Che Meekly Star,

WILMINGTON. N. C.,

\$1.50 a Year, in advance.

[Entered at the Post Office at Wilmington, N. C., as second-class matter.]

Subscription Price.

The subscription price of the WEEK LE STAR is as follows :

Single Copy 1 year, postage paid, \$1.50 " 6 months, " .. 3 ..

ANOTHER SCHEME. The Philadelphia Press admits that

Kansas "is becoming alarmed lest too many indigent colored refugees should throw themselves upon her hospitality." It thinks that the exodus will continue. We suppose so, as the same busy-bodies who have been promoting it will continue their efforts in the same direction. A Mr. Monjeau, another busy-body, develops a plan by which a "National Society" is to be formed, with branches in various places, "whose object shall be the removal of the causes which are producing the migration, &c.' The Northern fanatics are always meddling with the affairs of other people. It is this disposition to inter fere with the Southern people that is the source of so much distur distress. The North ern Paul Pry 18 always miserable unless he is hunting for something South. He knows better manage our affairs than we know ourselves. He is full of crotchets and schemes and devices Here comes this fellow Monjeau with his great political cure all. The causes are to be removed, but in case of a failure at this point, then what? We are told that then the great "National Society"-everything is "National" now-a days-is to take the exodus bull by the horns and by the "use of money" "to direct the current of migration to the localities where laborers are needed and where indigent immigrants can be temporarily provided for without overtaxing the benevolence of the white population." As Kansas has sufficient Republican voters, "the current of migration" will probably be "directed" mainly to Indiana until enough Republican voters have been

The self-complacent and bulldozing Press thus remarks upon the partisan scheme of superserviceable Monjeau:

imported to answer party purposes.

"Whether a powerful association, with ample means and strong social and political influence, if such could be organized, would be able to teach these people the necessity of doing justice, is a question which need not now be discussed, but to which we think there are two sides.'

A "powerful association," with "strong political influence," working in the interest of the Radical party, will hardly "be able to teach" the people of the South any lessons worth learning as to "justice" of any kind. The people of the South know quite enough already of the Stalwart's Idea of "justice." They would sincerely implore to be spared any further visitations of the sort.

As to the negroes, this is a free country as yet. They can go or they can remain. There are none to molest or make them afraid. That thousands will go we have no doubt, but the Southern people will not concorn themselves in any way to prevent

There is a certain amount of cruelty in the way in which the Northern schemers use the "colored man and brother." Of course they do not care any more for them than the Lemars (Iowa) Sentinel, which makes them objects of ridicule. They merely wish to use them for their own selfish ends. There is no philanthropy or mercy or justice in their motives. They simply find them useful, and in a certain sense, necessary, and they are, therefore, to be victimized. That is the whole of it. There are at least two intelligent colored men who understand this perfectly. Fred. Douglass, Marshal of the District of may pry into the stupendous frauds Columbia, an aged and able man, that are known to have been perpe-

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1879.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

trated throughout that State by the Republicans in the recent election, and that the investigation may lead to very serious results against them, how shocked they are. The open and acknowledged rascalities of the Radical Returning Boards of 1876 were all right and excellent. The prospect of even a fair investigation by the Democratic Returning Board of Maine fills them with the utmost consternation and horror. But the sensible people of the country will know how to estimate their denunciations now just as they know how to estimate their approval of the vile measures of the party in 1876.

The recent transactions in Maine are too funny, too farcical to be overlooked. The New York Herald publishes an amusing account in its letter written from Augusta, Maine. Here

"Mr. Blaine called the State committees of 1879 and 1880 together first. Then the ex-Governors of the State and all the Republican members of Congress were ordered to Augusta by telegraph. The local politicians of Augusta and vicinity, with eading Republicans from all parts of the State, all flocked up to Senator Blaine's house. The Governor and his Council went into session at the State House, and soon after a committee of sixteen Republicans—one from every county in the State -knocked at the door and made a formal demand for admission to supervise the count. Several questions were asked of Gov. Garcelon as to the date of opening the counting of the vote, and whether the Republican party, through its representatives, would be admitted to look after the interests of their candidates for Senators and Representatives. When the Governor came out to reply he found the corridors filled with a crowd of politicians, loudly discussing the duties of the Council, and going so far as to threaten violence in case any adverse decision were rendered. To ex-Gov. Dingley's question he replied in effect that he did not propose to turn over the returns to a mob until he had a chance to look at them himself."

Our readers have already been informed that Gov. Garcelon determined to postpone the canvassing of the votes until another time. He had no notion of being bulldozed by Blaine and his bullies. He meant to wait until the bulldozers had left the Capital be ore he and his Council entered upon their important work. Gov. Garcelon appears to have the "right sort of grit." In this remark we do not mean for a second to justify any unfairness, much less anything dishonorable on the part of the Democratic Returning Board of Maine. We do not believe that Gov. Garcelon will act in an unbecoming, much less in a corrupt way We believe he will do right. The Democrats do not desire victory at the expense of honor. They at least cannot afford to resort to any of the infamous and disreputable methods so successfully practiced by the Republicans. They know that honesty is the best policy, and that their chances of success lie in the road of principle, integrity and right. They could not, if they would, cope with their unscrupulous opponents in the methods of trickery and artifice. Their opponents have had a long schooling in humbuggery and deception, and it is too late for the

ful or dishonorable ends. When we wrote our comments upon the address of Mr. Matthews, on our third page, we had not seen any comments from Washington sources. The following from the Baltimore Sun's letter is interesting:

Democrats to attempt to compete

with them in such ways. You can-

not teach an old dog new tricks. You

cannot induce the best men in the

Democratic party to resort to low

means for the compassing of doubt-

"A notable incident in connection with the Thomas procession yesterday was the fact that not a single volunteer military organization from any point north of Mason and Dixon's line participated. All the military display outside of the regular army was furnished by organizations from the South. Another point upon which comment is made is the remarkable parti san tone of portions of Mr. Stanley Matthews's oration. In political circles it is said that Mr. Matthews was speaking more to the Ohio Legislature than those who were present.'

Mr. James C. Adkisson, a North Carolina printer, long resident at Norfolk, Va., died on Thursday. He was very highly respected. The Richmond State says of him:

"Living in Richmond when the war and his tardiness in sending in the staple se at once volunteered in the Crenshaw Battery, and remained by his colors throughout the entire four years, per-forming every duty bravely and uncomplainingly, and always declining promotion, he left the army as he entered it, a private soldier. The war over, he made his home at Norfolk, where he became one of the early proprietors of the Virginian, of which Mr. Glennan is now the full editor and

The Richmond Dispatch says that the New York Herald has one of its staff now in Virginia "writing 12p the Grant boom." That paper adds: "We don't believe that the number of

Grant Democrats in the South is large

enough to aid the 'Grant boom' to : any ap-

preciable extent."

Steam Saw Mill and Planing Mill in Ashes-Large Amount of Naval Stores Destroyed-Narrow Escape of

Shipping. Shortly after 12 o'clock last night fire was discovered in the steam saw mill belonging to Messrs. Colville & Taylor, situated at the foot of Walnut street, and in a very short time it spread so rapidly among the piles of shavings and pitch pine lumber as to light up the whole of that part of the city before a general alarm was sounded. The watchman, an elderly man, who had charge of the mill property and of Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son's naval stores yard adjoining, said that he had made his rounds a little after 11 o'clock, when he had discovered nothing unusual, and had returned to a small building on the premises, where his attention was attracted to the fire by a bright light shining through the window. Looking out he discovered fire amongst the shavings in the saw room, and at once gave the alarm. The fire was discerned about the same time

by the policeman on the beat.

The flames had made good headway before the engines arrived, and the building in which the machinery of the mill was situated, as well as that of the planing mill belonging to Messrs. Altaffer & Hill, was enveloped in flames when the Little Giant, which was the first to put in an appearance, came upon the ground. The efforts of the firemen were at once directed to saving the property of Messrs. Sprunt & Son, adjoining. They labored at great disadvantage, but were successful in keeping the flames from the brick office, the immense piles of rosin in the yard, and the wharves and shed of Messrs. Worth & Worth, which at one time were seriously endangered, when the warehouse of the Messrs. Sprunt, next the river, was in a blaze, and which was reported to contain some 300 barrels of spirits of tur-

At this time, also, the British barque Zephyr, awaiting cargo, had a narrow escape, her stern and side next to the wharf being badly scorched. She had attempted to pull out, but fouled with another barque, when it was impossible to extricate her. The tug Wm. Nyce came to their assistance, however, and managed to tow both vessels

It was impossible at the hour to obtain an estimate even of the loss. The saw mill and a great quantity of lumber belonging to Messrs. Colville & Taylor were consumed, all the new and improved machinery of the planing mill of Messrs. Price & Altaffer, and a large warehouse and a quantity of naval stores belonging to Messrs. Sprunt & Son.

At this hour, 3 A. M., the fire is pretty much under control, being confined to the piles of lumber in the yard attached to the mill, the Champion cotton compress, next to Messrs. Colville & Taylor, fortunately escaping, being protected by stout brick walls and a favorable breeze from the

Since writing the above we learn that the property belonging to Messrs. Sprust & Son was fully covered by insurance, the naval stores by "floaters," and the warehouse and wharf by policies in companies represented by Messrs. Atkinson & Man-

The fire companies labored faithfully and energetically under the direction of their efficient Chief, and are entitled to much credit.

An Important Case for the Criminal

Some months ago Mr. S. B. Newsome, a resident of South Carolina, it is alleged, came to this city and succeeded in borrowing between \$3,000 and \$4,000 from Messrs. Kerchner & Calder Bros., he representing to the firm that he was worth property to the amount of about \$40,000 unincumbered. It subsequently transpired, as it appears, that the property alluded to had been transferred to parties in Charleston under a mortgage previous to receiving the amount from Messrs. Kerchner & Calder Bros. At the last term of the Criminal Court a true bill was found against Mr. Newsome for false pretense and a capias issued for his arrest. Armed with this document, and a requisition from Gov. Jarvis upon the Chief Executive of South Carolina, Constable T. O. Bunting proceeded to Cade's Depot, S.C., arrested Mr. Newsome, and brought him to this city, where he arrived Thurs day night. At Florence he asked permis sion to telegraph to friends at Goldsboro to meet him here and go on his bond. Accordingly upon his arrival at the Sheriff's office, in this city, Dr. G. L. Kerby and Mr. John R. Smith were present and duly affixed their names to his bond of \$2,500 for his appearance at the approaching term of the Criminal Court, upon which the de-fendant was released. Hon. W. T. Dortch, of Goldsboro, of Mr. Newsome's counsel,

The money was obtained by Newsome with the understanding that he was to purchase cotton with it and forward the same to Messrs. Kerchner & Calder Bros., here, aroused the suspicion to the investigation which culminated in the arrest of the enterprising South Carolinian. The trial of this case has been set for Wednesday next, and will doubtless be a very interesting one, when the character of the legal talent to be employed is taken into consideration..

Solicitor Moore and Hon. D. L. Russell will appear for the State, and Hon. W. T. Dortch and Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar for the de-

Capital Case. Allen Mathis, colored, charged with the murder of one Reuben Herring, colored, in Pender, and removed to this county for trial, will be heard on the first Wednesday of the approaching term of the Superior Court, which convenes in this city on the first Monday in December.

Further Particulars of the Destructive Fire of Friday Night-Losses

At the close of our report at about the engines kept steady streams upon it They kept it so under control, however cies may be expected:

Mesers, Colville & Co. lose their mill about fifty thousand feet of lumber, about six hundred cords of wood, and a flat used for lightering lumber, altogether valued at about \$20,000. They were insured for \$2,000 on the mill and \$4,000 on the lumber, as follows: \$1,000 on mill, in the Western, of Canada, and \$1,000 on lumber, in the Royal, represented by Mr. Norwood Giles; \$1,000 on mill, in the Pamlico. of Tarboro, and \$1,000 on lumber, in the Union, Marine and Fire, of Galveston, represented by J. W. Gordon & Bro. ; and \$2,000 on lumber, in the Fire Association, of Philadelphia, represented by Messrs. Atkinson & Manning. The flat, which was valued at about \$600, was not insured.

The loss upon the wharf property, upon which the Mill and; Sash and Blind Factory | located, belonging to Col. John McRae, is estimated at from \$5,000 to

\$8,000, upon which there was no insurance. The Sash and Blind Factory, the property of Messrs. Altaffer & Price, was valued at from \$5,000 to \$6,000, upon which there was only insurance to the amount of \$1,000, in the Home, of New York, represented by Mr. Norwood Giles. These gentlemen had recently introduced into their establishment three new and improved machines, one of them very fine. One of these machines had neve been used, being under process of erection when the disaster occurred. Nearly all of their stock, &c., was at their warehouse on the east side of Nutt street, nearly opposite the mill, and, together with their books, &c., was saved. They will commence operations again as soon as the necessary

large shed on their wharf, containing 307 casks of spirits turpentine, 400 barrels of rosins, a quantity of empty barrels and other merchandise, together with the wharf property. The loss on wharf and shed is estimated at \$3,000, upon which there was insurance in the Hartford, represented by Messrs. Atkinson & Manning, of \$2,000. The loss on spirits turpentine, rosin and other produce is put down at \$8,500, which was covered by insurance in agencies represented by Messrs. Norwood Giles, De-Rosset & Northrop, and J. W. Gordon &

Messrs. Patterson & Hicks lost \$500 in naval stores, which was covered by insurance in the Liverpool and London and Globe, represented by J. W. Gordon &

A derrick scow, for the Government, which had just been finished by Messrs. per authorities, was completely destroyed,

The large brick office of Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son made a very narrow escape. a window in a small room next to the fire, in which a lot of paper was stowed, ignited. It was the stern of the British barque Sussez which was scorehed by the flames

before she could be towed from the vicinity of the fire-not that of the Norwegian

rendered much assistance to the firemen in handling their hose, &c. As to our noble firemen, all we can say is,

The result of the fire was a heavy blow to Messrs. Colville & Co. and Altaffer & Price, who had so little insurance on their

ter, and are good diet for those suffering with nervous affections.

Turpenting. Spirits

-Revival in the Methodist Church

-- Raleigh Visitor: The Federal Court will open here next Monday. Judges Brooks and Bond presiding. — O. Sur-day next Rev. A. E. Owen, of Portsmouth, Va, an evangelist, will begin a meeting with Rev. Mr. Gwaltney, paster of Swain St. Baptist Church.

- Rockingham Bee: Mr. Neill A. Graham is now Assisting Clerk to I). Stewart, a very correct young man and a good scribe. — A revival has been going on at Clinton, Sampson county, under the ministry of the Rev. J. Sandford, assisted by Rev. Dr. Burkhead, the first for fitteen or

- The Shelby Aurora says James Fowler, who was arrested on the charge of burning Mr. John Walker's house on the night of the 7th inst., was taken before Judge Buxton at Rutherfordton by Deputy Sheriff Wray, under a writ of babeas corpus on the 15th inst., and admitted to bail in the sum of \$500.

- Charlotte Observer: The corner stone of the Episcopal church at Company Shops was laid yesterday, the 21st, by Rt. Rev. Theo. Lyman, D. D. ——It is said that a cotton factory, with ten thousand spindles, will give employment to two hundred and seventy-five persons and support over one thousand.

- Rockingham Spirit: Our town is remarkably healthy just now. - The Great Falls Factory was forced to suspend operations yesterday morning for want of water. Notwithstanding we had a generous shower of rain a few days ago, and the heavy fall of snow, the water-courses in this section continue very low indeed - The gin house of Mrs. Rebecca Long, situated some six miles north of this place, in the Lethe neighbor hood, was burned down last Tuesday morn ing, together with six bales of cotton contained therein, the property of different persons in the neighborhood. --- We understand that the young man, Henry Blount, who had his throat cut in Wolf Pit township, a few days ago, by one Eb. Sweat, an account of which appeared in the Spirit, is rapidly recovering, being now out of danger.

- Charlotte Observer: To mor row night the concert for the benefit of the Hood fund takes place at the Charlotte Institute for young ladies. - At the last meeting of the Academy of Medicine, held at the office of Dr. O'Donoghue, attention was called to the prevalence of a habit among druggists of prescribing for patients applying to them for medicines. Several members of the Board stated that cases had come under their personal observation, which showed that the most serious results had come from this practice-in some in stances causing injuries to the system of individuals from which they never would recover-and further that the practice was prevailing to an extent which had hitherto been unknown. In consideration of these. facts the Academy resolved to exert its influence to put a stop to it.

- Goldsboro Mail: Mr. John M. already gathered one and a fourth bales of cotton per acre from his farm this year, and that the bales averaged 450 pounds each, which shows a yield of 5624 pounds lint per acre. We know the land well upon which Mr. W. farms, and when he took it in hand ten years ago, it was considered a good place to locate a saw mill, but for farming t was thought to be of but little value. - Faison dot: Albert Williams, of this county, had his cotton-gin burned Sunday light with six bales of cotton. The work of incendiaries. Some of the parties have been arrested. -- Snow Hill item: Mr. Wm. Grimsley lost his gin-house and contents, including several bales of cotton, by fire a few days ago. The fire is supposed to have been caused by friction or a match passing through the gin. No insurance.

-- Greensboro Patriot: Maj. W. T. Blackwell, of Durham, changed cars at the depot, Tuesday night, for Baltimore, where the case of W. T. Blackwell & Co. vs. J. B. Braum, will be called in the United States Court, Monday morning. This suit has been pending for three years, and has cost Blackwell & Co. already the sum of \$16,-000. It is all about the Durham Bull trade mark. —A number of our citizens went down to Alamance last week to attend the sale of the personal property of the late D. W. Kerr, one of the largest farmers in the county. The sale lasted through three days, and was the biggest thing of the kind seen in North Carolina since the ante bellum days. - An attempt was made to break into the Poor House last Monday, with an eye, probably, to leave that institution in the condition which its name implies. --see fit to return them to labor in our midst Gen. Joseph E. Johnston was in the city Friday and received calls from scores of old friends and acquaintances during the day. - News has reached us of the death of a native of Guilford in a far off In addition to the proposition which has land. Mrs. Armilda, wife of Robert Campbeen made through the press, that wherever bell, and daughter of Hughy Foster, died in religious exercises are held in this State on Eureka, California, October 25th. Mrs. Thursday next, Thanksgiving Day, a col-Campbell was 54 years of age.

- Goldsboro Messenger: The colpred people of Sampson county, instead of "exodusting," are to hold an industrial ex-hibition at Clinton on Thursday and Frilay, the 11th and 12th of December. Decidedly better; and we hope they will be encouraged by the white people. - The young people of the Stantonsburg section will have a tournament and coronation ball at Stantonsburg, Wednesday, the 10th of December. —A negro brute, named Solomon White alias Henry White, was lodged in jail at Kinston last week, charged with having outraged the person of Miss Sarah F. Leggett, on the highway, a few miles from that town. The scoundrel has been fully identified by the young lady, and we learn does neither confess nor deny his guilt. Miss Leggett was severely bruised in her struggle with the brute. - The been bereft of parents to watch over, care members comprising the first session of the Neuse Freewill Baptist Annual Conference. convened at New Prospect Church, Thursday, the 13th instant, according to appointment. The minister appointed to deliver the introductory address being absent. Elder B. B. Holder, by request of the body delivered the address from Psalm 133, af ter which the Conference was called to order, and James H. Grant requested to act wide, and at low water mark it is generally

as Secretary. - Salem Press: The new Lutheran Church, above Bethania, called Nazareth (better known as the "Old Dutch Meeting-house,)" is about completed, and will be dedicated on the fifth Sunday in November (30th inst). — J. H. Poindexter, Esq., of East Bend, Yadkin county, planted three Irish potatoes and raised one bushel therefrom. — As Alexander Stafford was returning home from town on Tuesday last, his horse became frightened near the plantation of Wm. Stockton, on the Kernersville road, threw him out of the Thos. Long, assisted by Rev. J. C. Clapp, commenced a protracted meeting at Pleasant Retreat, on the 2d Sunday of this month, which continued a week, resulting in thirty conversions.

Twenty united with the church. A few days since two boys, about 17 and 18 years of age, inquired at our railroad depot how far \$3 would take them on the train. The agent informed them, and they in turn told him that they had walked from the neighborhood of Morganton, some 111 miles, and were nearly fagged out. but were determined to get an education under any circumstances. One wished to go to Trinity and the other to Chapel Hill, both being willing to "work their way" through college if they would be allowed to enter. Such pluck should be encouraged, and we hope the railroad men passed the one to Durham and the other to High Point.

at Greensboro.

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once a blave but for forty years a freeman, has warned his race again and again as to the dangers of the exodus movement. He has been roundly abused for his words of kindness and wisdom. He knows how much of a snare and a delusion there is in the high-wrought pictures held up before the admiring and credulous eyes of the unlettered negro. He has a son, named after him, who is intelligent and educated, and who understands perfectly how much of deception there is in the pleasant homes and abundant employment for the colored people in the North. He said the other day that the negro exodus was "an attempt to stop one hole by boring another." This is epigrammatic, and is as true as felicitous. But we must give something

"If there is so much milk and honey in the North and West in the way of employment, how can you account for so many Northern colored people seeking homes in the District of Columbia and the South? I am a printer by trade, and never worked in any office outside the one owned by my father up North in my life; the Republican

more from this wise young Donglass.

offices were always full when I knocked at their doors seeking employment." The Philadelphia Press should by all means publish what Fred. Douglass, Jr., says about his experience. His testimony is worth a thousand columns of fabricated yarns or the vagaries and ravings of such insolent intermeddlers as Monjeau et al.

A NEW REPUBLICAN DODGE.

A shrewd lawyer and politician, not a Democrat either, said to us recently that he did not see why the New York Republicans in the Legislature could not elect Presidential electors, and thus insure the State for the Republican candidate. He said, as far as he knew, there was nothing in the Constitution of the United States to prevent it, and that South Carolina had always voted for President through its Legislature until a few years ago. Unless there was something in the laws of New York to prevent it, and he thought not, then it was possible "for a little knot of Radical politicians at Albany to get together and give the 35 electoral votes of New York to Grant or their

Since then we have seen it suggested in Democratic papers that this plan is being considered by the Stalwarts. They are afraid of New York with all their boasting, and they would like to have it certain that New York's vote will be given to their man. But will they attempt

this? It has been often asserted by Republican papers that the new Louisiana Constitution provided for the election of Presidential electors by the Legislature. But this is pro-

nounced to be a mistake by the Baltimore Sun. That paper says: "The following is the only mention which contains on the subject of Presidential electors: 'Presidential electors and members of Congress shall be chosen or elected n the manner and at the time prescribed by law.' This leaves the whole subject of Federal elections just where it now is. Of course the new Legislature of Louisiana can choose Presidential electors if it is so

As to the plan of the Republican tricksters to capture New York in spite of the people, the Sun's Wash-

disposed, just as the Legislature of any

ington correspondent writes: "It has been suggested in Republican circles here that it would be a good thing for the newly-elected Republican Legislatures of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut to choose Presidential electors. Unquestionably it would be a good thing for the Republican party, as it would have the effect to settle the result of the next Presidential election in its favor. But is is not probable that Republican Legislatures or Democratic Legislatures will un dertake to deprive the people of a privilege which long usage has taught them to look upon as a right.

The Republicans stole Florida and Louisiana in 1876 by the means of Returning Boards and the Electoral Commission—the 8 by 7 job—and they are not too good to cheat the people of New York, Connecticut and New Jersey, if by so doing they will gain and not lose.

THE MAINE TROUBLES.

Jim Blaine and his set in Maine undertook to bulldoze Gov. Garcelon. who is a Democrat. They found him equal to the occasion. The whole transaction is characteristic. It will never be forgotten how Blaine's party stole the votes of Louisiana and Florida by the most deliberate frauds perpetrated by the Returning Boards. As the Republicans were to be benefited the rascality was all right in their estimation. But now, when it is feared by them that Gov. Garcelon and his Returning Board in Maine

The Wadesboro Fair and the Pro-

posed Match Game of Base Ball.

We stated yesterday morning that the

anticipated game of base ball at Wades-

boro, on Wednesday, for the championship

of the snow storm that prevailed. The

Champion Club of this city returned home

yesterday morning. The other clubs that

were expected to participate did not attend

Our boys say the snow storm was the most

dense and blinding they ever saw; but, then,

The Fair was open, and that was about

all that could be said of it. The weather

on Tuesday (the opening day) and Wednes-

day was about as disagreeable as, it could

be, while the roads were in a terrible con-

dition. Yesterday they were expected to

be worse, as the snow would be melt-

ing. The people of Anson county were badly disappointed at the unfavorable circumstances thus far attending their

Fair. It was expected that on Wednesday

there would be at least five thousand peo-

ple on the grounds, instead of which there

were not more than one hundred, and the

larger portion of those were residents-not

The "Champions" passed a series of reso

utions on the cars expressive of their

thanks to the management of the Fair for

their courtesies, and also to Mr. Saylor,

with whom they sojourned while at Wades

Our Lumberton correspondent, "X, X.,

speaks more in detail of the mistrial in the

case of the State vs. Miss Amelia Linkhaw,

for the shooting of J. E. Hartman, which,

as he says, came to a rather sudden as well

as novel termination on Wednesday. It

appears that on the day previous several of

the jurors were allowed by the officer in

charge of them to leave their companions

and go to bar-rooms and other places, to

which the prosecution made objections

Wednesday morning. The objections were,

however, overruled by the Judge, when the

attorney for the defense stated that he was

unwilling to try the case, and moved that a

juror be withdrawn and that a mistrial be

declared. His Honor allowed the motion.

and another trial is set for Monday next, as

stated by us yesterday, and a venire of two

hundred and fifty men ordered. Our cor-

respondent states that this delay is a matter

of regret to all parties, as the evidence had

nearly closed and everybody was anxious

The dwelling house of Dr. M. Holden,

on Masonboro Sound, was destroyed by

fire a few nights since. Dr. H. was absent

from home at the time, no one being in the

house but his wife and two children. The

fire, we understand, was first discovered

under the kitchen, when the alarm was

given, and shortly afterwards some of the

neighbors arrived on the ground. By this

time, however, the flames had attained

such headway that none of the furniture

could be saved but a bureau and two bods. We learn that there was no insurance on

the property. The fire is said to have been undoubtedly the work of an incendi-

The annual session of the North Carolina

Conference of the M. E. Church, South,

convenes at Wilson, N. C., on Wednesday,

Dec. 3rd; hence to-day and next Sabbath

Revs. E. A. Yates, of the Front street, and

B. R. Hall, of the Fifth street church, com-

plete their labors for the present Confer-

ence year. They have served their re

spective charges faithfully and well, and

made hosts of friends in all the denomina

tions, who would cheerfully welcome them

back should the authorities of the church

lection be taken up for the benefit of the

Oxford Orphan Asylum, it has also been

suggested that voluntary contributions

from those unable to attend the Thanks-

giving services might be handed, as most

convenient, to the Master of the nearest

Masonic Lodge, or to the pastor of one of

our churches, to be forwarded to the Su-

perintendent of the Asylum, at Oxford,

In no better way could we manifest our

gratitude for the blessings of the past year

than by contributions to assist in main-

taing an institution which is doing so much

good for that class of persons who have

Our Bar and River Improvement-

We learn from Mr. Bacon, Assistant

Engineer in charge, who was in the city

yesterday, that the dam at New Inlet is in

good condition. The base is everywhere

more than thirty feet in width, with very

There have been times when there was

some reason for discouragement as to the

success and permanancy of the dam, but

not within the past year—and now there is

A complete survey of the Bald Head

Channel is being made, and the result will

be reported within a few days. So far it

shows that there is a good and wide channel

across the outer crest of the bar of thirteen

feet depth at mean low water, and the

same depth is found as far inward as the

We learn from Col. D. K. McRae, who

was present, but had nothing to do with the

case, that the jury, in the matter of the

State vs. Miss Linkhaw, were simply dis-

charged after the mistrial, but the officer

who had them under his care at the time

they became separated was fined \$100 by

the presiding Judge and ordered to be im-

prisoned for thirty days. It is probable,

however, that the fine will be remitted and

wide slopes, especially on the sea side.

no cause for a shadow of a doubt.

The Linkhaw Murder Case.

survey has progressed.

the party discharged.

North Carolina.

for and provide for them.

for another Conference year.

Aid for the Orphan Asylum.

The Approaching Conference.

Fire in Masonboro Township,

The Linkhaw Murder Case.

they are not used to snow storms.

NO. 5.

Insurance, &c.

of the State, did not come offin consequence o'clock yesterday morning we stated that the fire at Messrs. Colville & Co's mill was then thought to be under control, being confined to the piles of lumber near the burned buildings. The fire in the lumber, which was hard to get at, continued to blaze forth during the day, notwithstanding that there was but little apprehension of any further trouble from it. We give be low the estimated losses and amounts of insurance as we have derived them from different sources. Of course slight inaccura-

arrangements can be made. Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son lose the

Colville & Co., and turned over to the proso as not to be worth repairing. The damage to the holsting engine and boiler is slight. The whole loss will amount to about \$1,100, the main consideration being the hindrance to the works below which its destruction will cause, as the vessel and machinery would have been ready for active operations in placing the granite on the New Inlet dam on to morrow, the 24th inst. It will require at least four weeks to prepare a new scow and machinery for the work-In the meantime the delivery of the granite will not be suspended. Temporary arrangements will be made for unloading it at the dam, so that it can afterwards be put in

place with the hoisting machinery. The cupola was scorched, and the facing to

The officers and seamen of the vessels ying at the Champion Compress wharf

that they did their whole duty, from first to last, faithfully and zealously.

property, and much sympathy was expressed for them on all sides.

Oy 's for Consumptives.

George W. Lawrence, of Hot Springs, Arkansas, urges consumptives, asthmatics and all persons suffering with bronchial and pulmorary ills, to eat raw oysters. He states tha salt oysters, especially when raw, or fresh direct from the shell, surely excite the secretory functions of the mucus follicles belonging to the whole respiratory track, and tends to relieve irritative action. The delicate bivalves that contain the greatest amount of phosphates and saline properties blended are most active in awakening the secretions. Statistics, he thinks, will support the statement that the mortality from consumption is less in the percentage in proportion to the population in cities where salt oysters are abundant and freely used. As a regimen, oysters supply material for brain and nerve mat-