VOL. XVIII.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1886.

Railroad.

The Weekly Star.

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STAR is as follows :

The subscriction price of the WEEKLY

THE LEGISLATURE-MOOTED

In a few weeks the Legislature will

ssemble. It is to be hoped that no

barm will be done to the State, if no

good is done. It is not a body of

notables. There is but little ability

in the body, we suppose. If the

members are prudent and true friends

of North Carolina they will be care-

ful not to plunge into legislation that

will be destructive or unfriendly to

the interests of the people. We hope

the Democrats of the body will

guard well the public interest, and

resist all attempts to carry out inju-

dicious schemes or to sacrifice the

welfare and presperity of sections.

A body of patriotic and ordinary

of right and honor, may prove a safer

body than one of more force in

which brilliant and ill-regulated tal-

ents predominate. Let us hope for

the best without prejudging. Let us

give the legislators a fair chance to

show what is in them. If they seem

to be about to enter upon wild or in-

judicious plans and to legislate for

evil, then the Press, those faithful

sentinels of a people's rights and lib-

erties, that do so much effective work

for the conservation of sacred princi-

ples and precious muniments, and

that have sounded the alarm signal

whenever lawlessness and crime and

folly threatened the safety of civil

institutions-the Press, "which o'er

the people's rights doth an eternal

vigil keep," must warn them against

it and arouse the people to the dan-

But a North Carolina Legislature

with a majority of Democrats in it

cannot be guilty, we must hope, of

any legislation that will be useless,

unwise or inimical to the people of

That there is legislation needed

there is no doubt. The STAR, two

years ago, or more, in several edi-

torials, discussed the urgent need of

having a lower rate of interest. It

pointed out that in the North money

was going begging at 2 per cent.,

while in North Carolina beople

had to pay 8 per cent. to pri-

vate, individuals, and 12 per

cent., in advance, to the banks.

These high rates still prevail. It

urged the people to make arrange-

gers that threaten them!

any community or section.

QUESTIONS.

lent system of County Government, further praised Gen. Johnston's genit is understood, will try to overthrow it if possible. Let the Democrats be on the alert at this point.

We suppose an effort will be made to establish a Railroad Commission. It is a most complicated, difficult question to deal with, and it will require much wisdom and prudence in its consideration. It is a question that should be approached as far as possible without prejudice and in spirit of justice and statesmanship.

We shall probably call attention to some legislation that is needed. Just here we will say that the tax on education should be removed. We refer to taxing the few books that our people use.

CONCEALED WEAPONS.

concerning concealed weapons. There is a concensus of opinion we believe as to the advisability of repealing it. It is not enforced, and cannot be enforced. Bad and dangerous men can carry pistols and no public officer is any the wiser. We suppose there are five or ten thousand weapons worn every day in North Carolina. The deadly razor is carressed and worn near the heart as the necessary outfit of the "colored man and brother," especially if he is going to a camp meeting, a "shindig" or a "larking." When the row begins the keen-edged razor is certain to appear on the scene and do its appointed men, if controlled by high sentiments work of clipping an ear, making gashes in the human body or cutting

> petual disadvantage. Until the elements that make up society are different and men are far less addicted to crime and outrages weapons of defence are a necessity Educate the people into a higher plane of morality and well being, and there will be less violence and fewer criminals and fewer pistols in use. As it is, every house-holder must have a small armory for defence of

a throat or two. Repeal the law, for

it puts the peaceable and law observ-

ing part of the community at a per-

The Greenville Reflector says this: "We suggest that the next Legislature repeal the existing law and pass a license law—that is, let every man who is coward enough and desires to carry a revolver procure a license to cost, say \$10 annually. For every violation let a fine sufficiently heavy be imposed. This will do away with the abuse of the existing law in regard to carrying concealed weapons."

Will the license law be any more effective that the present law? Will not dangerous and evil disposed men still go armed and without a license, just as they go armed now in the face of the law? The trouble is to catch the offenders. The old recipe about cooking the hare applies-"First catch the hare and then, &c."

GEN. JOHNSTON IN REPLY TO MR. DAVIS.

In the North American Review for December Gen. Joseph E. Johnston has a calm, lucid paper on "Jefferson Davis and the Mississippi Campaign." The style is simple, unambitious, and the narrative is a model of perspicaments with Northern capitalists to city and directness in military writing-quite like the easy simplicity borrow on real estate such sums as and coherence of the immortal war history of Julius Cæsar, "the greatest man in the tide of times," as tal and how he failed because of the | Shakespeare held him to be, known imperiect laws of the State. It among boys and scholars as "The Commentaries."

Gen. Johnston appears in defence of himself against the strictures of Mr. Davis. He amply vindicates his own generalship, and shows that the campaign was a series of disasters, and all traceable, he says, to the President of the Confederacy. Candor requires us to say that Gen. Johnston "proves his case." He shows that, able and patriotic and eloquent as Mr. Davis was, he was not a military genius and was not a success in every case where money was lent directing campaigns. The contribution of Gen. Johnston is historically valuable. He gives the official documents to prove his points and complete his vindication.

Grant would never bave defeated our armies and overthrown the Southern Confederacy if he had not got rid of the red-tape fellows at does money. When the demand is Washington. McClellan was handigreater than the supply it is certain capped, crippled, ruined by the blunthat high rates will prevail. Let the dering office Generals at Washingbanking facilities of the State be ton. Grant did as he pleased, got greatly enlarged, and let more capi- all the men he needed, and finally tal be brought in and money will be won through the power of abundant lower. But if the Legislature can supplies, constant recruiting, and aid the people by making money fighting until the thin ranks of the lower let it be done, for it is a boon enemy were depleted day by day and with no means of supplying the vacant places of dead men with liv-

The greatest absurdity in the world is for civilians to try to dicback and a disgrace to our civiliza- tate a fighting policy and plan campaigns. It ruined the Confederacy. victs should be put to work on the No one doubts Mr. Davis's general county roads when ever it is possible. ability and deep devotion to the In this way they will do the State cause of the South, but he was a failure as a commander directing the The lease of the North Carolina movement of armies. Gen. Grant the burning of Mr. C. W. Wiggin's gin house and ten bales of cotton, near that Railroad is to be considered, and we told this writer in 1865 that Mr. hope the Legislature will see to it that Davis shaped twice his campaign for the State suffers no detriment at the him by his, public utterances. He \$1,000.

hands of the Richmond & Danville said he never thought of moving on Vicksburg until Mr. Davis's visit to The enemies of the present excel- that place and what he said. He

eralship when falling back before Sherman, and said he actually laughed right out when he got a dispatch informing him that Johnston had been relieved and Hood put in his place. Johnston, by the way, was the only Confederate whose generalship Grant did compliment in our hearing, although he spoke to us of Lee, Jackson, Hood, and Bragg.

The last Raleigh Chronicle gets off several "good things" under a common heading-"Why they gave thanks." It is a series of imaginary conversations, not exactly of the immortal the name of Walter Savage Landor, but of a lighter and more jocose sort. It has many "palpable Many of our State exchanges have hite" and among those "jolted" i had something to say about the law the writer of these lines. We may give a few samples hereafter. The following will do for the present:

"Gen. Cox was thankful because his good luck had not forsaken him, as he feared when he was defeated for the nomination for Congress. As he lingered over the turkey, getting on the outside of a choice part, and smacking his lips figura-tively, he thought how much more thankful he could be if Mr. Cleveland would ap point him Minister to Turkey. Then in stead of having Turkey in himself he would be in Turkey."

Speaker Carlisle is in Washington and speaks cheeringly of his own election. He has no fears from the absurd contest over his seat. The Washington correspondent of the New York Times says:

"He is in good health and spirits and al ludes to the prospect of a renewal of the tariff fight with a freedom and hopefulness that appear to be uncontrolled by the men who declare that tariff reform talk is

Republican newspapers and shabby land agents are doing very dirty work in endeavoring to smirch the President because of his purchase of a Washington suburban resi- It may be stated that such remarks are not infamous and disgusting. The President is an honest man.

A Flat-Boat Sunk. A flat-boat with 190 bales of cotton on board, in tow of the steamer A. P. Hurt, from Fayetteville, suck in the river about sixty miles above this city Friday evening last. The accident was caused by the boat running into the jetties near "the Cypress," and receiving some injury below the water line. Attempts were made by the officers. of the steamer to stop the leak, but they were unsuccessful, when the boat was towed into shoal water, where she sank, with only the lower tier of cotton bales partially under water. The Hurt came on to Wilmington, and started back up the river yesterday afternoon with another flat to get the cotton and bring it to Wilmington. She is expected to return in time to leave on her upward trip at 2 p. m. Monday.

The cotton on the flat was shipped at Fayetteville and consigned to Messra. Alex. Sprunt & Son and Woody & Currie.

The Tramps are on the March. The tramp-nuisance sesson has fairly opened, and the "supply largely exceeds the demand." Fires in the woods and the cold weather are driving many of them into town. Very few venture to seek lodgings at the City Hall, and during the day they manage to give every policeman a wide berth. The general direction of the at this season of the year, but one of the number was met the other day who claimed to be a chimney-sweep from Charleston, looking for work in his "line of business." He was evidently a "long way off," for 'chimneys to sweep" in Wilmington are an unknown quantity-chimneys"ain't built that way" in this city.

A small steam yacht, the Howland, Capt. Moody, from New York for Brunswick, Ga., was picked up at sea by the U.S. steamer Colfax yesterday morning and towed into the harbor at Smithville. The yacht was in a helpless condition, with her engine disabled, when she was encountered by the steamer, and all on board were deeply thankful for the assistance that was so promptly rendered by the officers of the atter. Without the sid of the Colfax it is more than probable that the yacht would prevailed along the coast. The Howland is neat little yacht of twenty tons. She belongs to the Jekyl Island Club. On her way down the coast she put in at Morehead City, which place she left Friday. Her captain reports that the railroad depot and warehouse at Morehead were destroyed by

fire just before the yacht left the harbor. The STAR learns through a correspondent at Kinston, N. C., that the railroad warehouse at the wharf at Morehead City was destroyed by fire Friday at 2.30 p. m., burning besides about 150 to 200 tons of bulk lime, including four box cars loaded and ready for shipment. One hundred barrels of flour were saved. The fire originated in a defective flue in the railroad office. A strong gale was blowing at the time, and the fire could not be extinguished. The loss is estimated at \$50,000 to \$60,000,

What's in a Name? A Shoe Heel correspondent of the STAR writes as follows in relation to the criticism made by its correspondent "Antiquary" in relation to the proposed change of name:

"Shoe Heel, Dec. 3.—'Moccasin,' in-deed! Who is it 'seeing snakes' from old Shoe Heel swamp so loug before Christ-mas in your town? Let 'Antiquary' sober up, or we will treat him to some opodeldoc from Maxron."

Gin House and Cotton Burned. A correspondent of the STAR writing from Plainview, Robeson county, under date of December 2d, gives intelligence of place, last Thursday. There was insurance

Second Regiment N. C. S. G. The election for field officers of the Second Regiment, North Carolina State Guard, was held at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry yesterday.

The companies of the Regiment were represented as follows:

Company A .- Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, by Maj. W. F. Campbell Company C .- Wilmington Light Infantry, by Capt. F. L. Meares, and Lieut. W.

Company E .- Shoe Heel Rifles, by Capt. Company F .- Sampson Light Infantry,

by Capt. W. L. Faison and Lieut, J. A. The Smithville Guards (Company H.)

were not represented. The meeting was called to order by Maj. W. F. Campbell, of the Favetteville Independent Light Infantry, the senior officer present, and Lieut. J. A. Stevens, of wondrous and classic kind that made | the Sampson Light Infantry, was made

> The following were unanimously elected field officers of the regiment, to serve for the next two years: Colonel-W. C. Jones, of Wilmington.

> Lieutenant Colonel-E. F. McRac, of Major-W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville.

The question of new uniforms for the regiment was discussed, and also the matter of taking part to the National Drill at Washington, D. C., in May, next, but no conclusion was reached, and after a vote of thanks to the Light Infantry for the use of the armory, the meeting adjourned.

A correspondent, speaking of the State

Guard, says that Gov. Scales feels a very great pride in it as the special conservator of law and order, and that it is by far the best and most uniformly equipped body of State troops in the South. There is not much military pride among the mass of the people, but nevertheless there are many who know how much such pride and interest are necessary, and are not slow to manifest both. There are twenty-four companies of troops, of which only two are colcred. The companies are not large, and the reports for the year ending November 80th, show about 1,300 of all ranks. The recent publication of extracts from the report of the Adjutant General of the United States army has called attention to the poor equipment of the troops in some of the States, notably in the South. facts will show: The companies are well located, and each is equipped for field service, the only thing lacking being overcoats. The rifles in all cases are the latest model Springfield, calibre 45; the cartridge boxes, knapsacks, and every other of the

articles of equipment are all specially fabmastership of that city when Manly was ricated for the State out of the most durable material, and all articles of leather or metal have the State's name on them. Ammunition is regularly issued, with reasonable liberality. There is an ample supply of the best tents ready for service. Even to tin-cups, knives, forks and spoons, the troops are equipped for instant service, and it is believed that no Governor in the South can muster his entire force more quickly than Gov. Scales. They would not need an article of dress or equipment, save over coats, as above stated. pendents divide as they are expected to do.

Lynching at Florence, S. C. A gentleman who came from Florence, S. C., yealerday, says that the lynching of the negro Cæsar Robinson, in that town Tuesday night, was a quiet affair. All the men who participated in it were masked, and citizens of the place had no knowledge of the deadly work that was accomplished until Wednesday morning revealed the body of the man swinging by a rope from a tree near the jail, with a placard pinned to his clothing, saying "Our wives and daugh ers must be protected." Miss Bowey, the young lady assaulted, is a member of army of homeless wanderers is southward | an English family recently domiciled in the place; she was attacked by Robinson on a road near the town Tuesday afternoon, and a desperate fight occurred between the girl and her assailant She was choked, beaten and badly bruised by the brute; but her cries for help brought two colored boys to the scene, when her assailant fled. Robinson had been employed as a train hand at Florence, was well known, and his capture and incarceration in jail soon followed. He was fully identified by Miss Bowcy as her

The Carolina Central. Working trains on the Carolina Central Railroad now pass over the bridge over Second Broad river. This is the fifth and last iron bridge between Shelby and Rutherfordion. The track will be completed to Champton, the next new station on the line, by the night of the 4th inst, and it is have failed to weather the severe storm that likely that regular trains will run up to small amount of grading yet remains unfinished west of Champton, but the track will reach the station within one mile of Rutherfordton before January 1st, 1887.

assailant, and the fate that he met was well

Maxton, Not Moxton. A special dispatch to the STAR from Shoe Heel says that it is proposed to change the name of that town to Maxton-not "Moxton" as it appeared in this paper a day or two since, nor "Moccason," as our facetious correspondent "Antiquary" intimated was the intention of its sponsors 'The new name, it is understood, was suggested by the fact that Shoe Heel is near the centre of the Scotch settlement in Robeson county, and is a town of Macs, or as more happily expressed, Maxton

There was a slight shock of earthquake iere vesterday morning about eight o ci The wave was so moderate in its manifestations, however, that it was not generally observed. The motion was from south to north, and lasted about five seconds. Our telegraphic dispatches report slight shocks at the same hour in Summerville, Charleston and Columbia, S. C. In Charleston it is stated the shocks made more noise than shake. No damage was reported at either of the places mentioned.

-- Messrs, James H. Chadbourn & Co. cleared the schooner Lester A. Lewis yesterday for Curacoa, W. L. with a cargo of lumber measuring 220,000 feet and val-

- Messrs. Paterson, Downing & Co. cleared the German barque Lucy and Paul yesterday, for London, Eng., with 8,603 barrels of rosin, weighing 1,094,170 pounds and valued at \$2,667. WASHINGTON.

Cabinet Meeting - The President's Message Completed -- Extradition Treaty with Japan. 187 Telegraph to the Morning

WASHINGTON, December 2.—The Cabinet meeting to-day was of short duration. All the members were present. The President's message was the only subject considered, although there was an informal discussion as to the probable course of Congress at its coming session. The message is practically completed and the clerical force at the White House are now engaged in preparing copies for the houses of Congress.

President Cleveland has issued a proclamation announcing that ratifications have been exchanged in due form of the extradition treaty with Japan, which was negotiated at the city of Tokio, April 29th, 1886, and amended by the Senate June 21st, 1886. In accordance with the terms of this treaty it becomes operative sixty days after the exchange of negotiations, and this period has already expired. The treaty provides that for the better administration of justice and the prevention of of justice and the prevention of crime within the two countries and their urisdictions, it is agreed that persons harged with or convicted of crime and be ing fugitives from justice, shall be reciproeally delivered up under stipulated condi-tions. The offences covered by the treaty are murder and assault with intent to commit murder, counterfeiting, forgery, embezzlement, or malversation of pub-lic funds, robbery, burglary, perju-ry, and subornation of perjury, rape,

arson, piracy, murder or assault com-mitted on board ships bearing the flag of the demanding country, and ma-licious destruction of property by which human life is endangered. When the de-mand for extradition is made, it shall be optional to proceed with trial or grant extradition. If it is apparent that extradition is sought for a political offence, surrender shall not take place, nor shall any person surrendered be tried or punished for any political offence committed previous to his extradition, or for any offence other than that for which he was extradited. The requisition for extradition shall be made rough diplomatic channels, accompanied by authenticated copies of the warrant for arrest or evidence of conviction. The fugi tive shall be surrendered only on such evidence as would justify his apprehension at the place where he is found. On notification by telegraph of formal application for extradition, each government will endeavor to procure provisional arrests. Neither country is bound to deliver up its own citizens or subjects, but shall have power to do so if deemed proper. The expenses of of arrest and transportation shall be paid by the government requesting extradition.
The Secretary of War has approved the request made by the Chief Signal officer that Lieutenant Greely be retained on duty in the Signal office, as assistant to Gen. Hazen, who is in ill health.

WASHINGTON, December 3.-The President to day made the following appointments: Chas. B Morton, of Me., to be well, of Ind., to be Deputy Second Anditor of the Treasury; A. E. Lewis, of Penn., to be Deputy Fifth Auditor of the Treasury; Hugh A. Haralson, of Ga., to be Deputy Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department. Col. Morton, the new Commissioner of Navigation, re-ides at Augusta, Me., and was a prominent applicant for the post-

removed. It is understood Commissi Jarvis Patton was requested to resign. Washington, December 4 -Gen. John B. Clark, clerk of the House of Representatives, has completed and caused to be printed an unofficial list of the members of the House for the Fiftieth Congress. He classifies them as 168 Democrats, 152 Republicans, and 4 Independents, with one vacancy (Rhode Island) to be filled, probably by a Republican. One hundred and ninety-five of the number are old members, being ten more than the number of old members in the present Congress. Of the old members one hundred are Democrats and ninety-five Republicans. If the Inde-

equally between the two sides, it will give Democrats a majority of fourteen in WASHINGTON, December 4 -The President is suffering from a slight attack of rheumatism, which has kept him in doors for several days, but has not interfered with his work for the past two days. He has kept to his room in hope that its even temperature would effect an earlier recovery. He has for some years been subject to in frequent attacks of the sort which usually, knee and confine him to his room for three or four days. The present one is yielding to treatment, and will no doubt pass away

in a day or two.

VIRGINIA.

The Long-Expected Statement o Cluverius Presented to Gov. Lee. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RICHMOND, December 4. - The long-exected statement of Cluverius the convictmurderer of Fanny Lillian Madison, was filed with Gov. Lee to night, by his brother William L. Cluverius It simply detailed

the history of his movements on the day and night of the 18th of March, 1885, when the murder was committed In addition to Cluverius' statement, he sent to the Governor his personal review of the evidence in the case, to show that there was not sufficient proof of murder having been committed, but that the death of Miss Madison was the result of suicide, and he attributed his conviction largely to populs clamor. The prisoner also filed with the Governor several affidavits of the jurors declaring that they did not know that they ould find a verdict of murder in the secon egree; also affidavits that F. A. Howell. one of the jurors, had declared before being summoned as a juror, that he (the prisoner) should be hung. Accompanying these pa-pers was a letter from the father and mother of the prisoner, appealing in pathetic terms that point between the 15th and 20th. A to the Governor to exercise executive clem

ency towards their son. SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Lynching at Florence-Forest By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] CHARLESTON, December 2 .- The coro ner's jury in the case of Cæsar Robinson colored, who was lynched at Florence Tuesday night, found that he came to his death by being lynched by parties unknown

to the jury.

Charleston is filled with smoke from forest fires in the surrounding country. Telegraph wires are down on the line of he Northeastern road, but the full extent of damage is not known. The village of Pinopolis, Berkeley county, narrowly es-caped destruction. Mrs. Kate Porcher's dwelling house and a number of barns and farm houses were burned. Fire sare said to be generally under control, having burned out. Large bodies of turpentine woods have been destroyed and the loss will necessarily be heavy.

-- Charlotte Observer: Rev. Dr T. H. Pritchard, of Wilmington, preached in the Baptist Church, in this city, last night to a large and appreciative audience.

Dr. Pritchard will preach in the same church again this evening.

— Mr. Ellet Kellogg, a young man from Washington, Iowa, died at the Home and Hospital in this city at 8 c'electronic production. this city at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, after a long siege of typhoid fever. The deceased was a young man, 21 years of age, and arrived in this city on the 2nd of last November, with Black Brothers ten

cent show. - Wilson Advance: Dr. Zeno Brown of Greenville had nearly a thousand dollars in money and solvent notes stolen from him on Wednesday of last week.

The lovers of horseflesh around Battleporo, and their name is legion, have organized a jockey club. They have a half mile track and propose having spring races.

— The Short Cut carried a mail car yesterday for the first time.

PENNSYLVANIA

Arrangements for Celebrating the Centennial of the Federal Constitution at Philadelphia in September

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2 - Delegates sen by States and Territories to devise plans for an appropriate celebration of the centennial aniversary of the promulgation of the ederal Constitution which will occur in September next, met here to day. The States were represented as follows: Pennsylvania, Ames R. Little: Virginia, Wm. Wirt Henry: Massachusetts, Henry Cabot Lodge; Connecticut, Henry C. Robinson; Maryland, Choton P. Paine; Florida, J. J. Findlay, Rhode Island, Rowland Hazaid; Delaware, John H Rodney; Michigan, Jss. Campbell; New York, Lieut Gov. E. Jones; South Carolina, James A. Hoyt West Virginia, D. D. Lucas; Missouri, Thomas Tasker Gantt; Iowa. John A. Kasson; Indiana. Charles H. Reeve; Mon ina, Edward W.Kuight; New Hampshire Benjamin A. Kimball, New Jersey; Chas. Garrison. Georgia was the only one of

he original States not represented in The delegates were welcomed in an ac dress by Thomas Cochran, of the Local Committee having in charge the entertainment of visitors, and John Bardslee, of the City Council's Committee The representatives then organized with Hon. John A. Kasson as chairman. Mr. Henry, of Vir ginis, informed the meeting that Governor Lee had communicated with President Oleveland in reference to the proposed celebration, and that the President would incorporate a suggestion to Congress in his message in relation to the matter. A com mittee of seventy, with Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, as chairman, was ap sointed by the chair to confer with a simi the recess and adopt an outline plan.

ar number of the citizen's committee during The Convention then adjourned for two hours, and upon reassembling Mr Lodge. chairman of the Conference Committee reported that the following outline pro gramme of celebration had been agreed upon: An oration and poem commemorative of the signing of the Con-stitution; a military display in which all branches of the United States service will be represented; an industrial procession display; creation of perpetual memo rial commemorative of the Constitution.

Invitations to take part will be extended to the President and Cabinet, Congress, officials of the Government, foreign representatives, officials of State Governments, civil and other organizations, including or ganizations of labor. PHILADELPHIA, December 4 -The old

postoffice building, belonging to the United States, was sold to-day at auction for \$413,000 being \$113,000 s'ove the upse price. The purchaser was Anthony J. Drexel. The building is on Chestrut street. It was offered in June of last year, when not a single bid was made at the upset price To-day there were several bidders and competition was active. The lot is 57 feet 8 inches front on Chestaut street and 225 feet deep. It sold at the rate of \$7,159 per front foot.

The Executive Sub-Commission of the Constitutional Centennial Commission organized to-day with the election of Am's R. Little, of Philadelphia, chairman; Hon. Alfred T. Goshem, of Obio, and Hon. Clinton P. Payne, of Maryland, vice chair-men; Hampton P. Carson, of Philadelphia, secretary, and George C. Thomas, of Philadelphia, treasurer. The officers are to constitute an Executive Board, of whom hree will be a quorum for business. The sub-committees, consisting of three members each, will also be appointed as occasion calls for them, to expedite details of

the celebration A committee consisting of Hon John A. Kasson, of Iowa, chairman; N. G. Ordway, Dakota; Wm. Wirt Henry, Virginia; James A. Hoyt, South Carolina; Gen. Clinton P. Payne, Maryland; Gen. J. J. Finlay, Florida; Amos R. Little, Pennsylvanis; Thomas T. Gantt, Missouri; Henry Cabot Lodge, Massachusetts; D G. Richrdson, Tennessee, and Marcellus Green, Mississippi, were designated to call on President Cleveland and urge him to make ecommendations to Congress on the subject of the centennial celebration, in case he fails to make mention of it in his annual message next Monday.

FOREIGN.

Spain's Treaty with the United States -A French Steamer with 1,200 Soldiers Reported Lost. By Cable to the Morning Star.

ALGIERS, December 2-It is reported that the steamship Chandernago, with 1,200 French troops on board, has foundered during a cyclone and that all hands were lost. London, December 2 -The Ministry of Marine discredit the report of the loss of the transport Chanderago, but they have

no direct advices concerning her. MADRID, December 2, Negotiations have been renewed for a special treaty to regu-late trade between the United States and the Spanish West Indies, the government at Washington no longer insisting upon the exclusion of other nations from the favored nation privilege. The Spanish government is preparing to largely reduce the West In dian tariff and reform the harbor and customs regulations, whether the treaty with the United States be arranged or not. PARIS Dec. 2 -A well credited report is

current here to the effect that the Czar has accepted the resignation of M. De Giers, Foreign Minister, and has appointed as his successor Prince Labanoff. LONDON, Dec 2.-Thirty men were in-

stantly killed by an explosion in Lemore colliery, in Durham, to-day. London, Dec. 2 .- The ancient church of St. Mary Magdalen, in Knight Rider street, was partially destroyed by fire to-day. The same fire completely destroyed four warehouses in the same street. The total loss

amounts to \$500,000. Paris, December 8 -In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Sarrien, Minister of the Interior, speaking in opposition to the mo-tion for the total abolition of the offices of sub-prefects, promised that he would introduce a hill providing for a partial abolition of the offices. Prime Minister DeFreycinet supported Sarrien and reproached the Opition for seizing every chance that was offered to overthrow the Government. The Chamber, however, adopted the motion for votes, thus defeating the Government. It is reported that DeFreycinet, Sarrien and Goblet, Minister of Public Instruction, will resign. There was intense excitement in the lobbies of the chambers after the

Chamber was suspended at the instance o DeFreycinet, in order that the Cabinet might consider its position. Ministers are now (5.30 p. m.) holding a meeting. Evening .- After the Cabinet meeting the ninisters went to the Elysee palace and endered their resignations to President

vote was announced. The sitting of the

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 3.-The weekly grain circular says the trade further improved all branches and business was extremely active. Spot delivery advanced one penny; were in request at 600 pence advance. To-day's market was well attended and a good business was done at 102 pence advance. Wheat and flour were strong at hardening rates. Of maize there were moderate sales at 1 pence advance.

PARIS, Dec. 4.—The French transport Chandenango reported on Thursday as lost with 1,200 troops aboard, has arrived safe-ly at the port of Tourano, Annam. PARIS, Dec. 4.—Members of the Radical Left, in the Chamber of Deputies today, unanimously decided to vote confidence in the Government. It was thought that this incident would induce the Cabinet to recall its decision to resign, but when the Chamber met Premier De Freycinet announced the resignation of the Ministry.

The Journal Des Debats announces that the members of the Cabinet will persist in their determination to resign.

— Nobody could blame the millionaires nowadays if they made it an object to die without a cent.—Phil. Times.

NO. 6 FEDERAL CONSTITUTION.

Arrangements for a Celebration of the Centennial Anniversary-The Pro-

PHILADRIPHIA, Dec. 3 —Al to day's session of the Convention of State delegates to arrange for a celebration of the centento arrange for a celebration of the centen-nial anniversary of the Promulgation of the Federal Constitution, Lieut. Gov. Jones, of New York, announced that he was compelled to withdraw, owing to the necessity for his immediate return home. A telegram was received from the Governor of North Carolina, appointing L. W. Bar-ringer, of this city, as Commissioner to represent that State. The credentials were received without the formality of reference eccived without the formality of reference

Upon motion of Mr. Hazard, of Rhod-Island, it was resolved that the Commission shald, it was resolved that the Commission shall be designated as the Centennial Constitutional Commission, and permanent organization was formed with John A. Kasson, of Iowa, President, and Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, and Col. James A. Hoyt, of South Carolina, Vice Presidents

The following executive sub commission was appointed by the chairman: Pennsylvania, Amos R. Little; Virginia, Wm. Wirt Henry; Massachusetts, Henry Cabot Lodge; South Carolina, Col. James A. Hoyt; Maryland, General Clinton P. Hayne; In-diana, Charles W. Reeves; New York, Ed-ward F. Jones; Ohio, Aifred T. Goshern; Missouri, Thomas T. Gault; Mississippi, Marcellus Green; Michigan, Judge James V. Campbell; Connecticut, Henry C. Rob. V. Campbell; Connecticut, Henry C. Rob-bins; Dakota, N. G. Ordway. The Executive Committee was empowered to appoint a treasurer and secretary.

A programme for the celebration was finally adopted as follows: Section 1. That there be an oration and poem in commemoration of the signing of

Section 2. That there be a military display in which the United States shall be invited to be represented by each branch of its military and naval service, and the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia by their militia and volunteer ervice, and that the President be requested to designate officers to command the same, Section 3. That there be an industrial procession display Section 4. That invitations to participate

n the celebration be extended to the President of the United States and his Cabinet, the Federal Judiciary, Congress, and the representatives of all departments of the National Government; to the Governors of each State and Territory, to the Judiciary and the Legislatures of the same, and the representatives of the several departments thereof; to the Commissioners of the Dis-trict of Columbia and to the various civic organizations and associations of the Union; and that resident representatives of foreign governments having friendly rela-tions with the United States be invited to

Section 5. Erection of a suitable memorial in the city of Philadelphia commemorative of the signing and adoption of the Con titution, and of the progress of the nation since that period.

An address to the people, prepared by Mr. Lodge, was adopted and will be issued with the programme. Resolutions were adopted requesting the aid and cooperation of Congress in the celebration and calling upon those States and territories not yet represented to send delegates to the Com-mission as early as possible.

NEW YORK.

Terrific Hurricane Encountered by as Ocean Steamer-Four Seamen and Two Passengers Killed-A Jury Secured for the Trial of the Boodle Alderman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-The steamer Westernland, from Antwerp, which arrived here to-day, reports, November 27th, lat. 47.50, ong 43.57, encountered a terrific hurrican from the northwest, during which, at 2.45 p. m., an immense sea struck the vesse over the bows, staving in the turtleback, killing four seamen and two steerage passengers, and more or less severely injuring fifteen other seamen and passengers.

NEW YORK, December 2.- The jury for the second trial of ex Alderman McQuade was completed to-day, after several changes had been made in the members as origi-

OBITUARY.

Death of an Old Virginia Editor and Gallant Soldier of Two Wars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. DANVILLE, Va., Dec. 4 .- Col. J Richard Lewellen, editor of the Danville Daily Register, and one of the oldest and mos ominent editors in the State, died her this morning. He was sixty-four years old He was identified with the Virginia press from early manhood; aided in the establish ing of the Norfolk Landmark. Virginian and Ledger, and the Index, in Petersburg He served through the Mexican war and was Colonel in the Confederate service du

ring the late war. ANALYZING THE BAKING POW DERS.

Under the direction of the New York State Board of Health, eighty-four differ ent kinds of baking powders, embracing all the brands that could be found for sale in the State, were submitted to examination and analysis by Prof. C. F. CHANDLER, member of the State Board and President of the New York City Board of Health, ssisted by Prof. EDWARD G. LOVE, the well known United States Government

The official report shows that a large number of the powders examined were found to contain alum or lime; many of them to such an extent as to render them eriously objectionable for use in the prep-

Alum found in twenty-nine samples, This drug is employed in baking powders to cheapen their cost. The presence of lime is attributed to the impure cream of tartar of commerce used in their manufacture. such cream of tartar was also analyzed, and found to contain lime and other impurities; in some samples to the extent of 93 per

All the baking p owders of the market, with the single exception of "Royal," (not including the alum and phosphate powders, which were long since discarded as unsafe icient by prudent housekeepers.) are made from the impure cream of tartar of merce, and consequently contain lime

The only baking powder yet found by chemical analysis to be entirely free from lime and absolutely pure is the "Royal." This perfect purity results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes which to-tally remove the tartrate of lime and other npurities. The cost of this che pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and on account of this greater cost is used in no baking powder but the

fessor Love, who made the analysis ol baking powders for the New York State Board of Health, as well as for the Government, says of the purity and wholesomeness of the 'Royal"

'I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome increases.

wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates or any injurious substance.

E. G. Levz, Ph. D."

MEXICO. Minister Manning and his Wife both

Suffering from Severe Colds. (By Telegraph to the Morning Star.) Crry of Mexico, Dec. 4—Judge Manning, U. S. Minister, and his wife are both suffering from heavy colds on the lungs. Mrs. Manning is showing feverish symptoms, but no danger is apprehended. Dr. Parsons, American, who is physician to the Minister, said to-day that he had been attending Judge Manning, who had had symptoms of pneumonis, but that he now thought there was no danger.

Spirits Turpentine. — The Evening Times is the title of a new small daily just begun at Charlotte by the "Times Publishing Company." It has our best wishes. Terms \$4 a year.

— Salisbury Watchman: Dr. York, reported to be so wonderfully popular in Wilkes county, carried it this year by the skin of his teeth—only 84 majority. Wilkes elected a Democratic sheriff, and the general result of the election in the county points to a Democratic success there at the

Clinton Caucasian: As was — Clinton Caucasian: As was stated last week a change takes place in the management of the Caucasian with this issue. Mesars, F. R. Cooper and John A. Oates have each purchased one-third interest in the paper, and henceforward it will be conducted by them and Mr. Nicholson jointly. — We learn upon good authority that R. R. Bridgers, President of the W. & W. Railroad Company, intends visiting our "city" this week and making a trip from this point to Lucknow, on the Fayetteville & Wilson Short Cut. on the Fayetteville & Wilson Short Cut, and also a trip to Fayetteville in order to determine the most feasible line for exending the Clinton & Warsaw line to one

those points.
— Charlotte Observer: Col. Andrews is one of the best railr ad men in the South, and the friends of the Western North Carolina road feel jubilant over his ntment as its president. - Within a few weeks from the present time, smoke will once more be seen i suing from the tall chimney of the old Robinson reduction works, located near the Lincolnton depot, in this city. — Through a friend who arrived in the city from Hickory yesterday, we learn that a Lutheran Conference is in session at that place, and there is a large attendance of ministers Rev. G. D. Bernheim is among the ministers present We also learn that the town marshal of Hickory last Monday arrested a negro on a charge of having committed a burglary in Wilmington, and the officers of that city were notified of the arrest. It was found after the negro's arrest that he had also been burglarizing houses in Hickory

- Charlotte Chronicle: Wednesday evening E. G. Johnston, a colored hand at the Pitcher mine, was walking on a gang plank with a lantern. The concussion of the blast below put out his light and he fell over a piece of timber, down the shaft, a distance of sixty feet. He sustained several painful bruisss, but no bones were broken. — Mrs McGinnis, living in Providence township, four miles from Matthews, on Wednesday evening last, lost by fire her residence and a provision house, with all of her provisions. The fire oc-curred about 9 o'clock and originated in the latter house. The furniture in the dwelling was saved. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars, upon which there was no insurance. — John Lucky, a negro from Crab Orchard township, was jailed yesterday. He was unlucky in allowing his passion to rise to such a height that he smote his step son on the head with a stone, and the wounded boy is very dan-

gerously ill. - Shelby Aurora: The cotton eccipts show a heavy decline and indicate that we will ship from Shelby not more than one half of last year's shipments, which were over 11,000. - The State Baptist Convention was fortunate in selecting Wilmington as its place of meeting this year, both because it is the chief city of the State and it offers many other attractions and advantages not found elsewhere: Though the influence of the Baptists is not strong in that city, yet they received a wel-come which would have done honor to any city in the land. The hospitalities of the the Convention a most cordial and there were many things in and about Wilmington to delight the delegates. With a cultured and refined population the society of the city is of the best in the State and the social pleasures of the occasion are not to be overestimated. The delegates went away to every part of the common-wealth, carrying with them kind feelings and pleasant recollections of the beautiful and cultured homes of the city by the sea.

- Raleigh News-Observer: Several professions of faith have been made at the meetings at the First Presbyterian Church, and there are many inquirers. - A request is being sent directly to the citizens of Raleigh, soliciting contributions, in money, clothing, &c., the whole of which is to constitute a Christmas offering to the Oxford Orphan Asylum. The responses will doubtless be liberal as is usually the case, and many helpless and home less little people will feel the benefit of our city beneficence. — Resolved, That this city beneficence. — Resolved, That this State Board of Agriculture recommend and petition the Legislature in their wisdom, to enact such laws as will prohibit the dealings in such futures in North Carolina: also to prohibit the collection of all debts or obligations arising from such sales, purchases or contracts by any court within the State. — Winston, N. C., Dec. 2.— At the election of officers held here to day, Col. Glenn was re-elected Colonel; A. W. Cooper, Lieutenant-Colonel, and R. W. B. Ellington, Major. — Tarboro, N. C., Dec. 2, 1886.—At the election of officers held here to-day, J. W. Cotten was re elected Colonel, Bogart Lieutenant-Colonel and Sugg Major. Col. Cotten was endorsed for Adjutant-General. or obligations arising from such sales, pur-

- Raleigh Recorder: In the Baptist denomination, here in North Carolina there are a few men of wonderful pulpit lower. There are only two or three Naturally they have been most successful. - Dr. Nelson says I. A. Suggs's speech on Saturday was not only a fine speech but was in elegant taste. The speech of the Convention, however, was that of T. B. Bell, Thursday night, on the subject of Foreign Missions. — Rev. D. A. Woodson, of Harrellsville, N. C., has received calls from churches in Princess Anne county, Va., and from Norfolk county, Va., and will probably accept one of ther and return to his native State. - Our crowded columns last week forbade us to say what we wished to about Wilmington's hospitality. And, indeed, words do fail us now. Did ever a pastor do better than the peerless Pritchard? The newspapers were especially gracious. The STAR furnished full and excellent reports of the proceedings of the Convention, and daily distributed one hundred copies gratuitously among the delegates. - Rev. Mrs. Moon has been preaching recently in Winston. We do not know how many breth-ren went up to be prayed for, but suspect there were many. There seems to be little difficulty for her to get "mourners." The trouble comes after she has taken her departure. Those who profess religion duing her meetings are not noted for their

- Raleigh News-Observer: The revenue collections in this, the Fourth District, amounted to \$38,771.75. — During the month of November fifty drummers' licenses were issued, from which a revenue of \$5,000 was realized. — The treasures President Battle has brought orth from the almost forgotten mine of North Carolina history have given general pleasure to the State. We trust he will pursue his explorations. — An important case was tried in the U.S. Circuit Court here yesterday. It was against Joel Watkins, of Duplin county, for passing counterfeit coin. In the evidence against him there were shown, galvanic batteries, plaster moulds for \$20 gold coins and a bottle labelled "gold plating solution," all of which were found on his premises. The defendant was found guilty. — The Governor also appointed L. W. Barringer, Esq., of Philadelphia, to represent him in the convention of Governors to be held in Philadelphia next week, for the purpose of arranging for a celebration of the 100th an-normal properties of the Section of the Federal of North Carolina, being a son of Gen.
D. M. Barringer, formerly of Raleigh.
—From D. R. Walker's Wisconsin letter: We notice many crops here that could be grown successfully in North Carolina. grown successfully in North Carolina, among them castor beans, broom corn and even celery. Just think of it, Kalamazoo last year sold \$3,000,000 worth of celery alone. Broom corn in Coles county, Ill., brings right at the depot, from \$60 to \$150 per ton, one and a half tons to the acre. Castor beans, which enrich the soil, \$1.45 per bushel, ten to fifteen bushels per acre. and one man and two horses can cultivate forty acres while two small boys to help forty acres, while two small boys to help can gather the crop. Now I am satisfied that as our seasons are longer, and with the same amount of fertilizer, beans will beaucotton, — ASHEVILLE, November 30.— A serious stabbing affair occurred at Big Ivy Sunday. James Whittemore, Sr. stabbed and perhaps fatally wounded his son, James Whittemore. Both of the menare of considerable local prominence and influence. The particulars are not yet re-

greatly to be desired. The public roads are to be considered. Something important should ing soldiers. be done to make them better. As they are they are a positive draw-

was needed. It called attention to the efforts of one gentleman, at Henderson, to introduce Northern capishowed again and again how no community or State could flourish under a mortgage system when the farmers had to pay from 15 to 30 per cent. more for supplies that they would pay with the cash. The STAR insisted that money was too high. It urged upon the Legislature to overhaul the laws and simplify them so that Northern capitalists could afford to lend money in the State without being forced to have a lawsuit in

with real estate as the basis of secu-We are glad to see some of our exchanges now agitating the question of lower interest. But money will hardly be much lower so long as there is a scarcity of currency and there are more borrowers than lenders. Water seeks its level and so

tion and age. The penitentiary cona real service.