soired in the second NO. 12

As there have been misrapreser

the Northern papers in regard to

Gov. Vance's address before the

colored militia on the anniversary of

the Emancipation Proclamation, we

print below the copy as at appears in

the Raleigh Register, the metropoli-

tan organ of the Republican parts

in North Carolina, or what there is

left of ity That paper gives what

purports to be a correct report of the

epocoho We see nothing in little

condensities is manly, frank, kind

words were spoken : no riveed "nwol

stitutional violence to the one party,

"But you have a right to expect

that having acquiesced with the peo-

ple of the entire South in the results

established by the revolution, I should

as Governor of North Carolina recog-

nize you as citizens and should re-

spect all the rights with which the

laws have invested you. This I cheer-

fully do, always have done, and al-

ways shall do. I believe that every

promise contained in my inaugural

address, in this respect, has been ob-

former utterances.

in due time.

y and peace."

The Register adds:

errupted by applause."

served during the past year of my

this you may rest assured that all

Assuring you again that as a por-

tion of the people over whom I am

am put to rule, and who are protect-

ed by the laws I have sworn to sup-

port, I am sincerely anxious to pro-

mote your welfare, and thanking you

for the courtesy you have shown me,

wish you all a new year of prosperi-

"His remarks were frequently in-

Southern Bargain-Blackburn

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.

on John Young Brown.

Special to Baltimore Gazette.

Very few of the members of either

house of Congress are able, as yet, to

give any reply to inquiries as to what

they think of the Blair memorial, but

after a diligent search your corres-

pondent was not able to find one who

attached any importance to it yet

while quite a number were inclined

to hope that it would be presented

colleague, John Young Brown, said

the Texas Pacific before the House.

Mr. Brown said be would oppose it

if every man, woman and child in his

district favored it. His views were

so pronounced as to make him con-

spicuous for that reason. "I am con-

ident." Mr. Blackburn continued,

"that Mr. Blair has made a mistake,

for Mr. Brown is not the style of man

party to a contract to sell out the

Presidency for the Texas-Pacific pro-

ject, or anything else of that sort. He

might have been and I think was

resentatives of Hayes and Southern

"What do you know of any inves

"Nothing. And they all say the same thing. Mr. Conkling observes

ceedingly bad policy for the Repub-

lican party to try and prove that it had given birth to an illegitimate child. Mr. Blackburn will sustain

the Blair memorial if it ever reaches

this point that it would be an ex-

tigation into somebody's title?"

he must go farther South.

and as an injury to the other.

# Che Meekly Star,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

\$1 50 a Vear in advance

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	1 Week.	2 Weeks.	3 Weeks.	Month.	2 Months.	8 Months.	6 Months.	adinoM &L
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## Subscription Price.

The subscription price of the WERI LY STAR is as follows :

Single Copy 1 year, postage paid, \$1.50 6 months, " " 1.00 11 2 11 CHARGES AND INVESTIGATION.

Judge Blair's proposed memorial to Congress is fully discussed by his brother members of the Maryland Legislature, and meets with but little favor. They cannot see the good that is promised by an investigation to ascertain who was elected President, and to re-open the whole electoral question. At the same time they recognize the propriety of asking Congress for such legislation as will provide for the decision of all doubtful Presidential elections in the future. Whilst Dana is crying out for "impeachment," and Blair is bellowing "investigation," the Radicals are plauning and scheming to retain their power in the Senate. To injure, cripple, destroy the President is precisely agreeable to their wishes and plans.

The game now is to show first, that

llayes betrayed his party friends, and, secondly, that certain Southern leaders betrayed Mr. Tilden. It is well known how much truth there is in the first charge. We showed the other day how Mr. Hayes's action corresponded with his letter of acceptance and with his inaugural address. Nav. we showed further, that his course was consistent with the principles adopted in the platform at the Republican Nominating Convention at Cincinnati. The trouble with the irreconcilables is, they did not believe or desire for a moment that Mr. Haves should act in accordance with their declaration of principles or with his own promises in his letter and address. It is because he has done precisely as their language and his promises required him to do, that he is now the object of their curses, persecutions and assaults.

As to the other change, no one will credit it. Its history is known to the country. The Southern gentlemen who are charged with betrayand with bargaining corruptly with Hayes, have indignantly and emphatically denied it. We shall hear more of this before Congress adjourns. The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, Gen. H. V. Boynton, is credited with being the most "knowing" of the Washington craft dwelling in Newspaper Row. In a recent letter he declares "that the Southern Democrats deliberately proposed to betray Mr. Tilden, and that their overtures were accepted; that the Democrats were more concerned with regaining local self government than they were with the success of Mr. Tilden, and that they were disgusted with Mr. Tilden's letter on Southern claims, etc."

News comes by telegraph that there is a conflict between the Gov ernor and the Justices of the Supreme Court as to who has the right to appoint a successor to the late Chief Justice Pearson. From the wording of the Constitution and the history of North Carolina vacancies and the way they were filled, w should say that the appointing powe lay with the Governor. But in this conflict who is to determine? If the Associate Justices decide that they have the right to appoint, will it not be usurpation on their part?

The South at last has one delegate in the Female Ballot-Stuffing Convention. She is a "cullud pusson," from Mississippi. Her name is not given. We wonder if it can be Eliza Pinkston. But no, for she is the Louisiana heroine of the great outrage | So the sheep question receives a blow,

VOL. 9.

DEATH OF A KING. Victor Emanuel II., King of Italy, whose death was announced in our last, was the son of Charles Albert, King of Sardinia, and was born in 1820. He was, therefore, in his 58th year at the time of his death. He was a gallant soldier, and won his spurs in the campaign with Austria, which terminated disastrously and caused the abdication of his father. In 1849 he ascended the throne of Sardinia under very unfavorable circumstances. He had just been defeated by a powerful foe that stood ready to pounce upon him. Through the assistance of that great statesman and diplomatist, Count Cavour, he succeeded in making favorable terms with

Vestrie. He soon after undertook the complete reorganization of the finances, the army, and the system of education. In 1859 he formed an alliance with France, and engaged in a second war with Austria, in which the latter was signally defeated, abandoning Lombardy to the Italians. In 1861 he was proclaimed King of Italy. In 1866, as the ally of Prussia against Austria, he suffered a land and naval defeat, but the success of the Prussians at Sadowa restored Venetia to Italy, and ended in the unification of all the Italian States with

Rome as the capital. His character is easily summed up. Brave to a fault, of very "easy virtue," fond of life, and with a bonhommie which made him very popular with all classes, he succeeded where even abler men might have failed. He leaves four children, we believe, one of whom is Amadeus, for a short time King of Spain. His Prince Napoleon, the other to the King of Portugal. His death will probably cause no change in Italian affairs, as his son, Prince Humbert, of Piedmont, has been declared King, he being the heir apparent to the

PROTECTION. Virginia, while accumulating its hundreds of thousands of dollars by that useful invention, the bell punch, is also beginning to move in the right direction in regard to game and fish. The Senate, by a vote of 30 ayes to 7 nave, has ordered a standing committee to consider all propositions concerning the protection and propagation of fish. The Richmond Whigh

"We trust in time, on due consideration, the House will come to act in full accord with the Senate, and that both bodies will guard all the good laws we have and make such addititions as will tend to increase the crop of fish and game, which grows of itself and is the gift of GoD."

But Virginia is not fully awake to the necessity of fostering sheep husbandry. At least, we may so conclude by one fact. During the last session of the Legislature several counties applied for a special law for the protection of sheep. We have heretofore shown how admirably this ing Tilden (who betrayed himself by law worked in the counties in which his timidity and want of backbone), it was tried. But there was one exception. The people of the county of Lee are not happy. They love their useless dogs better than they do their profitable sheep. The consequence of this wonderful attachment is seen in the following para graph, taken from the Richmond Dispatch:

"Under a suspension of the rules, the Senate passed House bill repealing the law of last session for the protection of sheep, &c., in the county of Lee. Mr. Fulkerson said so unpopular was the dog law that the member of the last House who had i passed was forced to leave the county and

We fear this sort of thing will injure the cause of the sheep elsewhere. Legislators are charged with being not only very fond of the "dear people," but also of having a very profound fear of "the sovereigns." They will, therefore, get behind the ramparts of Lee county, and pointing to the demands of that "outraged people," and the awful example of that bold legislator who fell a victim to his zeal for wool and mutton-chops, preferring a home in the wilds of the Texan frontier to a home among an angry and unappreciative constituency who preferred the depredations and howlings of seven hundred thousand dogs, to the bleating of sheep, the enriching of thousands of acres, the wearing of warm winter garments, and the having a pocket well lined with the "golden fleece," they will swear in their wrath and trepidation that they are no candidates for martyrdom, and have no idea of being charged with being "wool-gathered."

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1878, 101 989d choice of the Lee county voters. But, | acter to be given to one man. As the we are consoled: the other counties

are yet to hear from. The Raleigh Biblical Recorder with the Lee county action before it

ad that leads from Smithyme it: saramer "We are not exactly prepared to say that the average dog owner is wanting in com-mon sense or is blind to his and his neigh-bor's interest. Certain it is, however, that the poorer a man is the founder he is of say dogs, and as a general rule the more worth-less the curs are the more highly he appre-clates them. We have no other way of ac-counting for this than is to be found in that

THE PARDONING POWER.

ld adage, 'misery likes company.'" doing

It is the part of good citizenship to favor good laws and their faithful execution. They should be made with exceeding care, and should be executed with fidelity and impartiality. An old writer Anach

"These written laws are just like splitters" webs; the small and feeble may be caught and entangled in them, but the rich and mighty force through and despise them."

There is too much truth in this When it can be said with truth that the goddess who presides in court of justice sits with bandaged eyes and dispenses the law with an ever and unbiased hand, then that country is indeed rich in such a possession But if the Judge holds the scales un evenly; if he be purchasable or vindictive; if he administers in the courts in obedience to the behests of arbitrary and usurping power, and makes himself the pliant instrument of a flagi tious and venal party, he becomes curse to society, and deserves to be held in everlasting reproach. The time will never come when the cor ruptions of the immortal Bacon wil be forgotten, or when the crimes and cruelties of Jeffreys will be condoned two daughters are married -one to or softened. The great writers at least will not prostitute their pens that scoundrels may be canonized and crimes transformed into virtues. Good laws are absolutely essential

> to the well being of society. They should not only punish vice, but, as Goldsmith said of Chinese laws, they should reward virtue. Lord Clarendon, one of the most eloquent and splendid of English writers, says "the law is the standard and guardian of our liberty; it circumscribes and without a law, is to imagine every man with his sword in his hand to destroy him who is weaker than himself; and that would be no pleasant prospect to those who cry out most for liberty."

the good order and preservation of society, and for the safety and perpetuity of real liberty. But they must be executed promptly, equitably and equally. They must not be as nets, to which they have been compared, through which the big fishes break and the little fishes escape, only catching those of medium size. They must be for all offenders, of great and low degree. They must protect equally the rich man in his elegant home and the poor man in his cottage. The chief, the important thing

is to have the laws enforced. The STAR has always stood by as honest, capable and faithful judiciary. Without specially championing the merits of men, it has been ready to advocate the principles of justice and right. This much we have said, before referring to a matter of very great importance to the people of this country. We allude to the exercise and abuse of the pardoning power by the President and Governors of States. We may add, that in what we shall say in this and another editorial we shall not refer to any particular executive officer, or any special act, but shall consider the question upon its merits. That there has been gross abuse no informed person will gainsay; and that the abuse should be abated appears equally plain. We believe that a serious injury has been done to society and the best interests of the State by the too frequent use of the gies. The propositions contain little that I dissent from, except as to one part of the far too great to be entrusted to any one man, however pure, conscientions and exalted his character.

In many of the States the Governor has no pardoning power. In New Jersey, Florida, Nevada and a dozen other States the pardoning power is entrusted to the Governor and other persons specified in their respective constitutions. In some of the States the Governor, the Attorney General and the Justices of the Supreme Court constitute the pardoning board. It appears that these States regarded the power to pardon at least in Virginia, by the strange of too delicate and important a char-

course of justice was to be interfered with they wisely regarded that such power should be only given to a body of men of legal attainments and high reputation for wisdom and fairness To pardon a criminal , who has been duly convicted by process of law is at all times an arbitrary act, and one not to be used hastily or indiscre but only with great caution and after the fullest information. To pardon a criminal has been well said to be an extra or anti-indicial act. To reverse the selemn judgment of a high judicial tribunal is to exercise very great and important powers, and we do not believe it is either prudent, wise, or for the certain, punishment, and repression of crime that this power should be often exercised by any body appointed, and more especially by any one man. The laborious results of judicial investigation have been often set aside and annulled by the act of one man with the mere dash of his pen. To pardon a criminal who has been arraigned and tried is to say in effect that the court has not done its duty-or that the evidence was wholly insufficient -or that new evidence has come to light, and that an innocent man was convicted If all this, or any of it, or even more bas been done, and a great wrong inflicted, then the power to pardon ought to be given to a body of men who have time to investigate, ability to discern, and fairness to decide. The point we make is, that as the pardoning power is sometimes necessary and must be exercised that it should be entrusted to a legal tribunal composed of the Governor of the State, the Supreme Court and the Attorney General, and not to one man. Or, if deemed advisable, to some other body-to one specially selected to investigate and decide upon all supplications for pardon. We will recur to this subject.

The purpose of Gov. Vance to appoint Hon. George Davis to the Chief Justiceship of the Supreme Court, if he would accept it, is a graceful acknowledgment of the defends it; but to imagine liberty abilities and learning of our distinguished fellow-citizen. As announced in our last, Mr. Davis would not accept the position. This declinature is somewhat remarkable at a time when lawyers of every grade are using every possible appliance to se-Good laws then are necessary for cure a place on the Bench. The salary is certainly small, and ought to be more. Many of our best lawyers make more than the salary, and cannot afford to give up a lucrative practice for the honor and pay of a judge-

The late Judge S. P. Chase evidently desired to be President, and sought it. He stood willing to accept the nomination of the Democratic National Convention that met in New York in 1868, Republican as he was. It might have changed the whole condition of the country, saved the South from the curse of Grantism, and prevented the fearful financial depression and disturbance that has prevailed since 1873, and is still afflicting the land, if Chief Justice Chase had been nominated in place of Gov. Seymour. A letter of Judge Chase's, dated "Washington, July 4, 1868," has just been published. We quote a passage of real interest. Reference is made to the late Hon. C. L. Vallandigham. Mr. Chase's views of reconstruction were unhappily those that did not prevail, and hence a perfect sea of trouble:

"The reports by letter and telegram to the press seem to warrant your hopes; but do not forget the difference between outside speculation and inside decision, and shall acquiesce cheerfully whatever the

"The assurance you give of the friendship of Mr. V ---- affords me real satisfaction. He is a man of whose friendship one may well be proud. Even when we have differed most widely, I have always admired his pluck and consistency, and have done full justice to his abilities and enerardoning power—a power that is reconstruction laws. I have always tavored the submission of the question of reorganization, after disorganization by war, to the entire people of the whole State; and, whether right or wrong, Constitutions have been framed in eight of the States, under which Senators and Representatives have been, or soon will be, admitted to seats in Congress. But there is no use in discussing this now."

Shylock is supposed to have been the originator of the vile custom of calling a lawyer who has never been on the bench "Judge."—Augusta Chronicle.

Who originated "the vile custom of calling" a member of the Legislature "Honorable," or a corn-dector a "Professor?" Away with him to the haugman.

- The New Orleans Democrat calls this Tilden's year -7 to 8.

MR. EDITOR:-The article on page 55 % the Transactions of the Royal Society Copenhagen, which has attracted the notice of the Rev. James E. Kenny, and from which he translates a passage for your informa-tion, was not, I imagine, written by Prof. Rafu, as he states, but by some contrib itaru, as he states, but by some contributor in the French language to the interposing papers, now embracing more than seventy volumes, which have been published annually since 1821 by that very learned Society; nor does the statement of the original settlement of North Carolina by the Irish, prior to the very 982 depend upon the annual paper.

prior to the year 983, depend upon the any thority of even so responsible an archeologist as Prof. Rafu.

The main sources of information upon this subject are the historic narrations of Eric the Red. Thoring Karlestae, and Snerre Thorbrandsson. The originals of these narrations, together with others, will be found collected in a work written by Professor Rafu in the year 1887, published at Copenhagen in the Latin language, entitled, "Antiquitates Americanus and Scriptores Septentrionales Rerum, ante Columbianarum in America," pp. 203, 206, 21, 446, 451, and by the German, writes Wilhelmi, in a work entitled, "Ueber Island, Hvitra, manaland," &c., sections 75-81.

I am glad to inform Mr. Kenny, that at

I am glad to inform Ms. Kenny, that at the request of the accomplished editress of the South-Atlantic, I have prepared a paper in which this subject is referred to, and which will appear in the next number of

Respectfully, yours,
EDWARD CANTWELL. Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 10th, 1878. Attempted Highway Rebbery, Mr. G. P. Duncan, who resides nea Rocky Point, Pender county, was on his way to that place on Friday afternoon last, between 6 and 7 o'clock, after his mail, when he was stopped by three tramps. One of the men hailed him, and, on getting close to him, pretended to recognize him as an old acquaintance, in the meantime advancing closer and closer to his person. when suddenly he seized Mr. D. by the coat, and, drawing a revolver, demanded his money. Mr. Duncan was entirely unarmed, excepting a small walking cane with which he struck his pretended friend over the head, and then concluded, as his antagonist had the advantage over him, to beat a hasty retreat. He hastened home, finally succeeded in overtaking the men, two of whom were captured, but it was ultimately decided by himself and friends to let them go, on the promise that they would leave the county, which they were not slow to do. Mr. Duncan, who was in the city yesterday, informed us that he was positive e saw the two men on our streets. Another warning to be on the alert for

Two of our city Nimrods were hunting in other temporal blessings will follow the vicinity of McIlhenny's mill pond, near what was formerly known as the Blosson plantation, on Thursday last, when one of their dogs became excited and commenced scratching in the ground, the result of which was the unearthing of the head and feet, from the knee joints down, of what appeared to be the remains of a red heifer about two or three years old, which had been buried about a foot and a half beneath the surface. The mark was a swailow fork and underbit in the right ear. They did not notice the left ear. The animal was no doubt stolen and butchered by some of the cattle thieves who have been committing depredations for some time past in the neighborhood of the city in that direction.

uspicious characters.

Military Blections. The election of officers for the Second Regiment, North Carolina State Guard, which took place at Wadeshore on Thursday, resulted as follows: For Colonel-Lieut. C. W. Alexander, of

he Charlotte Grays. For Lieut. Colonel-Capt. Jno. W. Gordon, of the Whiting Rifles, Wilmington. For Major-Capt. J. G. Branch, of the Anson Guards.

Military Bleetlons. At the meeting of officers of the First Regiment of N. C. S. G., held at Goldsboro vesterday, Captain Henry G. Flanner, of the Cape Fear Light Artiflery, of this city, was elected Major of the First Artilery Battalion, and Captain Rind. Hancock, of Newbern, was elected Colonel, Capt. John W. Cotton, of Tarboru, Lieut Colonel, and Lient, H. P. Jones, of Hillsboro, Major, of the First Regment North Carolina State Guard.

Steam boat Matters. At a meeting of the Cape Fear and People's Steamboat Company, beld yesterday, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President F. W. Kerchuer. Directors -H. Vollers, F. W. Kerchner, B. G. Worth, D. G. Worth, A. A. Mc

The American Baroness. Paris Correspondence N. Y. Times. Another American lady is about to be united to a prominent Frenchman. The marriage of Miss Polk to M. de Charette has been announced here. and the ceremony is to take place the private chapel of the Papal Nun-Only the families of the bride and bridegroom are to be present. The future Baroness has entered the Cacholic Church at the request of her

Spirits Turpentine

Hillsboro Recorder: The Grangers of this and Cedar Grove townships con-tributed their labors last week to lay in the winter supply of fire wood for the wintow winter supply of fire wood for the widow of the late James Maria, who was a member of the Grange, and who died in the fall of 1870 from the effects of an accident, leaving his family somewhat dependent.

—The Rev. W. B. Harrell, for two years past the pastor of the Baptist Church in this place, has removed to take charge of the church of that place and have charge of the church of that place and have the charge of the

- Charlotte Observer: Mr. James Williamson, who tell from the window of his room about a week ago, breaking his leg and distalking several other injuries, died yesterday mording, at 1 c'clock, from the effects of the same. Mr. Williamson was a native of Laboaster county, S. C. and between thirty-five and forty years in age. — Mr. John G. A. Orr exhibited at the Observer office, yesterday, a pure white-sat with pink eyes. It was not a mouse, but a real-rat, and was found in a souse on his premises near the city, in which he had a quantity of corn stored. Alamance Gleaner: Among our

marriage notices will be found the an-

marriage notices will be found the annonneement of the marriage of Mr. James
Foster to Miss Emily Carroll. This marflage is remarkable on account of the great
age of Mr. Foster. He is a pensioner for
service rendered his country in the war of
1812, and is eighty-six years old, while the
happy bride of the ancient veter an is only and just, and was heartily approved by the dolored men to whom the thirty two. — A negro man named George Phillips, while enjoying his Christmas, was feeling a pistol which he carried in the hip pocket of his pants, when it went off and gave him a slight wound. My FRIENDS:-I appear in your meeting to-day sumply to acknow-ledge the respect you have shown me by inviting me as a Governor of the State to visit your assemblage. You Wilson Advance: The merchants of Wiscon have purchased since July last \$106,769, exclusive of articles purcannot, of course, expect me to foin with you in celebrating this day, the chased in the State which will amount to anniversary of that emancipation nearly \$50,000. Over \$98,000 were purchased by two firms, Messrs. M. Rountree which I struggled so long to prevent, & Co., and Branch, Hadley & Co.and which I, in common with almost Thomas C. Davis, Esq., of this place, was all the people of my race in the South, regarded as an act of unconappointed a United States Commissioner at the last term of the Federal Court. Mr.

> and will make an excellent Commissioner. - Elizabeth City Carolinian: The failure of the crops, the suspension of the lumber mills, and the curtailment of all kinds of business giving employment to labor, all combined, are being more seriously felt in this locality than is generally known. Indeed there are families now suffering in our town-suffering for fuel, for clothing, for bread. — Mr. George Riggs, of Providence, this county, met with a serious accident on Thursday. He was working on his gun when one of the barrels unexpectedly discharged and lodged the shot in his scalp. The wound is a serious one-

Davis combines with experience the

highest qualifications as a business man,

administration; and now that we are - Charlotte Observer: The negro entering upon a new year, I have nowho, during the life time of Jim Fisk, was the body servant of that notorious individthing to add to or take from my ual, is now a porter of one of the sleeping cars on the Piedmont Air Line. — Dr. It is a matter of congratulation Kane, of New York city, who has been in that the past year has been one of this place for three months past on business some progress to the colored race in connected with mining and immigration, is one of those who entertain a very high opin-North Carolina. The cause of eduion of the mineral wealth of this section. cation has received a considerable After a thorough investigation of the mines impulse, their industry has on the of California, he is satisfied that those of whole been commendable, no riotous North Carolina are the more productive or disorderly violence among them and far more easily worked. - It is learned that the literary societies of the has been reported to me, and kind University of North Carolina have invited feeling toward the white people has Judge Schenck to deliver the annual admanifestly increased. The training dress before them at the annual commencement in June next. of your children to labor and honesty is now your great duty. If you do

- Goldsboro Messenger : On Saturday a negro man named Simon Pate was lodged in jail on a charge of rape preferred against him by Winnie Dinkins, white, the wife of Elijah Dinkins. The case came up on a hearing before Justice Griswold Monday morning, and developed a most sickening depravity. The woman was made to admit on trial that since the alleged assault (?) had been committed she had led a voluntary life of shame with the same negro, extending through a period of several months. - The store house on eorner of East Center and Chestnut streets, in this town, owned by Mr. Wm. Bonitz. and lately occupied by him as a restaurant, was destroyed by fire Monday night.

Mr. James P. Robinson, of Greene county, has placed on our table quite a curiosity in the shape of a freak of nature. It is a pair of pigs feet-well developed every way, but each is a double foot. They are the fore

feef; the hind feet were all right.

- Washington State: We were sorry to learn of the loss of the dwelling house and furniture, by fire, of Mr. John A. Hodges, a few nights ago. Supposed to have been accidental, as Mr. Hodges was away at the time. - One Lewis Latham, a tenant working on the plantation of Mr. W. A. Blount, on Blount's Creek, raised last year, with one mule and by the help of his wife, 8 bags of cotton, 147 barrels of corn, besides peas, &c. — The Rev. Mr. Harding, Rector of the Episcopal Church, received from the members of his church, a few days ago, a good pounding in the shape from the Legislature, believing that Congress did not require any "prod" in that line. Mr. Blackburn, when of sugar, coffee, &c. — A bald eagle, measuring six and a half feet from up to tip, was killed a few days ago by a woman, near Leachville, with a stick. The eagle asked his opinion of the bold charge seeing a goose and thinking to have a good made by Mr. Blair against his former meal, pounced down upon him, but, after fastening his talons (which were two and a that the matter had given him some concern. During the last session, when an effort was made to bring half inches long) into the goose, found it most too heavy a load and could not loose himself, and was killed by a woman-the owner of the goose-with a stick.

- Wadesboro Herald: Don't give mortgage or a lien on your crop. If you do, you will pay at least one hundred per cent. on what you purchase. — Mr. George C. Ratliff, of this county, killed a hog which weighed 535 pounds, net. The hog was two years old. Capt. Thomas G. Gulledge dressed the hog in one minute. -- We learn that on last Friday night four colored children were burned to death, on the plantation of Mr. Alexander Sturdivant. The particulars, as far as we to repudiate his record by becoming could learn, are as follows: The parents of the children left them-to go to a dancewith no grown person to care for them. Our informant tells us that when the father of the children was leaving his house he disdrawn into the quasi contract we have covered tee chimney to be on fire, and only beard so much about between the repthrew a bucket of water on it, and left without further precaution. After the house was so any one could go near enough Democrats, but if Mr. Blair is after a to see after the children, they were found man who did this with any considerain a heap, burned so badly that their bodies tions of the Texas Pacific in his eye, could not be separated, and their remains were all put in one box and buried.

- Tarboro Southerner: Henry L. Pitt, a tenant on the Nash place of Maj. J. M. Mayo, had his hand badly cut in a steam gin on Monday last. — The farmers of Edgecombe county will pay their faborers this year \$8, \$9 and \$10 per month, according to quality. At these figures an abundance of labor can be obtained; of course a ration is furnished each hand. — Capt. Myers, of the Cotton Plant, informs us that the dwelling on the Casholic Church at the request of her future husband. There is one detail connected with this marriage that may be interesting. De Charette is poor, and had great need of a wife with money. Several rich marriages were proposed. But he was fond of Miss Polk, and is going to make her his wife, although her fortune is very small. The first wife of De Charette was a daughter of the Duke of Fitz-James, by which he had two children.

The annual Ecityse.

The Annual Ecityse plantation of Mr. Wm. Grimes (of Raleigh)