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ABROGATED STATES AND VIO-LATED RIGHTS.

A Radical writer, who is said to be "an able and earnest exponent of Radicalism in the Northwest," thus indicates the purpose of his party in a recently published article. He

"Congress can find the power under the constitution to make laws under which United States authorities can arrest and punish these assassies of the South, and compel order in Mississippi. It might require a considerable stretch of National authority, but the time has come to stretch that power to its utmost limit."

Here is a squarely stated declaration favoring the complete abrogation of State Governments. Such declarations are to be met with in ed. of Representatives from resisting itorial leaders and in speeches, but this claim. It was a tremendous not always so bluntly and directly stated. We note this to-day to bring us back to the real issue of the times-the struggle between constitutional government and usurpation under the guise of centralization. It is a struggle between the kind of government Mr. Lincoln favored and so felicitously described -a government of the people, by the people, and for the people, and a government of absolutism -a government violative of the old landmarks and of the true principles of civil liberty-a government run in the interests of capitalists and rich corporations; that tramples under feet the interests of the people at large; that laughs at the electoral system, overrides all barriers and makes the will of one or a few the law for the millions. That is the real issue, and no candid mind can or will deny it. To restore a Constitutional Government and to redeem the country from Radical misrule is the great, imperative, pressing duty of the hour.

torials to point out the corruptions of the Radical party, their violations of law, their abuse of power, their abundonment of the old paths of freedom and conservatism in which the pure and patriotic men of the past walked. Perhaps the following brief and yet very suggestive summary of Radical crime and madness and folly from the pen of that able constitutional lawyer, Judge Jeremiah S. Black, will enable our readers to dent States, (for such they are recogappreciate the more the demands of patriotism at this period of our country's destiny. In his very able review seen above), of rights guaranteed of Mr. Boutwell's argument in favor | them by the Constitution. But our of a third term for Grant, Judge Black, in the North American Review, made him this proposition:

"I will make Mr. Boutwell a proposition: If he will name any kind of violence or intimidation which the Grant faction have not used to prevent a true poll, or any form of fraud which they have not practiced to falsify returns, or any sort of cheating in the count which they have not resorted, or any species of the crimen false which they have not perpetrated as the means of swindling the majority; if they have not filled the seats of Congress with impostors whose object it States they pretended to come from; if they "Headquarters: Committee did not falsely procure the election of infamous men to every kind of State office: or. when defeated, put them in possession and maintain them there by force of arms; if they did not in 1876 defeat the known will D. A. Jenkins, J. B. Eavs. of the nation by a most stupendous swindle; if Mr. Boutwell can show that these things and others like them were not done at divers times and places, under the auspices and with the approbation of Gen. Grant and those friends of his who are now pushing him for a third election, then I will give up the whole

case and promise to vote for his candidate.' Radicals in New England, has never attempted to meet this proposition. No hying man can deny truthfully or controvert successfully any one item of the above proposition. Let us next quote another utterance of the late Chief Justice Chase of the United States Supreme Court. We gave two extracts from an opinion of his a few days ago. Here is another extract, in which the doctrine of

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WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1880.

walk the plank. We would like to know if Ike Young pays one-tenth of his \$10,000 salary; or if the Hon.

the Union by no means implies the less of distinct and individual existence, or of the right of self-government by the States. Under the articles of confederation each State retained its sovereignty, freedom and independence, and every power, jurisdic-tion and right not expressly delegated to the United States."

With this opinion of the Highest Judiciary of the country before us. let us now turn to some other examples of violated rights-of rights "annulled." The right of State to control its elections is directly interfered with by the acts of Congress appointing Supervisors and Marshals and Deputy Marshals. It is true the Federal law appears to relate only to Federal elections, but they institute a supervision and control over the action of voters in State elections, and in all of their aspects encroach directly upon States' rights, that would have never been tolerated by the framers of the Constitution. The election law as passed by Congress and maintained and defended by the Radicals generally violates the "sovereignty, freedom and independence" as well as the "power, jurisdiction and right" referred to in the opinion of C. J. Chase.

were assailed violently in the last Presidential election by the array of armed forces at the Capital of the United States, drawn there avowedly to sustain the claim of the President of the Senate to count the electoral votes, and to intimidate the House outrage upon the chartered rights of freemen. It is the right of the States to ascertain through and by their Representatives in Congress, who have been duly chosen to be President and Vice President. No British Sovereign within two hundred years would have dared to have done what Grant did in the winter of 1876. I would have cost him his throne if not The rights of the States have been

assailed vitally by the act of Congress

in regard to National Banks. By

Again: the rights of the States

imposing them upon the country i assumes to tax State Banks of issue out of existence; whereas it is the right of a State to create a fiscal agency within her borders, to be free from taxation by the General Government, as that of the General Government is to be free from State taxa. tion. Such a violation may appear small matter to one familiarized with the aggressions and usurpations of the last twenty years under Radical leaders, but no free people can observe We have attempted in many edi. it without alarm. The National Bank system is fostered by Radinals because it "combines, concentrates, and intensifies the money power," to quote the words of Judge Thurman, The Radical party is the moneyed party of this country. There is no sort of doubt of that. Hence all legislation must be directed to fostering the moneyed power, although to do so it adds to the burdens of the people, and robs sovereign, indepennized to be by a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States as space is more than up. We shall refer to other invaded rights hereafter.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Civil Service Reform is a nice thing under Hayes. Mr. J. E. Martin is Postmaster at Margarettsville, North Carolina. His salary is \$119. He was assessed recently for \$11,90 by a Radical committee, who sent

"Headquarters :- Committee : Thos. N. Cooper, chairman; J. C. L. Harris, secretary; I. J. Young, W. P. Canaday, J. J. Mott, W. A. Moore, Alexander Hicks, W. P. Thornton, C. M. Rogers, Thos. R. Keogh,

"REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, "COR. HARGET AND SALISBURY STS.,
"RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 1, 1880.)
"Dear Sir:—I am directed by this committee to assess you ten per cent. of your salary for 1880. All officers. State and Federal, are promptly paying this amount, and we expect that you will do the same. Mr. Boutwell, one of the leading | Let us hear from you on or before the 10th of this month by cheque. The campaign cannot be run without this amount. We are keeping a record of all amounts paid, so that those who contribute their means may be taken care of hereafter. Your salary is reported at \$119; assessment \$11.

"Yery truly, "T. N. Cooper, Chairman. "J O. L. HARRIS, Secretary."

Mr. Martin declined the honor, telling the members of "still-house prayer-meeting" (see Vance's speech) that he was a member of a Hancock and English Club, and after March 1, dogs. We will be tempted to fol- Monday last.

States' rights is set forth plainly, | 1881, he expected to retain his office. | low the bad example of the carpetexplicitly, in all of its length, breadth, This is refreshing work for a hot day. "The perpetuity and indissolubility of Buck Parker Canaday pays one-tenth of his salary. Martin was a "leetle" too hard for the assessors.

FAIRS.

The time of the year is fast approaching when the people of the various States will hold their annual State and county fairs. If we may judge by what is said in our contemporaries the Raleigh fair promises to be a better one than usual. The trouble with our State fairs in former years was that horse-racing and sideshows appeared to be the chief attractions. We have not attended meeting in several years, but we believe that there has been improvement in those particulars. Another trouble has been to get the people of the whole State to take an interest in the fair and make it their own, instead of a mere local af-fair. I all North Carolina would unite heartily, the State fair could be made a very interesting occasion. Suppose every county would contribute some of its best productions-its specialties, what a creditable aggregate of articles would be exhibited. Then, too, the farmers and others, from Currituck to Cherokee, would attend, because they would feel interested personally in the exhibit.

Fairs of this kind furnish a pleasant occasion for the reunion of the people of the State. The people living in the central counties and those from the East and West can thus get together, form new acquaintances and renew old ones, and thus cement the ties that bind our people together. When Raleigh shall be able to offer sufficient accommodation for ten thousand visitors, and the farmers and manufacturers of the State in ever section can be induced to regard the State Fair as their fair, and shall send up their best specimens of the products of the field and the loom; of the dairy and the farm yard; of the mines and the woods, then people will be attracted from every section of North Carolina and from sections

The county fairs should be en couraged. They do good in many ways. They provoke to good works, and stimulate agricultural pursuits. When a county cannot get up a creditable fair, two or more counties should unite. We believe there are some eight or ten county fairs now held in the State, and there is a tendency to multiply them. Let it be encouraged by all means. The basis of all prosperity is agriculture. No country thrives without a prosperous farming system. The life of the farmer is at once the freest, the happiest, the purest, the most independent. It is a noble calling to till the earth. No man can become more corrupt or vicious by turning the soil. If the becomes meaner it is not to be attributed to his calling. Not all men would be happy and contented on the farm; but those who have been reared "far from the madding crowd," would be unwise to exchange the freedom and cheerfulness of country life for the struggle and strife and activity of town or

the agricultural pursuits of our State. Farming is becoming more remunerative. Men of industry, judgment and economy grow rich gradually. made to the hand, and from \$200 to destined in the future to be one of possible. the most prosperous of States. Already she has 1,400,000 inhabitants. 2,000,000. The advantages she offers for farming, manufacturing, mining, fruit growing, fishing, &c., are at years pass away these advantages will be better known and the tide of immigration will increase steadily. Commissioner Le Duc, after making the survey of the Union, says that North Carolina is better adapted to fruit growing than any of the thirtyeight States. She is also admirably adapted to sheep raising, or will be when the average Legislator wakes up to the necessity of fostering it and protecting it against the ravages of

baggers and write "Hon." before depth, thickness and fullness. He You must pay down ten per cent. or every Legislator who shall vote for a encouraged. Give us a dog law.

THE MAINE PRAUDS The Radicals in Maine have given an earnest of what Democrats may expect from now until the election is over. Beaten very unexpectedly and overwhelmingly in "the Pine Tree State," Blaine and his set were first prostrated by the blow. If all the returns had been sent in promptly Plaisted would have been elected by at least 2,000. But Blaine is the great political acrobat-the immense India Rubber Man. He soon remembered 1876 and Zach Chandler, J-Ames Golyer Garfield and John Sherman's tactics-those nice "visiting statesmen" and patented Republican saints—and he determined to it was found that Waddell had received 16 emulate their example and to copy as far as necessary their methods. Hence, the returns were held back and doctored to suit the extreme exigencies of their deplorable condition. Ex-Senator Barnum has shown in his dispatch of the 17th how the villainies are being perpetrated. But although Davis be counted in by fraud, palpable and open, as Hayes was counted into the Presidency in 1876, it will prove only a boomerang. In will surely and inevitably strike them a fatal blow. The country will understand the rascalities practiced-it will know how the returns were withheld when it was apparent to every one-to Blaine as well as to all others, that the Radicals had been beaten, that a different result might

be scoured by changing the figures. Be it remembered that there is a Radical Returning Board in Maine just as there was a Radical Returning Board in Louisiana in 1876. Let it be borne in mind that the Maine Returning Board is just as corrupt as party necessities may demand. Blaine is not one whit more scrupulous and honest than many others of the band of robbers who stole the Presidency from Samuel J. Tilden and thus deprived a majority of one million white voters of the right of choice Do not forget these things. Do not be deceived by what appears to be the result in Maine.

Actually counted, with a fair return of ballots and the result was this evidently: The Fusion candidate for Governor elected; four out of five Democratic or Fusion members of the House of Representatives elected, and the Radical majority in

Legislature very greatly reduced. It remains to be seen if the honest people of Maine will indorse in November such unblushing rascality as that perpetrated by Blaine and his venal crew of profligates.

In a recent conversation reported in the Louisville Courier-Journal as occurring at North Vernon, Indiana, on Tuesday last, a young Radical lawyer named Olcott said that they (the Rads) "had got about all the niggers they wanted and they were going to vote 'em." One Rowan said that their "intention was to get all of their doubtful men in in the morning; that they intended to have three Deputy Marshals at the polls, and in the afternoon they intended toarrest several of the Democratic voters who hadn't good backing, in order to scare others out and keep as There is steady improvement in | many others as possible from voting." It was ascertained that seventy-five men imported from Cincinnati were to work on the "road between Vernon and Greensburg for Horace Scott In some sections the farming interests | until after the election, their labor to have trebled in value. In many of cost him only their board while so the counties from \$300 to \$1,200 is engaged." And this is the way the Democrats of Indiana are to be \$600 to the acre. North Carolina is cheated out of the election, if it be

The Great Railway Combination. Under this head the Greensboro Patriot By 1890 she will not fall far short of copies an extract from a recent article in the STAR on the subject, and thus comments on it: "We call attention to this paragraph for the reason that Wilmington can or ought to offer many inducements to tracting attention abroad. As the merchants and purchasers in this section of the State, especially in the line of groceries, in which she once did a large business in this section. With reasonable rates on roads now established, and direct communication by means of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Road, which will be in operation before long, we believe all the merchants of Wilmington have to do to extend their trade in this direction is to make the effort and cultivate the acquaintance of our people. In this effort they will have the hearty cooperation of the Patriot.

> - Father Ryan, the poet-priest, left New Orleans for a northern trip on

The Convention was called to order bout 10 30 A. M., yesterday, in the Court douse, by Gen. S. H. Manning, Chairman stringent dog law. Let the fairs be of the Executive Committee, who was subsequently made permanent Chairman, with Jos. E. Sampson as Secretary. After considerable wrangling in regard to the admissibility of certain delegates and other minor matters the Convention finally entered upon the business for which it had assembled. It was thought that the party in this city had gotten rid of a good deal of its inharmonious elements, and that this Convention would be characterized at least by good order and decorum, and whatever differences of opinion might exist, the disputes would be settled in a peaceful and orderly manner. But so far from this being the case, the proceedings were if anything more devoid of dignity and harmony than those of any similar body that has assembled in this city for years. This was par-ticularly the case when the nominations for the House of Represensatives were being made. The two candidates first brought before the Convention by their respective friends were W. H. Waddell, colored, member of the last House, and J. C. Hill formerly a member from this county There were thirty delegates entitled to and Hill 15 votes, making a total of 31, or one vote more than the number of legal delegates in the Convention. This caused some disturbance, but the Chairman quieted the crowd by suggesting a new ballot. This was accoded to, and the next ballot resulted in Hill's receiving 15 votes and Waddell 14. This yote was about to be announced by the Chairman, when the opponents of Hill burst out in a storm of furious protest and indignation, shouting "Won't have him," "Don't want him, "We'll

vote for a Democrat first," &c. This scene of unparalleled confusion lasted for about a half an hour, some of the delegates as well as outsiders being perfectly furious, one indignant sovereign declaring that "New Hanover county was going to h-ll." In the meantime Gen. Manning, the Chairman, rapped continuously on the desk before him, and his stentorian voice could be heard above the tumult of the excited assemblage, shouting "Order! Or-der! Order!" Finally Waddell got up and endeavored to pour oil upon the troubled waters, and then Hill jumped up and proposed that Waddell be placeed as second on the ticket by acclamation. This proposal served but as a signal for a fresh outburst of indignant negatives and pro-tests, until finally the nominee had to withdraw his name. This was put to the meeting in the form of a motion, and the "eyes evidently had it," and "by a large majority," judging from the amount of noise made by those who voted in the affirm-

Another ballot was then taken, which resulted in the nomination of Waddell. The remainder of the nominations were made without much difficulty, and the ticket, as completed, is as follows: For the House-W. H. Waddell, colored

James Wilson, white. Sheriff-S. H. Manning, by acclama-Register of Deeds-Joseph E. Sampson, colored, by acclamation.

Treasurer-Elijah Hewlett, by acclama Coroner-E. D. Hewlett. Surveyor-No nomination made.

Constable of Wilmington Township-John Clayborn Smith, colored. Delegates to Senatorial Convention—S H. Manning, S. VanAmringe, H. E. Scott and Geo. L. Mabson. Alternates: Owen Burney, Jos. A. Sharpless, Jas. Pickett, E. G. Pennypacker.

A resolution was adopted recommending H. E. Scott to Pender County as the choice of New Hanover Republicans for Senator. Rice Fields and Bice Birds.

R. K. Bryan, Esq., of the Fayetteville Examiner, who was recently here en route to his old home at Scott's Hill, thus alludes to a familiar sound in these parts: "The perpetual booming of guns suggested that another war had been started. We found. however, an explanation of the phenomenon on our return. The rice fields were in all the glory of the rich golden harvest, and the booming guns were fired among the rice birds, which come in multitudes at this season to snatch from man the fruits of his industry. The rice fields put us in mind of the ante-bellum times, when the planters were prosperous and wealthy. May those times return." The rice birds are a favorite dish with our epicures, and our people have their spite out of them for being such enemies to the unoffending rice planters by eating 'em. It is about time for them to take their departure now.

Resignation of Dr. Patterson. Many will regret to learn that Rev. Dr. George Patterson, of St. John's Episcopa Church, in this city, has resigned the rectorship of that church. He does so, we learn, with the intention of accepting a position tendered him by the University of the South, which is to solicit an endowment fund for that institution at Sewance, Tennessee. It will be some consolation to his many friends to know that his accep tance of this position will not necessarily deprive Dr. Patterson of a continued residence among us.

|For the Star. BLADEN AND BRUNSWICK.

The Senatorial Convention for the counties of Bladen and Brunswick met at Robeson's store on Saturday, September

The meeting was called to order by N. A. Stedman, Esq., of the Executive Committee of Bladen county. Col. J. D. D. Lucas was called to the chair, and George H. Bellamy requested to act as Secretary. Upon motion of J. J. Gay, Col. J. D. D. Lucas was made permanent Chairman and George H. Bellamy permanent Secretary Dr. J. S. Deyane made an able and effec-

tive speech before the Convention. Upon motion of N. A. Stedman, the county of Bladen was allowed fourteen votes and the county of Brunswick ten

Mr. Robert Maxwell placed the name of Samuel P. Tharp before the Convention. whereupon he was nominated by acclama-It was moved that the proceedings of the

meeting be forwarded to the Wilmington STAR, Review and Journal, the Robesonian and Fayetteville Examiner, and request the publication of the same. George H. Bellamy, J. J. Gay, H. M. Durant and Robert Maxwell were appointed a committee to notify Mr. Tharp of his

nomination. Upon motion of N. A. Stedman, Eeq. the thanks of the Convention were tendered the Chairman and Secretary for the able ing, whereupon the meeting adjourned.

J. D. D. Lucas, Chairman. G. H. BELLAMY, Secretary.

- The Maine delegation in the present House was re-elected entire.

the Republican County Convention. | Republican County Executive Com-

The following comprise the County Executive Committee, as elected by the Republican Convention on Friday:

County at Large-S. H. Manning, H. E. First Ward-Upper Division-G. L. Mab son, col.; Lower Division-J. H. Brown,

Second Ward -S. VanAmringe. Third Ward-W. K. Price, col. Fourth Ward-L. E. Rice. Fifth Ward-J. H. Howe, col. Cape Fear Township-J. A. Sharpeless,

Harnett-Jordan Nixon, col. Federal Point-B. W. Wade, col. Masonboro-William Pratt.

[For the Star.

Pender County Democratic Conven-Mr. Editor: The Convention assembled here to-day, 16th of September, to nominate candidates for county offices and for a member of the next House of Representatives. Mr. E. A. Hawes was elected permanent chairman, and Messrs. Thos. J. Armstrong and Joab Johnson were elected secretaries. Appropriate resolutions were passed. Six hours were passed in balloting for a nominee for Sheriff. The names of the following gentlemen were proposed, and their claims pressed by their respective friends, with varying through line. —Mr. Jones K. Wood, results: Messrs. A. H. Paddison, A. father of Rev. M. L. Wood, of this city, C. Ward, R. J. Moore, H. A. Colvin and James M. Westbrook. One by one these names were withdrawn, until the contest narrowed down between Messrs. Paddison and Ward. The feeling ran high. After a large number of ballotings, Capt. Ward obtained the required two-thirds vote and was declared the nominee for

Balloting then commenced for a candidate for election as a member of the next House of Representatives. The following names were proposed: Messrs. Thomas H. McIntire, Bruce Williams, Thomas J. Armstrong, J D. Corbett and John H. Murphy The following was announced as the result of the first ballot-McIntire 26, Williams 3, Murphy 5, Armstrong 5, and Corbett 1. No election. Mr. Armstrong then withdrew his name. A second ballot was had, resulting as follows: McIntire 38, Armstrong 2, Murphy 1, and Corbett 1. Mr. McIntire's name was then announced as the choice of the Convention for the

Mr. William M. Hand was nominated for Register of Deeds, and Dr. George F. Lucas for Coroner. Mr. John N. Rowe was nominated for Surveyor.

Much excitement has prevailed in the Democratic ranks here all day over the matter of these local offices. especially in the disturbing question

Mr. F. H. Busbee, our Democratic Elector at Large, spoke at length to a large crowd after the Convention adjourned, and gave much satisfaction He acquitted himself well. Our candidate for Congress, Mr. Shackelford. is on hand and is expected to speak to-night. Gen. Leach did not put in an appearance. OBSERVER.

Southern Claims. From the New York Evening Post, Sept

The following letter settled the Southern Claims bugbear in 1876. The attempt to revive it now is silly. To the People of the United States: We understand that it is now generally charged by the Republican leaders and press of the North that the Southern people expect that a change of the administration of the Federal government and the advent of the Democratic reform party to power, will inure to their pecuniary benefit in securing for them payment for loss or damage to property suffered by them during the late war. In reply to this charge we declare

that the Southern people have no such hope or expectation. Their loss in debts incurred in sup port of the war and caused by emancipation is barred from payment by the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States. Compensation for all other injuries to their property caused by the war is prohibited by the law of nations

Court of the United States. They have, therefore; no hope or expectation of being reimbursed for either, and we denounce such charges as injurious and false. All we desire is peace, prosperity and just government, giving us equal rights under the constitution.

and the decisions of the Supreme

October 25, 1876. James B. McCreary, Governor of John W. Stevenson, United States

Senator. Thos. C. McCreery, United States Senator.

John Young Brown, M. C. C. W. Milliken, M. C. J. Proctor Knott, M. C. Henry Watterson, M. C. M. J. Durham, M. C. J. C. S. Blackburn, M. C. J. B. Clarke, M. C.

A. R. Boone, M. C.

T. L. Jones, M. C. T. L. Burnett, Chairman Kentucky Democratic State Central Committee. Henry D. McHenry, Member National Committee for Kentucky.

J. Stoddard Johnson, Secretary of John S. Williams, Elector at Large

Isaac Caldwell, Elector at Large

for State.

Turpenti

- Win. Simpson, Esq., druggist of Raleigh, at Saratoga, Wednesday, was elected Treasurer of the American Pharms ceutical Association, numbering 1,152 mem-

bers. - Floating Item. - Greensboro Beacon: The direcfors and stockholders of the New Garden NO. 48 Agricultural Society will meet Friday, Sertember 24th, for the purpose of arranging for the fair, if it is then determined to hold

> - Durham Tobacco Plant: Mr. Jackson Horton, a very esteemed and valuable citizen living in the northeastern portion of Chatham county, who was fatal ly injured by being thrown from a mule a few days since, died at his residence last

- Welden News : We learn from the Petersburg Index, of Friday, that the United States Circuit Court has ordered the Petersburg & Weldon Railroad to be sold. The decree allows until the 17th of January for the company to redeem, failing to do so, the road is to be sold after being advertised sixty days; and the purchaser to deposit ten thousand dollars as a pledge of

- John Waddill, negro, made an assault upon Mr. H. M. Depo, at Fayetteville, as we learn from the Examiner, inflicting a severe cut on the temple, cheek and throat of Depe, the knife passing near the jugular vein. These facts appearing in evidence, the defendant was required to enter into a bond in the sum of \$400 for his appearance at the next term of the Su perior Court to auswer to the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. The bond was given and the prisoner was discharged.

-- Charlotte Observer: The South Fork of the Catawba river, in Gaston county, on which so many flourishing cot ton mills are now running, is soon to afford water-power for another, to be built by Mr. R. Y. McAden, of this city. It is to be erected at Spring's Shoals, one of the finest water-powers on the river, and only a mile from the Air Line Railroad. -Day after day the Richmond & Danville train is behind time, some times as much as an hour. When it does come in on schedule time everybody is surprised and make a note of it. And this, too, on the great and presiding elder of the Charlotte district, died at his home in Randolph county last week, having attained the remarkable age of 91 years.

- Raleigh News and Observer: The club yesterday shot a match at 200 vards for the gold medal. Fourteen members competed, and Dr. R. H. Lewis was the winner. - Rev. B. B. Culbreth is conducting a protracted meeting at Ebenzer M. E church, near this city. - The Governor yesterday received a letter asking for a State flag for use at King's Mountain. The State has not a single flag in its possession, strange to say. -Capt. Renn, of the Raleigh & Augusta Air Line, informed us yesterday that about sunset on Tuesday the body of Maj. John Ray, an old man, was found lying in a branch near Keyser, in Moore county. -Mrs. Mary Williams, of Fayetteville, relict of the late James M. Williams, died in Asheville, on Thursday lasi, of consumption. - Caswell correspondent: The superabundance of rain during the latter portion of July and the first part of August, followed by the protracted dry wear ther, has done very great injury to the tobacco crop of this county. — Messrs. William Payler, Thomas W. Featherston and Dr. J. A. Thompson, from Caswell, went to Western North Carolina, capecially to Buncombe, a week or two ago, to look at the country with a view to buying farms. They have returned, and seem to be somewhat better satisfied that Caswell, f not the best, is among the best counties

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

The Senatorial Convention of Richmond and Montgomery counties selected Mr. James T. LeGrand, of Rockingham, as the Democratic candidate for the Senate.

Dr. J. M. Worth goes to Concord on Tuesday to speak. - Dr. J. J. Mott, of Statesville, is in the city. Several of the Republican leaders are now gathered here. - Raleigh News and Observer.

Gov. Jarvis has been in Watauga, Ashe and Wilkes, and his reception in these counties, we learn, has been of the most cordial, enthusiastic and gratifying nature. He speaks at Caylorsville, Alexander county, today .- Charlotte Observer.

There is a bolt among the Wake Radicals. East Raleigh Garfield, Buxton and Bledsoe Club, numbering 360 members, protest against the nomination of J. N. Bunting, white, and Stewart Ellison, colored, for the House of Representatives, and pledge themselves not to vote for them.

We learn that Capt. Buxton and his lieutenant, A. G. Moore, were on a still-hunt up at Clinton on last Thursday. E. W. Kerr, Esq., met them very effectually. That night, at or about 8 o'clock, they orated to a handful of colored people who had been gotten together for the occasion. - Warsaw Brief Mention. We see by the last issue of the

Beacon that Col. Winston has decided to enter the race for Congress in this district as the candidate of the Greenbackers. It seems from the correspondence published that he hesitated to announce himself until appealed to so to do by a committee of three Greenbackers from this place. - Greensboro Patriot. Governor Jarvis speaks to-day at

Wilkesboro, and Judge Buxton, it is said, has slipped up to Person county. The Judge is getting bolder. He is going within a hundred miles of Jarvis. - Mr. Thomas G. Skinner, the Democratic nominee for the lower branch of the Legislature from Perquimans county, is a young lawyer and of unblemished character.-Raleigh News and Observer.

We understand that the Republicans will have Judge Buxton in Concord about the 23d, to make them a speech. — There is a split in our party this year, but it is a direct re-sult of the '78 outrage. Its coming was foreseen and no power could ward it off. It is now regretted that the ticket was bolted in 1878, and those who were the leaders in the bolting movement then must suffer the consequences now .- Concord

- Professor Mommsen writes that he purposes going on with his literary work. first seeking to reproduce what was destroyed by the fire. His library was not so valuable as reports have stated it to be, and having been well insured, he is able to make it up again without help from generous