Hat Library

Columbus Superior Court for the murder

alleged to have been committed on the 17th of September, 1863, within a few days of

being fourteen years ago. Suggs, who is

5 years of age, was arrested on Thursday

made by him while under the influence of

liquor, since which a true bill has been

PERSONAL.

night for telling what he knows about

Una Hawthorne, daughter of the Americanovelist, died at Clewer on Monday.

asand, Stanley Matthews must be

Schuyler Colfax demands \$100

Hawkeye: "Talk is cheap;" yes

- A beautiful woman of New

- The Twelve Apostles have hired

lawyer to find out what is left of the

- Circassian women are selling

ods for the wounded soldiers. Some of

Church Fund of Mormondom. They will

heir magnificent hair in order to provide

their tresses, four feet two inches long, are sold in London.

ardly find enough to fee the lawyer.

eeth with the tail of a herring."

York is now in the Bloomingdale insane

found by the grand jury.

nt \$9,000,000.

bility and old age.

"Corkagian." [Caucassian.]

sylum, her insanity having been by the use of enamel on her face.

t, upon the strength of certain admissions

of one B. II. Watkins, which h mielde is

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6 months, "

THE SOUTH CAROLINA PLUNDER

The former Treasurer of South Carolina, in Radical times, Niles G Parker, now living in New Jersey, has made a full statement or confession in regard to the rascalities of the Radical thieves in South Carolina. The interview is published in the New York World, and occupies nearly four columns of that paper. Parker confesses his own complicity in the stealing, and implicates Chamberlain, Scott, Moses, Patterson, Kimpton, Cardoza and the rest of the roguish set. It is terrible, a shocking revelation of natural depravity and Radical rascality. Chamberlain was in in the pot of gold up to his very elbows. The whole story is remarkable, and is no doubt true in all of the main particulars.

If this shameful exposure does not open the eyes of the Northern people wider than ever as to the extent and character of the rascalities and plunderings of the carpet-bag thieves who infested the South, and who ate up the substance of the people, we know not what will awaken them. South Carolina was plundered awfully, and so was North Carolina and Louisiana and all the other States. The Repub lican party has a terrible sin to answe for. It has exhibited a reckless ness, a stupidity, a malignity, cruelty that is something marvellous It turned loose its swarms of rogues and plunderers upon the South to de stroy and consume and pillage, and when the Southern people became uneasy, rebellious or restive under such inflictions, then the most awful lies were invented by the scoundrels against our people, and Grant came down upon them with his blue coats and his bayonets. Oh, how the South ought to love Radicalism! How it ought to cherish in its heart of hearts Grant, Cameron, Morton, Butler, Blaine, Edmunds, and the other

leaders. North Carolina was pillaged for six years, or more, just as South Carolina was, and more than ten million of dollars were stolen from 'the people by the Northern scoundrels, aided and abetted by home thieves, and lice came upon the land of the Pharaohs. To day, living in our State, are men who grew rich out of the plunder they got in the days of riotons living and universal thieving. Can they be reached now? If so, they ought to be tried for their high crimes and misdemeanors. If we only had a Parker now who would "a tale unfold," what a fluttering it would make in the Radical dovecote.

Mr. Stoughton, in his reply to Judge Black, tries to make out that his charges of corruption and stealing did not amount to much. Altogether Stoughton seems to have regarded the Packards, Chamberlains & Co. as a precious set of very meritorious, honorable, and injured individuals. How Judge Black will larrup him with the scorpion of trath and how Parker's confession will be come a club in his strong hands to

brain the superserviceable apologist. The sum stolen in South Carolina we believe, aggregated not less than ten million dollars. To-day we cannot enter into particulars. We have only space for the following part of Parker's testimony concerning Chamberlain, a specimen carpet-bagger:

"During these six years the corruption and peculation increased yearly, and it is idle to attempt to palliate or deny it. If the present investigation in South Carolina is pushed the extent of the corruption will be laid bare, and all who were parties to it

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1877.

ill be brought to judgment. All that I it for is that the pare which each one of e ring took in the transactions of those o and Kimpton to deny that they were ivy to what was going on is simply absurd. ome things, undoubtedly, Chamberlain id no hand in directly, though they were one under his nose, and he must have on about them . In other transaction name did not appear, but there can be estion that he was concerned in then ne way. In other cases still be reaped of benefit from his co operation. te the case of the Marine and River. sphate Mining Company. The stock of company was owned largely by memorate the ring, and Chamberlain held one fifteer the ring, and Chamberlain held one-fifteer the of it. It was \$500,000, I believe, in all, so that Chamberlain's share of the stock was \$32,200. Tim Horley, Chamber-lain's right-hand man, and the treasurer of Charleston county, jobbed the bills for its benefit through the Legislature. Then there was the Greenville and Columbia Railroad. The bills passed in connection with this ere notoriously disreputable. Its stock was held in twelve shares, I f \$25,000 each. Scott, Neagle, Pat-Hurley, Crews and myself were stockholders. I know also that Chamberlain received 22,000 direct for his connection with a transaction which I do not yet care to make JUSTICE BRADLEY.

VOL. 8

We are not disposed or even willing to do even Jo Bradley injustice, however much we condemn his con duct, and however poor an opinion we have of his ability and honesty. He is a judicial partisan, and has decided a grave political question according to party bias. This we believe most sincerely. But Jo has published a defence, in which he makes the strange confession that he had no decided convictions about the Florida | the record intentionally, but that he matter.-that he fluctuated from day to day and hour to hour-swinging like see only one side of the story, and a pendulum from this side to that side then the same day writing an opinthe ass between two bundles of fodder, knowing not which to choose, or how to decide. Whether he was bribed is the question. This he denies. That he acted in bad faith towards his conscience and the country we have no doubt. That he was bought up to act as he did is more than we know. He denies that any carriages surrounded his residence, and declares that "not a single visitor called at his (my) house."

No one questions his right to change his mind, provided he made an honest change. No one questions his right to put his opinion on paper, but his vacillation, his uncertainty, his shifting from side to side shows that he has an indifferent judicial mind that is unstable, and is easily led captive "by every wind of doctrine." The Baltimore Gazette says:

"If, therefore, it is true that outside in fluence was not brought to bear upon him, no charge of actual corruption can properly lie against him. In this respect Mr. Brad-ley's defense seems to us to be a sufficient one, and should be accepted as such until it shall be shown that the facts are not as

But if he was not bribed or unduly influenced to do as he did, he will find it very difficult to explain how it was he tested Louisiana by one rule and Florida by another rule-how it was that "sauce for the goose was not | Taylor has written-his own justifisauce for the gander." In other words, he has not told how he came to vote with the Democrats in allowing Humphreys, elector from Florida, to be eligible, when no doubt had been raised, but when the case of the Louisiana electors came up he refused who came as the Egyptian locusts to hear the evidence. He readily ing at a glance that gross and manihears evidence where there is no doubt, and evidence is not necessary, but will not hear evidence when there is doubt, and when evidence is indis- amiability of North Carolinians that pensable. The Gazette, commenting upon this singular inconsistency, well

oes not at all explain, for it is impo that he could have honestly believed that lity. The truth of the matter is that whatever his secret relations to the Republican conspirators may have been, Mr. Bradley displayed from the first, not a desire to get at the truth, but to discover some pl pretext for shutting it out, and it was the difficulty of doing this which gave him so

We have long thought that Mr. Randall should be re elected and have so said. He made one of the best Speakers who have ever presided over the House of Representatives. We clip the following from the Baltimore Gazette:

"The Richmond Enquirer thinks the re-election of Mr. Randail will vindicate the unity of the party." Yes, and to fail to re-elect so good a Speaker would not help the House in the public estimation."

Both of these papers are intensely partisan. We are glad to see such expressions from them as the above.

- At Red Hill Baptist Church, Anson, there were recently fifteen conver-ions, and at Brown Creek there were nine.

Gov. Vance was making a speech n Norfolk some few years ago-1872, we believe-when he referred to the political outlook in Virginia, and said: "We of North Carolina have watched the wisdom of you Virginians in the way you have manged your political affairs, and we are disposed to follow your lead. By the way, it is not only in politics that have sometimes followed Vir ginia. Our brave North Carolina boys followed your Virginia Genrais throughout four years of errible war, and if they had not one so God only knows what would have become of you all." Perhaps Col. Taylor was one of the audien and if so, we wonder how he relish he truthful pleasantry of the gifted North Carolinian? We are reminded of this by the solemn joke now being played off upon the credulity of Vir ginians and the world by Col. Taylor, through the Philadelphia Times and the Norfolk Virginian, to-wit that Pickett's division was the only organized body that got into the enemy's works on the third day Gettysburg. There is no broader ioke than that in Jo Miller, and nothing farther from the truth in the pages of the Munchausen, Peter Wilkins, Gulliver, Arabian Nights or Jules Verne. Not that we would intimate that Col. Taylor is falsifying is so consumed by State pride as to that side is his side. In other words, -writing this time on one side, and he exhibits more ability to write a romance than a grave history that deals ion on the other side, and thus, like with facts as well as character. He saw something, he heard something, and presently the world is startled with a composition that has in some particulars as much historic basis as Victor Hugo's account of the battle of Waterloo. The great Latin historian, Tacitus, held that it was the chief office of the torian "to rescue virtuous actions from the oblivion to which a want of records would consign them." The chief office of the Virginia historians appears to be to glorify their own people at the expense of others, and to give to other soldiers a most damning "record." It would be better to "consign" them to an eternal "oblivion" than to surround their

> We have read the Raleigh Observer's reply to the Norfolk Virginian's apology for Colonel Taylor's unfair and incorrect account of the third day's fight at Gettysburg with singular satisfaction. It is a very conclusive rejoinder, and scatters the attenuated sophisms and specious statements of the Virginian to the four winds. We suppose the article in the Virginian is an authoritative defence of what Col. cation before the world for what he has done. As such it is a most "lame and impotent conclusion," made up of gossamer facts and brittle arguguments that have been easily crushed by our Raleigh contemporary. No man can read the reply without see fest injustice has been done to North Carolina. It is certainly expecting a great deal of the forbearance and they should remain quiet under repeated censure and slander. We agree with the Observer that Col. Taylor need expect no forgiveness of North Carolinians unless he "makes the retraction over his name." He cannot use his own influence, and the prestige of his great chief, Gen. Lee, whose precious memory all North Carolinians delight to love and revere, in order to bolster up an incorrect and unkind report of an important battle, and to reflect upon the courage of as brave men as ever fought or bled for human liberty, without a united, earnest protest from the whole press of our State, and from every surviving soldier in it.

names with a haze of suspicion and

cowardice.

The Observer has written with unwonted vigor and clearness, and has struck a blow for truth and justice that will not be forgotten soon. But hear the Virginian:

"Not one word of his sustains the charges of the Observer, and should the old North State ever need any one to testify in her behalf, we know of none, even among her sons, would prove a more willing and effective witness than he would be; for we have heard him assert that no State exceeded North Carolina in her contribution of men and material during the war, and that none oqualled her in her care for the soldiers. And we are confident that no one regrets we trust it may.— Oxford Torchlight. been sold.

ed the utmost conf wes it to the memory and the fame of tha great man, that the true history of Gettys-burg should be told. He has told it truth-fully, calmly and impartially, and those who are best qualified to judge, bear wit-ness to the accuracy and justice of his par-rative."

North Carolinians do not value such praise as that. Col. Taylor may admit that "no State excelled North Carolina in her contribution of mer and material." He might say more than that if he were disposed to do her full justice. He could truthfully my that she furnished more "men nd material" than any other State. North Carolina furnished over 121,

of nearly 4,000 she retained at home The largest white vote ever polled prior to the war was in 1860, when 112,500 votes were the total. This not an empty assertion. It is matter of official record, as Col. Tay or may learn by applying to Gov. ance. The record is in Raleigh. Now Virginia, exclusive of West Virginia, gave more votes in a1860 than North Carolina did. She does not claim to have furnished but 103, 000 soldiers, as we have seen stated Let Col. Taylor examine into this matter, and he will ascertain that he is authorized to say that "no State" equalled "North Carolina in her contribution of men and material." She not only furnished more men, and dothed them better than the other States, but she supplied the Confederate Government with hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of clothing for the troops from other States. When Sherman got to Raleigh there was enough clothing packed in boxes in the capitol to have lasted our State troops another year, possibly longer. He may well say, if it so pleases

him, "that none equalled her in her

care for her soldiers." She is richly

entitled to all that and to much more, but the question is, how did her soldiers fight? Were they equal to the best, the foremost in battle, or did they skulk, and flee when danger encompassed them and brave men fell? Colonel Taylor has given exceeding glory to his own State troops, whilst he places North Carolinians in a light that is anjust to them, and is not sustained by the plain and unmistakable facts. Whilst he describes his own troops as behaving very grandly, he attributes to North Carolinians a want of those soldierly qualities which always distinguish heroes. We confess that such historical writing is exceedingly distasteful. If the future historians follow his example, and the example of Pollard and Mc-Cabe, of his own State, the real facts of that battle will never be known. As North Carolina took such excellent "care" of her soldiers during the war, it behooves her press and public men to take equal "care" of their reputations in time of peace. Thousands of North Carolinians were slain in the battle of Gettysburg, and their memories should be shielded from

the stabs of injudicious writers. If it be true that Colonel Taylo would prove a willing and effective itness in behalf of North Carolina, it is very singular that he endeavors to prejudice her in the only published article of his on the war. Does he call that backing his friends? Can that be his idea of "testifying in her behalf?" North Carolina soldiers have been studiously slandered for fifteen years-since Pollard published his first volume during the war-and we have never heard of Colonel Taylor coming to her rescue, or defending

The witnesses introduced by the Observer disagree on minor points, but they are a unit in one particular THAT NORTH CABOLINA BEHAVED AS WELL AS THE VIRGINIANS DID, although Colonel Taylor refacts quite otherwise. We will republish some extracts hereafter from the main witnesses for North Carolina, five of whom are from other

The September number of the Carolina Farmer, published at Wilmington, N. C., is upon our table. Wm. H. Bernard, editor and proprietor, Hamilton McMillan, associate editor. \$1.50 a year in advance, \$1 for six months. It is anest, carefully edited monthly of 32 pages. It contains livered recently an elaborate charge much valuable information for far- to the grand jury to that effect.

THE SOUTH TO THE PRONT. It is very noticeable that in the speculations of all the Northern papers as to the improved condition of affairs, that the Southern States are brought very prominently forward. This shows a very great change, and we must all rejoice in the fact. For ten years, as we have before said in these columns, the politicians of the North were engaged in the unwise, loolish and cruel work of oppressing and impoverishing the South, believing that it was a possible thing to have a dead body chained to a living body, and that the latter should continue in robust health. They did not see what was plain to every man of any forecast or judgnt, that if the South was ruined inaucially, and ceased to be the great and prosperous country it had once been, that the Northern States would suffer immensely, and the general wealth of "the nation" would deteriorate in a ratio far greater than that

of the South only But politicians

dould not see it, and the people ap-

pear to have been smitten with a blindness and stupor that were quite At last, the Northern people have wakened, and now see the real facts. They are no doubt astonished at their own stupidity and folly. They followed the lead of extremists, and behold, the stagnation in all kinds of industry, the discontent, the riots, the starvation, the suffering, the wild scenes of crime, the terrible scenes of death. But they are wide awake now, and whilst the South is recuperating in spite of the oppression and through its own wondrous powers, the North is happy, and the papers are jubilant. The South-the lately despoiled and bull-dozed South. is now looked to far more than to the West for the revival of prosperity, and as the sustainer of Northern and Eastern credit. We believe that the midnight has passed some time ago, and that the day-break of a new era

is almost upon us. Se be it. · The New York merchants are very hopeful of a good, satisfactory trade.

Garner & Co. say: favorable. Instead of cotton, the great taple for export, that section has raised a quantity of cereals for home consumption, and the people have very economical. Their us this fall have increased fifty per cent. A representative of the firm of H. B. Claffin & Co. reports that Southers collections are very satisfactory, and adds: "The Southerners bought large-ly, that section having raised so much grain for home consumption that its people have more money to spend for other commodities. Our home manufacturers are producing more cotton goods than the people can use, and we are seek ing foreign markets with good success. All goods are yielding a profit, although prints are selling cheaper than last year. Standard prints that were 7 cents last year are now selling at 6; cents. I do not think there will be anything like a rushing trade, but it will be good. The strikes have un-doubtedly hurt trade to some extent, and they tend to make capital backward in investing. Still, the out-of-town merchants bought more heavily this year than

Lt. Col. Matthew P. Taylor, 2nd Battalion North Carolina State Guard, in General Orders No. 1, issued from headquarters in this city, under date of September 15th, 1877, makes the following staff appoint ments, in obedience to orders from the Adjutant General, and they will be obeyed and respected accordingly : N. H. Sprunt-Adjutant, with rank of

J. M. Cronly-Sergeant Major.

of Captain &sa Parker-Commissary, with rank of

Rev. Geo. Patterson, D. D.-Chaplain. The name of the Quartermaster will be Fayette Light Infantry, and Capt. Asa Parker is a member of the Anson Guards.

Falling from Grace. Chautauqua Scientific Couess is not entirely destitute of fun, f we may rely on the following story from the Herald:

At Dr. Lyman Abbott's question box meeting, some one submitted the question: "What do you do with the loctrine of falling from grace?" The Doctor smiled and said, "I believe I'll not answer that question." Dr. Deems was sitting near, and with a smile, suggested an answer. Dr. Abbott, with a good-natured laugh, said: "My friend Dr. Deems says that he wants me to say that is a doctrine which Methodists believe and Presbyterians practice." The jolly manner in which this sally was received showed the good nature of a congregation composed of so many

The Kemper county (Miss.) murders are to be investigated at last The Judge of the Circuit Court de

- The Salisbury fair grounds bave

Emanuel Hyatt stabled Col

NO. 47 Cherry was knocked from the track of the Carolina Central, and very badly if not mortally injured.

- The amount of tax levied in Alleghany county this year for county poses is \$7,069 94; on each poll \$3 54 the \$100 worth of property \$1 18.

he \$160 worth or property

— Murfreesboro Enquirer: Mr.

Wm. A. Outland was justantly killed at

Northampton county, on Sat-Woodland, Northampton county, on Surday last, by the lever of a log cart, while we over and struck him on the head.

- Thirty-five persons professed faith at Mt. Hermon Baptist Church, Wake county. At Wake X Roads Baptist Church

- Rev. Henry Pitty, of Virginia, rived great relief from the use of Park Spring, four miles from Yanceyville, N. C.

- Tarboro Scutherner: On San-- A dispatch from London savs one orange sticks which be intends to make into walking canes. Our informant is the same relia to party who interviewed the mocking-bird man, not long since. at if it isn't worth more than seven cents a

- Prof. Wm. Ruggles, LL. D., of - Newbern Nut Shell : We hope Columbia College, Washington, D. C., lied in New Jersey last Monday, of general ur two fine military companies are making the necessary preparations for a good appearance at the State Fair. Newbern has been represented by our musicians, and, at - Chief Justice Shea, of New fork, who has just returned from a visit o Ireland, is accused by the World of being

peaches, 24 crates of damsons and cherries; from Salem and Winston-1,757 crates of peaches, 92 crates of grapes, 10 crates of damsons and cherries; from Kernersville— 123 crates of peaches, 30 crates of damsons

- Mr. H. Herndon, once the law partner of Abraham Lincoln, attempted to commit suicide at Springfield, Ill., last Sat-urday, by taking laudanum. He is very ill - A Western editor throws up the inge with the remark that "it doesn't pay o run a newspaper in a town where the usiness men read almanacs and pick their -Mr. Atkinson, Miss Martineau

to her letters did not extend to those in his - Wade Hampton beat all the other billiard players at the White Sulphur this season. And it looks, too, from recent vents at home, as if he didn't take much tock in the pocket game either.—Commer-

theistic friend, has a thousand of her let-

ers, and it is hoped he will print some of

em, at least as her prohibition in regard

-Norristown Herald: There comes time in the life of every sentimental young ady when she gets down the big family Bible and admits that it is the best book in - Utica Observer:

There once was a trickster named Blaine, Who managed elections in Maine, And who placed his reliance In the fact that his clients,

Used in voting all else but their brain. - John B. Gough, the great tem rance lecturer, is said to be getting old nd rather feeble. During the Summer be ends his time on his wonderful farm near prester, Mass., where he raises vegetaes that cost him even more than those of Villiam M. Evarts, but as he is very rich e enjoys the luxury.

- Charlotte Thompson is Mrs. orraine Rogers, Adelaide Neilson is Mrs. ee, Marie Gordon is Mrs. John T. Rayond, Marie Brabrook is Mrs. George Rig old, Clara Morris is Mrs. Harriot, Kate Claxton is Mrs. Dore Lyon, Rose Eytinge s Mrs. George H. Butler, and Effie Ger-mon is Mrs. Nelse Seymour.

TWINKLINGS.

- A two-foot rule-keep your feet -Whitehall Times: "The tune that n beef-flat.

- Lake Titicaca is 12,545 feet

ain in Peru, is 21,224 feet. - Andrew's Bazar says that "one what becomes of all the smart children." - "What is patience?" asked

eacher of a class of children. "Wait "Turkey Tail" is the name of ostoffice in Catawba county. The citizens are very proud of it and strut about mightly.—Iorchlight.

- Rochester Democrat: The editor f the Jersey City Journal remarks: "We saw we had put our foot in it."

- Union-Argus : The Michigan Il-posters are to hold a convention. They probably, brush up a little for the oc - What with drawbacks on su

gars, and pullbacks on 'lasses, the sweet things of this earth would seem to have a difficult time in coming forward,—Norris-- "Home's the place for boys,

said a stern parent to his son, who was fond of going out at night. "That's just what I think when you drive me off to school eve-ry morning," said the son, - Chase City (Va.) Times: Most any day we can spot a pin-back, a pull-

back, a tie-back, or meet with a draw-back of some kind, but it's very seldom you can clap your eyes on a green-back. — The principal reasons for suspecting that Osman Pashs is a Kentuckian are that he uses a plug of tobacco a day, takes his whiskey straight, and talks about "the slege of K yars, sah."—*Hechange*.

"The slege of K yars, san,"—Isselange.

— At the picture gallery,—Lady (with catalogue) "No. 53, 'Eve tempted.'"
Gentleman (desirous to know the painter's name): "Who by?" Lady (shocked at his ignorance): "Why, by the Devil, of course."

A pensive mood came over me,
I remarked with many a sigh,
"The frost and cold will soon be here,
The landscape change to brown and sere,
And all things green will die."

She looked sweet, sympathetic,
And the tears stood in her eye.
As she murmured in a voice divine,
Placing her lilly hand in mine,
"T'm sorry, but—good-bye!"

the time when the sport was popular in the State, by our base ballists, which came out with flying colors. New North State : The following is the quantity of fruit shipped from the Greensboro section up to date: From Greensboro-3,501 crates of peaches, 57 crates of pears, 35 crates of grapes, 161 crates of damsons and cherries, 1 crate of uinces; from Friendship—1,080 crates of eaches; from New Garden—140 crates of

- Macon Advance : Maj. Higdon exhibited some specimens of his fine mica in our office this week. He has specimens from his mines of every known variety of mica. He gave us several plates of beau-tiful variegated specimens, which are a real curiosity. — There has been a goodly curiosity. — There has been a goodly number of visitors in Franklin this season from the South and North. They are carried away with our scenery and climate. —— We are glad that our Methodist friends are making an effort to get a good organ for the Sunday school. — H. G. Trotter is opening up a mica mine near this place which is thought to be very valuable.

- Shelby Aurora: Several young men from this county left on Thursday for Wake Forest, to attend the next ses the College at that place. Female College in this place. is considerable complaint among the farmers about the cotton crop. — There have been about 150 new houses built in helby during the past five years, and now demands. — Mr. J. R. Logan, Esq., is making a correct survey and plat of Shelby, for the purpose of having an engraving made and a map of the town published.

- Charlotte Observer: A terrific rain fell yesterday afternoon Greensboro and Lexington, and extended for some distance the other side of the former place. - At a meeting of the Charlotte Greys, held at their armory last night, any voted unanimously to go to North Carolina railroad is quite good just now. Extra cars had to be put on the last two trips. ——Some very excellent ore is being taken from the Rudisill mine, and its owners are very much encouraged

Haven't heard of any "Libelia" meet-

ings in a long time. Has the fever died the death? —Twenty six prisoners feed and fatten in the county jail. —The laborers employed on the Western Insane Asylum, at Morganton, fifty in number, struck yes-terday for higher wages, and stopped work.

- Hillsboro Recorder: Most of the large vacant lots within the corporate limits of Hillsboro were in wheat this year, and gave fine yields. Most of them were broten np directly after harvest, say about the now in full ear, and will all mature. corn is the vsual crop corn of the country, last week in raising a tobacco barn, a piece of timber falling on his head and making an ugly scalp wound across the forehead. are glad to learn he is recovering, though boro jail recently for burglaries committed in Caswell, was last week delivered to the heriff of that county. - David Wilhatham, has been sent to the Asylum at ceased. He is now upwards of 85 years of age, but still vigorous and hale, preferring to review old scenes on foot rather than otherwise, and briskly walked from the de-

Raleigh News: Gov. Vance told one of the Episcopal clergymen yesterday that it was against the scriptures to divide the Diocese; "for, did not St. Paul say," said the Governor, "Let there be no divisyesterday morning's News was the of the dwelling house and cow stall bel ing to Mrs. — Ryan, located near Mr. Ed. Fasnach's place, some two or three miles east of the city. The house, with all the furniture and a small amount of money, which the old lady had scraped together, and even the wearing apparel of the family, were consumed. Mrs. Ryan and her daughter and two sous barely escaped with their lives. — Hon. Josiah Turner will become at Mateurellian Dalla. lecture at Metropolitan Hall, on Thursday night, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock, upon hard times, the late strikes and the Southern Underwriters' Association.

Andrew Mooneyhan was committed to Wake county jail yesterday morping on a mittimus issued by H. A. Rhodes, Esq., of Mark's Creek township, charged with the killing of Harry Seawell, son of Richard Seawell, Esq., of this county. The testimony at the preliminary examination was short. Only two witnesses were examined, it seems, both giving substantially the same facts, from which it would seem that there was some misunderstanding or bad feeling between the parties prior to the meeting which terminated so fatally to young Seawell. The leading feature in the testimony was, that Seawell came up to Mooneyhan, who lived on the plantation of Mr. Joe Blake, about 9 A. M. Thursday, and said to him, "You have been lying about me," whereupon Mooneyhan caught up an axe and strick him two blows, one on the head and one on the breast, inflicting wounds of which Seawell died at 6 P. M.