WILMINGTON. N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress-Sixth District, GILBERT B. PATTERSON. of Robeson. For Chief Justice of Supreme Court WALTER CLARK, of Wake. For Associate Justices, HENRY GROVES CONNOR,

of Wilson. PLATT D. WALKER of Mecklenburg.

Superior Court Judges: Second District-R. B. Peebles, Fourth District-C. M. Cooke, of Franklip. Sixth District-W. R. Allen, Eighth District-W. H. Neal, Scotland

Tenth District-B. F. Long, of Ire-Eleventh District-E. B. Jones, o Thirteenth District-W. B. Conneil.

of Watauga. Fourteenth District-M. H. Justice. Fifteenth District-Frederick Moore, of Buncombe Sixteenth District-G. S. Ferguson.

For Solicitor: Fifth District-Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow

Seventh District-C. C. Lyon, of For Corporation Commissioner, EUGENE C. BEDDINGFIELD, of Wake. For Supt. of Public Instruction, JAMES Y. JOYNER, of Guilford.

THE COLORED KICKERS.

There is some difference of opinion as to the wisdom of the action of the late Republican convention in forcing the negro out of the partnership for the purpose of taking in the "commercial" Democrats who might think there was something in it for them. There are some (but they are those who are not well acquainted with North Carolina men) who think it was a clever play, but it wasn't. The fact is it was a sort of a last card with men who had been playing a losing game for years and who had doubtless come to the conclusion that whatever the result of the play might be it would not leave them in a much worse condition than they have been. It was either bounce the negro or dicker with some one else, and since the Populist party has gone to pieces there was nothing left to dicker with. If there had been they would have tried the dicker game and let the colored brother continue to hang on to the band

Perhaps it may not be called a foolish move because even with the negro vote, without a large contingent from the white voters of the State, they had no hope of accomplishing anything, and therefore they took the chance of largely increasing that contingent, and possibly encourging independent movements among the Democrats by eliminating the negroes, assuming, as they did, that it was the negro in the Republican party that made the white vote so practically solid against it. Taking this view of it, it was a sort of last resort inspired by the hopelessness of the situation. It wasn't foolish because they were doing the best they could under the circumstances.

But it will not help them, for they are in a fair way to lose the negro vote without the faintest prospect of getting white voters enough to

It will be interesting, however, to learn what the negroes think about it and how they propose to resent this sudden and unceremonious forced dissolution, without notice, of a partnership that had lasted more than a generation. The first report comes from a meeting held at Greensboro just after the convention which shut the doors on some duly chosen and regularly accredited negro delegates, and let the white del egates who were not elected in. It

After the gratuitous insults offered to the colored delegates, duly elected and certified by credentials as delegates, by the convention composed mainly of revenue collectors, deputy collectors, store keepers and postmasters, United States court officers, their employees, Populists and Red Shirt Democrats, the said delegates and a large number of negroes went to the Piedmont Hotel in Greensboro on August 28th, 1902, and after an ad dress by Scotland Harris, a duly certified delegation from Halifax county adopted the following preamble and

resolution:]
"Whereas, the Republican convention this day assembled in the city of Greensboro, has refused to seat the negro delegates, duly elected and certified to the said convention, and the leading exponent of its plans and purposes has declared openly that the negroes are not wanted nor will be tolerated in the Republican convention; be

it therefore Resolved, That the Republican convention by its acts and utterances has absolved the negroes of the State from any further allegiance to said

"Resolved further, That we recommend and urge upon every colored voter in the State to fit himself to fill the requirements of the law in regard to his qualifications as a voter and under no circumstances vote for any ticket nominated by said convention.

"Resolved further, That we urge the organization of the colored people in the counties of the State for the purpose of opposing and defeating every candidate for the Legislature and other offices of the State of the men favorable to Senator Pritchard or his allies. "Resolved further, That in all national affairs we are in sympathy and ry. It might be inferred from his

in full accord with the Republican "Resolved, Tast these resolutions be given to the press with request to pub-

How the sable sovereigns of Warren county, who had previously cordially alluded to Senator Pritchard as a Judas-Iscarot, Benedict-Arnold stripe of machine manipulator, feel about it is told in the following Warrenton dispatch of August 30th to the Raleigh Post:

Great indignation is expressed here among the negroes of the action of the Republican State Convention in kicking out the regular negro delegates and seating the bogus delegates. H. H. Taylor, who was a negro delegate, says the action of Senator Pritchard will cause the Republican ticket to lose thousands of votes and will insure their overwhelming defeat in the November election. He says also that the negroes are going to organize in a peaceful, quiet way and vote for no man for the Legislature who is known to be in favor of the return of Senator Pritchard to the Senate. He says fur ther that B. G. Green and N. M. Jones, who were seated as delegates from Warren county, are unknown in Republican ranks in this county. Taylor is a negro of right much prominence and influence in his party and race in this county.

And here is the way the Halifax ex-contingent proposes to retaliate, as told by a Weldon dispatch of the same date:

"G. G. Newsom, leading negro editor of Eastern North Carolina, has returned from Greensboro. He says the Republican convention was an insult to every negro in North Carolina, and that the negroes will vote solidly against the ticket named, and that Judge Clark, Democratic nominee for chief justice, will be elected by 100,-

000 majority. The negroes will organize and pledge to defeat the Republican ticket. Eastern Carolina is confronted with a curious state of affairs. A few white men, disappointed office-seekers in the main, going over to the independet move ment and the negroes, heretofore the factor in politics which has kept the white people solidly in the Democratic ranks, being kicked out by the party they have aided and now forced to turn and vote the Democratic ticket.

As a matter of course it naturally

followed that the negroes would be highly incensed by this summary treatment-a sort of political lynching-which combined calculating business with cold-blooded ingratitude to the race which had been standing loyally by their white bosses year after year more than a generation and voting to give them jobs, from U. S. Senatorships down to revenue nosers. There are scores of them to-day who owe everything they have to this same rejected ne- remedy has been used in one neighborgro. If as a race they were less docile and gullible they would never vote another Republican ticket, State or national, for this movement has been encouraged by the party managers in the North, and had the sanction of President Roosevelt who has been encouraging the effort to whiten the Republican party of the South. Pritchard didn't take this step without conferring with him, and a few days before he took it he spent a part of a day at Oyster Bay, where he dined with Mr. Roosevelt, and talked over the political situa. tion, present and prospective, in North Carolina, and what hope there might be for the success of the party. He knew the negro was go. ing to be dropped and gave it either his tacit or open approval. If he hadn't it would not have been done. Therefore the indignant negroes who resent this treatment and propose to punish Pritchard go only half way when they stop with him. They should do the logical thing, and hold the party, State and national, responsible for Pritchard's action, a sneaking action, too, which lacked the manliness and honesty of

The party managers probably calculate on using some of the leading negroes to act as bell-weathers to bring the flock in when they will be needed-a service for which they will be compensated. It will be interesting to keep an eye on these as the political cards are played.

the Britt resolution which he had

strangled.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Why Mr. Roosevelt should have given special attention to the Monroe Doctrine in his speech at Rutland, Vermont, Monday, is not quite apparent, as that is not one of the issues, present or prospective, before the American people. It is not in any way a matter of division or discussion.

As he has studiously refrained from any reference to the tariff question, and had gone so far on the trust question that he found it necessary to halt or hedge, as he did in his Concord speech, when he soft sodered the "captains of industry," and as expansion of the "benevolent assimilation" brand is not a popular topic in that section he fell back on the Monroe Doctrine, on which there is pretty general agreement and is a topic which gives an opportunity for spread eagle, old glory declamation without encountering opposition or stirring up any

particular racket. His views, however, are not original, for logically, of that doctrine means anything, it means that it must be sustained by force if need be, a meaning accepted by the American people. It didn't remain for Mr. Roosevelt to discover or assert that, for Hon. Grover Cleveland did that when he called it on Great Britain, the greatest naval power in the world, and held that nation up on the Venezula dispute, when we didn't have half the navy we have now. He, without making any parade over it, was quite as strenuous in prompt and plucky action as Mr. Roosevelt is in platform oratonever appear to such disadvantage as with the matronly beauty. secret of health

Men who look

much older

than they are

wife who keeps her the manly vigor which goes with health is nutrition. When the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased there is loss of nutrition, and corresponding physical weakness. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and its allied organs, which prevent nutrition, and makes men healthy and vig-

orous.

"I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia for over two years, and was a complete physical wreck," writes Mr. Preston E. Fenstermacher, of Egypt, Lehigh Co. Pa. "I also suffered much with constipation. I tried many different medicines which were recommended to cure the trouble but these only made me worse. I had such a weak and debilitated appearance that it seemed as if I had hardly any blood in my whole body. At last I came across an advertisement of Dr. Pierce's. I at once tried Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I used about eight vials of the 'Pellets' and ten bottles of the 'Discovery' which brought me back to my former state of health."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cures constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pellets cures constipation.

remarks that the logic of this doctrine had never been recognized or acted upon by any of his predecessors, and that President Cleveland had never proclaimed it with an emphasis energetic enough to bring Great Britain to time.

A SIMPLE REMEDY.

Although typhoid fever, as a preventable disease, it is so general, so difficult to successfully treat unless taken in time, and proves fatal in so many cases, anything that throws light on the treatment and promises good results is a matter of interest and of such importance that we copy the following from the Charlotte News:

There appeared recently in this column, mention of some experiments that are being conducted in a Chicago hospital with a new cure for typhoid, called acetozone. That article has brought out the information that right here in the State for years, a simple hood which is said to be efficacious a: d which does not depend for its virtues upon intricate combinations of little known chemical agencies. The remedy in question is yeast. A reader of the News, one of the State's most distinguished citizens, having read of the experiments with typhoid cures,

writes as follows: "I note in a late issue your article on specific remedy for typhoid fever. My father cured every case in his neighborhood, for years, without a single failure, by the administration of a tablespoonful of ordinary yeast three times a day. He was not a professional physician but a large slave holder and was compelled to know a great deal of were cured by the same treatment.

'Typhoid fever, you know, is caused w bacilli in the lower intestines. It s probable that yeast is the antitoxine or them or at least heals the ravages they make in the inner coating of the ntestine. It can do no harm if some of your physicians would test it. If unwilling to risk the yeast alone, they might try it in conjunction with ordinary remedies if they are not such as to neutralize the effect of the yeast." The remedy certainly bears the charm of simplicity and there can be no harm in its use. The suggestion comes from such a high source that we commend to the physicians of Charlotte a trial of it in their practice.

It is very easy to test the merit in this, and in view of the alleged results, and the "high source" as the News says, from which it comes, it is worthy of a trial.

BOOK NOTICES.

The September number of St. Nich olas is charmingly illustrated and filled with reading matter that every young reader will enjoy. Taking the illustrations and the reading matter together it is an ideal number, and a joy to the young folk. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The North American Review for September presents a solid list of contents which the thoughtful and discriminating reader will appreciate and enjoy. Two of the interesting articles are "Ine New Philippine Government" and "Why Ancient Civilization Figurished in Arid Regions." Address The North American Review, Franklin Square, New York.

The September number of Gunton's Magazine discusses "Politics in Business," "The Rule of Force," "Toe Misuse of Injunctions," "Economics of Branch Banking," "A Coming Man," "Is the Coal Strike a Conspiracy"?" "Colored Men as Cotton Manufacturers" and other political and economic topics of interest. Published by The Gunton Company, Union Square, New York.

A very interesting one is the September number of the Review of Reviews, full of valuable and interesting matter, copiously illustrated. Among the leading articles is one on Migration from the Northwest to Canada; a sketch of Baron Shibuwaza, the Japanese J. P. Morgan; the census of Man ufacturers, and others in addition to the departments, which are features of this publication and always interesting and instructive. Address the Review of Reviews, 13 Astor Place, New York .

When Mr. Schwab counted up his automobiles previous to his departure for Europe he found four, one more than he thought he owned, a \$10,000 one, which he presented to his driver, a Frenchman. And he did it in French, too.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Bayboro Sentinel: Crops are looking as fine as we ever saw them in this county. Rust has struck the cotton in some places slightly. If we have no storms Pamlico will harvest the largest crop it ever harvested.

- Concord Tribune: Silver Hill contributed a tragedy Saturday night. As a result of a fight over there Ed West, a young negro, is dead and Liza Gilmore is in jail to await trial for the killing. The occurrence took place at the home of Tilly Galloway, who does not sustain a good reputa-

- Louisburg Times: We hear of remarkable find of gold at the Portis mine last week. Mr. John Sturgis, son ef Col. W. B. Sturges, found a quartz rock weighing less than three pounds, which yielded 320 pennyweights of nugget gold and 14 pennyweights of lose gold. The rock was worth \$350. - Goldsboro Argus: The grand

ury of Duplin county, in making their report last week to the judge of the Superior Court, embodied therein an expression of sympathy for their sister county of Wayne in regard to the recent Tom Jones outrage near Seven Springs, and a commendation of the verdict of the coroner's jury over the lynched negro. - Raleigh News and Observer:

The independent "Democrats" met in convention at Halifax Monday and nominated a full county and legislative ticket. About 400 people were present. The independents claim that there were more. A conservative estimate places the independents present at two hundred. They nominated for the State Senate Col. A. Prescott; for the House, Joseph McMahon and W. C. Whitaker. It is believed that today's convention showed up their entire strength in the county. - Constable White, of Dover, N. C., while in the attempt to arrest a colored woman named Mitchener Sunday was stabbed over the heart. The

constable fell to the ground, but regained his feet and arrested his prisoner. She was carried to Kinston Sunday night for safe keeping. - The Raleigh Hosiery Company, of this city, yesterday shipped a solid car load of one number of its boys' school hose invoiced at over \$2,000, to Long & Riddick, one of the largest jobbers of Richmond, Va. The shipment, which is a part of a large sale made to this concern, will be duplicated Oct. 1st. - Kinston Free Press: The farm-

er is right in it this year, owing to the large yield and high prices. A good illustration of this is shown by the following news item from a gentleman living about seven miles from Kinston: He said that his son bought a farm last winter for \$1,200, and that if present prices prevailed until he could market his produce he will make enough on the place to pay the contract price. This, of course, means gross, but the young man is economical and has made his crop with very little expense. This does pretty well for one year's work. -- A curiosity was shown the Free Press reporter a few days ago that would be quite an It was three pig's tails, the heaviest weighing three pounds and nine ounces, and they were as hard as burned bricks. The way this happened was as follows: Mr. Oscar Sutton, who at the time lived near Seven Springs, had a number of pigs in a large pen with a clay bottom. He left o make a two weeks' visit, getting a hand to superintend feeding and watering the pigs. When he returned home he was astonished to see his pigs' tails nearly as large as their heads. This was caused by the pigs wallowing in a puddle of water, accumulating each time a little clay, which would harden when the pig went in the sun. Mr. Sutton could not get the clay off without taking tail and all.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- It may be that the average purchaser of coal pays very little attention to the precise merits of the controversy betwen miners and operators. But he looks to the man who owns the mine for his supply of fuel and resents being made an unwilling party by sufferance to his private : purposes of grain. - Washington Star, Rep.

- A North Carolina jury of inquest has found that the lynchers who disposed of a negro charged with assault did only their duty as men and citizens. It would have been more honest to have said so before in every State or any State where the question came up for decision-why should a jury fear to speak plainly? - Jaksonville Times-

 President Roosevelt continues his feather pillow assaults on the Trusts, and the burly individuals attached are making the appro priate pretences of fear. Their more expert agents in the press are exerting themselves to give to the comedy an appearance of a real conflict, by calling the President a wild and desperate person at whose hands almost any ferocity is possible .-

Brooklyn Citizen, Dem. - The sharp stiffening of money rates in New York yesterday shows the urgent necessity of reform in our Treasury system—a sys tem that periodically causes disturb. ances in the money and security markets. Largely through this de fective Government method of running its finances, the New York banks have lost \$6,000,000 in cash this week, more than three-quarters of it representing sums paid on account of customs. If any evidence was needed to show this system to be a dead failure when a strained condition arises, it has been furnished by this week's developments.-Philadelwhia Telegraph, Rep.

It Dazzies the World. No discovery in medicine has eve reated one quarter of the excitemen that has been caused by Dr. King' New Discovery for Consumption. It severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, who guarantees satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

Blown to Atoms. The old idea that the body some times needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulates the liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature

NEW SKIN IN 45 DAYS

ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM, ITCHING PILES, TETTER, BARBERS' ITCH.

Any skin disease completely eradicated. A sufferer literally covered is cleared off and permanently cured in 45 days' time-a new skin practically was grown-no pain-smarting or itching during the cure.



FOR THIS

In the case of Mr. Charles Jacobs shown here, photographed in his diseased condition, (psoriasis, a species of eczema), he was almost entirely covered. The trouble started in three small spots and did not spread beyond this for eight years. Then it suddenly raged all over.

It raged more or less in this way for ten years, and was afterward entirely cleared away in about 6 weeks time by D. D. D. and no taint of the disease has appeared since-over two I know this to be exactly as stated.

ROBT. R. BELLANY.

This result can be accomplished with any skin affection. Barrels of blood medicine can do nothing for a skin disease. Nine out of ten manifestations in the skin are local, -parasitic in nature and absolutely curable by this new prescription. D. D. D. is a clean liquid prescription sopped or atomized over the affected spots twice daily.

This preparation has my unqualified endorsement. I am recommending it with most excellent results. The cures already effected are having wide-spread Influence in this section. If you have a skin affection-come to the store. It will be the means of making you a happier human being.

ROBT. R. BELLAMY.

TWINKLINGS

- He-Don't you think two can ive as cheaply as one? She-Yes; but how about the cook?-Detroit Free

- Jinks-Most things that are bought go to the buyer. Jenks-Yes, ill except coal, that goes to the cellar. Princeton Tiger. - "They seem to have let loose

the dogs of war in Hayti." "Yes, and they are all greyhounds."-Cleve-- "My husband's so erratic-so "Maybe his work has something to do with it. What is his occu-

pation!" "He's an æronaut."-Detroit Free Press. - Tommy-Pop, what is an av erage man? Father—An average man, my son, is one who feels that he is a ittle better than his neighbors.-

Philadelphia Record. - Mr. Hornspike-You know i t is said that the female mosquito i the one that does the biting. How do you account for that? Mrs. Hornspike

-Some man said it. - Chicago Tribune. - "Such sporty clothes as our minister was wearing on his vacation did you see him?" "Yes, and what neckties he affected. His motto seems to be 'Best "is the tie that binds."-Philadelphia Press.

- She -There goes a lucky young man. Some philantropist sent through college. He-That's nothing. I've been through college. She-Yes, but he got him a job as carpenter afterwards. - Life.

- Judge-I tell you Klinkers is happy—he feels as if he has just found money. Fudge-How is that? Judge -He has employed a lawyer who has succeeded in having his taxes lowered Fudge-What was the lawyer's Judge-Ten dollars, I believe. Baltimore Herald.

- "Yes, I'm encouraging my daughter to keep company with that arctic explorer." - What's the reason?"" He'll be able to stand it in the parlor without any fire next winter. -Cleveland Plain Dealer.

- The professional mountain climber's foot slipped when he was near the summit, and he started for the plain below by the shortest and most direct route. "Gosh!" exclaimed, as he went bumping from rock to rock. "If I live to reach the bottom what a story this will make for the magazine!"-Chicago Tribune.

Eyesight of Spiders and Scorpions. Spiders have wonderful eyesight, but I am quite sure that the scorpion's vision, notwithstanding his six eyes, is far from being acute, says an English naturalist. It it very difficult to catch a spider with a pair of forceps, but a scorpion can easily be captured if no noise is made. Spiders see their prey before they are caught in the web, but ever to seize flies or cockroaches until they indicate their whereabouts by movements. This being the case, i can readily be understood how easily the scorpion may be roused into motion by the vibrations of music.

If a tuning fork be sounded on the table on which I keep my caged scorpion, he at once becomes agitated and strikes out viciously with his sting. On touching him with the vibrating tuning fork he stings it and then coils himself up, as scorpions do when hedged in.

Manager Wanted.

We desire to employ a trustworthy county and adjoining territory. Our house is well and favorably known. \$20.00 straight cash salary and all expenses paid each week by check direct from headquarters. Expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; position permanent. Address Thomas J. Cooper, Manager, 1040 Caxton Building, Chicago, Ill,

For over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

> DR:PIERCES GOLDEN DISCOVERY BLOOD LIVER LUNGS

The Invention of the Steamboat. Robert Fulton's Clermont, the first steamboat of any practical value, was launched into the East river. It is not known who first conceived the idea of propelling boats by steam; probably Salomon de Caus, in 1615. Many per sons experimented with steam propulsion between 1763, when William Henry of Pennsylvania placed a small boat on the Conestoga river, and 1807, when the Clermont made its trip to Albany. Among them were the Marquis de Jonffroy, James Rumsey and John which were worthy of the name steam carried passengers and freight, and Robert Fulton is fairly entitled to the credit of inventing the steamboat.

Keep the pores of the skin open and in good condition by frequent bathing. Man sheds his skin just as thoroughly as some of the lower orders of creapose the lower strata of the epidermis are perpetually renewed and push upward, and the outer layer must be con stantly removed. This process, which is termed desquamation, is absolutely requisite to the health and beauty of the skin. The more rapidly this proc ess is carried on the more clear and transparent becomes the epidermis and the more roseate and velvety the skin tissues which are constantly forming below.

MARINE.

ARRIVED. Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale New York, H G Smallbones. British steamship Polano, 1,898 tons Holttum, Baltimore, Alexander Sprunt

CLEARED. Schr Flora Rogers, Bragg, New York George Harriss, Son & Co. Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

> EXPORTS. COASTWISE.

NEW YORK-Schr Flora Rogers, 330, 000 feet lumber; cargo by Cape Fear Lumber Co; vessel by George Harriss,

MARINE DIRECTORY.

ist of Vessels in the Port of W mington. N C., September 3. STEAMSHIPS.

Polano, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holttum, Alexander Sprunt & Son. Rosewood, (Br) 1,104 tons, McGregor Heide & Co.

Torgorm, (Br) 1,065 tons, Halliday, Will L Miller. Tuska, (Br) 1,969 tons, Smith, Alexander Sprunt & Son SCHOONERS

Frank W McCullough, 137 tons, Brink George Harriss, Son & Co. Clara A Donnell, 991 tons, Jamieson George Harriss, Son & Co. Emily F Northam, 316 tons, Penne well, George Harriss, Son & Co. Annie Ainslie, 250 tons, Norton, George Harriss, Son & Co. Wm H Bailey, 464 tons, Lane, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotto

C. C. Railroad-112 bales cotton. cases spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin, 32 barrels tar, 31 barrels crude turpentine. W. & W. Railroad-24 bales cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine, 9 bar-

W.C. & A. Railroad-1,915 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 61 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine. A. & Y. Railroad-130 bales cotton, casks spirits turpentine, 5 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine. Schooner Ruth D .- 7 casks spirits

turpentine, 54 barrels rosin. Total-2,181 bales cotton, 33 casks spirits turpentine, 141 barrels rosin, 52 barrels tar, 50 barrels crude turpentine.

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame.

College for Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Teachers specialists in every department. Lecturers of national reputation. System of education thorough and progressive. Extensive grounds. Location unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious buildings completely equipped. Charles Street Avenue Baltimore, Md. suwe fr au 17 2m.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chambe of Commerce.] STAR OFFICE, September 2. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market irm at 44%c per gallon. ROSIN-Market steady at \$1.10 per barrel for strained and \$1.15 per barrel

for good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.50 per barrel of 280 pounds.
CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel for hard, \$2.50 for dip, and \$2.60 for virgin. Quotations same day last year— Spirits turpentine firm at 33@32c; rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at \$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00

Spirits turpentine 33 lar Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year-61 casks spirits turpentine, 269 barrels rosin, 74 barrels tar, 36 barrels crude Market firm on a basis of 81/2c per

pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary..... 61/8 Good ordinary 7½ Low middling..... 81/8 Middling 8½ "'Good middling 8 13-16 "" Same day last year, market dull a 8c for middling.

Receipts-2,181 bales; same day last

year, 34. Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolins, firm. Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy. 90c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra

prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish, 77 CORN-Firm; 80@821/2c per bushel N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 15@

l6c per pound; shoulders, 10@121/c; sides, 10@11c. EGGS-Firm at 18@22c per dozen. CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 20@

25c; springs, 10@22c. TURKEYS-No sale. BEESWAX-Firm at 27c.

TALLOW-Firm at 51/2061/2c per SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 90@ \$1.00 per bushel

By Telegraph to the Morning State

FINANCIAL MARKETS

NEW YORK, Sept. 2 .- Money on call was firm; at 5@6 per cent Prime mercantile paper 5@51/2 per cent. Sterling exchange was east with actual business in bankers' bills at 486.625 for demand and at 483.875 for sixty days. Posted rates 485@4851/4 and 487 %@488. Commercial bills 483 @483.5. Bar silver 521/8. Mexican dollars 4114. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firmer. U.S. refunding 2's, reg'd, ex int, 10814; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon 1081; U. S. 3's, registered, 1061; do coupon, 106%; U. S. 4's, new registered 134%; do. coupon, 134%; U S 4's, old, registered, 1091; do. coupon, 1091/2; U. S. 5's registered, 105; do. coupon. 105: Southern Railway, 5's, 122. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 116 Chesapeake & Ohio 551/4; Manhattan L 135 %: New York Central 164%; Reading 75%; do. 1st preferred 88 14: do. 2nd preferred 79 14: St. Paul 1871; do. pref'd, 194; Southern Rail way 40; do. pref'd 9714; Amalgamated Copper 68%; Am'n Tobacco - c; People's Gas 104%; Sugar 131%: Teunessee Coal and Iron 70%; U. S Leather 1314; do. pref'd, 87%; Western Union 95%; U. S. Steel 41%; do. preferred 903/8; National R. R. of Mexico 21 1/8; Virginia-Carolina Chemica, 66 1/4 do. preferred, 130; Standard Oil, 675@

BALTIMORE, Sept. 2.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 32% @32%; do. pre ferred, 52%@53; bonds, fours, 88%@

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, Sept. 2.-Rosin steady Strained common to good, \$1 55 Spirits turpentine firm at 471/2018. CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.-Spirits tur

pentine and rosin unchanged. BAVANNAH, Sept. 2. - Spirits turper tine was firm at 45c; receipts 2,861 casks; sales 1,433 casks; exports 4,110 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 1,719 barrels; sales 2,964 barrels; exports 5,090 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, \$1 22½. E, \$1 27½; F, \$1 32½; G, \$1 37½; H, \$1 77½; I, \$2 02½; K \$2 50; M, \$3 00; N, \$3 45; WG, \$3 55; W W, \$3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Wall street appeared to be buying,

but the short interest furnished the

most active element in the demand

The spot cotton markets of the coun

try were generally changed to easier;

four markets of the South reported a

decline of &c. Total sales were estima-

ted at 500,000 bales, with the market

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.-Cotton steady

Spot cotton market closed steady

middling uplands 9c; middling gulf

Futures opened easy; closed steady:

September 8.48, October 8,45, Novem

ber 8 32, December 8 35, January 8 36,

February 8.28, March 8 27, April 8.28,

Total to-day-Net receipts 23,851

bales; exports to the Continent 302

Consolidated-Net receipts 59,346

bales; exports to Great Britain 5,694

bales; exports to the Continent 2,772

Total since September 1st. - Net re-

ceipts 40,084 bales; exports to Great

Britain 5.694 bales: exports to France

- bales; exports to the Continent 372

at 9c; net receipts — bales; gross rεceipts 200 bales; stock 58,357 bales.

finally steady at a

%c; sales 776 bales.

bales; stock 186,285 bales.

to ten points.

May 8.30.

bales.

bales

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.-The cotton middling 4 29-32d; good ordinary 4 25 market opened at a decline of three to seven points. After October had sold off to 8.29, January to 8.22 and March to 8.16, there was a sharp upward movement. The early decline was due to unsatisfactory cables and reports of rains, actual and prospective, in localities much in need of moisture. Later, the three positions named sold up to 8.45, 8.36 and 8 27 respectively. The advance was started by covering on fears that the weekly crop report from Washington would cember and January 4 29-64d seller; be without value to the bear contin-January and February 4 28 64@4 29-64d seller; February and March 4 27gent. Later, the market declined under a bear raid following renewed 64@4 28-64d buyer; March and April rain talk in Texas, but again advanced 4 27-64d buyer; April and May 4 26 64 rapidly on covering and fears of a bulish bureau report from Washington to-morrow. October sold up to 8.47c. January 8.37c and March 8.30c. The weekly report was so much in keeping with the general run of private crop SEASONABLE STOCK. advices that had preceded it that there was disposition to fear that the monthy crop report from Washington would how a condition of 70 to 71. Some bought cotton on the ground that rains with the temperature so high as it dicated would do more harm than good. The buying to-day was general with a large Greek export house, already heavily long of October a conspicuous buyer of October. Chicago grain interests, the South, New England and

sizes and kinds. Bagging and Ties.

Molasses and Case Goods

Pineapples, Bananas,

Oranges,

Niagara and Delaware

Grapes.

steady but rather quiet; winter patents \$3 60@3 70; Minnesota patents \$3 80@ 4 00. Wheat-Spot steady; No. 2 red 74%c. Options closed steady at %6 %c net advance. Sales: May closed 741/c; September 741/2c; December 7234 c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 67c. Options closed firm at 14@1/2c net advance. Sales included: May closed 44%;

3 9-16, n et receipts 8,817 bales; Nor

folk, steady at 9%, net receipts 804 bales:

Baltimore, nominal at 9c, net w

ceipts — bales; Boston, holiday, net

receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 8½c, net receipts 2,181 bales; Phila.

delphia, steady at 9 4c, net receipts 77

bales; Savannah, steady at 814, net re-

ceipts 6,628 bales; New Orleans,

steady at 8½, net receipts 2,220 bales:

Mobile, firm at 81/6c, net receipts 487

bales; Memphis, quiet at 8%c, net re-

ceipts 72 bales; Augusta, firm at 87-16

net receipts 2,106 bales; Charleston, firm at 814, net receipts 2,367 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Flour Was

September closed 64%c; December c'osed: 47%c. Oats—Spot dull; new No. 234c. Options were steady with corn. Sales included: May closed 36 %c; October closed —c; December closed 351%c. Lard firm: Western steam \$10 80; refined firm; continent \$10 95; South American \$11 75; compound 7% @8%c. Pork steady; family \$20 00@20 25; short clear \$19 00@21 00; mess \$18 25@19 25. Butter steady; creamery 15@19%c; State dairy 15@ 191c. Eggs firm; State and Pennsy vania 21@22c. Cheese quiet to firm; new State full cream, small colored fancy 10%@10%c; small white 10%@10%c. Cabbages steady; Long Island, per 100,\$3 00@35 0. Peanuts firm: fancy hand picked 5% @5%c; other domestic 31/2051. Potatoes easy; Long Island, 75c@\$1 20; South Jersey sweets \$2 75 @3 00; Jerseys 75c@\$1 20. Coffee -Spot Rio steady: No. 7 invoice 5%c; mild firm; Cordova 8@11%c. Sugar -Raw steady; fair refining 2%c; centrifugal 96 test, 3%c; refined steady; confectioner's \$5 15; mould A \$4 90; culloaf \$5 15; crushed \$5 15; powdered \$4 75; granulated \$4 65; cubes \$4 90 Tallow dull; city (\$2 per package) 60 country (packages free) 6%@64c. Rice quoted steady; domestic, fair to

extra 44 @6c; Japan 414 @5c. Freights

to Liverpool-cotton by steam 121/2c.

Cotton seed oil was offered freely at

easier prices without attracting buy-

ers. The closing prices were: Prime

crude, f. o. b. mills 28@28%c, prime

summer yellow 40@41c; off summer

yellow 39c; prime white 461/2@47c;

prime winter yellow 47c; prime meal

\$27 00 nominal. CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Trading in grains to day was of a dull, though somewhat pervous nature. The fact that there was no contract graded stuff to deliver on September wheat, corn or oats contracts (a condition that was expected) had something of a bullish effect. Weather conditions, however, were improved for both wheat and coru and as a result of the tame conflict between these two factors in very narrow market, tinal price changes were slight. September wheat closed ic@ to down; December uncharged. September corn to higher; December to lower and both Sen tember and December oats to higher, Provisions close | 5c lower to loe

CHIOAGO, Sept. 2.—Cash prices Flour steady. Wheat-No.2 spring 73. No. 3 spring 68@691/c; No. 2 red 70@ 71%c. Corn—No. 2, 60%c; No. 2 yellow —c. Oats—No. 2, 29c; No. white -: No. 3 white 324@36%c. Rye-No. 2 50c. Mess pork, per barrel, \$1680@1685. Lard, 100 Tbs., \$1045 @10 50. Short rib sides, loose, \$10 15@ 10 20. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, \$8 6214@8 75. Short clear sides boxed. \$10 75@10 8714. Basis of high wines, \$1 31. The leading futures ranged as fol

closing: Wheat-No. 2 September 711/2 @71 1, 71 1, 70, 70 1; December 67 16 67%, 67%, 67%, 67%c; May 69%, 69%, 6914, 69%@691/c. Corn-No 2, 8-ptember 55% @55%, 57%, 55%, 57%c December 421/2 @42%, 42%, 42%, 42% May 39 14 @ 39 %, 39 %, 39 16, 39 16 @ 39 16. Oats-No 2 September, old, 26, 26%, 25%, 26%c; September, new, 33%@34, 34%, 33%, 34%c; December.new, 30% @30%, 31%, 30% @30%, 31c; May 30% @31, 31½, 30½, 31½c. Mess pork per bbi—September \$17 00, 17 00, 16 80, 19 80 October \$17 15, 17 17%, 17 (2%, 17 021/2; January \$14 85, 14 90, 14 80, 14 85. Lard, per 100 lbs-September \$10 50, 10 55, 10 50, 10 50; October \$9 7214, 9 75, 9 6714. 9 7214; January \$8 30, 8 3214, 8 2714, 8 2714. Short ribs, per 100 fbs-September \$10 30, 10 30, 10 25, 10 25; October \$9 95, 9 971/4, 9 8714, 9 8714; January \$7 7714, 7 8214,

lows-opening, highest, lowest an

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Mornius 5 LIVERPOOL, Sept. 2.—Cotton: Spot moderate business, prices 1-32d lower; American middling fair 5 11-32d; good middling 5 3-32d; middling 5d; low

32d; ordinary 4 17-32d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 4,800 bales American. Receipts 2,000 bales, including 1,500 bales American. Futures opened easy and closed quiet and steady; American middling (g o c) September 4 51-64d buyer; Sep tember and October 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; October and November 4 33-64 @4 34-64d seller; November and December 4 30-64@4 31-64d seller; De-

@4 27-64d buyer. SALT AND OTHER

Cargo Salt just arrived in all

NEW CROP RICE. Flour, Corn, Meal, Oats,

Send in your order now.

HALL & PEARSALL.

Fancy Fruits,

Pears, Apples,

September 2.—Galveston, easy at 1