THE OPPRESSED LABORING I

We laid before our reader day some reflections upon the wage mestion as affected by Protection It is the potent instrument in the hands of the unprincipled writers and speakers whose only end and aim is to win voters to Blaine without considering the truth of statement or the logic of events. The country is now prostrate. A trade paralysis prevails to a considerable extent. Mil's and furnaces are closing up dally. There are great distress and suffering among the laboring people in the North and in some manufacturing centres in the South. Protection has existed and a great deal of it since 1861. The average Tariff under the Republicans for many years was 46 per cent. Col. Staples per cent. In the face of Protection wide spread distress prevails.

That our readers may see how extensive is the distress and how utterly false, misleading and insincere are the statements of Republicans that the country is on the high road to prosperity, we will avail ourselves of some figures in the New York Herald of the 19th inst. We wish every reader of the STAR to be in possession of the facts, and the lying statements of designing demagognes will not deceive or hood wink

The facts are almost appalling. They tell a fearful story of calamity, and they flatly contradict the highly painted prosperous condition that Radical bush whackers delight to induige when they are engaged in the refreshing business of calling upon their imagination for their facts. Now what are the facts? The Herald says:

"Out of 703 iron furnaces in the country 469, or more than two-thirds of the tot aby, or more than two-thirds of the total number, are out of blast and lying idle. This depression of the pig iron manufacture is reflected in nearly every industry that usus iron or steel, and the finished products are, save in special branches, begging for a market at prices which do not cover the cost of manufacture. Wages have been reduced in iron mines, in nail factories, in rail mills and throughout the iron and steel industry until there can be reduced. industry until they can be reduced no further and allow the wage-earners to subsist. The labor that has been thrown out of employment by the shutting down of furnaces and mills must be very large, and of course its wages are completely lost."

The Iron Industry has been special pet of Republican politicians, and such men of that party as Blaine and Judge Kelley (who is known as "Pig-Iron") have done all they could to foster it as they had their money in it. You see from the above the condition of this fostered and petted industry. The miners are in a state of destitution.

But let us look at another great industry. How is it with cotton manufacturing? The accounts from Connecticut we have published told a sad story of human distress and suffering. Operatives in factories are turned adrift and are already going about the streets begging for bread. Their wives and children are involved in the same sickening calamity. But let us come to figures. The Herald says:

"In the last week of September a partial census of cotton mills that were shut down or were running on abort time showed that 130,088 looms, or 5,263,200 spindles, were affected. Since that estimate was made thirty-one mills in Fall River, running over 1,000,000 spindles, have agreed to close for one week, and will deprive 10,000 men of work and wages for that time. The total number of looms in the cotton manufacture returned in 1890 was 205 750 and of spinreturned in 1880 was 225,759, and of spinhalf were idle according to the September estimate alone. Referring again to the census, this would mean the non-employment of upward of 90,000 men, women and children, and a loss to them in yearly wages of \$21,000,000."

And still Protection has abounded. The highest bounties have been wrung from the people to support the cotton lords. It does look that Protection has not protected the laboring people. The cotton manufactures have been coddled and nursed and still "the infant" is sick

and threatened with dissolution. Let us next turn to the woolen in dustry and see how it flourishes. It too has been bounty fed to repletion. What is its condition? The Herald furnishes the facts. It says:

"In the first week in October the returns from 183 woolen mills, with a producing capacity of 1207 sets of cards, reported an actual lessening in their production of 14,—820,000 yards since the beginning of the

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part of those that have either ceased work or restricted output, both of which mean a loss to the workingman. These industries

Closing down of mills; turning out tens of thousands of working people. who must begor starve; reducing the time and wages of those who find partial employment—this is the experience and lesson of tens and hundreds of thousands of miners and operatives in factories in our well favored country in many particulars. There is surely a cause for all this. What is it? It cannot be that there is not a High Tariff giving to these varied industries large bounties to stimulate and enrich. If Protection the great blessing and Panaces talked of by Protection and Repub lican authors and speakers why are there deep distress to workmen and breatened bankruptcy to the owners? Is not Protection a splendid failure?

not the excessive bounty applied to manufacturers proved their curse and

The Herald says of this great question in its application to all la-

"The workingmen have a direct interest in this question. Since 1882 they have from time to time been called upon to submit to a reduction in their wages; and now, when they have almost reached starvation wages, they are thrown out of work or are offered still less returns for their labor. If they refuse to work on short time and for meagre wages, they are supplanted by imported labor. And now, in some cases, they are being hullied into voting to continue the policy which has brought them to this pass. Does the workingman realize the phantom prosperity that is held before him by Mr. Blaine?"

In the meantime the taxes are kept up. The discharged laborers must still pay their high taxes. Mark placed his figures at 42 per cent., but | that. The Tariff tax still averages that is below the mark. After re- 43 per cent. The poor are ground in ducing the Tariff it remains at more the dust. The Republican party than 42 per cent., and not quite 43 says in its platform and through its press and speakers, that THE TAX MUST

The Herald save, and it is true: "At least one-third of the total revenue annually collected by the National Govern ment is unnecessary, wasteful, destructive and constitues a bait for Star Route thieves pension swindlers, river and harbor bills and the like.

"The workingman is doubly taxed under this policy, for he is taxed by the Govern-ment and is deprived of employment. Is this prosperity for the workingman?"

Blaine argues that the road to prosperity is high taxes. The Democrats say, the taxes must be re duced and to a standard of strict equality and economy. They say they are far too high and are oppressive and ruinous. What say the people? Let the ballot box give the

We have seen a careful calculation of the next House of Representatives, and it is almost certain that the Democrats will have at least thirty majority. It is thought that in the elections to be held the Republicans will gain as follows: Alabams 1, California 3, Connecticut 1, Indiana 2, Iowa 1, Massachusetts 2, Michigan 3, Missouri 2, New York 3. Pennsylvania 3, Wisconsin 3total 24. It is believed the Demo-

crats will gain as follows: Kentucky 2, Maryland 1, Mississippi 1, North Carolina 1, Texas 1, Virginia 2, West Virginia 1-total 9. Republican gains heretofore reported 4. Total gains 28. Deduct supposed Democratic gains: 9 from 28 leaves 19 Republican net gain. The Democrats have 67 majority over all the present House, and 80 plurality over the Republicans.

The North Carolina Conference will meet in this city the latter part of November. It is a large body, and some 300 delegates will be present. Bishop Keener, of New Orleans, will preside.

The following communication was recieved vesterday by the committee appointed at the Democratic meeting on Wednesday night last, in answer to their notification to Republican managers, regarding the stoning of the Democratic speakers and the insults offered the meeting by the Republican procession on that evening:

"WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 24, 84. Hon. D. K. McRae, Col. F. W. Kerchner and Col. John L. Cantwell, Committee: GENTLEMEN:—Replying to your com-munication, I have to say that before its receipt the Republican Committee advised the people of this city of the position of the party in regard to the matter discussed by you, in a circular, of which the follow-ing is a copy, which was carried by the committee and distributed over the entire

TO THE PROPLE OF WILMINGTON." "The interruption of Gen. Scales' meetng last night was the result of an error as to the course of the Republican procession—a thoughtless blunder, condemned and regretted by all Republicans. The orders were expressly given that the procession should not pass near the City Hall. The reckless boy who threw the stone, we will be the first to punish if we can find him. "S. H. MANNING, Chairman "Republican Executive Committee."

In addition to the above, under the instructions of the Republican Executive Committee, I offered, by advertisement, which appears in our daily papers, a reward of one hundred and fifty dollars for the apprehension and conviction of the offender, and no efforts will be spared to offender, and no efforts will be spared to search him out. We very much regret the occurrence, and we have no hesitation in saying that no means shall be spared to prevent its repetition, or the commission of any act calculated to anger reasonable and law abiding citizens. We will gladly accept your offer to act jointly to this end. Permit me to say further, that we do not believe that any similar occurrence will

believe that take place.

Without admitting all of the allegations contained in your letter, and without desiring, however, to enter into a discussion which can do no good, I am.

Yours respectfully.

B. H. Manning,

B. H. Manning,

Chairman Rep. Co. Ex. Com.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1884,

has long been a "character" in the com munity. He was commonly known as "Col. William Tecunash Cutler," and his musing speeches in times of political ex ent, on which occasions he usuall as he called it, will long be reme He was opposed to all sorts of "rings" in politics and "disbolically" down upon the strongest factions in his own party on all occasions of disruptions, bolts or splits. In fact the "Col." was always found in the minority on every question that came up for his party's consideration or action, until the time came for voting, and then he was generally au fait with the leaders. This, however, was not always the case In every Republican meeting or convent signal for fun, especially to disinterest outsiders. Deceased was an excellent ship carpenter when not enslaved by his favorite beverage, which no doubt hastened the death of one who, if he had received the advantages of a good education, would credit to his race. He was, withal, a kind-

Another Cotton Fire. Fire broke out among the cargo of cotton on board of the German brig Express, at the wharf of the Wilmington Compress Company, yesterday morning, about 11 o'clock. The brig had almost completed her cargo of compressed cotton, there being about 950 bales on board and about 50 bales on the wharf. The fire was discovered under the forward hatch, which was partially closed. Two streams from the compress hydrants were turned into the hatchway in a very brief space of time, and the promptness no doubt saved the vessel and cargo from total destruction. As it was the fire was soon gotten under control.

repaired to the scene with all possible dis-The Express was subsequently towed, to Mr. Thos. Evans' wharf, near the dry dock, where part of the cargo will be discharged and the extent of the damage ascer- | both as to numbers and respectability, and the board of survey which had taken the | quiet, orderly bearing for so large a crowd

discovery of the fire, and the department

as to the amount of the loss. The cotton was being shippe by Mesars. D. R. Murchison & Co., and was insured in the British & Foreign Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, represented by Mr. M. S. Willard. The origin of the fire is a

Burned to Death. A letter to Mr. J. B. Farrar, of this city, from his brother at Fayetteville, gives an account of a sad accident that happened in that place on Wednesday night last. A Mrs. Mims had just laid down her babe and undressed, preparatory to retiring, and went to her dressing case to put out the lamp, and turned the wick too low, when the lamp exploded, the fire communicated to her light underclothing and she was almost instantly enveloped in flames. In this condition, with her clothing literally burned from her body, she ran into her nearest neighbor's house and fell on the bed and died at 3 o'clock Thursday morning. Her husband, Mr. Michael Mims, had his hands nearly ruined in trying to put the fire out. The deceased, who was formerly a widow Finlater, has an uncle living in

The receipts of cotton at this port during the past week footed up 4,880 bales, as against 7,613 bales during the corresponding week last year, showing a decrease of

Receipts for the crop year from Sept. 1st to date foot up 37,369 bales, as against 37,547 bales for the corresponding period last year, showing a decrease of 178 bales.

The many friends of Third Lieut. Worth G. Ross, of the U. S. revenue steamer Colfax, will be glad to learn that he has just received his commission as Second Lieutenant. Lieut. Ross has been attached to the Colfax on this station for the past two years and a half, and has many friends in Wilmington who will be pleased to hear of

For Point Caswell. There will be a fine opportunity offered to hear the joint discussion between Major Stedman and Judge Faircloth, at Point Caswell, next Tuesday. The steamer John Dawson will make a special trip on that day, leaving here at 6 o'clock a. m., and returning the same day. Fare for the round trip, only 50 cents.

Sheriff Manning, who returned from Goldsboro last night, informs us that Dr. York has been compelled to abandon the canvass, and has left Goldsboro for the West. Exposure to the night air in the Eastern counties brought on an attack of chills and fever, and he is physically unable to continue the canvass.

Speaking at Duplin Roads. There was a large gathering of the Denocracy at Duplin Roads yesterday, to meet General Scales and Major Finger. Both gentlemen addressed the meeting. Scales, in particular, winning the hearts of all by his eloquence and genial manner.

- We saw at Capt. J. B. Huggins' store, vesterday, a monster mullet, weighing exactly seven pounds and measuring two feet in length. It was caught at Simpson & Corbett's fishery, on Middle Sound, and has been christened "Cleveland mul-

- Chairman Manning to the Blaine 'heelers": -Go to the Democrats, boys, and offer to bet \$500.00 that Blaine will carry New York. When they bring the money tell them you meant \$500.00 on New York and \$500.00 on the general result. When they produce the thousand dollars tell them you "will see about it."-P. S. Put this in the crematory.

- The German brig Hermann Friedrich, Capt. Niejahr, was cleared from this port for Bremen, yesterday, by Messrs. Alex, Sprunt & Son, with 1,044 bales of cotton, valued at \$47,000.

Charleston Changes Her Cotton Gra-OFFICIALLY NOTIFIED. A Note of Warning to Leaders of the Republican Party in the City of Wil-

mington, and the apparent advantage in favor of Charleston has worked to our in-The committee appointed at the Demjury. Now, it is announced in a circular from the Charleston Exchange that the scratic meeting at the City Hall to confer with Republican leaders here in regard to grading there has been changed to conform he outrage perpetrated by the Republican to that of other American ports. Now, it can readily be perceived which port is paying the best price for cotton. On Wednes y middling was quoted in Charleston at and on Thursday at 9 cents per pound. Executive Committee da had ond Wilmington on both these days the rul-

ng price for middling was 9 5-16 cents per The new quotations in Charleston com nced on Tuesday, 22nd, and are as folws: What has been known as Charleston Middling will, be quoted as Strict Middling. What has been known as Charleston Low Middling will be quoted as Middling. What has been known as Charleston Strict Good Ordinary will be quoted as Strict Low Middling, and what has been known as Charleston Good Ordinary will be quoted as Low Middling Funeral of Capt. G. L. Dudley.

fore been grading cotton higher than Wil

The remains of the late Capt, Gui L. Dudley, Private Secretary to the Governor, arrived here by the Carolina Central train yesterday morning, accompanied by Gov. Thos. J. Jarvis, Col. W. L. Saunders, Secretary of State; Gen. W. P. Roberts, Auditor of the State; Mr. H. M. Cowan, Clerk in the Treasury Department, and Rev. E. R. Rich. The funeral took place from St. James' Episcopal Church yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Rev. Dr. A. E. C. Smedes officiating, assisted by Rev. E. R. Rich, of the Church of the Good Shepherd, of Raleigh. The following gentlemen officiated as pall-bearers: Governor Jarvis, Gen W. P. Roberts, H. M. Cowan, Hon. A. M. Waddell, Capt. C. D. Myers, Col. F. W. Kerchner, Capt. J. Walker, Col. E. D. Hall, Capt. B. F. Langdon. The remains were accompanied The alarm was sounded upon the first to Oakdale Cemetery by a large concourse of sorrowing relatives and friends.

> Wednesday Evening's Political Enter-The audience that listened to Gen. Scales Wednesday night was an exceptional one,

matter under consideration. It is impos- and the unwavering attention with which sible to arrive at any conclusion at present | they listened to his able and deeply interesting argument in behalf of Democracy and good government. It should have been stated in our previous notice that Maj. S. M. Finger, our ac-

complished and scholarly candidate for

Superintendent of Public Instruction, made a brief speech, which was received with every evidence of favor. In this connection, we take occasion say that the procession was a marked fea-

ture of the evening, and that much credit is due to the good management of Mr. A. Adrian, the chief marshal, and Mr. E. G. Parmelee, and others, his assistants, for the success which attended this part of the programme. There were about one hundred horsemen in line and a large number of "Some Pumpkins." We have heard of big pumpkins, and

read of big pumpkins, and we thought we had seen a big pumpkin; but until yesterday we never realized what a big pumpkin was. This king of the pumpkins we saw at the office of Messrs. Worth & Worth, who informed us that it was grown by Mr. A. C. Worth, son of our good friend, Mr. B. G. Worth, on his farm in New Jersey, about twenty miles from New York. Some idea can be formed of its size when we say that it weighed one hundred and forty pounds, and measured six feet in ircumference—both ways, around the sides and lengthwise. The frost killed the vine before the pumpkin was fully ripe. It came by the steamer Regulator, and is sent merely as a specimen of New Jersey pump kins. In other words, it is a *Cleveland* pumpkin, intended to give some idea of the size of his majority for President on

the 4th of November. Foreign Shipments. The following foreign shipments were made yesterday: The Norwegian barque Ino, Capt. Jonassen, for Glasgow, Scotland, by Messrs. Paterson, Downing & Co., with 1,500 casks spirits turpentine and 738 barrels of rosin, valued at \$21,284; the brig Lizzie Wyman, Capt. Gaul, for Barranquilla, U. S. C., by Messrs. Northrop & Cumming, with 219,393 feet lumber and 20,000 shingles, valued at \$3,354 50; and the schooner Vineyard, Capt. Rosebrook, for Port-au-Prince, Hayti, by Messrs. Northrop & Cumming, with 189,000 feet lumber and 77,900 shingles, valued at \$2,689.62. Total \$27,228.12.

For the Star. PENDER COUNTY.

Hajor McClammy Demolishes Two Republican Champions in Holly SHAKING, N. C., Oct. 23, 1884.

Mesers. Editors:-Late yesterday evening

was noised around that there was to be athering of the faithful at Shaking, where Mr. Frank H. Darby was orate. Who can we get to meet him?
Fortunately, Maj. McClammy was on his
way to fill an appointment at Duplin Roads
and was notified of the wants of the citiand was notified of the wants of the citizens, when he readily consented to leave his appointment and followed Mr. Darby down to the speaking—and alas! alas! for Frank! You ought to have been there to see the fur fly. The Major was only allowed thirty minutes, between Lloyd and Darby. He only consumed ten seconds in laying Lloyd flat of his back, and the balance of the time he devoted to Darby. I have never heard so much said, and to the point in thirty minutes; and when he I have never heard so much said; and to the point, in thirty minutes; and when he turned upon Darby and asked, "Do you endorse Edmunds' civil rights bill?" and Frank answered "No," I was sorry for Frank, in the arraignment of him for his devotion to a party whose policy he could not control. "Do you endorse the stone-throwing policy; the practice of throwing stones into Democratic meetings?" and Frank answers "No," "Why don't you control the actions of your colored you control the actions of your colored brethren, who perpetrate deeds in the night of which you are ashamed in the day?" I can't, in the short time I have, do justice to the Major's effort. No one looked more relieved than Frank when he was through; and this "still hunt" was turned into grief, and instead of recruits for Chadbourn it is doubtful if they poll their strength.

QUI VIVE.

- Let the full Democratic vote be brought out and polled on election day, and et the Democratic press of the State urge their country friends having teams to carry their poor neighbors to the polls, as some who are compelled to walk may be tempted to remain at home.

mington, to be been their lines of

fon on the Democratic meeting ednesday night, yesterday addressed the llowing communication to S. H. Manng. Chairman of the Republican County WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 28, 1884. WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 28, 1884.

8. H. Manning, Esq., Chairman of the Republican County Executive Committee:

Dear Sir: The undersigned were appointed last night at a large assembly of the Democratic citizens of Wilmington, a committee to confer "with the reputable leaders of the Republican party" here, and to notiff them of the feelings of the white people of this community concerning the outrage perpetrated on last night upon a peaceable assembly of citizens by a Republican procession, consisting mainly of blacks, and to notify these reputable leaders that the "recurrence of such a proceeding blacks, and to notify these reputable leaders that the 'recurrence of such a proceeding will lead to a difficulty, and that they will be held responsible for the consequences."

The outrage and the facts attending it are these: Both the political parties held meetings last night and marched in procession. The Republicans met at the old market place, on Market and Front streets. The Democrats met in front of the City Hall ocrats met in front of the City Hall. on the corner of Princess and Third streets.

The Democrats, with the purpose and intention to avoid the possibility of disturbing or incommoding the Republican procession or

the speakers, changed their programme so as that the Democratic procession should take up Gen. Scales at a remote point and march by a direction to the place of meetng altogether out of reach of the possibility of an encounter. Notwithstanding thi manifestation of a peaceable and orderly manifestation of a peaceable and orderly disposition, a large procession of Republicans, mainly of negroes, moved to Princess street, headed by a full band of music, and thence along that street to Third, where the Democratic meeting was held. When they reached that point the music was played lustily, and the procession yelled, accompanying the noise with jeers and derisive and offensive demonstrations, insomuch that that the Damoonstrations, insomuch that that the Democratic candidate for Governor could not proceed with his address, and was put to silence. In the same moment two missiles were thrown, one of which struck Col. J. N. Staples, a guest of the citizens, and both of which were sufficiently dangerous to

produce serious injury.

This unprovoked outrage is of a very grave character being a gross interference with the freedom of the citizens, and we invite you to look with thoughtful considerecurrence will be sure to lead. This is not the only occasion of these outrages; they have occurred at every political campaign, beginning in 1868.

Such recurrence will not be permitted to

pass with impunity, and this notification is addressed to you in your political character and relation to the Republican party, with the request that you will confer with your associate leaders about this notification, its meaning and signifi-

It can readily be seen that it is strictly defensive: not being intended either to threaten or intimidate, but simply to declare a fixed and deliberate purpose.

In conclusion, this committee in behalf of the Democratic people of Wilmington assures all concerned that they will concur most cordially in all measures calculated keep the peace and ensure the free ex-pression of opinion to all parties, and as they have in the past so will they in the fu-ture abstain from all conduct likely to lead to the contrary.

They invite a similar line of conduct on the part of the Republicans, for the deter-mination is reached not to hold any portion of their freedom on toleration or at peril We have now done our duty, and re sponsibility will be incurred or avoided as his notification and invitation shall meet a favorable or an unfavorable reception.

Yours respectfully, Signed.) D. K. McRAE, F. W. KERCHNER, JNO. L. CANTWELL, The Fire Yesterday Afternoon.

The alarm of fire yesterday afternoon, about half past 5 o'clock, was caused by the ignition of cotton on board of the large and large quantities of undergrowth are British iron steamship Carn Brea, loading being destroyed. The fires are causing at the upper compress wharf. It seems that a bale of cotton was about to be lowered into the hold of the vessel, when it was discovered to be on fire, but too late to stop it, and the fire communicated to the other bales in the hold like a flash. Fortunately there were only about two hundred bales in the after compartment of the teamer, in which the fire originated, and, therefore, the flames could not do any great damage. The firemen were quickly on hand and streams of water were poured into the hold, which soon had the fire under control. There were about fifteen hundred bales on the steamer, but all but the two hundred bales mentioned were in other compartments. It was the property of Messrs. D. R. Murchison & Co., and was insured. Amount of damage not now

Death of Capt. G. L. Dudley. The sad announcement of the death of Capt. Guilford L. Dudley at Raleigh yesterday morning was received by his rela-tives and many friends in this city with deep regret. He had been in bad health for some months, and had recently been very low, but it was hoped at last accounts that he was improving. Capt. Dudley was born in Wilmington in the year 1824, and remained a resident of this city until the year 1849, when he migrated to California, remaining in that State until the year 1860, when he returned to this place. The war coming on he joined the First Regiment of State Troops as an officer of the company commanded by his friend, the late Captain James A. Wright. Promoted subsequently to be quartermaster of the brigade he continued in that position until the close of

Deceased then held office for some years as Auditor of the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co. Upon the election of Major J. A. Engelhard as Secretary of State in 1876, he appointed Capt. Dudley principal clerk in the Department of State, and upon the accession of Hon, T. J. Jarvis to the office of Governor, as success r to Gov. Vance, he was appointed his private secretary, a position which he held at his death. He was a gentleman of many excellent qualities, both of mind and heart, and enjoyed the esteem of a large circle of friends and acquaintances both in Wilmington and Ra-

The funeral will take place from St. James' Church this afternoon, at 8 o'clock.

Foreign Exports. The Spanish steamship Pedro, Capt. Echevarra, was cleared from this port for Liverpool, yesterday, by Messrs. D. R. Murchison & Co., with 2,900 bales of cotton, valued at \$130,501.56; and the schr. Post Boy, Capt. Gott, for St. George, Grenada, with 107,029 feet lumber and 183,500 ahingles, valued at \$2,335.15. Total, \$132,886.71. WASHINGTON.

The Supreme Court-Argument Begun

Washington, Oct. 23.—The Tennessee bond cases, which comprise sixteen suits against sixteen prominent Southern railroad corporations, and which involve outstanding bonds to the amount of seven million dollars, were called for argument in the U. S. Supreme Court at 3 o'clock this afternoon. There was an extraordinary array of counsel present from all parts of the country, including Governor Hoadly, of Ohio; Gen. Wagner Swayn and John C. F. Garner, of New York, who represented the bondholders; and C. F. Southmayo, of New York, Judge Campbell, of New Orleans, Judge East and Edward Baxter, of Nashville, Judge Houston, of Louisville, Wm. M. Ramsey, of Cincinnati, Gen. Wright and L. W. Humes, of Memphis, and P. J. Hamilton, of Mobile, as representatives of the railroad companies. The cases to be argued were begun in the Eastern, Western argued were begun in the Eastern, Western and Middle Districts of Tennessee in January, 1879, and were heard in May, 1880, by Hon. S. L. Withey, District Judge, at Nashville, Tenn. The suits were brought by bondholders for the purpose of enforc-ing the lien on the railroads contained in the act of the General Assembly of Tennessee of February 11th, 1852/known as the "Internal Improvement law." Under this internal improvement law about twenty-five million of dollars of bonds of the State of Tennessee were issued by the State to the railroad companies, which are defendants in these cases. The bonds were negotiated by the railroad companies, and about seven million dollars of them are now outstanding in the hands of holders all over the world. The bond-holders contend that the lien for the payment of bonds set forth in the internal in provement act was for the benefit of the bondholders, and that the bonds should be declared by the Court to be a first lien on the railroads to which the bonds were is-sued. The contention of the railroad companies, on the other hand, is that the lien was for the benefit of the State only. The decision of Judge Withey was adverse to the bondholders, and from that decision they appealed to this Court in 1881. In view of the importance of the cases the Court has extended the time, for argument to nine hours for each side. Gov. Hoadly opened the argument for the bondholders.

INDIANA.

Blaine's Demagogical Speech at Terre Haute-Seeking to Stir up Prejudice

Against the South. TERRE HAUTE, October 23.—Mr. Blaine left Evansville at 8 30 this morning, having before him a long day's ride to Lafayette. At Terre Haute he made a short speech, in which he drew a distinction between the new and old South—the new seeking the ndustrial development of that section and judices of the past; the old prejudiced, bit ter and hostile to northern interests; devoted to the "Lost Cause," narrow of vision, and incapable of taking in the sweep and mag aitude of our great future. This old South constituting, he said, the main element of trength in the Democratic party, was now striving and hoping, with the aid of Indiana and New York, to get control of the Na-tional Government, and it was for the people of those States to say whether they are prepared to hand over the government to hat element.

VIRGINIA

Conviction and Punishment for Libel in Petersburg-Destructive Forest

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] PETERSBURG, Oct. 24.-John T. Pleas nts; editor of the Mail (a paper published nere), who was indicted at the last term of court by the grand jury for publishing, or June 17th last, a libellous card reflecting on the character of W. T. Lawrence, was convicted in the Hustings Court to-day of nisdemeanor, and the jury imposed a fine of five cents and one minute in jail. John W. Goodwyn, author of the card, was also convicted of the same offence, and a like verdict was rendered in his case. Both were represented by counsel. The commonwealth attorney took occasion to say that in future he would prosecute to the extent of the law persons indicted for sim ilar offences. Since the publication of the above card the Mail has not appeared. Intelligence was received here this ever ing that destructive fires had broken out in the woods in Greenville and Brunswick counties, and that much valuable timber

much uneasiness among those living in the

INDIANA. Ex-Gov. Hendricks Addresses an Audience of 10,000 at Greencastle. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Indianapolis, Oct. 24.—Ex-Governor Hendricks reached Greencastle this morn ing and was met by the reception commit tee, three bands of music and a large crowd. He was escorted to the Centra Hotel. A creditable parade of visiting clubs and local organizations followed. A 10.30 Mr. Hendricks appeared at the wigwam and addressed an audience numbering 10,000. In his speech he discussed the ta riff, saying that duties should be levied only for the purpose of defraying expense of the government. He said Mr. Cleveland receives support from the best ele-ments of the Republican party, including ministers, college professors, students, ed tors and laborers. He emphasized the fac that the Democrats looked for strong support from the independent Republicans. I closing he eulogized the Democratic party, saying it espoused the cause of the weak against the strong, of the poor man against the rich, of the oppressed against the op-pressors. He also paid a tribute to Mr. Lincoln, saying he was the best Republican President ever elected. The speech was frequently interrupted by applause.

LOUISIANA. Mississippi River Steamer Burned to the Water's Edge-Murders by

Negroes in St. Tammany Parish. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 24 -The steame Henry Frank, hence last evening for Memhis was burned to the water's edge last night near Davis crevasse. The boat and cargo are a total loss. No lives were lost. The Frank was owned by Capt. Frank Hicks and Alfred Grissom. It was valued at \$40,000 and was insured in Cincinnat and Louisville for \$35,000.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 24 -A from Baton Rouge says: Sheriff Bates has just returned from Clinton, and reports that a rumor is current there of the by negroes of three persons-father son and nephew—in St. Tammany parish a few days ago, and that a posse pursued captured and hanged four of the murderers and were on the track of the others.

VIRGINIA.

The Drought-Refreshing Rains is Portion of the State, (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

PETERSBURG, October 23.—The first rain that has failen in this section for more than that has fallen in this section for more than eight weeks fell last night. It extended along the Norfolk & Western Railroad as for as Lynchburg, and along the Atlantic Coast Line as far south as Weldon. Rain is still badly needed throughout the south side of Virginia. Creeks and smaller streams have dried up and on their beds are to be found many skeletons of fish.

- Washington, Oct. 21.-Gen Green B. Raum, who has just returned from Virginia, predicts that the Republicans will carry that State in November. But it is learned from other quarters that the Republican leaders have given up all hope of carrying any Southern State, and that Blaine and all the party orators will wave the bloody shirt vigorously from this time to the end of the campaign.

NO.

FOREIGN Water Famine in England-The New -An Attempt to Shoot King Leopold -The Grand Duchy of Brunswick,

BRUSSRLS, Oct. 25.-M. Thonissen bas gnified his acceptance of his appointment the Cabinet, but M. DeBecker has de

MANCHESTER, ENGLAND, Oct. 25 .- The hreatens to make necessary the stoppage of nills and industries in this city which are dependent upon the water supply. This will without doubt he necessary unless rain

PARIS, Oct. 25.—There have been two more deaths from cholers at Yport. Physicians discredit the allegations that the disease was brought to Yport by sailors. They believe that it was generated spontanced at Yport through want of proaneously at Yport through want of pro-visions, and the drunkards and dirt predent there. The natives are apathetic and are extremely reluctant about making any efforts to clean the streets and put the

place in proper sanitary condition,
PARIS, October 25.—The Cri de People states that on Tuesday, at Lacken, an attempt was made to shoot King Leopold. One shot from a revolver was fired at him by a radical student. The would be assassin was then arrested. News of the incident

Brunswick, October 25.—A delegate from the Bundsrath presented to the Brunswick Diet to day a letter from Emperor William, rejecting the claim of the Duke of Cumberland to the grand ducal Duke of Cumberland to the grand ducal throhe and approving the measures of the Council of Regency. The North German Gazette this morning published the text of the Duke of Cumberland's manifesto and reprinted the document in which the Duke of Cumberland informed Emperor William of the death of the ex-King of Hanover, and declared that he (Cumberland) would fully maintain the rights and titles which he had inherited

Berlin, October 25.-The Prussian Council of State met to day, under the Preidency of Crown Prince Frederick Wiliam. Prince Bismarck, Count Vont Moltke and about one hundred other members were present. The Crown Prince read the address, explaining the reason for the establishment of the Council.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Railroad Depot at Pittsburg Damtion in the Fourth District.

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) PITTSBURG, Oct. 25.—The Union Railroad depot caught fire this afternoon, but through prompt action of the well trained employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the city fire department, the flames were confined to the roof and were finally subdued after a loss of five thousand dollars was sustained. The fire was caused by a defective flue in the upper story where a arge amount of old papers and other comole material were stored. The dense moke which enveloped the building led to the belief that the entire structure was burning. The report that the Union depot was on fire created great excitement, and in a few minutes the streets in the vicinity were blocked with people.

HARRISBURG, October 25 .- The Demo cratic conferees of the 14th Congressions District, after holding three meetings without coming to terms, to day unanimous nominated. William Foster, of Sunbury The nominee is a prominent merchant and son in law of Judge Gordon, of the Su

preme Court. NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Plouring Mill Burnt at Manches ter -Three Firemen Injured. By Telegraph to the Morning Star ! MANCHESTER, Oct. 25.—The most diss trous fire that has occurred in this city for years broke out at 2.45 this morning in he flouring mills of Charles H. Hill & Co. The building was entirely gutted. roof and third story are gone and the ma-chinery destroyed. The loss exceeds \$25, 000. Assistant engineer Ruel B. Manning. O. E. Kimbill and F.S. Bean were injured the first named seriously by falling down

of \$12,500 on the building and stock. BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Failures in Lancaster, Pa., and At gusta, Ga. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star LANCASTER, PA., October 25.—The lia-bilities of John A. Shober, paper maker, whose assignment was recorded yesterday, are in excess of sixty thousand dollars. It is

elieved advancements will be made to permit a resumption of business. Augusta, Ga., October 25.-George T Jackson & Co., millers, sold out to-day to Thomas A. Scales, subject to liens of creditors. Liabilities are \$100,000; nominal assets \$125,000. Certain creditors are given preferences to the extent of \$85,000.

LOUISIANA.

Democratic Party Differences in the

Fifth Congressional District. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] NEW ORLEANS, October 25 -A dispat from Ruston reports that the King and Boatner committees, called together for the purpose of adjusting Democratic party differences in the Fifth Congressional District, adjourned without having accomplish ed the desired result. Boatner and King will therefore continue in the field as Dem cratic candidates for Congress. This gives Morny, Republican, a good prospect of election to Congress from the Fifth Dis-

NEW YORK.

The Albany Phalanx to Escort Go Cleveland to New York City. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) ALBANY, Oct. 25.—Gov. Cleveland, ac-companied by Major Banks, a number of prominent citizens and the Albany Phaanx, one bundred strong, will leave Albany Monday, on the regular West Shore train at 9.55 a. m., arriving in New York without change of cars at 3.30 p. m. At 8 a. m. the Phalanx, headed by the Albany City Band, will proceed to the Executive

Mansion and escort the Governor to the GOV. CLEVELAND.

Great Faith in the Young Thinking Men of the Country. [By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] New York, Oct. 25 .- The following etter from Gov. Cleveland was read at the bia College meeting last night:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
ALBANY, Oct. 23, 1884.

Gentlemen—I have received your invitation to be present at the ratification meeting, to be held under the auspices of the Columbia College Cleveland and Hendricks Campaign Club, on the evening of the 24th inst. My duties at home will prevent my attendance on that occasion, but I am exceedingly gratified to learn that the cause which is represented by my candidacy approves itself to the intelligent judgment of so many of the under graduates of Columbia College. I have great faith in the young thinking men of the country.

Yours, very truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND. EXECUTIVE MANSION,

NEW JERSEY.

A Woman Murderer Sentenced to

SALMA, N. J., Oct. 25.—Howard Sullivan, convicted of the murder of Elia Watson, was sentenced to-day to be hung December 8d. Judge Reed addressed the prisoner feelingly previous to passing sentence appears to the prisoner feelingly previous to passing sentence appears to the sentence appears t cember so. Judge Reed addressed the prisoner feelingly previous to passing sentence upon him, but he remained impassive and exhibited no more feeling after being sentenced than he has at any time during his trial. This will be the first hanging in this county for over thirty-two years.

-Raleigh Visitor: Thomas Settle, lege, with a portion of its pupils, one hundred and ten strong, visited the Exposition

- Fayetteville Sun; Mr. Dunk — Payetteville Sun: Mr. Dunk Vaughan, while ascending Haymount on Tuesday night, opposite Col. Starr's residence, lost his footing and fell from the sidewalk to the roadway below, breaking one his legs. — Mr. Fred Jones, who was in town on Wednesday last, was killed while returning to his home in Robeson county, by his horse running away with him, throwing him out of the buggy and breaking his neck. breaking his neck.

- Rockingham Rocket: John Mc Donald, Esq., better known here as "tailor McDonald, was attacked on Sunday last with paralysis, superinduced by dissipation, and died on the following morning.—

We are sorry to learn of the loss by fire on the 14th inst. of the saw mill, grist and flour mill of Mr. Daniel Ewing, of Sulphur Springs. Monteomery county phur Springs, Montgomery county. The fire was accidental. Loss about \$8,000; no

- Ashboro Courier: There was a very interesting revival of religion at Brower's last week, and we understand there was a large number of conversions.

— A correspondent informs us that a camp meeting has just closed at Mt. Ethal. There were some 40 conversions and 20 additions. — We regret to learn that Rev. Dr. York was seriously burt a few days ago by being thrown from his buggy. His right arm was broken and he was otherwise injured.

— Raleigh Chronicle: Mr. Clarke, of the staff of the Brooklyn Union, an influential Republican newspaper of character and candor, has spent several days here studying the Exposition and our people. He says, "I wrote to my paper after my first view of the Exposition that if a stranger had been put down in the build. stranger had been put down is the building une ware, he would have thought it was a national exposition and not merely a collection of the products of a single State. The variety is so great that it is astonish

- Weldon News: The new Episcopal Church at Scotland Neck is being built, the brick walls being now above the windows. A chancel window was given from Norfolk and side windows from a church in Brooklyn New York. They are all of stained glass. Besides this a lady whose name is not known, has placed enough money to the rector's credit to restore the old church. — Mr. T. B. Coker died at Garysburg on Wednesday night last, of typhoid fever. — Mr. Bob Bullock's cotton gin and about ten bales of cotton was burned on Thursday. The fire caught from a spark while the gin was in operation.

- Raleigh Chronicle: There is a good deal of historical truth that was jocularly expressed in a conversation at lunch at the Exposition grounds yesterday by a gentleman from Virginia and another from Raleigh. "How is it?" inquired the Virginian, "that here in North Carolina, you are all so suddenly doing such prodigious things, and we are not even hearing of it?" things, and we are not even hearing of it?"
"This way," was the answer: "For a hundred years you in Virginia and our neighbors in South Carolina laughed at us, you ut on more style than we. men of national reputation than we. You had better cooks and more lordly entertainers of distinguished people. In a certain way we failed to account ourselves the salt of the earth, and even lost proper self-assertion. And now we are turning the tables on you both. North Carolina challenges Virginia and South Carolina to keen up i he race."

- Charlotte Observer: The Charlotte ice factory has shut down work and will not resume operation until next spring. Since the factory commenced work last July, it has had a fine run of business, supplying not only its customers in Charlotte, but many points on the different railroads It turned out an excellent quality of ice and sold at one cent a pound. - The negro Chas. Wyche, whose capture at Monroe was mentioned yesterday, has been taken to Laurinburg for trial on charge of the robbery of Jeff Rivenbark's store. Wyche's accomplice was captured Tuesday and lodged in jail. At the house of Wyche's mother at Hamlet money amounting to \$170 was found, making in all \$432 rs. covered of \$700 that was stolen. A numper of napkins that Wyche had stolen from a hotel in Laurinburg were also found. —— As the carriage containing Senator Vance, Mr. P. D. Walker and Mr. T. R. Robert-son, was returning from the speaking at Huntersville, reached a point within two miles of the city, last night, the driver made a wild play of the lines, and the carriage turned over in a ditch by the roadside. All the occupants were tumbled out, but Senaan elevator well. There was an insurance ator Vance escaped unhurt. Mr. Walker had his arm skinned and bruised, and Mr. Robertson came out third best, having his shanks peeled, leg sprained and face skinned up. It was dark and raining at

> - Raleigh News-Observer: Yesterday morning the Yarboro House gave 820 people breakfast. — There were more than 1,400 visitors by actual count to the penitentiary yesterday. — Last night Raleigh entertained over 8,000 guests. This s the estimate made by some well informed gentlemen. — Yesterday there was a fire at Littleton, which destroyed a cotton gin, twenty bales of cotton, a barn and stable, all belonging to Mr. Ben. Browning. The loss is \$2,500, with no insurance. The attendance at the grounds yesterday was the largest ever known there. Gen. W. G. Lewis, chief marshal, who has had much experience, said to a reporter that at least 17,000 people were on the grounds. The trains leaving the city went out hour after hour, packed with people. The city was so full that it could barely contain its visitors. - Mrs. George S. Baker, of Louisburg, exhibits in the Franklin section clay busts of Senator Vance, Mr. G. S. Baker and Mr. R. R. Rainey. She shows much cleverness and skill in that work, as an amateur. She made them last week, to eplace three broken here. — Yesterday deputy sheriff S. J. Cox, of Onslow county, brought to the penitentiary three convicts, and sheriff S. S. Daniel, of Hertford, brought two. — There was quite a destructive fire at Company Shops Monday night. It destroyed the drug store of Free-man & Zachary, the general stores of C. F. Rowhste and T. M. Duck, C. F. Neice's ewelry store, Paylor's shoe shop, and a new frame building owned by Zachary & Cates. There was very little insurance

> > - Raleigh News Observer: In the

Craven exhibit Miss Alice Duffy, of New

Berne, shows a lovely bonnet made of the head feathers of the mallard duck. The Davis cadet battalion, quartered at Camp Russell, marched through the city yesterday and went to the exposition grounds. There the corps drilled under command of Capt. A. S. Davis, principal of this excellent school. The cadets, a fine looking body of boys, looked well and drilled well. The manual of arms was well done and the dress parade was fine.

There was a rumor last evening that a man had been killed on the railroad. Mr. Lyndon Swaim, of Greensboro, fell between the cars at the Hargett street station and was dragged some distance. He was not was dragged some distance. He was not hurt at all. He was rescued by passengers. It created a great sensation, and badly frightened his wife and daughters.

The estimate yesterday was that 20,000 people were on the exposition grounds.

Mrs. Elliott, at the Granville exhibit, who has charge of the orphan asylum "window" at that exhibit, said yesterday that thus far \$50 had been put in the contribution box for the orphans. — The electric lights of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad in the northern part of the city, attract thousands of visitors. — Another fire occurred at Williamston: Unfortunately, the warehouse, filled with merchanfire occurred at Williamston: Unfortunately, the warehouse, filled with merchandise, awaiting transportation up the river by the next boat to the various points up the river was burned, with about 100 bales of cotton, all of which were entirely consumed. About 200 bales were in one of the warehouses, and while one was burning across the street the large crowd which had gathered saved about 100. The explosion of several kegs of powder rendered extinguishing the fire a matter of impossibility. The other warehouse soon caught, and with a few smaller houses adjoining, made a large fire, which was seen for miles. made a large fire, which was seen for miles. The loss of goods, to say nothing of the 100 bales and loss of houses will approximate \$8,000 to \$10,000. There was some insurance, but to what extent we were not informed.