When its black veils wear this and par Beautiful light, light life; begins to glow, And the great picture of the earth i

Faintly upon the canvas of the dark, Brighter and brighter growing, as the day Holds its great torch against God's master-Till the whole world in perfect glory So rose once more that southern vision' splendor Upon the cheerless twilight of my fate; The last grim pages of my book of life,

Pilled with a mean and grinding martyr Washed with unceasing tears, at lengtl gave back

The nobler legend written on my youth. PARTY RECONSTRUCTION.

N. Y. Daily Commercial Bulletin. To intelligent observers, it has long been apparent that both our political parties have become virtually maibund. Either they are living on past issues in which the people have ceased to feel, any real interest, or they lack the sagacity and the courage to deal with the questions which reserve national developments have foresd into prominence. A large mass of our people have consequently lost their party attachments, and indifferently regard one party as about as good as the other and neither of them as adequately comprehanding the real legislative wants of theranes. Naturally, with such a hak of intrusic virtality, both parties are without cohesive power. The hostile "stalwart" and "half-breed" factions would split the Republican party in twain were it not held together-by the cohesion of office-hold ing. The Democracy is at this moment so fatally disorganized by the free tride schism that its great historie career must be regarded as verging towards an inglorious close, This weakness of parties is mainly due to the fact that political leaders have not kept abreast with the political intelligence of the people. It feets of our institutions that the fore of the men who should be lead-

come weary of the mere iteration of | as follows: platform platitudes, and are impa-The during wants a party of the pussed, not a party of mere memo-It is an insult to the popintelligence when one side ap-"black shirt," and the other appeals buy wire. When Congress puts such an e-time upon the American peo-

agement that they fail in that quick

state-manly outlook and insight

which detects topics of legislation

even before they appear on the hori-

got of public opinion. Our politi-

## WASHINGTON.

of legislators is wanted.

The Preling in Respect to Tariff Legislation. New York Daily Commercial

Bulletin. Washington, December 20.-The differences and dissensions among the Democrats of the House of Representatives regarding tariff legislaindividuals. tion are much exaggerated by the sensational narratives appearing from graphic service may be done upon day to day in the protection papers. In the first place, the minority of the Democrats who are determined to vote against any tariff legislation whatever is considerably smaller than is represented; then, in the second place, the feeling of dissatisfaction over the situation is pictured in much too glowing colors to convey the truth. The fact is, that the revenue reformers are in as good a position and are as strong in numbers as they have been at any time during the session. They are as confident now as they have been at any stage of the session that a Tariff bill will be passed; but they have at no time supposed that the contest would be anything but close, and they have regarded it as certain that the Pennsylvania Democrats, with some reinforcements from other States, would vote against any bill which might be presented. They have not believed, however, nor do they now believe, that this defection will in the end be strong enough to thwart action. They may be in error, but there have been no recent developments which justify the exuberant predictions of the protectionist organs. The revenue reformers are in as good temper as they have been at any time this winter, and they are even more resodute and earnest than hitherto in their policy of pressing upon the House the consideration of the Tariff bill. All the newspapers talk about a compremise, which will consist of dropping the Morrison bill and adopting the tariff plank of the Ohio Democratic doctrine is laughed at by the revenue reform leaders.

#### IN FAVOR OF MORRISON'S BILL.

Resolutions Adepted at the Tammany Hall Meeting-Senator Bayard's Let-

NEW YORK, March 21 .- The annonneement that several prominent | may be employed in said service. Public men, including Speaker Carlisle and Senator Thomas F. Bayard, would speak upon the tariff issue crowded Tammany hall to-night at the meeting of the Tammany general committee. Sidney P. Nichols presided, and announced with regret that neither of the gentlemen abovetioned were able to be present. Letters were also read from Congressmen S. S. Cox, Hurd, Herbert and O. B. Potter, Gov. Abbott, of New Jersey, F. B. Thurber and August Belmont. reform is one of present and undeniable importance. The incrustation of The importance. The incrustation of The incrusive Matchman: The Sal
isbury Watchman: The Salisbury Watchman: The Salisbury Watchman: The Salisbury Watchman: The Salisbury graded school now numbers 880
pupils—about 100 more than any prayious year. Everything is working admirably.

I point Caswell Mission, June 18.

abuses, which have been engendered by ill-considered laws passed in ex-cited times of war and to supply tem-porary exigencies must be broken through, and if the Democratic party has any plain duty, it is to take an honest, straightforward unmistakable step in the direction of reducing and simplifying the present unequal, com-plicated and obscure tariff system." Resolutions favoring a reduction of the tariff and approving the Morrison Tariff bill were unanimously adopted. Congressman William Dor-sheimer was the first speaker.

---COTTON.

New York Commercial

Chronicle. NEW YORK, March 21 .- The movement of the crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (March 21) the total receipts have reached 42,635 bales. against 49,876 bales last week, 76,-487 bales the previous week and 68,720 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since September 1st, 1883, 4,528,959 bales,

bales. The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 75,326 bales, of which 41,822 were to Great Britain, 9,164 to France and 24,340 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this

against 5,242,783 bales for the same

period of '82-'83, showing a decrease

since September 1, 1883, of 714,224

evening are now 788,889 bales. Tuesday opened buoyant, but Liverpool did not respond to the advices from this side; consequently there followed a heavy selling movement to realize profits, under which the early advance was not only lost, but the close was at some decline from the latest prices of Tuesday. There was some recovery in the course of Wednesday and Thursday, the reports from Liverpool and Manchester having improved, and the receipts at the ports proving quite small. To-day there was a buoyant opening but active selling under apprehension of free deliveries on April contracts, which caused the early advance to be lost. The close was at an advance for the week of 14@17 points for this crop and 16@17 points for the next. Cotton on the spot has | ble institutions? Illiteracy is an evil been quiet, but not being freely offered prices are dearer. There was an advance of 1-16c. on Monday and seems to be one of the working de- again on Tuesday. To-day there was a further advance of 1-16c., middling uplands closing quiet at 111c. ers of opinion is so entirely spent | The total sales for forward delivery upon the mere tacties of party man- for the week are 600,600 bales.

### A POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

Washington, March 21. - The sub committee of the Senate committee cians therefore follow the public per- on Post Offices and Post Roads, havception, and generally at a wide dis- ing several postal telegraph bills untames; and hence we have usually a der consideration has formulated and great deal of legislative neglect. So caused to be printed a bill embodyfar has this neglect run in the pres- ing the views of the majority of the ent times, that the people have be- sub-committee, which is in substance

"The Postmaster General shall tient for a reconstruction of parties establish telegraph offices at all postthat will secure attention to the im- offices on telegraphic circuits, and at portant issues that now demand ad- all other postoffices within ten miles of any circuit where the salary of the postmaster is not less than \$500 per annum. The office of Fourth ries, and least of all of memories best | Assistant Postmaster General is created, the incumbent of which shall be a skilled electrician who is to conpeals to the passion by flaunting the trol the telegraphic branch of the Postoffice Department. A schedule to emplify be squandering hundreds of tariffs is embodied, the minimum of millions through pension bills to of which is twenty cents for twenty beartily denounced in numerous Dewords or less for a distance of one thousand miles or less, and a maxiple, it is time that body were given mum of fifty cents for any distance, to understand that a different order however great. The messages of Government officers and employes are given precedence over all other business. The newspaper tariff is on the basis of fifty cents on each hundred words for one thousand miles at night and one dollar during the day. Two million dollars is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. Nothing in the Act is to be construed as prohibiting the operation of telegraphs by corporations or

> the event of no satisfactory contract being made the Postmaster General is authorized and directed to advertise for sealed proposals either to sellexisting telegraph lines and franchises to the Government or to construct four new telegraphic trunk lines for the Government, so located and arranged as to connect the northeastern, northwestern, western and southwestern and southern parts of the United States with the city of Washington, and if upon investigation any of such proposals either to sell existing lines to or to construct new lines for the Government are deemed fair and reasonable the Postmaster Gen'l will report the same to

The bill provides that postal tele-

Savannah News (Dem.) Congress at its next session for acceptance or rejection. In the event that no existing or hereafter organized telegraph company will contract for the performance of the service by this Act provided for and at the rates hereinbefore specified or less, and in the event that no satisfactory proposition either to sell existing lines or contract for the construction of new ones for the Government shall be submitted on or before November 25, 1884, then there shall be established, built, operated and carried on a postal telegraph system within the United States by a board consisting of the Secretaries of State and War and the Postmaster General upon the lines already described.

Among the powers granted to this board is that to construct or take and use all such machinery, appliances, platform, as the proclamation of the Democratic descripe is laughed at devices and materials, not including the procession or stand aside. They Para, Brazil; and John Egan, to be Posttelegraph lines, owned by persons or certainly will not be permitted to master at Pensacola, Fla. corporations, whether patented or not, as shall be deemed necessary for the convenient and successful establishment and operation of said lines. The board of civil service commissioners shall cause examinations to be made of the fitness of all clerks, electricians and operators who

> Burnett's Cocoaine for Loss of Hair CHICAGO, Oct. 11, 1880. Three years ago my hair was coming out very fast, and I was nearly bald. I was also troubled with dandruff. I began using BURNETT'S COCOAINE, and my hair immediately stopped coming out, and has con-stantly been getting thicker. My head is now entirely free from dandruff. My wife has used the Cocoaine with equally as gratifying results. P. T. Platt,
> with F. MacVeagh & Co.
> BURNETT'S EXTRACTS are the purest

fruit flavors.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL.

N. Y. Herald.

The Herald recognizes the great evil of illiteracy which Senator Blair has attacked, but it cannot recommend his manner of dealing with it. It is true that the bill is intended to grant only temporary aid to common schools, "the design of this act not being to establish an independent system of schools, but rather to aid for the time being in the develop-ment and maintenance of the school system established by local government, and which must eventually be wholly maintained by the States and Territories wherein they exist," &c. But herein lies the greatest danger. Having once tasted of government bounty, it is not likely that the States will ever be contented to go back to the old self-supporting system. Protection by a tariff was in-tended to be a "temporary" measure, but it still is practised. The example of England may be cited, where moderate grants from the national exchequer, made for local educational purposes, have in-creased year by year until they have swelled to such an amount as to constitute a severe tax. The same result would follow in this country, as government bounty in any form is demoralizing and undermines the independence and too often the integ-

rity of the State government. The matter of education has ever been under State regulation. The national government has often aided liberally by large grants of the publie lands, just as it has in the same way subsidized the States for other objects. But while Senator Blair's bill cannot thus be called an innovation, it marks the revival of a spirit that ought not to be encouraged. As in the years prior to 1837, when the revenues of the government were in excess of its legitimate requirements, innumerable schemes for spending it were debated in Congress, so now a repetition of these schemes is occurring. The proposition to grant direct aid to the State educational system is but the entering wedge, and its supporters defend it by quoting precedents quite as questionable. If the State schools are to be aided, why not the State prisons and the State charitaand is a dangerous element in a free a pauper class or a diseased class.

The bill will probably come before the Senate again to-day, and we trust that it may not be carelessly considered. There are so many objections to be urged against it, both for economic and administrative reasons, is an abdication of the powers and duties

Cured My Wife's Weakness. From Evansville, Ind., the home of our orrespondent, Mr Jno. R. Patterson, homes the following: "Samaritan Nervine cured my wife of a case of female weakness." It's an extract from Mr. Patterson's letter. \$1.50.

#### NO RECORD WITHOUT TAR-IFF REFORM.

Washington Post, Dema What has the Democratic party been during all the years of its life if it has not been a tariff agitator? What principle of the Democratic creed has been made more conspicuous than that which is embodied in the demand for a reduction of war tariff taxation? What part of the policy of the Republican party has been so uniformly, so severely, so mocratic platforms, National, State, district, county and township, as its "robber tariff?" What theme has inspired so much of the eloquence of statesmen, editors, campaign stumpers and all other Democratic writers or speakers as the "iniquities of the Republican theory of tariff taxation?" What but its tendency towards free trade-towards setting trade free from the bonds imposed on it in order to enrich a few at the cost of all the people-has brought to the Democratic party the sympathy and support of most of the distinguished men, the scholarly, philosophical, broad-minded men whose names adorn its roster? A history contract by existing companies. In of the United States, containing no allusion to either of our four great wars, would be no more deficient than the record of the Democratic party without the story of its persistent, uncompromising agitation of the tariff.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.-The wise man is prepared for them by keeping on hand a bottle of Phenol Sodique, the great temedy for scalds, burns, cuts, etc. For sale by druggists and general storekeepers.

PLAIN SOUTHERN TALK.

No Honest Democrat will Drop Tariff Reform.

To abandon tariff reform now would be eqivalent to a confession by the party that its position with regard to the tariff up to the present has been wrong, and that the Republican position has been, and is now, right. One or two journals which claim to Democratic say that the party ought to drop the tariff question now and take it up again when it gets control of the government. Of course no honest Democrat would listen to talk like that. The Democratic party couldn't drop the tariff question if it wanted to without accepting the Republican doctrine of a tariff for protection, and it certainly wouldn't undertake to get into power by deceit. The Democratic party must move forward in the path it has marked out for itself-the path that leads to tariff reform. Mr.

obstruct the progress of the party on the line of its policy. New York Naval Stores Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, March 25. Spirits Turpentine—The market is unset-tled and easier; merchantable order quoted at 34c. Rosins are quiet and unchanged; at 34c. Rosins are quiet and unchanged; sales 100 bbls M, August delivery, at \$3 25. The following are the quotations: Strained at \$1 50; good strained at \$1 52; No. 2 E at \$1 55; No. 2 F at \$1 60@1 62; No. 1 G at \$1 70@1 75; No. 1 H at \$1 90@1 95; good No.1 I at \$2 10; low pale K at \$2 38 @2 45; pale M at \$2 80@2 90; extra pale N at \$3 50; window glass W at \$4 00@4 25. Tar is quoted at \$2 75 for Wilmington; pitch is quoted at \$1 85.

Randall and his little band must join

New York Peanut Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, March 25, Peanuts bring strong prices on steady demands. The quotations are at 10c for best hand-picked, 94c for extra do, and 8c for

WASHINGTON.

TERRIBLE CYCLONE. Senator Vance's Report on the Right of Germany to Exclude American Devastating Wind Storms Reported Hog Products—Proparations for the Payment of the Tobacco Tax Rebate. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Large Numbers of Buildings De-WASHINGTON, March 24 .- Senator Vance, troyed-Several Lives Lost and Many in the minority report from the committee on Foreign Affairs, submitted to-day, expresses the opinion that Germany has the right to exclude American hog products, on the ground that they are unwholesome, if Persons Injured. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

right to exclude American hog products, on the ground that they are unwholesome, if she deems it proper, and that this government is not justified in impeaching her mo tives. "If it be true," continues the report, "that our pork is to any extent unwholesome, we should endeavor by a rigid system of inspection to remove the cause of complaint. If it be true that the fear of trichinosis is only a pretext, and that the real reason for excluding our hog products is a desire to protect their own products, then we are the last people on earth who ought to complain. After surrounding ourselves for more than twenty years with a protective tariff wall so high as to exclude virtually all the products of Germany which compete with ours, it is rather late for us to advocate retaliation against a government which merely follows our example. In fact, Germany's action is reple. In fact, Germany's action is re-taliation, and the cry of 'stop thief' cannot change the true condition of things, We have got to learn that we are not so great and independent as to enable us to defy the laws of political economy and the amities of internationl trade with impunity We have been told again and again that our true policy was to shut up our manu-factures from the competition of the world and that all nations thus excluded would be compelled, nevertheless, to buy our breadstuffs and provisions; that they could not do without them. We are greatly surprised and indignant when one important prised and indignant when one important customer says he can get along without our hog products and forbids their coming in, and we propose to retaliate. For what?—fer simply and frankly forbidding them to be imported. Suppose, that instead of doing this, Germany had imposed a duty of 100 per cent. on them, which as affectually prohibits their importation? effectually prohibits their importation i What then? Where would be our so-called retaliation? The undersigned can see no difference whatever in the two methods o prohibition, so far as results are concerned Only, that one is manly and direct, whilst the other is indirect and based on false pretences. Our great meat industry must, indeed, be cared for. It, with kindred agricultural industries, furnishes nearly all of our foreign trade, and they deserve all that Congress can do for them. But this bill does not propose the true way to do it This way is to remove, as far as possible, all restrictions upon trade, and the enlargement of the market for our farmers' products all over the world, by liberal treaties and tariff laws. The last section of the bill is especially objectionable, not only in the proposed retaliation, but in the relegation of the whole matter to the executive. We propose thereby to arm the chief magistrate of a constitutional republic with the same arbitrary power over commerce that is now exercised by the republic; but so is a criminal class, prime minister of feudal European despotsm, in order that on equal terms they may inflict mutual injuries on their people, un-til one or the other gives in. This too, whilst Congress is in session, and the repre sentatives of the people are present, ready to say if they wish to begin this war, and or what articles of commerce they prefer the event to be made. The section, in effect, that the expediency of passing it of Congress and the delegation thereof to such measures of so called retaliation to wards Germany or any other nation should be deemed necessary or advisable, imprimis, let Congress say so, and let it likewise prethe articles on which the struggle is to be made. It is the President's business to execute the laws, not to make them; and i is as certainly the duty of Congress to make them and not shift the task on somebody else. Those sections of the bill which pro vide for an inspection of meats designed for exportation, and which forbid the im-portation of adulterated and unwholesome articles of food or drink, constitute proper legislation, and whilst not regarded as sufficiently thorough, are yet in the right direction. When perfected by experience and a sincere desire to give the world wholesome food, which it is not doubted all our

ersigned, all will have been accomplished

The Treasury of the United States has

that is desired by the friends of the bill."

commenced preparing drafts for the pay-ment of claims for rebate on the tobacco

tax allowed by accounting officers, and will

forward the drafts as rapidly as settlements

are made by the First Comptroller and the

warrants of the Secretary reach the Treas-

WASHINGTON.

Important Action of the Democratic

and the Internal Revenue Laws-

Very Large Attendance of Members-

Hallet Kilbourne Secures Heavy Da

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Demo-cratic caucus remained in session until midnight last uight. The following reso-lution, offered by Mr. Morrison, was adop-

as the Morrison tariff bill, shall be taken up

or consideration at the earliest practical

day, and a reasonable time for debate al-

This, before its adoption, was amended

by Messrs. Hopkins and Morrison, by add-

ing the following:
Resolved, further, That the adoption of

this resolution shall not be considered as

binding in controlling the individual action

of Democrats, except to the extent that each member may feel that he ought to be

nfluenced by the expressed opinion of the

Mr. Carlisle then offered the following

esolution, which was adopted by a vote of

Resolved. That in order to reconcile con-

licting opinions and secure legislation on

the reduction of taxes at the present ses-

sion of Congress, it shall embrace a provi-

sion repealing all internal revenue taxes on tobacco, snuff, cigars, and the special taxes

connected therewith; and also reducing the

taxes on brandy distilled from fruit ten

cents per gallon; provided, that such repea

and reduction shall not be made except in

in the early part of the evening, there being but ten members absent, and they on ac-

count of sickness or absence from the city. Before the vote on Mr. Carlisle's resolu

tion, however, many members had left the Capitol.

In the case of Hallet Kilbourn against

ex Sergeant-at-Arms Thompson, the jury

rendered a verdiet in favor of Kilbourn for

Appointments by the President-Sar-

gent Confirmed as Minister to Rus-

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The President

sent to the Senate the nominations of Aaron

A. Sargent, now Minister to Berlin, to be

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni

potentiary to Russia, vice W. H. Hunf, deceased; also, Robert T. Clayton, of

The Senate confirmed the nomination of

Mr. Sargent to be Minister to Russia with-

Quarterly Meetings.

trict of the Methodist E. Church, South:

and 6. Clinton Circuit, at Johnson's Chapel,

April 12 and 13.
Topsail Circuit, at Herring's Chapel,

April 19 and 20.

Bladen Circuit, at Soule's Chapel, April

Wilmington, at Front Street, May 3 and 4. Brunswick Circuit, at Macedonia, May

Whiteville Circuit, at Fair Bluff, May 24

Flemington Circuit, May 28. Elizabeth Circuit, at Bladen Springs,

Newton Grove Mission, at Black's Chapel,

Cokesbury Circuit, at Cokesbury, June

Smithville, May 17 and 18.

Second Round for the Wilmington Dis-

Wilmington, at Fifth Street, April 5

out referring it to committee.

26 and 27.

10 and 11.

May 31 and June 1.

lved. That the bill, commonly known

Caucus on the Question of the Tariff

urer's office.

mages in his Sult.

ted by a vote of 114 to 57:

majority of his associates.

88 to 27:

hurt, and one old woman will die. ' The Old Mullein Plant, GRANDMA'S REMEDY FOR CROUP, WHOOF

cellars Many persons were injured. Live stock were blown about like feathers. A

rough estimate places the damage at \$500,-600. The houseless are being cared for. Greenfield, Ind., March 25.—A heavy storm of wind and rain this evening blew down fences and outbuildings and un-

Richmond, Ind., March 25 .- A destruc-

tive storm occurred at 3 o'clock this even-

passed about one mile south of this place this evening, tearing down whole forests.

ouses and killing a negro woman.

Louisville, Kv., March 25.—A Fal.

tucky Central Railroad, at 2 o'clock this evening. The track of the cyclone was half a mile wide from east to west, and up-

turned trees and everything else in its path.

Many trees are across the railroad track,
and are now being cleared away by workmen. So far no lives have been reported

lost, nor dwellings destroyed.

LEXINGTON, KY., March 25.—It is reported here to night that the village of Cole-

mansville, in Harrison county, forty miles from here, was almost entirely destroyed

by a cyclone which swept over it at 5 o'clock this evening. It is said ten persons

were killed by flying debris, and fifteen or twenty injured. Nothing definite is known. DAYTON, O., March 26.—Further details

of the cyclone near this city confirm the

first reports of the damage done. Six miles south of the city the destruction was most general and frightful. It first ap-

peared in a southwesterly direction from Lebanon, and passed rapidly to the north. Its track is the most marked in the vicinity

of Oak Ridge, on the Narrow-Gauge Rail

road, where a whole forest has been levelled and buildings razed. The railroad is block-aded by fallen timber, and trains are de-layed. Near Oak Ridge a house and barn

and other outbuildings, belonging to Thos. Andrews, were blown quite a distance by the wind, and Mr. A. was buried beneath the falling timber. The path of the cyclone

was fifty yards in width, and the forests

show where it rose from the earth and de-

cended again. On the Lebanon pike it

assed between a house and barn of Wm.

Popenoe, but being high up did little dam-

age. A little daughter of Abram Wilson, a farmer, was crushed under the timbers of

a barn near Oak Ridge, and other loss of life is feared. The full extent of the loss

[Special Star Telegram.]

rible cyclone, going northeast, struck the

town of Newton, about 5 P. M., yester-

day, blowing down twenty-five or thirty

houses. At Conover, a station on the

Western North Carolina Railroad, hail

covered the ground to the depth of

three or four inches-some of the stones

being as large as hen eggs. No one was

killed at Newton, but several negroes were

LINCOLNTON, N. C., March 26 .- A ter

caznot yet be given.

ING COUGH AND COLDS, "Having been confined to my bed for all the remedies my family physician prescribed would not alleviate, he, as a last re sort, prescribed your 'Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein,' the first dose of which gave me instant relief, and prevented what the doctor considered imminent danger of pneumonia. In three days I was perfectly well. Five years ago my oldest daughter had measles, leaving her with a cough which followed her up to the first of this year. Nothing would give her any re-lief until I tried your wonderful medicine. She is now entirely well. My youngest child had a severe case of membranous croup and was relieved at once with two doses of the Remedy, and as long as I have a bottle on hand I never feel alarmed MRS. S. J. KNOWLES, Atlanta, Ga."

For sale by all leading druggists. 25c Menu actured by Walter A. Taylor, Atlan: Ga., proprietor Taylor's Premiun

## THE CYCLONES.

Anderson, S. C., Visited-A Dwelling Destroyed and Three Persons Fatally Burt-Further Accounts of the Damage and Loss of Life in Kentucky. COLUMBIA, S. C., March 26.—A special to the *Daily Register*, from Greenville, in this State, says: "A severe cyclone passed over Anderson county, destroying the house of a Mr. Watson. Three of his children are thought to be fatally injured. owed thereon; after such debate that a bill be passed for a reduction of duties and the war tariff taxes.

Louisville, Ky., March 26.—A special to the Courier Journal, from London, Ky., says: "A terrible cyclone passed near this place and Hittchburg, two miles north of here, about 4 p. m. yesterday. The Metho dist church was razed to the ground and much other property damaged. At Hittch-burg John Hoilman, a brakeman, was blown from a freight car and carried about fifty feet, lighting on his head in a creek. His neck was broken. Three freight cars and a caboose were blown from the track and severa persons were slightly injured. A little cabin, occupied by a family named Broughton, was blown down, and Mrs. Broughton and two little children were instantly killed. The following persons are thought to be mortally wounded: Col. C. Westinger, both legs broken and cut in head; Mrs. C. W. Westinger, hip mashed; Robert Redings, spinal column broken and cut in head; Miss Sallie Geff, cut in head; James Warren, two ribs broken and wounded in head.

N NIGHT SWEATS AND PROSTRATION .-Dr. R. STUDHALTER, St. Louis, Mo., says: I have used it in dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and in night sweats, with ve.y good

CONSUMPTION CURED. An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent curs of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical curs for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative power in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noves, 149 Power's Block, Rochester N. Y.

PROMPT AND POSITIVE.—"Benson's Capcin Porous Plasters are the best in use."—H. J. Cas sabeer, Pharmacist, New York. 25c.

HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE.—The best salve used in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Piles, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions, Freckles and Pimples. The Salve is guaranteed to give rerfect catisfaction in every case. Be sure you get HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE, as all others are but imitations and counterfeits. il others are but imitations and counterfelts Wm. H. Green, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

THE CASE OF HORACE N. HATCH—On calling on Mr. Horace N. Hatch, of No. 108 I street, dealer in stoves, furnaces, etc., at No. 130 West Broadway, South Boston, where he has been for many years favorably known, he said to the reporter that his wife drew the part of the \$75,000 prize. My wife, and my daughter Gertle and I," he said, "each held a \$1 ticket in The Louisiana State Lottery, in the February 12th Drawing." "How much was the prize?" "My wife's ticket, No. 71,342, drew \$15,000, and Gertle drew \$50." "Have you received the money?" "I have, thro' the Southern Express Company."—Lecal Interviewer in The Boston (Mass.) Star. Feb. 25th.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mas. Winslow's Soothing Syrrip for children teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhosa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mas. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bettle.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKET. from Indians, Kentucky, Georgia and Western North Carolina-Forests Leveled to the Ground, and

STAR OFFICE, March 20, 6 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm, at 32 cents per gallon, with sales of 125 casks at that price. ROSIN-The market was quoted firm CINCINNATI, March 25.—Dispatches to be Commercial Gazette say: Boyd, Ky., March 25.—About 4 o'clock at \$1 15 for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained, with sales at quotations. p. m. to day a destructive cyclone passed over here, blowing everything in its way, and the inmates of the houses to wells and

TAR-The market was firm at \$1 80 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations. CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1 25 for Hard and \$2 00 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON-The market was quoted firm, with sales reported of 50 bales on a basis of 10 9-16 cents per ib for Middling' The following were the official quotations: 

Middling......10 9-16 Good Middling.....10 13-16 So far as known no lives were lost.

ATLANTA, GA., March 25.—A cyclone to-day struck Gainesville, unroofing severa PEANUTS-Sales reported on a of \$1 35 for Prime, \$1 50@1 55 for Extra Prime, and \$1 60 @1 70 for Fancy. Marmouth, Ky., special to the Courier-Journal says a fearful cyclone passed through the woods just south of that town, on the Kenket firm.

STAR OFFICE, March 21, 6 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted quiet at 36 cents per gallon, with sales of 75 casks at that price. ROSIN-The market was quoted firm

at \$1 15 for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained, with sales at quotations. TAR-The market was firm at \$1 80 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quota

CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady with sales reported at \$1 25 for Hard and \$2 00 for Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted firm, with small sales reported on a basis of 10 9 16 cents per ib for Middling. The following were the official quotations: PEANUTS- Sales reported on a basis of

\$1 45 for Prime, \$1 60@1 65 for Extra Prime, and \$1 70@1 80 for Fancy. Market firm. STAR OFFICE, March 22, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted quiet at 32 cents per gallon,

with no sales ty report. ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at \$1 15 for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained, with sales at quotations. TAR-The market was firm at \$1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales at quota-

tions, being a decline of 5 cents on last re-CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1 25 for Hard and \$2 00 for Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted irm, with small sales reported on a of 10 9-16 cents P to for Middling. The following were the official quotations:

Ordinary...... 8 5-16-cents # 15 Good Middling..... 9 9-16 " " Good Ordinary..... 10 13-16 " PEANUTS-Sales reported on a basis of \$1 45 for Prime, \$1 60@1 65 for Extra Prime, and \$1 70@1 80 for Fancy. Mar-

ket firm. STAR OFFICE, March 24, 6 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm at 314 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 200 casks at that

ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at \$1 15 for Strained and \$1 90 for Good Strained, with sales at quotations. TAR-The market was firm at \$1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations, CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1 25 for Hard and \$200 for Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted

firm, with sales reported of 50 bales on a basis of 104 cents per lb. for Middling, and 153 do. on a basis of 10 13-16 cents. The following were the official quotations: Ordinary .... 81 Good Ordinary 92 Low Middling 108 Low Middling, .....?

PEANUTS-Sales reported on a basis of \$1 45 for Prime, \$1 60@1 65 for Extra Prime, and \$1 70@1 80 for Fancy. Mar-

STAR OFFICE, March 25, 6 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted firm at 31 cents per gallon, with sales reported of 50 casks at that price. ROSIN-The market was quoted firm, at \$1 15 for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained, with sales at quotations. TAR.-The market was irregular, clos-

ing at \$1 20 bid. CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market was steady, with sales reported at \$1 25 for Hard and \$2 00 for Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted firm,

with sales reported of 30 cents on a basis of 10 13-16 cents per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations: Good Ordinary..... 9 13 16 ow Middling ..... 10 7-16 Middling........... 10 13-16 Good Middling......11 1-16

PEANUTS-Sales reported on a basis of \$1 45 for Prime, \$1 60@1 65 for Extra HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE Prime, and \$1 75@1 80 for Fancy. Market

STAR OFFICE, March 26, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-The market was quoted dull at 31 cents per gallon, with no sales to report. ROSIN-The market was quoted firm at \$1 15 for Strained and \$1 20 for Good Strained, with sales reported of 1,000 bbls. Strained and 1,000 do. Good Strained

at quotations TAR-The market was firm at \$1 25 CRUDE TURPENTINE-The market

was steady, with sales reported at \$1 25 for Hard and \$2 00 for Yellow Dip. COTTON-The market was quoted steady, with sales reported of 70 bales guano to W & WRR Co. n a basis of 10 13-16 cents per 1b for Middling. The following were the official

quotations:

PEANUTS-Sales reported on a basis of \$1 45 for Prime, \$1 60@1 65 for Extra

Prime, and \$1 75@1 80 for Fancy. Market firm. Savannah Rice Market. Savannah News, March 25.

Prices have not varied, and, taken as a whole, the market is fairly steady. Buying is still moderate, however, and the demand devoid of spirit. The sales for the day were 174 bbls. Appended are the official quotations of the Board of Trade: Fair-5@51c; Good 51@51c; Prime 6@61c. FOR SALE.—ONE "50-HORSE POWER HORI-ZONTAL ENGINE," with two 7-feet Driving Wheels, 10-inch face, suitable for Saw or Grist Mills. Mills.

Also, One "75-HORSE POWER LOCOMOTIVE BOILER," with copper tubes—all in good order, connection complete, and ready for immediate use. Can be seen at any time.

Apply to CRONLY & MORRIS, mh 26 D&Wit Rev. copy. Wilmington, N.C.

The New York Naval Stores Market. From the New York Naval Stores and Tobseco Exchange Circular for Monday, March 24th, C. D. Morrison, Superintendent, we glean the following:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK Exports since January 1st.

Spirits Turpt. . 1,476 bbls. 355 bbls Rosin. . . . . . 6,430 " 7,202 "

STOCK ON HAND AT Tar. Spirits, Rosin, New York, March 24 2,050 2,683 Savannah, March 22. .... 5,942 54,840 Wilmington, March 22 4,871 4,964 88,731 Charleston, March 21. ... 3,995 13,895 Spirits turpentine for future delivery

quiet. Last half year, 32 cents bid; 34

cents asked. No sales. Market quiet.

The following were the spot quotations: Spirits Turpt. 34@841c; Strained Rosin \$1 50; Good Strained \$1 50@1 524; E. \$1 55; F, \$1 60@1 624; G, \$1 70@ 1.75; H, \$1 924@1 95; I, \$2 10; K. \$2 40@2 50; M, \$2 80@\$2 871; N, \$3 40@ 8 50; W G, \$4 00@4 20, Sales August of 100 bbls N at \$3 25. Market dull. Rosin

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES-WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS For the week ending March 22, 1884... Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Cruds. 508 838 6,844 4,548 2,389 RECEIPTS

From March 17, to March 24, 1883. Spirits, Rosin, Tar. Crude. EXPORTS For the week ending March 22, 1884.

Cotton. Spirits. Rosin Tar. Crude. Domestic 200 37 4,030 Foreign. 000 00 2,937 1 000 Total.. 200 37 6,967 653 1,671 EXPORTS From March 17 to March 24, 1883. Cotton. Spirits. Rosin. Tar. Crude

Domestic 2.585 769 494 Foreign. . 3,100 1,000 6,549 000 Total.. 5,685 1,769 7,043 3,495 STOCKS

Ashore and Afloat, March 22, 1884. Ashore. Afloat. Totals. Cotton . . . . . . 4,760 5,615 Spirits..... 4,064 Rosin...... 75,625 13,106 Tar..... 8,143 Crude . . . . . . . . 5,592 000 STOCKS

Ashore and Afloat, March 24, 1883. Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Tar. 3,904 79,564 11,970 11.452 -QUOTATIONS. March 24, 1883. March 22, 1884. Cotton .. 10 9-16@ Spirits. 44 @ Rosin . 1 274@1 324 32 @ 1 15 @1 20 Tar.... 1 60 @ 1 25 @

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK, COASTWISE.

BALTIMORE-Schr John J Ward-230, 000 feet lumber. NEW YORK-Steamship Regulator-255 1,105 do rosin, 150 do tar, 100 do cotton seed oil, 544 bags oil cake, 65 bbls rice, 10 bales vanilla, 79 boxes fire-crackers, 92 carwheels, 54 empty beer kegs, 18 cases tar, 18 cases eggs, 55 pkgs mdse, 120,694 feet

PHILADELPHIA-Schr Emma C Cotton-283,000 feet lumber. FOREIGN.

Nassau—Schr City of Nassau—30,000 feet lumber, 45,000 shingles. NASSAU-Br Schr Mabel Darling-75,000 feet moulding. ANTWERP-Nor barvee A M Schw igaard-3,812 bbls rosin. AUX CAYES-Schr W H Jones-182,826 feet lumber, 132,000 cypress shingles, 10 bbls tar, 3 do pitch, 3 do rosin.

LIVERPOOL-Nor barque Arizona-500 ales cotton, 300 casks spirits turpentine, 3,000 bbls tar, 216 do rosin. Hull-Nor barque Kepha-3,076 bbls osin, 1,000 do tar, 200 casks spirits turpen-

New York Comparative Cotton State-[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW YORK, March 21.-The followng is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

Net receipts at all United States ports during the 42,326 99,285 date..... 4,514,883 5,196,299 Exports for the week... Total exports to this 75,695 94,943 Stock in all United States

ports. towns..... Stock in Liverpool....1,035,500 931,000 American affoat for

Ruin Wrought in the Porest. How depressing it is to see acres of trees cut down in the midst of a noble forest. How saddening it is also to see that thin dant hair. Stop it at once by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam. For actual efficiency this famous article stands at the head of its class. Elegant for the toilet, delicious in order, and restores the original color to gray or faded hair. Economical as a slight, casional application keeps the hair and scalp in perfect order.

Great Britain...... 317,000 248,000

# MARINE.

ARRIVED. Nor barque Nordenskjold, Abrahamsen Liverpool, E G Barker & Co.

Steamship Regulator, Doane, New York. H G Smallbo Schr Jesse W Starr, 307 tons, Burton, Perth Amboy, N J. Geo Harriss & Co, with railroad iron to W W R R. Br barquentine Hattie H, Dill, Liver pool, E G Barker & Co, with salt to order. Nor barquentine La Plata, 260 tons, Andreassen, Cadiz, Heide & Co. Schr Annie G Midgette, Gilikin, Hyde Schr Annie L McKeen, 244 tons, Mahoney, New London, Geo Harriss & Co, cargo guano to C C R R Co. Schr Fannie E Wolston, 280 tons. Marr, Milford, Conn. Geo Harriss & Co, cargo guano to Champion Compress Co. Schr Annie E Blackman, 265 tons, Black guano to W & W R R Co.

Schr Regulator, Lewis, Elizabeth City, With corn to B F Mitchell & Son.

Schr Fred Regulator, Lewis, Rayasas Grand Bank Stock.... man, New York, Geo Harriss & Co, cargo Schr Eunice Reynolds, Davis, Elizabeth City, with corn to G J Boney.
Nor barque Duen, 247 tons, Andersen, Port Mahone, Heide & Co.
Ger barque Marie, 223 tons, Voss, Dakar, Africa, Heide & Co. CLEARED.

Steamship Vidette, Fuller, Baltimore, A D Cazaux. Schr John J Ward, Inman, Baltimore. Geo Harriss & Co. Steamship Regulator, Doane, New York, H G Smallbone Schr City of Nassau, Kelly, Nassau,

Br Schr Mabel Darling, Ranger, Nassau N P, Parsley & Wiggins.
Nor barque A M Schweigaard, Johnsen,
Antwerp, Paterson, Downing & Co.
Schr Emma C Cotton, Ayres, Philadelphia, Geo Harriss & Co, cargo by A Y

Wilson.
Schr Wm H Jones, Falkenburg, Aux Cayes, Hayti, Geo Harriss & Co, cargo by Northrop & Cumming.
Nor barque Arizons, Johnsen, Liverpool, England, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Nor barque Kepha, Madsen, Hull, England, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Schr Annie L McKeen, Mahoney, Jacksonville, Fla. Geo Harriss & Co. sonville, Fla, Geo Harriss & Co.

Disfiguring



HUMORS, Itching and Burning Tortures, Humiliating Erup-

tions, such as SALT RHEUM or Rezema, Psoriasis, Scald Head, Infantile or Birth Humors, and every form of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous, Inherited, Contagious and Copper-Colored Diseases of the Blood, 8kin and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, are positively cured by the Cuticura Remedies. Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifi-er, cleanses the blood and perspiration of impuri-les and poisonous elements, and thus removes

Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, instantly allays Itching and Inflammation, clears the Skin and Scalp, heals Ulcers and Scres, and restores the Hair Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Tollet Requisite, prepared from Curroura, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Biemishes, Rough, Chapped or Oily Skin.

Cuticura Remedies are absolutely pure and the only real Blood Purifiers and Skin Beau-titiers, free from mercury, arsenic. lead, zinc, or any other vegetable or mineral poison whatever. It would require this entire paper to do justice to a description of the cures performed by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura soap externally.

Rezensa of the paims of the hands and of the ends of the fingers, very difficult to treat and usu-ally considered incurable; small patches of tetter and salt rheum on the ears, nose, and sides of

Scalled Heads with loss of hair without number, heads covered with dandruff and so ly cruptions, especially of children and infant-, ma-ny of which since birth had teen a mass of reabs; Itching. burning and sealy tortures that baf-fied even relief from ordinary remedies, soothed and healed as by magic;

Paoriasis, leprosy, and other frightful forms of skin diseases, scrofulous ulcers, old sores and lischarging wounds, each and all of which have discharging wounds, each and an of which have been speedily, permanently, and economically cured by the Cuticura Remedies. Sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50 cents; Resolvent, \$1.00; Soap, 25 cents. Potter Drug AND Chemical Co., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."
mh 5 D&Wtf wed sat too or frm

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Our quotations, it should be understood, represent the wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be BAGGING Gunny.

PRICES Standard.

BACON—North Carolina
Hams, \$\mathbf{y}\ \text{D}\ \text{Shoulders, \$\mathbf{y}\ \text{D}\ \text{Sides, choice, \$\mathbf{y}\ \text{D}\ \text{D}\ \text{.}} Sides, Choice, # D.

Sides, # D.

Shoulders, # D. Second Hand, each... New New York, each... New City, each... BEESWAX—9 B BRICKS—Wilmington, B M. Northern BUTTER—North Carolina, \$\pi\$ D. Northern, \$\pi\$ D. CANDLES—\$\pi\$ D—Sperm COFFEE-# b-Java. Laguyra ... CORN MEAL- B bush , in sacks, Yarns, & bunch . EGGS—& dozen . . . FISH—Muckerel, No. No. 1, 9 half bbl... No. 2, 9 bbl.... No. 2, 9 half bbl... No. 3, 9 bbl.... FERTILIZERS—\$ 2,000 pounds French's Carbonate of Lime French's Agricultural Lime Peruvian Guano, No, 1 Baugh's Double Eagle Phos. Carolina Fertilizer....

Navassa Guano Complete Manure Whann's Phosphate Wando Phosphate Berger & Butz's Phosphate FLOUR— bbl—Fine... Corn, cargo, in bulk, Corn, cargo, in bags, Corn, cargo, mixed, in bags Oats, from store.....

HAY—19 100 lbs—Eastern 

Porto Rico, in hhds. Sugar House, in hhds. in bbls. 

Prime
Rump
RICE—Carolina, \$ 50
Rough, \$ bushel (Upland)
Do, do (Lowland)
Country .... . ..... ..... Crushed......SOAP-3 15-Northern..... SHINGLES-3 M-Contract.

WOOL-P b-Washed WILMINGTON GIONEY MARKET.

Navassa Guano Cempany Stock.

North Carolina Bonds—Old Ex-Coupons.
Funding, 1866.
Funding, 1868.
New 4s.
Special Tax.

W & W R R Bonds, 7 %c (Gold Interest).
Carolina Central R R Bonds, 6 %c.
Wilmington, Col. & Augusta R R Monds.
Wilmington City Bonds (new) 6 %c.

New Hanover County Bonds, 6 %c.
Wilmington & Weldon R R Stock.
North Carolina R R Stock.
Wilmington Gas Light Company Stock.
Wilmington Cotton Mills Stock.

TO THE SCOTCH CROFTERS,

LAURINBURG, N.C.

Myself and Brother own Two Thousand Acres
of Unimproved Land, on New River, Onslow Co.,
N.C., which we will sell cheap, on from one to
ten years' time, at six per cent interest, to actual
settlers, in Ten to One Hundred Acre Lots. These
Lands are susceptible of great improvement; will
grow any and every thing produced east of Raleigh. I have made fourteen bags of cotton on
six acres, and red clover four feet two inches
high. I raise pears that I sell in the Wilmington
market at from \$4 to \$5 per bushel. New River
is full of the finest cysters in the world, and as
fine fish. If you have friends or kin in the old
country, who are able to ray their way here, we
would be pleased to receive them as friends, and
let them own the above lands for homes. The
lands could be paid for in labor when not engaged on their own farms.

Duck Creek, Onslow Co., N. C. mh 28 W4w

Notice.