From yonder gilded minaret Beside the steel-blue Neva set, I faintly catch, from time to time, The sweet, ærial midnight chime-"God save the Tsar!"

Above the ravelins and the mosts Of the grim citadel it floats; And men in dungeons far beneath Lister, and pray, and gnash their teeth-

The soft reiterations sweep Across the horror of their sleep, As if some demon in his glee Were mecking at their misery-"God save the Tear!"

In his red palace over there, Wakeful, he needs must hear the prayer. How can it drown the broken cries Wrung from his children's agontes?-"God save the Tsar!"

Father they called him from of old-Batyushka !.... How his heart is cold! Wait till a million scourged men Rise in their awful might, and then-"God save the Tear!" -Harper's Magazine.

> Supreme Court. Raleigh News-Observer.

Court met yesterday at 10 o'clock. Opinions were filed on yesterday in the following:

Dugger vs. McKesson; affirmed. The following are the amendments of the rules adopted at the February term, 1888:

The Court doth order that the rules of this Court be and the same are amended in the following particulars, that is to say: The first sentence of Rule I shall

read as follows: Applicants for license to practice law will be examined on Friday and Saturday of the week next preceding the first week of the court. (The next examination will be on the 21st and 23d of September, 1888.)

Lines one and two of section 3 of Rule 2 are amended so as to read as follows: Causes from the first district will be called on Monday of the first week of each term of the court. (September 24, 1888, is the first day

of next term.) Section 8 of Rule 2 is amended by adding at the end thereof a sentence in the following words: "Nevertheless, if an appellant shall fail to file the transcript of the record of his appeal within the time he might do so, so that the appeal shall stand for argument at the term to which it is taken, the appellee may move, during the week assigned to the district, to dismiss the same as above provided, and his motion shall be allowed, unless reasonable excuse for such failure shall be shown, within such time as the Court may deny the motion and allow a continuance.

Rule 14 is amended by adding to began by saying he was for the nomthe end thereof the following sentence: And the Court, at the instance of a party to a cause that directly involves the right to a public office, may make the like assignment in respect to it.

Owens vs. Owens. Mrs. Owens had been convicted of | hearty, enthusiastic and long sustainbeing an accessory to the murder of ed support he had received, while at her husband and was sentenced to the same time he had no unkind feelthe penitentiary for life. She applied | ing and no thought of reproach for for dower.

Held, That the statute gives dower to the widow without any exception extending to this case, and that she is entitled notwithstanding her conviction of the crime by the commission of which her title accrued, and notwithstanding her sentence for life in the penitentiary. Phifer vs. Erwin.

column and acquit themselves in a manner to realize the traditions, the Held, When the necessary consehopes and the prophecies of their anquences of an act are to defraud creditors as by securing property for the use of the debtor and to place it beyond the reach of his debts, wheth-He has been very generally admired, er patent on the face of the instruindeed, by the Democracy of the ment or proved aliunde, the fraudulent element cannot be purged by a State for the sterling qualities he disavowal of the intent. But where possesses, but we venture to say that after his superb bearing under dethe necessary consequences are not feat this admiration has been inso, the intent becomes material, and creased an hundred fold and widthe test of the admissibility of evidence of the intent in its materiality in giving character to the act and North Carolina. As he made his where intent and motive must, as adieus to the audience he was most separate elements, co-exist to consti-tute guilt or produce a legal result. friends of all ways of thinking crowded upon him and expressed In such cases the interence to be detheir appreciation of his noble sentiduced may be repelled by the direct testimony of the party. cheers were given him most heartily,

To render an instrument fraudulent it must be so in its execution. A fraudulent use afterwards does not per se void a conveyance, but furnishes evidence of the intent. It | given with a will. is not fraud per se to leave a mortgagor in possession of the mortgaged goods.

A sale may be made if possession passes without the price being actually ascertained at the time, so that a sure means of ascertaining the price be fixed in the contract. It is otherwise if the price is left open for future adjustment, with no binding agreement as to how the price is to be ascertained. Mull vs. Walker.

While a step-father, without means of his own, spends for the support of infant step-children a fund of theirs in his hands, he will be allowed the accruing interest as a disbursement for their benefit, although no lisbility arises from them as under an implied contract.

Where one became administrator in 1853, and the distributees were infant girls who became feme coverts during minority and delayed suing for a settlement until 1886, held that under sections 18 and 19, chapter 65, Revised Code, then in force, there was presumed payment or an aban-donment of right, there being no saving clause as to infants and feme co-

Hon. John S. Wise Resigns.

Richmond Dispatch. The Republican City Committee met last night in the City Circuit Court room, and thirty-six were pre- tawba; no error; affirmed. The jury missioner had no experience, was advanced sent. Mr. Wise tendered his resig- in the court below found that the in years. nation as chairman, announcing his plaintiff was not entitled to recover purpose to affiliate henceforth with the (640) six hundred and forty acres the Republican party of which Hon. of land sued for in this action. Judg-D. F. Houston is chairman, and thir- ment upon the verdict was affirmed ty-two of the thirty-six present did the same. Besides the thirty-two present about twenty more will resign, leaving only about ten for Ma-

-Judge N. B. Meade, of the Corporation Court of Alexandris, died at Mar-shall, Fauquier county, Tuesday night, of disease of the heart, from which he had been suffering for some time. He was on his way to his country home. Judge Meade was a native of Clarke county, Va., and a nephew of the late Bishop Meade.

talized tear from the eye of Cleopatra, and will bring happiness, wealth and good luck to the wearer. Only fifteen cents. Countryman—B' gosh, you kin do it up. I ain't fooled much on the happiness, wealth and -Queen Louise, of Sweden, is threatened with a return of the cancerous good luck business, but a crystalized tear trouble which nearly took her life a year is a new thing up our way, no matter whose eye it's frum.—New York Sun.

SODDEN AND SHODDY SO-CIETY.

had been visiting in New York.

She had much to say of the fashion

stores and theatres in the great

city. The father said he didn't at-

tend church, and he indulged freely

in criticisms of orthodox people.

He had just bought and was

reading Robert Ingersoll's "What

Must I Do to be Saved?" The

train was late, and he was going

to telegraph the daughter's hus-

band. "Where will I find him?"

said he. "Oh! he is at the club,

you know," she quickly responded.

said, "Oh, father, don't you remem-

ber Mame Smith, that used to go to

had a scandal with a St. Louis gen-

tleman." At 11 o'clock he said,

"Nell, it is time to take your whis-

took out the usual flask, went to the

end of the car, and, after measuring

a "finger" for himself, he brought

back to his daughter a glass of whis-

key and water, which she drank in

the presence of the passengers with-

out a blush. What a comment upon

society people! Remember, they

were not "a cheap lot," but "very

STEDMAN AT RALEIGH.

Releigh News and Observer's Convention

Report.

Maj. Stedman came in under es

cort of the committee and as he

entered the hall was greeted with ap-

plause that rang and rang again

through the immense auditorium

and continued until the distinguished

gentleman stood upon the platform.

Then there was a hush of respectful

attention and Chairman Cox intro-

duced the favorite so long stout'y

supported and hotly battled for by

ballot. Maj. Stedman is one of the

handsomest men to be found in a day's

journey. His physique is superb and

his manner is that of the cultured,

courtly, gallant gentleman that he is.

His face was pale with the emotion

that was but natural under the

trying circumstances of the occa-

sion but his bearing was admirable

in the highest degree, proving the

has always shown. His speech was

inces of the convention whoever they

might be, and pledged the faithful

forthcoming from Charles M. Sted-

man at the call of the Democratic

party. He said he could not find

words to express his thanks for the

any who had preferred another to

It matters not who the Democracy

nominated so he was a Democrat

tried and true. He charged the no-

ble array of the grand old Democratic

party of North Carolina before him

assembled to lay aside common dij-

ferences and present an unbroken

It is safe to say that he won the

admiration of every man in the hall.

ened throughout the whole extent of

ments and admirable bearing. Three

Convention called for three cheers

Raleigh News and Observer Editorial.

the Convention, made under very

trying circumstances, was a perfect

gem, in matter, in sentiment and in

delivery. No one could have borne

himself more handsomely, and it has

never been our fortune to hear a

candidate under similar circum-

stances fill more perfectly the full

measure of what his friends expected

from him. We doubt not that the

entire Convention to a man cordially

joined in what Judge Fowle so well

expressed, that if there could be a

tripartite ticket, it should be Sted-

preme Court.

Raleigh News-Observer.

The following opinions were ren-

Knott vs. Taylor, from Granville:

action dismissed at plaintiff's costs,

but without prejudice to the plaintiff.

The court holds that the plaintiff

tween the parties, which was, and is

last Monday in September.

The court then adjourned sine die.

Court met yesterday at 10 o'clock.

- Love in a palace: Prince Alex-

ander (of Bulgaria)-"My darling, the Lord

High Chamberlain tells me that Lord High-

feather told him that Duke Donix told him

that Prince Bigbugg told him that Prince Bismarck said I might kiss you just once." Princess Victoria—"How nice."—Omaha

- Bowery Jeweller (to country-

man)-That amulet, sir, contains a chrys-

man, Alexander and Fowle.

dered yesterday:

still pending.

in this court.

Major Stedman's short speech in

PIRST SESSION. Rev. Dr. Hamilton, in Zion's Herald. Conference Report on Department of Labor Bill Agreed to in Both Houses From New York I went west by -Legislative Appropriation Bill and the "N. Y., P. & O." What a pecu-Tariff Bill Considered in the House. liar people we meet when we travel! thy Te'egraph to the Morning Star In the seat opposite were a father and daughter from the "good society" of Chicago. Without speaking to me they gave me their history in an overreaching conversation. He was wealthy; she was married. She

SENATE WASHINGTON, May 31.—Mr. Faulkner offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the Secretary of War to furnish information as to why he has not used the appropriations of \$15,000 and \$25,000, made in 1880 and 1881, for the improvement of the Shenandoah river in Virginia and West Virginia. The conference report on the bill to es-

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

tablish the Department of Labor, was presented and agreed to. An Executive session was held and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Mr. O'Neill, of Missouri, presented the conference report on his bill to create a Department of Labor, which was accepted and the bill passed in substantially the same shape as it came from the Senate.

Mr. Spinola, of New York, rising to a question of privilege, had read a special dispatch to a New York newspaper, criticizing him for not demanding immediate In almost the next sentence she action upon the bill to place Gen. Fremont's name on the retired list, when he reported it a few days ago, Mr. Spinola said the Republicans had imposed upon an school with me?" "Yes," he replied; "what of her?" "Why, she has just innocent, usophisticated reporter, and that he should hold the entire Republican side of the House responsible for the falsification. As a matter of fact the bill had received the unanimous support of the Dekey." And, opening his "grip," he mocratic members of the committee, while the Republicans had opposed it. The House then proceeded to consider

> on the legislative appropriation bill. The first amendment on which a division was demanded was that increasing the cler ical force of the Civil Service Commission, which was adopted by a vote of 56 to 45 A yea any nay vote was demanded on the amendment to re-establish the St. Louis assay office. The admendment was adopted. Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, stated that there were forty blanks in the bill, all in the provisions for salaries, which has been made by points of order, and he asked consent to fill them in according to the existing

the report of the Committee of the Whole

Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, objected, and charged the Appropriations Committee with the responsibility for the blanks, in disregarding the rules.

The bill was then recommitted to the Apropriations Committee. Mr. Mills moved to dispense with the morning hour, presumably to take up the Tariff bill, but could not secure the necessary two-thirds' vote.

Committees were called for reports, and then, on motion of Mr. Mills, and without negative voice, the House went into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the. Tariff bill. Chairman Springer announced that the bill would be considered for amendments

under the five minutes rule. Mr. McKinley asked unanimous consent to have the entire bill read. Mr. Mills objected. Mr. McKinley asked for the reading of

the reports'of the majority and minority, but Mr. Ostes, of Alabama, objected, and the Clerk read the enacting clause of the Without resorting to fillibustering the Republicans pursued a policy of obpossession of that true pluck he struction that was so successful that shorty before 5 o'clock Mr. Mills asked that unfaltering, clear as a bell, and his debate on the pending section (the free list) words were distinctly heard in the be considered as closed; but objection was

farthest corner of the building. He | made, and he moved that the committee rise. This prevailed by a vote by tellers of 122 to 83, the Republicans solidly opposing the motion, and the committee rose, not having passed over the first five lines of the service in their behalf all know is The first amendment offered was that of Mr. Adams, Republican, of Illinois, to make the bill take effect January first next, instead of July first. After speaking until his time had expired, Mr. Adams modified his amendment so as to make it read, January second, 1889, instead of January

first, 1889, and explained that he meant it to apply only to the first section on the free In the debate which followed, several speeches were made, lumber being the principal topic of discussion, and Mr. Keely, of Pennsylvania spoke for the Southern lumber interest, as he said no one on the Democratic side cared to do it.

He pleaded with the House not to impoverish the poor people of Tennessee and South Carolina, and decrease the value of their splendid timber lands by making lumber free. Mr. Weaver, of Iowa, was the chief champion of the bill. He spoke in the interest of farmers and poor men who used

umber, and protested against any action hat would fasten a lumber trust upon the farmer and not the consumer. Mr. Parker (Republican), of New York, offered an amendment proposing to substitute November 30th, 1889, for the date

given in the section and addressed himself to the lumber clause. When the debate had progressed sometime, Mr. Parker's amendment was rejected-yous 89, nays 134. The Democrats pplauded the announcement of the vote, The disposition of Mr. Parker's motion affording opportunity for further amendments, Mr. Boutell proposed to make the date in Mr. Adams' amendment 1890, instead of 1889, and the debate upon lumber

ook a fresh start. Other interests were touched upon in the course of the discussion, and Mr. Bayne, of Pennsylvania, incidentally renewed the charge that the bill had been drawn on sectional lines and that it was infinitely worse than the Morrison bill in that respect. and one prominent member of the This brought about a general debate upon he general policy of the bill. When the committee rose Mr. Randall re for "Senator Stedman" which were

ported the legislative appropriation bill, as amended by the Appropriations Committee (the blank spaces being filled in), and asked to have it considered immediately.

Mr. Peters, of Kansas, raised the point of order that the bill must again be considered in Committee of the Whole, but the point was overruled.

Messrs. McKinley, of Ohio, and Spinola, of New York, who held the report from the Military Committee, sought to secure consideration for the bill to revive the rank of General of the Army, to be filled by Lieut. General Sheridan, but objection was made by Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, and ther Democrats, and the House at 5 o'clock adjourned, pending a division on the mo-tion to table Mr. Peters' appeal from the ruling of the chair on his point of order.

SENATE. Washington, June 1.—The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Call, directing the Attorney General to report whether Anastasia Island, near St. Augustine, Fla., is the property of the United States, and whether the whole or any portion of it is covered by Spanish grants, was taken up

House bill to amend the Agricultural Colleges act of 1862, and other supplementary acis in regard to experimental stations, was, on motion of Mr. Brown, taken from the calendar, amended in phraseology, and

might obtain the relief demanded in The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. this action, in the other action be-A colloquy took place between Mesers. Plumb and Bate in regard to the administration of the office of Commissioner of Indian Affairs. the former asserting that the The next term will commence on the condition of things in Indian Territory was worse now than it had been for many years; that there never was a time when the tra-Opinions were filed in the following der so dominated over the Indian, when the Indian was brought so much in debt by the exactions of the trader, and when so Dugger vs. McKesson, from Camuch liquor was sold, and that the Com-

Mr. Bate defended the character, ability, honesty and efficiency of the Commissioner, and challenged the Senator from Kansas to

prove his as crtions, which Mr. Plumb promised to do. Mr. Blair said he had seen it stated in the newspapers that the Catholic Church had an undue influence in the matter of Indian schools on the reservation, and he asked Mr. Dawes what truth there was in such

Mr. Dawes replied that the Interior Department made contracts with associa-tions or individuals for the education of a certain number of Indian scholars, some at \$108 and some at \$158 per annum, and that there had been a good deal of com-plaint that the Catholic denomination got a predominant share of these scholars. He attributed this, however, not to any special favor, but to the fact that the Catholic Church had a bureau in Washington whose duty it was to look out for opportunities to make contracts for the education of Indian children. Finally the bill was passed and the Senate adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Mr. Mills, of Texas, rising in his place, asked in the name of Confederate soldiers, living and dead, that the House consider the Sheridan bill, but Mr. Kilgore persisted

in his objection. After reports from committees Mr. Spinols, of New York, renewed his effort to have passed the Senate bill to revive the rank of General of the Army, for the benefit of Lieut, Gen. Sheridan, but Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, again objected.

Mr. Randall suggested that the bill might be passed Monday under a suspension of

the rules, and it was laid over.

A few minutes later Mr, Spinola, of New York, again sought to bring the Sheridan bill before the House, by asking consent to report it back from the Committee on Military Affairs. It had been referred to that committee after the preceding failure. Mr. Kilgore was induced to withdraw his objection so far as to allow the report to be made, but Mr. Oats, of Alabama, promptly

renewed it. Private business having been dispense Private business having been dispensed with the regular order was demanded, being the appeal of Mr. Peters, of Kansas, from the decision of the Speaker pro tem. (Mc-Millin), that the Legislative Appropriation bill need not be again considered in Committee of the Whole. A division was had, resulting in the rejection of the appeal by a vote of 112 to 47, but the point of no quorum was made by a number of Republicans, who desired to force the House to act upon the Sheridan bill before proceeding upon the Sheridan bill before proceeding with other business. The yeas and nays were then ordered. The roll call showed no quorum, and the call of the House was ordered, but the proceedings under it were dispensed with, and Mr. Breckinridge, of

Kentucky, asked consent to consider the Sheridan bill. Mr. Kilgore withdrew his objection, after expressing his general obection to this class of hasty legislation. Mr. Breckintidge, of Kentucky, sup ported the bill, saying that whatever feel ing he might have had under other circumstances had given way, as he learned that Gen. Sheridan was now in the pre-sence of that enemy he had so manfully faced in years gone by, and he was glad to have the opportunity to vote himself, and ask the votes of all in the chamber, to give the crowning wreath to the great soldier in

of Pennsyvanis, also briefly urged the passage of the bill, and it was then passed by a viva voce vote. Mr. Oates, of Alabams, went on the record as opposing it, and the House bill on the same subject, introduced by Mr Dorsey, of Alabama, was tabled

his dying hour. [Great applause.] Mr. Cox, of:New York, and Mr. Kelley,

Parliamentary difficulties in the way of the Legislative Appropriation bill were then overcome and the bill passed, with blank salaries filled in as it was reported from the Appropriation Committee. Mr. Mills moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole on the tariff bill, debate on the first paragraph to be limited

to twenty minutes. By arrangement with Mr. McKinley the time was extended to orty minutes, and the motion prevailed. Messrs. Holman, Weaver, and McCormick, of Pennsylvania, spoke upon the lumber question. Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, did not want to be singular by speaking to the

pending amendment, to make the free list go into effect next January, but would do his Successor at Fayetteville. something else.

When the time had expired, the question was put to Mr. Adams' amendment to substitute January 2nd, 1889, for July 1st, 1888, as the date of the application of the free list, and it was defeated—yeas 81,

nays 118. Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, then offered an amendment to exclude foreign prison made goods from entry. Ruled out on a point of order. Mr. Buchanan an pealed, but the ruling was sustained by s party vote. Thereupon Mr. Buchanan modified the language, but not the sub stance of his amendment, so that it was un objectionable in form, but it was defeated by a strict party vote of 97 to 105. Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, offered

amendment to add to the first paragraph prohibition against the importation of goods, the manufacture or sale of which is controlled by trusts. Rejected by 70 t Mr. Baker, of Illinois, presented his amendment to exclude Canadian goods

from the free list whenever the government imposes a duly on American goods of a similar nature. Rejected. This concluded consideration of the

first paragraph—five lines of the bill—and the clerk read "timber; hewn and sawed and timber used for spars and in building wharve." the first article in the free list. Mr. Struble, of Iowa, moved to strike out the paragraph. The first Republican speaker on this motion had nothing to say about it, but discussed instead the free wool provision of the bill, and free wool occupied the remainder of the afternoon

Finally, Mr. Mills suggested that in view of the fact that the two lines which had been under consideration all day concerned an item that had yielded but \$198.80 in revenue last year, the paragraph be passe over. This request being refused the committee rose, and pending a decision upon Mr. Mills' motion to limit to ten minutes further debate upon the paragraph, the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills. WASHINGTON, June 2.-Senate not i

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. On motion of Mr. Blount, of Georgia, Senate amendments to the Experimental Agricultural Station bill were concurred in: and on motion of Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, similar action was taken on the bill authorizing the construction of bridges across the Tennessee river, near Chattanooga Tenn., and at Guntersville, Ala., and extending the time for the construction of a new bridge across Staten Island sound. the Whole on the Agricultural Appropria-

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, asked that general debate be dispensed with, which was done, and the bill was read by sections for

The consideration of the bill was completed without effecting any change in it. The committee then rose and the bill was passed Mr. Washington, of Tenn., vainly endeavoring to have it recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture, with instructions to restore the salary of the Commissioner to the present figure. The regular or-der was demanded, being Mr. Milis' motion to limit debate on the pending para-graph of the tariff bill to ten minutes, which prevailed. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff

The amendment under consideration was to strike from the free list timber, hewn and sawed, and timber used for spars and wharves.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, addressing the House, said that it should be the object of the House to fix the tariff at a rate just high enough to cover the difference in wages of glumbermen in this country and Canada, and he hoped that the duty would be fixed as in his bill at 15 per cent.
ad valorem. The question was about
to be put on Mr. Struble's motion
to strike out "timber hewn and sawed, and timber used for spars and in building wharves," when Mr. Burrows asked to be informed as to the effect of "a pair" upon other than record votes. Several members expressed divergent views, Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, holding that a pair applied only to record votes, while other members held that members were in honor bound to refrain entirely from voting

The Chair decided that the question raised was one that must be settled by each party to the pair.

A division was the amendment, and it was rejected-yeas 66, pays 100,

Mr. Randall then moved to strike out the paragraph and insert "timber not fur-ther manufactured than hewn, squared and sided," but this amendment was rejected without division, and the second paragraph of the bill, "timber squared and sided," was read. Mr. Taulbee, of Kentucky, while oppo-

sing the bill generally, felt bound to move to strike out the paragraph. The Committee rose to limit debate to ten minutes, but the Republicans refused to vote, leaving the House without a quorum.

Mr. Mills reminded the House that it had spent a day in consideration of a paragraph that represented values in the bill to the amount of \$3. Yesterday's debate involved \$198. He had seen in a newspaper the problem stated: "If it takes one day not to pass two lives how long will it take to pass the bill?" [A voice on the Republican side: "As long as it took to pass the direct tax bill."]

pass the direct tax bill."]

Finally a compromise was resched on forty minutes' debate, and the House again went into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Fuller, of Iowa, secured a round of applause from the Democractic side by de-claring that as he did not believe that the true doctrine of protection was involved in this question, he should vote for free

Mr. Taulbee, of Kentucky, met the same treatment at the hands of the Republicans, when he said that Mr. Fuller's remarks gave an insight to the real case He (Fuller) needed cheap lumber because Iowa did not produce it. He (Taulbee) wanted a protective duty because his district produced lumber, and he was unwilling to be controlled by any sentiment other than that of honest judgment. Debate on the pending paragraph expir-

ing, the amendment to strike it out was rejected by the vote of—Messrs. Willis and Taulbee being the tellers—yeas 76, nays The third paragraph in the bill, 'wool,

unmanufactured, not specially enumerated or provided for," was then read and taken up for consideration Mr. Bayne, of Pennsylvania, moved to strike it out. After some debate the committee rose, leaving Mr. Bayne's amendment pending, and the House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

RELIGIOUS MISCELLANY.

-- This people is my people, and their God is my God! I was born within sight of this house. I was baptized, confirmed and first received the Holy Communion within these walls. I was or-dained Deacon and married at this altar. The wife of my youth (now at rest in the bosom of Jesus in Paradise) was a lamb of this flock, our children are members of this fold. To many of this people I am bound by all the sweet and tender ties of kinship and affinity. The friends of my childhood and youth and manhood are here, living or sleeping in yonder graveyard. Surely this people is my people, their God my God! For thirty-seven years I have gone in and out among this people as their Pastor and Priest. They have been kind to me ever. They have been forbearing towards me be yond measure. Amidst all the trials and difficulties of my office, during that long tract of time, not one of them, not one of their dead, not one of the living, has ever spoken an unkind word to me done an unkind act towards me. My heart trembles within me oftentimes to think of it, for fear that I was not faithful to them or it could not thus have been. Surely this people is my people in the bonds of Christian love! I have baptized their children and taught them the catechism. I have married their sons and daughters. I have ministered to them in sickness, stood by their dying beds, oftentimes these hands have closed their eyes gir death, and when, under the flat of the Almighty, they have gone hence, one after another, in all that long course of time, have buried them! Memory stands to-day looking back upon the past, with tears in her eyes-mingled tears of joy and of sorrow. I have rejoiced with them when they rejoiced and wept with them when they wept. These things have knit my soul unto this people "in the bowels of Jesus Christ "-From Rev. Dr. Huske's Address

-There are multitudes of abilities lost by disuse. Memory decays by our failing to trust or to use it. Our muscles grow flabby for the same reason. We neglect un til suddenly we discover the ability is gone The full can of the boy often becomes the empty can of the man. Prayers once easily prayed no more dilate the breast. Like Samson, shorn of his locks, in Delilah's lap our faith often says, "I will arise and shake shake, and the Philistines are on u .! Conditions, once easy, harden like the cement while the water flows. The gypsum cast stands now where once the paste went soft as batter into the molds. And never does t soften again! The cast may be ground to powder again, but never will the plastic paste harden into the statue. All nature is not potter's clay-only our baser qualities. Our better parts are those that develop once with perfect shape and firmness, but if broken or marred they never return to try for an humbler prize. - Richmond Advocate,

An Electric Man Savannah Times. A farmer living near Walthourville, Liberty county, was struck by lightning four years ago. The occurrence will be remembered by many here, as it was during the Congressional convention. Since that time he has had peculiar electric and magnetic qualities. Whenever a storm gathers or court meets he becomes highly charged. His flesh tingles and tiny sparks are emitted in myriads. Small particles of metal cling to his fingers, while flies which ight upon him fall dead metantly.

A Nut for High Protectionists.

Alta California, England is a free-trade country, and has a large commerce with China. It is not strange that China has never taken advantage of this and gone into manufacturing to an extent that would crowd England out of her own market. We are told that if we remit the unnecessary taxes in this country China will do all our manufacturing for us. If so, why does she not already serve England that way, where trade is absolutely free.

-- North Carolina Presbyterian: Steele Creek congregation now worships in a large tent. During and immediately preceding the meeting the ordinance of bap-tism was administered to twenty-five covenant children and to one adult, also twelve were added to the membership, ten by exatirty-one since last communion.

Wilson Mirror: The annual address before the students of the Wilson Collegiate Institute will be delivered by W Peele, Esq., of Raleigh, on the evening of the 6th of June, and the annual concert will take place on the evening of the 7th of

HUGHES' TONIC CERTAIN REMEDY FOR Chills and Fever. IT WILL

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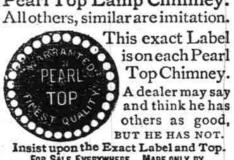
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