

## WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1878.

EX-GOV. HENDRICKS ON PUBLIC

RADICALS HAPPY. Times. Its editor is a Republican, but his paper is independent. We copy a part of an editorial on the vin-

"Mr. Marble dissects the great Republi-can conspiracy of force and fraud with an unsparing hand. This is by way of show-ing that while the canvass by State author-ities was in progress Mr. Tilden could not have interfered effectually without going into even market and having up the re-8888888888191919191919191919191919 SESSEREED SACTON SWEEKS into open market and buying up the returning officers with mouey, as the repre-sentatives of Mr. Hayes bought them, with promise of preferment. He did not believe 8888348910 88 40 40 40 40 88 8 t right to go into this business. His plan to checkmate the conspirators was more legitimate and more certain. It was to insist upon the Constitutional method of de-termining the electoral vote. This ground which was so tenable, was abandoned by Democratic members of Congress. prominent among whom were two of his rivals for the nomination in 1880, with-out Tilden's knowledge or consent, and, finally, against his protest. The result was the passage of the electoral compromise act in defiance of his opposition to The subscription price of the WEEK ts policy and details. It cannot be denied that the telegrams now produced confirm this statement of his attitude and show that Single Copy 1 year, postage paid, \$1.50 his views were expressed with a plainness of speech and clearness of purpose for " 1.00 which he has not received credit in any .50

**VOL. 9.** 

TILDEN'S VINDICATION.

6 months, "

Subscription Price.

LY STAR is as follows :

" 3 "

Che Weekly Star,

\$1.50 a Year, in advance.

S Months.

sulton K

Months.

Months.

Month.

Weeks.

Week.

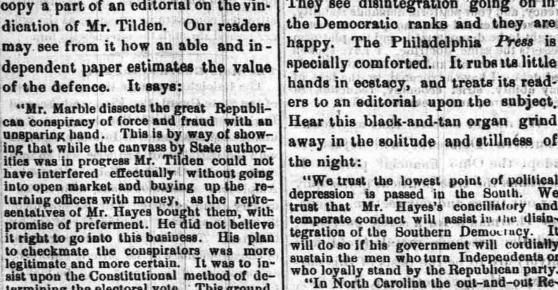
BLISHED AT-WILMINGTON. N. C.

3889886186861991944

3238888884448838828

2426888588488512

Mr. Manton Marble, former editor of the New York World, and a very special friend of Mr. Tilden, has written a long and interesting letter to the New York Sun in defence of his chief. It is understood that the arguments and facts are Mr. Tilden's, although the scribe is Mr. Marble. The defence will possibly create a good deal of discussion. It is not improbable that it may lead to angry words. We will not undertake to say that Mr. Tilden's defence is complete, but we may say that it is extremely plausible, and is fortified by telegrams that show him to have



quarter, completely disproving the charge that the Democrats in Congress were obliged to act in ignorance of his plans or wishes. His suggestions are prompt, curt and to the point, and his instructions are marked by a decisiveness and fighting

spirit that utterly dissipate the suspicion that he was timld in the assertion of his claims. If there was indecision at this point, it is plain that the responsibility does ot rest with Mr. Tilden. He had no part in the Electoral Commission, and did his best to make a straight-out fight for the Presidency.' The times were extraordinary, and there was great apprehension felt that Grant would undertake to overthrow the government. We all know the preparations he made for bulldozing Congress; how he gathered his

The organs are greatly affected. They see disintegration going on in the Democratic ranks and they are happy. The Philadelphia Press is specially comforted. It rubs its little hands in ecstacy, and treats its readers to an editorial upon the subject. Hear this black-and-tan organ grind

"We trust the lowest point of political depression is passed in the South. We trust that Mr. Hayes's conciliatory and temperate conduct will assist in the disintegration of the Southern Democracy. It will do so if his government will cordially sustain the men who turn Independents or who loyally stand by the Republican party. "In North Carolina the out-and-out Republicans have increased their representation in the Legislature. The increase is put at thirteen members. But, better yet, independency has cleaved off a respectable faction from Bourbonism. It is believed that Vance's chances for the Senate of the United States are seriously imperiled. He is the champion of a comprehensive party discipline, which means, with him, all kinds of petty social persecutions and in-timidations to discourage the opposition." We propose to go to work and disappoint the Press and papers of that kidney. Let the Democrats arouse themselves for the struggle. Is it not perfectly plain to every man with an idea above an oyster, that the Pressone of the extremest of Radical papers-and all other papers of the same school, care nothing about the South really only so far as it can be used as an instrument to fasten Grantism and its horrors upon the country? Is it not patent to all that such papers are watching the growth of new parties in the South in the hope that

it will so split up the Democratic party as to restore the Radicals to power? He is indeed a blind man who cannot see this.

If you doubt this read the last para-

It is certain that Gov. Hendricks, who is still very popular in the South is no enemy to the Greenback movement. In his speech on the 5th at Indianapolis he took a position that will increase his hold upon the people of the Northwest, and will not lessen his popularity in the South. Under the guise of advocating the claims of Senator Vorhees for re-election and presenting the principles of which he is the exponent and champion, Goy. Hendricks very adroitly stated his own convictions and opinions. We give the following abstract of a portion of his remarks, and they are important. Urging Senator Vorhees's claims he said:

"Mr. Vorhees believes that national bank notes should be retired, and in lieu thereof there should be issued by the government an equal amount of treasury notes, and that the right to issue paper money as well as coin is the exclusive prerogative of the government. He also believes Congress should provide for taxation by the States of the United States treasury notes as other of the United States treasury notes as other money is taxed, and he believes the policy General Grant's administration, and of the present administration in converting our debt into a foreign debt is unwise and inexpedient, and that the true policy of our government and the best interests of the people would be subserved by making it a domestic debt by affording the people the most favorable and practical opportunities for investment of their sa-vings in the funded debt of the United States. He believes also in the restoration of the silver dollar, with full legal tender quality in the payment of all debts, both public and private, and that the coinage thereof should be made as free and unlimited as that of gold. You are to be told that the success of the Democratic party means payment for slaves and Southern claims even to the bankruptcy of the treasury. Can it be necessary to say that the fourteenth amendment to the constitution forbids much that you are assured we will do. The constitutional provisions are that neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrections or rebellion against the United States or any claim for loss or emancipation of any

It is a mistake to suppose that the officials of the United States are alone corrupt. Other people have their troubles, and mankind is pretty much alike the world over. "An honest man is the noblest work of God," is a declaration, that does not apply to England only, but to the world at large. Louis Napoleon was betrayed by corrupt and incompetent public servants. Russia was often victimized during the late war by its officials. The latest is an account of the operation of some faithless agents in this country. A Paris telegram,

dated August 7th, says:

"The Estafette states that in consequence of the complaint of a Russian naval officer that a vessel purchased in the United States for 700,000 roubles for the volunteer fleet, was not worth half that amount, an inquiry was ordered, resulting in the discovery that of the three and a half million roubles subscribed to the volunteer fleet fund, more than half of the sum has found its way into the pockets of the organizers of the volunteer movement."

There is nothing new under the sun was the opinion of Solomon, who flourished some three thousand years ago. He spoke before the days of the telegraph, the telephone, phonograph, etc. He was doubtless correct in what he said. We had thought that the money safe and the cooking stove were modern invention But this is a great mistake. The Romans possessed both. Very good specimens of each have been exumed at Pompeii. The Rev. Thomas Hume, of Norfolk, saw a good cooking stove and a fair specimen of a money safe when he visited that wonderful city

The Louisians Platform. We give the main plank in the platform adopted by the Democrats of Louisiana that concerns the public at large:

Resolved, That the Louisians Democracy demands that the national banking system should be abolished and national bank notes retired, and, in lieu thereof, that the government of the United States should assue an equal amount of Treasury notes, commonly known as greenbacks; and we also demand the unconditional repeal of laws imposing a tax upon the circulation of State banks. We demand also the immediate and unconditional repeal of the Resumption act, and are unalterably opposed to the ruinous policy pursued by the Republican party whereby the volume of curren cy has been contracted far below the business requirements of the country, and failures, depression of business, scarcity of labor and pauper wages have been entailed. That it is the sense of this Convention that all bonds and obligations of the National Government should be paid in legal tender greenback notes of the United States, except where it is otherwise provided in the original law under which they were issued. We further demand the repeal of all laws passed subsequent to the original law cre-

ating the public debt, by which obligations of contract have been made more onerous. CURRENT COMMENT.

- There is no unkindness of feeling towards Mr. Tilden. Everybody is willing that he should enjoy, to the end of his days, the distinction of being the only American who was elected President of the United States and defrauded of that exalted office. Beyond this the Democracy cannot afford to go. The South, in particular, only assented to the nomthat lay buried for over eighteen ination of Mr. Tilden as a necessity hundred years. He also drank water and has had more than enough of

Spirits Turpentine

-Tarboro Southerner: Edgecombe -Tarboro Southemer: Edgecombe buys more mules than any county in the State. — A new Israelite coming to Tar-boro on the 1st of September. Welcome! They are among our best citizens. — A cance line to Washington is talked of. Rosin, hoop-poles, and other tropical fruits will be the burden of the seand traffic. — Gus Sharps, jail mans us that he has twenty-three taxes tavern, with a new crop m

-- Rev. J. H. Tart Raleigh Advocate on the 2 has been a gracious revival the bounds of the Waccami point where the Methodists any society till now, Rev. 1 in charge. About eighty have church, and over sixty have ligion; the meeting is still go deep interest is manifested inquiring the way of salve about forty at this point,

-- We have alread account of the destructive stories over Edgecombe county, gives a long account of the sands of dollars would be control puting the damage to crops corn was blown down and where, in some isolated in might have been a possibility ing its upright position shattered by the hail. erably damaged. On Sharpe & Weatherbee'a be almost entirely destroyed were in excellent condition made nearly a bale to the do

- Charlotte Democ

Board of County Commission of Meck-lenburg consists of Thomas L. Vall, A. G. Neel, R. A. Torrence, John R. Morris and Dr. T. T. Sandifer-the two last in place of R. M. White and Thomas Gluyas, members of the old Board. ---- The following is the new Board of Commissioners elected on Monday last for Union: C. A. Ashcraft, John Shute, J. C. Steele, T. C. Eubanks and W. A. Austin. ---- Greensboro failed to endorse a subscription of \$15,000 to the Mt. Airy Railroad. A big mistake, we think, for the business men of Greensboro. —R. P. Waring, Esq., of this city, has been appointed U. S. Commissioner by Judge Dick.

- Asheville Citizen: Our friend Freck, who has been on a visit to his native Faderland, has returned to his adopted home, Old Buncombe. He greatly enjoyed his rambles over the scenes of his childhood with friends of other years. — The Rev. H. H. Banks sweetly fell "asleep in Jesus" 12 minutes before 10 o'clock, on the evening of the 6th inst., at the residence of Mr. Hawley in this place. The deceased has been an invalid for several years, He was a native of Arkansas, was some 40 years of age, was at one time pastor of the Presby. terian Church in Ashville, but for several years has been Agent for Davidson College

- Charlotte Observer: Prof. Robt. that tasted well that had been drawn from the fountain over that length of time Female College, Danville, Va., and will enter upon his duties in about two weeks. - The petition of Dr. A. H. Davega, asking that a receiver be appointed for the Chester & Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad, was argued before Judge Mackey at Chester last Tuesday. After hearing argument the judge reserved his decision. --- The public will regret to learn that Capt. R. G. Spragins, the veteran conductor on the North Carolina Railroad, is dangerously ill at Greensboro. - A dozen or more of the Charlotte merchants who went to Richmond on the excursion will go over to the White Sulphur Springs to attend the monument ball. - Raleigh Observer: About fifty of our substantial citizens left for Richmond on Wednesday. ---- The Governor on Wednesday issued a requisition on the Governor of South Carolina and on the Governor of Virginia for a fugitive from justice. — The Secretary of State issued a charter on Tuesday last to the Winston, Salem & Mooresville Narrow Gauge Railroad Company. The articles of the associa-tion were filed and recorded in the Secretary's office on the same day. The capital stock of the Company is \$350,000, divided into shares of \$100 each. The road is sixty-nine miles in length, and runs through one of the finest sections of the State, and will open up one of the finest tobacco sec-tions in the world. The Directors are: W. C. Wilson, A. M. Booe, S. A. Lowrance, Isaac Harris, S. E. Allen and C. H. Wiley. - Salisbury Watchman: Milas Chambers, colored, about sixty years of age, was assisting in raising a tobacco barn on the old Bob Ellis plantation, ten miles east of this place, when a log slipped off the corner and fell on and killed him instantly. ---- Mr. J. N. H. Summerell, of this place, and William Gemmell, sailed from New York on the steamer Anchoria for Glasgow, Scotland, on Saturder, the 10th inst. Mr. S. goes to Scotland to spend a year or two in the Theological Seminary at Edinburg. — Mr. Summerell is a son of an eminent physician of this place, and grandson of Elisha Mitchell, D. D. — Mr. Earnhart reports having a hen that was hatched out in 1857-a black hentwenty-one years old. Come on with your old chickens. — Mr. Robert Bostian, living in Litaker township, had, on the 26th of July, his thigh-bone broken by falling from a barn shed to the ground, - Elizabeth City Carolinian: It seems that the "Old North State" was destined to become a field for' scientific research. We were recently shown a huge molar tooth, which, from fts size and peculiar structure, must have belonged to some land or marine monster of pre-historic times. The tooth measures eight inches by three inches across the crown, the face of which is formidably serrated in transverse ridges terribly suggestive. The roots, together with the inner structure of the crown, has become petrified, while the enameled surface, although somewhat discolored, still remains as perfect as when in use. This mammoth dental specimen was picked up on Body's Island Beach, fifteen years ago, by Captain Jesse Etheredge, who has been repeatedly urged to dispose of it. It is now in the possession of Lieut. Walton, Assistant Inspector of L. S. Sta-tions, who intends forwarding it to Prof. O. P. Marsh, of New Haven, for examination. - Tarboro Southerner: Mr. Agelrnon Hazardshot, a young and clever English gentleman, who married the daughter of a prominent citizen of Edgecombe, Colonel J. L. Bridgers, and owns a valuable farm in the county, will start with his family (wife and two children) on the 14th of August for England, to take up his permanent abode. - We know Blount has returned to Wilson-knew it as soon as we picked up the

been not only prompt but firm and determined in the maintenance of his rights. The following are some of the telegrams:

To the argument of haste Mr. Tilden re

plied: "There is time enough. It is a month before the count. It had best be used, all of it, in making the people and their agents fully acquainted with their rights and du-

To the statement that the Senate committee would not delay for this to present their bill, with the unanimous approval of its three Democratic members, to the Republican Senate, Mr. Tilden replied:

"It is a panic of pacifactors. They wil act in haste and repent at leisure.'

To Mr. Hewitt's representation of the danger of a collision of force with the Exccutive, Mr. Tilden replied: "Nevertheless, this action is too precipi

tate. The fears of collision are exaggera-And why surrender now? You can always surrender. That is all you have to do after being beaten. Why surrender before the battle, for fear of having to surrender after the battle is over?

"With both the vital points left at loose ends you cannot succeed. You cannot afford to concede, and you can exact (1) the selection of good men to compose the tribunal, which is the controlling point, and (2) the nature of the function to be performed by the tribunal, which is next in importance.

'Fix these two points-good men, explicit powers-and you might possibly get through. Leave them doubtful and it is happy-go-lucky-the shake of a dice box." The scheme which Mr. Hewitt had brought contained in its first draft a provision by which six Judges were to be described in the act, one of them then to be climinated by lot. To this Mr. Tilden's

objection was peremptory. Said he: "I may lose the Presidency, but I will not raffle for it."

The generally cautious Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says that the defence will excite surprise in many quarters. He says of Mr. Tilden's course, which some how does not dovetail very well with the above telegrams:

some of the leading Democrats to visit New York in November, 1876, on the eve of the pecting to find some plan of action either matured or prepared for consideration. To their astonishment Mr. Tilden had no definite or indefinite proposition to offer, and no plan of any kind appeared to be formed in his mind.

"He had a vague hope that Mr. Conkling, Gen. Butler, Mr. Drexel, the banker, and others, who from their position in the Republican party, or their personal relations with Gen. Grant, would be able to exert such an influence at Washington as to pre-vent the consummation of the conspiracy in Congress. At that time he certainly did not suggest any mode of unifying Demo-cratic action or confronting the Republican leaders with a settled and positive pro-gramme of policy which would draw the

transportation to bring them there. the spread of a malignant type of Board of Canvassers of this Senatorial cord as the first Virginian who ever refused The large house of R. M. Bishop He has held his tongue under the District, composed of Sheriffs S. H. Mana public office. Of course Richmond expects to profit we know Blount has returned to whe son-knew it as soon as we picked up the Advance and saw "Heart Wayes Mingling Together." —Stephen Bunn, a colored man, about twenty-five years of age, was hauling a well sweep near Rocky Mouht, in Nash county, and when he got opposite the residence of Mrs. Lewis he got out of the wagon to whip a colt out of the way. In attempting to regain his seat, the horses started off, throwing him out and breaking his neck. He died instantly. — William T. Cobb, one of the Judges of the Inferior Court, who resigned some time since, with-drew his resignation on Monday, we are glad to learn. — G. T. Creaneler, of Rocky Mount, attempted to commissincide on Saturday night by taking morphis. The fact was discovered in time to save his life. Cause of the act, family difficulties. — A week ago, 'twas "How d'ye do ? How's your family ? How are you ?" Now, it's "Say, Jones, I'll ask no mo'; I'm bound to have that little you owe." — Rev. Jos. B. Cheshire, Jr., continues disease, but the seeds were brought & Co., Cincinnati, of which Gov. -People in Austin, Texas, fearing ning, of New Hanover, and A. H. Paddiunfavorable criticisms of his party from Cuba or some other island we by this wide-awake movement, and the yellow fever, are fleeing to the moun-Bishop is a member, did business to of Pender, met in this city on Thursfriends, and of a large proportion of have no doubt. so it will. The State of August.8th tains, and taking tents with them. the amount of \$3,000,000 annually. day and canvassed the vote, the result being - The Louisiana Democratic State the Democratic press. He has been announces that twelve hundred North The cause of the failure is the imthe announcement that R. K. Bryan, Esq., Convention nominated Major E. A. Burke charged, time and again, with a dila-The Austrians are now enjoying Carolinians accepted the invitation, for State Treasurer and adjourned sine die, had been duly elected Senator for the two mense shrinkage in real estate. The - Senator Patterson, of South Carolina, is now called. The-Old-Man-Afraid to go-Home-Lest-He-be Sent-to-thetory, vacillating, timid course, and some of the fruits awarded them by and were then the guests of the city. property they owned has tumbled one connties. the Berlin Congress. The Bosnians. that if he had manifested a proper de-A large delegation, composed of many half. The whole North was inflated Pronounced Insane. cision at the right time that he would aided by Turks, and numbering over of the leading business men, met Lucy Hill, colored, formerly of Castle like a huge bladder. The wealth was Penitentiary. - The Hampton (Va.) Monitor thinks it probable that Mr. Goode, of the Norfolk District, will be the leading candi-date before the coming Convention. In case he fails to secure the prize, the Moni-tor thinks Major Baket P. Lee will receive 5,000 men, engaged the Austrians, have been President. We confess the North Carolinians at Greensboro. Hayne, but now living in this city, had an fictitious. Real estate ran up to douwe have shared in these views. We examination before Justices Hall and Wagand were defeated. So the latter Virginia is now putting the big pot ble or quadruple its value. Men ner, yesterday morning, and was prohad supposed from all we could learn will not be allowed to enjoy a peaceon the fire, and hereafter North Carplunged in as if crazed, and the result nounced insane, or at least subject to that Mr. Tilden favored the line of able occupation of Bosnia. olina will help to keep it boiling. The periodical fits of mental aberration, and is failures without end. The bottom peace and was not averse to the Electrouble with our people is, they have the nomination. Col. Jno. R. Winston, of Multon, was ordered to be sent to the department will fall out of the houses that are - Aleck Stephens is carrying eve-rything before him in his district. The Savannah News says: "There is no use in talking, Mr. Stephens has won a crowned name that will outlive any opposition of cliques, politicians and thimble-riggers of this and all subsequent ages." toral Commission. But according to been trained too well to be tributary for the insane at the county Poor House. weak and on a false basis, and busi-N. C., and Greenback candidate for to other States and towns. She created considerable of a sensation for Mr. Marble's letter this was all a ness will be healthier and better. Congress, has become the Southern a few moments, yesterday morning, in front mistake. He has been wholly mis-Rev. Jos. B. Cheshire, Jr., continues to improve slowly in Hillsboro. He has been almost helpless with rheumatism. - Elizabeth City Economist: The editor of the Wisconsin Greenbacker. --Judge Thurman, of Ohio, will of the Court House, by shouting murder. Republicans follow the "cluck" of their leaders like young chickens the "cluck" of understood and misrepresented. Her husband, who was present, seemed to be very much distressed at her condition. There is no more astute paper in The number before us has a column be at the State Fair and will deliver the agricultural address. He will draw. this country than the Philadelphia of matter from his pen. a hen.

Radicals were to force an issue, and how averse the people, specially the people of the South, were to a resort to violence and to arms. The Times exactly states the case, according to

army and naval forces in and around

Washington; how eager the extreme

our recollection, when it says:

"The two parties were at sword's points. The people stepped in and demanded mediation, regardless of Hayes or Tilden, and mediation was accorded. The responsibility for the peaceful settlement rests on their shoulders, and their shoulders are broad enough to carry it. As to the rest, Mr. Tilden may fight it out with his parti-

sans." How much influence the defence will have upon Mr. Tilden's political fortunes in the future we cannot undertake to say. That he will have many strong backers in the North for the nomination in 1880, is almost certain. We do not believe that the South, or any considerable portion of it, will favor his claims. There are so many new elements injected into the political field; there are so many novel and disturbing views now being promulgated, that it is simply impossible to forecast the future, and to say in 1878 what will come to pass in 1880. If under any shifting of the political cards Mr. Tilden should again become the Democratic candi-

date for the Presidency, it will be a great surprise to hundreds of thousands in the South.

Up to the 6th there had been 316 cases of yellow fever in New Orleans and 88 deaths. This is remarkable mortality for New Orleans, where they are generally well prepared and know so well how to treat it. There are very grave apprehensions pre-"It is well known that Mr. Tilden invited vailing throughout the city. The disease is now said to have origimeeting of Congress. They went there, ex. nated in New Orleans, but this is hardly probable. The streets are reported as awfully fithy. A telegram to the Chicago Tribune from New Orleans says:

"Two cases of fever were brought in the steamship Emily B. Sander, two months ago. Both died, leaving no contagion. The present disease appeared simultaneously in different portions of the city. The excitement following was almost a panic. Chousands left town for the North under the influence of the scare."

÷.

If no vessels had come from inrian mission, died on the 25th of the C. C. Railway, passed her free of nominee of his party, and that he will fected ports it is not probable that commendable spirit when it invited charge over his road to Lumberton, her April at Shansi. there would have been yellow fever the merchants of North Carolina to be elected. Such appears to be the line distinctly between the two parties, and destination. : SOUTHEBN ITEMS. enable public sentiment to crystalize on one in New Orleans. The filthy streets outlook now as far as we can learn visit that handsome and prosperous the complexion of the Legislature. The Senatorship. or the other." city at its expense, and provided the furnished the condition necessary for We omitted to state in our last that the - Donn Piatt puts Mosby on re-Mr. Tilden has been long silent.

graph in the Press's editorial: "On the whole enough has transpired to puzzle the Tilden slate-makers over the coming Congressional elections. There is some hope that North Carolina will, in November, be well on the way of return to her old Republicanism and her strong Unionism, which, before the war, made her one of the most loyal of the Southern States."

Bogardus from some cause did not shoot as well in England as at home The international match between him and Mr. Anbrey Coventry is reported

as very exciting, and as causing great interest in England. At first betting was in favor of Coventry. The stakes were \$5,000 a side. Bogardus only

scored 97, beating but one bird. A London telegram says: "Bogardus had had hard luck, three of his birds falling dead just beyond the line. At his fifty-fifth shot Bogardus missed, and Coventry led. Bogardus missed the fifty-

seventh bird, but Conventry missed his fifty-ninth. At the end of the third twentyfive birds Coventry had killed 58 and Bogardus 57. Coventry missed his sevenlysixth bird, but Bogardus lost his eightysecond. Conventry then led until the eightyninth, when the scores were even. Bogardus missed his ninety-first bird, and Coventry once more led, but he missed his ninetysixth and ninety-seventh bird, while Bogardus lost no more, ending the fourth twenty-five birds by a score of 22 to Coventry's 20. The excitement was intense during the last twenty-five birds, for it was not till the very last shot which was fired by Bogardus that it was decided whether the latter had won or the match was a tie. Bogardus was much cheered at the end."

The Russians have secured a very

important place in Varna. It is one of the great fortresses in Turkey in Europe, and is the chief defence of the Black Sea. The Turks captured it from Hungary in 1444, and held it until 1828, when it was reduced by the Russians after a siege of four months. It is the best harbor on the Black Sea, and opens the entire coast to Russia. It is connected by a railroad, 105 miles in length, with Rustchuk on the Daunbe, and is the principal place of export for the grain, oil, wine, tallow, leather, wax, wool cotton and timber of the Dobrudja and Bulgaria. Earl Beaconsfield, in

slave. Any man who tells you that an obligation thus made can be assumed or paid in violation of the constitution deals falsely with you. Do you ask what I think of

Hayes's Southern policy? He has none. He and his administration are incapable of any policy, but what they have done in the South I approve. Gen. Grant will probably be the Republican candidate, and his candidacy will signify strong government--always prepared to hold the people in con-

THE HERALD ON SOUTHERN PO-LITICS.

The New York Herald, which just now engaged in the patriotic business of trying to get Grant nominated for a third term, and, in the face of its own grave utterances of eighteen months ago, has turned aside from its chief work to consider the political outlook in the South. Under the heading, "A"Political Bald Mountain," it says:

"In North Carolina there is weeping and wailing and amazement and discust among the politicians of both parties. Political 'slates" have been suddenly smashed; those hateful disturbers of harmony, the independents, have cast their votes regardless of party lines; Democratic counties have been carried by Republicans, Republican counties by Democrats, and both by 'dark horses,' and the 'Bald Mountain party,' as the independents are called, have shaken up the whole State. It is quite awful for a sedate North Carolina man to find that old Josiah Turner, the chief independent disorganizer of the State, has actually been elected to the Legislature in defiance of both parties, and that Governor

Vance will not be elected to the U.S. Sen-

There is not much sagacity in the above. The Democrats have at least 35 or 40 on joint ballot, with a good working majority in both houses. The Independents elected are, for the most part, men who have cooperated with the Democrats since the war, and will hardly do anything to give "aid and comfort" to their Radical enemies, or to add to the strength of Radicalism in the United States Congress. There are twelve Independents known to be elected. The Herald is entirely too fast when it draws the conclusion "that Gov. Vance will not be elected to the United States Senate." Out of 170 members the Democrats will have some 103 or more, leaving 67 or less opposition. We incline to the opinion that Gov. Vance will be the cancus

The Philadelphia Ledger thus re ports the New York dry goods mar ket on Thursday:

"The dry goods market to-day has been rong. Additional makes of brown, trong. bleached and colored cottons are advanced 24 to 5 per cent. Prints are in good demand and firm. Dress goods and ginghams are doing well, and shawls and skirts in fair request. Wool fannels and repellants are moderately active, but men's wear woollens are moving slowly."

Remedy for the Rffects of Poison

Dr. S. A. Brown, United States Navy states'in the Medical Record that he has found a specific for the troublesome eruption produced by the poison oak or poison ivy (Rhus toxicodendron) so common in our woods and so often mistaken for the Virginia creeper, which the plant somewhat resembles. This specific he finds in bromine, which he has used with unvarying success in at least forty cases. He uses the drug dissolved in olive oil, cosmoline, or glycerine, in the strength of from ten to twenty drops of bromine to the ounce of oil, and rubs the mixture gently on the affected part three or four times a day. The bromine is so volatile that the solution should be renewed within twenty-four hours from its preparation. The eruption never extends after the first thorough application is persisted in, and the patient is

ntirely cured. A Little Traveller.

There arrived at the Purcell House or Thursday a young miss about five years old, who had travelled all the way from Little Rock, Arkansas, by herself, in the care of the Conductors of the various railroads. The child's name is Annie Halton. She is a very pretty little brunette, with jet black hair and eyes. She bears a letter from M. S. Joy, G. P. Agent Memphis & Little Rock Railroad, to conductors and others. The little miss was placed in charge of the Messrs. Cobb, of the Purcell House, yesterday, and was to leave on the C. C. Railway last evening at 5:30 for Lumberton, where her father is said to reside. She appears to enjoy the trip exceedingly and is as bright and merry as a lark. She had her address tied to a card, which was suspended from her neck, with her ticket and an envelope containing some money pinned thereto. We wish the little traveller a safe and happy termination to her long and somewhat eventful journey. We would add that no charge for board was made by the proprietors of the Purcell House, and that Capt. V. Q. Johnson, of

and game to the backbone; one who if elected, as Tilden was, will be installed, in spite of the world, the flesh and the devil .- Charleston News and Courier.

---- As to the first point: I have already stated my votes upon the several bills relating to the currency, in which I opposed all further contraction, expanded the currency by remonetizing "the dollar of the fathers," and put greenbacks on a par with gold and silver in all receipts by the Government. I am in favor of the repeal of the special tax on State

banks, imposed in order to destroy them, because I believe the tax unconstitutional, its repeal right, and the General Assembly had instructed Senators and Representatives to secure the repeal. While I am not in favor of an indefinite expansion of the currency, and prefer a Treasury note issued by the Government to the system of national bank currency which has been established, yet would favor such an amount of Government currency as, with the gold and silver circulation (in the language of Senator Voorhees), "shall bear a reasonable and judicious proportion to the business transactions and population of the United States." What that amount would be depends upon too many causes to be hastily determined, and should be adopted upon full and careful consideration.

-Hon. J. Randolph Tucker, of Virginia.

Death of Missionaries in China. A letter from Pekin, dated June 4th, 1878, announces the death of the Rev. P. R. Hunt, of the American Board's North Carolina Mission. and of several missionaries connected with other societies. Mr. Hunt was seized with typhus fever on the 19th of May and died on the 20th. Miss Dedricken had been in China for about a year, under the auspices of the church mission of London, and was preparing to take charge of girls' boarding school, died of the fever on the 11th of May. Her death was followed on the 18th by that of Miss L. A. Campbell, of the American Methodist mission, who had been in China two years. Between these two deaths came that of Rev. Wm. N. Hall, at Tientsin. On the 25th of May Rev. J. S. Barrabale, of the London mission, at Tientsin, died of the same disease, his wife having been carried off by it during the December previous. Rev. Albert Whitney, of the American Presbyte-

his speech, tried to make it of little importance, but Russia appreciates

the acquisition. Richmond, Virginia, showed a very