

### THE WAR SITUATION

The recent five days battle of the Hun river, near Mukden appears to have been brought about by the troubles of Russia at home. Indeed the situation must have been desperate when General Kuropatkin, in the midst of winter quarters, was ordered to get out of his winter quarters and make a desperate assault on the Japanese in order to distract attention from the strike trouble and anarchy prevailing all over the czar's empire.

The result of that forced movement by General Kuropatkin was practically a defeat with the loss of 10,000 men killed or wounded. The fact is Russia has no more chance of winning in this war than the Southern Confederacy had in 1864 after her resources had been wasted in a vain effort to beat overwhelming forces and undiminished resources. The New York Times well asks: "Why should Russia continue the barren struggle in Manchuria?"

The Times goes on to say that the latest movement around Mukden by General Kuropatkin was plainly an attempt to feel the Japanese position and determine if it were possible to find a weak spot where an attack would not be hopeless. It has failed completely, so far as we can judge. So soon as it progressed far enough to betray its purpose it was met by a vigorous counter movement, and the Russians have been driven back with serious loss beyond the Hun river. Ten thousand men have been killed or wounded, and nothing has been gained. Further action of the same or more desperate kind can in all probability yield no better results. The Japanese have forced the Russians from all of Manchuria, the strongest fortified place of modern times has fallen into their hands; the fleet which alone could threaten their easy, prompt, and safe communications with their home base has been destroyed or captured; it is hard to see how they can be dislodged even if the effort to dislodge them could be kept up for years.

And what does one expect from a maintenance of such an effort long enough even remotely to threaten the exhaustion of Japan?

Another question: Why should the nations of the earth treat Russia in this situation otherwise than they would treat Japan? Suppose that the Japanese had suffered defeat from the time that they crossed the Yalu. Suppose that they had succeeded only in holding the passes of the mountains west of that region and were compelled to strain every resource to do that. Suppose that they had been out off on the sea, and forced to give up the siege of Port Arthur. What would have been the attitude of the powers toward Japan? Would they not have demanded that a vain and wasteful and disturbing conflict should be settled, and while trying to safeguard their own interests, as they did when Russia had defeated Turkey, would they not insist that peace should be made on the best terms practicable? Sooner or later, it seems inevitable that the intervention of Europe will occur. Why not now? The answer will be that one more decisive battle in Manchuria must be fought. But what reason is there to suppose that such a battle will do more than emphasize the present situation? All that can happen in the meantime in a military way is that each Power will strengthen its forces to the utmost, and, with the resources of each, the relative distance from the home base, and the efficiency of the two military systems, can there be serious question as to which Power will gain the more in the interval?

**YALE AND SOUTHERN EDUCATION.**  
This, from the Baltimore Sun, will be read with unusual interest: The Yale Alumni Weekly has an interesting article on the results of the trip made last summer in the South by Professor Sneath, of Yale, to acquaint the teachers of the South with Yale's plans and "put himself in connection with those who are the leaders in Southern education." Yale aspires to regain the Southern patronage it once had and make its opening of a summer school the occasion of a special effort. Professor Sneath is much pleased with his trip. He called upon nearly all the city and State superintendents of public instruction and attended a number of educational conventions. He met many teachers and principals. The result is that he is "enthusiastic," being impressed with the excellent spirit of Southern educators and the praiseworthy character of their work. It is the one of a well known "conference" of Northern would-be patrons of the Southern public school system and of the Southern school board, to search with microscopic eye for defects and dwell upon them alone, with the object of showing that outsiders know best how to educate the coming generation—especially future negro voters. But, according to Professor Sneath, their representations of the state of affairs in the South are misleading. Speaking of the public school system of the South, he says: "They have done great things

during the last quarter of a century. In the face of tremendous difficulties they have built up an excellent system of public instruction. This has called for much sacrifice on the part of the Southern people. But they were willing to make it, and have been very successful in it. It is the Civil War, and with a system of public schools in existence, they created a good system in every State. They have triumphed over economic, industrial, social, racial difficulties, and have given both the whites and blacks equal educational advantages. I take my hat off literally and figuratively to such a people, and we all ought to be thankful for such a noble achievement."

That is a just dictum. Appreciation of what has been done and what is doing must be the first step, if an outsider wishes to gain the confidence of Southern educators. The gushy method of devious approach with the object of getting control of Southern education and changing its character according to preconceived Northern ideas, an erroneous method, Yale will best regain its respect in the South by becoming the exponent of just views as to the actual work and aims of Southern educators and taxpayers.

**THE DELINEATOR FOR MARCH.**  
Containing the first authentic reports of the Spring and Summer styles, the March Delineator is of special interest to the woman of fashion, and a most attractive number throughout. A discussion of "The Use and Abuse of Armorial Bearings," by William Armstrong Crozier, is a noteworthy contribution, containing a fund of information in regard to coat armor that is little known or widely disregarded. N. Hudson Moore's article on "Old Pewter," the first in a series on kindred subjects, will appeal particularly to collectors, and the story of "Charlotte Elliott's famous hymn," "Just as I Am," as related by Allan Sutherland, is of greatest interest. Other features are "Robert and Clara Schumann," by Gustav Kobbé, in the Composers' Series, "The Game of Politics as it is Played in Washington"—and more particularly, woman's part in it—by "Marie Columbia," and a reproduction of miniatures from the Marie collection. There are two notable pieces of fiction in it—by "Zona Gale, and 'His Honor vs. Cupid," by Virginia Woodward Cloud, in addition to delightful verse. For the young folks, L. Frank Baum gives an "Animal Fairy Tale," Grace MacGowan Cooke a "Bon Riley Rabbit" story, and Lina Beard an amusing pastime. There are the usual departments and other matters of interest to women within and without the home.

The Delineator is the delight of a home and can be had from any bookstore or by addressing the Butterick Publishing Company, New York.

**CURRENT COMMENT.**  
—Is the Morse in the Dodge-Morse divorce scandal our old friend, Gen. R. E. Morse?—Baltimore Sun.  
—A diamond worth \$4,600,000 has been found near Pretoria. This beats all records. But wait until it is lost by a popular actress of a Wall Street broker.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.  
—The reading public would for the most part be willing to concede that Hannah E. is no lady and that Mr. Platt is no gentleman and let it go at that.—Washington Star.  
—Death was king in claiming Thomas Brackett Reed before Uncle Joe Cannon arose to make his usual look like a hat of expurgated regulations for playing the noble game of ping pong.—St. Paul Globe.  
—Before the investigation of the Colorado election frauds is ended it will probably be discovered that some of them voted ballots with scalloped edges, or medals in front of the names.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.  
—The Kansas Legislature has killed a bill requiring the Pullman Company to fumigate its cars in that State. The company probably showed that it always fumigated the cars as soon as they got out of Kansas.—Washington Post.  
—Mr. Toms stated in the North Carolina Legislature that growers reared a harvest of \$240,000 an acre. He, however, stated that only 25 acres in the United States were devoted to its cultivation. Why not more? This beats ten cent cotton, and rivals the pepper farms of Louisiana, where the principal ingredient of tobacco sauce is grown.—Nortolk Virginian-Pilot.  
—President Roosevelt insisted on a colored man for collector of the port of Charleston, and a colored physician has been promptly removed from a board of pension examining surgeons in Missouri because the people of the neighborhood protested against the appointment of a negro. If South Carolina had voted for Roosevelt its white population would also be treated with consideration.—Philadelphia Record.  
—Grave Trouble Foreseen.  
It needs but little foresight to tell that when your stomach and liver are badly affected grave trouble is ahead, unless you take the proper medicine. Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to a weak stomach, or indigestion, or biliousness, or any other ailment. Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to a weak stomach, or indigestion, or biliousness, or any other ailment. Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to a weak stomach, or indigestion, or biliousness, or any other ailment.

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## AFTER SICKNESS

VINOL IS A WONDERFUL TONIC AND STRENGTHENING.  
Robert R. Bellamy Refunds Money in All Cases Where it Falls to Give Satisfaction.  
"During the last few months there has been a great deal of sickness of one kind and another in this vicinity," said Mr. Bellamy, "and I want to say to the people of Wilmington that the one thing to give them the most relief and strength restoring blood, one that will give strength to every organ of the body," continued Mr. Bellamy, "I don't believe there is another remedy in the country equal to this Vinol, for making pure, rich, red blood and building up strength. I say this from my intimate knowledge of almost every medicine on the market, and after considering what Vinol is and has done." "Vinol contains every one of the body-building, medicinal elements of cod liver oil, without one drop of oil to upset the stomach and retard its work, and this, with organic iron, which is needed for the building of new blood, and a delicate vegetable wine, makes Vinol. It acts directly on the stomach, creates a healthy appetite and enables the digestive organs to obtain the necessary elements from the food eaten. It restores strength to the blood, and healthy flesh and muscle tissue, and creates strength, and you know what you are taking." "Continued Mr. Bellamy: "We have a good many letters like the following: "Mr. A. Manser, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., writes: "A severe fever left me in a very weak condition, and no matter what I could eat I was unable to get any strength, until through a friend I learned of Vinol. Two bottles worked wonders for me, so quickly did it restore my health and strength, and I am fast gaining in weight. Vinol is a wonderful strength creator." "In the strongest manner we unhesitatingly endorse and guarantee Vinol to increase the appetite, correct the troubles, give strength and renewed vitality to the aged, build up the run down, tired and debilitated and restore health to the convalescent, or we will refund every dollar paid up for it." Robert R. Bellamy.

**TWINKLINGS.**  
—First Comedian—I told my barber to order a new wig for me. Second Comedian—I don't blame you.—Philadelphia Bulletin.  
—Mrs. Kicker—"Does your cook know his place?" Mrs. Bocker—"That's just the trouble about my cook."—Harper's Bazar.  
—Mrs. Bagg—"Now, sir, do I make myself plain?" "Mr. Bagg—"No, you don't have to; the Lord attended to that for you."—Cleveland Leader.  
—Clara—"Do you think Dick Dobson is very clever?" Helena—"You can judge for yourself; I went sleigh riding with him last night and nearly froze!"—Detroit Free Press.  
—"Your husband told my husband that the doctor told him his wife would make him strong; does it?" "I guess it is going to; it has already begun on his breath."—Houston Post.  
—Seedy—Some people are always howling for more, no matter how much they have. Don't you think you'd be satisfied with enough? Greedy—Don't know; I've never had enough!—Detroit Free Press.  
—Mr. Lingerling—"How do you like the looks of this hat of mine, Miss de Muir?" "Miss de Muir—"I like the style of it exceedingly. I've been wondering for the last hour how you would look with it on."—Chicago Tribune.  
—I believe in keepin' this a free kentry," observed the Phobck philosopher, as he bit off a fresh chew of fatty plug, "but after readin' the definition of this nigger word, 'scandal,' it does occur to me that it might be a good thing if some men were not allowed to have money."—Pittsburg Post.

—At Magnolia on Wednesday Dr. Smith, the local physician, and Mr. Lloyd Merriman, a young man who arrived there Tuesday from Virginia, to visit his mother, started in a buggy for a bird hunt. When they arrived at the hunting ground, they got out of Dr. Smith's buggy and pulled it up to a tree, where the buggy exploded, and the entire load entered the breast of young Merriman. Dr. Smith immediately hastened back to Magnolia with his wounded young friend, and after making him comfortable at the home of the latter's mother, wired for Drs. John and Wm. Spicer, of Goldsboro, placing a special train at their service to take them to Magnolia. Drs. Spicer arrived at Magnolia at 10 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Dr. Smith is prostrated with grief.

—Raleigh News and Observer, Feb. 2: The people of North Carolina take a proper and neighborly interest in the Jamestown Exposition, which is to be held at Norfolk, beginning in May, 1907, to commemorate the three hundredth anniversary of the landing of John Smith at Jamestown, Virginia. Heartily welcome is extended to the progressive and patriotic representatives of the Exposition company who are in Raleigh and will be given a hearing in the Senate Chamber this afternoon. The interests of North Carolina and Virginia are so interwoven, that what concerns one State concerns the other. This is particularly true of the city of Norfolk, which largely owes its great prosperity to North Carolina business interests. The Exposition is a great occasion and North Carolina will take great pride in aiding the Old Dominion in making it notable.

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## HONOR WHERE IT IS DUE.

**WALLED SEUL.**  
The Ancient Capital of Korea and Some of Its Peculiarities.  
Seoul, the capital of Chosen, is built amid a network of hills eighteen miles circuit. It is the strongest walled city in the Far East. The walls are so thick that they would drive any but an Asiatic army forth into the ocean. It is poor in appearance, but rich in life. On autumn nights tigers frequently contest the right of way with belated pedestrians, and this is the chief reason why one has the entire street to oneself in a moonlight stroll after 8 o'clock. Metaphorically, one can scarcely see the town for the bald, bulbous and bullet headed Buddhist priests who fatten on the superstition of the populace.

On the morning of the 4th instant at half past six o'clock, the tourist watch led a schooner on the Fryling Pan Shoals about eight miles distant from the station, which he promptly reported to the keeper. Meanwhile there were surfburn on their respective boats. On their return preparations were at once begun to go to the stranded vessel. In the main cabin, Capt. W. H. G. and the Oakland Steamer Co. and the Cape Fear Light House, with a flag which the keeper and his assistants displayed. This was a sign to the sailors and the Oakland Steamer Co. that there was trouble on hand. Before eight o'clock we had our surf boat launched and on our way to the stranded vessel. In the main cabin, Capt. W. H. G. and the Oakland Steamer Co. and the Cape Fear Light House, with a flag which the keeper and his assistants displayed. This was a sign to the sailors and the Oakland Steamer Co. that there was trouble on hand. Before eight o'clock we had our surf boat launched and on our way to the stranded vessel.

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**PIPTH AND POINT.**  
Faith defies fate.  
Duty is always divine.  
A muzzle is not a cure.  
The time to boost is when you don't need it.  
He who cannot bear humility cannot wear honor.  
The best kind of hope is that which leads a hand.  
An empty dignity is as valuable as a hollow dollar.  
The work of this life writes the lesson for the next.  
Hitch your wagon to a star, but don't sell your mule.  
The only effective prison bars are those we forge with our habits.  
You cannot sanctify your sins by calling their consequences crosses.  
The soul with wings does not worry as to the stability of this world.—Chicago Tribune.

**SPIRITS TURPENTINE.**  
—The Corbett Buggy Co., of Henderson, has been authorized to amend its charter in order to increase the capital stock from \$30,000 to \$60,000.  
—Greenboro Telegram: An exchange which contends that there is too much legislation is outspoken in its contention that there is need for an improvement in the jury system.  
—The Asheville Citizen says that for the first time since the French Border river at Asheville was frozen over last week, it being possible to walk across the river on the ice.  
—Major J. T. Gardner, of Shelby, was elected colonel of the First North Carolina Regiment at the meeting of the officers of the regiment in Charlotte Monday afternoon. Major Gardner succeeds Col. J. O. Robertson, appointed adjutant general.  
—Greensboro Telegram: "Looks as if our local railroad matrons might find a dangerous rival in the form of the town of Southport. Chairman Barton, of the House committee on rivers and harbors, has announced his interest in Southport and says it ought to be the best harbor south of Norfolk."  
—Raleigh News and Observer: While most of the divorce cases are of negroes, there are altogether too many cases in which white people are seeking divorces. Of four cases on the docket in Wake this week, two were white and two were colored.

—The work at the Bell Green Orphanage at Montreat, near Asheville, has been abandoned and no attempt to rebuild the institution will be made. Wm. B. Streeter, superintendent of the North Carolina Children's Home Society, has decided to place the children in homes and will take charge of them within the next week or ten days.  
—Greensboro Telegram: Some of the Raleigh women have opened a warfare against the practice of throwing their paper on the streets. That is the reform they have taken in most of the large towns of North Carolina, all of them so far as we know. And yet it seems that it would be tolerably easy of accomplishment. Each person who contributes to the piles of waste that accumulate on the street could carry his part to his own waste-basket just about as easily as he can throw it down on the street.  
—Charles Caldwell, colored, who for a number of years has been a farmer about the home of Mr. H. A. Barnhardt, of Salisbury, on Tuesday stole cash estimated in the amount of \$500 from a safe in the dwelling. The money belonged to Mr. W. W. Reed, an elderly member of the household, who thoughtlessly left his safe door open only to be robbed during daylight hours by the trusted servant. The negro made his escape and all efforts to locate him have thus far been unavailing.

—At Washington, N. C., the Old Dominion States Company warehouse was the scene of a tragedy about ten o'clock Tuesday night. A darkey named Louis McCullough who came up on the schooner Venus went aboard the steamer Myers mistaking her for his own boat. He was directed otherwise and the assumption is that he walked overboard as he was in an intoxicated condition at the time. The body was discovered later by the deck hand on the Myers and with the assistance of the watchman he succeeded in fastening the body to the dock till it could be drawn out.

On pleasant days there is no better place to spend an hour or two than the beach. The 10 o'clock car lays over in the beach an hour and three quarters. The 8 o'clock car lays over an hour and one quarter.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

## WALLED SEUL.

**WILMINGTON MARKET.**  
(Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)  
STAR OFFICE, February 2.  
**SPIRITS TURPENTINE**—Nothing doing.  
**ROBIN**—Nothing doing; \$1.50 per barrel; 280 pounds.  
**CRUDE TURPENTINE**—Market firm at \$2.30 per barrel for hard, \$3.70 for soft.

Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine—Nothing doing; rosin firm at \$2.50; tur firm at \$1.40; bulbous and bullet headed Buddhist priests who fatten on the superstition of the populace.

**COUNTRY PRODUCE.**  
**PEANUTS**—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 90c; extra prime, \$1.00; fancy, \$1.10, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c. Spanish, 85c.  
**CORN**—Firm; 60c per bushel for white.  
**N. C. BACON**—Steady; hams 14c to 15c per pound; shoulders, 11c; sides, 10c to 11c.  
**EGGS**—Dull at 18c per dozen.  
**CHICKENS**—Firm. Grower, 15c to 16c; dressed, 12c to 13c.  
**TURKEYS**—Dull at 12c for live; 16c for dressed.  
**BEEF**—Firm at 37c to 39c.  
**TALLOW**—Firm at 5 1/2c per pound.  
**PORK**—Firm at 67c to 70c.  
**PEAS**—White, \$1.75 to \$1.85; clay, \$1.10 to \$1.25.  
**SWEET POTATOES**—Firm at 60c to 75c per bushel.  
**BEEF CATTLE**—Dull at 2 1/2c per pound.

**FINANCIAL MARKETS.**  
BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MORNING STAR.  
**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—Money on call firm at 1 1/2c per cent; closing bid 2 per cent, offered at 3 per cent; time loans steady; sixty days 3 per cent; ninety days 3 1/2 per cent; six months 3 3/4 to 3 1/2 per cent. Prime commercial paper 3 1/2 to 4 1/4 per cent. Sterling exchange was slightly easier, with actual business in bankers bills 48 1/2 for demand and at 45 1/2 for sixty day bill. T. B. Rice, 104 1/2; 4 1/2 and 4 1/4. Commercial bills 48 1/2 to 49 1/2. Bar silver 61 1/2. Mexican dollars 47 1/2. U. S. refunding 3 1/2. U. S. 3 1/2, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 3 3/4, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 4 1/4, new, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 4 1/4, old, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 4 1/4, old, registered, 103 1/2. American Tobacco 6 1/2, 11 1/2; Atlantic Coast Line 4 1/2, 10 1/2; Louisville and Nashville, united 4 1/2, 10 1/2; Seaboard Air Lines 4 1/2, 10 1/2; Southern Railway 11 1/2, 21 1/2; Stocks: Atlantic Coast Line 120; Baltimore and Ohio preferred 97; Chesapeake and Ohio 49 1/2; Louisville and Nashville 137 1/2; Manhattan 170; U. S. Central 143 1/2; Reading 92 1/2; do. Ist preferred, 98; do. 2nd preferred, 91; Southern Railway 84 1/2; do. preferred, 97 1/2; Amalgamated Copper 74 1/2; People's Gas 104 1/2; Tennessee Coal and Iron 7 1/2; U. S. Leather 14; U. S. Leather 9 1/2; ferred, 103 1/2; Western Union 93 1/2; U. S. Steel 30 1/2; do. preferred, 94 1/2; Mexican Central 23 1/2; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 24 1/2; do. preferred, do. preferred, closed 107 1/2; sales—shares. Standard Oil 64 1/2.  
**BALTIMORE, Feb. 2.**—Seaboard Air Lines, common, 12 1/2 bid; do. preferred 88 1/2.

**NAVAL STORES MARKETS.**  
BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MORNING STAR.  
**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine easy at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2.  
**CHARLESTON, Feb. 2.**—Spirits turpentine and rosin—nothing doing.  
**SAVANNAH, Feb. 2.**—Spirits turpentine firm at 5 1/2; receipts 42 casks; rosin firm; receipts 42 hogsheads; sales 3,069 barrels; shipments 3,561 barrels; A. B. C. 55 1/2 to 60; D. 60 to 65; E. 65 to 69; G. 69 to 74; H. 74 to 80; I. 80 to 84; J. 84 to 90; K. 90 to 94; L. 94 to 100; W. G. 95 to 100; W. S. 100 to 110.

**COTTON MARKETS.**  
BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MORNING STAR.  
**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—The cotton market showed a still further improvement in point of activity with business more general than for some days past. Fictitious orders were regular, however, and after having good net gains early in the session, prices closed without material change as compared with the figures of yesterday. The opening was steady, at an advance of two to six points. Some of the local scalpers had sold late yesterday on the theory that Liverpool would not respond to the American claims of the previous night and covering by this contingent on the morning would be quite as high as looked for, caused the initial bulge. There was heavy realizing at the advance, but there were other buyers, who ordered from outside sources in the hands of wire houses and after some hesitation the market advanced sharply selling about ten to thirteen points over last night's closing. The net advance of three points to an advance of one point.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—Cotton—The market was quiet at 7 1/2; net receipts 3,853 bales; stock 99,788 bales.  
Spot cotton closed quiet and 10 points higher; middling upland 7 1/2; middling gulf 7 1/2; sales 1,710 bales.  
Futures opened steady; February—March 7 1/2, April 7 1/2, May 7 1/2, June 7 1/2, July 7 1/2, August 7 3/8, September 7 3/8, October 7 3/8, November 7 3/8, December 7 1/2.  
Futures market closed steady; February 7 1/2, March 7 1/2, April 7 1/2, May 7 1/2, June 7 1/2, July 1 1/2, August 7 3/8, September 7 3/8, October 7 3/8, November 7 3/8, December 7 1/2.  
Total today, at all ports—Net receipts 12,117 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,111 bales; exports to the Continent 141 bales; exports to the Continent

**ROUGH ON THE LAWYERS.**  
They have a way of settling lawsuits in India that it would be well to copy here, according to the Springfield Republican. When a dispute arises over the ownership of land two holes are dug near together and the two opposing lawyers nicely planted up to the neck in the mud. The first one to become bitten by a bug or beast, or anything that he has to be exhausted loses the case for his client. This does away with unnecessary talking and adds an interesting element of chance to the game.

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**FINANCIAL MARKETS.**  
BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MORNING STAR.  
**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—Money on call firm at 1 1/2c per cent; closing bid 2 per cent, offered at 3 per cent; time loans steady; sixty days 3 per cent; ninety days 3 1/2 per cent; six months 3 3/4 to 3 1/2 per cent. Prime commercial paper 3 1/2 to 4 1/4 per cent. Sterling exchange was slightly easier, with actual business in bankers bills 48 1/2 for demand and at 45 1/2 for sixty day bill. T. B. Rice, 104 1/2; 4 1/2 and 4 1/4. Commercial bills 48 1/2 to 49 1/2. Bar silver 61 1/2. Mexican dollars 47 1/2. U. S. refunding 3 1/2. U. S. 3 1/2, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 3 3/4, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 4 1/4, new, registered, 103 1/2; U. S. 4 1/4, old, registered, 103 1/2. American Tobacco 6 1/2, 11 1/2; Atlantic Coast Line 4 1/2, 10 1/2; Louisville and Nashville, united 4 1/2, 10 1/2; Seaboard Air Lines 4 1/2, 10 1/2; Southern Railway 11 1/2, 21 1/2; Stocks: Atlantic Coast Line 120; Baltimore and Ohio preferred 97; Chesapeake and Ohio 49 1/2; Louisville and Nashville 137 1/2; Manhattan 170; U. S. Central 143 1/2; Reading 92 1/2; do. Ist preferred, 98; do. 2nd preferred, 91; Southern Railway 84 1/2; do. preferred, 97 1/2; Amalgamated Copper 74 1/2; People's Gas 104 1/2; Tennessee Coal and Iron 7 1/2; U. S. Leather 14; U. S. Leather 9 1/2; ferred, 103 1/2; Western Union 93 1/2; U. S. Steel 30 1/2; do. preferred, 94 1/2; Mexican Central 23 1/2; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 24 1/2; do. preferred, do. preferred, closed 107 1/2; sales—shares. Standard Oil 64 1/2.  
**BALTIMORE, Feb. 2.**—Seaboard Air Lines, common, 12 1/2 bid; do. preferred 88 1/2.

**NAVAL STORES MARKETS.**  
BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MORNING STAR.  
**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine easy at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2.  
**CHARLESTON, Feb. 2.**—Spirits turpentine and rosin—nothing doing.  
**SAVANNAH, Feb. 2.**—Spirits turpentine firm at 5 1/2; receipts 42 casks; rosin firm; receipts 42 hogsheads; sales 3,069 barrels; shipments 3,561 barrels; A. B. C. 55 1/2 to 60; D. 60 to 65; E. 65 to 69; G. 69 to 74; H. 74 to 80; I. 80 to 84; J. 84 to 90; K. 90 to 94; L. 94 to 100; W. G. 95 to 100; W. S. 100 to 110.

**COTTON MARKETS.**  
BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MORNING STAR.  
**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—The cotton market showed a still further improvement in point of activity with business more general than for some days past. Fictitious orders were regular, however, and after having good net gains early in the session, prices closed without material change as compared with the figures of yesterday. The opening was steady, at an advance of two to six points. Some of the local scalpers had sold late yesterday on the theory that Liverpool would not respond to the American claims of the previous night and covering by this contingent on the morning would be quite as high as looked for, caused the initial bulge. There was heavy realizing at the advance, but there were other buyers, who ordered from outside sources in the hands of wire houses and after some hesitation the market advanced sharply selling about ten to thirteen points over last night's closing. The net advance of three points to an advance of one point.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 2.**—Cotton—The market was quiet at 7 1/2; net receipts 3,853 bales; stock 99,788 bales.  
Spot cotton closed quiet and 10 points higher; middling upland 7 1/2; middling gulf 7 1/2; sales 1,710 bales.  
Futures opened steady; February—March 7 1/2, April 7 1/2, May 7 1/2, June 7 1/2, July 7 1/2, August 7 3/8, September 7 3/8, October 7 3/8, November 7 3/8, December 7 1/2.  
Futures market closed steady; February 7 1/2, March 7 1/2, April 7 1/2, May 7 1/2, June 7 1/2, July 1 1/2, August 7 3/8, September 7 3/8, October 7 3/8, November 7 3/8, December 7 1/2.  
Total today, at all ports—Net receipts 12,117 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,111 bales; exports to the Continent 141 bales; exports to the Continent

**ROUGH ON THE LAWYERS.**  
They have a way of settling lawsuits in India that it would be well to copy here, according to the Springfield Republican. When a dispute arises over the ownership of land two holes are dug near together and the two opposing lawyers nicely planted up to the neck in the mud. The first one to become bitten by a bug or beast, or anything that he has to be exhausted loses the case for his client. This does away with unnecessary talking and adds an interesting element of chance to the game.

## MUST BELIEVE IT.

When Well Known Wilmington People Tell It So Plainly.  
When public endorsement is made by a representative citizen of Wilmington the proof is positive. You must believe it. Read this testimonial. Every man, woman or child with any kidney trouble will find profit in the reading of  
B. H. King, the well known politician, residing at 705 Worcester street, says: "I had terrible pain in my back which worked around my side and in my stomach, I had at times that it laid me up. I used internal medicines and they did me no help. I put on plaster and rubbed with liniment, and none of them helped me at all. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills recommended I got a box of them at Bellamy's drug store. The next day after commencing to use them I noticed relief. Since using them a number of them I have not had an ache or pain in my back. It is with pleasure that I add my name to those endorsing the claims made for this remedy."  
For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.  
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

## MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port of Wilmington, N. C., February 3, 1911.  
**BOHEMANS,**  
Crescent, 397 tons, Maffey, C. D. Mat. H.  
**Wm Booth,** 435 tons, Edmond, C. D. Mat.  
**Harry W. Hayes,** 350 tons, Goodwin, C. D. Mat.  
**STEAMERS.**  
Kingswood, (Norr), 1,309 tons, Olsen, Helde & Co.

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Keeping in Stock  
Cuban  
Blossom  
AND RENOWN CIGARS  
They are as good as ever.  
Silver Coin Flour  
Can't be beat.  
H. L. Vollers,  
Wholesale Grocer and Distributor  
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## REMEMBER!

In addition to manufacturing Stills for Turpentine and Spiritive Plants, we do all kinds of repair work and Brazing in Copper. Also we do Plating in

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