Goodloe, a well known journalist, on of the staff of the New York Times and a Republican, wrote a letter to the Warrenton Gazette that is truthful and just. We have known the writer for forty-five year and he sense "an honorable man as well as of fine talents. He will not support Blaine. We are not surprised at this announcement. Mr Goodloe is too pure a man to take stock in a fellow all "tattooed" with corruption. But we refer to his letter more particularly to reproduce the following paragraph which contains information and a statement of facts that cannot be truthfully denied. He says:

"The fearful shrinkage of values, the scarcity of money, the numerous financial failures, and the hard times, are all traceafailures, and the hard times, are all tracea-ble to Republican policy; to the Republican high protective tariff; to the Republican de-monetization of silver; to the Republican fourding of hundreds of millions of the precious metals, while the people are pay-ing interest on some fourteen hundreds of millions of public debt; to the Republican policy and practice of curtailing the circu lation of non-interest bearing greenbacks, for the benefit of the national banks: and in a word, by Republican apostacy to its original principles, and by its wholesale This is a perfectly correct and

warranted arraignment of the acts and betravals of the old Republican party that has long ago done the work where unto it was appointed, and has become at once the most venal, wasteful and dangerous party that ever cursed a country and threatened the perpetuity of free institutions. That party has become one entirely of plunder. No country governed by Kings ever had in succession men of lower type and of greater political profligacy than the United States have had under recent Republican domination. Grant for eight years, and then Garfield and Arthur. If these are to be succeeded by Jim Blaine the stain of national disgrace will be deepened. Twenty years of corruption, of waste, of incompetence, of betraval of trusts and invasion of the rights of the people! What an affliction! What a punishment! Surely the sins of the American people must be tremendous to be visited

with such scourges. But let us turn to Mr. Goodloe once more and see what testimony he

"The fact is notorious that the Republicans so called, have ceased to recognize the Reserved Rights of the States, and that in private, if not public they talk freely about sweeping away State lines. On the Tariff policy they have swung around to the op-posite extreme. They now claim to be the special champions of Protection. A highly ateline at Republican said to me a few evenings since, and said truly, that a Prolective Tariff is not imposed with a view to mising revenue, in other words that Protection is the leading purpose, and Revenue the incident. Consistently with this apostacy from principle, the Republicans under Grant drove nearly all the old leading men from power, as far as they could and turned out such as held minor offices. It is time the party were broken up. It has ceased to have an honest reason of being."

Surely the honest people of the Union will say likewise -"It is time he Republican party were broken

IGNORANCE OF ECONOMY ILLUS-

We have had occasion to remark before that of all studies political economy is the most difficult and complex. We doubt if there are two men among the fifty-seven millions of inhabitants in our country who can be said to thoroughly understand the Tariff. And still you will had lundreds of thousands of men who talk about the Tariff as if they were masters of the subject and understood it all.

It is this very difficulty and complexity that repel men from giving close study to the great authors who treat of political economy. We are quite sure that there are really more ignorance and more pretension as to this matter of the Tariff than as to any other subject whatever. Not even religion has generated so much of presumption and ignorance and sciolism as political economy has gen-

There is another curious thing about it. You will find the most of those who are really the most superficial and ill-informed. No man is able to handle the Tariff wisely, comprehensively, ably thereafthy who prehensively, ably, thoroughly who | ent.

Narrow Escape from Browning.

There was a narrow escape from drown-

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1884,

VOL. XV.

great teachers of political science. We have been led to make these ted assertions of Protection writers In May, 1884, they were 11.6 per a flat anchored near by midway the long and speakers. Although of the sev- cent greater than in May, 1883, one wharf that is under construction there. He enty-six eminent authors upon political economy representing all leading ticeable when we know what has thon, when the piling suddenly slipped and nations, whose works are in the great been going on in our own country gave him a furth which sent him head British library, the Museum, seventy- during that period of time. four are opposed to Protection, the Protection school in the United States pretend to have so mastered the subject as to have found that a nation's prosperity is dependent upon high taxation, thus reversing the whole object and intent of Govern, tain is not only far below that of the overboard. The small boat was cut loose ment, and thus contravening the teachings of experience and economy and great ability.

We have before us an illustrative example of how Protectionists de ceive themselves in trying to deceive others. Massachusetts is represented by the Blaine school as gaining wealth faster than ever before, and at once the army of ignorant clacquers take up the statement and by the force of iteration deceive the too credulous and unfortunately badly informed. The fact is that under the wire-barbed Protection fence Massachusetts has not grown as rapidly rich as under a Low Tariff. The State House returns in Boston clearly establish the truth of this statement. The Boston Post says:

"They show that from 1841 to 1861, 20 years of a tariff for revenue, most of the time, the valuation of the State increased 90 per cent. per poll, while from 1861 to 1881, 20 years of protection, it increased only 15 per cent. per poll. Allowing one-fifth, or 18 per cent. for the cost of the war, where is the other 57 per cent?"

The falsehoods and fallacies of Pro tection can always be run to cove when those pursuing have the facts, the data, the needed information.

When President Arthur visited the Yellowstone Park, as it is called, although it is twice as large as this county, his guide was Henry Richards. He is brass moulder of Philadelphia originally. He is now in New York, and the World has been interviewing him. His opportunities have been good to know what sort of a "boss" Jim Blaine is and he is thus reported as saving:

"In Pennsylvania and in parts of Virginia Mr. Blaine, the Republican candidate or President, has a large interest in coal and iron mines and railroads that run through the country in which those mines are located. Steve Elkins, the manager of his campaign, is associated with him in nearly all his speculative enterprises. They run their properties on the principle, 'No Irishman or intelligent mechanic need apply

for employment.'
"Being asked his meaning, he replied simply this. In the mines that Blaine and Elkins control, whether in Virginia or Pennsylvania, the laborers are almos slaves. An Irishman cannot get employ ment. A skilled mechanic will not be given work. There is a pronounced prejudice against the Irish, and I believe that that prejudice comes from Blaine personally."

This is the testimony of a well informed mechanic. He knows whereof he testifies for he has lived just where the information was to be obtained. There is not in the history of parties a greater barefaced hypocritical game than that now being attempted by the Republican managers and their man Blaine. He must surely be a very stupid fellow that can be fooled by the trick.

THE TRADE OF TWO GREAT COUN TRIES CONTRASTED.

The trade of this country has been at a very low ebb and is still so. Manufactures have suffered greatly and strikes are very common. Yes terday's STAR reported troubles among the miners of Pennsylvania, and the ordering out of the militia. In Iowa similar troubles exist and also in Ohio. In New England the mills are in distress and scores are closed or are working on half time. There is a shortness of trade through out the world at this time. There is too much production for the world's consumption both of food and manufactures. Improved machinery has enabled man to produce far more rapidly than the inhabitants increase. But mark you, while there is exces-

sive competition in all countries and too much production, it is a fact that the highly protected countries are suffering much more than those countries that are not cursed and afflicted with a High Chinese Protection Wall. Mr. David A. Wells, an able American writer on the Tariff, in an excellent but brief discussion of that subject in the North American Review for September, points out that the commercial disturbances at this time "have been least in the countries that enjoy the freest commercial policy, as England, Belgium and Switzerland, and greatest in those that have by legislation unnaturally stimulated production on the on hand and restricted markets on the other, as has been the case in the United States, France and Germany, Whilst the financial and industrial Whiteman, C. H. Thomas, Zebulon Mose system of the United States has been ley, W. T. Cutlar, John Viney, Cicero about convulsed since early in 1883, the condition of England, that is nearest to Free Trade, has been a

vast deal better. Mr. Wells says: "Her mills are not idle; her workmen,

has not been a close student of the . Mr. Wells goes into figures to ! show that this is so. Both British coal and British manufactures have year before. This is surely very no-

The failures in the United States its way to the end of the wharf, some have been very large for the past twelve months. For the first six months of this year they have been very excessive. On the other hand, the number of failures in Great Bri-United States, but are a little over one-third what they were in the corending months of 1883. Remember that England taxes no

necessaries of life and the United the last time. He could swim, and had States do tax the necessaries. Remember that England raises her immense revenues-some \$400,000,000 annually-by taxing the wealth of the country and the United States to a great extent raise their revenue by taxing the poverty of the country. Remember that England has but fourteen articles in her Tariff schedule, while this country has some 4,000, more or less, the number not exactly To make himself liable and responsible for known to us.

Recently we were made to say that there were not two men in the United States who thoroughly understood the Tariff. We wrote ten and the number was changed by the printer. Mr. Wells is one of the ten and we shall refer to other points in his lucid and suggestive discussion hereafter. He shows very clearly and conclusively that Tariff Reform is an absolute necessity and he says the condition of the country will ul- to come from him, some of a peaceable timately force reform. He believes character and some otherwise. Why, even cial disturbances and distress is the High Tariff. He says that "with double the producing power of England, we have not half her opportunity to use our wealth. We are merely provincial; our commerce is dwarfed; our great merchants have disappeared; we have not sufficient nerve for our energy; our capital is confined to too small a sphere." He shows this but we cannot follow him farther to-day.

Lillian F. Smith is twelve years old. She lives with her father at Watsonville, Cal. She is a marvellous hand with the rifle, and her father proposes to let her contest with the champions of the world, Carver, Bogardus and Stubbs. An account says:

"Mr. Smith will also wager \$500 that his daughter can break 1,000 glass balls in 50 minutes, or 10 minutes less than it took Capt. Bogardus to accomplish the feat. Mr. Smith will also put up \$100 that Lil-lian can hit more common English pins one inch long stuck in a frame, to be set i motion so as to travel 12 feet in one and one-quarter seconds, for a distance of 30 feet, using a 22 calibre rifle, than any one

It is now denied by a paper that Capt. Kitchin said "the Democrats did not desire the negro votes," or words to that effect. It was only the Captain who did not want them. The STAR says, welcome to all colored voters who prefer just, fair, economical government. Let them help pile up the majority for the Reform candi-

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger writes about the peanut crop as follows:

"People in the peanut trade here profess to have information from the fields to the effect that the crop this season will be the largest on record, the estimates ranging from 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 bushels. Much, however, still depends on the weather Prices just now are rather high, say 5@60 per pound, the extremes being 84 to 8c.

Capt. Traynor and his dory have been heard from. He was 23 days out on his way from New York to England and was well. He had had two storms, but he did not mind them. He is alone.

In the Republican State Conven tion of Connecticut Blaine's candidate for Governor, one Louisburg, was defeated after a hard fight by the Independents. Henry B. Harrison was chosen.

There is trouble in the Erie (Pa.) District. Mr. W. L. Scott, Democrat, has been addressed a letter. signed by fifteen hundred Republicans, to become a candidate for Con-

Frauds in the Navy Department to the amount of \$100,000 have been uncovered by the court of inquiry. Another reason for the election of an honest man. Cleveland must go to Washington.

The Hewlett Faction. We hear that a mass meeting of the Hewlett faction of the Republican party was held at Castle Haynes, in Cape Fear township, yesterday, and that speeches were made by the following: John H. Borden, James Jones, Jordan Miller and Jos. Watters. The following ticket was endorsed:

For Elector-Dr. R. M. Norment. For Congress—O. H. Dockery. For the Senate—W. H. Chadbourn, For the House—F. W. Foster and Chas.

Guyer.
For Sheriff—Elijah Hewlett.
For Register—Hezeklah Reed.
For Tressurer—John H. Whiteman.
For Coroner—Chas. H. Thomas.
For Township Constable—Z. Mosely,

Over to Court its continued has

ing at the rock quarry, below this city, Friday. It appears that Elijah Adams Some weeks ago we gave the facts attend ng the seizure and, whipping of Mr. Simes lewett, near Shallotte, in Br county, by a mob of five men, on accoun of some family troubles. In this confee tion Mr. Thomas Lewis: writen us, ate of August 14th, that Mr. Henrett subequently took out warrants for the airest of Joseph R. Stanly, Robert M. Stanly, foremost into the river. The tug was on John D. Stanly, John F. Simons and John O. Hewett, charged with being the persons hundred and fifty yards or more distant, who inflicted the punishment. The last and the cries of Adams were not heard two have left for parts muknown, but the Just about the time the hoat reache thers, tour correspondent says) had a pre end of the wharf, however, a boy on minary examination at Shallotte on the deck discovered that Adams was not de 14th before Justice Jabish Frenck and F. flat, and it was then known that he was M. Galloway, by whom they were all bound over for their appearance at Court. Four. from the tug and Archie Potts, colored, and of the party, our correspondent says, are a colored boy sprang into it and made all oung men of good families and connec haste to reach the spot, where they found tions, and have the sympathy of the people Adams floundering in the water, perfectly exhausted and at the point of sinking for of the neighborhood in their trouble. pparently on Robbery Intent. succeeded in getting rid of his shoes, but Yesterday afternoon, about half-past

clock information was lodged at police his clothing weighted him down, and he readquarters to the effect that a colored could get hold of nothing to help sustain him. He was brought to his house in this woman had been seen to enter the house on city and at last accounts was still suffering from exhaustion and other effects of his in-voluntary bath. the corner of Sixth and Dock streets, occupied by Mrs. S. N. Martin, who is staying emporarily on the Sound. Chief of Poice Brock dispatched Sergeant Robert Not So Bad as They Make Him. Green to the house in question, who found Pompey Sneed may have a good many ins to answer for, and no doubt has, but ome one on the inside, but the occupant paid no attention to the demand to open no one believes that he is guilty of the manifold transgressions laid to his charge he door, and finally Sergeant Green found nimself compelled to break it open. Upon one-half of the charges laid to his door he going inside he found there a colored would have to be ubiquitous-in fact, he man named Eliza Devane, who claimed would be a most wonderful man. Accordthat she was there to do some cleaning up. ing to common report he has interviewed The bureau drawers were found open and nearly one-third of the population, and clothing and other articles scattered prolaid before them the plans of his campaign miscuously about the floors of the rooms. The woman was arrested and lodged in the or told them of his purpose to surrender to ruard house, where she will await an inthe first flag of truce that may approach his vestigation. Meantime Mrs. Martin has "lines," provided there is an unmistakable been notified and a guard is being kept instion. indication of the absence of all intent to slaughter him in violation of rules of modover the house. ern warfare. Many have also found let Further Particulars in Reference to the Invasion of Mrs. S. N. Martin's ters from him under their doors, while others have received messages purporting

me, sir, and took it away from me, sir !"

The Jacksonville (Fla.) Times Union, o

tion of the Tar Heel Club, with the follow

cott and R. H. Tate, of Wilmington

W. M. Grier, W. B. Griffith and Geo.

G. Griffith, of Charlotte; W. A. Gilbert, of

Pittsboro; M. Hern, of Tarboro; Hinton A

Helper, of Salisbury; J. P. Beckwith, of

Plymouth, and J. R. Register and J. B.

The meeting was organized by the elec-

tion of H. A. Helper, President; W. B.

Griffith, Vice President; J. P. Beckwith,

Secretary and Treasurer. The Presiden

stated that the general object of the club

was to gather together as well as possible

the North Carolinians Living in Florida into

a social club, aiming at general acquaint

ance and mutual aid and association. And

steps were taken to carry out the objects of

the association to the fullest extent possi-

A colored man named John Taylor, for

merly living in this city, but now of South

Carolina, went into Justice Hill's office

day or two ago to see about some back

costs, and during his stay he was asked by

the magistrate the time of day. Taylor

pulled out his watch, when the magistrate

instantly recognized it as one for the re-

covery of which he had a warrant. He

told Taylor as much, when the latter re-

marked that he bought it from Pompey

Sneed and paid him \$3 for it. The watch

was taken in charge by Justice Hill, and

has since been fully identified by Mr. Wm.

Steindorf, as the one stolen from his stor

on the night of the 15th of July last, when

it was broken open and a number of arti

By a private letter received here yester

day we learn that the store of Mr. G. W.

Blake, near Jacksonville, Onslow county

was destroyed by fire on last Sunday night, about 10 o'clock, together with a large quantity of goods. The property, we understand, was partially insured. Origin of

Mr. EDITOR:—During a business tour brough Eastern North Carolina and South

Carolina, I spent a week in your beautiful "city by the sea." Among interesting incidents was a visit to the "Sound" via the "shell road," and a visit to the vineyard and fruit farm of Capt. S. W. Noble. Having been engaged in the grape and wine business for over a quarter of a century, I claim to have a fair knowledge of the business.

to have a fair knowledge of the business. Capt. N. may well cry "Eureka!" I have

never seen finer specimens of grapes, either North, West or South, than I found at his

vineyard. There was not to be found any mildew or rot on any of his vines, and the

fruit was as fine as any I have seen any-

where. While the soil is particularly adapted to the grape, the saline vapors from the Atlantic ocean have no doubt a favorable influence in a climatic view, not only on the grape but also upon other fruits. The soil is said to contain mineral phosphates, marl and iron, all of special importance to grapes. I found the "Catawba" perfect in foliage and fruit. The Captain informs me that he has grown it for five years and that it has always fruited to perfection.

I have recommended that if he is, fully satisfied of its immunity from rot and mildew to plant largely of this variety for wine; there is money in it. We think the Captain has plenty of "Concords," and

wine; there is money in it. We think the. Captain has plenty of "Concords," and have advised him to plant "Ives Seedling," "Nortons Virginia Seedling," "Cynthiana," "Rents," "Delaware," and if it will succeed the "Herbermont." However, the Captain has so many varieties that he will naturally discard in time such as are not remunerative. I predict a brilliant future for Captain N's noble enterprise. Vive a la Noble! Vivea la vigne! Vive a la Bockins, for all time.

There is little doubt that New Hanover and other portions of Eastern North Carolina will be in time a great grape and wine producing country. I am well pleased with the country and its hospital citizens that I

have made up my mind to cast my lot with them. I have the honor, Mr. Editor, of subscribing myself yours truly, PROF. A. C. COOK.

Kittrell, N. C., Aug. 23d, 1884.

ins, for all time.

For the Star.

the fire unknown.

Watch Identified.

Tar Heels in Florida.

The residence of Mrs. S. N. Martin, corner of Sixth and Dock streets, which was an account of which appeared in yester-Sneed;" and we heard of one little colored day's STAR, was examined by that lady youngster who was sent home by his father vesterday and a number of articles of cloto get his dinner, but when he returned he brought an empty bucket, and was crying thing, perfumery, etc., were found to be missing. A list of the articles which are as if his little heart would break. His missing up to the present time has been father asked him what had become of his placed in the hands of an officer. Nothing dinner when the little fellow sobbingly reof any great value has as yet been removed, plied: "I was com-coming along with it, but a great many little things have been sir, when Pom-Pompey Sneed me-met taken. A misses' hat, which was of too fine a material to be taken to the Sound, was found stripped of its nice trimmings. All of the bureau drawers were empty and the 20th inst., speaks of a meeting in that their contents scattered about the floor. city the previous evening and the organizabedstead had been taken down in one of the rooms and carried out into the passage. ing gentlemen as members: J. D. Holmes, The bed clothing and some other articles R. D. Holmes, P. J. Holmes, O. B. Lippin smell strongly of kerosene oil, and it is sup-

> to be added to that of larceny. Eliza Devane alias Mary Eliza Hill alias Mary Eliza Brown, by which names she has severally been known, is very uncommunicative, and it has not yet been ascertained where her domicil is located. She pretends that she has no settled home. She s said to have had one or more male conederates. Some of the neighbors have noticed her going in and out of Mrs. Martin's house frequently, but thought she was authorized to do so. It is not yet known when the preliminary examination will take

posed that the crime of arson was intended

Duplin County Matters. From Mr. H. E. Newbury, of Magnolia we learn that the Democratic County Convention of Duplin met at that place on the 20th and nominated the following named ersons for the different offices of the coun ty and district: Ed Hill for the Senate Jno. D. Stanford for the Commons: Wm. Hurst for Sheriff; Henry C. Moore for Reg ister of Deeds; John Wells for Treasure Samuel J. Brown, living about seven miles west of Magnolia, was very seriously if not fatally hurt while cutting off a tree that was down, which threw him against a stump. When cut off the tree fell and he lost his balance.

The Crops, &c., in Brunswick. We learn from a correspondent at Exce sior, Brunswick county, that the crops i that section are very promising. The average in corn, he thinks, will be from fifty to sixty bushels to the acre. Cotton is as fine as he ever saw it. The only discouraging fact is the presence of the army worm, which, it is feared, will play havoc with the crops. They prey upon the grass first, an then upon the pea-vines. Our correspon-dent says it is feared they will eat all the fodder and cotton. A rattlesnake was killed on the 15th that

ad thirteen rattles. He was a rouser. Larceny of a Cow. On Monday morning last, as we lear from a party on the steamer A. P. Hurt Officers David Watkins and Ab. Byrd ar rested a white man named D. Bolton, his house, charged with stealing a cow in the neighborhood of Silver Run, Cumber-land county. He was ledged in jail to await the action of the grand jury at the next term of the Superior Court.

For the Star

FAIR BLUFF, N. C., Aug. 18, 1884. Mr. Editor: Probably you would no mind showing, or rather helping to show the general public how our live but smal town is progressing. We are alive to all enterprise, and we are glad to see that others appreciate the fact. Messrs. Ivey and Mitchell, from the Ashpole section, in Robeson county paid our town a visit Saturday on matters connected with the proposed road to Ashpole from some point on the W. C. & A. R. R. They are determined that & A. R. R. They are determined that the prespect shall not end in talk. They were for some time in consultation with Col. T. F. Toon, who has always shown himself foremost in any enterprise connected with our progress and capable to plan and execute seeming impossibilities, and from the interest shown we argue favorably to the building of the road. Our merchants, Messrs. Bardin, Powell, Anderson and others, encouraged the visitors and ex-Messrs. Bardin, Powell, Anderson and others, encouraged the visitors and expressed themselves willing to consider the matter favorably. They will do their part, I am sure, to draw the rich products from Ashpole and Cotton Valley in this direction, knowing that they can offer to that section a live market. The visitors will return again next Saturday with fuller views and information concerning the new project. Move the ball, gentlemen, and project. Move the ball, gentlemen, and may the day soon come when the brightest anticipations of such as Messrs. Ivey, Mitchell and our own citizens may be realized by connecting Ashpole with Wilmington direct via Fair Bluff. Then our be complete.
Yours respectfully,

Mepublican State Convention Recogof the Party will Support the Pro-hibitionists - Declaration of Party Allegiance, Acapragan to her

ermined to coalesce with and adopt the logmas of the Prohibition party; and that in pursuing this course it has departed from the true faith of Republicanism. We have repeatedly protested against this suicidal course, and in a spirit of conciliation and concerd have appealed to them, in the light of previous experience, at consult against the will of the people on the vexations question of prohibition. That request was contional Republican party of this country, we arraign this Prohibition majority faction of this state as untrue to Republican principles and an enemy to Republican success.

We arraign it as an organization that is another than the state of plotting and conspiring all over the country to defeat the Republican ticket. In Kansas they remain nominally with the Republican party solely because that party can be used to carry their pet hobby. Buch can be used to carry their pet hobby. Such being the case, and declining to accept their doctrines, we prefer them as declared enemies rather than as friends.

We condemn the cowardice and hypocrisy of those Republican leaders who have permitted this foreign and false issue to be thrust upon the party in this State. On their heads shall rest the grave responsi-

bility. We endorse the platform of the National Republican party, and pledge our angualified support to its nominees, James G. Blains and John A. Logan. We especially endorse the action of the National Convention, through its committee on Resolutions, in rejecting the abominable doctrine of prohibition; and we hold that the action of said Convention upon that, as upon all other questions, constitutes the controlling rules of action for all true Republicans throughout the country; and that while supporting Blaine and Logan, we cannot conscientiously support the odious doctrine which was expressly rejected by the convention which placed them in nom-

MICHIGAN.

pal Points of the Platform-The Greenbackers Complete the Fusion Ticket.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., August 21.-The Convention declares that the Democratic party view with alarm the results of twen-ty-five years of Republican rule in the State, one of which is the large increase pauperism; and gives a number of figures to verify the statement. The following are the principal points of the platform: Resolved. That for the payment of the war debt, the pensions of Union soldiers and other incidental expenses of the go-vernment, economically administered, we favor the maintenance of internal and tariff taxation, so levied that the luxuries shall bear the chief burden, and the necessaries of life be practically free.

DETROIT, August 21.—The Greenbackers minated the following candidates, which completes the fusion ticket: Attorney General, Francis M. Cooke; Commissioner of State Land Office, John H. Dennis; Superintendent of Public Instruction, David

NEW YORK.

The First National Bank of Albiog Closed on Account of the Crooked ness of its President. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Albion, August 21.—Owing to the absence of President Warner the business of the First National bank of Albion has been

suspended by order of the Board of Direc-

tors until an examination of its affairs cas

NEW YORK, August 21.-In relation to he closing of the First National bank of Albion to day a Rochester dispatch says: It was ascertained that President A. S. Warner departed from Albion last Wedne day, taking with him the combination of the inner safe and that it is likely that his absence will continue for some time. The ondition of the bank cannot be ascertained natil a thorough examination is made and the safe is opened. Great excitement pre-valls in the village, as it is feared depositors will lose heavily. It is learned in this city that early in 1879 Itoswell S. Burrows, one of the wealthiest men in western New York, died, leaving an estate estimated at \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000. The executors were his wife, his son Wm. R. Burrows, Warner, and it is thought that there has agement of this estate on the part of Warner, and that fear of exposure and prosecution caused him to leave home. Warner, since 1879, has had almost sole charge of the estate. He has speculated in stocks and is supposed to have lost considerable money in Wall street. Some time ago ef-forts were made in the courts to oust him as executor, and a legal decision effecting

NEW YORK.

The Albion Bank Trouble-What is Said of the Absconding Bresident. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] ALBION, August 22.—There was but lit

this was rendered last Monday. Nothing is known as to how much of the estate is

le excitement at the First National Bank this morning. Great confidence that all the depositors will be paid seems to exist on all sides. Mrs. R. S. Burrows, with her son, W. R. Burrows, returned to Albion from Boston last Friday. Mrs. Burrows said that the statements circulated to the effect that the Albion people had perfect onfidence in A. J. Warner were incorrect. She said she had been trying for years past to get him to account, but without avail. Warner had promised many times to do so. She had suspected all was not right, and believed that Warner commenced his irreg-ularities even before her husband's death, he being laid up for some time before tha event with a broken hip. She had no condence in Warner's honesty.

seen. He said that having decided that Warner could not be induced to make an Warner could not be induced to make an accounting willingly, he took steps last spring to force him to do so. He gave W. they may be nominated. After the conven-L Caulkins, in whom at the time he had implicit confidence, power of attorney to enable him to get certain bonds and mort-gages deposited in the bank vault at Al-bion, which he did. These bonds and mortgages were deposited in Boston, but afterwards, Burrows said he was convinced that Caulkins was not his friend, and so gave A S. Warner another power of atgave A S. Warner another power of attorney. He says Warner got a large portion of the securities in Boston and supposed he had made away with them. He says he never has had confidence in Warner. Messrs. Bullard & Bawyer, attorneys for W. A. Parmaly, have caused an attachment to be issued to the sheriff against A. S. Warner. Mr. Parmaly's claim against Warner is over \$10,000 for money loaned the letter. The sleven o'clock train this the latter. The eleven o'clock train this moraing brought Thos. Williams, of Vernon, Oneida Co., a bank examiner sent here by the Comptroller of Currency. He proceeded immediately to the bank and took charge of its books. The same train brought Wm. Corkhill and Asa B. Norange experts sont to compt the more experts sont to compt the more experts. cross, experts sent to open the vault, and they are at work upon it,

- Maud-"Isn't this a queer title for a book, mother: 'Not Like Other Girls?' I wonder what she can be if she agency will be an important one sure, and the attraction for Horry county, S. C., will be complete.

Yours respectfully,

S. A. Girls "Wonder what where the ward was the car will be not like other girls." Mother—"I don't know, unless she goes into the kitchen and helps her mother instead of staying in the parlor to read novels."—Life. MARINE DISASTER.

U. S. Steamship Taliapoosa Sunk by Collision—Two Lives Lost—Official Report of the Disaster—Names of the Officers—A Vessel Ordered to the Scene of the Wreck, Etc.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star COTTAGE CITY, MASS., August 22. smoke stack out of the water. The Talla-poosa is a paddle-whieel vessel of 650 tons, and carries two guns. Slie is used as a dispatch boat. It is stated that two lives have been lost by the disaster.

Washington, August 22. Com English, acting Secretary of the Navy, this morning, received the following telegram from Lieutentant Commander Merry, commanding the U. S., steamer Tallsphosa, manding the U.S. steamer Tallspnosa, dated at Wood's Hole, in regard to the sinking of that vessel:

"The Tallapoosa was sunk by collision with the schooner James S. Lowell, about five miles cast of Vineyard Haven, at 11.15 last night. She lays in the mid-channel in about ten fathoms of water. The schooner

struck on our starboard fore rigging, ting clear to midships. The steamer in about five minutes. The schooner damaged about the bow, as far as escertained. Passed Assistant Surgeon Clarence E. Black and George A. Foster, landsman, are missing. Came to Wood's Hole at daylight by the steamer Gate City. Fish Hawk has gone to the scene of wreck. Please give me instructions. The wreck should be lighted for the safety of

norning with freight for Newport. eft the Washington navy yard about July
14th, with freight for the Northern yards.
Secretary Chandler joined her at New
York with a party of ladies, and sailed in er to Portsmouth, N. H., and vicinity. Boston, August 22.—The facts of the poosa are as follows: The Tallapoosa, with 140 men and offiers, was bound to Newport, to take on board Secretary Chandler. At 11 o'clock last night during a thick fog, when three miles northeast of Oak Bluffs, Martha's

Vineyard, during a thick fog, she was truck on her bow by the schooner James 5. Lowell, of Bath, Capt. Reid, from Baltimore for Portland, with a cargo of coal. Her side was crushed in, and she sank ir eve minutes in about ten fathoms of water. As she went down her whistle was blown as a signal of distress, and it was heard by Boston and Savannah steamer Gate City, bound for the latter port. She came vicinity, rescued the crew with the excep said to be missing. The Gate City blew her whistle, and the steamer Fish Hawk, ying at the wharf at Wood's Hole, sent out her steam launch. The Gate City lay to until 3 o'clock transcring the crew to the launch. They were all landed at Wood's Hole. The Tallapoosa lies on what is known as Squash Meadow flat, and the moke stack and topmast are alone visible. The schooner James S. Lowell also has on board several of the Tallapeosa's crew. The following is a list of the officers of the Tallapoosa: Lieut, Commander, John T. Merry; Lieut, W. H. Everett, Lieut, T.

E. Beatty; Passed Assistant Surgeon C. I Black, Passed Assistant Paymaster O. C. Fiffany, Passed Assistant Engineer W. P. Towne; mates, J. W. Baxter, L. B. Galla ther and Hugh Kuhl; and paymaster's clerk ames Bishop, Jr.
No definite information can be obtained at the Navy Department as to the exact

on the Tallapoosa at the time of the acci-dent. She was engaged in transporting freight to and from the different yards, and what she had received at Boston is not Secretary Chandler was to have joined the Tallapoosa at Newport, and some of his personal effects were on the vessel when

she sunk Commodore English at once telegraphe o Secretary Chandler, in New York, notifying him of the accident. He also telegraphed to Rear Admiral Tuce, at New oort, commanding the North Atlantic Sta tion, to at once disputch a vessel of his squadron now at Newport, to the scene of the wreck, and to take such steps as the ances may require.

THE U. S. S. TALLAPOOSA. our Lives Lost by the Disaster-Inexcusable Carelessness Alleged or the Part of the Steamer.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] BOSTON, Aug. 22.—Capt. Reed, of the to the collision with the U.S. steamer "It was the most careless work I ever saw. The night was clear the lights of the Lowell were burning right and were perfectly visible a long dismoe." There is difficulty in obtrining the story of the steamer. Her executive officer, to whom reporters are referred, declining to make any statement. One of the men on the lookout on the steamer says that he saw the schooner's lights fifteen minutes before the collision and reported the fact. Several of the crew of the steamer acknowledge the steamer to be at fault. Briefly the facts are, that the schooner was steering southeast by south, half-east, and the steamer in exactly the opposite direction, with the sailing vessel having the right of way by law. Many of the men were a considerable time in the water; ten of them being fished up nearly half an hour after the sinking. Numerous wrecking schooners and the steamers Fish Hawk and erbens are cruising about the sound in the icinity seeking to secure the bodies of the rowned and any wreckage that may float. Later advices from Cottage City report that four persons were drowned from the Tallaoosa; Dr. Clarence E. Black, surgeon landsman, of Washington, and Geo. ster, colored, saloon boy.

NEW YORK.

The National Greenback Labor Party -Rumored Embarrassment of the Bankers & Merchants' Telegraph [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

New York, Aug. 23.—The National Greenback Labor party will hold a State Convention at the Masonic Temple, in this city, Saturday next. Geo. O. Jones says that the principal business will be the the nomination of two judges of the

Friday evening next a conference will be eld at the Sturtevant House between the National party committee, a delegation from the anti-Monopolists, and representatives of all regularly organized bodies in the State that choose to send delegates. Jones predicts that Butler will poll 1,500,-

There have been some reports lately that the Bankers and Merchants Telegraph Company is embarrassed; but officers of the company decline to make a definite statement in regard to the matter. It is admitted that the company has a floating debt, but it is distributed among small holders. The talk has arisen chiefly from holders. The talk has arisen chiefly from the fact that employee's wages due August 15th, have not yet been paid. It is explained in respect to this, that pay-day by the United States Telegraph Company has not yet been settled upon, and that receipts from consolidated companies will not be received until September 1.

Coroner Robinson, of Long Island City, to-day received from Miss Dora Buck, sister of Private Henry, a sworn statement and request to have Henry's body exhumed and examined. The coroner will probably hold an autopsy Tuesday or Wednesday.

Richard D. Charter, dealer in stores, New York, has assigned.

Spirits Turpentine.

— Revival work reported in Ra-leigh Advocate: Davidson circuit, 29 pro-fessions 26 additions; Cape Fear circuit, 18 professions, 47 additions.

Raleigh Farmer & Mechanic: We have had two letters from ladies favor-ing the suggestion for a Ladies' Fair in Ra-leigh in aid of the Soldiers' Home. - Rockingham Rocket: The pro-tracted meeting, under the conduct of Rev. W. S. Hale and which was continued

out last week, resulted in the con version of thirty or more souls. - Reidsville Dollar Weekly : Our community was shocked last Friday morning to learn that our townsman, J. M. Rey-- New Berne Journal : We hear

that Col. Canaday's mission to our city on Wednesday last was to harmonize the Hahn and Stimson factions of the Republican party, but made but little headway. - Greensboro Workman; We are sorry to learn that Capt. White, who was injured at Salisbury on Tuesday in the railroad accident, has not improved much, and that he is in a critical condition.

Raleigh News Observer: A thoughtful gentleman writing to chairman Battle suggests that Cleveland's letter of acceptance should be read at every public meeting held is the State of North Carolina. —W. L. Tate, Esq., of Haywood, has been nominated for the Senate from the Forty-first district

- Wilson Mirrors Sleep may knit the rayeled sleeves of care, but it absolutely refuses to darn holes in socks. — What sunshine is to the flowers smiles are to humanity. They are trifles, to be sure, but scattered along life's pathway, the good they do is inconceivable. — What is the difference between accepted and rejected lovers? The accepted kisses the misses

and the rejected misses the kisses. - The foundation and future of Durham's success-7 large tobacco facto-ries, one of which is the largest in the ton and woollen mills soon to be in opera-tion, and a thrifty, thorough-going people. -Durham Reporter. A gentleman tells us that Durham has an excellent hotel—the best he has seen in the State, and paved streets.—STAR.]

-Monroe Enquirer-Express: Good peaches are unusually scarce and high this season. The crop, which at one time promised to be very fine, turned out to be very inferior. — Mt. Prospect Camp-meeting will begin on Thursday next, the 28th inst., and continue until Tuesday following. It is expected that Revs. T. W. Guthrie, P. J. Carraway, J. B. Hurley, Z. T. Harrison, and J. E. Thompson will be there, together with several efficient local preachers.

- Charlotte Observer: In a few days from now the Charlotte recruiting station that was opened last fall will be numbered among the glories that were, as it is to be closed sine die about September 1st. - The scrape in Lexington between up immediately, and with the schooner | Charles Heitman and Baxter Shemwell was | Mary A. Hood, which happened to be in the | a little more animated than at first report-Charles Heitman and Baxter Shemwell was ed. After Shemwell assailed Heitman with fired twice at Shemwell, but both shots

- Goldsboro Messenger: Miss Blanche Thompson, a Goldsboro girl, daughter of the late E. A. Thompson, Esq., who has achieved gratifying success in the theatrical profession, has recently returned from Europe, where she filled a professional engagement with such satis-faction that Mr. Fields, the Boston manager, has engaged her services for a term of years, at a handsome salary. During the fall she will support Edwin Booth for a short season in New York city.

- Raleigh News-Observer: Mr. homas W. Mason, who is nominated for the Senate by the good people of North-ampton, is one of the most finished scholars in the State—a fine lawyer, and a capti-vating and elegant speaker. — Dr. York does not meet with much favor in the mountains. Gen. Scales, on the contrary, moves along on a wave of popular applause. herever he goes there are dem f interest, cordial approval and enthusiasm. He is making a fine, strong canvass. The West will give us a much larger ma-jority than ever before. Mark that.

- Clinton Caucasian: The Democrats in Clinton yesterday raised a pole which towers 135 feet above the ground. - Crop reports from lower Sampson and southeastern Duplin are flattering. Cotton and corn are both very fine. — The railroad to Warsaw is on a boom. Subscription books were opened Tuesday evening, and \$9,000 was subscribed before night: and \$15,000 will insure the building of the road and will doubtless be raised. -Mr. H. R. Bennett showed us last week some very fine specimens of petrified hickory and holly wood. In one piece of the petri-fied hickory a knot was plainly visible. There are large quantities on his farm two miles west of Clinton. He also showed us

a box of very small petrified fishes. - Raleigh Advocate: Rev. J. F. Butt, aided a couple of days by Rev. S. D. Adams, has been conducting a revival at Macedonia, on the Brooklyn Mission near this city. At last accounts there had been over 30 conversions. — Rev. A. R. Raven; of Reidsville Circuit, has just closed a good meeting at Lowe's, resulting in fifteen conversions. He is doing a good Page writes: Rock Spring camp meeting resulted in 42 conversions and 39 accessions to the church, congregations large, sermons stirring and edifying, order excellent.

Rev. W. S. Hales, of Rockingham circuit, writes: The Lord is with us at Mt. Pleasant. We have had 27 conversions and 25 penitents at the altar.

An interesting revival of religion in the Methodist Church at Smithfield followed the District Con-

- Washington Gazette: We neglected to mention a mammoth beet which was brought to this office by Mr. J. B. Hardison, living near town. It weighed over eight pounds. — We recently described a cabbage to Mr. J. G. Winstead, in this county that weighed twenty pounds, and not the best one either. —Bayboro, Pamilico county, items: Our late beautiful grops are in danger of being entirely out off in consequence of the almost incessant for more than a week. If they do not cease soon the cotton will be an entire failure. — We are having more sickness than has been known in the county in ten years. There have been several der - Mr. Hardee Long died; five weeks afterwards his widow married Mr. James Long, brother of her first husband, and in two weeks James Long died, being only seven weeks from the death of her

WASHINGTON.

The Republican National Committee Squeezing Clerks in Government (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

Washington, August 23.—A large num ber of clerks employed in one of the go-vernment departments in this city received by to-day's mail, at their offices, a circular mailed in New York, and signed by B. F. Jones, Chairman of the Republican Na-Jones, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, soliciting subscriptions for an illustrated campaign paper. The paper is expected to be published for thirteen weeks and the subscription price is one dollar per copy. Accompanying the circular is a blank form addressed to the proposed publisher, guaranteeing a number of subscriptions to the newspaper, to be stated by the signer. The circular bore the New York postmark, but its delivery at the department was made by a messenger, who called the clerks to whom they were addressed to the doors of their rooms and delivered them in person.

- Scene-Table d'hote at fashionable hotel on Deeside; big market day. Farmer of the old school has dined. Waiter —"Finished, sir ?" Farmer—"Fat's the chairge?" Waiter—"Five shillings, please." Farmer, startled—"Five shillings! Well I'n nae deen yet." Resumes operations.— Baille.

— "Why is it that they are all good men who are guilty of these bank defalcations?" asked a lady the other day of her husband. "Because the bad men never get a chance to steal anything," was the reply.—Balt. Day.

AND