WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE

A WHITE MAN'S COLONY.

Savannah News: There are those who have the ides that white labor cannot be successfully employed in agriculture in the South. It is an errer, of course; nevertheless there are those who believe it. Another belief that has many adherents is that the presence of the colored people in the South keeps out of this section a desirable class of white immigrants from the Northern and Western States and from abroad. It is a fact that the South has not had the benefit of any considerable amount of immigration during many years, and that her growth has been principally from within-the natural increase of her population. There have been some few colonies planted in the South. to be sure, and a dripping-in of immigration, but there has been nothing like the great tide that has flowed to the Middle West and the Northwest for quite a long time.

A colony company has been recently formed which has for its purposes the demonstration of the fact that white labor can be profitably employed on Southern farms, and to ascertain if it is true that the presence of the negroes is a bar to the more rapid settlement and development of the country. The company has purchased a tract of fertile lands in Alabama, the area being almost as great as that of the State of Rhode Island. On this land it is proposed to plant a distinctively white man's colony. Each person who is permitted to settle on it must give a guarantee that he will employ white help solely-on the farm, in the kitchen and everywhere else about the premises. On its part the company will guarantee that lands shall sold only to white settlers. Thus the matter of race antipathy on the part of European whites and whites from the North and West will be put to the test. Setwill be put to the test. Set-is a long time off yet before the tlers in the proposed colony will not Presidential campaign is to begin, come into contact with the black people except in so far as they may themselves densire it, nor will they come into competition with them as laborers. In the Alabama settlement the whites will be separated from the blacks as effectually as they are in Minnesota. The experiment is one that will be watched with interest.

There is room and abundant opportunity for fortune in the South for tens of thousands of thrifty. industrious white immigrants. There are no richer lands in the world than those of this section. Once get the tide of immigration started in this direction and it would flow in steadily, almost of its own volition. But getting it started is the trouble. It may be that this Alabama experiment will be of assistance in getting the movement started.

FEAR OF LIGHTNING.

Atlanta Journal: There is a curious psychological distinction which divides people into two classesthose who are afraid of thunder and lightning, and those who are not. As a general rule, women belonging to the former class and men to the latter, but one frequently meets with women who are lacking in this fear, and men who have it strongly marked. It may be safely stated that fear of lightning is the rule and the lack of it is the exception, in both sexes, though the stronger sex makes a more uniform endeavor to conceal it. The trait is not one to be ashamed of, and does not necessarily betoken any lack of real courage, being nervous rather than mental or moral. In some cases persons devoid of this truly natural instinct-an instinct which in prehistoric times led the caveman to seek refuge in his cavern-will expose themselves in the most foolhardy manner, rushing out on verandas and even standing under trees during the most dangerous thunderstorms.

The lightning is the commonest and the most impressive of Nature's electrical displays. On account of its mystery and violence, it has from the remotest times been regarded as a direct action of divine power. So we find the Greeks calling their supreme deity, Zeus, "the thunderer," and the Romans making mention of "Jupiter tonans." Similarly, the Old Testament frequently associated lightning and thunder with the Almighty. Through the middle ages, and up to the early part of the last century, this reverence for thunder s a divine manifestation continued.

Now that electrical discovery has referred these phenomena to purely natural causes and has to a large extent explained away the mystery of the lightning, there is a tendency to err in the opposite direction. People seem to forget that these phenomena are no less manifestations of divine power because they are known to be produced by a difference of electrical potential between the earth and the the lightning, there is a tendency to potential between the earth and the upper atmosphere. God works through laws, in deed, but no less surely and nor less designedly than if he wrought or wrote with his own finger. The essential imminence of God in Nature is a truth which has been temporarily obscured,

but which clearer vision and more profound knowledge is now daily revealing.

The North American Review for June is specially meritorious. Its table of contents shows articles by some of the ablest writers in the country. Subscription \$5.00 per year. Address, Franklin Square, New York.

CURRENT CHMMENT

- Governor Pennypacker says he doesn't read the papers, but evidently he looks at the pictures. He is like Mark Twain when he first saw the can-can danced in France; he covered his eyes with his hands. but he looked through his fingers. -Charleston (S. C.) Post.

The expressions of degenerates like Newton Dwight Hillis and Moncure D. Conway regarding the so-called negro problem merely make Southerners smile. The man who has no pride of race is on a par with the animal that has no preservative instinct against the crossing of the species .- Memphis Commercial Ap-

——If the price of pig iron is an unfailing sign of industrial conditions, it seems that the corner has been turned in the long boom this country has enjoyed. Four cuts, aggregating \$2.75 per ton, have occurred since March, but the price is still \$2 higher than it was a year ago. Steel billets are said to sell sometimes now \$2 or \$3 below the ruling figure. The fact, however, that the price of pig is still \$2 above what it was a year ago, shows that the line of prosperity remains high. Till recently large quantities of iron were being bought abroad in spite of the tariff, owing to the insistent demand here, notwithstanding our enormous production. With lower prices the disposition of railroads to defer purchases may be changed and business will continue brisk .-Baltimore Sun:

-- A great many of the papers in the country look upon Hanna's agreement to allow the Ohio Republican convention to endorse Roosevelt as a "back down," but we do not see it in that light, because we think it will be admitted that Hanna could have carried his point if he had chosen to do so, and he only desisted from his purpose at the urgent telegraphic solicitation of the President; and the very manner of his making the announcement that he would agree to the endorsement showed that he did so as a favor. It and an endorsement now does not necessarily mean that it will hold good when an endorsement means something .- Columbia Record.

CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY

Observed Yesterday at New Orleans, Nashville, Memphis, Knoxville and Other Places-Graves Decorated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW ORLEANS, June 3.-For the first time, June 3d was observed here as Memorial day. It formerly fell on April 6th, but the day was changed by the last Legislature. There was parade of veterans and decoration of graves and monuments. Judge T. C. Wells was the orator of the occasion The weather was unpropitious.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 3.-Th ecoration of the Confederate graves in Mount Olivet cemetery took place this afternoon under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy. The address was delivered by Rev. R. . Cave, of Clarksville.

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 3.—Confederate Memorial day was fittingly observed at Elmwood cemetery this afternoon, under the auspices of the Confederate Historical Association. and the Ladies Memorial Association. An interesting programme was carried out. The oration was delivered by Charles M. Bryan.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., June 3.-Con ederate Memorial day was observed here to-day. This morning the graves of the Confederate dead were decorated. The exercises were held at the Confederate cemetery. The oration was delivered by Rev. J. A. Lyons, of this city, after which flowers were strewn upon the graves.

FIRE AT BELFIELD, VA.

Part of the Business Section Destroyed Loss About \$30,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RICHMOND, VA., June 3.-A large portion of the business section of North Emporia (Belfield) was entirely destroyed by fire last night. The fire originated in the building occupied by Messrs. J. E. Mayes, H. W. Lamb, the Cato Collier Company and others, and swept Main street from the storehouse of W. B. Cato to the building of E. A. Hartley & Brother. It is estimated that the gross loss is about \$30,000, with probably \$7,000 or \$8,000

Worst of All Experiences. Can anything be worse than to feel that every minute will be your last? Such was the experience of Mrs. S. H. Newson, of Decatur, Ala. "For three years," she writes, "I endured insuf-ferable pain from Indigestion, Stomach and Bowel trouble. Death seemed inevitable when doctors and all reme-dies failed. At length I was induced to try Electric Bitters, and the result was miraculous. I improved at once. and now I am completely recovered."
For Liver, Kidney, Stomach and Bowel troubles Electric Bitters is the only medicine. Only 50 cents. It is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, drug-

LET ME SAY I have used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims. Very truly, (Rev.) H. W. Hathaway, Eliza-abeth, N. J. I TRIED Ely's Cream Balm, and to

DR.PIERCES COLDEN DISCOVERY BEOOD LIVER LUNGS

ERNEST HAYWOOD GRANTED BAIL.

In Jail at Raleigh Under Indictment for the Murder of Ludlow Skinner.

THE BAIL FIXED AT \$10,000.

Haywood Congratulated-Some Cheering in the Court Room-Trial of the Case Set for Week of July 13 Went to His Mother's Home.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

RALEIGH, N. C., June 3. -At noon to day Ernest Haywood, the lawyer indicted for the murder of Ludlow Skinner here, on February 21st, was granted bail in the sum of ten thousand dollars under habeas corpus proceedings. Haywood's countenarce did not change as the decision was anrounced.

There was some cheering in the court room as the result was an-nounced. The bond was immediately nade and on it nine sureties justified in the sum of \$70,000 dollars. Many out of town people telegraphed asking to go on the bond.

Haywood was congratulated by many friends and immediately after

the bond was accented was driven in closed carriage to his mother's home The trial of the case is set for the week

Two street fights have already taken place between witnesses on the opposing sides in this case.

BIDS FOR NEW WARSHIPS.

Opened at the Navy Department for Construction of the Minnesota, Vermont and Kansas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star WASHINGTON, June 3.-Bids were pened at the Navy Department today for the construction of the Minnesota, Vermont and Kansas, the three 16,000 ton battleships authorized by the last Congress, each to cost not exceeding \$4,212,000.

The Newport News Shipbuilding Company, of Newport News, Va. were the lowest bidders for one vessel the William Oramp & Son Ship and Engine Building Company were the only bidders for more than one ship. Following are the bids:

Newport News Shipbuilding Com pany one vessel, department's plans, to be completed in forty-two months from date of contract, \$4,110,000; William Cramp and Son Ship and Eugine Building Company, one vessel, de partment's plans, to be completed in forty-two months, \$4,190,000; or two vessels, department plans, in same time, \$1,181,000 each. Fall River Ship and Engine Building Company, Quincy, Mass., one vessel, department's plans forty-two months, \$4,179,000. Eastern Shipbuilding Company, New London, Conn., one vessel, forty-two months, \$4,192,000; New York Ship-building Company, one vessel, department's plans, forty-two months, \$4, 156,000.

It is supposed that the unsettled labor conditions throughout the country is the cause of the small number of bidders, and for the fact that only one company bid on more than one

These battleships willbe the most powerful vessels of the American navy. They will have a required speed of eighteen knots and a displacement of 16,000 tons.

THE T. PERCY JONES MURDER.

Ball in the Sum of Pive Thousand Dollars Each Granted to the Six Men in Jail at Wilson, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RALEIGH, N. C., June 3.-The six men-J. B. Piver, W. H. Rich, Gilbert Ward, John Allen, W. W. Barnes and George Whitley-imprisoned in Wilson jall and indicted for the murder of T. Percy Jones, an Ar-

kansas insurance agent, with five others previously allowed bail at twelve hundred dollars each, were to-day granted bail in the sum of \$5,000 Judge Brown says in his decision that the purpose shown in breaking into Jones' room was not to murder, but to drive him from Wilson, an unlawful act. In such a case, where murder ensues, he holds that though a conspiracy has been entered into, yet under the laws of North Carolina

it is murder in the second degree, and this is bailable. In his opinion, Judge Brown de-clares that the judges have it in their discretion to grant ball in any case, without exception. He states that the charge against the men is serious, and that for this reason he fixes the bail

at \$5,000 each.



FOR Over SIXTY Years MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has MRS. WIMSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhosa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other rind." and take no other bind

____ the The Kind You Have Always Bought Chart Helitcher

reumacide

FLORENCE, S. C., Aug. 16, 1902. Gentlemen:—I began to suffer from theumatism about three years ago, and had it very bad in my limbs. At times I could hardly walk. Was treated by I could hardly walk. Was treated by a physician without benefit. More than a year ago, Mr. George Wilson, an engineer on the Coast Line, living in Florence, told me that "RHEUMAGIDE" cured him. I got a bottle and it benefitted me. I took five bottles and am now as well as I ever was in my life. I regard "RHEUMAGIDE" as a great medicine. I know of others it has I know of others it has

S. T. BURCH.

DARLINGTON, S. C., Aug. 18th, 1862.

Gentlemen: About two years ago I had a very severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered great pain and was confined to my bed for five weeks. During the time I was treated by two Physicians without permanent relief. Capt. Harker, a conductor on the Atlantic Coast Line heard of my condition and sent me two bottles of "RHEUMACIDE." I began to take it and in a week I got up and walked on crutches. After taking three bottles of the remedy I got entirely well and went back to my business.

I personally know of a number of other bad cases that were cured by the use of your medicine, in this town and vicinity. It is all that you claim for it.

Truly, J. L. SISKRON. DARLINGTON, S. C., Aug. 19th, 1902.

Sold by Druggists. Will be sent express paid on receipt of \$1.00. Baltimore, Md., U.S. A Bobbitt Chemical Co.,

INCUBATORS VERSUS HENS.

Reasons Why the Former Are Better For Hatching Purposes. The day is past when the extensive poultryman tries to hatch with hens, as the way is entirely too slow. By the old way when he wanted to set 100 or 200 eggs, as the case might be, he had to find nine or eighteen broody hens and as many separate nests. Then they must each be tested with artificial eggs to see if they all really were in earnest, and this took nearly a week, and consequently this much time was

one will do the work of all these hens. Then after the hens were set they must be fed and watered daily and let out for exercise for at least fifteen or twenty minutes, and then their keeper; must see that each one gets on her own nest. This must be done daily for about twenty-six days, including the test days, and yet I have said nothing about dusting for lice and the washing of some of the eggs which are sure to become dirty and the repairing of nests as a further result. If all hens would behave just alike,

the task would not be quite so hard, but they will not, as some are overanxious and continually fuss and turn their eggs and break them in their efforts to do well, no matter what kind of nest they have. The incubator is not subject to this failing, but stays. quietly in its place, and no broken eggs or crushed chicks are found. The best incubators require but five or ten minutes' attention daily and can be kept in a room of the dwelling or outshed near by and can be looked after very easily, while a sitting hen is such a disagreeable thing that she is best kept at a distance. The incubator has another strong point in its favor from the fact that it is willing to sit when wanted, and this is a matter of no small note, as the chick that is ready for sale when broiler prices are highest is the money maker of the market chickens, while the early pullet is the winter egg producer and prize taker at the fair in the fall.

Of a certainty if you use incubators as hatchers you must use brooders as mothers, and this leaves the hens en-tirely free to do their best instead of running and eating with chicks and laying up fat which ought to go toward filling the egg basket. Chickens raised by artificial means escape the chance of being filled with lice before they are fairly out of the shell and being trampled to death by the mother hen and living in dirty quarters, for one hen will make more dirt in a day than twenty-five young chicks.-F. Baugie in American Poultry Journal.

He Knew Chickens. Mr. Suburb-What on earth are you

trying to do, neighbor? Mr. Nextdoor-Merely taking down a little of this fence so that I can move my chicken house over into your yard. "Eh? My yard?"

"Yes. I like to be neighborly and considerate of other people's feelings, you know." "Rut-er"-

"Yes. You shan't have any more cause to complain about my chickens scratching up your yard." "But you are moving your whole house over on to my property." "That's the idea. As soon as the chickens find their house in your yard they'll conclude that you own them

and will spend the rest of their natural lives scratching in my yard, you know."-Pearson's Weekly. Clean Incubator Eggs. It is not necessary to wash eggs before putting them into the incubator unless they have considerable dirt ad-

hering to them, in which case it is better to not use them at all. Ordinarily, however, it will not injure eggs to wash. them gently with clear lukewarm wa-

TERRIBLE STRAIN.

Wilmington People Undergo

the Pressure Every Day.

Many trades and lines of business mpose a terrible daily strain on the kidneys. They can't withstand it forever. They become irritated and inflamed, and the back warns you. Don't neglect it because its "only a backache." The kidneys are diseased and cry for help through the back. A well known Wilmington railroad man tells how relief may be found. W. G. Evans, engineer on the Atlantic & Yadkin R. R., residing at 307 North 4th St., says: "My back has bothered me a good bit right across the small of it, so bad at times I could scarcely run my engine and the jarring affected me simply awful. I rubbed my back with liniments, wore plasters and took medicines, but it was the same old story. Finally I learned about Doan's Kidney Pills and my wife went up to Bellamy's drug store and used Dr. King's New Life Pills. got a box. Their use relieved me Thousands of sufferers have proved For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo,

N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name-Doan'sand take no other. my 24 1w

If You Are Looking for a perfect condensed milk preserved without sugar, buy Borden's Evaporate Cream. It is not only a perfect food for infants, but its delicious flavor and richness makes it superior to raw cream for cereals, coffee, tea, chocolate and general household cooking. Prepared by Borden's Condensed Milk Co.

PROFITS IN CAPONS.

They Are Not So Large as Formerly. A Few Pointers. The demand, consequently the market, for capons is a peculiar one. While there is a very limited demand during the entire year, the bulk of them are sold between the holidays and spring. The turkey holds the place of honor at Thanksgiving, divides it with ducks and geese at Christmas and New Year's, and when these are past there is more inquiry for capons, which continues till April or May. So little call is there for them outside of this season that many if not all dealers cease quoting prices at other times.

The profit in capons is a mooted question. It will not pay to perform the operation on any but the larger breeds, and there are many individuals and many localities where it will not pay at all. While good capons usually sell for somewhat higher prices than roasting chickens, the difference in price between the two is less than formerly. In Boston it is said that the large part of the capons are dressed clean and sold as "south shore roosters." A capon must be fed for so long a time before marketing that the feed bill eats up a large part of the extra price.

Many poultrymen say that there is more profit in keeping pullets for eggs in the space that would be occupied by capons. But locality and circumstance must decide this point. A poor capon will bring no more than a chicken. The small sizes of capons, about five or six pounds, sell quite readily, but at lower prices. The large ones weighing nine, ten and twelve pounds, or even more, bring higher prices per pound. They take the place of turkeys to a consider-

able extent. The methods of dressing vary somewhat for different markets, and it wise for the grower to learn from the dealer or commission merchant in the market to which he purposes shipping as to any special demands. They are usually-and always for best marketsdry picked. It is customary with most growers to leave on the feathers of the neck, tail and wings. Some leave on more than others, but the carcass must show up its plump proportions and rich yellow color. For they must be well fattened. Sometimes I have seen capens in market which were well grown and fattened, but which had been scalded, badly dressed, feathers all off and which sold for no more than the same grade of chickens. A little extra care in dressing and packing would have paid handsomely. Dry picking is something that it seems impossible to teach except by actual practice. In short, it is a sort of knack with some people.-F. H. Valentine in American Agriculturist.

How to Repair Graniteware. Graniteware is universally used, and the best brands will get holes in the bottom. I mend my own, unless the holes are too large, by using a short copper rivet. Put the rivet through the hole, place the washer on the end, put the article to be mended on something hard, hammer until the rivet is perfectly tight, and the utensil will not leak when it is used.

How to Wash Chamois Leather. Never rub soap on chamois leather Instead soak for ten minutes when dirty in a lather made of one heaped tablespoonful of soap jelly, one teaspoonful of liquid ammonia and half a gallon of hot water in which you can comfortably bear your hands. Then squeeze and souse in thin suds, next in a similar suds prepared in the same way and finally rinse in warm water softened with a little ammonia. course, if rainwater is available no ammonia will be needed. Dry in a windy place, rubbing frequently to soften the leather.

How to Make Lemon Ginger Sorbet. To make this boil together for five minutes a quart of water and a pound of sugar. Add the juice of three lemons and set aside to cool. When quite cold, add half a cupful of finely chopped preserved ginger and four table spoonfuls of sirup. Turn into the freezer and freeze slowly until of a mushlike consistency.

How to Cure Blackheads. For blackheads bathe the face at night with water as hot as can be borne without scalding. Use castile soap and a flesh brush and give your face a thorough wash. Rinse with clear cold water and then massage with mutton tallow, which must be warmed as you use it. Rub it in thoroughly. In the morning wash the face with warm water only-no soap-and give it a dash of cold water. Never use powder or other cosmetics and avoid ill cooked, greasy or rich foods. How to Cleanse Sponges.

greeable to the touch, it can be restored to its original condition by the application of a raw potato. Cut a potato in halves and rub the sponge with the portions; then wash it thoroughly with water, and the slimy feeling will have quite disappeared. That Throbbing Headache

When a sponge gets slimy and disa

immediately. They are a good remedy for the back and kidneys and no mistake. I have not had a return of the backache since using Doan's Kidney Pills."

Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25c; your money back if not cured. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, drug-



COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARE !!

Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber STAR OFFICE, June 3. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market teady at 45%c per gallon. ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.70 per

barrel for strained and \$1.75 per bar rel for good strained. TAR-Market firm at \$1.65 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at \$1.75 per barrel for hard, \$3.00 for dip, \$3.25 for virgin. Quotations same day last year-Spirits turpentine nohing doing;

rosin firm at \$1.10@1.15; tar firm st \$1.45; crude turpentine firm at \$1.40, 2.50@2.60. RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine..... Rosin turpentine.

COTTON. Market nominal. Same day last year, market quiet at e for middling. Receipts-4 bales; same day

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commis-sion Merchants.]

PEANUTS-North Carolina, firm. Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish 75c. CORN-Firm, 65@67%c per bushel N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@ 15c per pound; shoulders, 10@121/c;

EGGS-Dull at 14@15c per dozen. CHICKENS-Firm. Grown, 20@ ic; springs, 15@25c. TURKEYS—Firm at 13@13½c for

BEESWAX-Firm at 25c. TALLOW-Firm at 51/2061/20 pe SWEET POTATOES-Firm at 60 BEEF CATTLE-Firm at 2@5c pe

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star MNEW YORK, June 3.-Money on call steady at 21/02% per cent., closing at 21/03 per cent; time money firm, days, 4 per cent.; 90 days. 4; per cent.; six months 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 434 @51/2 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488.25 for demand and at 485.25 for sixty-day bills. The posted rates were 485%@486 and 488% 2489. Commercial bills 485. Bar silver 53 %. Mexican dollars 42. Government bonds were irregular. U.S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 10514; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 10514; U. S. 3's, registered, 107; do. coupon, U. S. 4's, new registered, 1851/4; do. coupon, 1351; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 109%; do. coupon, 110%; U. 3. 5's, registered, 1021/4; do. coupon, 102%; Southern Railway, 5's, 115 bid. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio pref'd 8914 Chesapeake & Ohio 39%; Manhattan L 138; New York Central 1261; Reading 481; do. 1st preferred 83 4; do. 2nd preferred 65; St. Paul 150%; do. pref'd, 176; Southern Railway 26%; do. pref'd 89%; Amaigamated Copper 56%; People's Gas 99%; Sugar 122; Tennessee Coal and Iron 55; U. S. Leather 8%; do: pre ferred, 90; Western Union 8416; U. S. Steel 31%; do. pref'd 81%; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 58; sales shares; do. preferred, 120; sales — shares. Seaboard Air Line, common 23% @24%; do. preferred, 40% @41; do. bonds, fours, 80 % @80%; Atlantic Coast Line, common,—; no sales; do. prefer-red, unquoted. Standard Oll 650 bid.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star NEW YORK, June 3.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, June 3.-Spirits turpentine dull, nothing doing; no sales; Roain steady; sales — barrels: A, B,C, \$1 70; D, \$1 75, E \$1 75; F, \$1 80; G, \$1 85; H, \$1 35; I, \$2 95; K, \$3 00; M, \$3 10; N, \$3 15; W G, \$3 25; W W

SAVANNAH, June 3.—Spirits tur pentine—Holiday, no markets

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, June 3.-The cotton market opened firm at an advance of four to seveu points, and while not active showed further firmness immediately following the call under better Liverpool cables, moderate receipts for the day and covering, in connection with buying orders from Southern sources, notably from New Orleans, the headquarters of the bull leader, where the market closed owing to the holiday. Speculation was not active, but the bears seemed disinclined to sell freely owing to the uncertainty of the showing to be made in the monthly report of the government tomorrow, and the bulls met little opposition, prices going up quite readily to a level net five and ten points higher. At this point demand fell off and there was enough realizing to impart an easier tone to values, which sagged off from four to seven points from the best of the morning. Then came another rally under renewed covering, brought about by the moderate estimates for to-morrow's receipts and the low temperature recorred in important sections of the belt, which were thought likely to retard growth, and the market up to the beginning of the last hour ruled about steady at a little over last night's finals. Following this, however, there was more active selling for both accounts, attended by considerable talk of a better government report than expected, and consequently a report which had been over-discounted, and prices were forced down to a new low level for the day, closing at about the lowest except July, which recovered four points of its loss, just before the finish. The market was finally steady, net two points higher to eight points lower. Sales futures were estimated at 100,-000 bales.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Cotton dull at 11,50; net receipts 200 bales; gross receipts 200 bales; stock 171,503 bales. Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 11.50; middling gulf 11 75c; sales — bales.

Cotton futures market closed steady: June 11.11, July 11.19, August 10.65, September 10.05, October 9.58, November 9.48, December 9.42, January 9.42. ber 9.48, December 9.42, January 9.42.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 4.381 bales; exports to Great Britain 516 bales; exports to France 292 bales; exports to the Continent 378 bales; exports to the Continent Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 8,510 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,838 bales; exports to France 292 bales; exports to the Continent

232 bales; exports to the Continent 297 bales; exports to the Continent 41,181 bales; exports to Japan — bales.
Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 7,598,484 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,711,646 bales; exports to France 751,084 bales; exports to the Continent 2,751,785 bales; exports to Japan 185,106 bales.
June 8.—Galveston, quiet at 117-16c,

net receipts 316 bales; Norfolk, steady at 11%c, net receipts 102 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 11%c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 11.50c, net receipts 7 bales; Wilmington, nominal at 10%c, net receipts 4 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 11.75c, net receipts 21 bales; Savannah, holiday, net receipts 16 bales; New Oreleans, steady at 11 11-16c, net receipts 3.431 bales; Mobile, nominal at ceipts 3,431 bales; Mobile, nominal at 10%c, net receipts 110 bales; Memphis, steady at 11%c, net receipts 349 bales; Augusta, firm at 11%c, net receipts 718 bales; Charleston, firm at 11c, net

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegranh to the Morning Star

VEW YORK, June 3.- Flour was

receipts - balen

strong and higher but quiet; Minnesota patents \$4 20@4 50; winter patents \$3 75@4 10. Rye flour firmer. Wheat —Spot firm; No. 2 red 84%. Options declined sharply at the opening on better crop news but later rallied on renewed talk of damage. The close was steady at 10 %c net decline. Quoted: July closed 80 %c; September closed 77 %c; December closed 77 %c. Gara—Spot firm; No. 2 57c. Options market opened weaker, but was railied by the wheat upturn, closing partly % not higher. The sales included: luly closed 55 %c; September closed 53 11-16c; December closed. Oats— Spot steady; No. 2, 39%c. Options quiet but steady. Lard dull; West-ern \$9 25; refined dull; compound 7% @8c. Pork easy; family \$18 25; mess \$18 25@18 75. Butter quoted firmer; extra creamery 2214; State dairy 17@ 21%c. Cheese irregular; State, ful cream fancy, small colored, 10%; small white 10%c. Cabbages quiet; Norfolk, 75c@\$1 12. Freights to Liverpool—cot ton by steam 12. Eggs steady; near-by extras 1714@18c. Potatoes steady; Jersey sweets, baskets \$1@1 50; new Southern \$2 75@3 00; old prime \$2 00 @2 25. Peanuts steady; fancy handpicked 41/041/c; other domestic 23/4 @41/c. Rice firm. Tallow dull. Coffee —Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 5%c; mild easy; Cordova 7% @11%. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3%c; centriugal, 96 test, 3 9 32c; molasses sugar 2 29 82c; refined sugar dull. Ootton seed oil was firm and higher on scarcity, good demand for compound and covering: Prime crude f. o.b. mills 34%@35%c;prime summer yellow 41@ 41%c; off summer yellow 37%@38c; prime white 46@47c; prime winter yel low 46@47c; prime meal \$27 00@27 50.

CHICAGO, June 3.—There was a reversal of yesterday's bullishness on the Board of Trade to-day and the markets in general were a buyer, July wheat closing t@tc lower. July corn a shade higher and oats were up tc, while provisions closed from 71c to 15c lower.

OHICAGO, June 4.- Cash prices: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 78@79c; No. 3 spring 74c; No. 2 red 74½@75%c. Corn—No. 2 47½c; No. 2 yellow 48½c. Oats—No. 2 85½c; No. 2 white —; No. 3 do. 84½@37c. Rye—No. 2 49c. Mess pork, per barrel. 217 37½@17 50 Land per 120 rel, \$17 37%@17 50. Lard, per 100 18 80. Short rib side laose, \$9 20@930. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, \$8 00@8 12%. Short clear sides, boxed, \$9 87 % @10 00. Whiskey -Basis of high wines, \$1 30.

The leading futures ranged as fol lows opening, highest, lowest an closing: Wheat—No. 2 July, old, 75, 75%, 74%, 74%@74%c; July, new 74%, 74%, 75%, 74%, 74%; September, old, 72%, 73%, 72%@72%, 72%c; September, new, 721/0/721/4, 721/4, 821/0/721/4. 46%, 47%c; September 46%@46%, 47 @47%, 46%, 46%@47c. Oats—No. 2, July 34%, 35, 34%, 34%@35c; Septem-ber 2, 31%@31%, 32%@32%, 31%, 32 @82 1/4c; December 317/4, 32 1/4, 31 1/4, 32 1/4c. Mess pork, per bbl—July \$17 50, 17 50, 17 40, 17 45; September \$16 95, 16 97%, 16 87%, 16 17%. Lard, per 100 bs-July \$8 82%, 8 85, 8 82%, 8 82%; September \$8 85, 8 90, 8 85, 8 87%. Short ribs, per 100 bs—July \$9 40, 9 49%, 9 32%, 9 32%; September \$9 25. 9 25, 9 15, 9 17%.

FOREIGN MARKET

LIVERPOOL, June 3. - Cotton: Spot in limited demand, prices four points higher; American middling fair 6.78d good middling 6.58d; middling 6.49d; low middling 6.22d; good ordinary 5.98d; ordinary 5.78d. The sales of the day were 3,000 bales, of which 300 bales were for speculation and export and included 2,600 bales American. Receipts since last report 18,000 bales, including 4,800 bales American. Futures opened easier and closequiet; American middling (g o c June 6.17d; June and July 6.14d;

July and August 6.10d; August and September 5.97d; September and October 5.55d; October and November 5.25d; November and December 5.15d; December and January 5.12d; January and February 5.11d; February and March 5.11d.

MARINE.

ARRIVED

Steamer Sanders, Sanders, Little River, S C, Stone & Co. Stmr City of Fayetteville, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, James Madden. CLEARED. Simr City of Fayetteville, Bradshaw, ayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

Clyde steamer Navahoe, Johnson, Reorgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilming. ton, N. C., June 4. SCHOONERS.

Flora Rogers, 357 tons, Cranmer, George Harriss, Son & Co. J C Strawbridge, 758 tons, Coombs, C D Maffitt. Carrie A Bucknam, 235 tons, Torrey, J T Riley & Co. Nellie Howlett, 540 tons, Mumford, to master.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Corn

O. C. Railroad-8 casks spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin, 10 barrels tar. W. & W. Railroad—2 bales cotton. W., C. & A. Railroad—19 casks spirits turpentine, 47 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar, 29 barrels crude turpentine. A. & Y. Railroad-10 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels tar. W. & N. Railroad—7 casks spirits turpentine, 5 barrels rosin, 38 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer City of Fayetteville — 4 barrels rosin, 78 barrels tar, 28 barrels crude turpentine.

crude turpentine. Steamer Sanders—2 bales cotton 16 casks spirits turpentine, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 43 barrels rosin, 4 barrels tar. Steamer Black River-6 casks spirits turpentine, 8 barrels crude turpentine. Total-4 bales cotton 66 casks spirits turpentine, 125 barrels rosir, 99 bar-rels tar, 131 barrels crude turpentine.

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