

The Morning Star.

Founded in 1867.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD. Owner and Editor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Wednesday, July 17, 1907.

RECEIVERSHIP PLAN RIDICULED.

A Washington correspondent tells us that Summer dullness at the Nation's capital and the desire of a few Federal officials for glory are the reasons generally accepted for the development and great exploitation of the 'receivership' plan of dealing with trusts in general and the tobacco trust in particular.

It is furthermore said that rumors of a great and 'comprehensive' plan where the Federal Government would take in charge all of the monopolized industries of the country and conduct them upon a high plane, very much as some business enterprises are occasionally conducted upon a supposedly 'Christian' basis for a day or two, have been in circulation, but seem to have no foundation. The phase of the matter to which so much attention has been called is regarded by the saner officers of the Government, who are willing to speak their minds, as bizarre, even absurd, in its bearings and worthy of little attention.

A well posted correspondent says: 'The notion of having receivers appointed for the different corporations whose business is apparently in restraint of trade is presumably the product of Assistant Attorney General Purdy. Mr. Purdy was in the Department of Justice under Mr. Knox, and has been at the head of the 'trust-busting' work of the Department for a number of years. The plan is said to be warranted by the fact that in an ordinary suit for the dissolution of an illegal monopoly only an utterly illusive result is ordinarily obtained. For instance, in the Standard Oil suit at St. Louis, wherein the dissolution of the trust is aimed at, the outcome, supposing the Government to be successful, would probably be nothing more than the break up of a concern which in the meantime would have transferred its properties to others, or would have resorted to some similar and easy mode of evasion. As a matter of fact, that is about all that is expected in the St. Louis case. The victory, if it comes at all, will be 'moral' solely, and will not be likely to have any results of tangible character. In order to get some more definite effects the receivership plan is supported in some quarters. It is alleged that should some such relief be granted, the trusts thus dealt with would be placed in the hands of a Government administrator who could dispose of the different plants one by one to other parties, when he would have fulfilled his mission, and would then leave the constituent concerns to compete with one another as they did before the trust was formed. Why the plants would not go at once back into another trust just as they did before, and in what ways the Government receiver would be able to improve upon the 'deceit' with which business is now conducted, is not specified.

'Within the past two days there has been a marked reaction of feeling with reference to the plan which was so swimmingly launched. Some Federal officials are now inclined to claim that too much has been made of the notion of the receiverships. They say that in every equity proceeding there are always various remedies proposed for the correction of evils that are complained of. One of these is likely to be the appointment of a receiver, and that has been put forward in the present case as a possible way of proceeding. Few officials are willing to stand for the ridiculous inferences that are being drawn from the new plan, and they have been noticeably frightened at the suggestion that it is a scheme that would be a long step toward Socialism' because it would put most of the business of the country into the hands of the government for conduct. Sensationalism, they say, is responsible for the great stress laid on this feature of the plan. The fact remains that the idea received from some definite source a wide local advertising and was heralded as a departure in corporation control. Probably much more has been made of the proposition than had been originally intended, but it was solely through the work of sensation mongers that it received its thorough exploitation. The disapproval which is being manifested very pointedly in some quarters, is putting a different complexion on the situation.'

COTTON IN EAST AFRICA.

Bernard Dernburg, Secretary of State for the German colonies, left Berlin last Saturday for Naples, where he embarked for German East Africa to study the agricultural and commercial possibilities in that section of the continent.

Preparatory to this trip, says a Berlin cablegram, the Minister summoned a number of business men in conference in order to learn their wishes regarding commercial development, and he succeeded in inducing several representatives of the cotton industry to accompany him to investigate the possibility of making the East African colony a great producer of high grade cotton for the German mills, it hav-

ing already been demonstrated that cotton of the Egyptian quality can be grown in German East Africa with success. There is a movement now on foot among the German spinners to organize a company with a capital of \$2,500,000 to go into cotton growing in the colony on a large scale.

There is every reason to believe that many portions of the globe are capable of cotton production, but the cost of production and the expense of getting the cotton to consumers is always a consideration. We have no doubt that in time the sub-tropical portion of Africa will produce considerable cotton, but we have every confidence that our own cotton producing region in the South will always lead in the industry. However, we ought to improve our varieties of cotton. We do not pay enough attention to that matter, heretofore, thinking that any kind of old cotton seed is good enough to plant.

OUR HAVANAS TO BE HIGHER.

Like trade combinations in this country, there is a cigar combine in Cuba and they have had a strike on hand. The news from Havana is that the strikers are likely to win and that the combine will put up the price of our pure Havana cigars. A conference was held in Havana a few days ago between the members of the cigar manufacturers' combine and the independent firms for the purpose of arranging a settlement of the strike of the cigar-makers, who went out last February demanding the payment of their wages in American instead of Spanish money. No definite decision was reached, and the conference was adjourned for the present.

It is understood that the manufacturers are not willing to concede demand that wages be paid in American currency, but they are prepared to pay a ten per cent. increase in Spanish gold. These terms are believed to be acceptable to the strikers, and it is, therefore, probable that the factories will reopen this week. It is said that a corresponding increase in the price of cigars soon will be announced.

EVER THUS FROM CHIDHOOD'S HOUR.

The Chattanooga Times, with a penchant for the consistency of things and men, remarks:

'It is understood that Governor Comer, of Alabama, doesn't include the cotton mill in the class of corporations that ought to be subject to State regulation. The good old fable in the blue back speller about the ox goes right on finding ready application every day in the early days of the twentieth as it did in the early days of the nineteenth century.'

It might be observed that Harriman probably is guilty of what nine men out of ten would do when they want to 'eliminate' competition and secure a soft snap for themselves. We have lots of little Harrimans with us always.

THE DELINEATOR.

The August number of The Delineator has been received. It is a handsome number and is within covers that are artistic and beautiful. The magazine is beautifully illustrated with fashion plates and general subjects, and in its columns the latest Parisian and New York fashions are exploited in articles of the most delightful character. Art and home science get their full share of attention, and the literary feature of The Delineator is more than usually entertaining and valuable for lady readers. None should miss the series now running on 'The Marital Unrest; What is the Cause of It?' Society reading and other matters to charm and edify the home circle, make the August Delineator a candidate for widespread favor. It is sent a year to subscribers for \$1 and is on sale at 15 cents per copy. Address The Butterick Publishing Co. (Ltd), New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The firemen's meeting at Wilmington will be a hot affair, but none will die of thirst.—Durham Sun.

—If the Philadelphia reporters want to get into the nature-fakir class, let them tell of Elks who can spend a week in that town without being driven to drink.—Washington Post.

—At least no one will accuse Mr. Kitchin of double dealing after his speech in Union county Saturday. He said Saturday and he said it without any equivocation, that he stands with the radical wing of his party.—Salsbury Post.

—After a while the courts will gain in wisdom to such an extent that when they want information as to the business methods of trusts they will summon the \$15 clerks instead of the millionaire presidents.—Washington Post.

—For some time there has been talk of celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of Greensboro, which occurs in the year 1908, in a manner befitting the progress made by the city during its century of growth and development. Yesterday this movement, as told in our news columns, took definite shape and from now until the day when we meet in the Gate City of North Carolina there should be interest and doubtless will be no lagging of interest or want of effort.—Greensboro Industrial News, July 14.

—The Richmond News-Leader, a profane newspaper, casts doubt on the authenticity of the story that Marshal Ney was a school master in North Carolina, and that he died. Nothing is better settled in North Carolina. All the North Carolinians are sure of the fact that Napoleon's

brave officer was not shot in France, but that he was transformed or trans-lated into a North Carolinian. They are required to believe it and write, not pamphlets, but books about it. The death of Miss Ney, the artist, should not 'revive the discussion,' as our contemporary predicts in regard to it. For the sake of peace and comfort, and in the interest of the suppression of violence and crime, everybody should admit that Marshal Ney was a native of Alamance County, N. C., if not of Buncombe or some other county, just as Carrie Nation is, and that at the age of two weeks he emigrated to France, became a great soldier and later escaped to the home that his heart yearned for. The evidence that Marshal Ney was a schoolmaster in North Carolina is much stronger than that Andrew Jackson and the Mecklenburg Declaration were natives of that State, and from these beliefs no North Carolina gentleman departs on pain of death.—Charleston News and Courier.

TWINKLINGS.

—'I thought you said your son was proficient in three languages?' 'He is. He can talk stage slang, baseball slang and slang.'—Chicago Herald.

—Foote Lights—Did he get a call last night? Miss Sue Brette Yes several. Foote Light—Curtain calls? Miss Sue Brette—No; call calls.—Yonkers Statesman.

—Billboard—Did you look over those advertisements I prepared? Circus Manager—Yes, and you'll have to prune 'em down. They read like a lot of book notices.—Puck.

—She—Your friend over there claims to be a woman hater. He—Yes, but the lucky devil lacks experience. He has never been married.—Smart Set.

—'We've only got a knife or two packed in the basket with the pie. What shall we do?' 'That's all right. Up yonder I think you will find a fork in the road.'—Baltimore American.

—'What makes you think that Timmins is ideally married?' 'Because one day when he invited me to dinner we were late, and she merely asked whether the home team won.'—Washington Star.

—Mr. Flatwell (his first Atlantic voyage)—Do you know, Mary, that this ship burns 400 tons of coal every day. Mrs. Flatwell—William Henry, have you been letting the janitor stuff you with any such fairy tale as that? Puck.

—'Mr. Wapleson,' said Mrs. Odcastle, 'has a heart of gold.' 'Dear me,' replied her hostess, 'is that so? I knew he got hurt in the army so he had to have a silver plate in his jaw, but I'd never heard about the other.'—Chicago Record-Herald.

Light Lunches for Hot Days.

Summer time is the season when light refreshments of some kind are needed almost every day for little trips and outings—to entertain casual guests and for luncheon on days too warm for heavy foods.

There are many summer time biscuits and wafers and packed in packages that keep out all dampness and dust of travel and absolutely preserve the original oven freshness of the contents. Among the most popular of these dainties are Social Tea Biscuits. They are so appropriate for many different occasions that a few packages in the house prepares you to serve a light refreshment without a moment's notice.

Social Tea Biscuits are a real food, but so light and unusual that they tempt the appetite and make a welcome accompaniment to luncheon, desert or dinner—a social cup of tea or cooling beverage.

Always serve Social Tea Biscuits from the original package, because then you are sure that no dust or dampness has reached them and that you will enjoy all their original freshness of flavor.

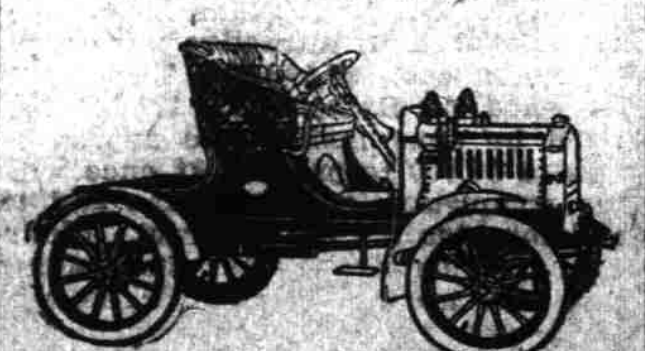
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other.

GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, JUNE 30TH, 1906, SERIAL NUMBER 1098.

The Seaboard Air Line commencing Friday the 5th, will place on sale coach excursion tickets to Portsmouth Va., account Exposition twice a week, on sale Tuesday and Fridays, July 6-8.



THE MAXWELL



THE LADIES' CAR

July 14-17

The Greensboro Keeley Institute!

The Only one in North Carolina

Note of Warning

To the Public:

The Keeley Cure has now been in successful operation for 28 consecutive years and the merits and reputation of the Dr. Leslie E. Keeley Remedies have been thoroughly established. Because of this fact, many imitators are seeking to turn this knowledge to their own advantage by falsely claiming that they are able to sell and administer our remedies and treatment. It should be borne in mind that the Keeley Remedies are only to be obtained at establishments known by the uniform name of The Keeley Institute. There is one or more of these establishments in nearly every State in the Union, besides several in foreign countries. THERE IS ONLY ONE KEELEY INSTITUTE IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, AND THAT IS LOCATED AT GREENSBORO. At all Keeley Institutes the remedies used are procured from our laboratory, and in all cases they are administered by physicians who have been especially instructed by us. It follows, therefore, that all other establishments claiming to be able to sell our remedies and administer our treatment are obtaining money under false pretenses and will be dealt with accordingly. The public is warned that under no circumstances can Keeley remedies or treatment be obtained except at authorized Keeley Institutes. These imitators sometimes adopt similar names to those by which our remedies are known, but if patients will take pains to see that they are in an authorized Keeley Institute they need not fear impostors. The Keeley remedies will cure inebriety, all kinds of drug poisoning, the tobacco habit and neurasthenia; they are never administered in hospitals and no patients are treated at Keeley Institutes for other than the above named diseases.

THE LESLIE E. KEELEY CO., Dwight, Illinois.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, at Greensboro, N. C., is the only one in this State, and all representations that there is in this State any cure that is identical with or the same as the Keeley Double Chloride of Gold Cure, are malicious, false and made for the purpose of deceiving. We learn with vindictive regret that such claims are being made, and feeling that if it be harmful to us it will prove even more disastrous to those who are deceived thereby, we sound this note of warning.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Greensboro, N. C.

Teddy Bears at Gaylord's 50c to \$5.00. Opens Thursday, July 18, for 9 days.

WAIT! WAIT! WAIT!

The Greatest of our History. 18th JULY 18th GEO. O. Gaylord's Mid-Summer Sale

\$60,000 Stock of Seasonable Merchandise to be Sold a Big Sacrifice.

Our Store will be Closed all Day WEDNESDAY, JULY 17th to arrange our Entire Stock for Quick Selling.

THURSDAY. 100 Dozen extra size 15c Turkish Bath Towels, 10c each. One box to a customer.

LITTLE NOTIONS BUT BIG VALUES THURSDAY, JULY 18.

- 5c Bottle Vaseline
5c Bottle Ink
5c Handkerchiefs
5c Bottle Muellage
5c Bottle Machine Oil
5c Paper Pins
5c Lead Pencils
5c Tablets
5c Fans
5c Card Hook & Eyes
5c Safety Pins
5c Bunch Braid
5c Glasses
5c Tin Pans
5c Cake Soap
5c Hair Combs

NOTE THESE VALUES FOR THURSDAY, JULY 18.

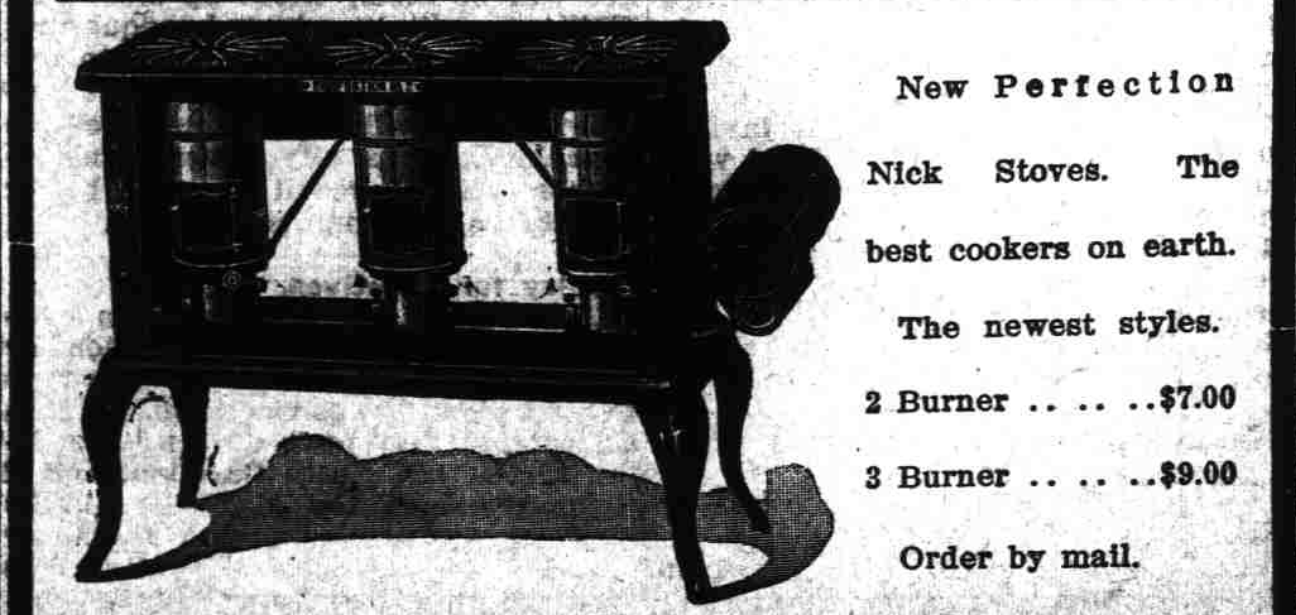
- 10c Ladies' Gause Vests
25c Sheet Music
10c Men's Sox
25c Boys' Caps
15c Children's Caps
15c Bonnets
10c Ink Tablets
5c Box Soap
25c Water Buckets
75c Boys' Wash Suits
\$1.00 Fountain Pens
\$2.00 Fountain Pens
10c Ladies' Collars
15c Ladies' Collars
10c Fans
25c Tooth Brushes
15c Ladies' Belts
15c Children's Sox
10c Pearl Buttons
\$1.50 Mosquito Canopies

Big Stores Open Thursday, July 18th. Sale Lasts Nine Days Only.

GEORGE O. GAYLORD, 210, 212 and 214 North Front Street.

Teddy Bears 50c to \$5.00. Extra help to serve you. July 14-17

OIL STOVES! OIL STOVES!



N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

Read Star Business Locals

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS.

Practical education in Agriculture; in Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical engineering; in Cotton Manufacturing, Dyeing and Industrial Chemistry. Tuition \$45 a year; Board \$10 a month. 120 Scholarships.

Address PRESIDENT WINSTON, West Raleigh, N. C.

July 6 1m*



A Pleasant Prospect in View

you have when you are mixing a hot weather refresher and thirst destroyer in a claret punch or iced claret. It is a delicious Summer drink, and for real enjoyment do not fail to have a case of this choice stock on hand from The

ATLANTIC CAFE

Opposite A. C. L. Depot. GIESCHEN BROS, Props July 10-17

HUGH MacRAE & CO.,

WE BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION:

SOUTHERN SECURITIES. COTTON MILL STOCKS. NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS.

LARGE STOCK

-WE HAVE-

- 50,000 Feet 1 inch Dry Kiln Pipe.
5,000 Feet all size Boiler Tubes.
60,000 Feet all size Leather Belt.
50,000 Feet all size Rubber Belt.
5,000 Feet all size Fire Hose. Also Engines and Boilers. Give us a Call.

HYMAN SUPPLY CO

'Everything for the Mill.' N. Front Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Office Supplies

Filing and Records Systems,

Loose Leaf Devices.

The Fox Typewriter

Blank Books, Etc.

R. C. DeRosset,

Bookseller and Stationer.

July 12-17

Ice-Cold Water-Melons.

AT THE

PALACE MARKET.

DELIVERED ANYWHERE IN THE CITY. PHONE NO. 72.

July 12-17

Up-to-Date Livery Service is assured the Traveling Public at greatly reduced prices at the.

FORMY-DUVAL STABLES,

WHITEVILLE, N. C.

For particular, call at the

FORMY-DUVAL HOTEL

One block North of the Depot. July 4 1m.