WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 16.

#### WHY WE LEAD.

When the advocates of the protective tariff system discuss that question they invariably take the position that protection is necessary to protect the American manufacturer and workmen from "the cheap pauper labor of Europe," as if this were the only factor involved. But they are not honest in this contention. If they were they would be content with the amount (of protection that would cover the difference between the wages paid in other countries and in this. If, as Mr. Babcock said in the extract we made from an interview with him a few days ago, the cost of producin g an article is twenty-five per cent. less in competing countries than in this, then twenty-five per cent. tariff protection should be enough for the American manufacturer of that article. But instead of a tariff to cover the difference in the cost of production they ask and receive two or three times as much, and sometimes more, and they protest against any reduction as if it meant ruin to them.

When President Roosevelt refers to tariff revision he says go slowly. When Secretary Shaw talks on it he says beware lest you bring disaster to our industries and turn our workmen out in idleness. When Secretary Root talks about it he protests against "tariff tinkering" as dangerous. When Senator Hanna talks about it he says ' 'let well enough When Hon. Chas. Grosvenor talks about it he calls the advocates of revision "free traders." And so it is with all of them. And yet the principal and strongest plea made for the present tariff rates was that they were necessary to protect against "the cheap pauper labor" of other countries.

But the cost of labor in European countries, while it is less than in this country, is a very small factor. in fact no factor at all, because it is more than offset by the larger production of the American laborer. The American skilled workman will produce in a day two or three times as much in value as the less paid English or German workman does, so that the cost of production in this country is really no more if not less. European manufacturers are catching on to this, and many of them, especially in Germany, are importing and introducing in their establishments American machinery and are employing expert American workmen to take charge of the machinery and act as superinten-

dents and foremen. Within the past few years, since the so-called "invasion" of European markets by American manufacturers, a good many skilled European workmen and others interested in the industries across the ocean. have come to this country, visited our industrial centers, gone through our manufactories and studied closely the methods, and with a cleverness characteristic of the American, they have not only been given every facility for this, but were voluntarily given much information that they had not thought of asking for. These visitors were all experts in these respective lines, more than ordinarily intelligent, while some of them were nota-

One of these is John Foster, who has recently spent some time in this country, studying the industrial situation and progress, as compared with the industrial situation and progress in England. While here he spent some time in several of our industrial centres, studied what he saw, came into contact with the men whose brains and money are operating these industries, and has given the result of his observations and his conclusions in an interesting paper on the industrial development in this country, the contrast in the prevailing methods here and in England, and the reasons why this country leads. In commenting upon this article the Washington Times thus summarizes some of the leading points:

In England, he says, much store is set by experience. In America, on the other hand, it is youthful enter-

In England the man who has been in business the longest is thought to know most about it. In America a man who has been at it too long is apt to be considered fossilized and as un-

able, or, at any rate, unlikely, to keep abreast of the needs of the times.

In England a young man is always more or less under suspiciou, if thrown into a place of responsibility, of probably making a meas of it. In America, Mr. Foster thinks, responsibility brings ballast and an arrangularize to prove ballast and an eager desire to prove that responsibility was not ill-placed. And, on the whole, Mr. Foster be-

lieves, the American is right. "Time and time again, as I have gone through the workshops of the United States," says he, "I have almost been states," says he; "I have almost been staggered at the mere boys who are managers and heads of departments; not the sons of proprietors, but young fellows who have started at the bottom, proved their grit, shown their energy and been pushed on to high position. It is not at all unusual to find a man of twenty-four wars havfind a man of twenty-four years having the control of several thousand men. And the fact that a man is young and unmarried is no reason, in the employer's mind, why he should receive comparatively small salary. The question of how cheap you can get such men is not considered. No price is too big to give a lad who has brains and adaptiveness. It is recog-nized that by paying him well, appre-ciating him, you fire his enthusiasm."

And yet the tariff coddlers tell

us that the industries which by their clever management and successful methods won the admiration of this observant Englishman could not cope with their old, antiquated, go slow competitors in European countries without tariff protection, and a big lot of it.

# CAMPING IN YELLOWSTONE

President Roosevelt is now, with few attendants, camping in Yellowstone Park, where he proposes to take a sixteen days rest before he tackles the remainder of his political swing 'round. The time not given strictly to "resting" will be devoted to studying the habits and peculiarities of the wild quadrupedal inhabitants of that picturesque preserve. We hope that he will have a good rest and abundant opportunity to cultivate a close acquaintance with the wild "varmints" he is interested in.

If due provisions and the efforts that have been made to prevent breaking into his solitude succeed he should certainly have all the rest he seeks, for we are told that "every trail leading to the Park has been closely guarded" to prevent any one from sneaking in to bother him.

But doesn't all this look like overdoing the business? Isn't there too much of the spectacular about it? He is escorted by military to the entrance to the wild domain given over wholly to and made sacred in a sense to him for the sixteen days in which he desires to sequester himself, not like the Sultan of Turkey, for instance, to worship at a shrine, but to rest and study wild animals. To wind up the spectacular part of the business he rigged himself up in costume harmonious to the occasion and mounting his horse made a short speech from horseback. Of course the hustling camera man was around to take a snap shot of the orator on horseback, for such a unique incident as that should not be lost to pictorial history.

While we hope Mr. Roosevelt will have a good, comfortable, restful time up there among the geysers and the crags, and the wild animals that he delights in pursuing (although he does not propose to murder any of them on this occasion), we do think that some of this parade and spectacular business might be dispensed with as scarcely in keeping with "democratic simplicity," without in the least lessening due respect for the President of the Re-

# INSTRUCTION IN ROAD BUILD-

Year after year interest in the subject of good roads has been increasing in this State with the result that we are now making more practical progress in this direction than ever before, although comparatively little has been done as yet, save in a few counties, which several years ago entered earnestly and systematically on that work. Notably among these are Mecklenburg, (the pioneer) Wake, Forsyth and New Hanover.

These are furnishing object lessons as to the value of good roads, while nearly every other, if not every other, county in the State furnishes even more impressive object lessons on the bad results of bad roads. They have cost the dwellers in country and town many thousands of dollars during the past Winter, when for much of the time many of the public highways were closed against traffic because impas-

The State Agricultural and Mechanical College, fully realizing the importance of good roads, is cooperating in the work and doing all it can by giving Summer courses of instruction on road building to those who desire to avail themselves of it, and hence as a matter of interest we clip the following from the Raleigh News and Ob-

Instructions will be given in loca tion, grading, construction of road bed and the use of the various mate rials for the road covering. Road making machinery will be discussed and the advantages and disadvantages of each machine explained as applying to the different localities of our State. Practical instruction will be given in such use of the level instrunent as is necessary to the road builder, and also such draughting as is essential to his work. Visits will be made to the places where roads are istrate does not ever seem to let the being bullt around Raleigh.

The course will be in charge of Professor W. C. Riddick, C. E., who will be assisted by Mr. C. L. Mann, B. C. E. It will last from July 1st to July Expenses for whole course, board and room, \$10; tuition and reg istration, \$6. Reduced rates on rail roads. For additional information address W. C. Riddick, Professor of Civil Engineering, A. and M. College, Raleigh, N. C.

There seems to be trouble brew ing in old China. The Kunong Si rebels are besieging Lin Chun, armies are bearing down on Kwellin and Yunnan, and Kul Chun has fallen into hostile hands. Trouble for China, but if this thing keeps on it will mean trouble in the newspaper offices too.

Out of 21,433 enlisted men in our navy last year there were 3,037 desertions from which it may be inferred that the army enlisted men are not infatuated with life on our warships.



# **APPETITES**

Created and Maintained by\_Vinol.

THAT THE FOOD IS DIGEST **ED IS ASLO EQUALLY** NECESSARY.

We Recommend Vinol as an Appetite Creator.

WE GUARANTEE THAT VINOL WILL AID DIGESTION.

Vinol is the greatest aid to digestion hat we have ever known. It is because Vinol acts so beneficially pon the stomach that it accomplishe

much good. Vinol contains the active curative rinciples that are found in cod-liver l, without any oil or grease. These medicinal elements act so favorably upon the stomach, that this organ obtains for itself the elements necessary for creating new flesh, muscle issue and for making rich red blood.

When the stomach acts easily and naturally, a desire is created for good simple food and a good appetite is the ure result. With cod-liver oil as formerly taken the medicinal elements which it con-

ained were too often unable to counteract the harm that was done by he obnoxious grease that enveloped Now that in Vinol we have those same elements separated from the viletasting fat, we have a tonic and re-

builder that is simply marvelous in its The following is a letter that will ex plain itself: This is to certify that I have used six bottles of Vinol, and have found it of great value as an appetizer and tonic in general debility. I have re-ceived so much benefit from its use

that I gladly furnish this testimonial

in order that others may be induced to

give it a trial and prove to themselves

its recuperative powers."-MRS. ELIZ-ABETH FEENEY, Waterbury, Conn. We want every one in this place to know more about our Vinol, how it cures and what it cures. Certainly the greatest tonic and rebuilder we

have ever sold. We, therefore, cordially invite any one interested to call upon us; and we want all to bear in mind that we will gladly refund to any one who is not satisfied with the action of Vinol every cent they pay for it.

#### BELLAMY ROBT. R.

There is a rumor that Dr. Crum may resign the Charleston collectorship, that he has had hints that it would please the President if he did, and that he might get something "equally as good" or better. where there would be no race friction. We do not see how that could help Roosevelt, although it might prevent taking that case into the courts, as has been suggested, to test its constitutionality.

The advocates of the irrigation bill which passed the last Congress buncoed some of the men who voted for it by asserting that the cost would not be more than \$5 an acre. Now the Secretary of the Interior figures out that it will cost at least \$12 and acre and probably

## CURRENT COMMENT

- President Roosevelt is agin' the Lilly Whites in Alabama, and for 'em in North Carolina. Is this a matter of climate, or of moods, or of pure, unadulterated expediency? -Macon Telegraph, Dem.

- We feasted Roosevelt and got a negro collector of customs; we feasted Tillman and got a tongue lashing. Maybe we will get better results if we "hoe our own row" hereafter, and harvest our crop of accomplishments for the market. They will come to us then and it shall be our word that is last .-

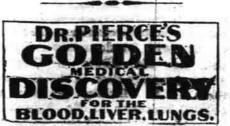
Charleston Post, Ind. - "For the first time in years," says that thick-and-thin Republican organ, the Chicago Inter Ocean. "the people of Illinois now have at Springfield a Legislature which is dominated by decency and is administered with honesty." And for years the Legislatures at Springfield have been dominated and administered by the G. O. P .- Louisville

Courier-Journal Dem. -The Philadelphia North American remarks that, although the President's fourteen-thousand-mile tour may seem somewhat roundabout to the casual observer, there is no doubt that its ultimate destination is Washington, D. C. Judging by speeches that have been made thus far we should say this is a very correct diagnosis of the case, and the Chief Magend escape him .- Norfolk Ledger,

# A Thoughtful Man.

M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind. knew what to do in the hour of need. His wife had such an unusual case of Stomach and Liver trouble physicians could not help her. He thought of and tried Dr. King's New Life Pills, and she got relief at once and was fin-ally cured. Only 25 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store.

For Over Sixty Years MRS. WIRSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has MES. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup." and take no other kind



#### SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Chatham Record: The continuous rains have greatly delayed the farmers, and they will be behind a pitching their crop this spring. There was considerable frost and some ice last Sunday morning. There are conflicting reports as to the damsge done to the fruit crop. Some persons say that nearly all their fruit is killed, while others say theirs is not much hurt.

- Rocky Mount Motor: The Rocky Mount Machine Works has just completed a patented machine for Mr. J. O. W. Gravely to distribute and cover guano. The flow of guano can be regulated perfectly and whereas by hand distribution of guano a plow has to follow and cover up the row, this machine does all the work at one trip. Mr. Gravely has been working on the machine for years, and at a recent test everything worked satisfactorily. Mr. Gravely says he would not take \$100,000 cash for the patent.

- Salisbury Sun: Within the past two months 1,800 persons have been vaccinated in Salisbury and the county. The compulsory vaccination law was put into speedy effect. The Salisbury canning factory, which was operated several months last year, has indefinitely been closed down and the owners of the machinery are advertising it for sale. This will be a loss to Salisbury, as the factory employs about 40 hands in season. There is some talk of organizing a company to purchase the plant and continue the

- Durham Sun: A Durhamite tells us a story which illustrates the persistency of English sparrows. A couple of the little birds took a notion to fill up a hole in the roof of the woman's washhouse and build a nest in it, The hole had no bottom, and consequently the stuff brought by the birds fell to the floor. Just to see how much the birds would put into the hole, the woman placed a bucket under it, and in a week the sparrows have dropped an even peck of feathers, sticks and and straws, and are not dis-

- Cape Fear Pilot: Decidedly the largest enterprise of Harnett county is the Erwin Cotton Mill, located near the banks of the Cape Fear river, five miles west from Dunn. The mill is the largest investment of outside capital which has ever come to our county. It is located on about three thousand acres of its own land. Already a beautiful little town of fifty houses has sprung up around it as if by magic, and many other houses are under construc tion. The town will number several thousand by the time the mill is in operation. The mill itself will consist of two huge build ings, each about 500 feet long by 200 feet wide. These are the spinning and weaving rooms. In addition to this there will be many warehouses. sheds, etc., surrounding the main buildings, and these, as well as the factory proper, will be of brick. -The Harnett Lumber Company will build their road to within a few miles of Lillington at once. The grading is finished and the crossties distributed the Upper Dittle River. this road is primarily intended as a logging road, it is well built and the iron ushd of heavy weight. This is done with a view of extending it in the future.

- Raleigh News and Observer Four men broke jail at Carthage Tuesday night, Barrett for murder, and John and Jim Shaw and another colored man for stealing. Barrett had been convicted of murder and was awaiting his death sentence from the Governor. - George Dunlap, a col ored boy, sixteen years of age, was shot to death Wedhesday night at Southern Pines by Kelly, another colored boy about the same age. 't is claimed by young Kelly that it was an accident, and he has given himself up to the authorities. The boy killed was an inoffensive youth and had been boasting of having considerable money. - The various departments of the A. and M. College are almost daily in receipt of inquiries for draughtsmen, engineers, electricians, and machinists, The former graduates of the college are all in good positions and the pre-

sent senior class spoken for. The college is unable to fill the demands made upon it. — A giant lemon, as big as a cocoanut, was in the office of the Department of Agriculture yesterday. t was grown by Mrs. W. A. Thomson, of Faison, and is a specimen of the "American Wonder." was pulled it weighed thirty nine ounces. An authority on the subject said yesterday that the lemon would make a barrel of lemonade.

## **FWINKLINGS**

- We do not believe there is anything duller than the brilliant conversation among the characters of a book. -Atchison Globe.

- Mrs. Newlywed-Come and see the baby, Colonel. It's just cut its first tooth, Colonel-Thanks. Let me know when it cuts its last and I'll be round.—Comfort

- Master (gently to new boy)-"Smithers, my boy, can you tell me what a noun is?" New boy (anxious to please)—"No, sir; but I'm sure my father could."—Punch.

- You say your playing created a great deal of talk? said the friend, Yes, answered the planist, but unfortunately it was mostly during my per ormance. - Washington Star.

- Harry, said a mother to her incorrigible son and heir, did you bring that mud into the house. No. mamma, replied Harry; it just stuck to my shoes and came to itself.—Life.

- "What do you think the greatest need of the modern drama is?" And after serious thought Mr. Stormington Barnes replied: "Lower rail-way fares and better hotels."—Washington Star.

- Mrs. Brown-"You used to say that you would risk your life for me, and now you are afraid to discharge the cook." Mr. Brown—"It isn't death I fear; it's mutilation. Glasgow Evening Times.

- The Schoolmaster-Does your son study Greek in college? Farmer Spareribs-Does he? Some of the things he learns by heart are: "Kracka-cack-cack! Boomge, boom-gee rahrah." He says it means hip-hiphooray in English.—Yonkers Herald.

- "Are you working for the contractor of the road?" asked the inquisitive party of the laborer, who was driving spikes. "Faith, an Oi'm not." ixtender av it."-Buffalo News.

## A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Lees-ville, Ind., when W. H. Brown, of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Dis-covery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy, druggist. Trial



STAR OFFICE, April 9.

ROSIN-Nominal. TAR-Market firm at \$1.65 per bar el of 280 pounds. CRUDE TURPENTINE - Market quiet at \$2.00 per barrel for hard, \$3.50 for dip, \$3.75 for virgin.
Quotations same day last year —
Spirits turpentine firm at 45c; rosin firm at \$1.10@1.15; tar firm at \$1.20; crude turpentine quiet at \$1.35

we filter all the air that touches it ? Would we age it for months? Would we sterilize every turpentine. COTTON.

absolute purity-to avoid the remotest possibility of germsto make Schlitz Beer healthful.

Can anyone suppose

that we would double

the necessary cost of

our brewing without a

Would we spend so much on cleanliness? Would we cool the

beer in plate glass rooms? Would

vital reason?

Why accept a common beer, brewed without any of these precautions, when Schlitz Beer costs no more?

nish a beer that pays a little more profit; but does it pay you to permit it? Isn't pure beer - Schlitz Beer-worth asking for? Ask for the Brewery Bottling.



#### NOTES OF NOTABLES.

Cruso in London the other day. The late Potter Palmer paid taxes than any man in Chicago. General and Mrs. Lew Wallace cele United States Consul Ayme, who

sent the first news to Washington of the St. Pierre disaster, is a Chicago Jacob Edwards of Boston has offered to give a library building and site upon

\$50,000 at Southbridge, Mass. General S. E. Browne of Denver recently celebrated his eightieth birthday. He was born in Franklin county, Pa., and graduated at Franklin and Marshall college.

Hon. Clarence Hale, who has been appointed judge of the United States district court of Maine, is a brother of Senator Hale. He takes the place of Judge Nathan Webb, who retires after a service of twenty-five years.

N. J., and published a newspaper in Mount Holly for several years and an illustrated paper in Philadelphia for two years. King Edward has once more shown his preference for American artists by asking Robert Lee Keeling, the Wash-

summer Mr. Keeling painted a miniature of Queen Alexandra. Major E. P. Pellet of Barranquilla

Patrick William Carey and his four sons of San Jose, Cal., measure among them 31 feet 8 inches of stature, the tallest and shortest being two sons who stand 6 feet 61/2 and 6 feet 21/2 inches respectively. The father is 6 feet 4. Their combined weight is 1,055 pounds,

Pixley, 2:081/4, is booked to Baron The pacer Frank Bogash, 2:03%, has

Bingen, 2:121/4

again this year. J. S. Swarts of Wingham, Ont., who recently offered \$8,000 for him.

remain in Kentucky for the present. Theodore H. Coleman is trying to ar-

#### THE FASHIONS. The newest millinery combination i

of dark blue and bright green. An applique of white pique in a large scroll design trims the front of A white ostrich boa flecked at regulas intervals with cross stripes of bright green is one of the pretty things to be worn with a green and white evening hat.

Handsome materials for the woman who wishes to dress richly in black are the fine embroidered india crapes with small figures covering them almost solidly. The new summer blouses are in the

ly under the arms, but decorated in all the ornate and beautiful ways that French ingenuity can devise.

pale blue and ecru and violet and re-

WILMINGTON MARK

Quoted officially at the closing by the Chambe SPIRITS TURPENTINE - Nothing

RECEIPTS.

Your dealer may prefer to fur-



Miss Robinson was married to M brated the fiftieth anniversary of their

which to erect the same at a cost of

E. W. Callis of Martinsville, Ind., is the oldest printer in point of service in his state. He was born in Flemington,

ington painter, to come to England and paint a miniature of himself. Last

Colombia, has presented a library of a thousand volumes to the Norwich (N. Y.) High school. Major Pellett is a veteran of the civil war and has served as United States consul at Barranquilla for thirty-six years.

## THE HORSES.

been tried and found wanting.

Emily, 2:11, by Prince Regent, 2:161/4 has a bay colt by Prodigal, 2:16. Ras Eckers has Coney, 2:02, in training at the Empire City (N. Y.) track. Minnie Hunter, dam of Dorothea J. 2:1214. is in foal to Rustam, son of Azmon, 2:20½.

Swanhild, dam of W. H. Moody, 2:121/4, has been bred to Todd, son of Hesperus, 2:11%, by Simmons, 2.28, will be in the stable of H. J. Jamison

owns the pacer Harold H., 2:04, was Clay, 2:25, the sire of twelve 2:20 performers, has been purchased by George M. Stevens of Lancaster, N. H. He will

range a special race for the pacers Prince Alert, 2:00%, and Anaconda, 2:01%, to take place during the Syracuse state fair.

usual fashion, slightly full and drooping just in front, close and very shape-

tober 8.49, November 8.39, December Fashionable color combinations for delicate silks, mulls, trimmings and fashionable millinery will be white and green, black and white, cream and pink, rose and gold, pink and green,

## COMMERCIAL

Spirits turpentine...... 223 | ceipts 4 bales. 

Market firm on a basis of 9%c per ound for middling. Quotations: ordinary..... 8% lood ordinary ..... Low middling..... 91/2 Middling ..... 9½ " " Good middling ..... 9 15-16 " " Same day last year, market firm s %c for middling. Receipts-23 bales; same day las

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia-Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish (aew), 55@70c. CORN—Firm, 65@67½c per bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@ 15c per pound; shoulders, 10@12%c; sides, 12%c. EGGS—Dull at 12%@13c per dozen. CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 20@ 35c; springs, 15@25c. TURKEYS—Firm at 13@13%c for

ive. BEESWAX-Firm at 25c. TALLOW-Firm at 5%@6%c per SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 60c BEEF CATTLE-Firm at 2@5c per

#### FINANCIAL MARKETS By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, April 9.—Money on call was firmer at 5@10 per cent., closing at 7@8; time money steady-60 days, 5 1 @51 per cent.; 90 days, 514 @5% per cent.; for six months 5@5% per cent. Prime mercantile per 5%@6 per cent. Sterling change steady at advance; actual business in bankers' bills at 486.65@ 486,70 for demand and at 483.60 483.65 for sixty day bills. Posted rates were 484 % and 487 %. Commercia! bills 483@4831. Bar silver 4914. Mexican dollars 38%. Government bonds firm. Railroad bonds easier. U.S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 10614; U.S. refunding 2's, coupon, 10614; U. S. 3's, registered, 107%; do. coupon, 108%; U. S. 4's, new registered, 1351/4; do. coupon, 1351/2; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 111½; do. coupon, 111½; U. S. 5's, registered, 108½; do.coupon, 103%; Southern Railway, 5's, 115. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 90% Chesapeake & Ohio 44%; Manhattan L 13814: New York Central 1311; Reading 571; do. 1st preferred 83; do. 2nd preferred 69; St. Paul 1621; do. pref'd, 1831; Southern Railway 30%; do. pref'd 91; Amaigamated Copper 63%; People's Gas 100%; Sugar 100%; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63%; U. S. Leather 13: do. prepref'd, 92; ; Western Union 85%; U. S. Steel 35%; do. pref'd 85%; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 62; sales — shares; do. preferred, 121% bid. Seaboard Air Line, common, 23%; do. preferred, 39%; bonds, fours, 80%. Atlantic Coast Line, common, no sales: do, preferred, no sales. Standard Oil

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, April 9 .- Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine nominal. CHARLESTON, April 9.-Spirits tur

pentine quoted nominal; sales — casks. Rosin neminal; sales — casks; A. B., C D, E \$1 90; F, \$1 95; G, \$2 00; H \$2 30; I, \$2 75; K, \$2 90; M, \$3 10; N \$3 25; W G, \$3 35; W W \$1 50. BAVARRAH, April 9.-Spirits turpentine was quoted firm at 60c; receipts 611 casks; sales 80 casks; ex ports 187 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 939 barrels; sales 317 barrels; exports 90 barrels: A, B, C, D, E, \$2 00; F, \$2 05; G, \$2 10; H, \$2 40; I, \$2 85; K \$3 00; M, \$3 20; N, \$3 35; W G, \$3 45: W W, \$3 60.

## COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, April 9.-The cot ton market opened steady at an advance of one to four points and following the call ruled generally firm under continued covering by May shorts and fresh purchases by the bull pool. But while as a result of these operations a new high record for the season was established in the May option trading was comparatively quiet with the developments in May and July attracting almost exclusive attention. The initial advance was encouraged by cables that were fust a tride better than expected, but it was in the face of full port receipts of the day and continued fayorable weather in the South. Outside conditions, however, appeared to have little atten tion, and the bulk of the day's business represented little more than a fresh scare of May shorts. The ap proaching holidays had naturally some influence, as many of the room contingent apparently preferred covering to carrying their contracts on the short side over until Monday and risk possible unfavorable climatic developments. The buying was accelerated around midday by moderate estimates for to morrow's receipts at leading Southern points and shortly after poon the high level of the day and of the season was reached when May sold at 10.44c. July, however, selling no higher than 9.98c, was at this time one point under the previous high price. From this level there was a slight reaction towards the close, due to realizing, and the market was finally steady, net one point to nine points higher. Total sales estimated at 150,-

NEW YORK, April 9.—Cotton quiet at 10.50; net receipts 50 bales; gross receipts 3,515 bales; stock 59,080 bales. Spot cotton closed quiet and 5 points higher; middling uplands 10.50c; middling gulf 10.75c; sales 200 bales. Futures market opened steady and closed steady. Closing quotations: April 10.81, May 10.89, June 9.98, July 9.96, August 9.45, September 8.80, Oc-

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net re-ceipts 10,812 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,038 bales; exports to France 2,680 bales; exports to the Continent 13,785 bales; stock 350,097 bales. Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 61,884 bales; exports to Great Britain 43,136 bales; exports to France

## 2,680 bales; exports to the Continent

46,951 bales. Total since September 1st, at all exports to Great Britain 2,548,699 bales exports to France 725, 104 bales; exports

o the Continent 2.646.456 bales April 9 .- Gaiveston, firm at 10 1 16 net receipts 1,683 bales; Norfolk steady at 10 %c, net receipts 85 bales; Faltimore, nominal at 10%c, net re-celpts 894 bales; Boston, dull at 10.45c, at receipts 168 bales: Wilmington, firm at 9%c, net receipts 23 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 10.75c, net receipts 87 bales; Savannah, quiet at 9%c, net receipts 1,672 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 10 1-16c, net receipts 5,736 bales; Mobile, firm at 9%c, net receipts 45 bales; Memphis, firm at 9%c, net receipts 733 bales; Augusta, firm at 10%c, net receipts 128 bales; Charleston, arm at 9%c, net re-

#### PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, April 9.-Flour was firm and held 5c higher; Minnesota patents \$3 90@4 10. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 80%c. Options closed 160 %c net higher. Sales: May closed 79%c; July closed 77%c: September 74%c. Corn—Spot dull; No. 3 nominal. Options closed partially %c net in wer: April closed —s; May closed 50%c; July closed 49%c; September 49c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2, 89%c. Options sold off with corn; May closed 33c Lard was dull; Western steam at \$10 25; refined quiet. Pork steady; mess \$18 00@18 50. Butter steady; extra creamery 29c; dc. State dairy 17@27c. heese was firm; State full cream. small colored, fancy fall made 15c; do. white, fall made 14%c. Peanuts quoted quiet; fancy hand picked 4% @4%c; other domestic 3%@4%c. Cap bages firm; domestic, per barrel, red new Southern \$2 50@3 00. Freights to Liverpool-by steam 12. Potatoes steady; Long Island \$2 00; South Jersey sweets \$2 75@3 75; Bouthern \$1 50@2 00; State and Western per 180 1bs., \$1 75@1 80. Eggs strong; State and Pennsylvania, average best 1400 1516: Southern 1416. Tallow steady. Coffee-Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 5 %c. Rice steady. Molasses firm. Sugar-Raw steady; refined firm. Cotton sees oil was firm and higher: Prime crude here nominal; prime crude (. o. b. mills 38% @84%c; prime summer yellow 41 1/2 @42c; off summer yellow 37 1 @38c; prime white 45c. prime winter yellow 45c; prime meal

\$26 50@27 00, nominal. CHICAGO, April 9.- The wheat market experienced another day of manipulation and prices had a strong upward movement, May closing 11: higher. May corn was off 1 @ to and oats were down to te. Provisions were easy, the May products closing

unchanged to 15c lower. UHIOAGO, April 9.- Cash prices Flour quiet and steady. Wheat-No. 2 spring 78@79c; No. 3 spring 77c; No. 3 red 74 1 @75 16. , Corn—No. 2 42 16. No. 2 yellow 42 16. Oats—No. 2 33 14 @ 32%c; No. 2 white -c; No. 3 white 32% @35%c. Rye-No. 2 49%c. Mess pork, per barrel, \$1760@1765. Lard, per 10 bs. \$989 20 85. Bhori rib side. loose, \$9 55@9 65. Dry salted shoul ders, boxed, \$875@88714. Shori clear sides, boxed, \$10 00@10 25 Whiskey

Basis of high wines, \$1 30. The leading futures ranged as fol lows-opening, highest, lowest and ciosing: Wheat-No. 2 May 75 1/20751/2 76%, 75%, 76%@76%c; July 71%@ 71%, 72%, 71%, 71%@72c; September 69 4 @ 69 4, 69 4, 69, 69 4c. Corn—No. 2 April 42 5, 42 5, 42 42 5c; May 48 4 @43%, 43%, 42%, 42%; May 43%; July 43%, 43%, 43%, 43%; September 43%, 43%, 43%, 43%; 43c; September 43%, 43%, 43%; 43, 43c. Oats—No. 2, April 82%, 632%c; May 33%, 33%, 32%, 32%, 32%, 32%, 32%; July 30% @3014, 3014, 2914, 2914c; September 27%, 27%, 27%, 27%c. Mess pork per bbl-May \$17 75, 17 75, 17 50, 17 65: July \$17 25, 17 27%, 17 22%, 17 25; September \$16 95, 17 05, 16 95, 17 00. Lard, per 100 lbs-May \$9 85, 9 8714. 9 80, 9 85; July \$9 80, 9 80, 9 75, 9 77%; September \$9 77 %, 9 77 %, 9 72 %, 9 75. Short ribs, per 100 fbs-May \$9 67 1/2, 9 70, 9 65, 9 70; July \$9 60, 9 62 1/2, 9 60, 9 6214; September \$9 55, 9 60, 9 55,

# FOREIGN MARKET

Av Cable to the Morning Same LIVERPOOL, April 9. - Ootton: Spot in limited demand, prices steady; American middling 5.40d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and ex-

port and included 5,700 bales Amer-

ican. Receipts 15,000 bales, including 14,100 bales American. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed steady; American middling (g o c): April 5.24d; April and May 5.24d; May and June 5.25d; June and July 5.25@5.261; July and August 5.25d; August and September 5.15@5.16d; September and October 4.794; October and November 4.19@ 4.00d; November and December 4.52d.

## MARINE.

ARRIVED. Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love. Clyde steamer Geo W Clyde, Rich, Georgetown, SC, H G Smallbones.

OLEARED.

York, by master.

Fayetteville, TD Love.

Schooner Estelle, Hutchinson, New

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw,

Steamer Sanders, Sanders, Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co. EXPORTS. COASTWISE NEW YORK-Schooner Estelle, 348,-

000 feet lumber; cargo by Cape Fear

Lumber Co; vessel by master.

MARINE DIRECTORY. List of Vessels in the Port of Wilming. ton, N. C., April 10.

M C Haskell, 299 tone, Wingfield, to Ella M Storer, 427 tons, Haskell, to master.

SCHOONERS.

Flora Rogers, 357 tons, Cranmer, to master. BARQUES. Broderfolket, 638 tons, Klouman,

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# And Happiness and Prosperity Assured by

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Every child born into the world with an inherited or early developed tendency to distressing, disfiguring humours of the skin, scalp and blood, becomes an object of the most tender solicitude, not only because of its suffering, but because of the dreadful fear that the disfiguration is to be lifelong and mar its future happiness and prosperity. Hence it becomes the duty of mothers of such afflicted children to acquaint themselves with the best, the purest and most effective treatment available, viz., The Cuticura Treatment. Warm baths with Cuticura Soap to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal. and mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool the blood in the severer cases, are all that can be desired for the alleviation of the suffering of skin tor-

tured infants and children, and the comfort of worn-out parents. Millions of women use Cuticura Soan, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands for baby rashes, itchings and chafings. in the form of washes for annoying irritations and inflammations, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves.

## BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Con-Yesterday. C. C. Railroad-3 casks spirits tur-

tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine. W. & W. Railroad-14 bales cotton, 1 barrels tar. W., C. & A. Railroad-9 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 19 bar-rels rosin, 63 barrels tar, 38 barrels crude turpentine.
A. & Y. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 70 barrels rosin, 4 barrels

Steamer Highlander-4 casks spirits

pentine, 15 barrels rosin, 60 barrels

turpentine, 14 barrels rosin, 46 barrels tar. 5 barrels crude turpentine. Steamer Whitlock-7 casks spirits turpentine, 93 barrels rosin, 5 barrels tar. 9 barrels crude turpentine. Schooner Argyle-1 cask spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosip, 12 barrels

tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

#### Total-23 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 223 barrels rosii, 243 barrels tar, 59 barrels crude to

Steamer Lachiquita-42 barrels tar.

A FATAL MISTAKE Is Often Made by the Wisest People.

It's a fatal mistake to neglect backache. Backache is the first symptom of kidney ills.

Serious complications follow. Doan's Kidney Pilis cure them promptly. Don't delay until too late. Until it becomes diabetes -- Bright's

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Capt. D. W. Weish, keeper of the Wood County Infirmary, Parkersburg, W. Va., says: "I had to go around trying to evade pain constantly, aware that a false step, jerk or twist would bring punishment, and I was afraid to handle anything for fear of a reminder in the shape of a twinge of pain. I trade at Dr. J. N. Murdoch's drug store on Third street, and have something to get in the drug line every time I come in. It was there I learned about Doan's Kidney Pills and I took a supply home with me and used them. My wife used them and my sister, Mrs. A. Amick, of No. 645 Seventh street, used them. They cured the three of us. I am here in the city every few days and can substantiate

#### the remarks I have made." For sale by all dealer. Price, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name-Doan'sand take no other. , ap 5 1w

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