

Spirits Turpentine

- Mr. William B. Wright, a venerable and prominent lawyer of Fayette-ville, died on Thursday last. He was more than 70 years age.

- Raleigh held an Irish relief meeting. Gov. Jarvis, Col. T. C. Fatler, Judge Merrimon, Judge Fowle, R. H. Bat-tle, Jr., Fab. H. Busbee, Rev. J. M. Atkinson, James Doyle and Patrick McGowan all spoke. A committee to canvass for funds was appointed.

-- Alamance Gleaner: Rev. W. L. Wright, a young Baptist preacher, at present in attendance at the Theological Semioary, at Louisville, Ky., has accepted a call from he Baptist Churches at this place and Hills boro, and will become the pastor of those churches about the middle of May.

- Raleigh Dispatch: Mr. Richard son, of Philadelphia, will this week com-mence the manufacture of stone pipe at the peniventiary, arrangements having been perfected between him and the authorities of that institution. This is a new enterprise in our midst, and it is proposed to take the place of the old clay pipe now being used.

- Charlotte Observer: The arrest Columbia, day before yesterday, of Lou Bales and Jim Harrison, both white, by Constable Orr, is the culmination of a scheme which the officers have been working several weeks to discover the parties who were engaged in the robbery of the powder house of A. R. Nisbet & Bir., on he outskirts of the city.

-New Berne Democrat: We learn hat on Thursday last, 5th inst., a vers unfortunate and fatal affray occurred in Hyde county, about five miles from Lake Land-ing. A Mr. Milton Sadler and a Mr. Weston got into an altercation in regard to a gate, when Mr. Weston became so thoroughy excited and enraged that he seized an axe and dealt Mr. Sadler a blow on the head, which resulted in his death.

- Greensboro Patriot: Maj. H. L. Grant, of Goldsboro, was in Durham yesterday, with a portion of his crop of obacco. He sold at the Parish warehouse nearly 3,000 pounds, at an average price of 15 cents. ---- Mr. Shade Wooten, of Lenoir county, was also in Durbam with 6,000 pounds of tobacco, which will be sold today. We mention these facts to show what progress tobacco growers are making in Eastern North Carolina.

- New York correspondence of Hale's Weekly: At present there are quite a number of North Carolinians here who are students in one or another of the fine arts: among them, Miss Williams and Mr. Dangerfield, of Favetteville, and two Misses Long, of Randolph, grand-daughters of my old friends, Hon. John Long and Dr. James Webb. At least one of the four, perhaps more, stands in no need of the pecuniary results of success, and is, therefore, I suppose, drawn by pure love to wield the

- Wadesboro Herald: We are pained to say that Mr. T. K. Manas' mind is so deranged that he has to be confined in the county jail until he can be placed in the asylum. -An election on the stock law was held in Monroe township, Union county, on Thursday, the 5th inst., and resulted in 188 majority against the law. — Mrs. Diggs, wife of Thomas Diggs, de-ceased, fell from a buggy last Sunday and was instantly killed. The buggy-wheel struck a high hill-side ditch, and, running across the road with considerable force, was the cause of her falling from the buggy. - Washington Press: We now have a weekly steamship line to and from Hyde county, and the thriving villages on the south side of the river, South Creek. \$c., and the recreant trade that by right Washington ought to have, and once did own, and was proud of, is gradually but surely returning. ----Our town shows evidence of progress wherever you go. The whizzing of steam saws and grist mills greets the ear at either end of the town, while another mill is being erected on the Castle, opposite town. The whistles of a locomotive and of many steamboats greet the ear every day. - Charlotte Democrat: The battles of King's Mountain and Yorktown are to be celebrated next year. We presume the next will be Guilford Court House and Charlotte. ---- If we may be allowed to make a suggestion about College orators at approaching "Commencements" in this State, we would suggest the selection of home orators, natives or citizens of the State. The non-residents have disappointed us long enough, and we venture to say that such men as George Davis, Duncan K. McRae, David Schenck, and many other talented citizens, would draw as large crowds as any one from abroad. --Weldon News: The freights over the several roads are unusually large. Extra hands have to be employed to do the necessary work of transferring and handiing. A good sign of prosperity which we hope will never fail. --- Ringwood correspondence: Mr. Kingsbury's notes on the life of the Rev. Thomas G Lowe have been read with much interest by many in this section who knew this gifted divine, and others who have heard of his powers in pulpit oratory and eloquence, which all describe as something truly wonderful. Let a suitable monument be erected to mark the resting place of this gifted man. - Goldsboro Messenger: To meet a want long felt want we shall begin the publication of the Mail daily on Monday, the 23rd inst. The weekly will be continued as now. We shall risk the enterprising spirit of our people to sustain it. - We have purchased the county right for Wayne, Johnston, Sampson, Duplin, Jones, Oaslow, Pamlico, Hyde, Lenoir and Greene, to have made the "Hatfield Patent Churp." All who have seen it pro nounce it to be the most simple, cheap and valuable machine for churning they ever saw. ---- Mr. Jonathan B Davis, near Fremont, made last year, with two plows, 100 barrels corn, 3,100 pounds pork, and 10 bales, cotton, averaging 475 pounds. No hired labor employed. Good cropping. - Raleigh Farmer and Mechanic: Rev. Mr. Robey has eighty pupils at Jonesboro High School. — There was a \$41,-000 tobacco hogshead transaction in Durham yesterday. — The Kinston Journal. Burke Blade, American, and other State papers, have raised their terms to \$2 per annum. That is sensible, though some-what late. — Chapel Hill letter: The suggestion made by the Goldsboro Mail that Prof. Redd, of the University, be appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. Ledoux as superintendent of the Experiment Station, is undoubtedly a good one. Prof. Redd pos-

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suing term, viz: John L. Dudley, of Wilmington, G. C. J. H. Schultz, of Salem, G. V. C.

more, with Mr. J. W. Thompson, of this

kins and J. W. Thompson, were appointed a committee to verify proxies, and reported that out of 9,600 shares constituting the capital stock, 9,400 shares were represented

A Board of ten Directors were elected, as penci ton; Col. H. B. Short, of Columbus; Messrs. W. T. Walters, B. F. Newcomer, S. M. Shoemaker, Enoch Pratt, George S. Brown and Thoms C. Jenkins, of Baltimore; J. D. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, and H. B. Plant, of New York. The Board will meet in a few days and elect a President and the other officers provided for in the charter.

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increase o	f a few thousand dollars ex-
pense to g	get a better judicial system
when the	Governor may not hesitate
to-eall the	e Legislature together at a
cost of \$2	0,000 or \$30,000 to consider
the propo	sition of a New York Syn-
dicate ab	out the purchase of a rail-
road, whe	en a delay of a few months
would av	oid the unnecessary tax and
expense?	
1971. 187	2 . 0. 12 . 1 . 1.

The Winston Sentinel, in discussing the change proposed in the system of courts, says among other things:

' While as a question of justice solely, no hesisation is felt in approving some such change as is proposed in our present legal system, it cannot wholly be supported unin the expense is ascertained.

"With an empty State Treasury, heavy taxes, expensive public works and a debt d flouit to meet even in its present reduced form, the expediency of the change is a l rge factor in the making of it.

Bu should it be adopted, and the State able to effect is, it leads to another and a still more urgent need. Along with the more just and competent administration of our criminal laws, would come the reestab.:shment of the whipping post in North Galullia."

Sooner or later, we apprehend, the whipping post will be restored. It appears to be a necessity.

GEN. PORTER's CASE.

On Monday next the debate will begin in the Senate on the question of restoring Gen. Fitz John Porter to his former rank in the army, and giving him his back pay. The Republicans will fight it simply because Gen. Porter is a Democrat. We have already in more than one article given our view of the great, crying injustice done by the finding of the first Court Martial. We are satisfied, after an examination of the evidence offered at the last trial, that Gen. Porter was the victim of a foul conspiracy, and that he was slaughtered by liars. The South has no special interest in the contest between Porter and his enemies, only so far as it is a political persecution, and the interests of fairness and justice are involved. It is said in Washington that the Republicans will improve the occasion of the debate to stir up strife between the sections, and to pour out their wrath upon the rebels of the South. The Washington special to the Baltimore Sun says:

"A lively and acrimonious discussion is I ked for, and it is said that Gen. Garfield | believe, first, that the character, the a d other leading Republicans purpose ma-king the attempt to reopen the old war issuc. Many of the more radical Republicans of both the Senate and the House have been lamenting among themselves that so far during this session 'the Democrats were behaving so well' that no oppor-tunity had been offered to stir up sectional strife and animosity. The Fitz John Porter case, they think, will furni-h the coveted occasion. Some of the leading Democrats. however, want their side to avoid entering into the discussion, and permit the Republicans, who are really very much divided in opinion on the merits of the case, to fight it out among themselves. But it is doubt-ful whether this advice will be followed, as not a few of the garrulous Democrats are spoiling to distinguish themselves."

opposition. Why hesitate about an to the highest bidder, and go over in a body there where it most promises." to Grant. "Without some unforeseen accident Grant may be regarded as the coming can-didate of the Republican party, the political prophets to the contrary notwith-standing. His managers hold that the people of this country have very little to do with elections, and that both parties are run by machinery which nominate candidates and compel voters to take one or the other. They think, in the present case, that the Democrats will either put up a Bourbon, whom Grant can beat by revi ving the sectional issue and breaking the Southern column, or they will attempt a

juggle in the Presidential count by Congress, and therefore Grant is the man to meet the contingency, backed by the Fraudulent Administration." Whether it be true or not that

Grant is to be the Republican standard bearer, the Democrats have a plain duty before them. They ought not to be governed by personal preferences in the selection of candidates for President and Vice-President Their choice ought to be determined solely by judgment. The action o the Republican Convention ought to settle the question of the Democratic candidates. If Grant is nominated his opposite should be chosen-a statesman and civilian of known moderate, conservative views, of un-

blemished character for morality, honor, and veracity, and whose loyalty to the "best government on the planet" was never suspected. Probably Judge David Davis or Judge Church will fill the bill nearer than any others, excepting Mr. Seymour, who will not consent to be a candidate. If Sherman is nominated Mr. Bayard or some man of his class ought to be chosen. There ought to be a candidate for either the Presidency or Vice Presidency from Indiana and New York. Both of these States should have a place on the ticket in case Grant is the Radical candidate and Conkling determines to let the choice of electors continue in New York as it now is. If he orders a change, as he probably will, then Ohio ought to have a place on the ticket. In that case several names will become prominent. The ticket might be, in that event, Thurman and English, or Hendricks and Ewing, or

some other combination. In any event, it appears to us the Democrats must select wise, moderate, prudent, reputable, able men for the two places, and then they must go to work and elect them. We mond.' popularity of candidates has much to do in the matter of success. You cannot make any party solid. There will be voters who will bolt or remain at home if you nominate candidates as farmers a saving of \$2,250, the amount invested in these gins. The consumption of seed cotton is 500 pounds per day, and the production is 160 pounds of yarn per of doubtful records or questionable character. We believe, second, that the Presidential candidates will have day. The yarn they are now selling at 23 cents per pound. The cotton, therefore, per day, at three cents a pound, which is more than they paid for it, would cost \$15. Opea good deal to do with the success of the Democratic State ticket. If Judge Merrimon, in 1872, had been rative and contingent expenses are placed at \$4 50 per day, which would make the total helped by the popularity and high reputation of a Seymour or a Thur-

ordinary expense. SOUTH CAROLINA COTTON MANU-FACTURING. Directors who were present decided

The Charleston News and Courier of the 10th 1s almost exclusively devoted to writing up the cotton mills of South Carolina. The outlook is most favorable. There is a steady increase in the value of their capital, whilst the annual profits range from 18 to 40 per cent. Think of this, ye doubters, and stop your croaking. Ten thousand people in the State find

employment or are supported by the mills. The field for the investment of capital, at home and abroad, is most inviting. Our excellent Charleston contemporary deserves credit for its enterprise. It sent out one of its staff, Mr. J. K. Blackman, to every factory in that State. We copy the following, which is instructive:

"These results briefly stated are: That there are in South Carolina seventeen factories (not including the Westminster Clement Attachment Mill,) engaged in the pro duction of cotton yarns and cloths.

"These factories have 95,438 spindles, with 1,933 looms in operation. "They produce 101,338 yards of cloth and 17,183 pounds of yarn for each working day; consuming for each such day 54.-049 pounds of cotton. "They employ 2,296 operatives, who in

urn support 7,913 persons who are dependent upon them, the monthly pay rolls be-ing over \$38,000. The capital employed in these mills amounts to \$2,288,600, and they are estimated to be worth to-day \$2,844, 600.'

The entire article is very interesting, and full of encouragement. The account of Mr. Blackman's visit to

ed show most conclusively that the Clement Attachment is a great suc. cess. The largest profits made by any mill are by the little Westminster. The mill is in Ocouce, nine miles from the Georgia line. Mr. Blackman found many visitors examining the new process. We quote: "Before we had gone ten steps I found that my companions were Mr. Holmes Harden, of Chester, the President of the Chester & Lenoir Railroad; Mr. Osman Barber, the representative in the Legislature from Chester, and Mr. F. H. Barber, of Rock Hill. I was informed by them that they had come to examine the "Machine" with a view to establishing factories in their localities. Upon arriving at the hotel I met another pilgrim. He had arrived the night before, and was from Bremond, Texas. He introduced himself as Mr. T. R. Hayes, of the firm of White & Hayes, proprietors of large cotton gins in Central Texas. He had come, he said, to make a personal examinalaw.

We cannot help being interested in terest of several capitalists who would upon his verdict determine whether they Gen. Porter's fortunes. He is a vicwould establish several factories near Bretim of personal meanness and party

D. G. McRae, of Fayetteville, G. P. John W. Phillips, of Fayetteville, G. K. of R. and S.

R. T. Scanlin, of Fayetteville, G. M. of E C. Dewey, of Goldsboro, G. M. at A. Max Schwerin, of New Berne, G. I. G. L. L. Boon, of Wilmington, G. O. G. W. A. Guthrie, of Fayetteville, Sup. Representative.

At an open session of the Grand Lodge, held on Wednesday evening, the above named officers were installed in their respective positions by Sup. Rep. W. A. Guthrie, and the secret work of the order exemplified by P. G. C. W. H. Gerken. During the session the following Knights of this city were made Past Chancellors for meritorious services, viz: W. B. Orr, G. G. Thomas, James M. McGowan, W. K. Bell, A. K. Register and W. G. Thames. Stonewall No. 1; J. D. Stelljee, Aug. Wehr-

Germania No. 4. P. C. W. S. Warrock, of Stonewall Lodge No. 1, and P. C. H. C. Prempert, of Germania No. 4, were appointed as D. D G. C.'s of their respective Lodges.

After a pleasant and harmonious session the Grand Lodge adjourned to meet in Goldsboro on the second Tuesday in February, 1881.

The members in attendance from this city speak in the highest terms of the kind treatment received at the hands of the brethren in Fayetteville, and especially of the courtesies shown them by Capts. Green and Worth, of the steamers North State and Governor Worth, to whom they desire to return their sincere thanks.

Another Capital Case.

Another capital case was developed in the Criminal Court yesterday morning, the grand jury having found a true bill against one Samuel Stacey, colored, for burglary. The specific charge against Stacey appears to be that he broke the fastenings of a door leading into a room occupied at the time by one Jesse J. Johnson, on Princess, between Seventh and Eighth streets, on the night of December 23d, 1879, and took from a pocket of Johnson's pants a tobacco bag containing \$3 in money, which he carried off. Johnson, it is alleged, was apparently asleep on his bed in the room at the time, but in reality was wide awake and witnessed the whole transaction, though afraid to say anything. Stacey was subse quently arrested by Officer J. A. Ashe, and a warrant issued by Justice Hill, before whom he had a preliminary examination for larceny, and was committed to jail, in default of security in the sum of \$100 for his appearance at this term of the court.

Bank of New Hanover.

The annual statement of this institution shows a most gratifying degree of pros perity. Its deposits aggregate over eight hundred thousand dollars, an amount unprecedented, we think, in the history of banks in this State. The President stated to the stockholders at their regular meeting yesterday that not a dollar had been lost by had debts during the last twelve months. Those interested in this bank the law that was repealed. After a may well be satisfied with its extraordinary success.

> [For the Star. Meeting in Pender County.

"The verdict of the jury was that the de-BURGAW, N. C., February 9, 1880. ceased came to his death by a pistol shot The citizens of Pender county met at over the heart by his own hand. Burgaw, February 9th, to take into consid-Mr. Riddick was a great lavorite with sesses qualifications which peculiarly hi eration the building of a court-house. Col. him for this position, probably not posthe operators with whom he had been associated, either personally or over the line, sessed by any other man in the State or J. D. Powers was called to the chair, and and many were the messages of regret at elsewhere. T. J. Armstrong appointed secretary. his untimely death received at the office - Raleigh Observer : The Com-Dr. R. T. Sanders and Col. J. D. Powers here." made very strong arguments in favor of im-mediate action. Drs. Satchwell and Porter missioner of Agriculture received yesterday missioner of Agriculture received yesteraay one thousand packages of tobacco seed for distribution. Those desiring to introduce better varieties of "the weed" would do well to write to Col. Polk at once and get a The funeral of the deceased took place Wednesday morning from the Tryon Street strongly opposed any action at present looking to an increase of taxation, except M. E. Church. for the purpose of paying the present in-debtedness of the county. package. — Six hundred and sixty deeds for lands sold in the various counties of the A Murderer at Large. Dr. Porter offered the following resolu-The authorities here have received notifi-State for taxes, have been received by the tion, which was adopted : cation from Sheriff Wilcox, of Marion Secretary of State thus far. --- In a re-Resolved. That in the opinion of this citicounty, S. C., that an atrocious murder zens' meeting it would be inexpedient to cent issue of the Observer an account was was committed in Marion on Monday take any active measures at present looking published of the finding of the dead body of a young man by the name of Hargrove, to taxation for the building of a court night last. The name of the victim is not near Tarboro, in this State. We are happy bouse. stated, but the alleged murderer is a negro On motion, it was ordered that the proto be able to correct the statement, as we have it from Mr. Hargrove himself that he named Jim Black, who escaped and is ceedings of the meeting be sent to the Wil is not at present dead. — Our Wades-boro correspondent, under date of Februa-ry 10th, informs us that Mrs. Lucy Diggs, mington papers, with the request that they still at large. It is thought that he may publish the same. There being nothing further under con-sideration, the meeting adjourned. J. D. Powers, Chairman. hav emade his way to this city, and a reward of \$25 is offered for his capture. His a lady living near Pee Dee river, in Anson county, while riding Sunday afternoon, was thrown from her buggy and killed, description can be seen at the Sheriff's of-T. J. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

It will be remembered that this road was sold by a Commissioner appointed by the U.S. Circuit Court, and bought in by a committee of the bondholders, which ne. cessitated a reorganization of the Company.

Stockholders Meeting of the Bankof New Hanover.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of New Hanover was held at hahn, F. C. Muller and Wm. Genaust, of their banking house in this city yesterday afternoon.

> Mr. W. T. Faircloth was elected President and Mr. H. Brunhild Secretary.

The meeting was called to order by the President, and on motion Messre. J. W. Atkinson and D. McRie were appointed a committee to ascertain the amount of stock

represented. The committee reported that 6,265 shares of stock were represented, in person and by proxy, which being a majority the meeting was declared duly organized. The President submitted a report re-

garding the operations and standing of the Bank, which was read and approved. The following gentlemen were elected as the Board of Directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. C. M. Stedman, R. R. Bridgers, D. R. Murchison, John Dawson,

W. Atkinson, D. McRae, J. A. Leak, E. B. Borden, Isaac Bates. On motion, the meeting then adjourned.

The Last of E. F. Riddlek.

An inquest was held over the body of young Riddick on Tuesday morning, in connection with which the Charlotte Observer remarks:

"Dr. Wilder, who examined the body immediately after death, and again yester day, stated that the ball did not go through the body, and that (the wound not being probed) death must either have been caused by the percussion of the shot so close to the heart, which would have been sufficient to produce death, or the actual penetration of the heart by the ball. In the pocket of the deceased were found, besides several telegrams in reference to a position which he was offered in Macon, a photograph of his wife and a poetic eulogy on woman. It is stated that a few moments before his death he had spoken to his wife, to whom he was devotedly attached, most affectionately.

"The evidence as to the state of his health confirmed what was given yesterday. and it is further learned that he had been heard to complain, as long as a year ago, of suffering from indigestion. Dr. Wilder stated, in the course of the investigation, that indigestion was a most frequent cause of insanity, and that the young man's mind may have been affected while he attended to his business in the usual manner, and -excited no remark. "Mr. Shannonhouse, at whose house he

boarded before and for some time after he was married, stated that his humor was moody, being sometimes in good spirits and again greatly depressed, eating very little except sweetmeats.

The New England traders are pressing Congress heavily for a national bankrupt law. They want such a law in order to strengthen their purchasing power by giving them more credit. They contend that the necessities of trade demand such a law-a law that will operate

alike in all parts of the Union. The STAR has already taken ground against any such law at this time. The people were swindled most shamefully by the old bankrupt law and the wrecks are scattered all over the country. The country has not recovered yet from the evil effects of few years it may do to talk of a new

tion of the Clement Attachment in the in-

Carolina, and not in the interests of foreign corporations, it will be the duty of the Legislature to give it their careful consideration.

This is a bad year for extra ses-Westminster and the results furnishsions.

Let us wait until the regular time for the assembling of the Legislature. Then, if it can be shown that Mr. Best's proposition is a more liberal one than will be offered by our own people, and that the railroad will be managed in the interests of North

authorize the incurring of such extra-

Sixth, a majority of the Board of

The Governor, it is said, is deter-

mined not to abandon the scheme, so

he will call his Council of State to-

gether, and if they favor it he will

assemble the Legislature. The Ob-

"It is now asserted by many people as their belief that the Governor will put the

proposition before his advisors, the Council

of State. This body is composed of the

Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney General, Auditor and Superintendent of

Public Instruction. By the law these are

constituted the advisors of the Governor,

before whom shall be laid all matters of

public moment on which advice is needed.

The Governor cannot convene the Legisla-

ture unless by the advice and consent of

Board of Internal Improvement was

a tie also. That veteran railroad

man, Col. William Johnston, of

Charlotte, opposed the calling of the

The Observer mentioned that the

against calling it.

server says:

the Council of State."

Legislature.

The German leaders in Ohio have man, he would have beaten Caldwell easily-too far to have allowed the been heard from. Washburne re-Radicals to triumph by ballot-stuffing ceived 197 votes, Sherman, 183, and fraud. He had to carry Horace Grant 33, Blaine 11, and some scattering. Total, 434.

cost of producing 160 pounds of yarns \$1950. The value of this amount of yarn in the market, at 23 cents per pound, would be \$36.30, or over 40 per cent. net profit. The estimated profit is one cent net on every pound of seed cotton manufactured. Mr. Stribling is of the opinion that a mill of a capacity of 500,000 to 700,000 pounds per Greeley on his back and the load was net profit for the past twelve months had

trickery. The Richmond Dispatch's The gentlemen who own the mill special of the 12th says: are delighted with their experiment. "The reports in this case show that Gens. Halleck, Pope and McDowell planned the We quote again: "The use of the Clement Attachment, second battle of Manassas, thinking to win therefore, they claim has wrought for them

a victory that would justify the removal of McClellan. They show, not to go into the unnecessary details, that Pope, when he repeatedly ordered Porter to attack, did not know that Longstreet was confronting Porter with 25,000 men, while Porter had only 9,000, and that Porter's disobedience of orders was the very best thing under the cir-cumstances that could be done. After the defeat, Pope & Co. evidently determined to make Porter, who was a friend of McClellan, a scape-goat, and the records of the court-martial, his friends contend, make it clear that he was the victim of prejudice and misrepresentation."

Poindexter has been much visited in prison since he married Miss Cottrell.