasant Pellets,' also used one bottle of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Now I feel like a new person. I can't thank you enough for your kind advice and the good your medicine has done me.

"I have a sister who is taking your medicine and it is helping her."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets promote Ordinary..... 636 Good ordinary 8 Low middling..... 85% Middling 9 Good middling 9 1-16 7%c for middling. vear. 132.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets promote regularity of the bowels, and assist the action of "Favorite Prescription." No other laxative should be used with Dr. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Pierce's Medicines.

Imitation Antiques. There not being enough antique furniture to go around, and antique being "the" thing nowadays, the firms which make a specialty of that sort of goods are overwhelmed with orders for imitation antiques. Imitation Chippendale does not, of course, cost as much as the real article, but it is possible to spend a good deal of money upon "new antique" furniture. It is a fad that a poor man cannot indulge in with impunity. At the Paris exhibition replicas were shown of famous

To Warin Coarlet Flannel.

pieces of antique furniture which

were valued at \$50,000.

To wash searlet flannel mix a handful of flour in a quart of cold water and boil ten minutes. To this add some warm suds made with castile soap and then wash the flannel gently, rinsing rather than rubbing it. Now rinse in two or three waters of the same temperaturejust comfortably warm to the hands. not hotter-and hang out to dry in the shade. By this method the cclor should remain unchanged in the flannel after many washings.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

-		_		d
BAGGING- 2 D Jute	61	40	7	ı
Standard	6	ě	734	10
Burlaps WESTERN SMOKED— Hams # B		40	14	
Shoulders W D	10	8	1034	L
Bldes & D	9 60	0		ı
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine- Second-hand, each	1 35	0	1 35	ı
Second-hand machine New New York, each New City, each	1 35	900	1 35 1 35	
BRICKN-			1 35	L
Wilmington W M Northern BUTTER—	9 00	8	14 00	6
North Carolina P D	25 22	8	32) 4	1
Per bushel, in sacks	75	2	7716	4
Virginia Meal COTTON TIES—W bundle CANDLES—W D—		8	1 1212	c
Adamantine	18	8	95 11	5
Laguyra	11	2	1234	P.
OMESTICS— Sheeting, 4-4, # yard Yarns. # bunch of 5 Ds		0	7.00	iı
Elsu-	99 00	-	80 00	f
Mackerel, No. 1, \$\pi\$ barrel Mackerel, No. 1, \$\pi\$ half-bbl. Mackerel, No. 2, \$\pi\$ barrel Mackerel, No. 3, \$\pi\$ barrel Mackerel, No. 3, \$\pi\$ barrel	11 00 16 00	ā	15 00	0
Mackerel, No. 2 half-bbl Mackerel, No. 3, barrel	8 00 13 00	ğ	18 00 9 00 14 00	is
Mullets, \$ barrel Mullets, \$ pork barrel N. C. Boe Herring, \$ keg	7 50	8	4 95 8 00	I
Dry Coo. W 10	# 00 6	ĕ	10	8
FLOUR-W D- Low grade	4 00 8 50	0	5 00 3 75	C
Choice	\$175 4 25	Š	4 00 4 50	-
GLUE-W D	8	8	5 00 10	8
Corn, from store, bgs-White Mixed Corn.	881	60	85 8334	w
Oats, from store (mixed) Oats, Bust Proof	573		60 75	P
BIDES—19 10—	1 10	ŏ	1 15	L
Green saited	10	8	5 11	U
BAY \$ 100 Ds	9		10	fe 18
No 1 Timothy	95 50 75	900	1 00 60 80	d
N. C. Crop HOOP IBON, W D		ŏ	8	q
Northern Factory Dairy Cream	123	•	14 1834	L
Half cream	10	ŏ	1814	a)
Northern North Carolina LIME, W barrel	10	Ф	1214	N
City Mess	1 10	0	1 25	
		8	18 50 17 50	
Prime. BOPE, # b. SALT, # sack, Alum.	11	000	1 25	8
American		ø	90	~
On 001 % bags	45	90	5 00 4	pe
Extra C. Golden	434	ğ	435	10
LUMBER (city sawed) WW ft_		ŏ	492	ti
Bough edge Plank	18 00 15 00		90 00 16 00	CS
West India cargoes, accord- ing to quality. Dressed Flooring, seasoned. Boantling and Board, com'n			18 00	re
Scantling and Board, com'n	4 00	8	22 00 15 00	\$1
MOLASSES. 9 gallon— Barbadoes, in hogshead Barbadoes, in barrels Porto Bico, in hogsheads		8	93 93	\$2 W
Porto Rico, in hogsheads Porto Rico, in barrels	50	8	81	, ,

Extra mill. SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed

The Big Raleigh Excursion. sense and express the hope that she will Thos. H. Knight will run his ever popular big Raleigh Excursion on Monday, July 14th, over the famous Seaboard Air Line railroad, where the fare for the round trip will be only \$1.25 for the round trip. Knight's Excursions are highly reputable for their splendid conduct, and are patro-nized by the best people. Everybody receives polite treatment, good accommodation and courteous attention, hence their great popularity. Don't miss this remarkable opportunity to visit the beautiful capital city at such a remarkably low rate Train leaves depot at 6:00 A. M., and returning, will leave Raleigh at 12:00 o'clock midnight.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINOTON MARKE

Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce STAR OFFICE, July 1. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 44%c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.10 per barrel for strained and \$1.15 per bar-

Receipts same day last year-43 casks spirits turpentine, 140 barrels rosin, 179 barrels tar, 192 barrels crude

Market firm on a basis of 9c per pound for middling. Quotations: Same day last year, market firm Receipts-19 bales; same day last

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.] COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Prime, 75c; extra prime, 80c; fancy. 821/2c, per bushel of twenty-eight Virginia-Prime, 65c; extra prime, 80c; fancy, 82 %c. Spanish, 77 CORN-Firm: 80@821/c per bushel for white. N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 13@

14c per pound; shoulders, 10@121/c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS-Dull at 15c per dozen. CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 27@ Sc; springs, 121/@20c. TURKEYS—No sale. BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per pound. SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 70@ 75c per bushel.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS. For month of June, 1902, Tar. 2,437 Spirits. Rosin, 8,054 RECEIPTS. For month of June, 1901. EXPORTS. For month of June, 1902. 2,035 9,893 5,442 107 EXPORTS. For month of June, 1901. Cotton, Spirits, Rosin. Tar. Crude. 1,678 247 5,043 204 247 5,035 1,678 5,282 5,043 STOCKS Ashore and Affoat July 1, 1902. STOCKS. Ashore and Afloat July 1, 1902.

FINANCIAL MARKETS By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, July 1.-Money on all was firm at 3@6 per cent., the last loan being at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 41/205 per ent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills t 487 1/4 @487 1/4 for demand and at 85% for sixty days. Posted rates were 86@48614 and 48814@489. Commer cial bills 484% @485%. Bar silver 21/2. Silver certificates —. an dollars 42 %. Government bonds veak. State bonds inactive. Raiload bonds irregular. U. S. refundfunding 2's, registered, 107%; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 107%; U. S. 3's, registered, 106; do. coupon, 106%; U. S. 4's, new registered, 13434; do. coupon 13434; S. U. 4's, old, regstered, 109%; do. coupon, ex int. 109% J. S. 5's registered, 105; do. coupon, 05; Southern Railway, 5's, 12114. tocks: Baltimore & Ohio 10614 Chesapeake & Ohio 46%; Manhat-an L 132; New York Central -; Reading 66%; do. 1st preferred 34; do. 2nd preferred 69%; St. Paul 174%; do. pref'd, 190; Southern Railvay 36%; do. pref'd 961/4; Amalganated Copper 63%; Am'n Tobacco —c; People's Gas 101%; Sugar 129%; ennessee Coal and Iron 6214; U. S. Leather 12%; do. pref'd, 84%; Western Union 88; U. S. Steel 37%; do. pre-ferred 89%; National R. R. of Mexico 81/4; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 681/4; o. preferred, 133; Standard Oil, not BALTIMORE, July 1.—Seaboard Air

ine, common, 25 bid; do. preferred, nd bonds unquoted.

IAVAL STORES MARKETS

NEW YORK, July 1.-Rosin steady. pirits turpentine quiet. CHARLESTON, July 1.—Spirits turentine and rosin dull-nothing do-

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BAVANNAH, July 1.—Spirits turpen-ine was firm at 45%c; receipts 2,799 asks; sales 850 casks; exports 1,238 asks. Rosin firm; receipts 4,054 barels; sales 1,028 barrels; exports 8,935 arrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, \$1 25; E, 1 25; F, \$1 35; G, \$1 40; H, \$1 70; I, 2 05; K \$2 55; M, \$3 05; N, \$3 40; V G, \$3 45; W W. \$3 60.

COTTON MARKETS.

market opened steady in tone but

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, July 1.—The cotton

down two to five points, in sympathy with disappointing Liverpool cables and generally bearish private crop re ports. Later the whole market eased off under selling for both accounts with August off to 8.26. The late Liverpool cables were more bearish than the early advices and Europ sent selling orders to the local ring.
The South, too, sold cotton here
during the first hour. Toward midday there was a rally on covering by scalpers who rather feared a possible adverse weekly crop weather statement from Washington. Trading was not active at any time during the forenoon and as a rule the conservative element evened up trade pending receipt of the monthly crop statement from the govment next Thursday and the passing of the holidays at the end of the week. Soon after midday the weekly report came to hand and reflected a much less favorable crop outlook than had been reckoned with. Drought was men-tioned for parts of the central belt and for Northwestern and Southwestern Texas. A sharp movement a cover

caused a rise throughout the list, but later the absence of speculative support allowed prices to ease off again. In the last hour shorts covered in fear of higher cables to morrow, though the July option hung limp and dropped off to 8.67, or thirteen points un-der last night's close. The market was finally steady and net nine points

lower to three points higher. NEW YORK, July 1. - Cotton firm at 9%c; net receipts 370 bales; gross receipts 716 bales; stock 157,178 bales. Spot cotton closed firm; middling uplands 916; middling gulf 916; sales - hales.

Cotton futures market closed steady: July 8.71, August 8.35, September 7.95, October 7.81, November 7.72, December 7.73, January 7.73, February 7.72, March 7.72.

Total to-day-Net receipts 1,471 bales; exports to Great Britain 165 bales; exports to France - bales; exports to the Continent 1,581 bales; stock 320,295 bales. Consolidated-Net receipts 7,236

bales; exports to Great Britain 2,494 bales; exports to France 5,283 bales; exports to the Continent 2,242 bales. Total since September 1st. - Net receipts 7,479,002 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,719,799 bales; exports to France 719,022 bales; exports to the

Continent 2,666,027 bales July 1.—Galveston, quiet at 8 15-16. net receipts - bales; Norfolk, quiet at 91/6c, net receipts 46 bales; Baltimore nominal at 9 % c, net receipts 862 bales: Boston, steady at 914c, net receipts - bales; Wilmington, firm at 9c. net receipts 19 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 9%c, net receipts 25 bales; Savannah, easy at 8%c, net receipts 712 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 9c, net receipts 246 bales; Mobile, nominal at 8%c, net receipts 45 bales; Memphis, quiet at 8%c, net receipts 2 bales; Augusta, quiet at 91/6c, net receipts 64 bales; Charleston, quiet and nominal, net receipts 8 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS. By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, July 1 .- Flour was

held 5c higher but trade refused to

meet the advance, Rye flour firmer.

Wheat-Spot firm; No. 2 red 811/c. Options closed %c net higher. Sales included: July closed 811/4c; September 791/c; December 801/c. Corn-Spot firm; No. 2 70. Options-September closed unchanged with the other months 160%c net higher; July closed 69@69%c; September closed 65%c; December closed 54c. Oats-Spot firm: No. 2 55%@56c. Lard firm; Western steam \$11 00; July closed \$11 00, nomi nal; refined firm. Pork firmer; family \$20 05@21 00. Butter-Market easier: creamery 1816@21c; State dairy 18@ 20 %c. Tallow steady. Rice firm. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 191/2 @20c; Southwestern, 15½@17½c. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 51/c; mild quiet; Cordova 8@111/c. Sugar-Raw firm; fair refining 2%c; centrifugal 96 test, 314@3 5-16c; refined steady. Cheese steady, firm; new State full cream, small colored, 10@101/c; small white 10@10 1c. Cabbages easy; Norfolk, barrel crate 40@50c: Long Island, per 100, \$2 50@3 00. Freights to Liverpool-Cotton by steam 10c. Peanuts firm; fancy hand picked 5@ 5 %c: other domestic 3 % @5c. Potatoes firm; State and Western, per sack, \$2 50@3 75; new Southern, prime, per barrel \$2 25@3 50. Cotton seed oil was dull. Closing prices were Prime crude, f. o. b 35c; prime summer yellow 44 1/2 @45c; off summer yellow 44c; prime white 48@481/2c; prime winter yellow 48@49c; prime CHICAGO, July 1. - The grain mar-

kets after giving early indications of quieting broke loose again to-day and scored new high prices in the July delivery. July corn (ouched 78c., following indications that the bull crowd means to carry the corner through to a finish. July wheat closed 1\1-8@ 1-4c. higher, September wheat 3.4 @ 7 8c. up; July 1 1-2c. higher and September corn 1-8c. lower; July oats showed a closing of 1-8c., while September was 1-2c. improved. Provisions were dull and closed unchanged to 7 1-2 @ 10c. higher.

UHICAGO, July 1.-Cash prices: Flour firm. Wheat-No. 3 spring 76 @76%c; No. 2 red 77%@78c. Corn-No. 2 72% @74c; No.2 yellow 74c. Oats -No. 2 48%@50c; No. 2 white 53%@ 54%c; No.3 white 53@54%. Mess pork, pe barrel, \$18 15@18 25. Lard, per 100 bs. \$10 60@10 70. Short rib sides, loose, \$10 60@10 70. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, \$8 50@8 6214. Short clear sides, boxed, \$10 75@10 85. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, \$1 30.

The leading futures ranged as fol lows-opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat-No.3 July 74%@754 77%, 74%, 75%c; September 73%@ 73%, 75%, 73%, 74%c; December 74% @74%, 76%, 74%, 74c; December 74% @74%, 76%, 74%, 74c. Corn—No. 2, July 73%@73, 78, 72%, 74c; Septem-ber 63@63%, 64%@64%, 62%, 62%c; December 48%@@49, 50, 48%, 48%@ 49c; May 46%@46%, 48, 46%, 46%c. Oats—July, old, 42%@42%, 45, 42%, 43%c; July, pay 48@48%, 50, 47% 43½c; July, new, 48@48¼, 50, 47¼ 48½c; September, old, 32, 34, 31%, 32% September new, 34 1/4 @35, 37 1/4, 34 1/4 35%c; December 35, 37%, 34%, 35%c Mess pork, per bbl—July \$18 27½, 18 42½, 18 27½, 18 35; September \$18 52½, 18 62½, 18 47½, 18 55. Lard, per 100 fbs—July \$10 60, 10 73½, 10 60, 10 76. 1070; September \$10 65, 10 75, 10 65, 10 721/2. Short ribs, per 100 lbs-July 10 70, 10 65, 10 65; September \$10 671/2 10 72%, 10 67%, 10 67%.

FOREIGN MARKE

LIVERPOOL, July 1 .- Cotton: Spot, moderate business; prices 1-32d lower American middling fair 5 5-16d; good middling 51-16d; middling 415-16d; low middling 4 27-32d; good ordinary 4 23-32d; ordinary 4 15-32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 8,600 bales American. Receipts 2,200 bales, all Amer-

Futures opened quiet and closed steady; American middling (g o c) July 4 47-64d buyer; July and August 45-64@4 46-64d seller; August and September 4 38-64@4 39-64d buyer; September and October 4 26-64@4 27-64d buyer; October and November 4 19-64@4 20-64d buyer; November and December 4 16-64@4 17-64d seller; December and January 4 15-64@4 16-64d buyer; January and February 4 14-64@4 15-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED. Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden. Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, New York and Providence, H G Smallbones

Stmr A P. Hurt, Robeson, Fayette-ville, James Madden. Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

AND TIES.

4.000 Yards Bagging. 2,500 Bundles Ties, 1,240 Barrels New Flour. 486 Bushels Virginia Meal. 813 Bags Best Corn. 403 Bags Wheat Bran. 811 Bales Hay. 186 Barrels P. R. Molasses.

W. B. COOPER. Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. O. BY RIVER AND RAIL

Naval Stores and Cont. Yesterday.

C.C. Railroad-1 cask spirits turpen tine, 14 barrels tar, 35 barrels cruda turpentine. W. & W. Kailroad-1 cask spirits turpentine, 2 barrels crude turpentine W. C. & A. Railroad -19 bales con ton, 31 casks spirits turpentine, 97 bar. rels rosin, 21 barrels tar, 37 barrels crude turpentine. A. & Y. Bailroad-14 casks spirits

turpentine, 3 barrels tar, 5 barrels cruda turpentine. Steamer A. P. Hurt-7 casks spirits turpentine, 39 barrels rosin, 2 barrels crude turpentine. Steamer Croesus-2 barrels tar, 32 barrels crude turpentine. Schooner Minnie Ward-6 casks spirits turpentine, 75 barrels rosin. Total—19 bales cotton, 60 casks spirits turpentine, 211 barrels rosin, 72 barrels tar, 113 barrels crude tur

MARINE DIRECTOR

List of Vousels in the Port

mington. N C., July 2 STEAMSHIPS. Whitehall, (Br) 1,313 tons, Heppell Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS. Gem, 489 tons, Smith, George Harriss Son & Co. Wm B Herrick, 475 tons, Wood, to Rebecca A Toulane, 428 tons, Davis, George Harriss, Son & Co. Harvest & Hinckman, 479 tons, George

Harriss, Son & Co. Wm H Bailey, 464 tons, Lane, George Harriss, Son & Co. Methebesec, 318 tons, Narton. George Harriss, Son & Co. BARQUES

Constantin, (Rus) 369 tons, Grass, Heide & Co.

FREE!

STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU

Cures Kidney and Bladder Trou. bles, Rheumatism, Etc ... Deep. seated Cases a Specialty.

Send no money; simply write and try Stuart's Gin and Buchu at our expense. A personal trial is better than a thousand printed testimonials Death soon follows from diseased kidneys unless a cure is made by taking the old, reliable Stuart's Gin and Buchu. The following symptoms indicate the approach of Bright's disease or diabetes and kidney trouble: Puffy or dark circles under the eye; sallow, yellow completion; dull, heavy headaches; dizzy, tired teeling faint spells; pain or dull ache in the back; urine cloudy, milk-like or stringy, dark in color or of fensive; painful, scalding sensation in passing urine; obliged to go often during the day or night. There is a cure in Stuart's Gin and Buchu. It is the one remedy you caurisly on, it will correct all these symptoms and permanently cure eyen Bright's disease after all other treatments fall. Stuart's Gin and Buchu will neutralize the urine and cause it to low in a perfectly natural manner, thus carrying out of the contract of t neutralize the urine and cause it to flow in a perfectly natural manner, thus carrying out of the kidneys all the impurities which are the direct cause of much ill health. A high grade kidney cure. The most perfect made. Stuart's Gin and Buchu thoroughly tested for past a years. It gives life, power, and vigor to the kidneys, thus making the blood red and nourishing. It will cure the worst form of rhematism. Try this grand old remedy. Druggiss or by express, prepaid, \$1. It cures where all else faits. To prove it cures we have set aide 15,000 bottles to give away to sufferers. A sam ple bottle of Stuart's Gin and Buchu sent fresh writing Stuart's Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga. Dotter and the sufference of the sufferers of the sufference of the suff writing Stuart's Drug Co. Atlanta, Ga. Doct hesitate to write for a bottle, as there are no conditions. A request on a postal card will de So write now white you think of it For sale by

J. C. SHEPARD su we fr **************

A Wise Precaution.

Before leaving the city for a prolonged absence you had better store your valuables in a Safety Deposit Box in the vaults of

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK. For rent at \$4.00 a year and upwards.

Capital - - \$ 125,000 135,000 Organized 1892.

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ROCKY POINT, N. C., May 10, 1902. GENTLEMEN :- The "Bug Death" FIXES the bugs up in good style when properly applied. I have used it dry and in water with good re-Truly, E. PORTER. sults. (Signed) We are receiving testimonials

from all quarters as to the merits of "Bug Death," but the surest proof is the purchase that always follows a trial.

Agents, THE WORTH CO., my 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

If You Desire a Bargain

IN TAN SHOES TO COOL YOUR BURNING, ACH ING FEET.

Call at once Ladies for a pair of Duttenhofer's, and Gentlemen will call for Douglas'.

We have other Tan Goods, all going at a big discount.

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