## The Weekly Star.

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SUBSCRIPTION PRICE. STAR is as follows : Single Copy 1 year, postage paid, 6 months, 44

A VOICE FROM THE WEST.

Judge Gresham is already spoken probable candidate of the Republican party for the Presidency What his views on the tariff are we do not know, but he is a third termer, and that ought to be to kill his claims if he has any. We refer to him now because of an opinion of a special friend of Judge Gresham's, Mr. Fishback, of Indiana. The latter has recently addressed two open letters to Representative Peele on the subject of the tariff. We give one extract from one of his letters. He says:

"It is morally certain that most of these the dictation, of rich men who maintain a powerful lobby at the National Capital. The effect of such legislation is to make the ich richer and the poor poorer. Can the Republican party live on its reminiscences while it continues to perpetuate such folly and

This is plain enough. It is signi-When it is borne in mind Fishback is a distinguished lawyer, once the law partner of Senator Harrison, and at one time the the Indianapolis Journal, the leading Republican paper in Indiana, and that he is now Master Commissioner of the United States Court by appointment of Judge Gresham, the letter becomes more important as a reflector of growing public sentiment in Indiana. Whether his views reflect the opinions of Judge Gresham in any way or not we cannot say. But the fact of a growing fair trade, anti-monopoly, anti-high tariff sentiment in the Northwest is indisputable. A recent special to one of the New York papers gives confirmation of this fact. Western Republicans are growing testive under the oppressions of high, unequal and unjust tariff, and If the party undertakes to go strong the next National Convention for Protection as opposed to Revenue, there will be somebody hurt when he day of election comes.

SMALL FARMS.

The last census showed that the inrease of small farms was great duing the preceding decade. Small ams when enriched can not fail to e profitable. The papers are filled st now with the benefits arising stimulating farming—by en iching lands. A man who owns twacres and will make them very nch and will then cultivate them thoroughly and with common-sens science will always secure good re-No small farmer can afford to have idle acres and poor spots All must be enriched and all should be cultivated. We saw a Halifax farmer in a not very fertile section of the county make a few acres so rich that they produced some three bales of cotton to the acre. The Petersburg Index-Appeal has an agricultural editor, and some months ago wrote about small farms as fol-

It is astonishing how much can be It is astonishing how much can be grown on a piece of ground in the course of a year, if man knows how to manage his cops. Instead of one crop, half a dozen may, in some instances, be grown. And all this, too, without impoverishing the soil, but on the contrary, it might be left in better condition at the end than at the besuning. Once under way and yielding leturns, a small farm, well worked, will increasing stream of fruits, vegetables, grain, roots, potatoes, milk, butter, tegs, meats, and everything that a family needs for its subsistence. All the comforts, and many of the luxuries of life, may be dug from a few acres of mother earth."

Postmaster General Gresham deadge G. Score two for him,

VOL. XIV.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1883.

NO. 26

THE WORK AHEAD.

The Raleigh News-Observer after copying a paragraph from what we id in connection with ex-Gov. Brogden's cautionary letter in the Wilson Advance, and indorsing in part our views as to not advocating the claims of men for office, says:

"Occasions may, however, arise when the press may find it necessary to direct attention to the desirability of selecting some particular candidate whose nomination might assure success. In the face of a great danger, it would be just as improper for the press not to speak as we think it undesirable for it to put up candidates under ordinary circumstances."

The fact that once the STAR hought it proper to set aside its rule and to urge the claims of one candidate for an important State flice shows that we had no inflexible rule to govern us, but that in a crisis we might advocate the nomination of some particular man, not to please or tickle him, but because we believed that great public interests required it. If in 1884 it should appear to us that owing to the distractions in the party-because of the very bad management in the past-owing to the alienations and antagonisms engendered of machine politics, that there was but one man in all the State who could unite, solidify, enthuse and save the party and thus save North Carolina, then we would abandon all reserve and say plainly who that man was. But will there be such a crisis and will there be such a man

child's play. The Democrats should put out their best men. Dr. Mott will make most strenuous efforts to carry the State, and since Dockery was defeated by the defection of Republicans in Forsyth Gaston counties we may safely assume that arrangements will be made to prevent similar defections in the next canvass. The Republican party will be a unit-the liberals, under the banner of some independent Democrat, purchased for the occasion, will be a greater 'reinforcement to them than last year, and the Democrats will have to rely on the popularity of their candidate— his powers of oratory and thorough organi-zation to bring our full forces."

Truly said, as we believe. We have given expression to some such views. It will require an united, an enthusiastic, a zealous party to triumph. We believe that the Democrats in 1884 will have a harder fight than it had in 1882. The Republicans will be more united, the Liberal dodge will gain momentum, the Democrats will lose some men who favor a high protective, unconstitutional tariff. The safety of the party will be in rallying all of its strength. If, as an able Republican leader said to us in 1882, "You can hollow up your crowd you can beat us, because in a full election North Carolina is Democratic,"-if this is done then we shall whit

Our friend of the Weldon News

"Sometime ago the Wilmington STAR stated that Ben McCullough was a native of Halifax county. We thought he was not and so said, but we were not certain. The Nashville (Tenn.) Ranner bears us out. In reply to a letter asking information concerning Gen. McCullough the Banner "Ben McCullough was a soldier. H

was born in Rutherford county." We still believe that Gen. McCul lough was born in Halifax. Our authority was the late George Barnes of Halifax, who if living would be some 85 years of age. He told us about the year 1861, that Ben was born about four miles from the town of Halifax, and if we are not mistaken, upon the farm now owned by Mungo Purnell, Esq. His father removed from Hallfax, when Ben was a small lad. So said Mr. Barnes and the old Halifax people will bear testimony to the accuracy and truthfulness of Mr. Barnes. He despised a lie and he told what he believed. The

Rev. Dr. Brewing of the Methodist Church, got in accidentally between two belligerents at Pine Bluff, Arkansas, and although several shots were fired all about him, he providentially escaped. If he had known what sort of deviltry was brewing he would have gone on the street not that evening but "some other even-

late Dr. Wilcox doubtless could have

Dr. Edwerd B. Turnipseed, of Columbia, S. C., is dead, in his 53rd year. He was a native of that State, elined to appoint Mr. Samuel Grigg and was an accomplished physician. 10 2 \$1,000 clerkship in the Post- He was a surgeon in the Russian office Department because Mr. G. army, lived at one time in Paris, from Virginia and not from was Brigade Surgeon in our war, and lowa as indersed by a Representa- was the inventor of numerous surgihe from the latter State. Correct cal instruments now in use. The Turnipseed grew.

fatthew Arnold insists that in revising the Old Testament beauty and power shall not be destroyed even to obtain a more correct rendering, and that even when the meaning is not at all clear the charm and music of the old words shall remain.—Ex-

Translators, if honest and conscient tious, will not make the Bible tell what the Holy Spirit never inspired even though the melody and the rhetoric are in jeopardy. Fine old English, rich, sonorous and musical in its cadences, is all very good and exactness and truth. What the people want is the precise truth as it is contained in Jesus. If it be possible to translate the two Testaments acording to the original-according to the best texts known, with literal every place retain the exquisite English of the James Revision (not version) then by all means it should be done. But those who love the Word of God prefer to have it in its exact literalness rather than in language that is misleading however beautiful and grateful to the ear.

Five thousand persons witnessed the unveiling of the bronze statue to Professor Joseph Henry, one of the truly great scientific men of America. As we mentioned, the statue is in the Smithsonian Institute, Washington, with which Professor Henry was so long and so honorably identified. The Post of Friday contains found? Our respected contemporary | a large wood cut facsimile of the statue: Chief Justice Waite deliver-"The coming campaign is to be no ed an address, and President Porter, of Yale College, delivered an elaborate oration.

> Sudden Death of Mr. R. H. Bordeaux, Mr. R. H. Bordeaux, formerly of Pender, but for some time past a well known resident of this city, where he has been engaged in business, died very suddenly at his home on Sixth, between Dock and Orange streets, yesterday morning, about 7 o'clock. It appears that he complained a little during the night, and after daylight a physician was sent for. His wife gave him some medicine about 2 o'clock and again afterday. She left the room for a few minutes, soon after which she heard Mr. Bordeaux up, following which was the sound of a heavy fall upon the floor, preceded by the exclamation, "I cannot stand this any longer !" Mrs. B. hurried into the room and found her husband dying, the physician having not yet arrived. It is understood that the cause of his death was heart disease. He never spoke after his wife get to him. He was down the street Friday in apparently his usual health.

> Deceased served as Sergeant-Major of the Third N. C. Regiment for a long time during the war, being a member of Company K, under Capt. Williams. He also acted for some time in the capacity of regimental. mail carrier. His comrades say he was a good soldier and a man faithful to all his trusts. He was about 45 years old and leaves a wife and six children, two of them twins about five months old. The remains were taken to Burgaw last

evening on the 5:45 train for interment. Deceased until lately kept a grocery store in the building southeast corner of Market and Water streets.

Busy Scenes. If you get tired of the dullness prevailing in some portions of the city, just go up in the neighborhood of the W. & W. and W. C. & A. Railroad depots. There you will ee men busy loading and unloading cars number of others engaged in driving piling and making the foundation for the large warehouse to be erected for the W. & W. Railroad Company, similar to the one recently completed for the Southern road; and a large number of other workmen emloyed in constructing the immense buildng to be used for machine shops by the W. & W. Railroad. There you are liable to get bewildered by the din and stir, and a visitor has to be constantly on the alert to prevent being run over by an engine, struck on the head with a brick, or having his best hat crushed out of all shape by the descending weight of a pile driver.

The New Pleasure Boat. The beautiful pleasure boat, or gondola being built for Sheriff Manning, is receivgiven testimony if it had been solic-12 feet wide, and her cabin is 15 by 9 feet. She has wash room and cook house separate. and will have an awning over both ends. keep out mosquitos, while admitting the light. The floors will be nicely carpeted, and casks for fresh water are provided Two elegant flags have just been received for the gondola. The cabin will be furnished with lounge, chairs, etc. There are. oars and row-locks, by which the boat can be easily propelled, as she is light. In fact the sheriff has got a floating palace on a

small scale.

Cotton Movement. The receipts of cotton for the week just closed footed up 467 bales, as against 839 bales for the corresponding week last year.

showing a decrease of 372 bales. The receipts for the crop year from Sept. 1st to date, foot up 124,381 bales, as against 138,784 bales for the corresponding against 138,784 bales for the corresponding hardly possibly recover. Vice Consul R. hardly possibly recover. Vice Consul R. bon. He was, however, positive as to Gallagher, who, he said, called several times to see Whitehead.

A New Enterprise.
The latest evidence of enterprise was

called to our attention at the store of Messrs, Brown & Roddick, yesterday. It consists of what is known as "Lamson's Cash Carrier," being a sort of elevated railway, used for the purpose of carrying the cash taken by the salesmen to the desk of the eashier and returning the change, a service which has heretofore been performed either by the clerk himself or by cash boys exclusively employed for the purpose. Two slender tracks are arranged above the counter in front of the salesmen, one to desirable, but not at the expense of carry the balls in which the cash placed and the other to return them; both properly inclined. The track leading to the desk is the highest, and at convenient intervals along the counter "stations" are arranged, which consist of an elevator for raising the ball to the upper track, and a spout or box into which it is deposited upon returning. The balls at each station are all of the same size, and are differently colored and numbered for the different salesmen using the station. The cashier receives the ball, opens it, makes the change, and places the ball upon the return spout leading to the counter from which it came. Each line can have from 1 to 9 stations, and as there is but one return track for all these stations, of course some method must be provided to have each ball stop only where should. The switch which performs this work is one of the most ingenious devices of the whole system. But we have not space to go into particulars. The system can be better explained by five minutes' inspection of its practical operation than by any written description. Messrs. Brown & Roddick's store is the first one in which the system has been introduced south of Washington. Their enterprise is to be

> The Bar and Biver Improvements-A Visit of Inspection.

Gen. Wright, Chief of Engineers, Col. W. P. Craighill, Engineer in Charge, and Assistant Engineer Henry Bacon, proceeded down the river yesterday morning, on the government steamer Woodbury, for the purpose of inspecting the works and operations now in progress for the improvement of the bar and river. They were accompanied, in response to an invitation, by Col E. D. Hall, Mayor, Mr. R. J. Jones, Chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance of the city, A. H. VanBokkelen, Esq., President of the Chamber of Commerce, Col. Roger Moore, President of the Produce Exchange, Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Chairman of the Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage, and Mr. Geo. Harriss, of the Committee on Bar and River Improve ments (of the Chamber of Commerce.) After making a thorough inspection of the work they returned, reaching the city at 8 o'clock P. M.

Gen. Wright and Col. Craighill will visit some points near the city to-day, and will leave for Washington City to-morrow

The Southern Telegraph Company's

At an informal meeting on 'Change yes terday, at half-past 12 o'clock, to hear from Col. J. H. Bryant and Dr. W. S. Morris on the subject of the Southern Telegraph line, alluded to in our last, these gentlemen spoke briefly in explanation of the purposes of the Company, and it was evident that those present looked upon the enterprise with favor

The Southern Telegraph Company have already some 720 miles of line up, commencing at New York. From that city to Washington they operate in connection with the Bankers' and Merchants' line, but from Washington South the line is entirely their own. The poles are up as far as Weldon, in this direction, and the line will no doubt be extended to this city in the course of a few months. So far, the speakers declared, it had proved very successful.

Sad Condition of a Venerable Lady. We regret very much to hear that the injuries sustained by Mrs. Brown, by her fall at the intersection of Market and Front streets, on Wednesday afternoon, were much more severe than at first supposed; and as she is a very old lady, being in her 95th year, her condition may be considered such as to awaken apprehension of a fatal result in the minds of her relatives and friends, which, however, we sincerely hope may prove groundless.

More About the Southern Telegraph

The Southern Telegraph Company, which is contemplating an extension of its wires to this city, joins the Baltimore and Ohio ing its finishing touches at the Champion lines at Washington. It is claimed that it Compress wharf. She is 40 feet long and has come South to stay, and that it will lay at an early date a new direct cable to Europe. It has seven hundred and twenty miles of poles in Virginia alone, and many more miles of wire. In a word, the South-The cabin and state room windows and doors are provided with wire netting to ern enterprise of a permanent character.

> The Smithville Guard. We learn that Mr. J. J. Adkins has been elected 1st Lieutenant of the Smithville Guard, the new military company recently organized in our sister town, vice M. C. Guthrie.

> The company is in a flourishing condition, and we understand that it will uniform at once and be ready for the contemplated encampment of the Second Brigade, N. C. S. G., at that place on the 23rd of

Can Hardly Recover. We are sorry to hear that a telegram wa received Wednesday afternoon that Capt. Wahl, late of the wrecked schooner Athalia Lord, was so badly injured that he could

The Dynamite Conspirators Arraigned in Bow Street Police Court-One of the Number Turns Informer, and Tells What he Knows About the Se-[By Cable to the Morning Star.]

London, April 19.—Norman, Dalton, Wilson, Dr. Gallagher, Bernard Gallagher, Curtin, Ausburgh and Whitehead, the eight men arrested on the charge of being concerned in the dynamite conspiracy, were again brought up in the Bow Street Police Court, this morning. It was noticed as a significant fact that Norman was conveyed to the court room by a detective separately.

from the other prisoners.

Whitehead, who was brought here from Birmingham for trial, protested against hand-cuffs being placed on his wrists. He declared that the entrance to the court oom was the "gates of hell." On the prisoners being arraigned in court was announced that Norman had turned informer. The rest of the prisoners, inclu ding Bernard Gallagher and Whitehead, were formally charged with treason felony.

Mr. Poland, in opening the case for the Grown, said he had a quantity of fresh evidence against the prisoners, which would be furnished at the proper time.

Norman on being called to the stand

Norman, on being called to the stand, testified that his real name was William Joseph Lynch, and that he was born of Irish parents in the State of New York. He swore that he worked in October last at a coach builder's in Brooklyn. At that time he joined a secret society in New York, the object of which was to free Ireland by force. The members went by numbers. The hall in which he was sworn in was situated on the corner of 2nd street and the Bowery. There were other associated clubs. The managers of clubs were known as district members; they were not known to each other by name; the members were selected to go on missions. He (Lynch) was sent to Dr. Thomas Gallagher, who lived in Man-hattan avenue, Green Point, Long Island, opposite New York. Gallagher told him he was to go to London; he would know what or when he got there. Gallagher gave him fifty dollars and told him to take steerage passage by the steamer Spain, under the name of Norman. Gallagher gave him one hundred dollars more and told him to go to London and inquire at the American Exchange for a letter addressed to him. Lynch did not want to go, as he had lagher gave him a small box; he examined this on the steamer and finding in contained spring which worked by pressure, he ecame alarmed and threw it into the sea. LONDON, April 19.—At the examination Bow Street Court to-day, Lynch said that ie arrived in London on the 22nd of March. His first act was to take a letter he had written to Gallagher to Bowles' Exchange, to inform the latter of his arrival, and where he could be found. He saw Gallagher on the 27th or 28th of March and walked with him past the scene of the recent explosion in the Government offices at Westminster. He asked: "Is that what we are going to do?" Gallagher re-"Yes; and it won't be child's play, either." They passed half way over West minster bridge, when Gallagher, who had been viewing the houses of Parliament, remarked, "They will make a great crash when they come down." Gallagher here jumped to his feet and

nouted, "You infamous liar." Witness continued-returning they pass Scotland Yard, and Gallagher said "that is the headquarters of detectives. It will come down, too." Gallagher said he was staying at Charing Cross Hotel and gave witness seven pounds, saying "don't run, short; the old man will provide for On April 2d Gallagher told witness that he wanted him to go to Ledsam. Birmingham, and inquire for Whitehead and tell him that he (Lynch) had been sent for material. He never heard of White-head before. He went to Birmingham that morning. Before going Gallagher gave him five pounds with which to buy a respectable trunk to put the stuff in. He vent to Whitehead's factory, where he saw hitehead and a boy. The boy was here put on the witness box and identified by Lynch. Lynch said that Whitehead put him in the way of procuring India rubber bags, in which to carry nitro-glycerine.

Witness confirmed all the evidence given at the hearing last Thursday as to Gallagher having called for him under the name of Fletcher. Witness said that when Whitehead was loading nitro-glycerine into the rubber bags he told him that a man had that same morning taken sixty pounds of the liquid. He asked Whitehead what that iquid was, and was informed that he would

Whitehead here shouted from the dock You lie, you traitor!"

Witness said that Gallagher met him in London, when he returned from Birmingham with nitro-glycerine. He had never seen any of the prisoners before except Gallagher and Whitehead; both of those men had spoken of sending another man to London, but they did not mention any

The examination was adjourned until tomorrow. The witness spoke in a weak and indistinct voice and at one point of his evidence he appeared as if about to faint. At the conclusion of his testimony, while the depositions were being read, he did faint, and had to be removed from the Court room. In the course of his testimony concerning his New York club experience, Lynch said he did not know O'Donovan Rossa personally, but heard that he had been to the club room. He was always spoken of there as the "Old Man." Bernard Gallagher has made a statemen to the effect that he is a native of Scotland and returned there from the United States work as an iron moulder. His brother Dr. Gallagher, paid his passage, but he was ignorant of the doctor's business. Ber-

nard says he is not a Fenian or a member of any secret society. He declares that he was in Sing Sing, N. Y., at the time the explosion occurred in Glasgow, with causing which he is charged. London, April 20 .- The dynamite con-

spirators were again brought up in the Bow Street Police Court this morning. The court room was crowded. Among those present was Herbert Gladstone, son of the Prime Minister. The boy who was em-ployed by Whitehead, at Birmingham, and who was yesterday identified by Lynch, the informer, was placed in the witness box. He recognized Thomas Gallagher (Dr. Gal-He recognized Thomas Gallagher (Dr. Gallagher) as a man who had visited Whitehead. The boy testified that Gallagher, when he visited Whitehead, gave the name of Fletcher. When he called to see Whitehead the latter sent him (the boy) on an errand and told him that he need not hurry back. When he returned Whitehead and Gallagher were still engaged in a converge Gallagher were still engaged in a conversa-tion, and Whitehead gave him a holiday. Shortly afterward Willson, another of the prisoners, arrived in a cab. He said that he had come for the "oil" that "Fletcher" had ordered. Willson was conducted by Whitehead to an inner room. Next day Lynch came to Whitehead's place, bringing with him a large box. The boy was unable to swear as to the identity of Will-

Several hotel waiters, cabmen and police-men confirmed the statements of Lynch and the boy. The coat worn by Whitehead at the time of his arrest was produced in Court. It has the tailor's mark "Brooks Bros., Broadway, N. Y." The Crown also produced a letter signed by Willson. The purchase of earthen pans by Whitehead was proved. It was stated in evidence that he told the vender of whom he purchase chased them that he had recently arrived in England from New York. The rubber naker whose place of business is near Char-ng Cross Hotel, was sworn and identified agher as a customer. He said Gallagher Gallagher as a customer. He said Gallagher purchased of him a bag capable of holding 298 pounds of nitro-glycerine. Gallagher asked the prices of other bags. A maker of rubber bags in Cheapside also swore that a rubber bag was purchased of him. It was proven that this bag was ordered by Willson, but was found by the police in Gallagher's room at Charing Cross Hotel.

Gallagher's room at Charing Cross Hotel. A policeman testified that he found a legal work in Gallagher's possession in which a paragraph relative to treason and felony was marked. The prisoners were then remanded for a further hearing.

Kelly was then remanded and will be retried on Monday next.

WASHINGTON.

allroad Indebtedness to the Government-President Arthur-Smuggling on the Rio Grande.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Secretary the Interior has made a formal deman upon the Union Pacific R. R. Co. for the payment of the balance due to the United States under the act of May 7th. 1878, amounting for the year 1882 to \$825,905. A statement of account is also rendered, in which the Secretary places the total amount of the claims of the United States against this road under the above-named act, at \$1,727,742, and says if the whole amount of deductions claimed by the company be allowed, there will still be a bal-

ance due the government of \$1,036,824. The President's private secretary tele-graphs the Secretary of State from Savan-nah as follows: "The President was slightly indisposed yesterday, but is now quite well. We leave this evening, and will reach Washington to-morrow night." Extravagant rumors have circulated since

last night about the President's condition. He is represented to have been dying, to and only to have been saved by heroic

It has been reported to the Treasury De partment that smuggling is being extensively practiced on the Rio Grande river, and that a difference of opinion exists be tween the District Attorney for the Southern District of Texas and the Collector of Customs at Brownsville, as to the authority of the officers of the latter to arrest per sons detected in the act of smuggling. The question has been referred to the Solic itor of the Treasury, for an opinion. The Solicitor says that he has no doubt that the officers have the same legal right to arrest offenders that they have to seize smuggled goods, provided an arrest is not made on Mexican territory.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The U. S. Court and the Election

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] CHARLESTON, April 21 .- In the U. S Circuit Court to-day, Judge Bond presiding, a motion was made by District Attorney Melton to have the election cases on the docket continued to the special term, to be called for the first Monday in November at Charleston. The motion was resisted by A. G. Magrath, counsel for the accused, and Judge Bond announced that he would not order a special term, as there was no work to warrant it. He suggested that the present term might be adjourned over to an earlier day in November than that fixed by law for the holding of the regular term at Columbia, in order that the election cases might be tried here, where it is pleasanter. No definite action has yet been taken on this suggestion, however, and if the court simply adjourns sine die, all the election cases will under the rule go over to the regular term at Columbia in November next.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Raid by Kansas Desperadoes-Extensive Fire at Aurelia, Ia.-Texas Cowboys Threatening Violence-Conviction of a Wife-Murderer in Georgia-A Building Crushed by a Falling Wall and Several Persons Injured. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

St. Louis, April 21:- Four brothers named Barlow and two men named Galland and Winfield, all desperadoes living in the vicinity of Normonville, Ks., and terror to the community, went to the store of John Normles, postmaster at the place, night before last, and demanded liquor. On being refused they wrecked the store, rob-bed the safe and fired several shots from revolvers; one of which mortally wounded the postmaster's wife. The gang then fled. Sheriff Blair with a posse has started in

FORT DODGE, Ia., April 21 .- A fire at Aurelia, Ia., sixty miles west of this city; destroyed 25 business buildings between 2 and 4 o'clock this morning. The loss is estimated at between \$90,000 and \$100,000. Almost the entire business portion of the town is gone. The insurance is about \$30, 000. There were several very narrow escapes from death. There being a strong wind from the southeast everything in the track of the flames was burned.

CHICAGO, April 21.—A dispatch from Dallas, Texas, says the Cow boys now on strike in the Pan-Handle district are becoming more violent. One hundred of them, well armed, are encamped at Yarcar, Oldham county, under the leadership of one Harris, and make open threats of violence against all their places.

ATLANTA, GA., April 21 .- Jos. C. Jones, a wife-murderer, was convicted to-day in the Superior Court of Oglethorpe county, at Lexington. Jones and his wife were married when she was eleven years old. He assaulted his mother-in law and fled the country. He returned not long ago, and his wife refused to live with him and he murdered her.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.-A special from Warnersville says that during a severe wind and rain storm this evening, D. Stein & Co.'s fire-wall was blown down, and fell on a small frame building occupied by H. C. Glossen as a saloon, and completely demolished it. H. C. Glossen, W. A. Darby, Marion Schultz, Thos. Dawson and T. C. Jones were in the building when the wall fell. Glossen was killed, Darby had his leg broken and was otherwise seriously and probably fatally injured, and Schultz and Dawson were badly hurt. Jones was uninjured.

The American Export and Warehouse Co. has been formed at Cincinnatti, O., for the purpose of exporting whiskey in bond and warehousing it abroad. Nearly all the leading distillers and shippers of the West are stockholders. Spirits Turpentine.

- Weldon News: Died, at En-— Weldon News: Died, at Enfield, on the 12th inst., Mrs. Caroline Bullock, aged 47 years. — The Baptist Church at this place has extended a call to the Rev. G. B. Moore of Virginia. He is at present a student of the Baptist Theological Seminary of Louisville. He will finish his course in May. — We regret to chronicle the death of Mrs. Sarah V. Coker, the wife of Mr. Wiley D. Coker, of Northampton county. She passed from this life on last Friday morning in the 47th year of her age. — The railroad from year of her age. — The railroad from Garysburg through Northampton and Bertie counties to Chowan river, for which a charter was obtained, would be of great benefit to the people of the section through which it would pass.

- New Berne Journal: Mr. U. S. Mace received a box of peas, grown at James City, on yesterday, which is the first brought in this season. They were grown from "Mace's First and Best Canada Peas." — We learn that the receipts of the road during the last fifty days it was run by the Midland Company amounted to somewhere near \$16,000, and amounted to somewhere near \$16,000, and not a cent was paid to the employes.

It is said the North Carolina Railroad, now owned and managed by the Richmond & Danville Railroad Syndicate, cherishes the fond hope of purchasing, at the sale authorized by the Legislature, the old gubernatorial mansion and lot in Raleigh and converting it into a grand railroad depot. It has long been surmised this corporation had a hankering after gubernatorial power and honors.

- Raleigh News Observer: The railroad subscription question is not settled. There was a current rumor on the streets yesterday that it would come up in a new shape.—A \$1,000 cock fight will be the big sporting event of the season in this city on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 1st, 2nd and 3rd. The match is between the chickens of Mr. Sidney B. Holt. of Alamance, and Mr. Jas. A. Falcon, of Halifax—twenty-one cocks to be shown by each party, and all matches will be fought under the Turner rules for cock mains, for \$100 a battle and \$1,000 on the odd. —— Some time ago Bose Lerthers, a powerfully built negro, left this vicinity to work at a turpentine distillery in Georgia. Yester-day he was brought back, a pitiful object, with a terrible wound in his throat, his right arm and right leg paralyzed, and unable to speak. While at work two weeks ago at the distillery, a negro laborer threat-ened to shoot another of the hands. Leathers remenstrated with the angry negro, urging him to do no such thing. The follow then turned upon Leathers, and making the remark that he would shoot him if he didn't mind, fired a revolver at him. The bullet struck Leathers in the neck and has not been extracted. -- It is a pleasure to note the growth in reputation of our scholarly North Carolinians who have found congenial employment elsewhere. Among them is Mr. Walter H. Page, of the editorial staff of the New York World, who lectured in Boston on Tuesday evening. His subject was "The new South as seen by a Southerner." - Greensboro Patriot: Three des-

titute looking colored women came in on the Richmond train this morning, all the way from Liberia. They were accompanied by nine children who were in a condition of semi-decay. The feet of the little ones were rotten with sores caused by the bite of a poisonous insect that is found in Africa. They presented a horrible specta-cle. The women went from Cabarrus county about two years ago, and they tell a horrible story of suffering and destitution whilst living in Liberia. — We understand Col. Andrews says that the Railroad Company will pay \$10.00 per mile for every mile of territory through which the road runs, towards fen cing in the cattle. ored, of High Point, was committed to jail yesterday, for an assault with intent to commit a rape upon a colored woman — Maj. W. H. Malone, a prominent North Carolinia lawyer, has written a treatise on "Real Property Trials," and the book which will number some 700 pages, is now being published by W. H. Morrison, law publisher, Washington City. The work is highly commended to the profession. Mr. Wm. M. Kirkman met with a serious and most painful accident Wednesday evening. After loading his wagon at the sash and blind factory, his mules became frightened and ran away. He was thrown under the wagon and two wheels of the heavily loaded vehicle passed over his right leg crushing it. — Miss Ellen Mordecai, of Raleigh, is 92 years old. She writes

well and is as witty and vivacious as when in her maidenhood Though an acknow-ledged belle in her day she never laced.

- Raleigh News-Observer: The

receipts of cotton here for the week ending Thursday evening were 426 bales; same week last year were 788. Total receipts to date 46,860, to the same date last year 56,-207. — The funeral services of Mr. James M. Pace, an esteemed citizen of Raleigh and one of the oldest employees of the R. & G. R. R. Co., were conducted from the First Presbyterian church of this city, by Rev. J. H. Wheeler at 3:30 o'clock on yes terday afternoon. — Rev. Mr. Taylor, of Wilmington, preached to a large audience at the First Baptist Church last night. -The revival at the Salisbury Street Baptist Church attracts much interest, there being between thirty and forty accessions to the church. —The trial of Dr Robinson for murder was continued at Johnston court until the next term of that court. - Judge MacRae was in the city on yesterday, having just arrived from Smithfield, where he has been holding court. He reports that owing to the recent jail delivery and other causes that the term of Johnston court was unusually short. The present city government will make a better financial showing for the past year than has been made for some time. When the present board went in, they found a debt of \$2,000 which they have paid off and also paid the current expenses of the city for the year, and they now have money in the treasury. —— Marshal Hill, who has just returned from Elizabeth City. informs us that the funds to pay the witnesses, jurors, &c., for the U. S. Courts have been exhausted which will necessarily cut the terms of the courts short. Sheriff Hughes, of Orange county, on yes terday brought to the insane asylum Columbus Nichols, a white man who had been convicted of larceny, the jury pro-nouncing him insane. He failed to get adexecutive committee of the Board of Agri-

culture, held last week, the Commissioner, Mr. McGehee, was authorized to confer with a committee from the North Carolina State Agricultural Society, and agree upon the apportionment of the \$500 appropriated by said board for premiums, to be offered on field crops at the State Fair this fall. Premiums were fixed as follows: \$50 for the largest yield of cotton from fifteen acres of land; \$30 for the second, and \$20 for the third. Fifty dollars for the largest yield of corn from fifteen agres; \$30 for the second and \$20 for the third. Fifty dollars for the largest yield of wheat from ten acres. Twenty-five dollars for the largest yield from five acres each of oats, rye, rice, field peas and ground peas. Twenty-five dollars for the largest yield of hay from either clover, orchard grass, herd's grass or Timothy. Fifty dollars for the largest yield in value of bright leaf tobacco, and \$50 for the largest yield in value of heavy shipping tobacco, from one acre each. — Chapel Hill dot. One of the form historial Hill dot: One of the few historic trees in North Carolina is the venerable poplar in the University canpus at Chapel Hill. Tradition has it that Gen. Davie ate under it a cold snack when the University buildings were located. During the war it was struck by lightning, but such is its sturdy health that not a leaf was withered.