WILMINGTON, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 14.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress-Sixth District. GILBERT B. PATTERSON, of Robeson. For Chief Justice of Supreme Court, WALTER CLARK, of Wake. For Associate Justices,

HENRY GROVES CONNOR, of Wilson. PLATT D. WALKER of Mecklenburg.

Superior Court Judges Second District-R. B. Peebles, of Fourth District-C. M. Cooke, of Franklin. Sixth District-W. R. Allen, of Eighth District-W. H. Neal, of

Tenth District-B. F. Long, of Ire-Eleventh District-E. B. Jones, of Forsyth. Thirteenth District-W. B. Council,

of Watauga. Fourteenth District-M. H. Justice, of Rutherford Fifteenth District-Frederick Moore, of Buncombe. Sixteenth District-G. S. Ferguson,

For Solicitor: Fifth District-Rodolph Duffy, of

Seventh District-C. C. Lyon, of For Corporation Commissioner, EUGENE C. BEDDINGFIELD.

of Wake. For Supt. of Public Instruction, JAMES Y. JOYNER, of Guilford.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET. For the House-George L. Morton. For the Senate-George H. Bellamy. COUNTY TICKET

Clerk Superior Court-Jno. D. Taylor. Sheriff-Frank H. Stedman. Register of Deeds-W. H. Biddle. Treasuer-H. McL. Green. Coroner-C. D. Bell. Surveyor-Alex P. Adrian. Constable, Wilmington Township-W. B. Savage.

"THE TIME HAS COME."

In their endeavors to humbug the people, especially the Republicans who are demanding tariff revision and trust regulation, Republican speakers and papers, as a rule, de clare that the Republican party will when the proper time comes, revise the tariff on Republican lines and bring the trusts, that is, if they can discover any bad trusts, to time. But this isn't the time, they say; we are prosperous now and any "tinkering" with the tariff would alarm capital, unsettle business and do more harm than good. That's what Mark Hanna says, that's what says Speaker Henderson, who declined a unanimous nomination for Congress rather than endorse the plank of the Iowa Republican platform which demands tariff revision and trust regulation. That's what all the Dingley tariffites say.

Senator Hanna says if you favor tariff revision "where will you begin?" and answers it by saying you had better not begin at all. "Let well enough alone." "Stand pat."

Senator Lodge, addressing a meeting of a Republican club in Boston, in answering the demand for free raw materials told them it was dangerous to attempt to put some materials on the free list however desirable that might be, because when it was proposed it put one on a demand would be made for another and another, and thus the fight would begin, extend all along the line and the whole tariff question would be opened and the protective system be endangered if not de-

That's the way they try to reconcile the people to the burdens they have to bear, while promising to relieve them of some of the burdens, in the good time to come, they and protected interests being the judges as to when the good time will come.

But there are some Republicans who believe the time has come, and that there will never be any better time to begin the work of tariff revision than now. Governor Cummins, of Iowa, who was one of the Republican advance guard in the movement for tariff revision and trust regulation, is one of these, and one who talks very plainly, earnestly

and convincingly. In Chicago they celebrate everything, even the disasters that give the city prominence. Last Thursday was the 31st anniversary of the "big fire" which swept away such a large portion of that city. It was celebrated with a grand banquet to which a number of eminent men and speakers were invited, among them Governor Cummins, of Iowa, who was down on a programme for a speech and took the opportunity to defend the Iowa idea and demand for tariff revision and trust curbing at the same time answering the assertion of those who say that this isn't the time to touch the tariff. After quoting from the Iowa platform, and showing just what it says

Mr. B. R. Collins and Miss Clark, and means, he said: of Norfolk, Va., aged respectively "It has been said by illustrious lea-ders of the Republican party that a modification of the tariff is not a reme-60 and 49 years, after being engaged and courting for thirty years, condy for the trusts. I take this opportu-nity to say for the Republicans of Iowa who have adopted the platform which I have read that they wholly cluded that it was time to quit their foolishness, called in a squire and got married. Some people are never agree with this view, and have not proposed to effectually repair the wrongs that are perpetrated by un-lawful combinations, by any adjust-ment or abatement of the tariff sched-ules. No thinking man can doubt that large corporations are absolutely in a hurry. ce and economy, the growing busi-

ness of the world, and however great corporations becomes, if it develops n a natural way, through the recognized laws of commerce and through the energy and sagacity of its managers against the competition of others engaged in like business, it ought not to be the object of disfavor or condemnation; on the other hand it should be the subject of just pride and mark the rising tide of a better civilization

mutable laws of commerce would in

the course of time overthrow them,

nevertheless it is the duty of the

government to hasten their disintegra-

tion and downfall by every power

within the scope of organized society.

Personally I am of the opinion that

the two direct remedies to be employ-

ed are, first, to prevent the issuance of

stock in excess of the money or the

real value of the property contributed

to the corporation; and, second, to de-

fine more clearly the crime of estab-

lishing or attempting to establish a

"There are but two forces that can

be trusted to fix price-competition

and the regulation of organized gov-

ernment. The latter is totally inad-

missible, and we must preserve the

former. It is therefore the high and

imperative duty of the government to

o adjust its laws that there will be the

east possible motive for the destruc-

"The experience of the past few

years has shown us that ambitious

spirits are able to establish and main-

tain monopolies in some of the impor-

tant products of industry, and with re-

pect to these things it is self-evident,

that the tariff duties in some measure

are a shelter, because they deprive us

of the opportunity to invite competi-

This is a Republican, not a Dem-

perat, who is talking, and a Repub-

lican protectionist, too, but one who

recognizes the fact that while there

are legitimate corporations which do

business on honest business princi-

ples which are entitled to recogni-

tion and encouragement, there are

lso illegitimate, grasping, extorting

combinations which come under the

provisions of the anti-trust laws and

should be held amenable and re-

strained, or destroyed if necessary.

Depriving such corporations of the

protection they have under the

Dingley tariff may not be a com-

plete remedy, but it would be one

of the remedies. In speaking of

'Fortunately, while the combina-

tions produce many things, they have

as yet been able to secure monopolies

in few things, but avarice is per-

sistent, and what may be accomplish-

ed in the future no man dare predict.

Therefore the Republicans of Iowa

say that when trade in any protected

commodity reaches the point of a sin-

gle producer the tariff duty upon that

commodity shall be suspended until

the laws of business resume their

rightful sway. There is here no

menace to lawful industry, no

is a crime that men need not commit

and the suspension of the tariff during

the existence of the offence will with

greed to violate the laws of the land

Protection is the essential principle of

eternal law of industrial life

that of the world if necessary.

Republicanism, but competition is the

temporarily wealth ignores the latter

and erects itself into monopoly, then

the consumer has a better right to

competition than the producer has to

protection. Competition we must

have—that of the republic if possible;

contention shall long exist upon a

proposition so full of justice and so

of mankind To enforce it cannot in-

jure the weaker competitorr of combi-

nations, for it is not to be applied un-

til competitors cease to exist. It is

the combination may be enlarged and

embrace the whole world of produc-

tion. So it may, but I reply, the pro-

gress is more difficult, the bonds of

union less secure. It is a menace not

so imminent; and if it be true that

sufficient unto the day is the evil

thereof,' it is yet more true that suffi

cient unto the evil is the day thereof.

grant monopolies, do you think it

manufacture steel rails, barbed wire,

tin plate, or glass and at the same time

impose heavy duties upon their impor-

Here is an effective answer

trust controlled articles would in-

jure the other manufacturers more

than it would the trusts; that it

would, in the effort to restrain and

punish the guilty, be punishing the

innocent more than the guilty.

That's what Secretary Shaw says,

and scores of Republican speakers

echo him and repeat it with as much

assurance and emphasis as if it were

an original discovery. But Secre-

tary Shaw knows better; his echoers

know better. They know the effect

that competition would have in

bringing these monopolistic com-

bines within bounds, but standing

by the combines as they do they

adopt this fraudulent line of argu-

ment to humbug the people. But

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Afways Bought

they are not doing it much.

"It is well-nigh inconceivable that

threat against the proper

ployment of capital.

tion of competition.

tion from other lands.



objectionable. First, to enrich beyond Prevented by comprehension the movers of the nefarious enterprises; and, second, to cloak the enormous profits which may be extorted from their hopeless victims. "While I believe that the plan they adopt is as weak as it is vicious, and that the ordinary operation of the im-

SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of

FACE

falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuti-CURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative purposes. Complete Treatment for Humours, \$1.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c)., to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (25c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest case. sufficient to cure the severest case. CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odourless, eco-nomical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, 60 doses, price, 25c. Bold throughout the world. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: S Rue de la Paix, Paris. Pottez Drug and Chem. Corr., Bole Props., Boston, U.S. A.

A CRY OF DISTRESS.

For some time leading Republicans have been very active in their efforts to get the coal barons to make some concessions to the striking miners, to end the strike and the coal famine which has already become such a serious matter, so serious that it could scarcely

We are not disposed to attribute all the interest they are taking in this matter to solicitude for the party, although it is a well known fact that they are very much concerned about this and fear that a continuance of the strike, which the coal magnates could stop if they would, and a continuance of the coal shortage will result in their party's defeat in November, but some of them candidly acknowledge this, as Congressman Grosvenor does in the following telegram to Clement A. Griscom-a veritable ery of distress:

Public sentiment in this section bit ter against coal operators beyond description. If continued it will assure a Democratic Congress and financial ruin. Mr. Morgan, if he interfere and effect settlement now, would establish himself in a posttion stronger than

any living American. 'The result would react favorably upon all his real enterprises. It would be better from a mere selfish standpoint than all the anthracite coal in the country is worth, but from the bumanitarian standpoint be a benefac-

"I go home to-morrow to face nine thousand mad coal miners, with a miner candidate against me.

General Grosvenor is a confident, aggressive campaigner. He is a candidate for re-election, and he would never have uttered this wail of woe if he didn't see trouble shead and feel the need of help.

And yet in this cry the selfish, emphatically taught by the experience sordid element enters and figures. He appeals to Mr. Morgan's selfishness by reminding him that the not answered by the statement that ending of the strike "would re-act favorably on all his real enterprises" and "would be worth more than all the anthracite coal in the country is worth," and lastly, "from a humatarian standpoint," his successful intervention would be "a benefaction," which, under the circumleave it in your hands with one question. If Congress had the power to stances, if Gen. Grosvenor was not so scared and so much alarmed at would be wise to confer upon a single the facing of those "nine thousand corporation the exclusive right to mad coal miners," with "a miner candidate" against him, should have been the first consideration. It is, however, a very loud, shrill and significant squeal, from a self-Secretary Shaw, when he says confident, doughty champion who that repealing the tariff duties on seldom squeals.

Mr. John Markle, one of the Pennsylvania coal barons, doesn't think the striking miners ought to be allowed to play football. Some of them were having a game a few days ago when he asked the captain of a company to drive them away. The colonel heard the request and answered that the players were not with them might cause a scrap that would make it necessary to shoot a dozen or fifteen of them. That Mrs. Winslow's Scothing Syrup has made Mr. Markle hot, and he replied that they would have to shoot 150 of them before they went to It soothes the child, soften the gums, work. Markle is a daisy.

A story comesf rom Tennessee that an old darkey there who had been informed that he had been allowed a pension of \$16 a month refused it, saying that he wanted to be independent even of the government, Properly called a "story," no doubt.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. For sale by J. C. Shepard.

CRAIG AND PRITCHARD.

The joint canvass between Messrs. Craig and Pritchard closed at Asheville Saturday, and ended as it began, with mutual compliments, Mr. Craig referring to Mr. Pritchard as the "ablest living Republican in North Carolina," which, although intended as a compliment to Mr. Pritchard, is not much of a compliment to the living Republicans in North Carolina, while Mr. Pritchard reciprocated by referring to his competitor as his "logical successor in the Senate in the event the Democrats carry the Legislature," and "the ablest exponent in the State of Democratic principles." This is very courteous and very nice, although there are a good many people who heard the joint debates who will not agree fully with either Mr. Craig is able and eloquent

and maintained his side of the debate with spirit and with much eredit to himself, while Mr. Pritchard was cunning and unscrupulous, and rehashed the arguments for protection and in defence of his party with as much assurance as if he really believed in them. He was not above taking some petty advantage when he could as is shown by his repeatedly throwing at Mr. Craig the fact that his brother had signed a petition against the removal of a negro postmaster in Bertie county, as if Mr. Craig was responsible for what his brother may have done without his knowledge. That was small, and would be small in a man making less pretentions to fair play and chivalry than Mr. Pritchard does.

Now that the debate has closed there is some question as to which gained by it. Our opinion is that neither has gained, and that the question of Pritchard's successor will be decided without being affected in any way by this joint canvass. It may have enabled Pritchard to have larger audiences to talk to than if he had appeared alone, but that doesn't matter for in the event the Republicans and "independents" carry the legislature he would be his own successor anyway, if he hadn't made a speech in

The Democratic party didn't lose anything in that joint canvass, for Mr. Craig acquitted himself too well for that, and it is shown by the fact that Mr. Pritchard so often ost his temper and his head when the demonstrations by the people showed the predominance of Democratic sentiment. If he were asked his honest opinion now and gave it he would acknowledge that he does not feel anything like as confident of re-election as he did when he started out in the tilt with Mr. Craig.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- The great labor troubles now engrossing the attention and concern of the world are in the United States, France and Switzerland, three republics. Does this indicate a failure of republican government or a development of liberty to the masses? - Charleston Post, Ind.

- The Lehigh Valley and Readng railroads have, it seems, guaranteed that the poor of New York will be supplied with coal from now on at the rate of 15 cents a pail. This much, at least, should be placed to their credit. The rate named means about \$10 per ton .- Richmond Dispatch, Dem.

-- The Wythe county negroes who called on the registrars with oaded shotguns, and finding about sixty well armed white men at the polls, wisely determined to turn the registering business into a squirrel hunt, might have gotten in on the understanding clause if the clause which tells about desertion being the better part of valor had been submitted to them. - Richmond

Times Dem. - The two islands which we took under our protection, to bestow upon them the blessings of liberty and happiness, are Hawaii and Cuba, and both are very much depressed and low in mind, mainly because their benefactor has cut them out of any share in the general prosperity. Hawaiians and Cubans will not be blameworthy if they hark hark with some regret to the old times of oppression and a certain contentment that came of lack of knowledge - Mobile Register,

Strikes a Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with Chronic Indigestion and Nervous Debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lan-caster, N. H "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are ust splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our famly." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisdoing any harm and to interfere faction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY,

For over Sixty Years

been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a taste-less form. No cure, no pay, Price, 50c. satuth

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought



SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Monroe Enquirer: Howard Medley, an old colored man living in New Salem township, was here last Monday. He claims to be 115 years

- Asheboro Courier: Republican office holders and pie hunters claim to white men that the negro is out of politics, and that they are glad of it. If this is true why do they have their hirelings to wait on negroes and urge hem to try to register again this Fall? - Maxton Scottish Chief: Good

reports come from every section of the district as to Hon, G. B. Patterson, Mr. Stewart of the Democratic executive committee of Harnett, says the county will give him 800 to 1,000 majority-Add 2,500 for Robeson.

- Durham Herald: Justice of the Peace G. A. Barbee, who is well known throughout the county, was seriously and probably fatally injured at his home southeast of the city Friday afternoon. In a fall his left leg was broken at two places. Owing to his extreme age the accident may result fatally. Up to Friday night only about 45 voters in the West Durham precincts had registered.

- Salisbury Sun: Mr. Thomas Coughenour's dog, while trailing an o'possum last night, was badly bitten by a mocasin snake. A smaller dog had trailed the 'possum, when one of Mr. Coughenour's dogs came up and took the trail. In an instant the snake had the dog by the leg and did not re lease his grip until killed by Mr. Coughenour. The dog bled profusely The snake was about five feet in

- Raleigh News and Observer Few negroes are registering in Ral eigh and those who do come in under the "read and write" clause, Ferry Noble, a colored barber, came in under this clause as he is able to read and write the Constitution and can recite much of it from memory. Caesar Johnson is the only negro thus far known to have registered here under the "grandfather clause" as his grandfather was a free negro and entitled to

- Fayetteville Observer: Deputy Sheriffs J. McD. Monaghan and W A. Beard and Policeman J. H. Ben ton Friday night captured a Croatan named Frank Winn, for whom there s \$300 reward on a charge of murder. Sheriff Cook received word that Winn had left the train Friday and was mak ing towards Fayetteville, accompanied by his son. Winn killed his nephew Wayne county, last June and was bound over to court for trial on the charge of murder. He was subse quently released on habeas corpus proceedings, giving a bond for \$2,500. Six weeks ago he jumped his bond and has since been at large.

TWINKLINGS.

- "Well, my son, what did you learn at school to day?" "Not to sass fommy McNutt!" - Chicago Daily

- Facts, it is well known, are stubdorn things, but they are not nearly so stubborn as some fictions -Indian - "Mamma, I guess they must

think up in heav n that I'm dead. 'Why, dear?' '' 'Cause I haven't said my prayers for a week."-New - "Good heavens, old man, what have you got in your carriage?"

'Nothing, old fellow, but my usual box of limburger. It helps me to bear with the automobiles I meet."—Life. - "You spoke of Gloober as being 'queer.' Is he mentally unbal-"Not exactly that. He's merely eccentric and peculiar. He

gives in his property to the assessor at

the same figure he has it insured for." -Chicago Tribune. - Yellow Editor-I see you denounce that last police shake up story as a lie. New Reporter-Yes, sir. Well, I want to caution you that when denouncing any story as a lie, you want to be careful that it did not originate with us "-Life.

- Mrs. Housekeeper-John. vou really must have the landlord come and see for himself the damage the the rain did to the ceiling. Mr. Housekeeper-I can't, without letting him see the damage the children have done to the rest of the house. -Philadelphia Press.

Blown to Atoms:

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are periver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

While there is life there is hope. I was afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured t .- Marcus G. Shautz, Rahway, N. J. CREAM BALM reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Freeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

Bethel Military Academy.

1865-1902. Located in Fauguler Co., Virginia. Region unsurpassed. Full corps instructors. Prepares for business, college, and U. S. military academies. For catalogue, address THE PRINCIPALS, BETHEL ACADEMY O., Virginia. sa tu th jy 19 22t

COMMERCIA

WILMINGTON MARKET

Quoted officially at the closing of the Chamber of Commerce.] STAR OFFICE, October 13. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market firm at 51c per gallon. ROSIN-Market steady at \$1.20 per barrel for strained and \$1.25 per barre

for good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.40 per barrel of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$2.89

for dip. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine nothing doing rosin firm at 95c@\$1.00; tar steady at \$1.35; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.00

RECEIPTS. Spirit sturpentine..... Crude turpentine Receipts same day last year-56 casks spirits turpentine, 86 barrels rosin, 165 barrels tar, 95 barrels crude turpentine.

Market quiet on a basis of 81/4 c pe bound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 57/8 Good ordinary 71/4 Low middling 7% Middling 81/4 Good middling. Same day last year, market quiet at %c for middling. Receipis-3,689 bales; same day last year, 4,245.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.] PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm

Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 5c, per bushel of twenty-eight Virginia-Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 90c. Spanish (new). CORN-Firm; 70@75c per bushel

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 15@ 16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; EGGS-Firm at 17@18c per dozen CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 30@ 5c; springs, 12 1/2 @25c.

TURKEYS-Firm at 10c for live. BEESWAX-Firm at 25c. TALLOW-Firm at 51/2061/2c per

SWEET POTATOES-Dull at 60c

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, Oct. 13.-Money or call was quoted strong at 6@18 per cent., closing bid at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 6 per Sterling exchange was easy. with actual business in bankers' bills at 485.625 for demand and at 482.50@482.625 for sixty days. Posted rates 4841/2 and 4861/2. Commercial bills 482@4821/2. Bar silver 50%. Mexican dollars 40%. Government bonds weak. State bonds mactive. Railroad bonds were irregular. U.S. refunding 2's, registered, 1091/4; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 1091/2; U. S. 3's, registerd, 107%; do coupon, 1081/4; U. S. 4's, new registered, 1371; de. coupon, 1371; U. S 4's, old, registered, 110%, do. coupon, 110%; U. 8 5's, registered, 1051; do. coupon, 105%; Southern Railway, 5's, 118 Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 103%; Thesapeake & Ohio 4814; Manhat tan L 13236; New York Central 1521; Reading 681; do. 1st preferred 84%; do. 2nd preferred 74%; St. Paul 183%; do. pref'd, 192; Southern Railway 363; do. pref'd 94%; Amalgamated Copper 631/6; Am'n Tobacco —c People's Gas 100%; Sugar 120%: Teunessee Coal and Iron 611/2; U. F. Leather 13%; do. pref'd, 88%; Wester Union 901/2; U. S. Steel 391/8; do preferred 881/8; Nat'l R. R. of Mexico 18; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 6534 do. preferred, 125; Standard Oil, 650

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13 -Seaboard Air Line, common, 28 4 @28 4; do. preferred, 46%@46%; bonds, fours, 88% bid.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS By Telegraph to the Morning St.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13 -Rosen firm. Strained common to good \$1 60. Spirits turpentine firm at 54@54%c. CHARLESTON, Oct. 13 Spirits tur-SAVARRAH, Oct. 13. - Spirits turpentine firm at 51@51%c; receipts 1,107 casks: sales 681 casks; exports 499 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,753 barrels; sales 1,010 barrels; exports 2,553 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, \$1 35 E, \$1 40; F, \$1 45; G, \$1 50; H, \$1 75; I,

COTTON MARKETS

37 Palegraph to the Morning Ste. NEW YORK, Oct. 13.-Cotton market opened easy at a loss of one to six

points. Selling increased the decline five and seven points. Later there was a rally of three to six points with the market finally quiet and steady at result of a combination of adverse influences, including a Liverpool decline of six to seven points, generally favorable weather reports from the cotton belt, indications of large receipts, the still un-settled strike in the coal regions, weakness in the stock market and tightness in money. The rally followed frost predictions for the western belt, a disposition to make lighter estimates for receipts to-morrow, and numerous reports to the effect that the coal strike was at last in a fair way for a speedy settlement. The enormous exports seller; April and May 4 50-100d seller; Cream days left. of late were also a factor in the May and June 4 50-100d seller.

influences leading to the purchase of cotton in the afternoon. The exports in the six weeks of this season foot up 973,c01 bales, this being 377,968 in excess of last year, with consolidated stocks now 15,253 bales less than last year's after a crop movement of over 500 000 bales greater than last year's, Total sales of cotton were estimated at

HW YORK, Oct. 13. -Cotton quiet t 8.80c; net receipts 537 bales; gross receipts 5,523 bales; stock 37,461 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet: middling iplands 8.80c; middling gulf 9.05c; ales 2,637 bales.

Futures closed quiet and steady: October 8.46, November 8.49, December 8.59, January 8.66, February 8.45, March 8.45, April 8.45, May 8.45. Total to-day, at all seaports-Net receipts 56,374 bales; exports to Great

Britain 50,749 bales; exports to France 100 bales; exports to the Continent 1,527 bales: stock 459,149 bales. Consolidated, at all seaports-Net eccipts 100,091 bales; exports to Great Britain 58,605 bales; exports to France 11,401 bales; exports to the Continent

Total since September 1st, at all eaports-Net receipts 1,423,219 bales: exports to Great Britain 359,152 bales exports to France 112,652 bales; exports h. Continent 490,522 bales

45,593 bales.

Oct. 13.-Galveston, quoted steady at %c. net receipts 17,333 bales. No. folk, steady at 85-16c, net receipts 4,744 | crude turpentine. bales; Baltimore, nominal at 81/2c, net receipts - bales; Bostor, dull at 8.80. quiet at 8 4c, net receipts 3,689 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 9.05c, net reccipts 25 bales; Savannah, easy at 3/sc, net receipts 3,659 bales: New rleans, quiet at 8 5 16c, net receipts 13,561 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8 1-16c, net receipts 2,239 bales; Memphis, steady at 814c, net receipts 9,088 bales; Augusta, firm at 81/c, net receipts 1,984 bales; Charleston, quiet at 81/6c, net receipts 1,335 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Sta NEW YORK, Oct. 13.-Flour was held 10c higher, but with demand stationary at old prices. Wheat-Spot steady; No. 2 red 77c at elevator. Opions closed %c net higher: May 75%c December closed 76 %c. Corn-Spot easy; No. 2 68c. The option market 1/8@%c net lower: May closed 47c: Oc tober closed —c: December closed 54% Dats-Spot dull; No. 2, 33 1/4c. Options sales: December closed 351/2c. Lard steady: Western steam \$10 90; October closed \$10 99, nominal; refined steady. Coffee-Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 5%c; mild steady; Cordova 7%@12c. Sugar-Raw was nominal; fair refining Sc; centrifugal 96 test, 31/2@3 9-16 refined steady, Pork steady, Rice firm. Eggs steady; average best 22@24; Western candled 21%@22c. Tallow steady. Potatoes steady; Long Island \$1 62@1 87; South Jersey sweets \$2 00@ 350; Jerseys \$1 50@1 62; New York, and Western per 180 lbs., \$1 50@175. Butter firmer; extra creamery 24; State dairy 17@22c. Cheese was firm; new State full cream, small colored fancy

12%c; small white 123%c. Molasses irm. Peanuts steady; fancy hand picked 14@516; other domestic 3160516c. Cabbages steady; Long Island per 100 \$2 00@300. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 15c. Cotton seed oil steady. Closing prices: Prime crude f. o. b. mills 28@29c; prime summer yellow 38%@39c; off summer yellow 37 @38c; prime white 43c; prime winter yellow 43c; prime meal \$27 00@28 00. CHICAGO, Oct. 13.-Wet weather and various cables caused a strong opening in grains on the Board of Frade to-day and after a slight decline

Mc. December corn closed Mc lower and oats 14@36c lower. January provisions closed unchanged to 21/2c lower UHICAGO, October 13 -- Cash prices Flour quiet. Wheat—No.2 spring 711/2. No.3 spring 68 1/2 @71c; No. 2 red 69 1/4 c Dorn-No. 2, 60 kc; No. 2 yellow 58 Oats—No. 2 28 1 @ 29 1 c; No. 2 white 27 1; No. 3 white,— Rye—No. 2 31 @ 33c. Mess pork, per barrel \$17 00. Lard, 100 bs., \$11 20@11 30. Shorrib sides, loose, \$10 10@11 30. Dry sal ed shoulders, boxed, \$9 50. Shor clearsides, boxed, \$11 50@11 67 1/2 Whiskey-Basis of high wines, \$1 32.

wheat closed firm, December up 1/8 @

The leading futures ranged as follows-opening, highest, lowes an 04, 69%, 69% c; December 71% @71%, 71%, 70%, 70%@71c; May 72@72%. 72%@72%, 72%, 73%c. Corn—No. 2, October 5714. 58, 57. 5716; December 48@48%, 48%, 47%, 47%@47%c; May 43 16 043 14, 43 16, 42 14, 42 14 00 42 16 Oats-No 2 October, new, 30 16, 31 30%, 30%c; December, new, 31%@ 31%, 31%, 31, 31%c Mess pork per bbl-October \$17 00, 17 00, 16 90 16 90; January \$15 75, 15 771/2, 15 60 15671; May \$14 9214, 14 9714, 11 80 14 80. Lard, per 100 lbs-October \$10 40 9 05, 8 90, 8 9714; May \$8 4214, 8 4214. 8 35, 8 40. Short ribs, per 100 the—October \$11 52½, 11 52½, 11 52½; January \$8 32 14, 8 37 14, 8 22 14, 8 32 14.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning 55 LIVERPOOL, Oct. 13.—Cotton: Spot in fair demand, prices 4 points lower: American middling fair 5 14-100d good middling 486-100d; middling unchanged prices to a decline of four 476-100d; low middling 466-100d; points, The early weakness was the good ordinary 454-100d; ordinary 4 42-100d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 8,700 bales American. Receipts 9,000 bales, including 5,200

bales American. Futures opened easier and close. barely steady; American middling (g oc) October 4 59-100d seller; October and November 4 52-100d buyer; November and December 4 50-100d buyer; December and January 4 50-100d buyer; January and February 4 49-100d buyer; February and March 4 49-100d buyer: March and April 4 50-100d

Steamer Highlander,
Fayetteville, TD Love
British steamship Indians, Luke, Hamburg p Schooner New York, Norwegian steamship 1,056 tons, Stubbs, and

CLEARED Steamer Highlander,
Fayetteville, TD Love,
Schr John Twoby, Com
George Harriss, Son & Co. Schr J C Strawbridge, o ton, George Harriss, 800

EXPORTS. COASTWISE Boston-Schr J C 8th 000 cross ties; cargo by vessel by George Harria NEW YORK—Schooler 13,865 cross ties; cargo h Lumber Co; vessel by riss, Son & Co.

Alexander Sprunt & So Linwood, (Nor) 1,056

Holmlea, (Br) 1,143 tons, I & Co. Devonshire, (Br) 2,363 Alexander Sprunt & 80 Veleta, (Br) 1,937 tou Alexander Sprunt & Sp Acacia, (Br) 1,847 tone, V ander Sprunt & Son. SCHOONER

Heide & Co.

Elvira F French, 903 W George Harriss, Sont Horace W Macomber, 98 George Harriss, Son at Harry Messer, 596 ton George Harriss, Son at R Teel, 756 tons, Har Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND I

C. C. Railroad-158 h asks spirits turpenting rosip, 47 barrels tar, 31 turpentine. W. & W. Kaliroadcotton, 3 casks spirits ! barrels rosin, 37 barrels to

17 casks spirits turpening crude turpentine Steamer Highlander-I on, 11 casks spirits to barrels rosin, 100 barrels crude turpenting Steamer Franklin Pa cotton, 30 barrels rous Total-3,689 bales com spirits turpentine, 264

199 barrels tar, 88 ami Last year-4,245 bales casks spirits turpenting rosip, 165 barrels tar, 8h

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