NOTES ON SILVER.

The STAR has ventured to say that on the subject of the currency of the United States there is very profound and wide-spread ignorance. It would be impossible to account for the blindness or indifference of the people to their own interests upon any other grounds. They are alive enough to their fancied or real interests if anything happens in State affairs that seems to invade their rights or injure them in pocket. But in important questions involving either the fundamentals of the government or the inthey remain utterly callous, and, for the most part, utterly ignorant. If that lurk in the Blair and other unconstitutional bills they would not allow such legislation as is threatened. If the knew how the law of Congress had been disregarded, evaded, trampled upon by the Treasury Department of the United States under two Administrations they would not rebe fairly and legally executed.

The other day Mr. Horace White, of New York, a newspaper man of considerable ability, wrote a reply to Senator Beck's truly great speech on silver. It was a beggarly attempta magnificent fiasco. The Senator had shown what was the law concerning silver and he had shown how that law had been systematically, deliberately evaded and disregarded. attention to them. Now when Mr. White comes to reply and meets the cream of the debate in Senator Beck's argument what does he say? Why, he admits it, treats the question as antiquated and commonplace, and passes over it in a few lines. He felt how powerless it was to deal with the main point and so conceded it and treated it as really of no importance, thus hoping to hoodwink ignorant readers. We again advise all who really desire to understand the merits of the discussion to give their nights to mastering Beck and Coke's very able speeches.

It is impossible to read the general newspaper discussions without seeing the necessity of a closer study of the financial question. Men who undertake to discuss economic questions whether in the Congress, on the hustings or in the newspapers ought by all means to take a course in economic studies. "It would from many a blunder free" all concerned.

While trade is stagnant the world over and there is wide-spread distress among the laboring classes, there is at this time \$1,276,390,000a most enormous sum-lying idle in ten banking institutions in Europe and the United States. Is there any wonder that trade languishes? The money of the world is simply lying dormant, hid away in vaults. Such an accumulation of idle capital in banks is wholly unprecedented.

During 1882, 1883 and 1884, the product of gold and silver in the world aggregated \$632,367,547. In 1884, it was less than in either of the other years, and it was probably still less in 1885. Of this sum full onery, &c.—into works of art. A considerable portion of this sum has gone to China and Japan, exclusive silver countries. The demands of third was worked up into jewelthe world for exchange are greater than the supply. When this condition of business exists there is inevitable distance are stated opium that had been cached from the latter part of this week probately declined in the latter part of this week probately contact the latter part of this week probately declined in the latter part of the declined in the latter part of the latter part of this week probately declined in the latter part of the latter par table distress, property declines in value and trade stagnates. Says the Mining Stock Register and Journal of Finance:

"We may employ bills of exchange, checks, bank notes, and other evidences of credit to aid us in making our exchanges, but as all these expediences are necessarily based upon our specie supply, their employment as money eannot be extended be-youd the current available supply of specie without endangeribg the solvency of our

"As we increase the volume of credit beyond the actual available supply of specie, we will inevitably inflate the prices of all kinds of other property, and thus still further increase the commercial demand for specie, or its representatives, while at the same time the available supply remains the same."

considerable trouble and difficulty, forced her way through the ice to the wharf. The amount of opium seized amounts to 8,012 pounds, valued at \$45,000.

"The officers of the revenue service at this port are entitled to much praise for the able manner in which this trip was carried out. No doubt exists that this smuggling has been carried on for many years."

THE WEEKLY ST

VOL. XVII.

The history of the world proves beyond a doubt that wherever there has been a single standard of values laber was badly paid. Look at China, look at Japan, look at the East Indies for proof of this. England has a so-called gold standard, but she coins in small pieces about half as much silver as the United States coins, and her dependency, India, produces a vast amount of silver. Germany has tried a single gold standard and the suffering is great and the laborers are working on starvation wages. We published vesterday an article showing that the people in Germany are aroused and are moving to get silver.

Silver and gold have been the currency of the world for thousands of years. Silver shekels were in use in the days of Abraham. The silver dollar of to-day contains the same amount of silver that it has contained since 1792. It has not been debased. On the other hand the gold dellar has been debased and contains less gold

than formerly. The surprise is not that silver is worth as much as it is after the combinations and conspiracies against it -the Administration, the bankers, the money-kings, the bloated corporations all warring against it-but that it is under the circumstances worth half as much as it is. If the laws of Congress had been fairly, thoroughly executed during the last dustrial prosperity of the country five years silver to-day would be worth, we have no doubt, one dollar in gold. In 1873, it was worth 103 the people understood the dangers in gold-was worth more than gold. It is the duty of the present Congress to compel the Secretary of the Treasury to obey the laws.

> "The Wilmington STAR is about the only leading North Carolina journal which op-poses the Blair bill, and the grounds of its opposition are that it is unconstitutional.
>
> —Asheville Advance.

main quiescent but would demand | up for sound Democratic principles that the laws concerning the finances | in North Carolina. The Charlotte Democrat, Salisbury Watchman, Scotland Neck Democrat, Clinton Caucasian, Pittsboro Home, and perhaps others, edited by men of intelligence and education, are opposed to the Paternal system, and to such dangerous measures as Blair bills. The STAR has offered many objections to the bill other than its unconstitutionality. If it was not a foregone conclusion that the grab-game is to This is in fact the main issue-the win it would go into the discussion pivotal point of the discussion-the | de novo-and present every objection laws of Congress and the failure of possible. But the STAR feels that it the Secretary of the Treasury to pay | has discharged faithfully a duty it owed to sound political principles.

> It is a little bit nauseating to hear reform sheets, especially of a Republican stripe, talking of Democratic "spoilsmen" arguing "that the Democrats ought to have half the offices." Such talk is very brassy. The Democrats ought to have all, and he is a sorry sort of a Democrat who does not say so, whatever else he may be. Let them try this foolishness in 1888, if they please, and see what comes of it.

Senator Ransom made the best eulogy of any on Vice President Hendricks. It was graceful, classical, touching and rhetorical. The Senator never discusses questions before the Senate, but on solemn occasions when funeral orations are required he is peculiarly happy. His addresses on Representative Shackelford, Senator Burnside and Vice President Hendricks were excellent

Commenting on a paragraph in the STAR, our friend the Warrenton Ga-

"It is the Agent's duty to bring settlers into the State by informing them of the climate, products, soil, resources, &c., but we were not before aware that it was a part of his special duty to prevent our citizens

The STAR did not intend to convey that idea. While the Agent brings in 100 immigrants at a cost of \$64 each, the State is losing hundreds of its citizens. What is needed is something to make "Tar-heels" stick to crees, 5; judgments, 27. the Old North State.

Lieutenant Rhodes of the Revenu Lieut. J. U. Rhodes, who was formerly attached to the revenue steamer Colfax and who has many warm friends in Wilmington, is now one of the officers of the revenue cutter Oliver Wolcott, on the Pacific

the 10th inst., the cutter left Port Townsend on her cruise, accompanied by Collector Beecher. On the 14th, at 10,15, she arrived at Kaasan bay and anchored, and the collector, accompanied by Lieut. Rhodes and eight men from the steamer, went ashore at the cannery. This cannery is said to be owned or leased by Capt. Carroll, of the Idaho, and was found in charge of two men, the foreman having Carroll, of the Idaho, and was found in charge of two men, the foreman having gone to Wrangle to meet the Idaho. Fourteen barrels landed by the Idaho on her last trip, and said to contain furs, were opened and found to be filled with prepared opium. The cutter was at once signalled, and after considerable trouble and difficulty, forced

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1886.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.

Preliminary Examination of Tom Kane, the Negro Charged with a

Brutal Assault on a White Girl. Tom Kane, the colored man charged with the crime of rape, was committed to jail yesterday, to await the action of the grand jury at the next term of the Criminal Court, to be held in this city the first Monday in March next.

outrages ever perpetrated. The victim is little more than a child, about fifteen years of age, and lives with her aged mother and a brother younger than herself in a small house on Queen, between Fifth and Sixth streets. On Saturday night last, or rather Sunday morning-for it was between the hours of three and four o'clock-the little family were aroused by some one breaking open the door of the house. Mrs. Skipper was awakened by her daughter Florence, who told her there was a man in the room. The mother arose and tried to force the man out of the room. In the struggle that followed the negro got her hand in his month and bit it severely, and finally felled her with a terrible blow that cut her head to the bone. The children in the meantime were screaming murder. They all managed to make their escape from the house through a window of the room, the negro pursuing. Florence took refuge in the house of a colored woman named Clara Andrews, who lived in an adjoining house. The negro followed her, and despite the cries of the poor girl and the screams of the colored woman put a pistol to the girl's head, choked her, and with threats and curses dragged her back to her mother's house, where she was fearfully naitreated. Mrs Skipper, in the meantime, ran shricking through the streets in her night clothes, seeking help and succor. She went all the way to the City Hall before she could find a policeman. There she told her story and Policeman Capps was sent back with her to arrest the scoundrel. When the two reached the house it was in darkness, but the girl hearing her mother's voice cried out that the negro was still in the house. The door was open, but the policeman did not enter. He struck a match on the door-facing and peered within. The girl at that time The STAR is not alone in standing the wretch who held her by the hair of the head and threatened to kill her if she betraved him. Suddenly he threw the girl against the policeman, and dashed out and made his escape. This is a mere outline of the story told by the girl and her mother; both of whom were positive that Kane was their assailant. The colored woman, Clara Andrews, also testified that Kane was the man who pursued the girl into her house and dragged Florence out and into Mrs. Skipper's house. The policeman testified that he was unable to say whether Kane was the man who rushed by him at the

> The examination lasted all the forencon, the hall being filled with spectators, mostly

door of the house or not.

Kane, the accused negro, is a short thick set fellow, about thirty-five years of age. He is married, and lives in the neighborhood of the Skipper family. He was examined in his own behalf, and claimed to be innocent. He said that he was at home with his wife Saturday night, and did not know any member of the Skipper

Railroad Racket. The Eastern South Carolina Railroad Company has been incorporated at Conway. S. C., with B. G. Collins president, J. M. Johnson first vice president; C. S. McCall second vice president, and C. P. Quattlebaum secretary and treasurer. The object of the company is the building of a firstclass railroad from Conway to the North Carolina State line in Marlboro county, S. C., via Marion and Bennettsville; from Conway to Smithville and Wilmington, C., and ultimately from Conway to Charleston, S. C. The company has assurances, it is said, that as soon as this road is built to the N. C. State line in Marlboro county it will be extended to Bristol, Tenn., and thence connect with the Louisville &

Nashville Railroad, in Kentucky. Death by Drowning. Mr. Bryant Morse, a well known citizen of Smithville, was drowned in the Cape Fear river at that place Thursday evening last. Gentlemen who came up from Smithville yesterday say that Mr. Morse had been drinking, and while under the influence of liquor walked into the river. His hat was found floating on the water but his body had not been found at last accounts. Mr. Morse was about thirty-five years of age,

was married, and leaves a family. Superior Court. At the recent term of this court for New Hanover county, there were eighty-two cases on the calendar, which were disposed of as follows: Continued, 46; carried to the Supreme Court on appeal, 2; removed to the U. S. Court, 1; mistrial, 1; final de-

Solicitor O. H. Allen made the following report concerning the Clerk's office: "I respectfully report that I have made the Superior Court, and I find the judgments and orders properly recorded and all papers and books filed and in good condiion; and all other matters pertaining to the

office well attended to." River Improvements.

The dredge-boat Jas. C. Pugh, belonging to Messrs. R. Moore & Co., of Mobile, Ala., contractors, has been fitted with new and powerful machinery adapted to dredging the bly. The contractors have a little work yet to do in the Cape Fear, below Wilmington—the removal of a few logs and stumps—and this will be completed before the dredge a taken to its new field of labor.

Confederate Pensioners, The clerk of the Superior Court, S. Van Amringe, Esq , says that he has pension warrants for the following persons: Wm. Solmans, L. R. Carteret, Susan A. Jones, and Henry O. Quinn. If these pensioners do not call for their pensions within the next ten days it will be the duty of Mr. Van Amringe to return the warrants to the State authorities in Raleigh.

- There was a further advance of five cents per bushel in the price of peanuts yesterday.

The Spirits Turpentine Market. The Independent Journal, of the 27th inst, publishes the following concerning

the naval stores trade.

"The week just passed will be remem-bered as a remarkable one to those engaged in the navel stores trade. The outturn o the crop is even less than was estimated or September 1, 1885. It was said at that time that the factors doing business with the producers of turpentine in the interior of the State had curtailed to a large extent their advances for the production during the year 1885-86, and also that the unsyste-The evidence elicited in the examination matic and reckless manner of "boxing the before the committing magistrate, Col. E. trees" over large areas of land had caused much unnecessary waste of the crude ma-terial, as well as the destruction of the D. Hall, revealed one of the most horrible forests contiguous to railways and water courses. The result of this has been that producers of naval stores have "worked" only those lands that would in all probabil ty yield them a profit should the price of turpentine not exceed 80c. per gallon, which was the highest price to be looked forward to at that time, owing to the large stock which was held in Europe without visible means of reducing it because of the general depression in the trade throughout he world. On the whole, prices have ruled higher than dealers expected, and hey have been generally satisfied Within the last month the reports from all section of this country engaged in the production of naval stores showed that the total crop of the United States would be much smaller than was thought in September; and soon the price of turpentine began to advance. The sudden increase in the price of tur pentine is due perhaps more directly to the ightness of the stocks held at Wilmington. Savannah and Charleston than to anything else. As a consequence when there seems to be little likelihood of there being much nore to come to the ports, consumer this country have begun to be doubtful whether they will be able to obtain the re-

Game Birds in the Freeze. Game birds suffered severely during the ate freeze. In other parts of the country hundreds of them perished, and it is not mprobable that even about Wilmington, where the cold snap was not so severe as elsewhere, that some birds were killed. A gentleman tells us that during the freeze he bought five woodcocks from a marketman which it was claimed were brought down by a shot-gun. The birds were frozen as stiff as ramrods and in poor flesh, but were beautiful specimens, not a feather being ruffled. After they were dressed not even the mark of a shot could be found on any one of the five, and the purchaser came to the conclusion not at all improbable, that the birds were either frozen or starved to death. We have not heard of any other game birds being killed by the was struggling hard to get free from | cold about Wilmington; but perhaps some of our readers may have knowledge o

quisite amount for their needs.'

Sugar from Pender County. Mr. W. P. Anders, of Pender county, left in the STAR office a sample of raw sugar made by Mr S A. Flynn, at Cain-

tuck, about twenty seven miles from Wilmington, on the Cape Fear river. It was made from the true sugar cane-not sorghum-cultivated by Mr. Flynn last summer. Only a small "patch" of the cane was grown, from which about a barrel of sugar was made. The cane attained a height of about fifteen feet, and from three to five feet of its growth matured in due season. Mr. Anders thinks from this that Louisiana or West India cane can be profitably cultivated in this section. Maj. W. L. Young, of this city, who has for years past given this matter much attention and study, says that the true (or West India) sugar cane will not mature at a greater altitude than one hundred and fifty feet above sea level. His map of the "Sugar Belt of North Carolina" embraces an area of about seventy by forty miles, its northern boundary being about Kinston.

Facts about Public Buildings. In view of the bill pending in Congress for an appropriation of \$150,000 for a public building in Wilmington, the following facts, from official sources, are interesting as showing that Wilmington is entitled to a larger appropriation if it receives an amount relatively proportionate to other cities. The cost of public buildings at the places named is as follows: Charleston, S. C., custom house, \$2,826,592; Norfolk, Va., custom house, \$217,404; Savannah, Ga., custom house, \$170,605; Columbia, S. C., postoffice, \$412,189; Raleigh, N. C.,

postoffice, \$354,997. In addition to the custom house which it now has, Norfolk is to be given, by the bill pending in Congress, \$250,000 for a postoffice alone.

- Capt. Townsend, of the schooner Elizabeth A. Baizley, from Charleston, S. C., for Philadelphia, before reported at Smithville in distress, says that the schooner left Charleston on the 21st inst., and had moderate weather until the 24th, when she encountered a heavy northeast gale with a tremendous sea, which caused the vessel to labor heavily and leak badly. Both pumps were kept going nearly all the time, requiring about three thousand strokes per hour to keep the vessel free. After being hove to sixteen hours and the men being exhausted, kept the vessel off and ran for the mouth of the Cape Fear, but on account of the foggy and stormy weather did not get the true position and came to anchor in seven fathoms of water off Frying Pan Shoals. On the 27th inst, the steamer William Crane, of Baltimore, bore down and spoke the the schooner and sent a boat to her assistance, but owing to the heavy sea and gale was unable to reach her. The teamer laid by until morning and spoke the schooner again. Capt. Townsend and crew declined to be taken off, and as the sale had moderated the anchor was weighed and the schooper came into Smithville

There has been a slight boom in peanuts the past week and prices have advanced afteen to twenty cents per bushel. Dealers say, however, that the demand is only for the new crop, and some of them are of producers were forced to dispose of the bulk of the crop at much below the cost of production, which left a wide margin for speculators to operate upon.

Tom Kane's Case. The case of Tom Kane, who is charged with a felonious assault upon a young white woman, came up for examination before Justice E. D. Hall yesterday morning; but owing to the absence of witnesse whose testimony was desired in the case the hearing was postponed until this morning at 9 o'clock. Kane stoutly asserts his innocence of the charge.

WASHINGTON.

An Army Officer Killed by Mexicans -Treasurer Jordan-The Indian Appropriation Bill-Public Buildings-The President Opposed to Complying with the Senate's Requests Concern-

ing Suspensions.

(By Talegraph to the Morning Star.) Washington, January 28.—The War Department to-day received official infor-mation from Gen. Crook of the death of Capt. Emmet Crawford, Third Cavalry, at the hands of Mexicans in Mexico, and the probable surrender of the renegade Apaches. The official report confirms the etails as previously given. Treasurer Jordan returned to duty in

Vashington to-day. The sub-committee of the House Indian Committee has completed the Indian Appropriation bill. As it now stands it appropriates \$5,526,453, being \$67,642 less than last year's bill. This is the first appropriation bill of the session completed. tor Mahone, from the Committee o Public Buildings and Grounds, reporte favorably bills for the erection of public

buildings at Vicksburg, Miss, \$100,000; Greenville, S. C., \$50,000, and Fortress Monroe, Va,, \$15,000.

At the Cabinet meeting to-day the question of the policy to be adopted in regard to applications by the Senate for information concerning suspensions from office was considered. The President is understood to be applied to be composed to complying with the reto be opposed to complying with the re quest, and is sustained by all the mem bers of the Cabinet.

At the meeting to-day letters were formulated in answer to the requests of the Sen-ate for papers touching changes in the office of U. S. Marshal for the Southern district of Alabama and in the office of Collector of Internal Revenue for the district of South Carolina. The exact language of the letters cannot be learned, but t is known they inform the Senate that it not deemed advisable to comply wit the requests in their present form. It understood that it is the desire of the ad ministration to force the Senate to state its position on this question, so the matter may be brought to an issue and settled as

WASHINGTON, January 29.—The Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon issued another call for ten million dollars of bonds for redemption. The call matures the 1st

First Comptroller of the Currency Durham has just finished the investigation of accounts of the Court of Commissioners o Alabama Claims, covering a period from April 1st.to August 31st, 1885, and including what were rejected by the State De-partment as disallowed, it amounting to \$22,560, for the same reason that he stop ped the payment of warrants for items of similar character in August last, to-wit that they were not warranted by law. He has, however, allowed the accounts of Gib son Bros., for printing done for the Court, The Printers' Union preferred charges against this firm of overcharges and fraudulent measurements. The Comptroller reports that there was no written contract be the work was done under a verbal contract the obligations of which were fully com plied with by the firm. The Comptrolle criticizes the action of the Court in not hav ing reduced said contract to writing, and expresses the general opinion that contracts involving large amounts of money should

Washington, January 29 -The Attor ney General has sent a letter to the Senate, n answer to the resolution for "all docu ments and papers in relation to the management and conduct of the office of the United States Attorney for the Southern District of Alabama," in which, after acknowledging the receipt of the resolution n question, he says:

'In response to the said resolution the President of the United States directs me o say that the papers which were in this Department relating to the fitness of J. D. Bennett, recently nominated to said office, having been already sent to the Judiciary Committee, and the papers and documen which are mentioned in said resolution, and still remaining in the custody of this Department, having exclusive reference to the suspension by the President of George M. Dustin, late incumbent of the office of District Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of Alabama, it is not considered that the public interests will be promoted by a compliance with said resoution and the transmission of the papers and documents therein mentioned to the Senate in Executive session.

Very respectfully, A. H. GARLAND,

Washington, Jan. 30.-Adjutant General Drum has written a letter to Chief Signal Officer Hazen in regard to the recent court martial convened at Fort Myer, in which he says the Secretary of War instructs him to express his grave displeasure at the conduct of Lieut. Greene, of the Signal Corps, who, he says, has manifestly failed so far in his career to comprehend the duties and responsibilities of a commissioned officer and to realize that the use of harsh, insulting and abusive language towards men who from their po sition could not reply to it, strikes at the very root of military discipline and evidences in the official so acting a deplorable want of self-control, which persisted in, would demonstrate his utter unfitness for command. The Secretary of War also deems it his duty to reprobate the rude and coarse manner in which the officers composing the court treated the counsel for the accused. Such conduct is utterly unjustifiable in officers sitting in military ourts in the capacity of judges. The Democratic Sanators met in caucu-

to-day at 11 o'clock and adjourned at 1.45. They discussed the pending issue between the Executive and the Senate fully, and unanimously adopted the following resolution, which the secretary of the caucus was authorized to make public:

"Resolved, That we approve the views and action of the President communicated to the Senate through Attorney General Garland, in his letter of January 29, 1886, and that we cord ally support the Executive The letter of the Attorney General was

received by and was seen by the Senators, but as there was no executive session it was not formally laid before the body."

DRAMATIC NOTES.

- Patti's London engagement has been postponed until February 15. - Samuel Sothern, a son of Soth-

ern, the dead comedian, arrived in the An-chor Line steamer Devonia from Liverpool yesterday. He will fill an engagement at the Lyceum Theatre. - Sarah Bernhardt is again seriously ill. After her double performance of "Marion Delorme" on Sunday she was prostrated by the extreme pervous strain

consequent on her exertions. On Monday she was confined to her bed by a fever. - It is stated positively that Ellen Terry will not appear at the Lycenm powerful machinery adapted to dredging the option of the new crop, and some of them are of oyster rocks and shells in New river. Capt.

George Lord has charge of the dredge, tugs | for the new crop, and some of them are of the option that it will not hold up prices duction of that piece has caused her so much longer; but the fact remains that much vexation that her present expressed broken off the match and I'm not going to determination is to seek her future on an-

other stage. - Exchange. - Mrs. Langtry at a late London reception wore a tight fitting black velvet coat, heavily trimmed with sables; it entirely covered her dress and was very well shaped. Her hat was in the newest Parisian mode; high, with thick gold embroidery over the crown and pigeon's feathers placed at the back standing upright. The narrow brim was trimmed with brown fur.

- Plymouth Sun: The recent assignment of F. M. Bunch and J. H. Truitt, THE INDIANS.

Running Fight with the Hostiles-Mexican Troops Attack the Amerieans Under a Mistake-Capt. Crawford Killed - A Meeting Arranged Between Gen. Crook and Geronimo -Indian Hostages Retained for the Observance of Peace.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] San Francisco, January 28.-A dispatch from Lieut. Maus, through Gen. Crook, states that on January 11th the troops under Capt. Crawford surrounded an Indian camp fifty miles southeast of Nocori, Mexico. After a running fight the Indians escaped, but sent word that they wished to hold a conference. While the troops were waiting the time for the conference they were attacked by 154 Mexican soldiers. Efforts were made to let them know that the troops were Americans and friends. Capt. Crawford and Lieut. Maus advanced to talk, when a volley was fired. Capt. Crawford was shot in the head, and Horn, the interpreter, was wounded. The Mexican fire was returned, and the firing lasted for half an hour, when Lieut. Maus succeeded in having a talk with the officer in command of the Mexicans. Their Captain having been killed he was told that the Americans were taken for hostiles, owing to the darkness. Horn, the chief of the scouts, and two Indians were slightly wounded, and another severely burt. The Mexicans lost four killed and five wounded. In the telegram sent by Lieut. Maus, he

savs he believes the Mexicans expected to drive the Americans off with overwhelming force, and secure their camp and effects. Captain Crawford died on the 18th during the march to Nocorci, where he was buried. He was unconscious until his Lieut. Maus then assumed com-

corci two squaws entered the camp, through whom arrangements were made by Lieut. Maus for a conference with two bucks of the hostile band. This was ended by Chief Nana and one buck and his wife, and a child of both Geronimo and Natchez. sister of Geronimo, one boy and a woman being given to Lieut. Maus as hostages for the observance of peace until Geronimo shall have met Gen. Crook, with whom he expressed a wish to have a talk. The meeting between Gen. Crook and Geronimo takes place in about a month, and will unoubtedly end in the surrender of the In-The and consists of chiefs Geronimo, Natchez, Chihushua and Vana, twenty bucks and some women and chil-

Lieut Maus is now heading for Long's

LONDON, Jan., 28.—The Evening News says it has authority for stating that Lord lisbury has advised the Queen to summon Lord Hartington to form a Cabinet. LONDON, Jan. 28.-A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says a rumor is current there that a skirmish between the Greeks and Turks has taken place at Glassova, on the frontier of Epirus.

London, Jan. 28.—The Queen has sum-moned the Marquis of Salisbury to confer with her at Osborne. He will dine with her Majesty this evening, and be her guest until to-morrow, when he will return to

OHIO.

The Senate and the Hamilton County Contested Election Cases. COLUMBUS, Jan 29 .- The joint Senate

any business adjourned, according to agree

ment between the two factions, until to morrow morning. The proposition of the Conference Committee, which has in charge the arrangement of compromise measures, was sub mitted to the Democratic caucus this morning and was ratified. It has also been agreed to by the Republican caucus. The proposition is that a special committee of six members, of equal number politically shall make an investigation of the Hamilton County contest cases, and report the

specific findings to the Senate. The Conference Committee resumed busi ness at 10.30 a. m. They expect to have something further to report to the respec tive caucuses by evening. The fight in the Committee now will be on one of the main issues, which is the rules which shall pre vail in contest cases; and whether, in dis posing of the report to be made by the Inrestigating Committee, three of the Hamil ton county members shall have the privi lege of voting on the fourth. The differences are so great between the sides on this point that it may result in killing all of the compromise measures which have

peen proposed. A WAR OF WORDS.

Gen. Sherman in Reply to Gen. Fry's

Letter. NEW YORK, Jan. 30 -A St. Louis special, dated yesterday, to the World, says: Gen. Sherman was shown to-night a copy of Gen. Fry's letter, sent out to-day by the Associated Press. In reply the General showed the reporter a copy of a letter which he wrote to-day to Col. Scott, in which he says:

"My letter to you of September 6th, 1885, was purely private, and one from which Gen. Fry had no right to quote without my consent. But even after he had so quoted, if he had answered the editor's most courteous inquiry, at my in-stance, of December 5th, I could in a paragraph have changed the word "would" to might," or have interlined "probably," to express more fully my meaning. You are at liberty to make either of these changes in that letter, and put it on your official file. What I take exception to is having Fry, who was never a confident of Gen. Grant or Gen. Sherman, passing as a pane gyrist of the former at the expense of the latter. When, in 1862-3, Gen. Grant needed a friend I was that friend; and it seems odd that now, when Gen. Grant needs no friend, Gen. Fry should step in to claim the privilege. Fry may do what he pleases;

FLIPS.

- "As busy as a bee," should be changed to "As busy as an editor." A be sleeps all winter.—Burlington Free Press. - The Ohio man who sold his wife for five cents positively declines to throw in a chromo.—Courier-Journal.

- George (pleadingly): "I know I'm not rich, Lucinda, but think how lone ly I shall be without you." Lucinda: "Yes, George, I have realized that, and if you were not poor, why—Oh, but George, can't live on oleomargarine."—Tid-Bits. - "Never leave what you under-

take until you can reach your arms around it and clasp your hands on the other side, is the advice of a contemporaneous econo mist. But suppose, in the effort, your hand - "Charles, I hear you are going

c marry Miss Softly. Charming woman

marry any one." "Then let me congratu-late you on your good sense."—Philadelphia Call. - Countryman (in book store)

"I wan't to get a dictionary. I don't often do any writin' but when I do I want to git the words spelled right." Proprietor (show-ing him a pocket edition): "Yes, sir. Something of that size, sir?" Countryman: "No. a big one. The biggest you've got. I wouldn't have confidence in a little book like that."—New York Sun.

- Wilson Mirror; Mrs. Jno. W. - Mr. N. Hellen received yesterday from Mr. John D. Shaw, of Halifax county, two mammoth turnips, one weighing seven and the other five and a half pounds. Those who know "Rick" well say he can demolish both turnips at one meal.

Co., has assumed a new and somewhat a new and somewhat surprising phase. An attachment was produced that the from town. — Herbert Pittman, charged from town. — Herbert Pittman, charged with the terrible crime of killing his brother, in an unfortunate affray last week, an account of which appeared in our last pounds. Those who know "Rick" well say he can demolish both turnips at one meal.

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Spirits Turpentine.

- The Neiss Observer says half of the houses in Raleigh, both stores and dwellings, have her e shoes nailed at the front doors.

- The Pittsboro Home has begun a series that will be interesting to its readers. It is on "Chatham Worthies," The first is Nicholas Smith.

- Mr. M. J. Lowe has sold his interest in the Asheville Courier, and the paper is now under the control of the Cou-rier Rublishing Co. E. A. Mofflit, Esq., is treasurer, and M. Bradshaw, E.q., editor

NO. 15

POREIG3

Stamurck on the Expuision of the

Poles from Germany

By Cable to the Morning star.

BERLIN, January 28 -Ucu at Rismarck

o-day, in debate in the Prussian Landing,

on the expulsion of the Poles from Germa-

ny, made a remarkable speech, occupying

two hours in its delivery. He said the pri

mary cause of the Government's action was

the disloyalty of the Poles to the German

Crown They were, he said, constantly

engaged in intrigues against the Govern-

ment and had made themselves a steady an

noyance to Prussia. By acting as accom-

Parliament they effected a majority against

the Government, and the Crown could do nothing less than to deny the de

mands of such a majority, or else de-stroy the evil element which made the

majority possible Polish agitation in Germany, Bismarck said, had always ap-

peared to him an element of danger, and

had compelled him to keep watch upon

Russia. The Poles and been constantly.

and not always unsuccessfully, endeavor-

ing to set foreign States against Russia

'Hence," continued the Chancellor, "we

have determined to buy out all the real estate offered by Polish nobles in Prussian

Poland and place German colonists on the

lands hitherto occupied by the expelled

LONDON, Jan 28 .- The crew of the bark

logged, while on a voyage from Savannah

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.-Police

authorities, having ascertained that a Nibilist plot was being formed, made a

descent to day upon the headquarters of

the conspirators in a house on the Rue Sapernaja in this city. The result

of the raid was the arrest of twen-

ty-three persons. On the discovery

of the conspiracy the police authorities

fearing that injury to the Czar was intended

advised him to return to his palace at

Gatschina The Emperor, however, de

LONDON, Jan 29.—The Queen has accepted the resignations of Lord Salisbury

and his Cabinet. Lord Salisbury returned

to London this evening from Oaborne. He

London, Jan. 29 .- The Queen has sum-

London, Jan. 80 .- Mr. Gladstone, who

has been summoned by the Queen to form a Cabinet, will visit Her Majesty at the

Paris, Jan. 30 -Despatches from Anta-

noonarivo, capital of Madagascar, state that in the treaty of peace between France

and Madagascar, France waives all claims

to a protectorate over the island or to in

emnity. Madagascar agrees to pay and

France agrees to accept \$2,000,000 for a lease which is to cover all foreign claims

against Madagascar, both those antedating

the recent war and those growing out of it

France is to occupy Tamatave until the

money is paid. The treaty also empow-

ers France to station a French resident

n the country to watch the external poli

cies of the country until they are clearly

defined, and in the meantime to occupy a

eague limit around Diego and Sauriez

MADRID, Jan. 30 .- A severe shock of

earthquake was experienced at Velez.

Malaga, to day. Considerable damage was

LONDON, January 30 .- A dispatch to the

Daily News, from Madrid, states that a

erman vessel which arrived there from St.

Helena, reports that a terrible mutiny took

place on board of the American ship Frank

N. Thayer, Capt. Clark, from Manilla, Oc-

tober 31, for New York, which, as before

reported, was burned at sea. The muti-

officers and then set fire to the ship.

eers are said to have murdered some of the

London, January 30 .- The Times' Athens

orrespondent telegraphs that the King of

Greece has become tired of the politics of

the Athenians, and especially of their pre-

sent bellicose attitude respecting the Bulga-

rian question, and that his Majesty will

likely soon abdicate and retire to Copen-

UTAH.

men and Teams Buried by Snov

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

slide at Thayne's Canon, near Park City,

Utah, yesterday, buried four men and their

married, of Park City; Wm Sessions, of

Heber City; Frank Horak, who leaves a

widow and four children-he had been at

Park City one month, but his home was at

Canton, St. Lawrence county. N. Y., and

Four men named Frost, Burns, Peters

and Warring were buried in their cabin by

a snow slide on Lake Creek, near Ketchum

daho. Warring dug out in six or seven

hours, and had to go nine miles for help.

He heard Frost groaning all the time he was buried in the cabin. Tom Loring is

reported to be buried under sixteen feet of

snow on Thompson Creek, not far from the scene of the last reported disaster.

TEXAS.

Family of Negroes Poisoned by

HEMPSTEAD, Jan. 29. - The colored peo-

ple here have been thrown into great ex-

tement over a report which has just come

in of a whole family of negroes being poi

soned at Howth Station, on the H. & T.

R. R., distant about six miles north of

here. The circumstances are as follows

Saturday last by eating the flesh of a stole hog, which had been dosed with strych

nine. The hog owner, to trap the thief

who was evidently appropriating his pork-ers, administered to some of the fattest s

dose of poison. The result above mention

ed ensued. Bill Harris and Henry Clay

on's step-daughter, have died, and severa

ILLINOIS.

Building in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Several Bohemian

ocieties of the city have arranged for

masquerade ball to be given at West Tay lor Street Turner Hall to-night, at which

number of caricatures are to be exhibited to

epresent the Anarchists of the city in a

represent the Anarchists of the city in a ridiculous light. This coming to the ears of some of the leaders of the Anarchists, the latter to-day issued handbills, printed in the Polish language,

which were distributed freely in the south-

western portion of the city, calling on them to assemble on Dekoven street to-

night to march to the hall where, if the

caricatures are exhibited, they propose to

blow up the building. This was taken in

such serious light by the B hemians that they called on the Chief of Police this af-

ternoon, who directed a police force to be in readiness to suppress any such demon-

THE ISTHMUS.

Another Revolution Threatened-U.

S. War Vessels Ordered to Aspin-

Washington, Jan. 30.—The Secretary of the Navy has received information from

the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., to the effect

wall.

anarchists Threaten to Blow Up

two guests of Morris Johnson, and John

of the family are in a critical condition.

A family of negroes, of whom one Morris

chason is the head, were poisoned on

Eating the Flesh of a Stolen Hog.

The buried men were Lon Gallard,

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 29 .- A snow

oned Mr. Gladstone for consultation.

was closely guarded by detectives.

Royal Palace at Osborne, Monday.

clined to do so.

to Havre, have arrived at Falmouth

which was abandoned, water

ices of the Opposition in the German

- Troy Vidette: A party of reveoue officers, with Capt Battle at their head. are raiding this county, and on Tuesday of this week, in the upper part of the county, on Barnes' creek, discovered and destroyed two illicit distilleries, and made four ar-

- Snow Hill Enterprise: On Wednesday morning, 20th inst., at 10 o'clock, Mr. W. H. Sugg, the oldest resident of Snow Hill, and one of our most highly esteemed citizens, died of ppeumonia, after an illness of one week. Mr. Sugg was born about half a mile from Snow Hill, and

was 73 years old. — Monroe Enquirer Express: On the 19th inst., in Sandy Ridge township, Jas. S. Squires, a son of Mr. John B. Squires, and Mr. R. H. Moore got into a difficulty about some boards which Mr. J. B. Squires had bought from Mr. Moore, which resulted in young Squires knocking Moore in the head with a heavy mallet, producing injuries which it was feared for

several days might prove fatal. - Asheville Citizen: Mr. C. C. Crook, of Newfound, tells us that the mercury was 20 degrees below zero at his house on the cold Monday morning. And he tells us that all his peach buds are kill-ed. — Mr. C. C. Crook informs us that the wife of George Matthews and one of her children were frozen to death in the late cold spell. They were very poor, and out of reach of aid, and perished for the want of sufficient clothing and bedding. They lived near the mouth of Saudy Mush,

- Statesville Landmark: Miss Mollie Watt, daughter of Mr. N. P. Watt, of Chambersburg township, was 12 years old last Saturday, and Monday her father weighed her. She pulled down the scales at 226 lbs. When weighed last, in August or September of last year, she pulled down 197 lbs. So she has made a gain of 29 lbs. in about five months. —— Mr. David Martin, of Miller's township, Alexander county, beats the record on the hog question. It was nine months old. He had kept it up all season, and when he slaughtered it, recently, it weighed 22 lbs.

- Wilson Advance: W. A. James, Jr., a merchant at Bethel, Pitt county, has made an assignment. Liabili-ties about \$11,000. We learn that Mr. E. T. Bynum, of Tarboro, has been appointed trustee. — The new ticket office and freight depot at Battleboro is about completed. - A very interesting protracted meeting is going on in the Baptist church at Tarboro, we learn. — Bob Rodgers, who killed a young man by the name of Peebles in Northampton county, and wa, tried once before and convicted of murder was being tried again last week. He took an appeal to the Supreme Court from the

first trial and a new trial was granted. - Pittsboro Home: Miss Bertie Brewer slipped and fell on the ice last Monday and was badly injured. Her hip the hurt is likely to prove a very serious diphtheria is raging in the western part of the county. Mr. Gilliland of Matthews' township has lost very recently five children. — We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Eli Moffit. He was a man of energy and fine business qualifications, and some persons at \$100,000. He was a man of most excellent character and will be greatly missed by his friends and neigh-He leaves a wife, who was formerly

Miss Worth, daughter of Gov. Worth. - Weldon News: The Edenton Enquirer says it has been shown by Mr. T. P. White a meteoric stone which fell near Brinkleyville, in this county, about fifty years ago. — Roanoke river froze over in January 1857, and again January 5th, 1879, it was frozen solidly across, the ice being very rough and rugged, thrown up into heaps and ridges. — Married, at the poor house on Thursday last by Justice John O'Brien, Wm. Cherry to Francis Pully. Both are inmates of the poor house and have been for several years. The groom is seventy-two years old, and sixty-five summers have passed lightly over the fair - The conductors and baggage masters of passenger trains on the Atlantic Coast Line have all been put in uniform for

their own and travellers convenience. - The Trustees of the University held a meeting at Raleigh on Tuesday. The Board passed resolutions relative to the death of the late Prof. Hooper. A tablet to his memory was ordered placed in memorial hall. It also accepted the devise of about 1,400 acres of land in Chatham, by Miss Smith. It also ordered a committee to look after the property. A tablet to her memory was also ordered placed in memo-Willett Brockus, single, of Rossie, St. Lawrence county, N. Y. The bodies of the last two named will be sent East to-Hooker, of the University, whose death occurred Saturday, was John De Berniere Hooper. He had a brother, Johnson De Berniere Hooper. The efficiency of the University will be increased by the purchase of some new apparatus, which the Board ordered. It was decided to hold the election of the Professor of Greek and the Assistant Professor of Engineering June 26th. Resolutions were passed to prevent hazing, to "clinch" the action of the facul-

ty in previously adopting a course of that

- Charlotte Observer: Mr. L. A. Potts. Sheriff of Mecklenburg county, has found it necessary to resign his office. The storehouse of Mrs. W. M. Boyd, in Steel Creek township, was sacked by robmay remember, the barn of Mr. Caruthers in that neighborhood, was visited the same night and two mules and one horse were stolen. The animals were afterwards recovered. A negro named Mack Blake was arrested on suspicion and taken before Esquire T. T. Youngblood for trial. The evidence was of a strong character and Blake was sent to jail. After finding himself in jail, Blake concluded to make a con fession of the whole affair, and did so giving the name of an accomplice, and revealing the place where a lot of the stolen goods was secreted. — Washington dots:

Judge Bennett thinks the report that a tariff bill will not be reported until late in the session is incorrect. The House is stronger for tariff revision than ever before perhaps in the history of Congress. One does not hear much of the internal revenue question. — Junior Lieut. S. C. Lemly, of Salem, has been promoted to the grade of Lieutenant in the Navy. — Mr. T. K. Bruner, of Salisbury, is on the Commission of Assay, which meets in Philadelphia

- Raleigh Visitor: On last Friday at Plymouth, N. C., Maj. J. B. Martin, of Bertie, was seriously if not fatally injured. Mr. Martin is a practicing lawyer, and had had some law business with the Bunch Bros., (four in number Friday as Mr. Martin was passing down the gang plank of the steamer with a lady, one of the brothers stepped up to him, and touching his hat out of respect to the lady, said to Mr. Martin that he would like to speak privately to him, and they went around the corner of the wareho whereupon Mr. Martin was immediately stricken with a stick. Immediately he drew his pistol, and as he fired, one of the brothers strück him on the arm with a stick which caused his arm to lower, and the ball made only a flesh wound in the side of one of the brothers. He was knocked down and badly beaten, and the back part of his skull fractured. When on the ground and unconscious one of the brothers put a pistol in about 18 inches of his head and fired, but missed him. The the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., to the effect that another revolution is threatened on the Isthmus of Panoma. Rear Admiral Jouett, commanding the North Atlantic station, was yesterday directed by telegraph to re-main at Aspinwall with the Tennessee for four brothers were arrested, but released on bail. Our informant states that it was reported on Tuesday that Mr. Martin was dead, but he heard in Tarboro on yester-