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## Subscription Price.

The subscription price of the WERK LY STAR is as follows : Single Copy I year, postage paid, \$1.50 " 6 months, "

THE FINANCIAL COLLAPSE.

It is now apparent that the North is suffering more at this time from the effects of the war than the South is suffering. Immediately upon the heels of the collapse in 1865, came the loss of the negroes, who were the basis of the credit of the entire South. A wide spread calamity more ruinous than actual war itself overtook the people, and poverty and debts that were unmanageable were the inheritance of nearly all. Then came the ingenious, devilish, systematic, and persistent persecutions of the aggressive, dominant, and intolerant North, were recruited from the four corners of the earth, and that were four or five times more numerous than the forces they had defeated, stood ready to slay the goose that laid the golden egg, thinking that such as the hour of victory was would the future be.

The turning of the scales has been slow but inevitable. The North had fairly rioted in the fat of the earth for more than ten years before there were manifest and unmistakable signs that the tide of prosperity was turning, and that the flush-times were destined soon to be a memory and not a reality. But the shrinkage, the change, the collapse must come. Wise men prepared for the financial storm that sent out its warnings in advance. Even in 1871, there began to be heard faint murmurings of that storm of ruin that was to break upon a great, boastful, plethoric, insolent in which he referred in very kind North that had rejoiced in the misfortunes and sufferings of the people of the South, and had with marvellous ingenuity added to their tortures. In 1872, the Jeshurun-like bondholders and owners of real estatethe men who had waxed fat and had kicked high, began to have some prelibations of that cup of bitterness which in 1873 they would begin to drink, and which they would not have emptied by the year of grace

That the storm has come, and has swept with devastating effects over the land, is now a matter of history. Tens of thousands of victims have been drawn into the financial malstrom. The men who rolled in wealth and fared sumptuously every day are now many of them too poor to have any mammon-worshipper to do them reverence, whilst a little fat meat and hominy would not be distasteful to their sharpened appetites.

We quote from that strong Republican paper, the Chicago Tribune, that has "cried havoe" so often when the South was to suffer:

"Chicago, like all other parts of the country, has suffered from this terrible decline in the market value of real estate. The decline in other cities has been forced somewhat by the 'deadness' which first fell upon real estate in New York city, and which sympathetically extended even to Chicago. The tables published recently by the bankrupt and falling insurance companies of the shrinkage of values of improved city property in New York hav clsewhere. Property taken by insurance companies under mortgage in New York city—on Broadway, some of it—is not valued by disinterested appraisers at more than one third of the sum at which it was counted among the asset of the company.

\* \* Here is another item which we clip from so exchange, which, perhaps may be news to that paper: "In the proceedings in New York for the appointment of a receiver for the Universal Life Insurance Company, an expert testified that the real value of nine pieces of land in Rockland county, on which the company had made loans, was \$85,000 less than the proved city property, but is found alike in from the Goldsboro Messenger.

VOL. 8.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1877.

NO. 51

the warehouse, residence and retail busi-ness districts."

That the North is the greater sufferer now from the ebbing of the monetary tide, read the following statement from the New Orleans Democrat, of that city which for so many years has been the scene of so much Radical villainy and oppression. Under the benignant and cheering influences set in motion by President Hayes a wonderful change has been wrought. The increase of the assessment of 1877 is immense in New Orleans and throughout Louisiana. The Democrat points to the

fact that Boston, a city least affected by the general bankruptcy of the North, admits a loss of \$46,000 000. and that whilst the debt of New Orleans has diminished, the debt of Boston is \$4,000,000 greater-that the taxes of the former are decreasing and of the latter increasing.

The Democrat also refers to the fifty-two insurance companies that failed in the first six months of this year, and to the six hundred and fifteen railroads, representing three thousand million dollars capital, that have failed to pay dividends and interest, "while the true inwardness of manufacturing and mining enterprises has been shown in letters of fire in the past few weeks."

There is a lesson-a warning-an encouragement in all this for every section. It is not a sign of real health when prices run high for everything, any more than it is a sign of health in the individual when he grows suddenly very fat. It depends upon the that, puffed up to the exploding point | causes whether high prices or great health. Excessive stimulant has for a while a bloating tendency, and then comes the collapse. The Democrat closes its well considered article in

> "Let the superfluous and ill-directed labor of the North go to work in the South and West—and we can give work to allmust have but cannot raise, corn, cotton, sugar, rice, provisions, etc., and the Union will regain its ancient prosperity; but it can never do this by attempting to bolster up bankrupt banks, railroads and mer-chants. The sooner this is known, the sooner the North learns the lesson taught the South a few years ago, the better for the whole Union."

> We referred a few days ago to the large number of failures among the Northern Savings Banks, another sign of the financial collapse.

In 1872 Bishop Odenheimer, of the Episcopal Church, wrote a letter to Colonel R. S. Swords, of Newark, terms to the Catholic Bishop Bayley's useful labors in New Jersey. Bishop Bayley had been made Archbishop and had removed to Baltimore. The letter of the Episcopal Bishop was sent to him, and in October, 1872. he wrote to Colonel Swords acknowledging its reception. We quote a passage from that letter which is highly creditable to his Christian liberality and charity:

"I was very much touched by Bishop Odenheimer's kind reference to me In his letter to you as President of the Newark Board of Trade. It shows him to be a high-minded and generous man; for poor human nature is very weak, and it requires an effort to say anything good of those we differ from. Though I never compromised my religious conviction, I certainly did all I could "to insure peace with all men," and to make our people good Christians, consequently good citizens. It was a great happiness to me to have my good intention, at least, recognized by such a man as Bishop Odenheimer. I wish that when you have an opportunity of seeing him, you would convey to him the expression of my kindest regards and sincere thanks."

The Virginia mind just now is vexed with the important question, "Shall we pay a portion of the interest due on the State debt, or shall we | twenty-one State Senators whom he repudiate?" A Northern man held in honor by Virginians, ex Governor Walker, has given his views before the Richmond Chamber of Commerce. He at least will advocate no measure that will injure the good name of his adopted State. Hear

"The true way out of our difficulty is to give one day, November 1, to pay out. The true adjustment is to readjust ourselves upon the line of honesty and good faith, from which, had we followed in the footsteps of our fathers, we would never have departed. All we need in Virginis to-day is an honest, earnest effort to do right."

The coroner's jury that sat upon the case of Mrs. Celia Thompson, an account of whose murder appears elsewhere, after a patient examination of fifteen witnesses, decided that amount of the mortgages. The taxes have not been paid for three years, nor the interest on the mortgages." \* \* "We suppose that no more melancholy evidences of the terrible shrinkage in the value of real estate, as measured by its rental or by the price for which it can be sold, can be found anywhere than is furnished by the city of New York. The decline in that city is not confined to any class of im.

The New York Financial Chroni- MERABLEY, THE TRAVELLER. ole of October 2nd has a thoughtful There is now no doubt that Henry editorial on "The Improvement in M. Stanley's explorations in Africa Trade and Some Lessons Therefrom." entitle his name to be enrolled with It says "there is no longer any room the other famous men whose names for doubt of the agreeable fact that are identified with that terra incogbusiness in most departments shows with Africa, Henceforth an Amerimprovement." But it is not assured lune may with conscious pride menthat this now manifest improvement tion the name of Stanley with Livis to continue. It rather leans to the ingstone, Speke, Grant, Burton and opinion that there will be no certain Cameron, and other men of mark who improvement until specie resumption | have added to the world's knowperiod," for, according to the Chron- themselves the name of heroes. icle, permanent prosperity and "sound " We confess that for a long time currency basis" go hand in hand-"are so connected that neither attempt nor lapse of legislation can how

"Another one, equally important, is to remember that this prosperity will come gradually and not with a rush, when it does come; that it will not bring back yester will not relieve any man from th out life into dead investments, nor restore lost time and opportunities, for save any-thing from the troubles of the past except lesson of their experience.'

The New York Fun asks concern ing an American dignitary-"Is bishop a lord ?" Why not? In Amer ica we change everything. Members of the Legislature, men of social influence and wealth, and others that might be named, are all saluted with the cheap title "Honorable." That good old word "Mister," has passed out of use almost entirely, and now you are addressed as "Governor," or "Squire," or "Colonel," although you never "set a squadron in the field," or were never even a Captain under th peace establishment; or you are dig nified with the once scholastic title of "Professor." If you have held some pettypffice, you may possibly be referred to as "Honorable." So it can be no great harm to refer to a real American bishop as "His Lordship," considering the universal hostility of our people to all titular distinctions and their bitter opposition to all perversion of language and abuse of terms. Our people never do any thing to destroy the meaning of words. Oh, no.

We like to learn of the success of faithful newspaper men. The leading war correspondent of England is Mr. Archibald Forbes, of the London Daily News. He has been recently quite ill and is now returning to England. After the battle of Plevna he was stricken down with malarial fever. He was, however, able to send off the brilliant dispatch that gave such a vivid picture of the battle. The Emperor of Russia appreciates the valuable services of Mr. Forbes, He has conferred upon him the Order of St. George, the highest military distinction in that country. This is not the first time that Mr. Forbes has been honored by Sovereignty. Emperor William, of Germany, conferred the Iron Cross upon him during the war with France. In Servia he was honored with the highest mark of royal favor, whilst Queen Victoria conferred upon him some titular dis-

"Boss" Tweed has at last made a full confession as he had promised to do. It is a strange and shameful revelation. He lashes his friends of former days without mercy. The "ring" was first begun around a dinner table. The thieves and swindlers were untrue to each other, and Sweenev and Hall were cheated by Tweed and Connolly. He gives a list of claims to have bribed-twelve Republicans and nine Democrats. It is a monstrous revelation, as shameful as anything of the sort that belongs to civilization. We may refer to it again. It is far too long for our col-

The President has consented to tendance upon the Virginia State Fair. The loyal Virginians have pressed him so strongly he has been unable to decline their civilities. He will draw. The Old Dominion knows what it is doing when it selects favorite Confederate Generals to preside President of the United States to attend its chief agricultural exhibition.

The Democratic caucus at Washington, last night, concluded its labors by the nomination of Mr. Adams for Clerk of the House, Mr. Thompson for Sergeant-at-Arms, Mr. Polk, of the entire general of Missouri, for Doorkeeper, and Mr. Stewart for Postmaster.

Incomp. Thomp. Heer, Gen. Touleben, will be placed after the sad occurrence, and the case was dismissed. During the present term of Bladen Superior Court, however, the grand jury found an indictment against him, land in which he has a personal interest.

Will soon be absorbed, and that emigrants in search of cheap farms near markets will see, is in Washington looking after a Susception, of Tennessee, is in Washington looking after a Susception of Court, however, the grand jury found an indictment against him, land in which he has a personal interest.

"is believed to be put beyond reason- ledge, and by hazardous and long able doubt within a short, definite con inned adventure have wen for ere not inclined to take very stock in Stanley. We some-

egarded him as a bold fellow. separate them." It also gives expres- full of courage and gas, who would sion to an opinion often expressed in dare a great deal, and then "blow" over it the remainder of his life. His first adventures as a traveller in the wilds of Africa in search of the heroic and martyr Livingstone, were quences of his past mistakes, will not interesting and full of danger. But the world did not think of mentioning him in connection with those great travellers who had experienced so much of the horrors and fatigues. the uncertainties and dangers of exploration on that Continent of which so little is known. Sent out by that most enterprising of all papers, the New York Herald, and by another leading world-paper, the London Telegraph, Stanley by his hardy courage and wild adventures and gathered stores of observation, has vindicated the selection, and shown himself to be endowed with those qualifications that enable him to achieve distinction as an energetic, persistent, brave, daring traveller, if not as a scientific

He will soon give the world the history of his hair-breadth escapes and romantic experiences in the vast solitudes and unknown wilds of the great African continent. In the mean time he is resting from his labors, and endeavoring to familiarize himself with civilized life. The following extract from an editorial in the Herald is not without interest:

"To judge of the cool deliberation with which Stanley embarked in this his last and greatest enterprise, we need but read his letter dated at Nyangwe, of which we print this morning a copy of the duplicate preserved by him, the original having been sent to the East Coast. He fully appreciated the danger of the journey down the Lualaba, but wholly undaunted by it he remarks, "It must be a very strong tribe in-deed that can turn us back now." By this simple sentence he indicates his determination to proceed, no matter who or what barred the way. Just before he had penned this expression of heroic resolve he had lost many men by desertion and sickness. His hitherto most faithful follower, Kalulu, had left him, although he afterward returned to his duty. He was short of supplies and six months journey from Zanzibar and assistance. Yet, with the true adventurous dash

that half wins the battle, he plunges into the unknown and emerges a conqueror. "Stanley's first letter from the west coast of Africa is that of a man who has been just relieved from a great mental and physical strain. He claims the forbearance of those who so anxiously awaits his story until his strength and nervour tone return. He deems himself unfit to deal with the grave matter of his journeys and discoveries until with recruited health the absolute newness of his existence among civilized people wears off and he begins to feel again equal to the task of writing. To a man in his condition, and after accomplishing his work this allowance will be generously made. The pleasure of knowing that he is safe and about to unveil the mysteries of equatorial Africa recompenses for any delays that may occur in the publication of these important records and discoveries."

THE SOUTH-ATLANTIC." Late vesterday we received the first number of this new "Monthly Magazine of Literature, Science and Art," and edited by our gifted townswoman, Mrs. Cicero W. Harris. We have only had time to turn over its pages and glance here and there. The number contains eight papers and poems, besides editorials. Among the contributors are such well-known authors as Capt. J. N. Maffitt, Paul H. Hayne and John Esten Cooke. Kemp P. Battle, W. H. Babcock and Mrs. V. L. West are the other prose contributors. The poetry is by M. V. Lanier, J. H. Boner and Southern poet. The bill of fare is inviting. We need not say that this candidate for public favor, and specially for North Carolina favor, has our heartiest wishes for its success Let it be well sustained with many contributions in the way of subscription and advertising, and it will be admirably sustained in its literary contents. It will be for sale at the over its Colleges, and invites the book stores on Monday. Price \$3 a year or 30 cents a number.

> The Russian armies have not been well commanded. This is evidently felt by the Czar, and, hence, it is re ported that the great Russian engineer, Gen. Todleben, will be placed

A colored man by the name of Ned Collins, fireman on the steam tug Alpha, is supposed to have committed suicide by drowning, on Wednesday evening last, while the boat was lying at the wharf at Smithville. It appears that the boat had peen outside, and, returning, stopped at Smithville to take on some wood. Collins assisted the mate in tying up, he being at one end of the boat and the mate at the other. About five minutes after all had been made fast the mate looked for Collins at the place where he had last seen him and he had disappeared, upon which a thorough search was made for the missing man and he could not be discovered. It seems that Collins lost his wife about two months ago, since which time his mind has appeared to be very much unsettled, especially when he was not at work, and it has been thought prudent to exercise a certain degree of surveillance over him. For this cason, particularly, his sudden disappearance caused Captain Chadwick and his men to be immediately impressed with the apprehension that he had made way with himself, hence the diligent'search that was instantly made for him, but without effect. It seems to be the impression that Collins scized his opportunity, while the others were busily engaged in taking in wood, and slipped over the rail of the boat into the river. A short time before he disappeared he called his son, who was on the boat, and gave him his pocket book, containing some money, saying he (the son) would see the children before he would and that he himself was going to his wife. Collins, who is represented to be between 25 and 30 years of age, resided on Seventh street, in the southern part of the city, and has the credit of being a man of very good

At last accounts received from Smithville no tidings had been obtained of the missing fireman, and there seems to be no doubt that he has been drowned.

Report of the Grand Jury.

The Committee of the Grand Jury of the late Criminal Court, appointed to visit and able blunder. Stanley Matthews was examine into the condition of the County Poor House and Work House, reported as

"We find the inmates of the Poor House appear to be as comfortable as could be geance within the Republican house-reasonably expected. They have plenty of hold made it an easy conquest for food; the premises appear to be cleanly, the rooms being recently whitewashed. The inmates make no complaint of their treat-

"The medical department appears in good order, and well supplied with medi-

"As to the building for the insane, the committee are of opinion that the rooms are too small, and would recommend that an addition be built to it, and that some arrangement be made for heating purposes for the coming winter.

"The kitchen requires some repairs. The pillars under the hospital, being wooden blocks, are somewhat decayed, and new blocks are required, or, what would be much better, brick pillars, and the whole premises generally are in need of some repairs. The committee would also recommend a suitable range for cooking purposes, in preference to the present arrangement

"Your committee have also visited the Work House. We find nine convicts, five of whom are females, and one inmate who is there for jail fees. "The brick building, in which are the cells

in which the convicts are confined at night, we find cleanly. The inmates have plenty of food. We are of opinion that the brick building and the kitchen both require some repairs, We find in what was once the stockade

one iron steam boiler, some fifteen feet long, apparently in good order. We would recommend that it be sold, presuming that it belongs to the county. "On the road leading from the Poor House

to the Work House, the bridge crossing a stream, some twenty-five feet wide, is somewhat out of repair. Your committee do not know whether this road is a public road or not. The committee appointed to visit the

County Jail reported that they "found the prisoners in good health, and no complaints on their part as to the quantity or quality of the food given them, nor as to the treatment on the part of those having them in charge. They found the corridors in tolerable fair condition. The cells, they regret to report, were filthy and sickening. The ground floor or basement was found to be damp and dirty, and should be filled with sand, in order to prevent sickness and to insure the health of the inmates. The exterior of the building appeared to be in good order and not in need of repairs."

First Regiment N. C. S. G. Lieut. Col. Taylor, of the Second Battal ion N. C. S. G., has received a letter from Capt. W. A. Liles, of Wadesboro, stating that the Anson Veterans have organized elected officers and sent forward certificates to the Adjutant General. The officers expected to receive their commissions imme diately, and the company will have a proxy present at Raleigh this week. This makes the complement of ten companies necessary Paul H. Hayne, the best living to constitute the Second Battalion a full regiment, entitling it to a Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel and Major, and making it the First Regiment of N. C. State Guard. The election of officers for the regiment is expected to take place at Raleigh this week, and we hope to see Lieut. Col. Taylor come home a full fledged Colonel.

A Capital Case for the Superior Court, The case of the State va. Robert Smith, charged with the murder of James Murphy, which occurred in Bladen county some months since, has been removed to this county for trial. The case will come up on Wednesday of the second week of the term of the Superior Court, which convenes in this city one week from to-morrow, Judge Moore presiding. It will be remembered that Mr. Smith had a preliminary examination before a magistrate shortly after the sad occurrence, and the case was

when, through his counsel, he succeeded in having the case removed, as before Mr. N. A. Stedman, Jr., appears for the

lefence.
Mr. Smith was committed to jail at Elizabethlown on Wednesday last.

The Ohio Revolution. The stunning Democratic victory in Ohio surpassed the highest hopes of the successful party, and strikes the vanquished dumb with amazement. It is not a mere defeat; it is a revolution, and it leaves the Republicanism that has woven the greenest chaplets of our history in its better days, in the starless midnight of hopelessness. It is idle to explain that Greenback, Labor and Prohibition diversions decimiated the Republican party while the Democracy stood in solid ranks when the decisive battle came upon them. Republicanism was disintegrated, not bebor and Prohibition doctrines better, but because they demanded some channel of egress from the belowled Republican temple; and the Democracy stood to their guns because they were out of power; because they wanted to win power, and because Republicanism opened its own gates

for the enemy to enter and over-

The verdict of Ohio is unmistakable.

whelm it.

is a crushing defeat for President Hayes, and it comes from those who should have been friends as well as from consistent foes. It comes from incongruous elements which found unity without arrangement to strike the fatal blow. He was hated for his faith to the peace of the nation; he was smitten by thousands who felt that he wears another's crown, and he was deserted by many because of the distrusted leaders who gave him half-hearted support and yet loaded him with their friendship, Judge West opened the campaign by a fatal stab directed at his own vitals, and the party floundered under his awkward efforts to retrieve his irretrieva double millstone about the neck of the President and a dead weight upon the tottering party, while cross purposes and a general spirit of venthe practically united Democracy.

Whether the majority for Bishop shall foot up twenty or thirty thousand matters little. It is not less than twenty, and more is needless, for i carries the Legislature and a United States Senator, and dates the final destruction of the debauched Republicanism that was first arraigned at Cincinnati in 1872. It will sweep down the last vestige of hopeful opposition to Democratic success in Pennsylvania, and Philadelphia will swing from her Republican moorings n November.

Brutal Murder in Wayne-A Lady Killed on the Highway. Correspondence of the Raleigh News.]

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Oct. 9. Our community was horrified to-day at hearing of the brutal murder on vesterday morning of Mrs. Wait Thompson, about six miles from town, while on her way from her own home to that of her father. Mrs. Thompson was of good family, a highly respected lady, and our people were naturally much shocked at her mur-der. The deed was committed with a heavy pine knot, by heavy blows on the back of her head, her skull being crushed in. No other marks of violence were on her person. The object of so brutal a murder is at present unknown, as some valuables which she had with her were unmolested. Suspicion points to more than one person, but as the coroner's jury are not through with the case at this writing I refrain from mentioning

The Peabody Fund.

The report of the Treasurer of the Prustees of the Peabody Fund shows the total amount distributed for eduthe ten years of the Board's existence, to be \$984,450, of which Virginia got \$202,250; North Carolina, \$87,600; South Carolina, \$27,650; Georgia, \$71,602; Florida, \$48,450; Alabama, \$55,450; Mississippi, \$58, 578; Louisiana, \$55,850; Texas, \$18, 600; Arkansas, \$60,600; Tennessee \$191,650, and West Virginia, \$107, 710. The total sum distributed last year was \$89,400, of which Virginia received \$18,250; North Carolina, \$4,900; South Carolina, \$4,300; Florida, \$6,500; Georgia, \$4,000; Alabama, \$3,700; Mississippi, \$5,990; Louisiana, \$2,000; Texas, \$10,800; Arkansas, \$6,300; Tennessee, \$15,850, and West Virginia, \$6,810.

British post-office stating that it has been found necessary to take precautions against the admission of Colorado beetles into the United Kingdom, several live specimens of this destructive insect having been discovered in the mails served from the United States, either surreptitiously processed in powers or forwarded. British post-office stating that it has enclosed in newspapers or forwarded as specimens in packets under the privileges of the pattern post. It is feared by sorting officers of the British postoffice that notwithstanding the atmost vigilance on their part many newspapers and packages con-taining these insects pass without de-tection.

Spirits Turpentine.

- Elizabeth City Economist: We learn from reliable sources that the corn crop of this county is far short of an average. — The damage to land, crops, mills, &c., by the late storm, is estimated at \$40,000 in Gates county. — We learn there will be walking races, bag races, and tub races at the Albemarie Fair Grounds. — The Wilmington STAR has entered the eleventh year of its life, but "its eye is not dimmed, nor its natural force abated." There's industry, pluck and brains blowing that bellows.

- Charlotte Observer: Col. J. P. Thomas will take to the South Carolina State Fair a company of a wenty-four cadets of the Carolina Military Institute to compete for the prize of \$400 which is offered for the best drilled military company.

— The Charlotte "Original Minstrels" propose to a pear before the Charlotte publication of the company of the charlotte publication. lic at Miller's Hall on the evenings of the 17th and 18th insts. — At the revival exercises at Calvary Mission Church last night, the pastor announced that since the commencement of the meeting 101 persons had made professions of religion.

- Louisburg Courier: We were the recipients on last Tuesday, of a curiosity in the way of a white mole, which was caught by a cat on the plantation of was caught by a cat on the plantation of Mr. J. H. Upperman, about three miles from town. --- The flood of last week did not do as much damage in this county as it did in adjoining counties. The Tar was nearly as high as we have ever seen it, but we have not heard of a single bridge being washed away. — The Tar River Association convened at Pleasant Grove, Nash county, on the 4th inst. Nearly all of the churches in the Association were represented. The attendance of visitors on Saturday and Sunday was very large.

Raleigh News: Mr. Gales, Clerk of the Criminal Court, has docketed his cases as far as prepared. There are 63 of them, besides 21 warrants that will have to pass the ordeal of the grand jury. The number of cases on the docket will probably amount to 150 by Court. — At a large meeting of the congregation of the first Presbyterian Church, on Wednesday evening last, it was unanimously resolved to invite Dr. Vaughan to remain in charge of the church as stated supply for twelve months from the first of January, 1878. Senator Merrimon leaves for Washington this morning to be present at the opening of the extra session on Monday. A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Asylum for the colored insane, is called by the Chairman, Dr. Vick, in Ra-

leigh, on the 18th inst. - Gates county correspondent of Elizabeth City Economist: A severe equinoctial gale swept over this section during Thursday night, Friday, and Friday night, and flooded the earth with such a quantity of water as has not been seen at one time since 1842. The bridge over the creek at Gatesville was carried two miles down the stream, and nearly all the large bridges in the county have been washed up or dis-Travel will be stopped for a few days. Every mill, so far as heard from, is badly broken. - Judge Henry is the severest man we have had on the Bench since the days of the ferocious Caldwell. He has but one eye, and seems to have but one Idea and that is-business. His charges, both to grand and petit juries, evinced sound common sense and a share of legal lore commensurate with the dignity of the

- Tarboro Southerner: Ours was the melancholy duty a short time since to record the death, by burning, of Mrs. Dr. Jos. J. Garrett. Now, we regret to state that, on the night of the 5th instant, the dwelling, and some of its contents, of Dr. Garrett were entirely consumed by fire. The flames started in the cook room from the stove and was accidental. Most of the furniture was saved, though damaged. Insurance \$2,000 in North Carolina Home. His loss will be over \$2,000. - Dr. M. T. Savage, of Roseneath township, Halifax county, informs us he has lost two fine horses from blind staggers, and his neighbors have sustained similar losses. —— Why is a farmer like an old maid? Because they are both puffed up by a plenty of cotton. — The residence of Mr. Cicero Gunter, near Enfield, was burned on Thursday night. Insurance \$500; loss from \$1,000 to \$1,500. Washington correspondent: The railroad is about completed to our great delight. Brave, to the enterprising management. There will be a railroad celebration soon. - The dredge Cambridge is rapidly progressing cutting out the sand bar and removing obstructions from the channel.

Methodist Episcopal Church of this place was most beautifully and appropriately decorated yesterday with evergreens and flowers, by the members of the congregation. The occasion of the decoration was the marriage of Miss Rebecca Wilson, daughter of Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, presiding elder of the Greensboro District, with James T. Le Grand, Esq., of Richmond county, N. C. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Cunninggim, assisted by the pastor of the Church, Rev. S. D. Adams. -Stephen McKenzie, the man who on Sunday last shot and killed George Goode near the dividing line between the counties of Forsyth and Guilford, was arrested on Wednesday last, so it is stated, somewhere in Forsyth county, and is now in jail at Winston to await his trial for the murder. Dr. Hall went to Company Shops on Saturday night, and remained there until Monday morning. He was called to attend cational purposes at the South during cases of diphtheria. We learn that the with her own hands dressed and laid out nine little ones. Five children in one family-all-kave died. So far, we are told

not a child has recovered. The most heart-

rending feature of it seems to be that the

little children in the place are terror-stricken and consider themselves doomed to death.

- Greensboro North State: The

- Favetteville Gazette: We learn that at a meeting of the Baptist congregation, held a few evenings since, the necessary amount for salary was raised without any difficulty, and Rev. Mr. Eason, of Charleston, S. C., who preached here a few days ago, received a call as pastor, which will doubtless be accepted. - A serious difficulty occurred in this town, back of the buildings on Person street, about 4 o'clock, last Saturday afternoon. Henry Barnes, alias Ivey, and Jim Overton, both in liquor. became engaged in a quarrel, which soon culminated in blows, when Ivey stabbed Overton three times, each time inflicting an Postmaster General Key has received a communication from the Millan and committed to jail. At last accounts Overton's recover by unseasonable weather from twenty to twenty-five per cent.—in some portions of the country even more. A very intelligent and calculating farmer, of Carver's Creek, says that in his township cotton should be put down at not more than sixty; Black river makes about the same estimate, Rockfish claims sixty-five and Seventy-First is willing to go seventy.

- It is obvious that the available lands near railroads in the extreme West will soon be absorbed, and that emigrants